

Supplementary Information

Characterization Data

for

A remarkable temperature effect in the desymmetrisation of bridged *meso*-tricyclic succinic anhydrides with chiral oxazolidin-2-ones

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1. General Experimental

All reactions were performed in oven-dried (120 °C) or flame-dried glass apparatus under dry N₂ or argon atmosphere. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was dried from sodium/benzophenone while *t*-BuOH was dried from CaH₂ followed by storage over 4 Å molecular sieves. *n*-BuLi (1.5 M in hexane) was purchased from Aldrich. Anhydride **3a** was made from meso-2,3-Dimethyl succinic acid following the reported procedure¹. Anhydrides **2a**, **4a**, **2c** and **2e** were purchased from Aldrich and their saturated counterparts **2b**, **4b**, **2d** and **2f** were prepared following the reported procedure². Oxazolidin-2-ones **1a**³, **1b**⁴, **1c**⁵ and **1d**⁶ were prepared following literature procedures. Solvent removal was carried out using a rotary evaporator connected to a dry ice condenser. TLC (0.5 mm) was carried out using home made silica plates with fluorescence indicator. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (230-400 mesh). The ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded with Bruker 200/300/500 MHz spectrometers. The spectra were referenced to residual chloroform (δ 7.25 ppm., ¹H; δ 77.00 ppm, ¹³C). The IR spectra were recorded with a JASCO FT IR spectrophotometer in NaCl cells or in KBr discs. Peaks are reported in cm⁻¹. Melting points (mp) were determined on a Fischer John's melting point apparatus and were uncorrected. Optical rotations were measured with a JASCO DIP-360 polarimeter. Elemental analyses (C, H) were carried out at Analytical Facility of Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Hydrometallurgy Section and Bio-Organic Division BARC, Mumbai, India.

2. General Procedures

General Procedure-I: Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** at -78 °C.

n-Butyl lithium (720 μL, 1.6 M in hexane, 1.15 mmol) was added slowly to a suspension of oxazolidin-2-one **1a** (369 mg, 1 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL) at 0 °C to -10 °C under argon atmosphere. After 10 minutes, the reaction mixture was cooled to -78 °C. Dry DMPU (1.2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture followed by a solution of the anhydride **2a** (197 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL). After 15 minutes at -78 °C, the reaction mixture was acidified with 5% citric acid solution, brought to room temperature and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was esterified with ethereal diazomethane, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by

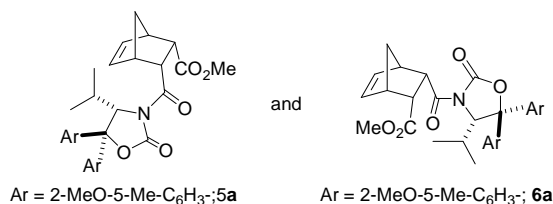
column chromatography to give a mixture of methyl esters **5a** and **6a** (**5a:6a** = 50/50) (416 mg, 76%) as a solid.

General Procedure-II: Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** at 28 °C.

n-Butyl lithium (720 μ L, 1.6 M in hexane, 1.15 mmol) was added slowly to a suspension of oxazolidin-2-one **1a** (369 mg, 1 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL) at 0 °C to -10 °C under argon atmosphere. After 10 minutes, the reaction mixture was brought to 28 °C. Dry DMPU (1.2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture followed by a solution of the anhydride **2a** (197 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL). After 15 minutes at 28 °C, the reaction mixture was acidified with 5% citric acid solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water, dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was esterified with ethereal diazomethane, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to give a mixture of methyl esters **5a** and **6a** (**5a:6a** = 90/10) (482 mg, 88%) as a solid.

3. Characterization data of products

Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2a** with **1a**

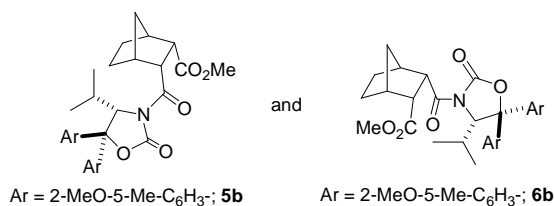


Data for **5a**: mp 149-151 °C; R_f = 0.5 (85:15 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -172.31 (*c* 0.65, MeOH); IR (CHCl_3 film) 3020, 2967, 2837, 1771, 1735, 1698, 1502 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.74 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.98 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.25-1.42 (m, 2 H, CHCH_2CH), 1.62-1.75 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 2.29 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.35 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.83 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.14 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.37 (dd, J = 3.3, 9.9 Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.46 (s, 3 H, ArOCH_3), 3.49 (s, 3 H, ArOCH_3), 3.58 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 4.21 (dd, J = 3.3, 9.8 Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.66 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1 H, CHN), 5.97 (dd, J = 2.9, 5.5 Hz, 1 H, C=CH), 6.37 (dd, J = 2.9, 5.5 Hz, 1 H, CH=C), 6.61 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1

H, Ar), 6.71 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.01 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.05 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.19 (s, 1 H, Ar), 7.70 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.3, 20.2, 20.3, 21.7, 29.4, 45.6, 46.5, 47.4, 48.0, 48.9, 50.8, 54.8, 55.4, 62.1, 88.7, 110.5, 113.5, 125.8, 126.5, 127.5, 128.2, 128.3, 128.5, 128.7, 129.9, 133.9, 134.9, 152.2, 153.2, 156.0, 171.4, 172.7; Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{37}\text{NO}_7$ (547.64): C, 70.18; H, 6.81; N, 2.56. Found: C, 69.88; H, 6.73; N, 2.78.

Data for **6a**: ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.72 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.93 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.40-1.50 (m, 2 H, CHCH_2CH), 1.65-1.73 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 2.28 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.35 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 3.13 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.21 (dd, $J = 3.3, 9.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.35-3.40 (m, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.40 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 3.46 (s, 6 H, $2 \times \text{ArOCH}_3$), 4.38 (dd, $J = 3.3, 9.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.74 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1 H, CHN), 6.14 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, C=CH), 6.4 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, CH=C), 6.62 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.68 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.97-7.06 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.24 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.68 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 16.0, 20.7, 20.8, 22.9, 30.0, 46.0, 47.8, 48.3, 48.6, 48.9, 51.1, 55.4, 56.2, 61.9, 88.6, 111.1, 113.9, 127.0, 128.0, 128.1, 128.7, 128.9 (2 C), 129.0, 129.9, 133.9, 136.2, 152.7, 153.3, 156.4, 171.9, 172.9.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2b** with **1a**

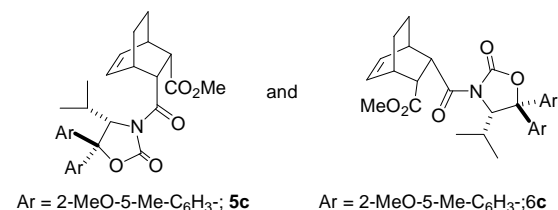


Data for **5b**: mp 185-186 °C; $R_f = 0.47$ (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{24} -129.55$ (c 0.88, MeOH); IR (chloroform film) 2962, 2836, 1772, 1736, 1696, 1503, 1464, 1374, 1253, 1199 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.79 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.05 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.13-1.58 (m, 5 H, $2 \times \text{CH}_2$, CH), 1.65-1.82 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.93-2.15 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.28 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.26-2.38 (m, 1 H, CHCHCON), 2.40 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.52-2.61 (m, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 2.90-3.01 (m, 1 H, CHCON), 3.52 (s, 6 H, ArOCH_3), 3.64 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 4.22 (dd, $J = 4.5, 12.2$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.81 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.67 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.72 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.01-7.10 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.29 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.74 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.7, 20.5 (2 C), 22.0,

22.9, 24.4, 29.6, 39.4, 40.4, 46.0, 47.2, 50.8, 55.1, 55.7, 62.0, 88.7, 110.7, 113.7, 126.0, 126.9, 127.5, 128.5, 128.6 (2 C), 128.7, 128.9, 129.9, 152.4, 153.0, 156.2, 172.0, 173.1; Anal. Calcd for $C_{32}H_{39}NO_7$ (549.65): C, 69.92; H, 7.15; N, 2.55. Found: C, 69.56; H, 7.35; N, 2.69.

Data for **6b**: 1H NMR (200 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 0.69 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.01 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.40-2.05 (m, 7 H, $3 \times CH_2$, CH), 2.32 (s, 3 H, $ArCH_3$), 2.35 (s, 3 H, $ArCH_3$), 2.48-2.91 (m, 1 H, $CHCHCON$), 2.78-2.92 (m, 2 H, $CHCHCOOMe$, $CHCON$), 3.44 (s, 3 H, $COOCH_3$), 3.48 (s, 6 H, $ArOCH_3$), 4.06 (dd, $J = 4.1, 11.4$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCOOMe$), 5.82 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.61 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.69 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.98-7.05 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.29 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.68 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 15.9, 20.7, 20.9, 22.9, 23.5, 24.7, 29.9, 39.8, 39.9, 41.5, 46.6, 47.0, 50.9, 55.3, 56.2, 62.1, 88.7, 111.0, 113.9, 127.0, 128.0 (2 C), 128.6, 128.9, 129.0 (2 C), 129.9, 152.7, 153.1, 156.4, 172.1, 172.9.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2c** with **1a**

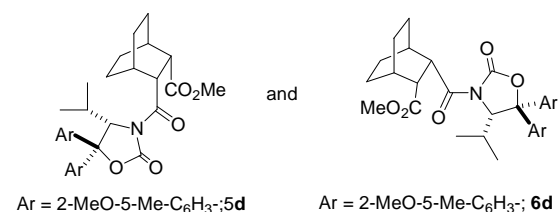


Data for **5c**: mp 181-183 °C; $R_f = 0.16$ (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{23} -154.62$ (c 0.52, MeOH); IR (chloroform film) 3024, 2949, 2870, 2836, 1774, 1739, 1702, 1502 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR (200 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 0.73 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.96 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.06-1.31 (m, 3 H, CH_2CH), 1.42-1.53 (m, 2 H, $CHCHCON$, CH), 1.60-1.74 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 2.28 (s, 3 H, $ArCH_3$), 2.35 (s, 3 H, $ArCH_3$), 2.93-3.01 (m, 2 H, $CHCON$, $CHCHCOOMe$), 3.45 (s, 3 H, $ArOCH_3$), 3.49 (s, 3 H, $ArOCH_3$), 3.56 (s, 3 H, $COOCH_3$), 4.22 (dd, $J = 1.2, 10.3$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCOOMe$), 5.65 (s, 1 H, CHN), 5.97 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H, $CH=CH$), 6.46 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H, $CH=CH$), 6.61 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.70 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.03 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.19 (s, 1 H, Ar), 7.70 (s, 1 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 15.8, 20.6, 20.7, 22.2, 24.2, 24.7, 29.6, 31.9, 33.7, 46.4, 47.5, 51.4, 55.3, 55.9, 62.5, 89.1, 110.8, 113.9, 126.2, 126.8, 127.9, 128.6, 128.8 (2 C), 129.0, 130.2, 130.9, 133.4, 152.6, 153.7, 156.4,

172.3, 173.8; Anal. Calcd for C₃₃H₃₉NO₇ (561.67): C, 70.57; H, 7.00; N, 2.49. Found: C, 70.46; H, 6.99; N, 2.56.

Data for **6c**: ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.72 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.93 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.19-1.82 (m, 5 H, 2 × CH₂, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.28 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.35 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.83-3.02 (m, 3 H, CHCHCON, CHCHCOOMe), 3.37 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 3.47 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.48 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 4.30 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 10.2 Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.75 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.18 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 6.47 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 6.61 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.98-7.04 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.26 (s, 1 H, Ar), 7.68 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 16.0, 20.7, 20.8, 22.8, 24.5, 24.8, 30.2, 31.9, 34.6, 47.1 (2 C), 51.1, 55.3, 56.2, 61.6, 88.5, 111.1, 113.9, 126.8, 127.8, 128.0, 128.8 (2 C), 128.9, 129.0, 129.9, 130.8, 133.8, 152.7, 153.1, 156.4, 172.4, 173.5.

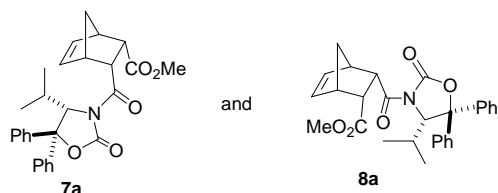
Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2d** with **1a**



Data for **5d**: mp 172-173 °C; *R_f* = 0.59 (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); [α]₂₅^D -137.19 (*c* 0.605, MeOH); IR (chloroform film) 3019, 2947, 2362, 1771, 1733, 1696, 1503 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.76 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.01 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.09-1.50 (m, 8 H, 4 × CH₂), 1.64-1.79 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.04-2.18 (m, 2 H, CHCHCON, CHCHCOOMe), 2.22 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.36 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.75 (d, broad, *J* = 11 Hz, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.47 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.48 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.60 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 4.39 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 11.0 Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.74 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.67 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.96-7.06 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.22 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.70 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.9, 20.5 (2 C), 20.9, 21.0, 22.2, 25.0, 25.6 (2 C), 27.5, 29.5, 42.7, 43.4, 51.2, 55.1, 55.7, 62.3, 88.6, 110.7, 113.7, 126.0, 126.8, 127.5, 128.5, 128.7 (2 C), 129.0, 130.0, 152.5, 153.4, 156.1, 173.3, 174.1; Anal. Calcd for C₃₃H₄₁NO₇ (563.68): C, 70.32; H, 7.33; N, 2.48. Found: C, 69.99; H, 7.67; N, 2.12.

Data for **6d**: ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.67 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.99 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.20-1.80 (m, 9 H, $4 \times \text{CH}_2$, CH_3CHCH_3), 2.00-2.20 (m, 2 H, CHCHCON , CHCHCOOMe), 2.31 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.34 (s, 3 H, ArCH_3), 2.66 (d, broad, $J = 10.9$ Hz, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.43 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 3.49 (s, 3 H, ArOCH_3), 3.51 (s, 3 H, ArOCH_3), 4.27 (dd, $J = 3.1, 10.9$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.84 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.61 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.69 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.97-7.05 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.33 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.69 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.8, 20.7, 20.9, 21.3, 21.4, 22.7, 25.2, 25.9, 26.1, 28.3, 30.1, 42.8, 44.0, 51.1, 55.2, 56.2, 61.8, 88.6, 110.9, 114.0, 126.7, 127.7, 127.8, 128.6 (2 C), 129.0, 129.1, 130.1, 152.6, 152.8, 156.5, 173.6, 174.0.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2a** with **1b**

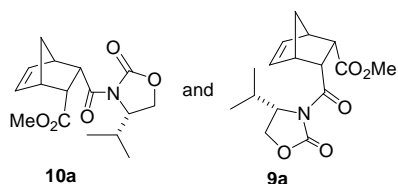


Data for **7a**: mp 176-178 °C; $R_f = 0.65$ (85:15 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{27} -129$ (c 1, MeOH); IR (CHCl_3 film) 3021, 2971, 2876, 1778, 1735, 1704, 1450, 1437 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.76 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.88 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.28-1.33 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.92-2.03 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 2.72 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.10 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.31 (dd, $J = 3.3, 9.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.56 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 4.21 (dd, $J = 3.3, 9.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.27 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1 H, CHN), 5.48 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.2$ Hz, 1 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$), 6.31 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.3$ Hz, 1 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$), 7.26-7.52 (m, 10 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.8, 21.0, 29.5, 45.6, 46.8, 47.5, 48.2, 48.7, 51.0, 65.2, 89.1, 125.1 (2 C), 125.5 (2 C), 127.6, 128.1 (2 C), 128.3, 128.6 (2 C), 133.4, 135.6, 137.6, 142.4, 153.0, 171.2, 173.0.

Data for **8a**: mp 162-165 °C; $R_f = 0.65$ (85:15 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -120$ (c 1, MeOH); IR (CHCl_3 film) 3063, 3021, 2971, 2876, 1776, 1737, 1706, 1450 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.75 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.86 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.38-1.51 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.91-1.95 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 3.12 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.18 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 3.25 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.33 (dd, $J = 3.5, 9.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON),

4.20 (dd, $J = 3.1, 9.7$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCOOMe$), 5.34 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1 H, CHN), 6.22-6.28 (m, 2 H, $CH=CH$), 7.25-7.49 (m, 10 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 16.2, 21.7, 29.7, 45.9, 47.2, 47.9, 48.6, 49.0, 50.7, 64.1, 88.9, 125.6 (2 C), 125.7 (2 C), 127.6, 128.0 (3 C), 128.4 (2 C), 134.6, 135.1, 138.3, 142.3, 152.8, 172.0, 172.2; Anal. Calcd for $C_{28}H_{29}NO_5$ (459.53): C, 73.18; H, 6.36; N, 3.05. Found: C, 73.29; H, 6.35; N, 3.26.

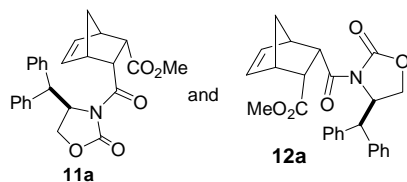
Desymmetrisation of anhydride 2a with 1c



Data for **10a** (from the mixture; dr = 96/4): mp 64-66 °C; $R_f = 0.22$ (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{27} +45$ (c 1, EtOAc); IR ($CHCl_3$ film) 3023, 2968, 1775, 1732, 1702, 1386 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 0.89 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.90 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 1.41-1.52 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 2.30-2.36 (m, 1 H, CH_3CHCH_3), 3.17-3.23 (m, 2 H, $CHCHCON$, $CHCHCOOMe$), 3.58 (s, 3 H, $COOCH_3$), 3.62 (dd, $J = 3.6, 9.6$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCON$), 4.08 (dd, $J = 2.9, 9.7$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCOOMe$), 4.15 (dd, $J = 3.3, 9.0$ Hz, 1 H, OCH_AH_B), 4.25 (dd, $J = 8.5, 8.5$ Hz, 1 H, OCH_AH_B), 4.39-4.45 (m, 1 H, CHN), 6.07 (dd, $J = 2.5, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CH=CH$), 6.47 (dd, $J = 2.4, 5.1$ Hz, 1 H, $CH=CH$); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 14.5, 17.6, 28.5, 46.2, 46.4, 48.0, 48.6, 49.3, 51.3, 58.5, 63.3, 132.7, 137.3, 154.4, 172.7, 173.0; Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{21}NO_5$ (307.34): C, 62.53; H, 6.89; N, 4.56. Found: C, 62.43; H, 7.02; N, 4.70.

Data for **9a** (from the mixture): 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) Recognizable peak at δ 2.44-2.50 (m, 1 H, Me_2CH). Remaining proton resonances overlapped with protons from **10a**.

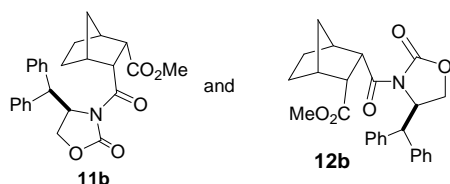
Desymmetrisation of anhydride 2a with 1d



Data for **11a** (pure diastereoisomer): mp 111-113 °C; $R_f = 0.23$ (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{23} -120$ (*c* 1, EtOAc); IR (CHCl₃ film) 3026, 1777, 1731, 1699, 1388, 1257 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.36-1.46 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 3.02 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.18 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.56 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 3.59 (dd, *J* = 2.8, 9.6 Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.88 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 9.6 Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 4.29-4.46 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.73 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1 H, Ph₂CH), 5.27-5.36 (m, 1 H, CHN), 6.01 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 5.5 Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 6.43 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 5.4 Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 7.09-7.37 (m, 10 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 46.1, 46.3, 48.0, 48.6, 49.6, 51.0, 51.3, 56.3, 64.9, 126.6, 127.3, 128.2 (4 C), 128.5 (2 C), 129.0 (2 C), 132.4, 137.7, 138.2, 139.5, 153.8, 172.3, 172.9; Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₂₅NO₅ (431.48): C, 72.37; H, 5.84; N, 3.25. Found: C, 72.47; H, 5.84; N, 3.35.

Data for **12a** (from the mixture; dr = 60/40): Recognizable peak at δ 5.08-5.20 (m, 1 H, NCH), 6.26 (dd, *J* = 2.8, 5.4 Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 6.34 (dd, *J* = 2.8, 5.6 Hz, 1 H, CH=CH). Remaining proton resonances overlapped with protons from **11a**.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2b** with **1d**

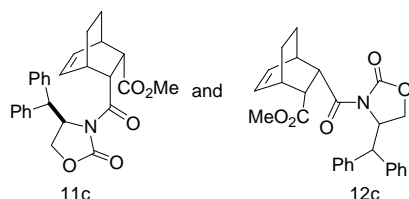


Data for **11b**: mp 169-170 °C; $R_f = 0.49$ (85:15 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{27} -153$ (*c* 1, EtOAc); IR (CHCl₃ film) 3020, 2968, 2363, 2968, 1778, 1731, 1697, 1389 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.37-1.47 (m, 5 H, 2 × CH₂, CH), 1.97-2.06 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.53 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 2.59 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.29 (dd, *J* = 4.5, 11.4 Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.53 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 11.6 Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 3.61 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 4.32-4.46 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.79 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1 H, PhCHPh), 5.29-5.37 (m, 1 H, NCH), 7.09-7.35 (m, 10 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 23.3, 24.4, 39.2, 40.4, 40.7, 46.5, 47.7, 50.7, 51.3, 56.6, 64.9, 126.7, 127.5, 128.2 (2 C), 128.4 (2 C), 128.6 (2 C), 129.1 (2 C), 138.1, 139.6, 153.5, 172.1, 173.5; Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₂₇NO₅ (433.5): C, 72.04; H, 6.28; N, 3.23. Found: C, 72.29; H, 6.30; N, 3.06.

Data for **12b**: ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.43-1.57 (m, 5 H, 2 × CH₂, CH), 1.92-2.04 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.60 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 2.67 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.05 (dd, *J* =

3.5, 11.3 Hz, 1 H, *CHCON*), 3.71 (s, 3 H, *COOCH*₃), 4.21 (dd, *J* = 4.3, 11.3 Hz, 1 H, *CHCOOMe*), 4.47 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2 H, *OCH*₂), 4.84 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1 H, *PhCHPh*), 5.22-5.29 (m, 1 H, *NCH*), 7.03-7.36 (m, 10 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 23.1, 24.8, 39.4, 39.6, 40.8, 46.3, 47.6, 49.1, 50.9, 56.3, 63.7, 126.8, 127.5, 127.9 (2 C), 128.4 (2 C), 128.6 (2 C), 129.3 (2 C), 137.8, 139.7, 152.9, 172.3, 173.1.

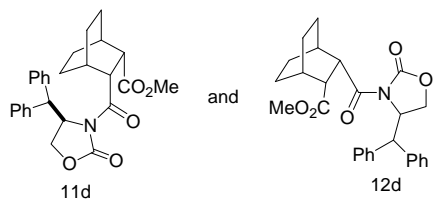
Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2c** with **1d**



Data for **11c**: mp 195-197 °C; *R*_f = 0.30 (85:15 hexane/ethyl acetate); [α]₂₆^D -94 (*c* 1, EtOAc); IR (CHCl₃ film) 3058, 2949, 2869, 1777, 1739, 1702, 1390 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.19-1.43 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.50-1.63 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.57-2.63 (m, 1 H, *CHCHCON*), 2.94-3.02 (m, 1 H, *CHCHCOOMe*), 3.24 (dd, *J* = 2.3, 10.3 Hz, 1 H, *CHCON*), 3.57 (s, 3 H, *COOCH*₃), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 1.3, 10.2 Hz, 1 H, *CHCOOMe*), 4.29-4.42 (m, 2 H, *OCH*₂), 4.73 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1 H, *PhCHPh*), 5.25-5.33 (m, 1 H, *NCH*), 6.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, *CH=CH*), 6.35 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, *CH=CH*), 7.10-7.39 (m, 10 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 23.9, 24.3, 32.6 (2 C), 46.9, 48.7, 51.0, 51.4, 56.3, 64.9, 126.6, 127.3, 128.2 (4 C), 128.5 (2 C), 128.9 (2 C), 130.7, 134.0, 138.1, 139.4, 153.6, 173.0, 173.2; Anal. Calcd for C₂₇H₂₇NO₅ (445.51): C, 72.79; H, 6.11; N, 3.14. Found: C, 72.53; H, 5.87; N, 3.21.

Data for **12c**: ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.26-1.35 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.56-1.66 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 2.81-2.87 (m, 1 H, *CHCHCON*), 3.00-3.08 (m, 1 H, *CHCHCOOMe*), 3.21 (dd, *J* = 1.7, 10.2 Hz, 1 H, *CHCON*), 3.68 (s, 3 H, *COOCH*₃), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 10.3 Hz, 1 H, *CHCOOMe*), 4.46 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2 H, *OCH*₂), 4.81 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1 H, *PhCHPh*), 5.15-5.19 (m, 1 H, *NCH*), 6.26 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, *CH=CH*), 6.45 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, *CH=CH*), 7.01-7.05 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.14-7.36 (m, 8 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 24.1, 24.3, 32.1, 33.4, 46.8, 47.9, 49.0, 51.2, 56.7, 63.7, 126.6, 127.2, 127.7 (2 C), 128.2 (2 C), 128.4 (2 C), 129.2 (2 C), 131.3, 132.9, 137.8, 139.9, 153.2, 172.5, 173.5.

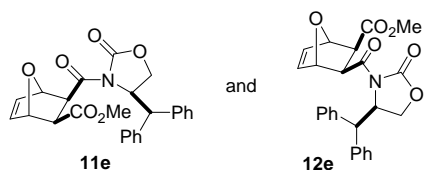
Desymmetrisation of anhydride 2d with 1d



Data for **11d**: mp 221-223 °C; $R_f = 0.37$ (80:20 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_{25}^D -125$ (c 1, CH_2Cl_2); IR (CHCl_3 film) 3021, 2947, 2868, 1771, 1724, 1697, 1450, 1389 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.26-1.77 (m, 8 H, 4 \times CH_2), 1.83 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 2.07 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.01 (d, broad, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.62 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 3.83 (d, broad, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 4.37 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2 H, OCH_2), 4.75 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1 H, PhCHPh), 5.32 (q, $J = 5.5$, 1 H, NCH), 7.11-7.16 (m, 5 H, Ar), 7.22-7.34 (m, 5 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 20.9, 21.2, 25.5, 25.7, 26.4, 26.8, 43.0, 43.9, 51.0, 51.3, 56.6, 64.9, 126.8, 127.5, 128.2 (2 C), 128.4 (2 C), 128.6 (2 C), 129.0 (2 C), 138.1, 139.5, 153.3, 173.4, 174.1; Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{29}\text{NO}_5$ (447.5): C, 72.46; H, 6.53; N, 3.13. Found: C, 72.01; H, 6.37; N, 3.17.

Data for **12d**: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.40-1.69 (m, 8 H, 3 \times CH_2 , CH), 1.98 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCON), 1.98-2.08 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.17 (s, broad, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 2.92 (d, $J = 11$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.72 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 4.37-4.41 (m, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 4.44-4.47 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 4.81 (s, broad, 1 H, PhCHPh), 5.24-5.27 (m, 1 H, NCH), 7.04 (d, broad, $J = 7$ Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.14 (d, broad, $J = 8$ Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.26-7.36 (m, 6 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 21.3, 21.4, 25.4, 25.7, 25.8, 27.8, 43.1, 44.3, 49.2, 51.2, 56.4, 63.7, 127.0, 127.7, 128.1 (2 C), 128.7 (2 C), 128.8 (2 C), 129.4 (2 C), 138.1, 139.9, 152.9, 173.6, 174.3.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride 2e with 1d

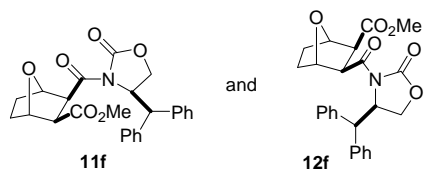


Data for **11e**: mp 149-150 °C; $R_f = 0.34$ (70:30 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_{25}^D -43$ (c 1, CHCl_3); IR (CHCl_3 film) 3028, 1776, 1737, 1705, 1390, 1250, 1215 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ

3.00 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCON$), 3.45 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCOOMe$), 3.68 (s, 3 H, $COOCH_3$), 4.38 (dd, $J = 2.7, 9.2$ Hz, 1 H, CH_AH_BO), 4.45 (dd, $J = 8.7, 8.7$ Hz, 1 H, CH_AH_BO), 4.73 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1 H, $PhCHPh$), 4.94 (s, broad, 1 H, $CHCHCON$), 5.27 (s, broad, 1 H, $CHCHCOOMe$), 5.37-5.40 (m, 1 H, NCH), 6.43 (dd, $J = 1.5, 6.0$ Hz, 1 H, $CH=CH$), 6.47 (dd, $J = 1.5, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CH=CH$), 7.14 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.21 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.24-7.37 (m, 6 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 46.6, 48.7, 51.7, 52.3, 56.6, 65.6, 80.7, 81.0, 127.0, 127.7, 128.5 (4 C), 128.9 (2 C), 129.2 (2 C), 136.8 (2 C), 138.3, 139.6, 154.4, 171.3, 171.7; Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{23}NO_6$ (433.45): C, 69.27; H, 5.35; N, 3.23. Found: C, 69.17; H, 5.14; N, 3.52.

Data for **12e** (from the mixture): 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) Recognizable peak at δ 3.78 (s, 3 H, CO_2Me). Remaining proton resonances merged with protons from **11e**.

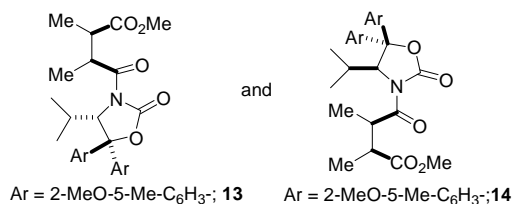
Desymmetrisation of anhydride **2f** with **1d**



Data for **11f**: mp 152 °C; $R_f = 0.46$ (70:30 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_{25}^D -80$ (c 0.5, CH_3Cl); IR ($CHCl_3$ film) 2952, 1777, 1737, 1705, 1383, 1210 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 1.50-1.59 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.72-1.83 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 3.14 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCON$), 3.65 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1 H, $CHCOOMe$), 3.65 (s, 3 H, $COOCH_3$), 4.38 (dd, $J = 3, 9$ Hz, 1 H, CH_AH_BO), 4.44 (dd, $J = 8.7, 8.7$ Hz, 1 H, CH_AH_BO), 4.61 (d, $J = 4.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CH_2CHCHCON$), 4.73 ((d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1 H, $PhCHPh$), 4.92 (d, $J = 4.5$ Hz, 1 H, $CH_2CHCHCOOMe$), 5.33-5.36 (m, 1 H, NCH), 7.13 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2 H, Ar), 7.19-7.37 (m, 8 H, Ar); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 28.8, 29.0, 51.4, 51.7, 52.1, 53.7, 56.5, 65.5, 78.7 (2 C), 127.0, 127.7, 128.4 (2 C), 128.5 (2 C), 128.9 (2 C), 129.3 (2 C), 138.2, 139.6, 154.2, 170.8, 171.7; Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{25}NO_6$ (435.47): C, 68.95; H, 5.79; N, 3.22. Found: C, 68.96; H, 5.92; N, 3.30.

Data for **12f** (from the mixture): 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) Recognizable peak at δ 3.68 (s, 3 H, CO_2Me). Remaining proton resonances merged with protons from **11f**.

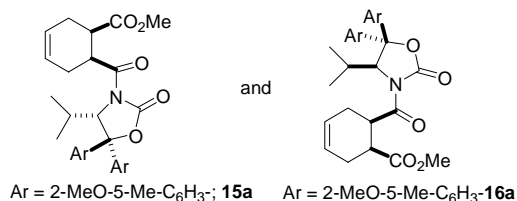
Desymmetrisation of anhydride 3a with 1a



Data for **13** (from the mixture): mp 147-149 °C; $R_f = 0.40$ (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); IR (CHCl₃ film) 3019, 2972, 1774, 1732, 1692, 1503 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.74 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCON), 0.97 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCOOMe), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.60-1.76 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.24 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.37 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.79-2.88 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCON), 3.48 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.49 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.63 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 3.80-3.88 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCOOMe), 5.80 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.64 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.70 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.98-7.08 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.24 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.72 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.5, 15.9, 17.1, 20.5 (2 C), 22.4, 29.8, 40.8, 42.5, 51.5, 55.4, 55.9, 61.8, 88.9, 111.0, 113.9, 126.2, 127.0, 127.7, 128.8 (3 C), 129.1, 130.1, 152.6, 152.7, 156.3, 175.1, 175.2; Anal. Calcd for C₂₉H₃₇NO₇ (511.61): C, 68.08; H, 7.29; N, 2.74. Found: C, 67.89; H, 7.03; N, 2.67.

Data for **14** (from the mixture): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) Recognizable peak at δ 5.78 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1 H, NCH). Remaining proton resonances overlapped with protons from **13**.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride 4a with 1a

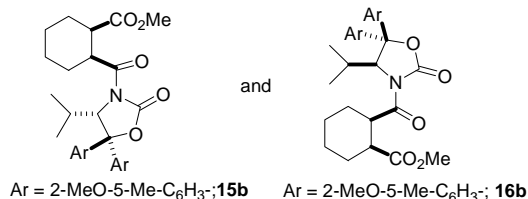


Data for **15a**: mp 137 °C; $R_f = 0.37$ (90/10 hexane/ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]_D^{24} -174$ (c 1, MeOH); IR (CHCl₃ film) 3026, 2964, 2837, 1771, 1735, 1699, 1503 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.70 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.87 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.61-1.75 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.28 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.35 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.34-2.51 (m, 1 H, CHCON), 2.34-2.51-2.84 (m, 4 H, CH₂CHCOOMe, CH₂CHCON), 3.44 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.45 (s, 3 H,

ArOCH₃), 3.49 (s, 3 H, COOMe), 4.08-4.16 (m, 1 H, CH₂CHCOOMe), 5.62-5.79 (m, 2 H, CH=CH), 5.81 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.61 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.99-7.08 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.30 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.69 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.8, 20.6, 20.7, 22.2, 25.7, 27.4, 30.0, 37.9, 39.0, 51.3, 55.4, 56.0, 61.1, 88.7, 111.0, 113.9, 123.4, 125.9, 126.5, 127.3, 128.0, 128.9 (2 C), 129.0 (2 C), 130.0, 152.6, 152.8, 156.3, 173.8 (2 C); Anal. Calcd for C₃₁H₃₇NO₇ (535.63): C, 69.51; H, 6.96; N, 2.62. Found: C, 69.57; H, 7.03; N, 2.57.

Data for **16a**: ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.78 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.98 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.66-1.76 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.85-2.13 (m, 2 H, CH₂CHCON), 2.22 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.36 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.43-2.82 (m, 2 H, CH₂CHCOOMe), 3.00-3.10 (m, 1 H, CH₂CHCON), 3.47 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.48 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.66 (s, 3 H, COOMe), 4.00-4.16 (m, 1 H, CH₂CHCOOMe), 5.41-5.47 (m, 1 H, CH=CH), 5.69-5.73 (m, 1 H, CH=CH), 5.74 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.63 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.99-7.11 (m, 3 H, Ar), 7.69 (d, *J* = 1.72 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 16.0, 20.7 (2 C), 22.2, 25.8, 26.3, 29.8, 37.7, 40.0, 51.5, 53.3, 55.4, 56.1, 62.7, 89.3, 111.2, 114.0, 123.7, 125.5, 126.9, 127.6, 128.5, 128.7, 129.2 (2 C), 130.1, 152.9, 153.5, 156.3, 173.5, 173.8.

Desymmetrisation of anhydride **4b** with **1a**



Data for **15b**: mp 127-128 °C; *R*_f = 0.14 (90:10 hexane/ethyl acetate); [α]²⁵_D -164 (*c* 0.5, ethyl acetate); IR (CHCl₃ film) 2932, 2859, 1775, 1733, 1699, 1502, 1200 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.70 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.93 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.25-2.25 (m, 9 H, 4 × CH₂-*c*-hex, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.28 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.34 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.40-2.50 (m, 1 H, CHCON), 3.39 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 3.45 (s, 6 H, 2 × ArOCH₃), 4.03-4.14 (m, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.82 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.61 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.67 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.99-7.05 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.30 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.69 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.7, 20.5, 20.7, 21.9, 22.4, 24.5, 24.9, 27.9, 29.8, 39.9, 42.4, 51.0,

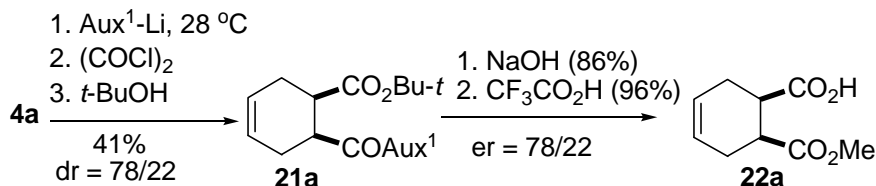
55.2, 55.9, 60.9, 88.5, 110.9, 113.8, 126.5, 127.3, 127.8, 128.7 (3 C), 128.9, 129.9, 152.5, 152.6, 156.3, 173.9, 174.2; Anal. Calcd for C₃₁H₃₉NO₇ (537.64): C, 69.25; H, 7.31; N, 2.61. Found: C, 68.93; H, 7.22; N, 2.68.

Data for **16b**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.78 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.98 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.25-1.29 (m, 3 H, CH₂-*c*-hex., CH-*c*-hex), 1.39-1.46 (m, 2 H, CH₂-*c*-hex), 1.69-1.72 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.78-1.81 (m, 1 H, CH-*c*-hex), 1.94-1.96 (m, 1 H, CH-*c*-hex), 2.18-2.23 (m, 1 H, CH-*c*-hex), 2.24 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.37 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.65-2.69 (m, 1 H, CHCON), 3.47 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.48 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.65 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 4.18-4.22 (m, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 5.71 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1 H, NCH), 6.63 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.99-7.05 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.18 (s, 1 H, Ar), 7.71 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.9, 20.6, 20.7, 22.0, 22.3, 24.4, 25.5, 26.8, 29.7, 39.4, 42.9, 51.5, 55.4, 56.0, 62.4, 110.7, 113.9, 126.5, 127.1 (2 C), 128.2, 128.8 (2 C), 129.0 (2 C), 130.0 (2 C), 152.7, 156.3, 174.3, 174.4.

4. Determination of absolute configuration of products

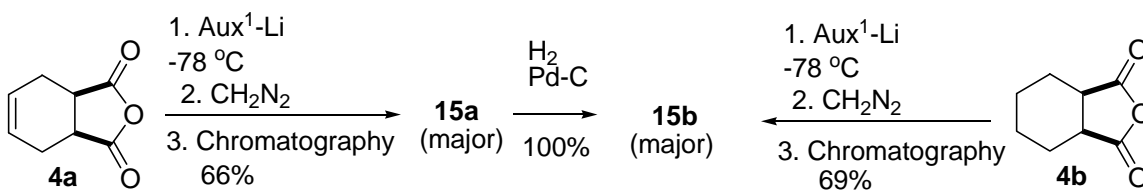
a. General Details

The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydrides **4a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** were determined by converting them to known hemi ester **22a**. For this, the anhydride opening product (*dr* = 78/22) obtained from anhydride **4a** was converted to the corresponding *t*-Bu ester **21a** from which the oxazolidin-2-one **1a** was removed by alkaline hydrolysis and the resulting acid was converted to methyl ester by diazomethane treatment. The resulting diester was subsequently treated with TFA leading to hemi ester **22a** {[α]_D²⁶ +8.6 (*c* 1.28, EtOH); *lit.*⁷ [α]_D²⁵ +18 (*c* 2.1, EtOH) for sample of 98% ee}. The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydrides **3a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** were tentatively assigned in analogy with the anhydride **4a** openings with oxazolidinone **1a**.



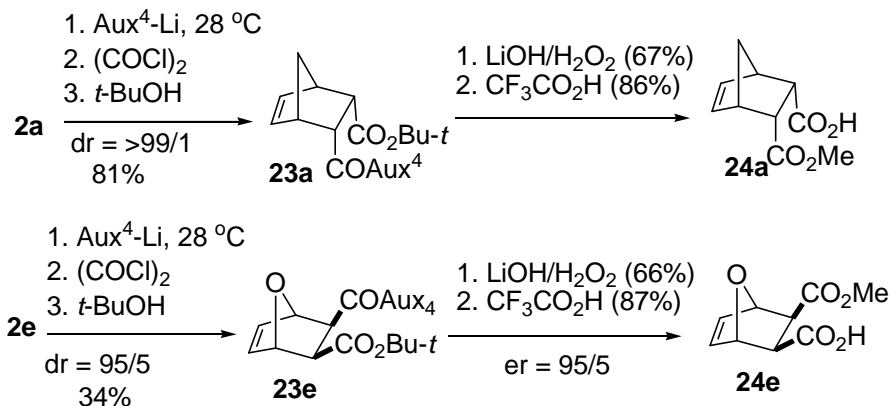
Scheme 1

The absolute configuration of the products from the desymmetrisation reaction of anhydrides **4b** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** was determined by saturating the double bonds by catalytic hydrogenation of the major methyl ester **15a**, obtained from the desymmetrisation of **4a** leading to **15b** indicating that major diastereoisomer **15a** stereochemically corresponds to the major diastereoisomer **15b** (Scheme 2).



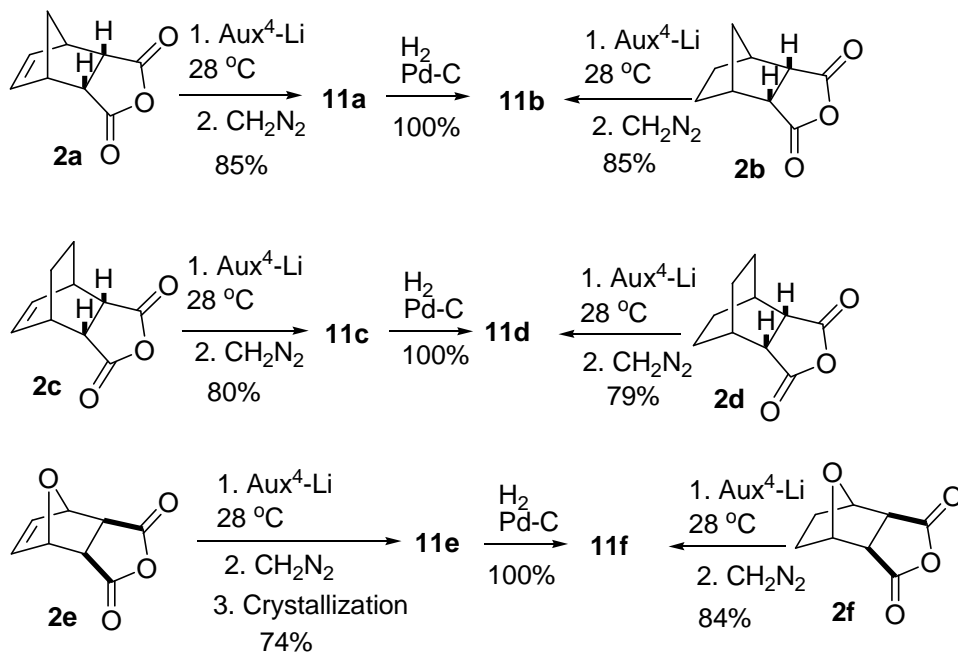
Scheme 2

The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydrides **2a** and **2e** with oxazolidin-2-one **1d** were determined by converting them to known hemi esters **24a** and **24e**, respectively. For this, the anhydride opening product (dr = >99/1) obtained from anhydride **2a** was converted to the corresponding *t*-Bu ester **23a** from which the auxazolidin-2-one **2d** was removed by LiOH/H₂O₂ hydrolysis and the resulting acid was converted to methyl ester by diazomethane treatment. The resulting diester was subsequently treated with TFA leading to hemi ester **24a** {[α]_D²³ -6.7 (*c* 1.5, CCl₄); *lit.*¹ [α]_D²⁵ +6.8 (*c* 1.5, CCl₄) for the *ent*-**24a** for sample of 95% ee} (Scheme 3). In an analogous way, the anhydride opening product (dr = 95/5) obtained from anhydride **2e** was converted to the corresponding *t*-Bu ester **23e** and then to the known hemi ester **24e** {[α]_D²⁴ +10.9 (*c* 0.6, MeOH); *lit.*¹ [α]_D²⁵ -10.3 (*c* 1.5, MeOH) for the *ent*-**24e** for sample of 95% ee}. The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydrides **2c** with oxazolidin-2-one **1d** were not determined but were tentatively assigned in analogy with the anhydride **2a** openings.



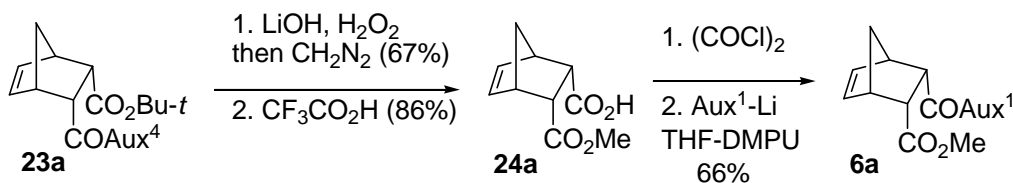
Scheme 3

The absolute configuration of the products from the desymmetrisation reaction of anhydrides **2b** with oxazolidin-2-one **1d** was determined by saturating the double bonds by catalytic hydrogenation of the methyl esters **11a**, obtained from the desymmetrisation of **2a** leading to **11b** indicating that major diastereoisomer **11a** stereochemically corresponds to the major diastereoisomer **11b** (Scheme 4). Similarly, the anhydride opening products **11c** obtained from anhydride **2c** was hydrogenated to give the saturated esters **11d** where **11c** stereochemically corresponded to **11d**. In an analogous way, the anhydride opening products (dr = 95/5) **11e/12e** obtained from anhydride **2e** was crystallized to get pure **11e** which was hydrogenated to give the saturated esters **11f**.



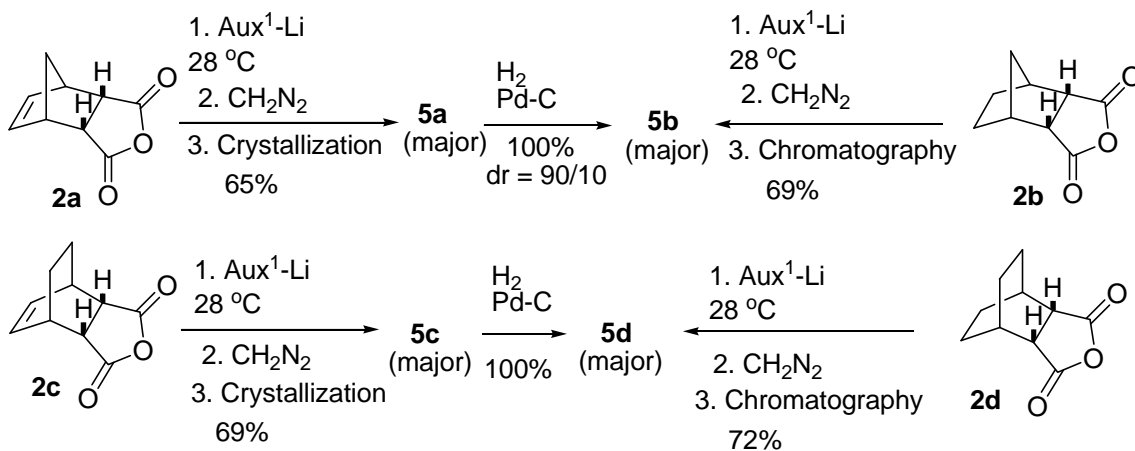
Scheme 4

To compare the facial selectivity of anhydride opening between oxazolidin-2-ones **1a** and **1d**, the hemi ester **24a** as obtained from the desymmetrisation of anhydride **2a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1d** (Scheme 3) at 28 °C was converted to its acid chloride and then reacted with the lithium salt of oxazolidin-2-one **1a** leading to diastereoisomer **6a** (Scheme 5). This confirmed that oxazolidin-2-ones **1a** and **1d** preferred for the same facial selectivity 28 °C.



Scheme 5

The absolute configuration of the products from the desymmetrisation reaction of anhydrides **2b** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** was determined by saturating the double bonds by catalytic hydrogenation of pure methyl ester **5a**, obtained from the desymmetrisation of **2a** followed by crystallization, leading to **5b** indicating that major diastereoisomer **5a** stereochemically corresponds to the major diastereoisomer **5b** (Scheme 6). Similarly, the anhydride opening product, pure methyl ester **5c**, obtained from desymmetrisation of anhydride **2c** followed by crystallization, was hydrogenated to give the saturated esters **5d** thus **5c** stereochemically corresponded to **5d**.



Scheme 6

The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydride **2a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1b** (methyl esters **7a/8a**) were not determined but were tentatively assigned in analogy with the anhydride **2a** openings with oxazolidin-2-one **1a**. The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydride

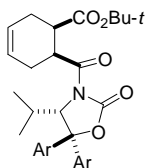
2a with oxazolidin-2-one **1c** (methyl esters **9a/10a**) were not determined but were tentatively assigned on the basis of our earlier studies.^{3,8}

The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydrides **2c** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** (methyl esters **5c/6c**) were not determined but were tentatively assigned in analogy with the anhydride **2a** openings with oxazolidinone **1a**.

The absolute configuration of the desymmetrisation products obtained from the reaction of anhydrides **2d** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** (methyl esters **5d/6d**) were not determined but were tentatively assigned in analogy with the anhydride **2a** openings with oxazolidinone **1a** and saturation experiment as depicted in Scheme 6.

b. Experimental and characterization data

Preparation of *t*-butyl ester **21a** from the desymmetrisation product of anhydride **4a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1a** at 28 °C

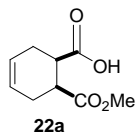


Ar = 2-MeO-5-Me-C₆H₃; **21a**

n-Butyl lithium (720 μ L, 1.6 M in hexane, 1.15 mmol) was added slowly to a suspension of oxazolidin-2-one **1a** (370 mg, 1 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL) at 0 °C to –10 °C under argon atmosphere. After 10 minutes, the reaction mixture was brought to 28 °C. Dry DMPU (1.2 mL) was added to the reaction mixture followed by a solution of the anhydride **4a** (183 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL). After 15 minutes at 28 °C, the reaction mixture was acidified with 5% citric acid solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dry dichloromethane (5 mL) and dry DMF (10 μ L) was added under argon atmosphere. The solution was cooled in an ice-bath and oxalyl chloride (305 μ L, 3.5 mmol) was added slowly. After 2 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure followed by high vacuum (0.1 Torr). The residue was dissolved in dry dichloromethane (2.5 mL), cooled on ice-water bath and a solution of DMAP (183 mg, 1.5 mmol) in dry *t*-butanol (2.5 mL) was added into it. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the *t*-butyl ester **21a** (236 mg, 41%); R_f = 0.41 (90:10, hexane/ethyl acetate); ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.69 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.87 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.27 (s, 9 H, OC[CH₃]₃), 1.67-1.77 (m, 1 H, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.28-2.41 (m, 1 H, CHCON), 2.28 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.35 (s, 3 H, ArCH₃), 2.59-2.82 (m, 4 H, CH₂CHCHCH₂), 3.47 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 3.48 (s, 3 H, ArOCH₃), 4.07-4.17 (m, 1 H, CHCOO^tBu), 5.59-5.78 (m, 2 H, CH=CH), 5.84 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, NCH), 6.62 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.68 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 6.98-7.11 (m, 2 H, Ar), 7.36 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1 H, Ar), 7.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.6, 20.5,

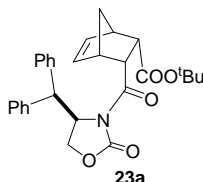
20.7, 22.1, 25.8, 27.7 (3 C), 27.8, 30.1, 38.1, 40.1, 55.2, 56.0, 61.1, 79.6, 88.4, 111.1, 114.0, 123.2, 126.4, 126.8, 127.4, 128.1, 128.8 (2 C), 128.9 (3 C), 129.9, 152.6, 156.3, 172.3, 173.6.

Preparation of hemiester **22a** from **21a**



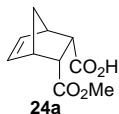
To a solution of this *t*-butyl ester **21a** (190 mg, 0.33 mmol) in THF (2 mL), aq. NaOH solution (0.6 mL, 1.1 M) was added. Methanol was added dropwise to obtain a homogeneous solution and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. After evaporating the solvent the residue was acidified with aq. sodium bisulphate solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. Ethyl acetate was evaporated and the residue was treated with diazomethane to obtain methyl ester. The resulting suspension was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated to give crude diester. Crude product was purified by column chromatography to give pure diester (68 mg, 86%); $R_f = 0.48$ (90:10, hexane/ethyl acetate); [^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.41–1.27 (s, 9 H, $\text{OC}[\text{CH}_3]_3$), 2.06–2.55 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CHCHCH}_2$), 2.90–3.02 (m, 2 H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CHCHCH}_2$), 3.67 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 5.60–5.71 (m, 2 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 25.6, 26.1, 27.9 (3 C), 39.9, 40.6, 51.4, 80.6, 124.9, 125.3, 172.1, 173.7.] Trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL) was added to a stirred solution of the diester (68 mg, 0.28 mmol) in dry dichloromethane (1 mL) at 0 °C. After 2 h at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give hemiester **22a** (50 mg, 96%); $[\alpha]_D^{26} = +8.6$ (*c* 1.28, EtOH); *lit.*⁷ $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +18$ (*c* 2.1, EtOH; 98% ee); ^1H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.32–2.64 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CHCHCH}_2$), 3.01–3.12 (m, 2 H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CHCHCH}_2$), 3.69 (s, 3 H, COOCH_3), 5.61–5.74 (m, 2 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$); ^{13}C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 25.6, 25.8, 39.5, 39.6, 51.8, 125.0, 125.1, 173.6, 179.3.

Preparation of *t*-butyl ester **23a** from the desymmetrisation product of anhydride **2a** with oxazolidin-2-one **1d** at 28 °C



Following the procedure described for the preparation of *t*-butyl ester **21a**, oxazolidinone **1d** (253 mg, 1 mmol) and anhydride **2a** (197 mg, 1.2 mmol) gave *t*-butyl ester **23a** (385 mg, 81 %); $R_f = 0.5$ (90:10, hexane/ethyl acetate) $^1\text{H NMR}$ (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.33-1.43 (m, 2 H, CHCH_2CH), 1.36 (s, 9 H, $\text{OC}[\text{CH}_3]_3$), 3.02 (bs, 1 H, CHCHCON), 3.12 (bs, 1 H, $\text{CHCHCOO}^t\text{Bu}$), 3.54 (dd, $J = 3.7, 9.6$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.72 (dd, $J = 2.9, 9.6$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOO^tBu), 4.26-4.39 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1 H, Ph_2CH), 5.27-5.36 (m, 1 H, CHN), 5.96 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$), 6.50 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$), 7.09-7.38 (m, 10 H, Ar); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (50 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 27.7 (3 C), 46.1, 46.8, 48.0, 49.0, 50.9, 51.4, 56.5, 65.1, 80.1, 126.6, 127.3, 128.2 (4 C), 128.5 (2 C), 129.0 (2 C), 131.7, 138.1, 138.4, 139.6, 153.8, 171.8, 172.6; Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{31}\text{NO}_5$ (473.56): C, 73.55; H, 6.60; N, 2.96. Found: C, 73.25; H, 6.56; N, 2.85.

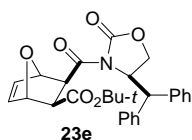
Preparation of hemiester **24a** from **23a**



Hydrogen peroxide (200 μL , 30% w/v) was added to a stirred and degassed solution of *t*-butyl ester **23a** (113 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (3.5 mL) and water (1.5 mL) at 0 °C. After few minutes lithium hydroxide (20 mg, 0.48 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to attain room temperature. After 24 h at room temperature the mixture was quenched with aq. sodium sulphite solution, acidified with aq. sodium bisulphate solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The solvent was evaporated and residue was treated with diazomethane to get diester. The compound was purified by column chromatography to give pure diester (40 mg, 67%); [$R_f = 0.56$ (90:10, hexane/ethyl acetate)]; $^1\text{H NMR}$ (200 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.25-1.49 (m, 2 H, CHCH_2CH), 1.39 (s, 9

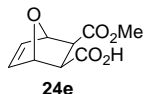
H, OC[CH₃]₃), 3.12 (bs, 2 H, CHCHCOO^tBu, CHCHCOOMe), 3.21 (dd, $J = 2.7, 10.0$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOO^tBu), 3.25 (dd, $J = 3.1, 10.0$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 3.60 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 6.16 (dd, $J = 3.0, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 6.35 (dd, $J = 3.0, 5.5$ Hz, 1 H, CH=CH); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.0 (3 C), 46.1, 46.7, 48.2, 48.6, 49.3, 51.2, 80.3, 134.1, 135.4, 171.4, 173.0.] Following the similar procedure described for preparation of hemi ester **22a**, this diester (48 mg, 0.19 mmol) gave **24a** (32 mg, 86%). [α]_D²² = -6.67 (c 1.5, CCl₄); *lit.*⁷ *ent-24a*, [α]_D²⁵ = +6.8 (c 1.5, CCl₄; 95% ee); ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.33 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1 H, CHCH_AH_BCH), 1.49 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1 H, CHCH_AH_BCH), 3.16 (bs, 1 H, CHCHCOOH), 3.19 (bs, 1 H, CHCHCOOMe), 3.27 (dd, $J = 3.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOH), 3.34 (dd, $J = 2.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOOMe), 3.59 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 6.21 (dd, $J = 2.8, 5.4$ Hz, 1 H, CH=CH), 6.32 (dd, $J = 2.9, 5.4$ Hz, 1 H, CH=CH); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 46.1, 46.5, 48.1, 48.3, 48.8, 51.4, 134.4, 135.5, 172.9 (2 C).

Preparation of *t*-butyl ester **23e** from the desymmetrisation product of anhydride **2e** with oxazolidin-2-one **1d** at 28 °C



Following the procedure described for the preparation of *tert*-butyl ester **21a**, oxazolidinone **1d** (177 mg, 0.7 mmol) and anhydride **2e** (139 mg, 0.84 mmol) gave *tert*-butyl ester **23e** (115 mg, 34%); $R_f = 0.24$ (80:20, hexane/ethyl acetate); IR (CHCl₃ film) 3027, 2978, 2925, 2853, 1779, 1726, 1391, 1368 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (s, 9 H, OC[CH₃]₃), 2.96 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1 H, CHCON), 3.27 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1 H, CHCOO^tBu), 4.30-4.44 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.69 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 1 H, Ph₂CH), 5.03 (bs, 1 H, CHCHCON), 5.12 (bs, 1 H, CHCHCOO^tBu), 5.36-5.45 (m, 1 H, NCH), 6.38-6.48 (m, 2 H, CH=CH), 7.14-7.35 (m, 10 H, Ar); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.8 (3 C), 46.5, 50.0, 52.1, 56.6, 65.6, 80.2, 81.3 (2 C), 126.9, 127.6, 128.4 (2 C), 128.5 (2 C), 128.8 (2 C), 129.1 (2 C), 136.5, 137.0, 138.4, 139.7, 154.1, 170.4, 171.6.

Preparation of hemiester **24e** from **23e**



Following the procedure described for the preparation of diester from *tert*-butyl ester **23a**, compound **23e** (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) gave the diester (35 mg, 66%); [*R*_f = 0.22 (80:20, hexane/ethyl acetate); ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.43 (s, 9 H, OC[CH₃]₃), 2.72 (s, 2 H, CHCOO^tBu, CHCOOMe), 3.69 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 5.21 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, CHCHCOO^tBu, CHCHCOOMe), 6.44-6.51 (m, 2 H, CH=CH); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.0 (3 C), 46.7, 47.9, 51.9, 80.3, 80.6, 81.3, 136.5, 136.7, 170.3, 172.0.] Following the similar procedure described for the preparation of hemiester **22a**, this diester (21 mg, 0.08 mmol) gave hemiester **24e** (14 mg, 87%); [*α*]_D²⁴ = 10.9 (*c* 0.64, MeOH); *lit.*⁷ for *ent*-**24e**, [*α*]_D²⁵ = -10.3 (*c* 1.5, MeOH; 92% ee)¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.82-2.91 (m, 2 H, CHCOOH, CHCOOMe), 3.71 (s, 3 H, COOCH₃), 5.27-5.32 (m, 2 H, CHCHCOOH, CHCHCOOMe), 6.44-6.51 (m, 2 H, CH=CH).

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