

Adsorption and structural properties of ordered mesoporous carbons synthesized by soft-templating in the presence of boric acid and tetraethyl orthosilicate

Nilantha Wickramaratne and Mietek Jaroniec*

Department of Chemistry, Kent State University, Kent, Ohio, 44242, USA

E-mail: jaroniec@kent.edu

Table S1. XPS elemental composition of the C-B-30-850 sample.

Atomic %	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Sample 4
C1s	91.5	92.9	91.7	92.0
O1s	7.0	5.9	6.5	6.6
B1s	1.5	1.2	1.8	1.5

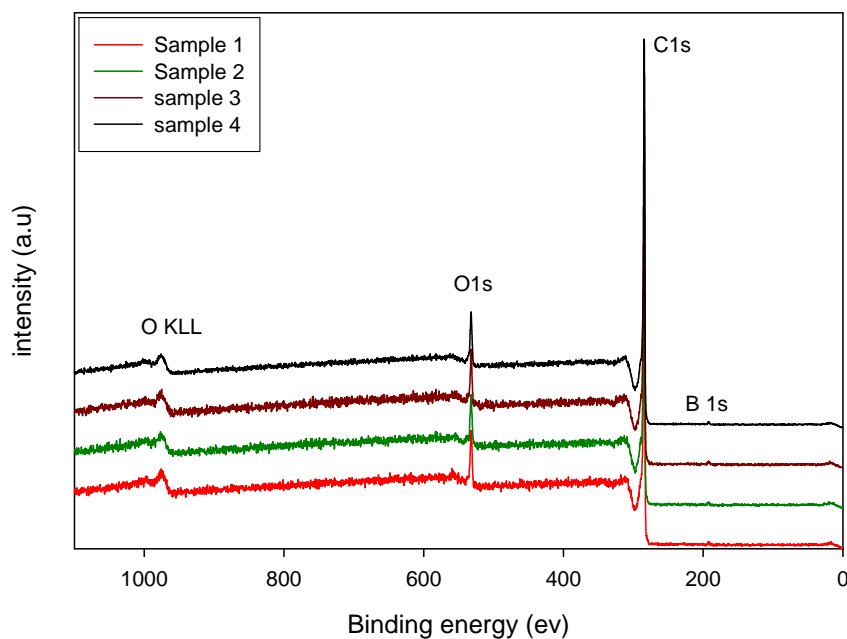


Figure S1. XPS spectra for different spots of the C-B-30-850 sample.

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for RSC Advances
© The Royal Society of Chemistry 2011

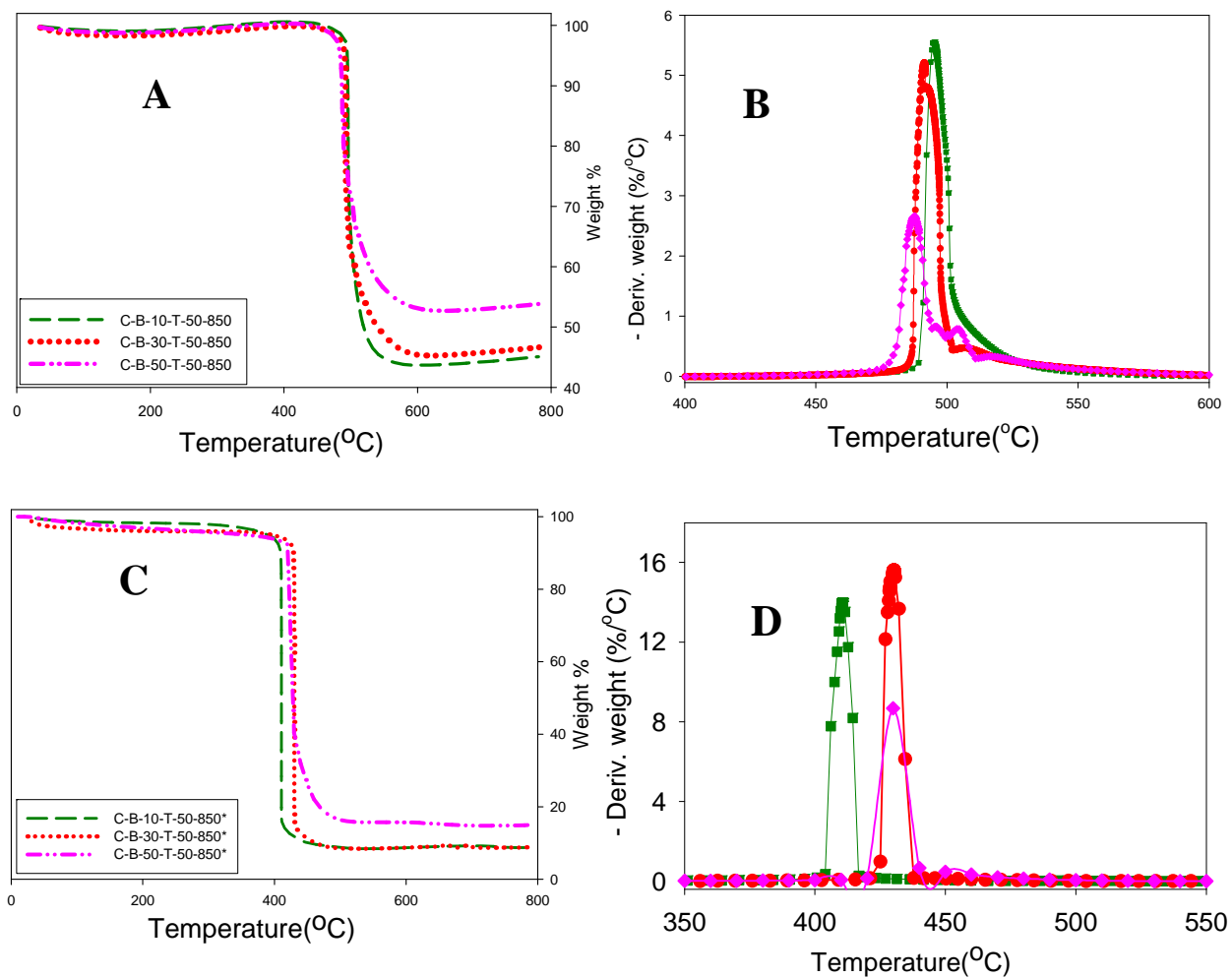


Figure S2. Weight change (TG) and differential (DTG) profiles of the B-containing mesoporous carbons prepared with and without TEOS addition before (A and B) and after (C and D) silica dissolution.

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for RSC Advances
© The Royal Society of Chemistry 2011

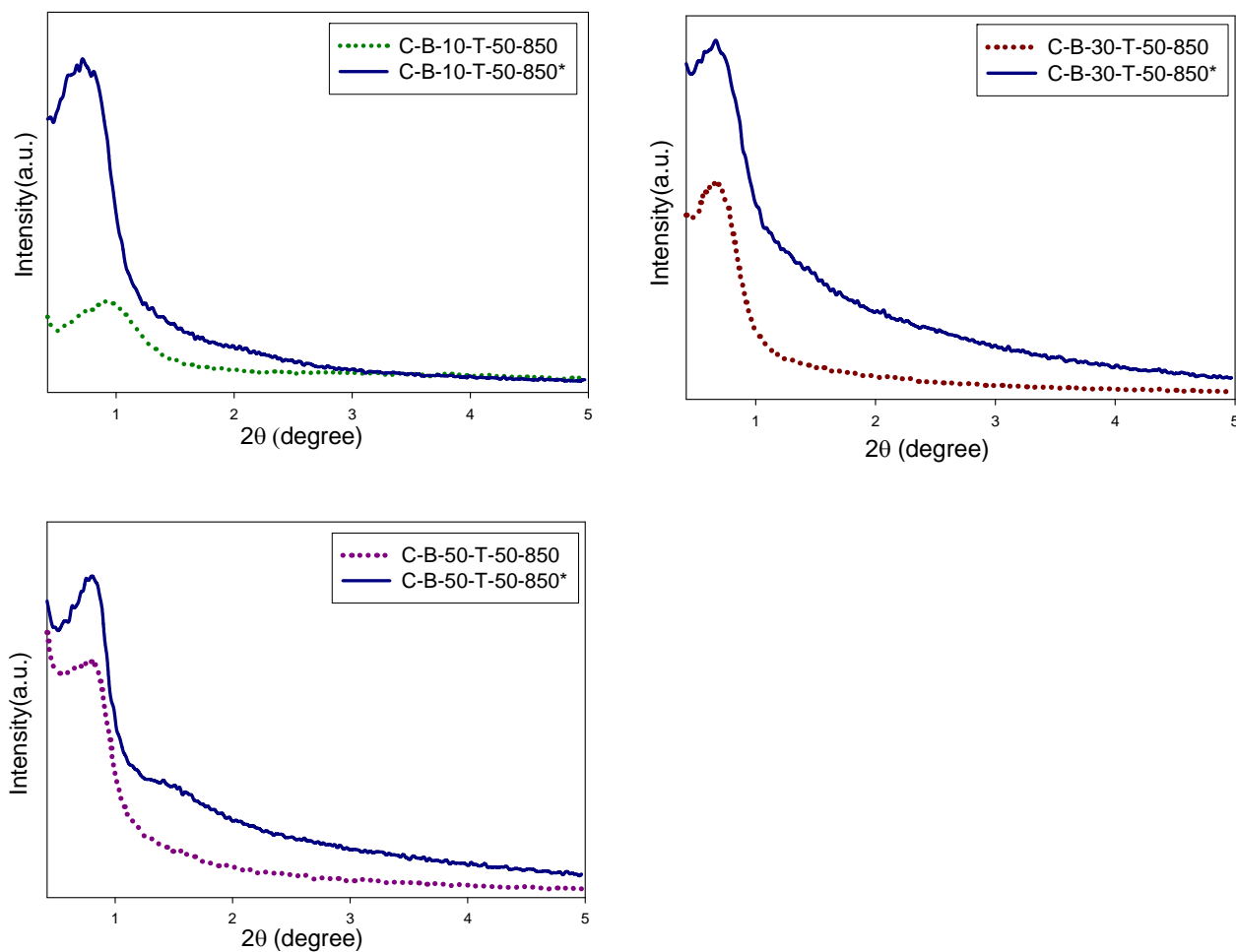


Figure S3. A comparison of the XRD patterns of the B-containing silica-carbon composites (prepared in the presence of TEOS) and the corresponding carbons (obtained from these composites by dissolution of silica; samples marked with *) for 10 (panel A), 30 (panel B) and 50% (panel C) boric acid in the synthesis mixture.