Supporting Information

# N-heterocyclic carbene catalysed oxidative esterification of aliphatic aldehydes

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# **Experimental section**

General: All reactions involving air or moisture sensitive reagents or intermediates were carried out in dried glassware under an argon atmosphere. THF was distilled from potassium under argon. Diethyl ether was distilled from sodium or potassium under argon. All other solvents and reagents were purified according to standard procedures or were used directly from Sigma Aldrich, Acros Organics, ABCR, Alfa Aesar or Fluka as received. NMR spectroscopy: Bruker DPX 300 (at 300 K). Chemical shifts,  $\delta$  (in ppm), are reported relative to TMS ( $\delta$ (<sup>1</sup>H) 0.0 ppm.  $\delta(^{13}C)$  0.0 ppm) which was used as the inner reference. Otherwise the solvents residual proton resonance and carbon resonance (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta(^{1}H)$  7.26 ppm,  $\delta(^{13}C)$  77.1 ppm; were used for calibration). TLC: Merck silica gel 60 F 254 plates; detection with UV light or by dipping into a solution of KMnO<sub>4</sub> (1.5 g in 400 mL H<sub>2</sub>O, 5 g NaHCO<sub>3</sub>) or a solution of Ce(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> x H<sub>2</sub>O (10 g), phosphormolybdic acid hydrate (25 g), and conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (60 mL) in H<sub>2</sub>O (940 mL), followed by heating. Flash column chromatography (FC): Merck or Fluka silica gel 60 (40-63 µm) at approximately 0.4 bar. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Varian Associates FT-IR 3100 Excalibur and *Shimadzu* FTIR 8400S and reported as wavenumber (cm<sup>-1</sup>). Mass spectra were recorded on a Finnigan MAT 4200S, a Bruker Daltonics MicroTof, a Waters Micromass Quatro LCZ (ESI), a Finnigan MAT 95 (EI), a Thermo Finnigan LTQ FT (ESI) mass spectrometer; and peaks are given in m/z (% of basis peak).

All the aldehydes and alcohols used are either commercially available or synthesized by using the synthetic procedures mentioned in literature.<sup>1,2</sup>

# General procedure A for the oxidative esterification:

In a heatgun dried Schlenk tube, 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (4) (7.5 mol%) and rubidium carbonate (2.0 equiv) were added to dry THF (0.1 M). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min prior to the addition of 3,3,5,5-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (7) (1.2 equiv) and the alcohol (1.0 or 1.5 equiv). Stirring was continued for another five min. Then the aldehyde (1.0 or 1.5 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 60 °C for 24-72 h. After consumption of the limiting reagent the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.

#### General procedure B for the oxidative esterification

In a heatgun dried Schlenk tube 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (4) (7.5 mol%) and rubidium carbonate (2.0 equiv) were added to dry THF (0.1 M). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min prior to the addition of 3,3,5,5'-tetra-tert-butyldiphenoquinone (7) (1.0 equiv) and the alcohol (1mL/mmol). Stirring was continued for another five min. Then the aldehyde (1.0 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 60 °C for 6-24 h. After consumption of the aldehyde the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.

#### **Benzyl 3-phenylpropanoate (8):**



8 was prepared according to GP-A with 3-phenylpropionaldehyde (27 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1.3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), benzyl alcohol (32 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester 8 was obtained (39 mg, 81%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 3030, 1732, 1496, 1454, 1148, 907, 730, 695 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta =$ 7.49 - 7.00 (m, 10H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 2.95 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR  $(75 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta = 172.8, 140.5, 136.1, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 126.4, 66.4, 36.0, 31.1.$ HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for  $C_{16}H_{16}O_2Na$  ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 263.1043. Found 263.10399.

#### 4-Methoxybenzyl 3-phenylpropanoate (9):



9 was prepared according to GP-A with 3-phenylpropionaldehyde (27 mg. 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42

mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester 9 was obtained (48 mg, 88%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{v} = 2956, 2837, 1730, 1613, 1514, 1454, 1245, 1148, 1032, 822 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.44 – 7.03 (m, 7H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.88 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 172.9$ , 159.7, 140.6, 130.2, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 126.3, 114.1, 66.2, 55.4, 36.1, 31.1. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for  $C_{17}H_{18}O_3Na$  ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 293.1148. Found 293.1156.

# Allyl 3-phenylpropanoate (10):

10 was prepared according to GP-B with 3-phenylpropionaldehyde (27 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 μmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), allyl alcohol (0.2 mL) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*butyldiphenoquinone (82 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester **10** was obtained (30 mg, 80%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V}$  = 2934, 1733, 1497, 1454, 1266, 1149, 987, 735, 698 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.46 – 6.88 (m, 5H), 5.89 (ddt, *J* = 16.4, 10.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 5.45 – 4.99 (m, 2H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 5.8, 2H), 2.97 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (t, 8.2 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 172.6, 140.6, 132.3, 128.6, 128.4, 126.9, 118.3, 65.2, 36.0, 31.1. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>15</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 191.1067, Found 191.1070; C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 213.0886, Found 213.0892.

# Ethyl 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanoate (11):

<sup>4</sup>-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> <sup>11</sup> was prepared according to GP-B with 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanal (43 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), ethyl alcohol (0.2 mL) and 3,3;5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (82 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 6 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester **11** was obtained (36 mg, 70%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 2981$ , 1731, 1489, 1178, 1156, 1072, 1011, 812 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ = 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 172.5, 139.5, 131.5, 130.1, 120.0, 60.5, 35.6, 30.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>BrO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 257.0172, Found 257.0172.

# Propyl 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanoate(12):



**12** was prepared according to GP-B with 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanal (43 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15  $\mu$ mol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), *n*-propyl alcohol (0.2 mL) and

3,3,5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (82 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 6 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester **12** was obtained (40 mg, 74%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 2969$ , 1728, 1489, 1012, 905, 727, 649 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 7.39$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 1.65–1.58 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 172.7$ , 139.7, 131.6, 130.2, 120.2, 66.3, 35.7, 30.5, 22.1, 10.4. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C12H15BrNaO2+ ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 293.0148, Found 293.0143.

# **Butyl 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanoate (13):**



**13** was prepared according to GP-B with 3-(4-bromophenyl)propanal (43 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15  $\mu$ mol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), ethyl alcohol (0.2 mL) and

3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (82 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 6 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester **13** was obtained (41 mg, 72%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 2961$ , 1728, 1489, 1179, 1073, 1012, 905, 727 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 7.39$  (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.63 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.26 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 172.7$ , 139.7, 131.6, 130.2, 120.2, 64.5, 35.8, 30.8, 30.5, 19.2, 13.8. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>BrO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 285.0485, Found 285.0484; C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>BrNaO<sub>2</sub> ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 307.0304, Found 307.0300.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl 2-phenylacetate (14):

14 was prepared according to GP-A with 2-phenylacetaldehyde (24 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 μmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After

SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester **14** was obtained (21 mg, 41%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 2956, 2837, 1731, 1613, 1514, 1454, 1244, 1142, 1031, 972, 819, 696 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.51 – 7.09 (m, 7H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 171.6, 159.8, 134.1, 130.1, 129.4, 128.7, 128.2, 127.2, 114.1, 66.6, 55.4, 41.5. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 279.0992. Found 279.0999.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl pentanoate (15):

**15** was prepared according to GP-A with pentanal (17 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3,5,5'-tetra-*tert*butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 36 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 50:1) ester **15** was obtained (32 mg, 72%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} =$ 2958, 2874, 1731, 1613, 1515, 1465, 1303, 1245, 1162, 1034, 821 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta =$  7.29 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.33 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.86 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.23 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta =$  173.8, 159.7, 130.1, 128.5, 114.1, 66.0, 55.4, 34.2, 27.2, 22.4, 13.8. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 245.1148. Found 245.1146.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl hexanoate (16):



**16** was prepared according to GP-A with hexanal (20 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15  $\mu$ mol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-

*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 36 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 25:1) ester **16** was obtained (35 mg, 75%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V}$  = 2956, 2932, 2861, 1732, 1613, 1515, 1303, 1245, 1161, 1111, 1034, 821 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.32 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.82 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.21 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 173.9, 159.7, 130.1, 128.5, 114.1, 66.0, 55.4, 34.5, 31.4, 24.8, 22.4, 14.0. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 259.1305. Found 259.1314.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl nonanoate (17):

**17** was prepared according to GP-A with nonanal (29 mg, 0.20 mmol), **17** 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 μmol), rubidium carbonate **17** (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3,5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 72 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 50:1) ester **17** was obtained (38 mg, 67%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 2954$ , 2925, 2855, 1733, 1613, 1515,1464, 1246, 1157, 1111, 1035, 821 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 7.29$  (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), **3.81** (s, 3H), 2.32 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.80 – 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.27 (m, 12H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 173.9$ , 159.7, 130.1, 128.5, 114.1, 66.0, 55.4, 34.5, 31.9, **29.34**, 29.3, 29.2, 25.1, 22.8, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 301.1774. Found 301.1772.

#### 4-Methoxybenzyl butyrate (18):

**18** was prepared according to GP-A with butyraldehyde (22 mg, 0.30 mmol), 1,3dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 μmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (28 mg, 0.20 mmol) and 3,3,5,5'-tetra-*tert*butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 30:1) ester **18** was obtained (41 mg, 99%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} =$ 2964, 2937, 2877, 2838, 1731, 1613, 1515, 1463, 1303, 1245, 1166, 1034, 967, 820 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.60-1.72 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ = 173.7, 159.7, 130.1, 128.5, 114.1, 66.0, 55.4, 36.4, 18.6, 13.8. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 231.0992. Found 231.0993.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl propionate (19):

\_\_\_\_\_ормв 19 **19** was prepared according to GP-A with propionaldehyde (18 mg, 0.30 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15  $\mu$ mol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (28 mg, 0.20 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*-

butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 36 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-

chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 30:1) ester **19** was obtained (37 mg, 95%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 2942, 2838, 1732, 1613, 1515, 1463, 1246, 1168, 1081, 1033, 757 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.35 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 174.5, 159.8, 130.1, 128.4, 114.1, 66.1, 55.4, 27.8, 9.2. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 217.0835. Found 217.0838.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl 3-methylbutanoate (20):

**20** was prepared according to GP-A with 3-methylbutanal (26 mg, 0.30 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (28 mg, 0.20 mmol) and 3,3,5,5'-tetra-*tert*butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 40 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 50:1) ester **20** was obtained (33 mg, 74%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} =$ 2959, 2872, 2838, 1731, 1613, 1515, 1465, 1293, 1245, 1164, 1113, 1034, 820 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta =$  7.29 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.21 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.18 – 2.03 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta =$  173.1, 159.7, 130.1, 128.5, 114.1, 65.9, 55.4, 43.6, 25.9, 22.5. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 245.1148. Found 245.1142.

# 4-Methoxybenzyl isobutyrate (21):

**21** was prepared according to GP-A with isobutyraldehyde (22 mg, 0.30 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (28 mg, 0.20 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 30:1) ester **21** was obtained (39 mg, 94%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} =$ 2937, 2838, 1729, 1614, 1515, 1467, 1246, 1148, 1034, 823 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ = 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.57 (hept, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 177.2, 159.7, 130.0, 128.6, 114.1, 66.0, 55.4, 34.2, 19.1. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 231.0992. Found 231.0987.

#### 4-Methoxybenzyl cyclohexanecarboxylate (22):

**22** was prepared according to GP-A with cyclohexanecarbaldehyde (34 mg, 0.30 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (28 mg, 0.20 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 48 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 30:1) ester **22** was obtained (34 mg, 67%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V}$  = 2932, 2855, 1727, 1613, 1514, 1451, 1303, 1244, 1161, 1130, 1033, 963, 820 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.30 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.34 (tt, *J* = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.95-1.09 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.21-1.36 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 176.1, 159.7, 129.9, 128.7, 114.1, 65.9, 55.4, 43.4, 29.2, 25.9, 25.6. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 271.1305. Found 271.1300.

#### 4-Methoxybenzyl 2-(benzyloxy)acetate (23):

**23** was prepared according to GP-A with 2-(benzyloxy)acetaldehyde (30 mg,  $Ph \longrightarrow 0$  0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 36 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 30:1) ester **23** was obtained (40 mg, 70%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 2936$ , 2838, 1749, 1613, 1515, 1454, 1246, 1173, 1112, 1029, 820,737, 697 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 7.39 - 7.23$  (m, 8H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.15 (s, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 170.4$ , 159.9, 137.2, 130.4, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 127.7, 114.1, 73.5, 67.4, 66.5, 55.4. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 309.1097. Found 309.1094.

# **Procedure for macrolactonization**

In a heatgun dried Schlenk tube 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (4) (10 mol%) and rubidium carbonate (2.0 equiv) were added to dry THF (0.1 M). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min prior to the addition of 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (7) (1 equiv). Stirring was continued for another five min. Then the 3-(2-(2-2))

hydroxyethoxy)phenyl)propanal  $(24)^1$  (1.0 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 60 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (pentane:ethylacetare, 5:1).

# 6,7,10,11,17,18,21,22-Octahydrodibenzo[e,n][1,4,10,13]tetraoxacyclooctadecine-9,20-dione (25)



FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 2929, 1734, 1495, 1453, 1247, 1179, 1116, 1072, 928, 753 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.24 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.54 – 4.36 (m, 2H), 4.25 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.07 – 2.88 (m, 2H), 2.84 – 2.58 (m,

2H).<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 173.7, 156.7, 130.6, 129.1, 127.9, 121.1, 110.9, 65.6, 62.8, 33.4, 27.2. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NaO<sub>6</sub> ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>): 407.1465. Found 407.1455.

# Synthesis of 4-methoxybenzyl (R)-2-methyl-3-phenylpropanoate (27)



**27** was prepared according to GP-A with (R)-2-methyl-3-phenylpropanal  $(26)^2$  (30 mg, 0.20 mmol), 1,3-dimethyl triazolium iodide (3.4 mg, 15 µmol), rubidium carbonate (93 mg, 0.40 mmol), 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (42 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,3',5,5'-tetra-*tert*-butyldiphenoquinone (98 mg, 0.24 mmol)

in THF (2.0 mL) at 60 °C for 24 h. After SiO<sub>2</sub>-chromatography (pentane:Et<sub>2</sub>O, 20:1) ester **27** was obtained (40 mg, 71%). FTIR (neat):  $\tilde{V} = 3029, 2937, 1728, 1613, 1515, 1454, 1382, 1265, 1247, 1161, 1112, 1033 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) <math>\delta$  7.24-7.17 (m, 7H), 6.86-6.83 (m, 2H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.01 (dd, J = 12.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.81-2.63 (m, 2H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  176.0, 159.7, 139.4, 130.0, 129.1, 128.5, 128.3, 126.4, 114.0, 66.1, 55.4, 41.6, 39.9, 16.9. HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> ([M+Na]+): 307.1310. Found 307.1305.

Enantiomeric excess was determined by using Chiralcel OJ-RH column with MeCN:H<sub>2</sub>O = 45:55 at 230 nm wavelength at 10 °C temperature.

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# <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra











































