The application of "backdoor induction" in bioinspired asymmetric catalysis

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1. Synthesis, general procedures.

Peptide coupling. 4-(Diphenylphosphino)-benzoic acid, Boc-protected amino acid or peptide, TBTU, HOBt and DIPEA were added to DCM and stirred at room temperature. After 1 h, *N*-unprotected amino acid or peptide was added to the reaction mixture and stirring was continued overnight (approximately 15 h). The reaction mixture was then washed with NaHCO₃ (sat., aq.), citric acid (10 %, aq.) and NaCl (sat., aq.), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, evaporated in vacuum and purified by automated flash chromatography on a prepacked silica column.

Boc-protecting group removal. The corresponding Boc-protected peptide was dissolved in DCM/trifluoroacetic acid (1:1, 10 mL) and stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The volatile were evaporated under reduced pressure and the viscous residue was dissolved in 15 mL of DCM. The residual trifluoroacetic acid was neutralized with excess of DIPEA (0.5 mL). This solution was used for further coupling.

2. Synthesis of ligands 5a / 6a and 5b / 6b.



Solution phase synthesis of Lig-Aa₁-Z 5a and 6a. Reaction conditions: (a) TBTU / HOBt, DIPEA, DCM.



Synthesis of Lig-Gly-Phe-Z 5b and **6b**. Reaction conditions: (a) TBTU / HOBt, DIPEA, DCM; (b) TFA / DCM (1:1) (c) Ph₂P-pC₆H₄-CO₂H / TBTU / HOBt, DIPEA, DCM.

3. Synthesis of precursors 7-10.

Boc-Gly-Phe-OMe, **7b**. Boc-Gly-OH (876.0 mg, 5.00 mmol), HOBt (676.9 mg, 5.01 mmol), TBTU (1601.6 mg, 4.99 mmol), DIPEA (1.100 mL, 6.66 mmol), H-Phe-OMe × HCl (1089.2 mg, 5.05 mmol), DCM (100 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.38$, EtOAc/Hexane = 1/1). Yield: 902.9 mg (54 %). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.44 (s, 9H), 3.11 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 3.15 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.72 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 3.83 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 4$ Hz), 4.87–4.90 (m, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 7 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.30 (3H).

Boc-Ala-Gly-OMe, **7c**. Boc-Ala-OH (570.1 mg, 3.01 mmol), HOBt (407.0 mg, 3.01 mmol), TBTU (954.6 mg, 2.97 mmol), DIPEA (2.000 mL, 12.10 mmol), H-Gly-OMe × HCl (383.0 mg, 3.05 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient

(TLC: $R_f = 0.17$, EtOAc/Hexane = 1/1). Yield: 391.0 mg (50 %), ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.38 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.98–4.13 (m, 2H), 4.17–4.26 (m, 1H), 4.97 (ws, 1H), 6.67 (ws, 1H).

Boc-Val-Gly-OMe, **7d**. Boc-Val-OH (394.5 mg, 1.81 mmol), HOBt (246.1 mg, 1.82 mmol), TBTU (582.6 mg, 1.81 mmol), DIPEA (1.144 mL, 6.92 mmol), H-Gly-OMe × HCl (234.6 mg, 1.87 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.3$, EtOAc/Hexane = 2/8). Yield: 430.48 mg (82 %), ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.95 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.00 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.45 (s, 9H) 2.13–2.28 (m, 1H), 3.99–4.15 (m, 3H), 5.08 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz), 6.58 (t, 1H, J = 5 Hz).

Boc-Leu-Gly-OMe, **7e**. Boc-Leu-OH (657.4 mg, 2.84 mmol), HOBt (359.5 mg, 2.66 mmol), TBTU (851.3 mg, 2.65 mmol), DIPEA (2.000 mL, 12.10 mmol), H-Gly-OMe × HCl (335.7 mg, 2.67 mmol), DCM (100 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.43$, EtOAc/Hexane = 1/1). Yield: 600 mg (74 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.94 (d, 3H, J = 6 Hz), 0.95 (d, 3H, J = 6 Hz), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.49–1.55 (m, 1H), 1.66–1.76 (m, 2H), 4.05 (d, 2H, J = 5 Hz) 4.13–4.19 (m, 1H), 4.86 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 6.62 (t, 1H, J = 6 Hz).

Boc-Pro-Gly-OMe, **7f**. Boc-Pro-OH (379.6 mg, 1.76 mmol), HOBt (246.6 mg, 1.84 mmol), TBTU (557.0 mg, 1.74 mmol), DIPEA (1.200 mL, 7.26 mmol), H-Gly-OMe × HCl (229.4 mg, 1.84 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.18$, EtOAc/Hexane = 1/1). Yield: 469.9 mg (93 %). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.85–2.34 (m, 4H), 3.39–3.46 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.96–4.14 (m, 2H), 4.32 (ws, 1H), 6.53, 7.29 (ws, two weak signals, 1H).

Boc-Phe-Phe-OEt, **7g**. Boc-Phe-OH (303.9 mg, 1.15 mmol), HOBt (164.8 mg, 1.22 mmol), TBTU (366.6 mg, 1.14 mmol), DIPEA (0.750 mL, 4.54 mmol), H-Phe-OEt × HCl (558.9 mg, 0.99 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.2$, EtOAc/Hexane = 2/8). Yield: 358.7 mg (71 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.20 (t, 3H, J = 7. Hz), 1.40 (s, 9H), 3.02–3.05 (m, 4H), 4.06–4.17 (m, 2H), 4.29–4.36 (m, 1H), 4.72–4.78 (m, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 6.26 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 6.99–7.01 (m, 2H), 7.18–7.31 (m, 8H).

Boc-Val-Phe-OEt, **7h**. Boc-Val-OH (570.8 mg, 2.63 mmol), HOBt (351.0 mg, 2.60 mmol), TBTU (895.1 mg, 2.79 mmol), DIPEA (2.000 mL, 11.637 mmol), H-Phe-OMe × HCl (615.0 mg, 2.68 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), DCM/EtOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.6$, DCM/EtOH = 95/5). Yield: 575.8 mg (56 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.87 (d, 3H, J = 6.5 Hz), 0.92 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.22 (t, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.44 (s, 9H), 2.03–2.14 (m, 1H), 3.12 (d, 2H, J = 6 Hz), 3.89 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.5$ Hz), 4.15 (q, 2H, J = 7 Hz), 4.85 (dt, 1H, $J_1 = 8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 5.00 (d, 1H, J = 6.5 Hz), 6.27 (d, 1H, J = 6 Hz), 7.11–7.14 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.31 (m, 3H).

Boc-Pro-Phe-OMe, **7j**. Boc-Pro-OH (644.5 mg, 2.99 mmol), HOBt (402.01 mg, 2.98 mmol), TBTU (1009.0 mg, 3.14 mmol), DIPEA (2.000 mL, 11.637 mmol), H-Phe-OMe × HCl (661.1 mg, 3.07 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.4$, EtOAc/Hexane = 1/1). Yield: 941.7 mg (84 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /pm: 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.79 (ws, 2H), 1.99 (ws, 1H), 2.26 (ws, 1H), 3.01 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 7$ Hz), 3.19 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz), 3.26–3.38 (m, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.24 (ws, 1H), 4.87 (ws, 1H), 6.45 (ws, 1H), 7.10 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz), 7.20–7.30 (m, 3H).

Boc-Gly-Phe-NH₂, **8b**. Boc-Gly-OH (326.9 mg, 1.86 mmol), HOBt (246.5 mg, 1.82 mmol), TBTU (587.2 mg, 1.83 mmol), DIPEA (0.455 mL, 2.75 mmol), H-Phe-NH₂ (205.03 mg, 1.25 mmol), DCM (50 mL). The crude product was used for the next synthetic step without chromatographic purification (due to gelation). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ /ppm: 1.37 (s, 9H), 2.79 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 9$ Hz), 3.00 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.5$ Hz), 3.41 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 3.56 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 4.45 (ddd, 1H, $J_1 = J_2 = 8.5$ Hz, $J_3 = 4.5$ Hz), 6.93 (t, 1H, J = 6 Hz), 7.11 (s, 1H), 7.15–7.28 (m, 5H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz).

Boc-Val-Gly-NH₂, **8d**. Boc-Val-OH (397 mg, 1.82 mmol), HOBt (240.9 mg, 1.78 mmol), TBTU (571.9 mg, 1.78 mmol), DIPEA (1.200 mL, 7.26 mmol), H-Gly-NH₂ × HCl (204.4 mg, 1.85 mmol), DCM (50 mL). The crude product was not extracted (since it is soluble in water). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.4$, DCM/MeOH = 9/1). Yield: 370 mg (72 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.98 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.02 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.47 (s, 9H), 2.13–2.24 (m, 1H), 3.84 (pseudo-t, 1H), 3.94 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz), 4.03 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 5.00 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 5.44 (s, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H).

Boc-Phe-NH₂, **8g**. Boc-Phe-OH (321.08 mg, 1.21 mmol), HOBt (163.5 mg, 1.21 mmol), TBTU (388.1 mg, 1.21 mmol), DIPEA (0.795 mL, 4.81 mmol), H-Phe-NH₂ (205.03 mg, 1.25 mmol), DCM (50 mL). The crude product was used for the next synthetic step without chromatographic purification (due to gelation). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ /pm: 1.29 (s, 9H), 2.66 (dd, 1H, J_1 = 13.5 Hz, J_2 = 10.5 Hz), 2.83–2.87 (m, 2H), 3.02 (dd, 1H, J_1 = 13.5 Hz, J_2 = 5 Hz), 4.08–4.11 (m, 1H), 4.45–4.48 (m, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.07 (s, 1H), 7.16–7,27 (m, 5H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz).

Boc-Val-Phe-NH₂, **8h**. Boc-Val-OH (458.4 mg, 2.10 mmol), HOBt (289.3 mg, 2.14 mmol), TBTU (675.14 mg, 2.10 mmol), DIPEA (1.400 mL, 8.83 mmol), H-Phe-NH₂ (362.2 mg, 2.21 mmol), DCM (50 mL). The crude product was used for the next synthetic step without chromatographic purification (due to gelation). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.80 (d, 3H, *J* = 6 Hz), 0.9 (d, 3H, *J* = 7 Hz), 1.39 (s, 9H), 2.11–2.16 (m, 1H), 3.09 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 14 Hz, *J*₂ = 7 Hz), 3.18 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 14 Hz, *J*₂ = 6 Hz), 3.85 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 6 Hz, *J*₂ = 5 Hz), 4.73 (pseudo-q, 1H, *J* = 7 Hz), 4.81 (d, 1H, *J* = 6 Hz), 5.33 (s, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 7.22–7.25 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.31 (m, 2H).

Boc-Pro-Phe-NH₂, 8j. Boc-Pro-OH (475.6 mg, 2.21 mmol), HOBt (312.08 mg, 2.31 mmol), TBTU (713.3 mg, 2.22 mmol), DIPEA (1.460 mL, 8.47 mmol), H-Phe-NH₂ (348.8 mg, 2.12 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.35$, DCM/MeOH = 9.5/0.5). Yield: 761.5 mg (95 %). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.35 (s, 9H), 1.67 (s, 1H), 1.84 (s, 1H), 2.01 (s, 1H), 2.06–2.12 (m, 1H), 3.09 (s, 1H), 3.27–3.33 (m, 3H), 4.18 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 8$ Hz, $J_2 = 3$ Hz), 4.75 (s, 1H), 5.31 (s, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 7.18–7.32 (m, 5H).

Boc-Gly-Ala-Gly-OMe, **9c**. Boc-Gly-OH (193.5 mg, 1.11 mmol), HOBt (206.0 mg, 1.52 mmol), TBTU (478.2 mg, 1.49 mmol), DIPEA (1.000 mL, 6.05 mmol), **H-Ala-Gly-OMe** (1.50 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.16$, EtOAc/Hexane = 9/1). Yield: 98.4 mg (28 %). ^TH NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.42 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 3.75 (s, 1H), 3.81 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (dd, $J_1 = 18$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, $J_1 = 18$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H).

Boc-Gly-Val-Gly-OMe, **9d**. Boc-Gly-OH (367.3 mg, 2.10 mmol), HOBt (283.6 mg, 2.10 mmol), TBTU (670.0 mg, 2.09 mmol), DIPEA (0.520 mL, 3.15 mmol), **H-Val-Gly-OMe** (2.09 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), EtOAc/Hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.36$, EtOAc/Hexane = 9/1). Yield: 611.6 mg (85 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.95 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 0.98 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.45 (s, 9H), 2.21–2.25 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.79 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 5$ Hz), 3.85 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 4.03 (d, 2H, J = 5 Hz), 4.35 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 8.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 5.20 (ws, 1H), 6.69 (dd, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.69 (ws, 1H).

Boc-Gly-Leu-Gly-OMe, **9e**. Boc-Gly-OH (174.5 mg, 1.00 mmol), HOBt (186.2 mg, 1.38 mmol), TBTU (427.6 mg, 1.33 mmol), DIPEA (1.000 mL, 6.05 mmol), **H-Leu-Gly-OMe** (1.35 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.22$, EtOAc/Hex = 9/1). Yield: 189.4 mg (53 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /pm: 0.93 (d, 3H, J = 6 Hz), 0.94 (d, 3H, J = 6 Hz), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.52–1.78 (m, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.73–3.88 (m, 2H), 3.93–4.09 (m, 2H), 4.49–4.57 (m, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 6.58 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz), 6.83 (s, 1H).

Boc-Gly-Pro-Gly-OMe, 9f. Boc-Gly-OH (204.4 mg, 1.17 mmol), HOBt (154.8 mg, 1.16

mmol), TBTU (362.0 mg, 1.13 mmol), DIPEA (0.280 mL, 1.69 mmol), **H-Pro-Gly-OMe** (1.13 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), EtOAc/EtOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.36$, EtOAc/MeOH = 9/1). Yield: 265.2 mg (66 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.83–2.20 (m, 3H) ,2.39–2.46 (m, 1H), 3.37–3.45 (m, 1H), 3.52–3.59 (m, 1H), 3.94–4.02 (m, 4H), 4.64 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 8$ Hz, $J_2 = 2$ Hz), 5.31 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H).

Boc-Gly-Phe-Phe-OEt, **9g**. Boc-Gly-OH (80.2 mg, 0.46 mmol), HOBt (60.7 mg, 0.45 mmol), TBTU (142.5 mg, 0.44 mmol), DIPEA (0.300 mL, 3.97 mmol), **H-Phe-Phe-OEt** (0.86 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), EtOAc/hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.3$, EtOAc/hexane = 9/1). Yield: 276.6 mg (74 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.21 (t, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.45 (s, 9H), 2.95–3.11 (m, 4H), 3.69 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 3.77 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 4.08–4.18 (m, 2H), 4.59–4.76 (m, 2H), 4.98 (ws), 6.23 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 6.55 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz), 7.00–7.03 (m, 2H), 7.17–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.22–7.30 (m, 6H).

Boc-Gly-Val-Phe-OEt, **9h**. Boc-Gly-OH (203.3 mg, 1.16 mmol), HOBt (152.5 mg, 1.13 mmol), TBTU (351.2 mg, 1.11 mmol), DIPEA (0.800 mL, 4.66 mmol), **H-Val-Phe-OEt** (1.12 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), DCM/EtOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.45$, DCM/EtOH = 10/0.5). Yield: 232.1 mg (44 %), ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.88 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 0.92 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.24 (t, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.46 (s, 9H), 2.03–2.14 (m, 1H), 3.08 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 3.14 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz), 3.73 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz), 3.83 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz), 4.17 (q, 2H, J = 7 Hz), 4.24 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 8.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.5$ Hz), 4.84 (ddd, 1H, $J_1 = 7.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 6$ Hz, $J_3 = 5.5$ Hz), 5.09 (ws, 1H), 6.28 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 6.58 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.11–7.14 (m, 2H), 7.24–7.32 (m, 3H).

Boc-Gly-Pro-Phe-OMe, 9**j**. Boc-Gly-OH (164.8 mg, 0.94 mmol), HOBt (138.1 mg, 1.02 mmol), TBTU (307.2 mg, 0.96 mmol), DIPEA (0.650 mL, 3.93 mmol), **H-Pro-Phe-OMe** (0.86 mmol), DCM (50 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), EtOAc/hexane gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.3$, EtOAc/hexane = 9/1). Yield: 276.6 mg (74 %), ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.72–1.82 (m, 1H), 1.88–1.98 (m, 2H), 2.33–2.40 (m, 1H), 2.97 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 8$ Hz), 3.21 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz), 3.25–3.30 (m, 2H), 3.72 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 4$ Hz), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.90 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 17.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.5$ Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 4.84 (ddd, 1H, $J_1 = J_2 = 8$ Hz, $J_3 = 5.5$ Hz), 5.37 (s, 1H), 7.09–7.12 (m, 2H), 7.22–7.32 (m, 3H).

Boc-Gly-Val-Gly-NH₂, **10d**. Boc-Gly-OH (197.4 mg, 1.13 mmol), HOBt (149.4 mg, 1.11 mmol), TBTU (352.6 mg, 1.10 mmol), DIPEA (0.270 mL, 1.66 mmol), **H-Val-Gly-NH**₂ (1.10 mmol), DCM (40 mL). The crude product was not extracted (since it is soluble in water). *Chromatography*: silica (24 g), DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.2$, DCM/MeOH = 9/1). Yield: 206 mg (55 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 0.94 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 0.96 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.38 (s, 9H), 2.15–2.25 (m, 1H), 3.78–3.93 (m, 4H), 4.21 (pseudo-t, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 5.85 (s, 1H), 6.07 (s, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H (under solvent peak)), 7.83 (s, 1H).

Boc-Gly-Phe-Phe-NH₂, 10g. Boc-Gly-OH (88.5 mg, 0.51 mmol), HOBt (75.2 mg, 0.56 mmol), TBTU (157.1 mg, 0.49 mmol), DIPEA (0.125 mL, 0.76 mmol), **H-Phe-Phe-NH₂** (0.50 mmol), DCM (40 mL). The crude product was used for the next synthetic step without chromatographic purification (due to gelation). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ /ppm: 1.37 (s, 9H), 2.74 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 9$ Hz), 2.83 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 9$ Hz), 2.94 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5$ Hz), 3.02 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5$ Hz), 4.41–4.44 (m, 1H), 4.46–4.49 (m, 1H), 6.87 (t, 1H, J = 5.5 Hz), 7.05 (s, 1H), 7.15–7,27 (m, 11H), 7.85 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz).

Boc-Gly-Val-Phe-NH₂, **10h**. Boc-Gly-OH (165.4 mg, 0.94 mmol), HOBt (132.3 mg, 0.98 mmol), TBTU (301.4 mg, 0.94 mmol), DIPEA (0.235 mL, 1.42 mmol), **H-Val-Phe-NH**₂ (0.99 mmol), DCM (40 mL). The crude product was used for the next synthetic step without chromatographic purification (due to gelation). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ /pm: 0.71 (d, 3H, *J* = 7 Hz), 0.76 (d, 3H, *J* = 7 Hz), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.87–1.98 (m, 1H), 2.80 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 14 Hz, *J*₂ = 9.5 Hz), 3.18 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 14 Hz, *J*₂ = 5 Hz), 3.48–3.63 (m, 2H), 4.10–4.14

(m, 1H), 4.40–4.47 (m, 1H), 7.04–7.07 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.28 (m, 6H), 7.59 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 7.97 (d, 1H, *J* = 8 Hz).

Boc- β **Ala-Val-Phe-NH**₂, **10***i*. Boc- β **Ala-**OH (99.3 mg, 0.53 mmol), HOBt (70.1 mg, 0.52 mmol), TBTU (161.4 mg, 0.52 mmol), DIPEA (0.125 mL, 0.76 mmol), H-Val-Phe-NH₂ (0.54 mmol), DCM (40 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), DCM/MeOH gradient. Yield: 140 mg (62 %). ¹H NMR (600.13 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ /pm: 0.737 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 0.741 (d, 3H, J = 7 Hz), 1.37 (s, 9H), 1.83–1.94 (m, 1H), 2.25–2.36 (m, 2H), 2.80 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 9.5$ Hz), 3.01 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 5$ Hz), 3.07–3.14 (m, 2H), 4.02–4.07 (m, 1H), 4.41–4.49 (m, 1H), 4.70 (t, 1H, J = 5 Hz), 7.05 (s, 1H), 7.14–7.27 (m, 5H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz).

Boc-Gly-Pro-Phe-NH₂, 10j. Boc-Gly-OH (137.5 mg, 0.79 mmol), HOBt (100.8 mg, 0.75 mmol), TBTU (239.3 mg, 0.75 mmol), DIPEA (0.185 mL, 1.12 mmol), **H-Pro-Phe-NH₂** (0.75 mmol), DCM (40 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.4$, DCM/MeOH = 9/1). Yield: 182.4 mg (58 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /pm: 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.60–1.69 (m, 1H), 1.87–1.95 (m, 2H), 2.03–2.09 (m, 1H), 3.03 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 14$ Hz, $J_2 = 10$ Hz), 3.31–3.37 (m, 2H), 3.42–3.44 (m, 1H), 3.71 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 5$ Hz), 3.81 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 16.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 3.5$ Hz), 4.46 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 8$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.5$ Hz), 4.66–4.70 (m, 1H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 5.37 (s, 1H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, 1H, J = 8 Hz), 7.21–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.27–7.30 (m, 2H).

Boc-βAla-Pro-Phe-NH₂, **10k**. Boc-βAla-OH (128.1 mg, 0.68 mmol), HOBt (84.3 mg, 0.62 mmol), TBTU (202.3 mg, 0.63 mmol), DIPEA (0.155 mL, 0.94 mmol), **H-Pro-Phe-NH₂** (0.64 mmol), DCM (40 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: R_f = 0.45, DCM/MeOH = 9/1). Yield: 205 mg (75 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ/pm: 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.50–2.47 (m, 6H), 3.08–3.42 (m, 6H), 4.41–4.43 (dd, 1H, J_1 = 8.5 Hz, J_2 = 3 Hz), 4.67–4.75 (m, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 5.32 (s, 1H), 5.39 (s, 1H), 6.81 (d, 1H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.17–7.32 (m, 5H).

Boc-Gaba-Pro-Phe-NH₂, **10**I. Boc-Gaba-OH (143.5 mg, 0.71 mmol), HOBt (93.0 mg, 0.69 mmol), TBTU (219.0 mg, 0.68 mmol), DIPEA (0.170 mL, 1.03 mmol), **H-Pro-Phe-NH₂** (0.69 mmol), DCM (40 mL). *Chromatography*: silica (12 g), EtOAc/DCM/MeOH gradient (TLC: $R_f = 0.15$, EtOAc/DCM/MeOH = 9/2/1). Yield: 166 mg (55 %). ¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃) δ /ppm: 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.70–1.87 (m, 4H), 1.99–2.11 (m, 2H), 2.15–2.24 (m, 1H), 2.34–2.51 (m, 2H), 2.91–2.99 (m, 2H), 3.31–3.56 (m, 4H), 4.34 (dd, 1H, $J_1 = 9$ Hz, $J_2 = 4$ Hz), 4.68–4.73 (m, 1H), 4.84–4.92 (m, 1H), 5.39 (s, 1H), 7.17–7.35 (m, 7H).

4. NMR Spectra.

4.01. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-OMe 5a



4.02. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-OMe 5a



4.03. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Phe-OMe 5b



4.04. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Phe-OMe 5b



4.05. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Ala-Gly-OMe 5c



4.06. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Ala-Gly-OMe 5c



4.07. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-OMe 5d



4.08. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-OMe 5d



4.09. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Leu-Gly-OMe 5e



4.10. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Leu-Gly-OMe 5e



4.11. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Pro-Gly-OMe 5f



4.12. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Pro-Gly-OMe 5f



3.13. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Phe-OEt 5g



4.14. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Phe-Phe-OEt 5g



3.15. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-OEt 5h



4.16. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-OEt 5h



4.17. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-OMe 5j



4.18. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-OMe 5j



4.19. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-NH₂ 6a



4.20. ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-Gly-NH₂ 6a



4.21. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Phe-NH₂ 6b



4.24. ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-Gly-Phe-NH₂ 6b



4.25. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-NH_d 6b



4.26. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-NH₂ 6d



4.27. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-Gly-Phe-Phe-NH₂ 6g



4.28. ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-Gly-Phe-Phe-NH₂ 6g



4.29. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-NH₂ 6h



4.30. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-NH₂ 6h





4.31. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-βAla-Val-Phe-NH₂ 6i

4.32. ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆) Lig-βAla-Val-Phe-NH₂ 6i



4.33. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6j



4.34. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6j



4.35. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-βAla-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6k



4.36. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-βAla-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6k



4.37. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gaba-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6l



4.38. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) Lig-Gaba-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6l



4.39. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) [(COD)Rh(Lig-Gly-OMe)₂]BF₄ 3a



4.40. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) [(COD)Rh(Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-OMe)₂]BF₄ 3d





4.41. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) [(COD)Rh(Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-OMe)₂]BF₄ 3j

4.42. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) [(COD)Rh(Lig-Gly-NH₂)₂]BF₄ 4a



 $3.43. \ ^1H \ NMR \ (CDCl_3) \ [(COD)Rh(Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-NH_2)_2]BF_4 \ 4d$



4.44. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) [(COD)Rh(Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-NH₂)₂]BF₄ 4j







5. Gas chromatograms.

5.01. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-OMe 5a, RT



5.02. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Phe-OMe 5b, RT



5.03. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Ala-Gly-OMe 5c, RT



5.04. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Ala-Gly-OMe 5c, -5 °C



5.05. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-OMe 5d, RT



5.06. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-OMe 5d, -5 °C



5.07. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Leu-Gly-OMe 5e, RT



5.08. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Leu-Gly-OMe 5e, -5 °C



5.09. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Pro-Gly-OMe 5f, RT



5.10. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Pro-Gly-OMe 5f, -5 °C



5.11. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Phe-Phe-OEt 5g, RT



5.12. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Phe-Phe-OEt 5g, -5 °C



5.13. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-OEt 5h, RT



5.14. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-OEt 5h, -5 °C



5.15. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-OMe 5j, RT



5.16. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-OMe 5j, -5 °C



5.17. Catalysis with $\ensuremath{\text{Lig-Gly-NH}_2}\ 6a$



5.18. Catalysis with $Lig-Gly-Phe-NH_2 6b$



5.19. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Val-Gly-NH₂ 6d



5.20. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Phe-Phe-NH₂ 6g



5.21. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Val-Phe-NH₂ 6h



5.22. Catalysis with Lig-βAla-Val-Phe-NH₂ 6i



5.23. Catalysis with Lig-Gly-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6j



5.24. Catalysis with Lig-βAla-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6k



5.25. Catalysis with Lig-Gaba-Pro-Phe-NH₂ 6l



6. Stereochemical analysis.^[1]

para-substitution, [M(Ph₂P-*p*C₆H₄-CO-Aa*)₂]

meta-substitution, $[M(Ph_2P-mC_6H_4-CO-Aa^*)_2]$





insensitive to 180° rotation of one ligand

180° rotation of one ligand gives an additional isomer with opposite helical chirality of the prochiral metal



upper ring has priority counting always cockwise arrows indicate helical chirality sign

upper ring substituent
lower ring substituent
M = metal, L = ligand
Aa* = chiral amino acid

7. Literature.

[1] S. I. Kirin, H.-B. Kraatz and N. Metzler-Nolte, Chem. Soc. Rev., 2006, 35, 348.