

Electronic Supplementary Information

Dansyl-containing boronate hydrogel films as fluorescent chemosensor of copper ions in water

Ryuhei Nishiyabu, Hiroyasu Kobayashi and Yuji Kubo

Department of Applied Chemistry, Graduate School of Urban Environmental Sciences,
Tokyo Metropolitan University, 1-1 Minami-ohsawa, Hachioji, Tokyo, 192-0397, Japan.
E-mail: yujik@tmu.ac.jp; Fax: +81-42-677-3134; Tel: +81-42-677-3134

1. Characterization of 3-[(*N*-dansylamino)ethylamino}ethylamino)methyl]phenylboronic acid (**1**)

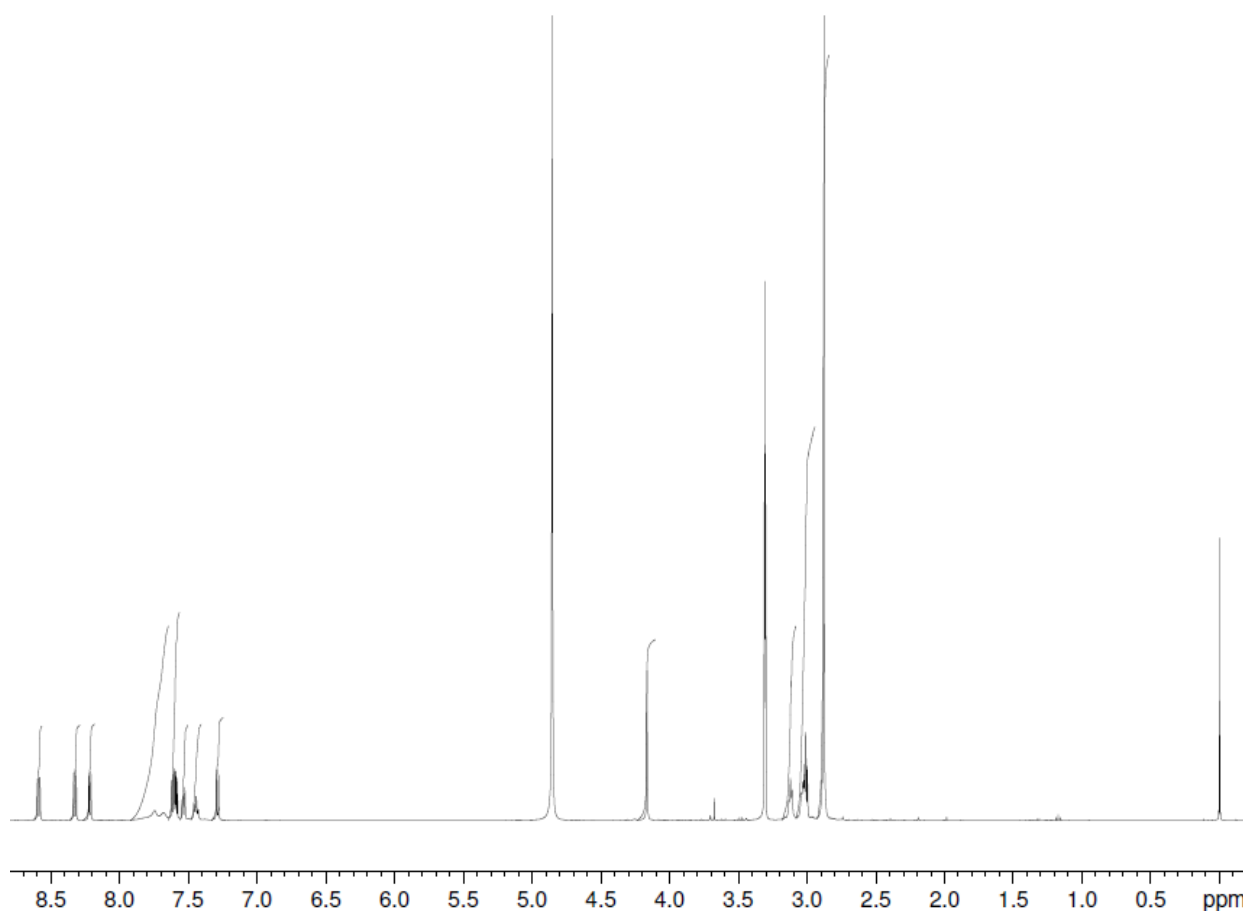
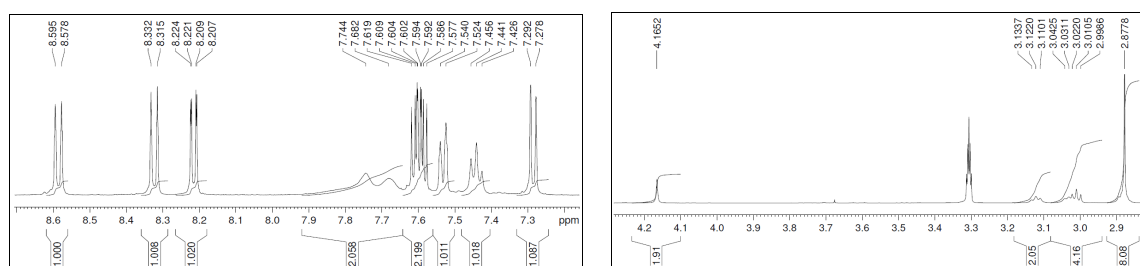


Fig. S1 ^1H NMR spectrum of **1** in CD_3OD at 25°C .

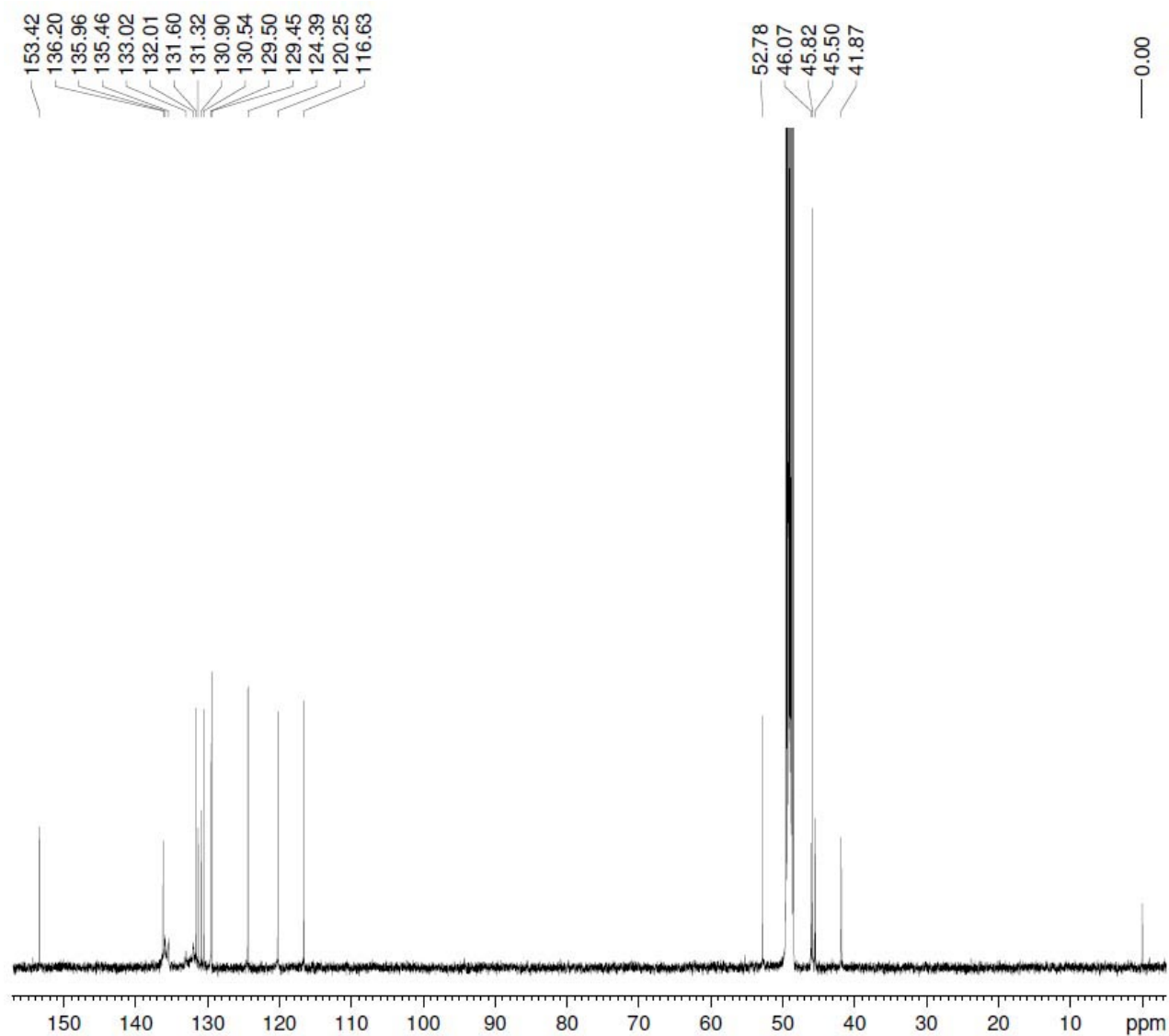


Fig. S2 ¹³C NMR spectrum of **1** in CD₃OD at 25°C.

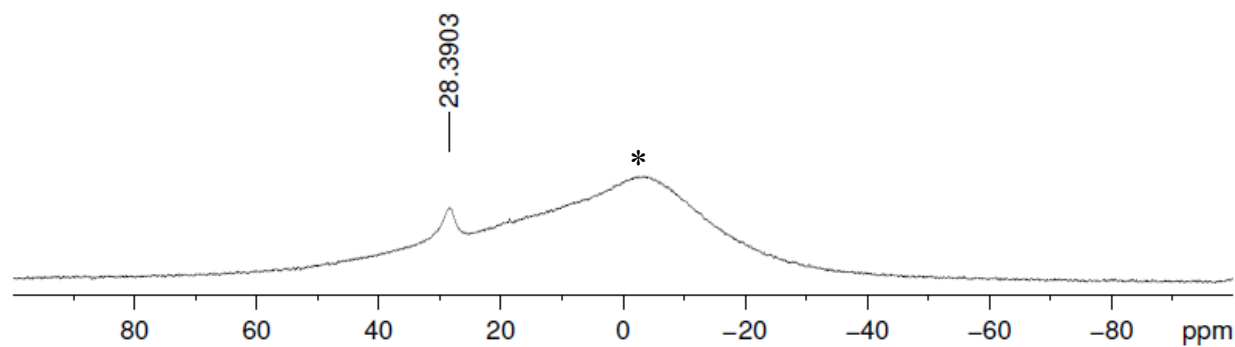


Fig. S3 ¹¹B NMR spectrum of **1** in CD₃OD at 25°C. A broad background peak (*) in the ¹¹B NMR spectrum is assigned to boron nitride used in the NMR probe.

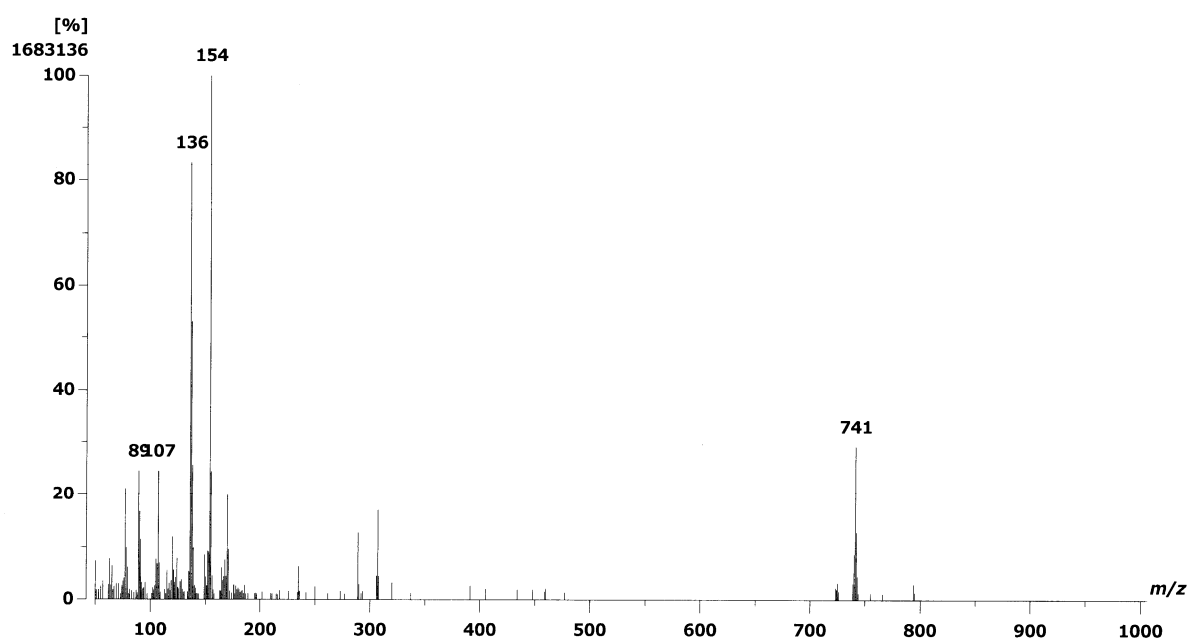


Fig. S4 FAB Mass spectrum of **1**. 3-Nitrobenzyl alcohol was used as a matrix.

2. Fabrication of dansyl-functionalized borax hydrogel

An aqueous solution (0.4 mL) of PVA (M.W. = 146,000 ~ 186,000, 8.0×10^{-1} M*) was added to an aqueous solution (0.1 mL) containing borax (0.47×10^{-1} M) and **1** (6.7×10^{-4} M) in a vial. The resultant mixture was vigorously mixed with a micro spatula to afford homogeneous gel. *The concentration was based on the monomer unit.

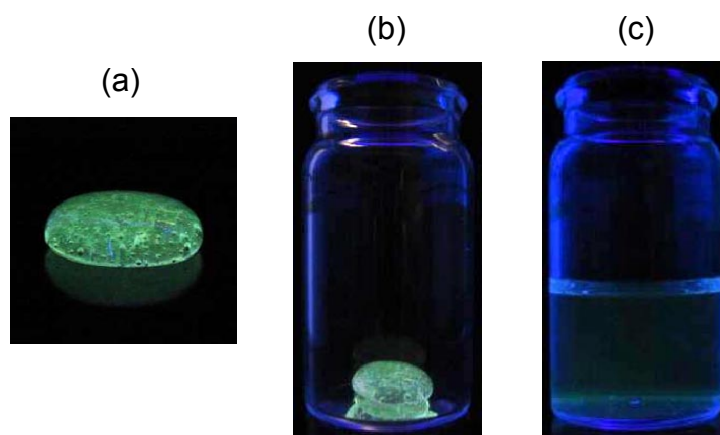


Fig. S5 (a) Photograph of a fluorescent borax hydrogel prepared from PVA, borax and **1**. The hydrogel was immersed in water (5 mL) at room temperature; (b) for 1 min; (c) for 90 min. The borax hydrogel was dissolved in water within 90 min.

3. pH stability test of DBA-PVA system



Fig. S6 The stability of boronate hydrogel ($\phi 8\text{ mm} \times 5\text{ mm}$) against pH. The boronate hydrogels were immersed in aqueous solutions (3 mL) of different pH values (from left to right: pH = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 11) for three months at room temperature.

4. Fabrication of dansyl-functionalized boronate gel film by using 1 and 2 in DMSO.

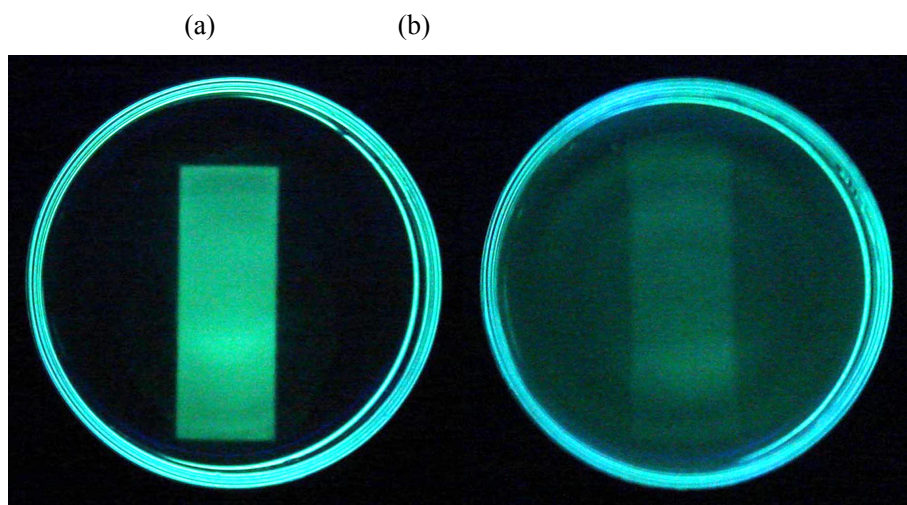
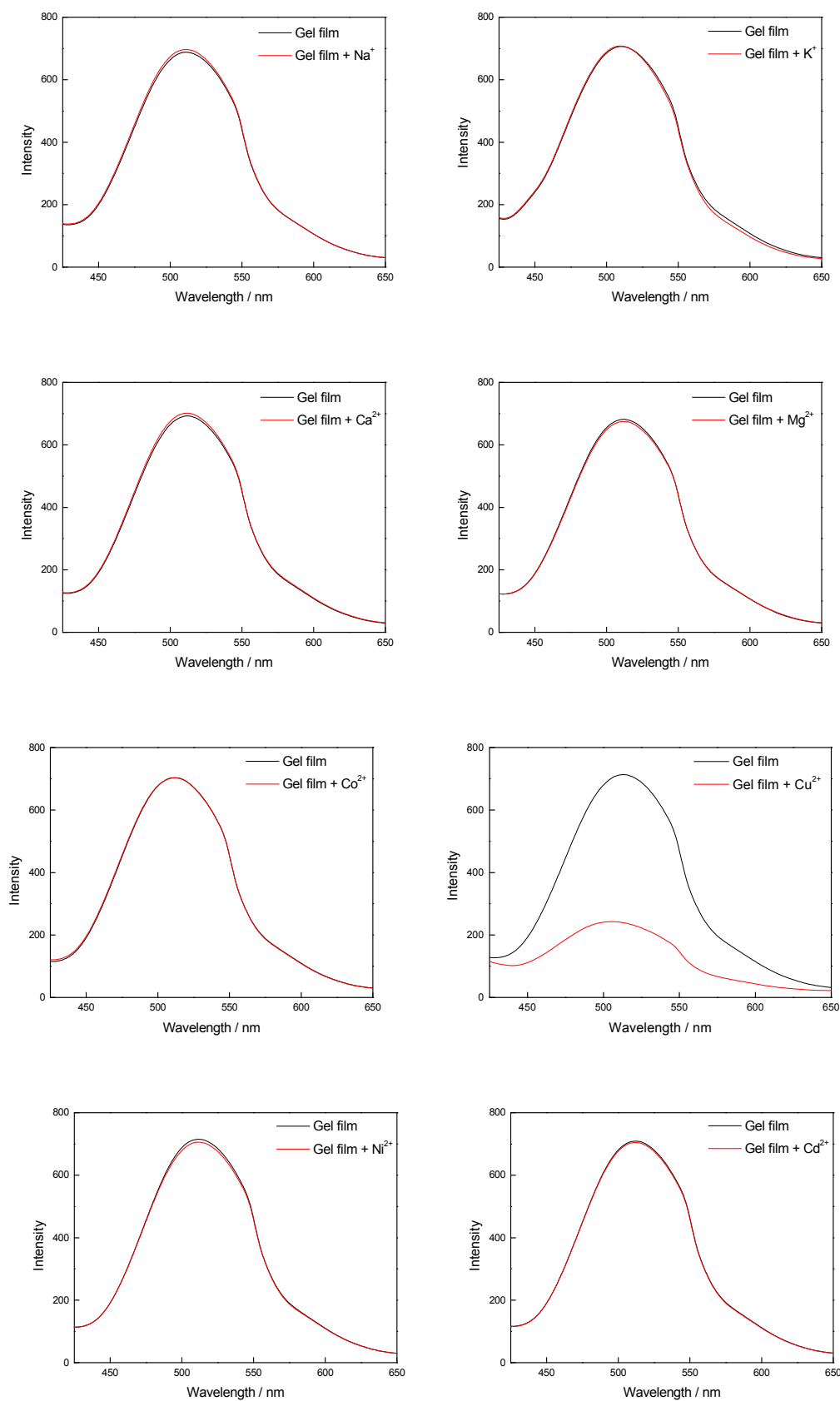


Fig. S7. The boronate gel films incorporating phenylboronic acid-free dansyldiethylenetriamine **2** under irradiation at 365 nm: (a) The gel film was immersed in DMSO (5 mL); (b) after shaking at 100 rpm for 30 min, the leakage of the fluorogenic material from the film was observed.

5. Fluorescent spectral change of dansyl-functionalized boronate gel film upon adding varied metal ions



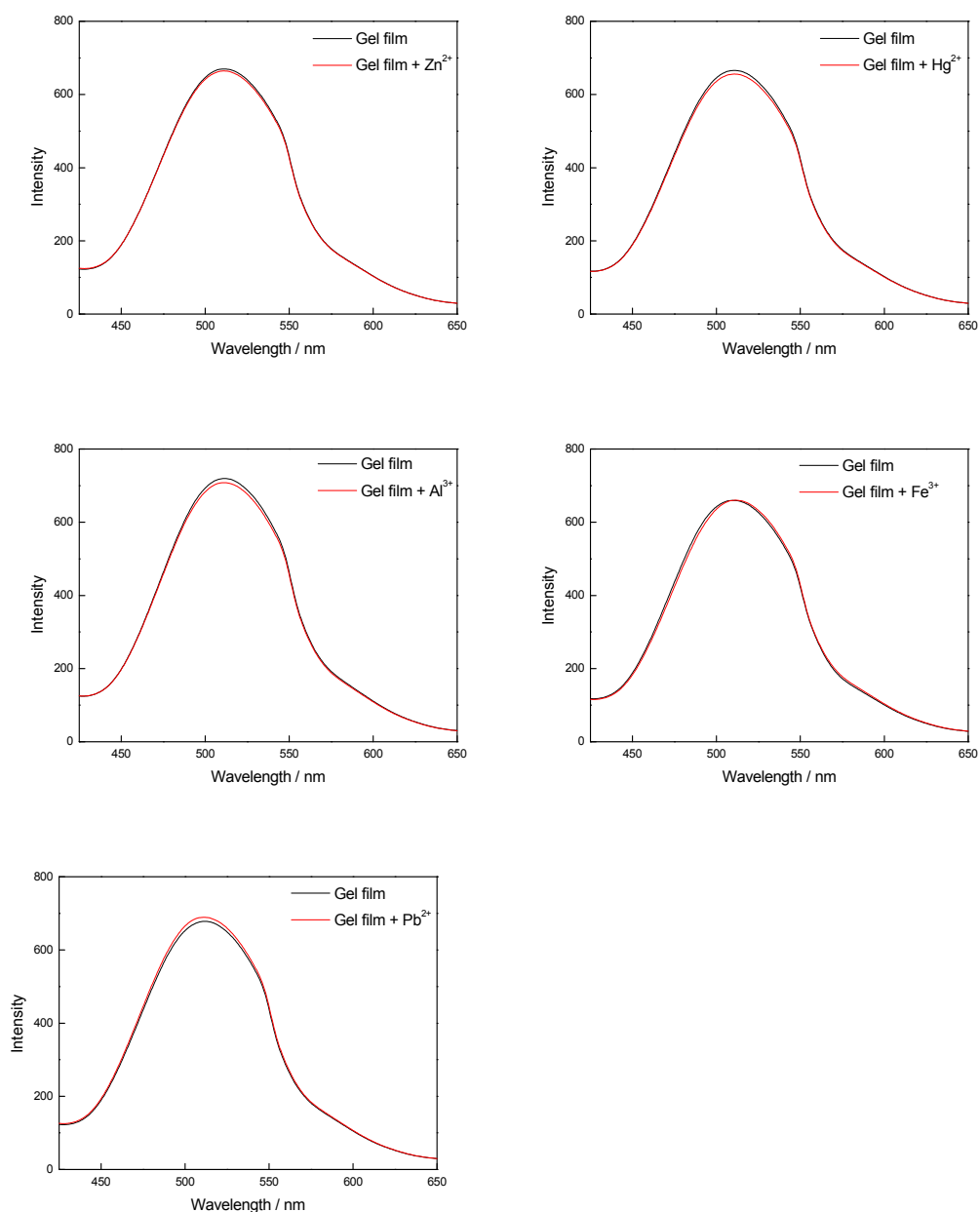
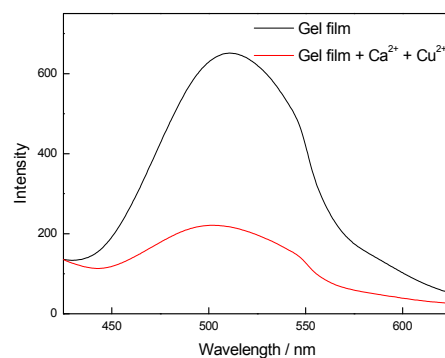
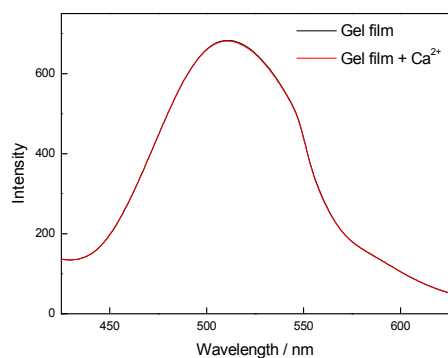
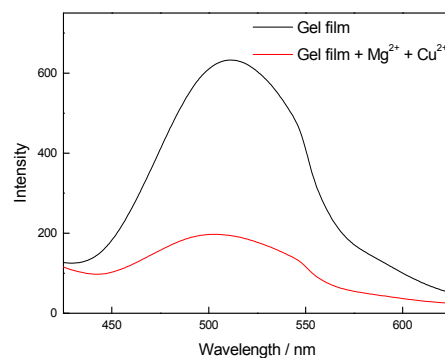
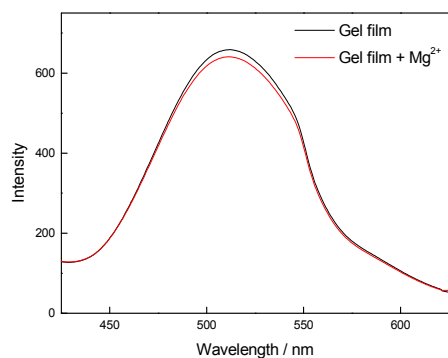
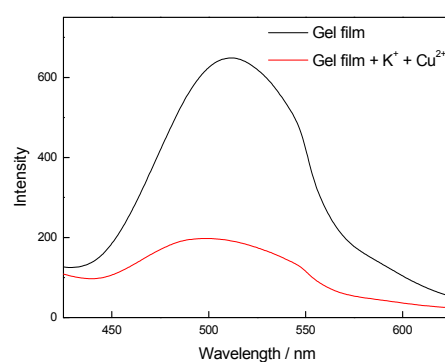
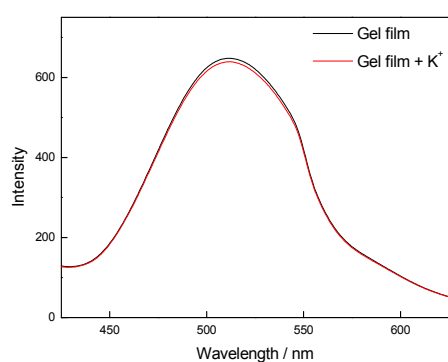
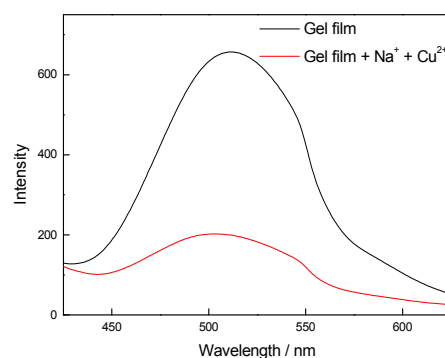
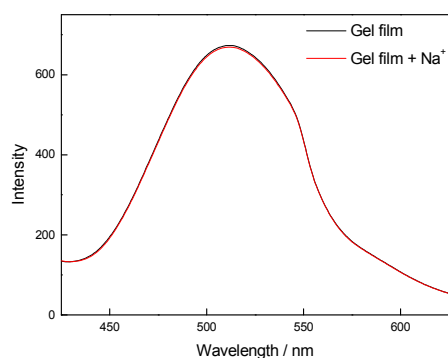
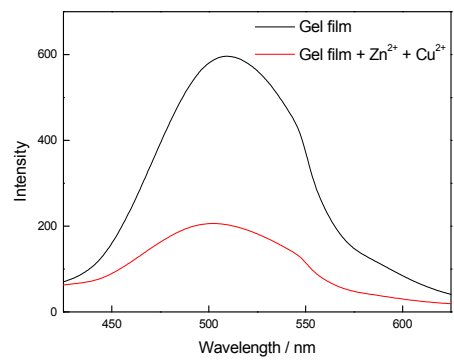
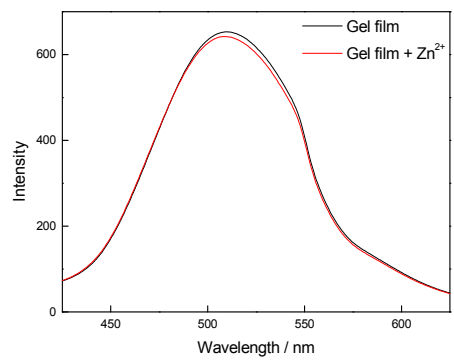
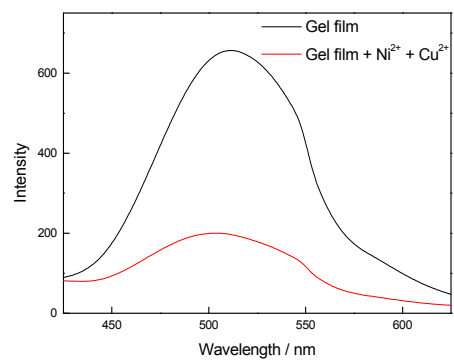
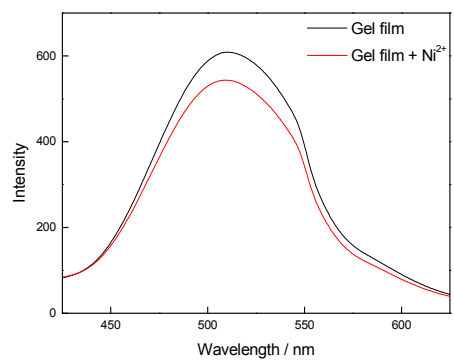
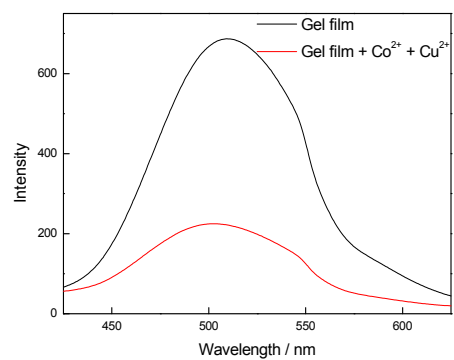
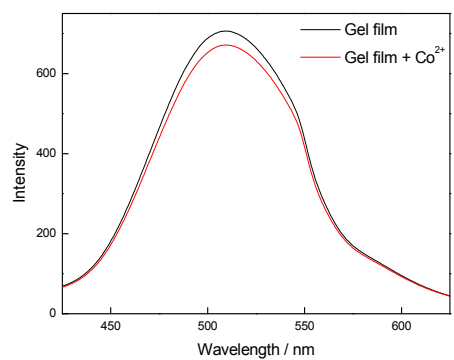
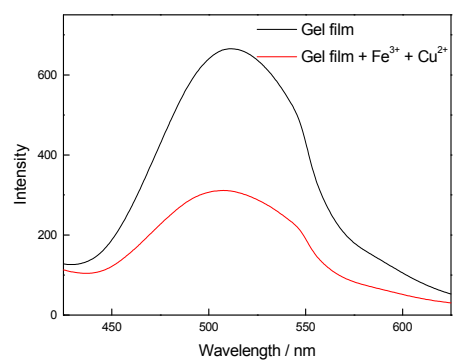
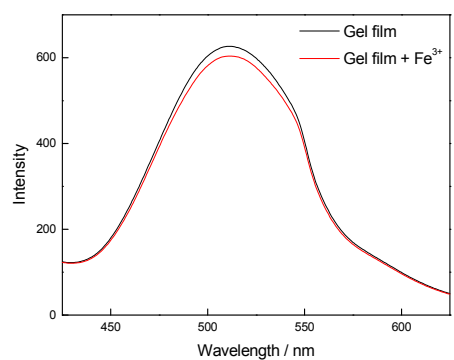


Fig. S8 Fluorescent spectra of dansyl-functionalized boronate gel films in 5 mM HEPES buffer solution (3 mL, pH = 7.0) containing Na^+ , K^+ , Mg^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Cd^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Hg^{2+} , Al^{3+} , Fe^{3+} , and Pb^{2+} (1.25×10^{-5} M). The gel films were immersed in the solution with shaking at 125 rpm for 30 min before the fluorescent measurements: $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 340$ nm.

6. Competitive effects of other metal ions to copper ion-induced fluorescent response of dansyl-functionalized boronate gel film





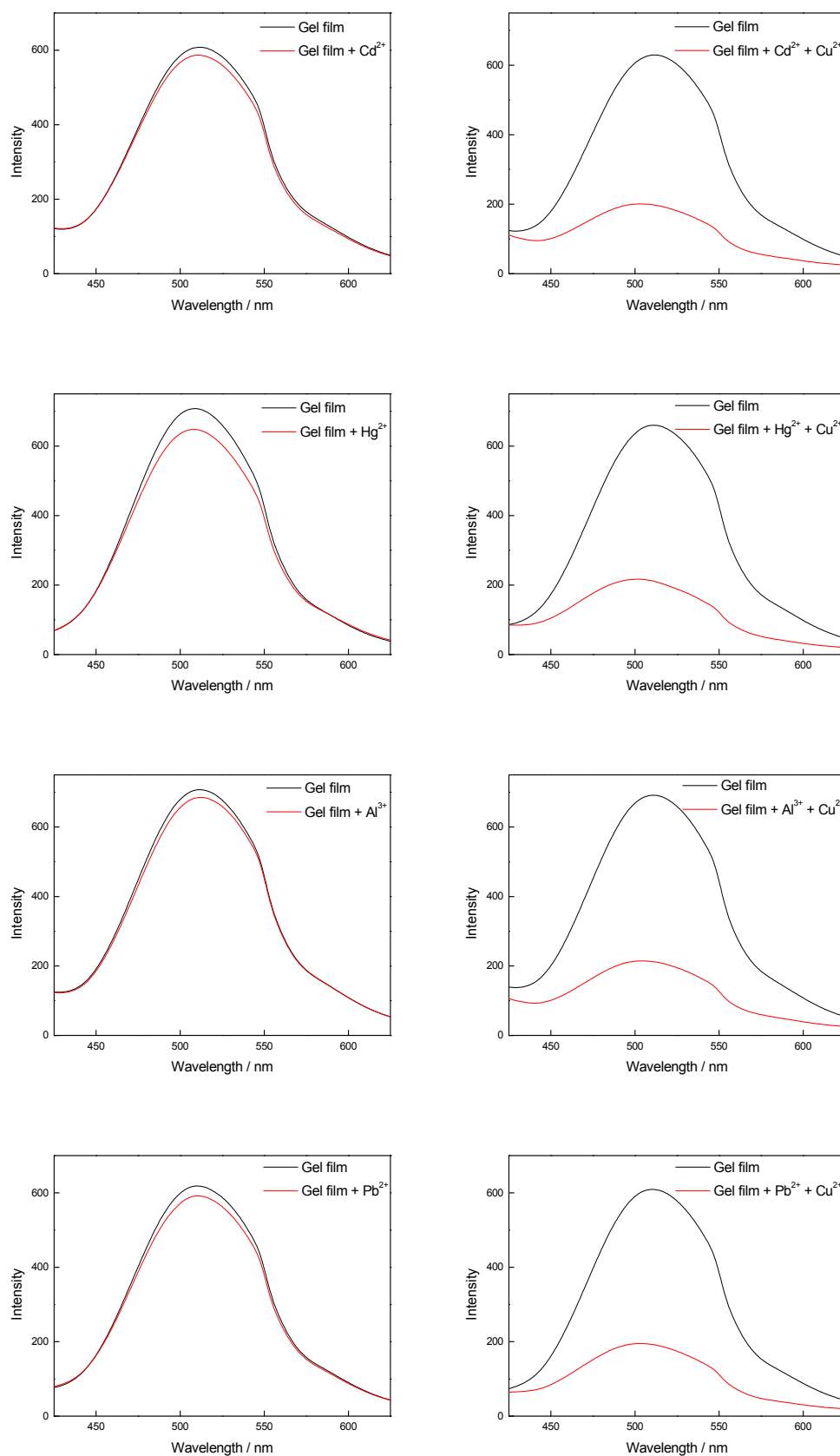


Fig. S9 Fluorescent spectral change of the films upon adding Na⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Fe³⁺, Co²⁺, Ni²⁺, Zn²⁺, Cd²⁺, Hg²⁺, Al³⁺, and Pb²⁺ ($[M^{n+}] = 1.25 \times 10^{-4}$ M, left), and the fluorescent response to Cu²⁺ ($[Cu^{2+}] = 1.25 \times 10^{-5}$ M) against the competitive metal ions. The gels were immersed in 5 mM HEPES buffer solution (3 mL, pH = 7.0) with shaking for 30 min at 125 rpm before the fluorescent measurements. Conditions: $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 340$ nm.