Supporting Information

A concise method to prepare novel fused heteroaromatic diones through double Friedel-Crafts acylation

Wangqiao Chen,^{a,b} Si Yu Tan,^c Yanli Zhao,^c Qichun Zhang^{*,a,b}

^aSchool of Materials Science and Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, 50 Nanyang Avenue, Singapore 639798.

^bInstitute for Sports Research, Nanyang Technological University, 50 Nanyang Avenue, Singapore 639798, Singapore.

^cSchool of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore 637371, Singapore

Contents:

1.	Preparation	of th	e substrates	and the	e analytical	dataS3
----	-------------	-------	--------------	---------	--------------	--------

Typical procedure of the Friedal-Crafts Acylation and							
the analytical data	S7						
3. NMR spectra for the substrates	S11						
4. NMR spectra for diones	S21						
5. Analytical data for the byproduct	S33						
6. HR-MS spectra for the compounds	S35						
7. Analytical data for the derivative reactions	S43						

General information:

All reactions were performed under Argon protection. The solvents were purified and dried according to standard procedures. The aluminum chloride was purchased from Alfa Aesar and the other commercial available products were purchased from Alfa Aesar, Sigma-Aldrich, Acros Ltd and used as received.

NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker AV 400 Spectrometer at 400 MHz (¹H NMR) and 101 MHz (¹³C NMR) or a Bruker AV 300 Spectrometer at 300 MHz (¹H NMR) and 75 MHz (¹³C NMR). High Resolution Mass Spectra (HRMS) were recorded on Waters ACQUITY UPLC® System.

1. Preparation of various substrates and the analytical data.

5,5'-di-t-butyl-2,2'-bithiophene(1b)¹[Masui, 2004 #2336]:



The title compound was prepared based on the literature method. $PdCl_2(PhCN)_2$ (0.132 g, 0.34 mmol), 2-*t*-butylthiophene² (0.80 g, 5.71 mmol) and anhydrous DMSO (30.0 mL) were placed in a two-neck 100 mL flask. To this was added silver(I) fluoride (1.53 g, 12.0 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 6 h under Argon atmosphere. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and passed through a pad of Celite, which was successively washed well with CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was washed with water (60 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure to leave a crude product. Purification by column chromatography on silica gel using hexane gave 5,5'-di-*t*-butyl-2,2'-bithiophene (white solid, 450 mg, 56% yield).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.90 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 156.2, 134.8, 122.3, 121.8, 34.6, 32.4; HRMS: calculated for C₁₆H₂₂S₂ + H⁺, 279.1241; found: 279.1252 (M+).

5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-bithiophene (1d)³:



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.23 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 0.33 (s, 18H).

5,5'-Bis(triisopropylsilyl)-2,2'-bithiophene (1e)⁴:



The title compound was prepared based on the literature method. *n*-BuLi (2.5M in hexane, 5.0 mL, 12.5 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 2,2-bithiophene (1.0 g, 6.0 mmol) in dry THF (22 mL) at -78 °C in Argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min, followed by addition of triisopropylsilyl chloride (2.4 g, 2.75 mL, 12.6 mmol). After stirring for 3 h at room temperature, hexane was added and the organic phase was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was subjected to column chromatography (hexane) to give **1e** (white solid, 2.1 g, 73%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 1.41–1.28 (m, 6H), 1.15–1.13 (d, 36H); ¹³C

NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 142.4, 136.4, 133.5, 124.7, 18.6, 11.8; HRMS: calculated for C₂₆H₄₆S₂Si₂ + H⁺, 479.2658; found: 479.2690 (M+).

5,5'-dimethoxyl-2,2'-bithiophene(1f)⁵:

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.61 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 6H)

5,5'-diacetyl-2,2'-bithiophene(1g)6:



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.61 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (s, 6H)

5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-bifuran(3a)7:



The title compound was prepared based on the literature method. *n*-BuLi (2.5M in hexane, 4.0 mL, 10.0 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 2,2'-bifuran (600 mg, 4.48 mmol) in dry THF (40 mL) at -78 °C in Argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min and at room temperature for another 1 h. The solution was cooled again to -78 °C and the chlorotrimethylsilane (1.07 g, 1.28 mL, 9.8 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring for 3 h at room temperature, the mixture was quenched with water, extracted with hexane, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was subjected to column chromatography (hexane) to give **1j** (white solid, 312 mg, 25%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.65 (s, 2H), 6.57 (s, 2H), 0.29 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.8, 150.8, 121.1, 105.4, -1.57; HRMS: calculated for C₁₆H₂₂O₂Si₂ + H⁺, 279.1237; found: 279.1246 (M+).

5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-biselenophene(3b)8:



The title compound was prepared based on the literature method. *n*-BuLi (2.5M in hexane, 1.8 mL, 4.5 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 2,2'-biselenophene (520 mg, 2.0 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) at -78 °C in Argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min and at room temperature for another 1 h. The solution was cooled again to -78 °C and the

chlorotrimethylsilane (480 mg, 0.56 mL, 4.4 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring for 6 h at room temperature, hexane was added and the organic phase was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was subjected to column chromatography (hexane) to give **1i** (white solid, 210 mg, 26%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 0.32 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 149.4, 148.3, 136.9, 128.5, 0.22; HRMS: calculated for C₁₄H₂₂Se₂Si₂ + H⁺, 406.9669; found: 406.9667 (M+).

1,1-dimethyl-5,5'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyrrole(3c)9:



The title compound was prepared based on the literature method. N,N'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyrrole¹⁰ (1.6 g, 10 mmol) and THF (20 mL) were added to a nitrogen purged three-neck round-bottom flask and cooled to -78 °C. *n*BuLi (2.5M in hexane, 10 mL, 25 mmol) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred overnight, allowing to warm slowly to room temperature. The solution was again cooled to -78 °C and methyl iodide (1.86 mL, 30 mmol) was added in slowly. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for four hours and was then allowed to warm slowly for 24 hours. The reaction was quenched by adding H₂O (20 mL) and was then extracted with Et₂O. The organics were dried with MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was subjected to column chromatography using neutral aluminum oxide (hexane: ethyl acetate=30:1) to give **1k** (white solid, 242 mg, 13%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 6.06 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 2.28 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 129.5, 124.9, 109.4, 105.7, 31.0, 12.7; HRMS: calculated for C₁₂H₁₆N₂ + H⁺, 189.1392; found: 189.1386 (M+).

2,2'-Bibenzofuran(5a)¹¹:



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35–7.26 (m, 4H), 7.17 (s, 2H)

2,2'-Bibenzothiophene(5b)¹²:



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.83–7.76 (m, 4H), 7.52 (s, 2H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 4H)

1-n-hexylindole¹³:



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.26–7.20 (m, 1H), 7.13–7.10 (m, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.87–1.81 (m, 2H), 1.32 (s, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H)

1,1'-di-n-hexyl-2,2'-Bibenzoindole(5c)¹⁴:



The title compound was prepared based on the literature method. *n*-BuLi (1.6M in hexane, 6.3 mL, 10.0 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 1-*n*-hexylindole (1.7 g, 8.5 mmol) in dry THF (30 mL) at 0 °C in Argon atmosphere. The mixture was heated at reflux for 4 hours and then cooled down to room temperature. Anhydrous copper (II) chloride (0.94 g, 7 mmol) was then added in one portion and the mixture again heated under reflux for 2 hours. After being allowed to cool to room temperature, the mixture was left to stand for 1 hour before poured into ice/water. The dirty brown-green precipitate was filtered off and washed with methylene chloride, the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with methylene chloride. The combined organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was subjected to column chromatography (hexane: CH₂Cl₂ = 20:1) to give **1n** (sticky liquid, 565 mg, 33%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (s, 2H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.73–1.68 (m, 4H), 1.21 (s, 12H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 136.8, 131.1, 127.8, 122.0, 120.9, 119.7, 110.1, 104.6, 44.1, 31.3, 30.0, 26.5, 22.5, 13.9; HRMS: calculated for C₂₈H₃₆N₂ + H⁺, 401.2957; found: 401.2979 (M+).

2. Typical procedure of the Friedal-Crafts Acylation and the analytical data

Typical procedures of the Friedal-Crafts Acylation with substrate **5,5'-dimethyl-2,2'bithiophene(1a)**:

To a solution of aluminium chloride (600 mg, 4.5 mmol) in 1,2-DCE (15 mL) cooled down to – 20 °C was added dropwise, in succession, a solution of oxalyl chloride (229 mg, 1.8 mmol) in 1,2-DCE (0.5 mL), a solution of dimethyl-2,2'-bithiophene **1a** (292 mg, 1.5 mmol) and pyridine (284 mg, 3.6 mmol) in 1,2-DCE (1.0 mL)(0.5 hour). After keeping the mixture for 20 minutes between –20 °C and –15 °C, the temperature was raised to 0 °C and the mixture was poured over ice and extracted with methylene chloride. The extract was washed to neutral reaction with water and dried over magnesium sulfate. After removing the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography (eluent: CH_2Cl_2) to give **2a** as a blue solid (120 mg, 32%).

The following compounds were obtained in the similar method described above. For the column chromatography condition, the ratio of CH_2Cl_2 :Hexane ranges from 1:1 to pure CH_2Cl_2 . For some substrates, due to their low solubility, they need to be sonicated for 10 min to 30 min to make them easy to inject into the flask.

2,7-dimethylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2a):



Yield: 32%. Blue solid; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.08 (s, 2H), 2.45 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.4, 142.7, 140.4, 134.8, 125.2, 15.2; HRMS: calculated for C₁₂H₈O₂S₂ + H⁺, 249.0044; found: 249.0027 (M⁺).

2,7-di-t-butylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2b):



Yield: 48%. Blue solid; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.16 (s, 2H), 1.38 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.8, 158.3, 142.3, 134.4, 121.4, 34.9, 32.0; HRMS: calculated for C₁₈H₂₀O₂S₂ + H⁺, 333.0983; found: 333.0981 (M+).

2,7-di-*n*-hexylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2c):



Yield: 37%. Blue solid; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.11 (s, 2H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 1.74–1.32 (m, 4H), 1.39–1.25 (s, 12H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.7, 146.5, 142.6, 134.6, 124.0, 31.4, 30.9, 29.8, 28.5, 22.5, 14.0; HRMS: calculated for C₂₂H₂₈O₂S₂ + H⁺, 389.1609; found: 389.1613 (M+).

2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2d)¹⁵:



Yield: 28%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.57 (s, 2H), 0.34 (s, 18H)

2,7-Bis(triisopropylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2e):



Yield: 45%. Blue solid; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.62 (s, 2H), 1.40–1.30 (m, 6H), 1.13–1.11 (d, 36H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 175.3, 148.4, 136.8, 135.9, 135.7, 18.4, 11.6; HRMS: calculated for C₂₈H₄₄O₂S₂Si₂ + H⁺, 533.2400; found: 533.2394.2690 (M+).

2,7-dimethoxylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2f):



Yield: 25%. Blue solid; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.48 (s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 174.0, 165.2, 133.0, 132.6, 102.1, 60.5; HRMS: calculated for C₁₂H₉O₄S₂ + H⁺, 280.9942; found: 280.9941 (M⁺).

2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']difuran-4,5-diones(4a):



Yield: 16%. Red solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.96 (s, 2H), 0.35 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 176.0, 165.7, 155.5, 120.1, 118.5, -1.94; HRMS: calculated for C₁₆H₂₂S₂ + H⁺, 279.1237; found: 279.1246 (M+). HRMS: calculated for C₁₆H₂₀O₄Si₂ + H⁺, 333.0556; found: 333.0569 (M+).

2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']diselenophene-4,5-diones(4b)¹⁵:



Yield: 37%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.91 (s, 2H), 0.34 (s, 18H)

1,1-dimethyl-2,7-dimethylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dipyrrole-4,5-diones(4c):



Yield: 32%. Deep-Blue solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.20 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 6H), 2.15 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 176.9, 134.1, 134.0, 120.0, 109.3, 35.8, 12.6; HRMS: calculated for C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₂ + H⁺, 243.1134; found: 243.1128 (M+).

Dibenzo[d,d']benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']difuran-6,7-diones(6a):



Yield: 35%. Dark-purple solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.14–8.12 (m, 2H), 7.67–7.65 (m, 2H), 7.48–7.46 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 175.5, 156.4, 153.1, 127.6, 126.4, 123.5, 122.3, 116.6, 112.4; HRMS: calculated for C₁₈H₈O₄ + H⁺, 289.0501; found: 289.0494 (M+).

Dibenzo[d,d']benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-6,7-diones(6b):



Yield: 58 %. Dark-brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.68 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 175.0, 146.6, 137.0, 128.7, 127.7, 127.0, 125.4, 122.6; HRMS: calculated for C₁₈H₈O₂S₂ + H⁺, 321.0044; found: 321.0036 (M⁺).

1,1'-di-n-hexylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']diindole-6,7-diones(6c):



Yield: 85%. Dark-green solid.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.28–8.26 (m, 2H), 7.42–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.28 (m, 4H), 4.40 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.86–1.81 (m, 4H), 1.17 (s, 12H), 0.75 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 177.1, 139.6, 139.5, 127.4, 124.8, 124.7, 122.2, 115.1, 112.1, 48.3, 31.0, 29.5, 26.2, 22.3, 13.7; HRMS: calculated for C₃₀H₃₄N₂O₂ + H⁺, 455.2699; found: 455.2677 (M⁺).

3. NMR spectra for the substrates

5,5'-di-t-butyl-2,2'-bithiophene(1b):



5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-bithiophene (1d)³:





5,5'-Bis(triisopropylsilyl)-2,2'-bithiophene (1e):

5,5'-dimethoxyl-2,2'-bithiophene(1f):



5,5'-diacetyl-2,2'-bithiophene(1g):



5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-bifuran(3a):





5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-biselenophene(3b):



1,1-dimethyl-5,5'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyrrole(3c):

2,2'-Bibenzofuran(5a):



2,2'-Bibenzothiophene(5b):



1-n-hexylindole:



1,1'-di-n-hexyl-2,2'-bibenzoindole(5c):



4. NMR spectra for diones

2,7-dimetheylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2a):





2,7-di-t-butylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2b):



2,7-di-*n*-hexylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2c):



2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2d)¹⁵:



2,7-Bis(triisopropylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2e):



2,7-dimethoxylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2f):



2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']difuran-4,5-dione(4a):



2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']diselenophene-4,5-dione(4b)¹⁵:



1,1-dimethyl-2,7-dimethylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dipyrrole-4,5-diones(4c):



Dibenzo[d,d']benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']difuran-6,7-diones(5a):

¹³C NMR overnight



Dibenzo[d,d']benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-6,7-diones(5b):

¹³C NMR overnight



1,1'-di-n-hexylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']diindole-6,7-diones(5c):

5 Analytical data for the byproduct

1,2-bis(5-(5-(trimethylsilyl)thiophen-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)ethane-1,2-dione(M1):



Red solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.04 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 0.38 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 181.4, 149.6, 143.8, 140.8, 138.4, 136.1, 135.1, 127.5, 124.7, -0.23; HRMS: calculated for C₂₄H₂₆O₂S₄Si₂ + H⁺, 531.0432; found: 531.0447 (M+).







6. HR-MS spectra for the compounds.

2,7-dimethylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2a):



Elemental Composition Report	Page 1
Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3	
Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 7 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 3 closest results for each mass)	
Elements Used: C: 0-12 H: 0-9 O: 0-2 23Na: 0-1 S: 1-2 C12H902S2	
CWQ-2 5 (0.119) 249.0027	1: TOP MS ES+ 2.03e+000
내 부장님은 물건을 줄을 것 같아. 그는 것 같은 것 같은 것이 집에 집에 집에 들었다. 물건이 있는	
그는 그는 것은 것이 있는 것이 같아요. 것이 것 같은 것은 것은 것이 같아요. ????????????????????????????????????	
0	249.250
-1.5 Maximum: 5.0 10.0 50.0	
Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT i-FIT (Norm) Formula	
249.0027 249.0044 -1.7 -6.8 8.5 12.0 0.0 C12 H9 02 S2	

5,5'-di-*t*-butyl-2,2'-bithiophene (1b):



16H22S2 SYCWQ-9	4 (0.101)											1: TOF MS E
00-						279.	1252					0.000 1
						· · · .						
•/												
/0 1												
0	278.900	278.950	279.0	000	279.050	279.100	279.150	279.200	279.250	279.300	279.350	279.400
0 278.850 nimum:	278.900	278.950	279.0	-1.5	279.050	279.100	279.150	279.200	279.250	279.300	279.350	
0 278.850 .nimum: .ximum:	278.900	278.950 5.0	279.0 20.0	-1.5 50.0	279.050	279.100	279.150	279.200	279.250	279.300	279.350	279.40
0 278.850 nimum: ximum:	278.900 Calc. Mass	278.950 5.0 mDa	279.0 20.0 PPM	-1.5 50.0 DBE	279.050 i-FIT	279.100 i-FIT (279.150 Norm) Formula	279.200	279.250	279.300	279.350	279.40

2,7-di-t-butylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2b):



2,7-di-*n*-hexylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2c):

<i>n</i> -C ₆ H ₁₃ S S <i>n</i> -C ₆ H ₁₃	
Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3	
Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 9 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 3 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-22 H: 0-29 O: 0-2 23Na: 0-1 S: 1-2 C22H2002S2	
100	389.1613
%	m/z
388.800 388.900 389.000 389.100 Minimum: -1.5 Maximum: 5.0 10.0 50.0	389.200 389.300 389.400 389.500
Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT i-F 389.1613 389.1609 0.4 1.0 8.5 20.9 0.0	IT (Norm) Formula C22 H29 O2 S2

5,5'-Bis(triisopropylsilyl)-2,2'-bithiophene (1e):



2,7-Bis(triisopropylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2e):



2,7-dimethoxylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-4,5-diones(2f):



280.9941 280.9942 -0.1 -0.4 8.5 19.6 0.0 C12 H9 O4 S2

5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-bifuan(3a):

S

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3



2,7-Bis(trimethylsilyl)benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']difuran-4,5-diones(4a):



5,5'-Bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,2'-biselenophene(3b):

Se

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 500.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 6 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 3 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-14 H: 0-23 Si: 1-2 Se: 0-2 C14H2362sl2 CWQ-10 148 (3.245) 1: TOF MS ES+ 1.01e+000 406.9667 100 % 0m/z 406.600 406.700 406.800 406.900 407.000 407.200 407.300 407.100 Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 5.0 500.0 Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT i-FIT (Norm) Formula 406.9667 406.9669 -0.2 -0.5 7.5 11.1 0.0 C14 H23 Si2 Se2

1,1-dimethyl-5,5'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyrrole(3c):

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisatopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 12 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-35 H: 0-35 N: 0-3 C12H16N2 TSY-CWQ-3 10 (0.240) 1: TOF MS ES+ 1.62e+001 189.1386 100-% 0 ----- m/z 189.000 189.050 189.100 189.150 189.200 189.250 189.300 Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 50.0 5.0 10.0 Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT i-FIT (Norm) Formula 189.1386 189.1392 -0.6 -3.2 5.5 11.3 C12 H17 N2 0.0

1,1-dimethyl-2,7-dimethylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dipyrrole-4,5-diones(4c):



Single M Tolerance Element p Number o	ass Analysis = 20.0 PPM / rediction: Off f isotope peaks u	DBE: min = -1 sed for i-FIT =	1.5, max = 5 = 3	0.0								
Monoisotor 37 formula Elements L C: 0-35 C14H14N2C TSY-CWQ-	bic Mass, Even Elec (e) evaluated with 1 Jsed: H: 0-35 N: 1-3 02 4 13 (0.296)	ctron lons I results within O: 1-4	limits (up to	50 closest	results for each	mass)						1: TOF MS ES+
100 %						243.	1128					2.3364001
O Minimum: Maximum: Mass	242.900 Calc. Mass	242.950 5.0 mDa	243.000 20.0 PPM	-1.5 50.0 DBE	243.050 i-FIT	243.100	243. (Norm) Form	150 ula	243.200	243.250	243.300	243.350 m/z
243.1128	243.1134	-0.6	-2.5	8.5	11.9	0.0	C14	H15 N2	02			

Dibenzo[d,d']benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']difuran-6,7-diones(6a):



Dibenzo[d,d']benzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']dithiophene-6,7-diones(6b):



Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3



1,1'-di-n-hexyl-2,2'-Bibenzoindole(5c):



1,1'-di-n-hexylbenzo[2,1-b:3,4-b']diindole-6,7-diones(6c):



7. Analytical data for the derivative reactions

7a:



Light yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.31–8.28 (m, 2H), 8.09 (s, 2H), 7.84–7.81 (m, 2H), 3.02 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 4H), 1.89–1.80 (m, 4H), 1.49–1.34 (m, 12H), 0.91 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):145.2, 141.5, 139.6, 134.8, 134.1, 129.33, 129.28, 121.5, 31.6, 31.5, 30.7, 28.8, 22.6, 14.1; HRMS: calculated for C₂₈H₃₂N₂S₂ + H⁺, 461.2085; found: 461.2090 (M+).







Yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.28 (s, 1H), 8.62 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.78–7.75 (m, 1H), 3.01 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.87–1.80 (m, 4H), 1.47–1.34 (m, 12H), 0.92–0.89 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.4, 148.7, 145.7, 145.5, 141.3, 140.4, 138.2, 136.7, 136.1, 135.7, 134.0, 133.6, 124.4, 122.2, 121.4, 31.6, 31.4, 31.1, 30.6, 30.5, 28.8, 28.7, 22.5, 14.1; HRMS: calculated for C₂₇H₃₁N₃S₂ + H⁺, 462.2038; found: 462.2044 (M+).







References:

1. Masui, K.; Ikegami, H.; Mori, A., Palladium-catalyzed C-H homocoupling of thiophenes: Facile construction of bithiophene structure. *J Am Chem Soc* **2004**, *126* (16), 5074-5075.

2. Nagakubo, J.; Ashizawa, M.; Kawamoto, T.; Tanioka, A.; Mori, T., Stabilization of organic fieldeffect transistors by tert-butyl groups in dibenzotetrathiafulvalene derivatives. *Phys Chem Chem Phys* **2011**, *13* (32), 14370-14377.

3. Borshchev, O. V.; Ponomarenko, S. A.; Surin, N. M.; Kaptyug, M. M.; Buzin, M. I.; Pleshkova, A. P.; Demchenko, N. V.; Myakushev, V. D.; Muzafarov, A. M., Bithiophenesilane dendrimers: Synthesis and thermal and optical properties. *Organometallics* **2007**, *26* (21), 5165-5173.

4. Choi, J. H.; Cho, D. W.; Park, H. J.; Jin, S. H.; Jung, S.; Yi, M.; Song, C. K.; Yoon, U. C., Synthesis and characterization of a series of bis(dimethyl-n-octylsilyl)oligothiophenes for organic thin film transistor applications. *Synthetic Met* **2009**, *159* (15-16), 1589-1596.

5. Tsuchimoto, T.; Iwabuchi, M.; Nagase, Y.; Oki, K.; Takahashi, H., Indium-Catalyzed Heteroaryl-Heteroaryl Bond Formation through Nucleophilic Aromatic Substitution. *Angew Chem Int Edit* **2011**, *50* (6), 1375-1379.

6. Wynberg, H.; Logothetis, A., Studies in the Synthesis of Long-Chain Compounds. *J Am Chem Soc* **1956**, *78* (9), 1958-1961.

7. Gidron, O.; Diskin-Posner, Y.; Bendikov, M., alpha-Oligofurans. *J Am Chem Soc* **2010**, *132* (7), 2148-+.

8. Lee, W. H.; Lee, S. K.; Son, S. K.; Choi, J. E.; Shin, W. S.; Kim, K.; Lee, S. H.; Moon, S. J.; Kang, I. N., Synthesis and characterization of new selenophene-based conjugated polymers for organic photovoltaic cells. *J Polym Sci Pol Chem* **2012**, *50* (3), 551-561.

9. Taylor, J. E.; Jones, M. D.; Williams, J. M. J.; Bull, S. D., Friedel-Crafts Acylation of Pyrroles and Indoles using 1,5-Diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-5-ene (DBN) as a Nucleophilic Catalyst. *Org Lett* **2010**, *12* (24), 5740-5743.

10. Gribble, G. W.; Blank, D. H.; Jasinski, J. P., Synthesis and identification of two halogenated bipyrroles present in seabird eggs. *Chem Commun* **1999**, (21), 2195-2196.

11. Matsuda, S.; Takahashi, M.; Monguchi, D.; Mori, A., C-H and C-Si Functionalization of Furan Derivatives: Palladium-Catalyzed Homocoupling and Arylation Reactions. *Synlett* **2009**, (12), 1941-1944.

12. Qi, T.; Guo, Y. L.; Liu, Y. Q.; Xi, H. X.; Zhang, H. J.; Gao, X. K.; Liu, Y.; Lu, K.; Du, C. Y.; Yu, G.; Zhu, D. B., Synthesis and properties of the anti and syn isomers of dibenzothieno[b,d]pyrrole. *Chem Commun* **2008**, (46), 6227-6229.

13. Saha, D.; Ghosh, R.; Sarkar, A., 3-Indolylphosphines as ligand for palladium in Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reaction of chloroarenes: substituent effects. *Tetrahedron* **2013**, *69* (19), 3951-3960.

14. Pindur, U.; Kim, Y. S.; Schollmeyer, D., Electrophilic Substitution and Cyclization of 2,2'-Bis(N-Methylindolyl) - a Simple Access to Potential Protein-Kinase-C Inhibitor. *J Heterocyclic Chem* **1994**, *31* (2), 377-386.

15. Getmanenko, Y. A.; Risko, C.; Tongwa, P.; Kim, E. G.; Li, H.; Sandhu, B.; Timofeeva, T.; Bredas, J. L.; Marder, S. R., Mono-and Dicarbonyl-Bridged Tricyclic Heterocyclic Acceptors: Synthesis and Electronic Properties. *J Org Chem* **2011**, *76* (8), 2660-2671.