

## Accessory Publication

### Improved Synthesis of 14-Hydroxy Opioid Pharmaceuticals and Intermediates

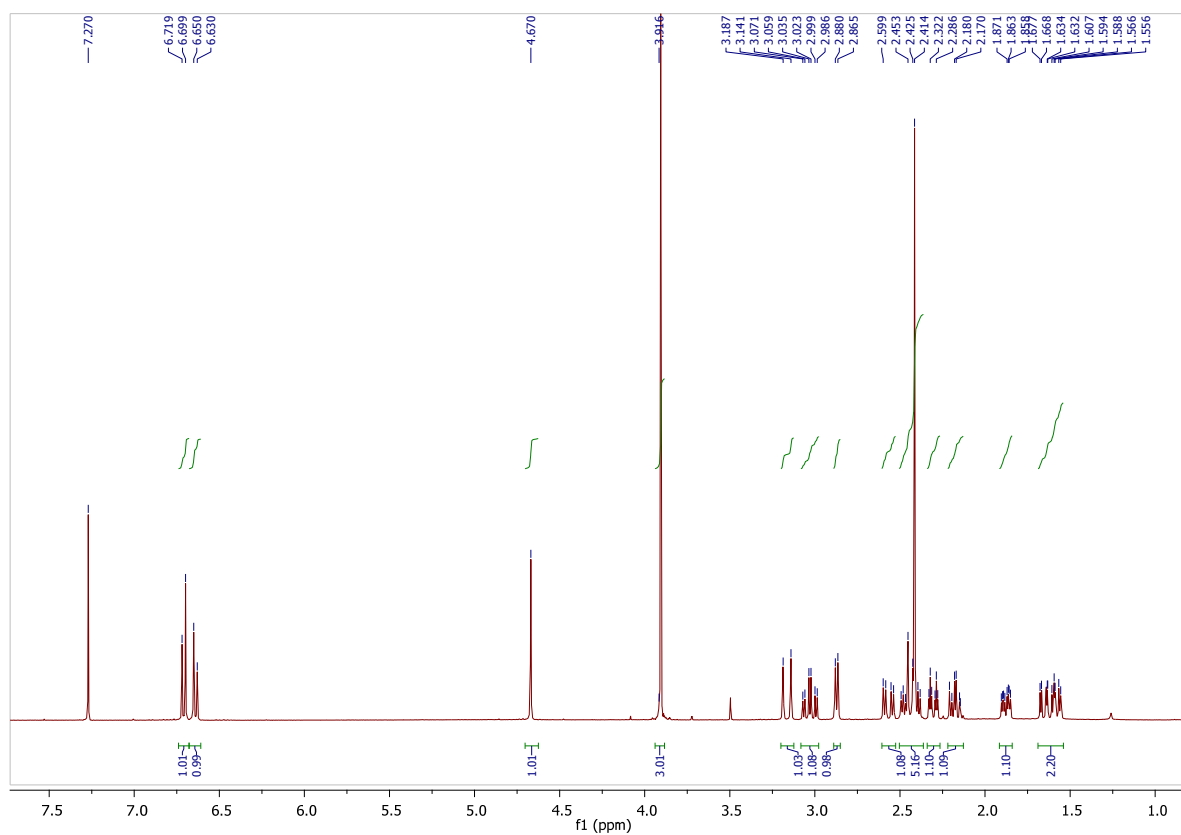
Gaik B. Kok<sup>A</sup> and Peter J. Scammells<sup>A,B</sup>

<sup>A</sup> Medicinal Chemistry, Monash Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Monash University, 381 Royal Parade, Parkville, VIC 3052, Australia

<sup>B</sup> Corresponding author. E-mail: peter.scammells@monash.edu

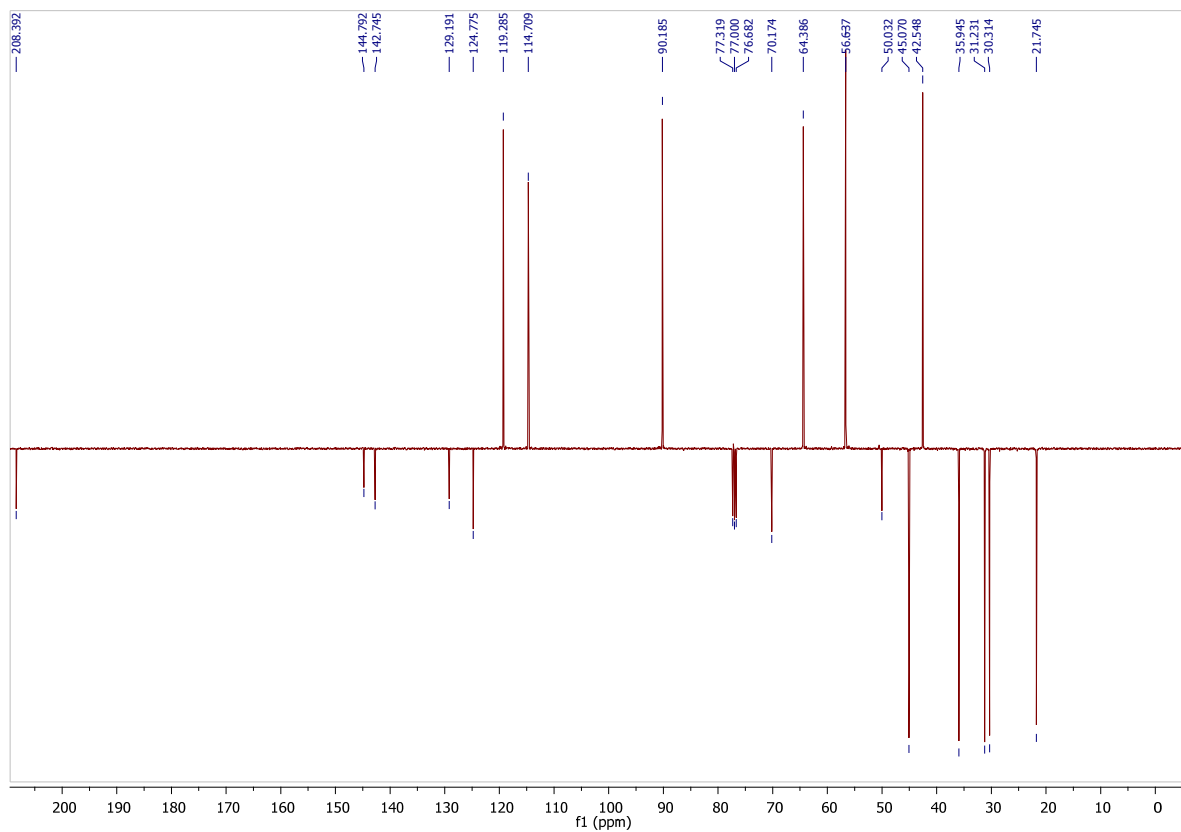
<b>Figure 1</b>	Oxycodone ( <b>1</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-2
<b>Figure 2</b>	Oxycodone ( <b>1</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-3
<b>Figure 3</b>	Oxycodone ( <b>1</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-4
<b>Figure 4</b>	Oxycodone ( <b>1</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-5
<b>Figure 5</b>	Oxycodone ( <b>1</b> ) IR spectrum	S-6
<b>Figure 6</b>	Oxycodone ( <b>1</b> ) HPLC	S-7
<b>Figure 7</b>	Oxymorphone ( <b>2</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-8
<b>Figure 8</b>	Oxymorphone Hydrochloride ( <b>2·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in DMSO-d <sub>6</sub>	S-9
<b>Figure 9</b>	Oxymorphone Hydrochloride ( <b>2·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-10
<b>Figure 10</b>	Oxymorphone ( <b>2</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in DMSO-d <sub>6</sub>	S-11
<b>Figure 11</b>	Oxymorphone ( <b>2</b> ) IR spectrum	S-12
<b>Figure 12</b>	Oxymorphone ( <b>2</b> ) HPLC	S-13
<b>Figure 13</b>	14-Hydroxycodeinone ( <b>5</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O+TFA	S-14
<b>Figure 14</b>	14-Hydroxycodeinone Hydrochloride ( <b>5·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-15
<b>Figure 15</b>	14-Hydroxycodeinone Hydrochloride ( <b>5·HCl</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-16
<b>Figure 16</b>	14-Hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride ( <b>6·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-17
<b>Figure 17</b>	14-Hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride ( <b>6·HCl</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-18
<b>Figure 18</b>	Naltrexone ( <b>7</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-19
<b>Figure 19</b>	Naltrexone ( <b>7</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-20
<b>Figure 20</b>	Naltrexone ( <b>7</b> ) IR spectrum	S-21
<b>Figure 21</b>	Naltrexone ( <b>7</b> ) HPLC	S-22
<b>Figure 22</b>	<i>N</i> -Noroxymorphone Hydrochloride ( <b>9·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in DMSO-d <sub>6</sub>	S-23
<b>Figure 23</b>	<i>N</i> -Noroxymorphone Hydrochloride ( <b>9·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-24
<b>Figure 24</b>	<i>N</i> -Noroxymorphone ( <b>9</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in DMSO-d <sub>6</sub>	S-25
<b>Figure 25</b>	Noroxycodone ( <b>9</b> ) IR spectrum	S-26
<b>Figure 26</b>	Noroxymorphone ( <b>9</b> ) HPLC	S-27
<b>Figure 27</b>	14-Hydroxy- <i>N</i> -normorphinone HCl ( <b>13·HCl</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-28
<b>Figure 28</b>	14-Hydroxy- <i>N</i> -normorphinone HCl ( <b>13·HCl</b> ) <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-29
<b>Figure 29</b>	Oxymorphol ( <b>17</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in CDCl <sub>3</sub>	S-30
<b>Figure 30</b>	Oxymorphol ( <b>17</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O+HCl	S-31
<b>Figure 31</b>	<i>N</i> -Noroxymorphol Hydrochloride ( <b>18</b> ) <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum in D <sub>2</sub> O	S-32
<b>References</b>		S-33

**Figure 1.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxycodone (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxycodone\* over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



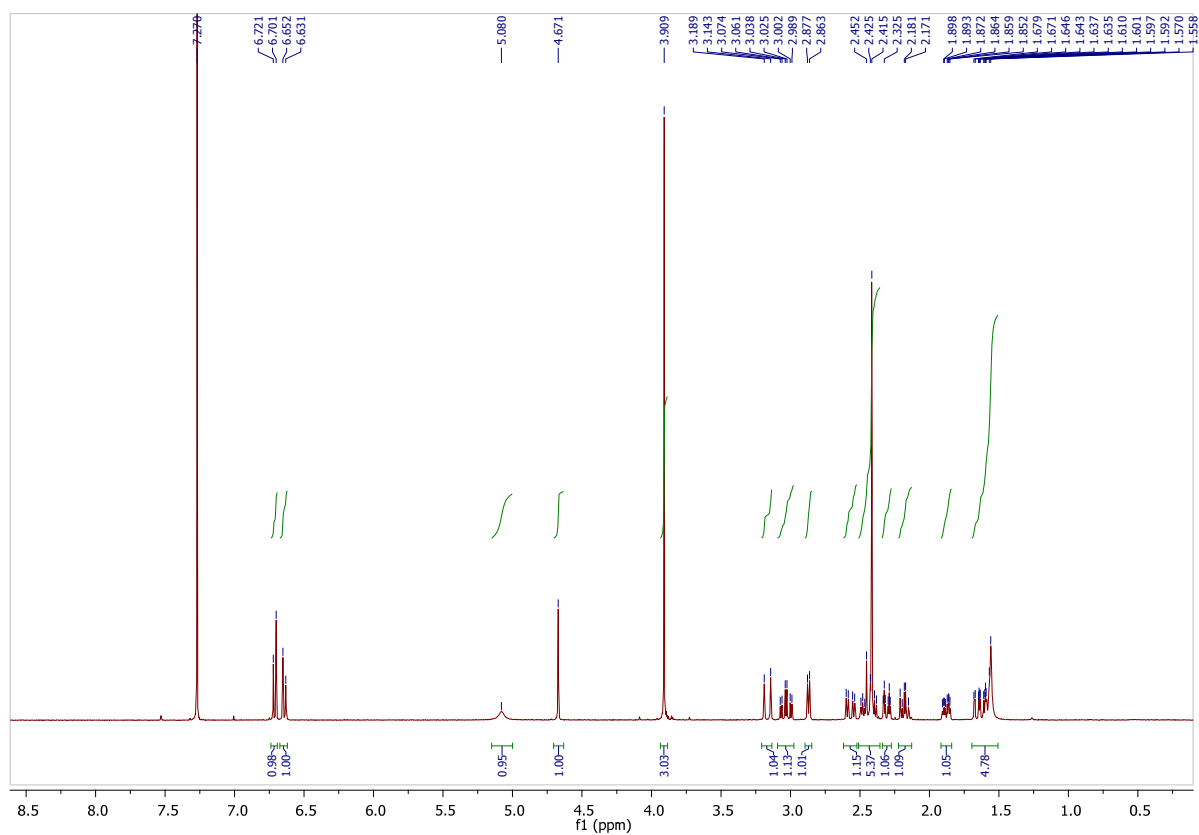
\*Prepared via oxidation of thebaine in HOAc-TFA, according to reaction conditions reported in reference 1.

**Figure 2.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude Oxycodone (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxycodoneinone\* over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



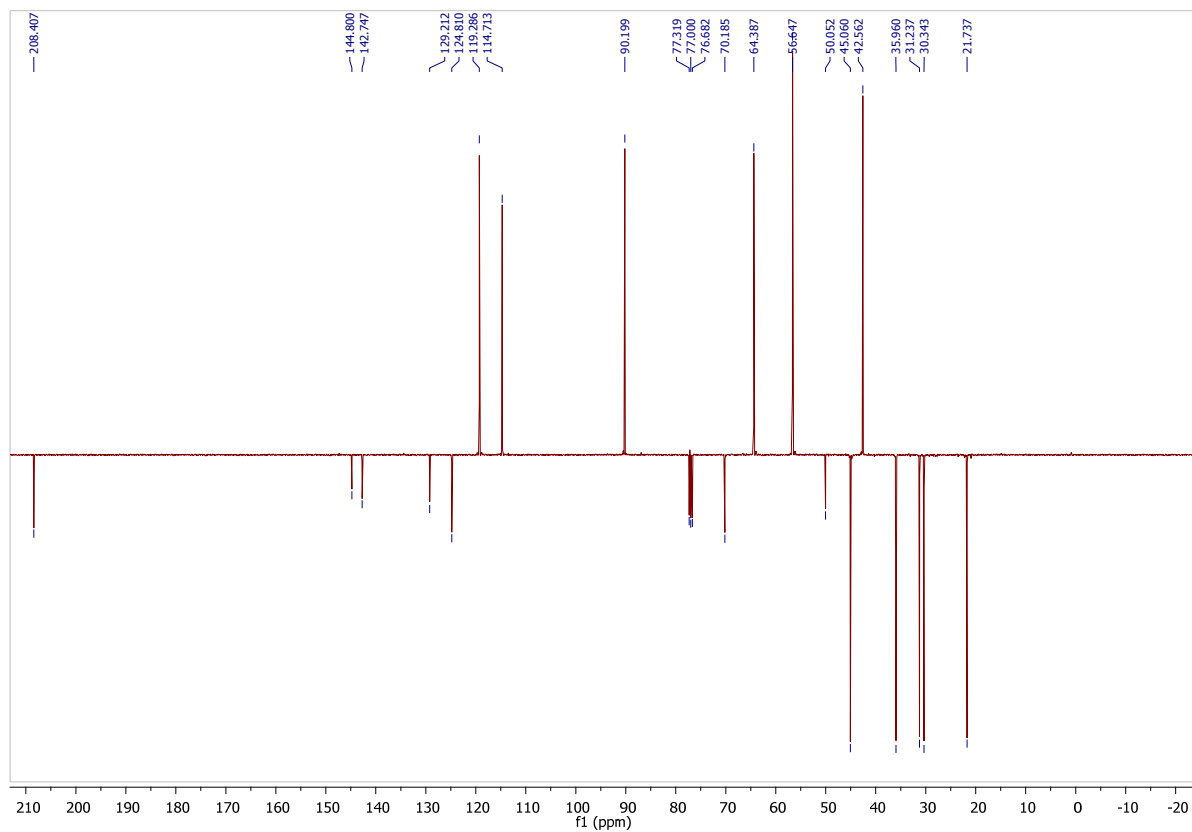
\*Prepared according to conditions described in reference 1

**Figure 3.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxycodone (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxycodoinone hydrochloride\* over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



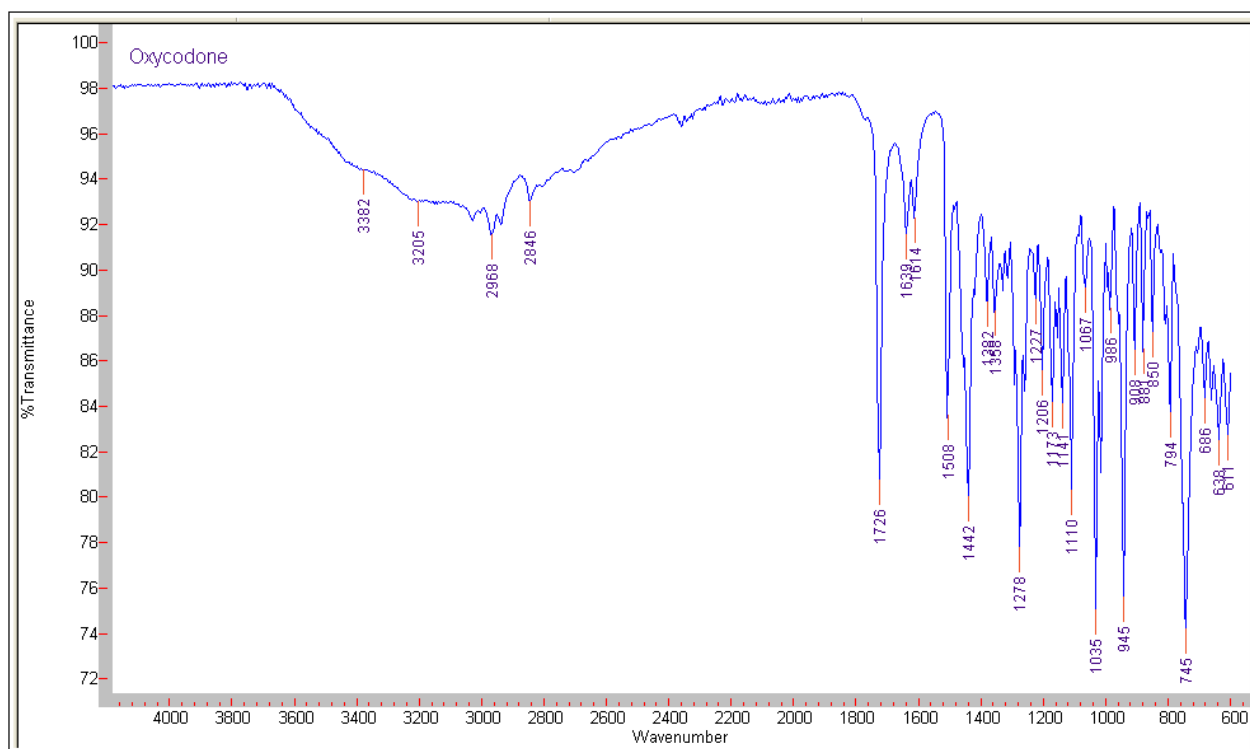
\*Prepared via oxidation of thebaine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

**Figure 4.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude Oxycodone (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxycodeinone hydrochloride\* over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)

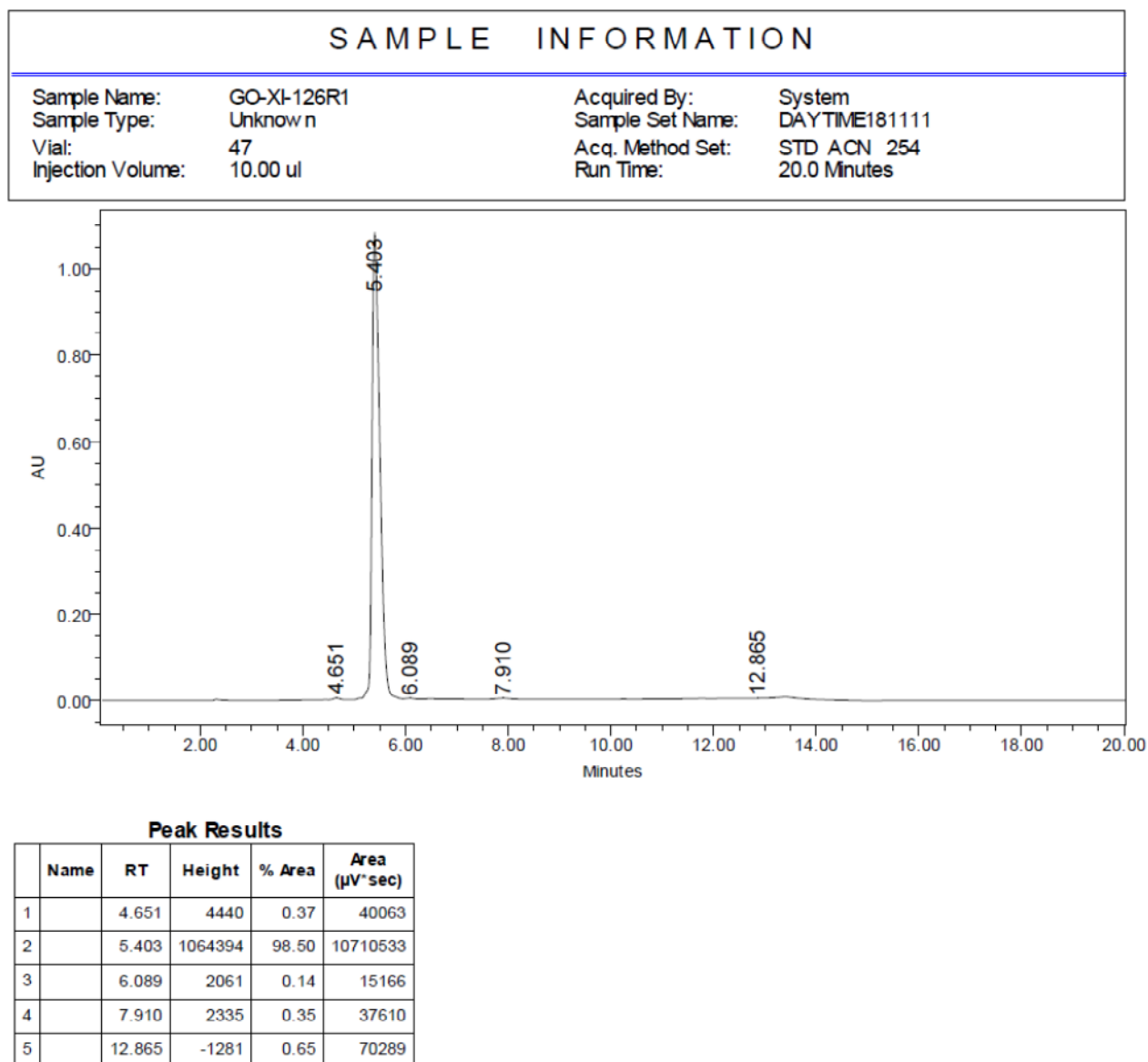


\*Prepared via oxidation of thebaine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

**Figure 5.** Oxycodone (**1**) IR spectrum

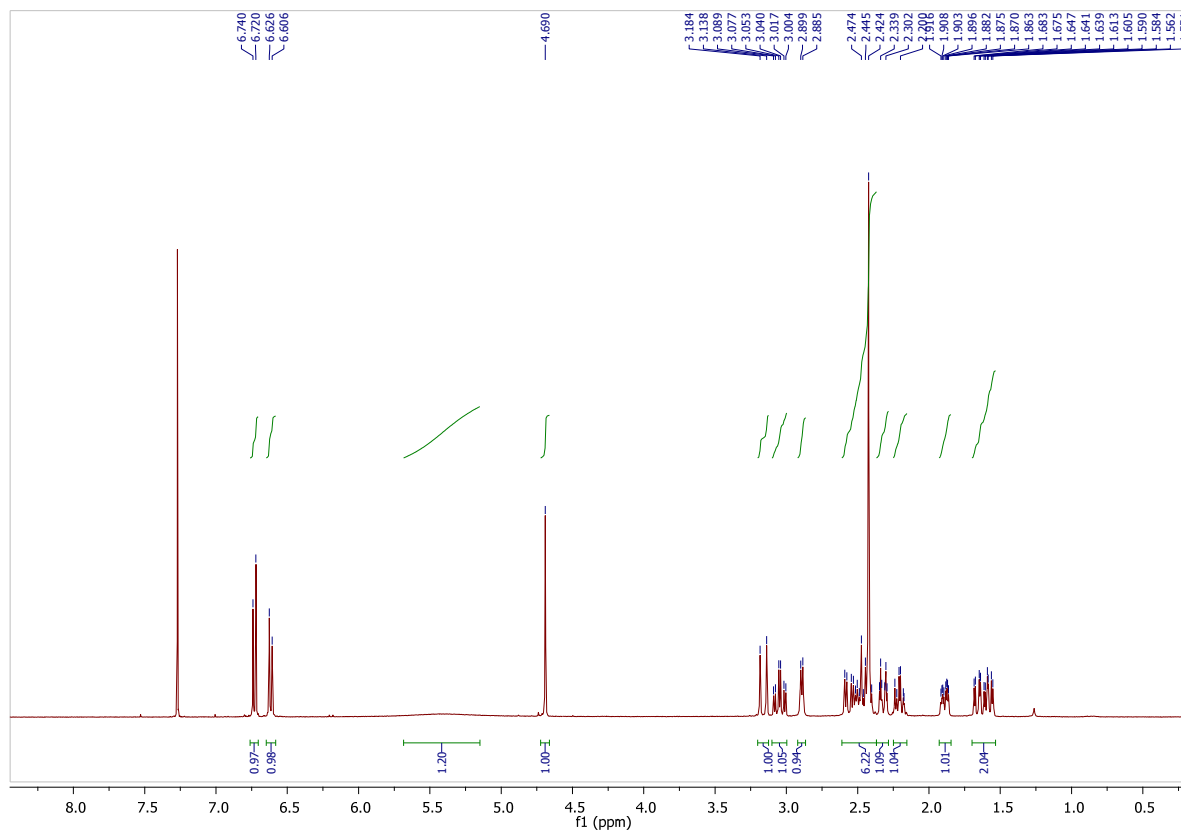


**Figure 6.** Oxycodone (1) HPLC



\*Prepared via conditions in Table 1, Entry 8.

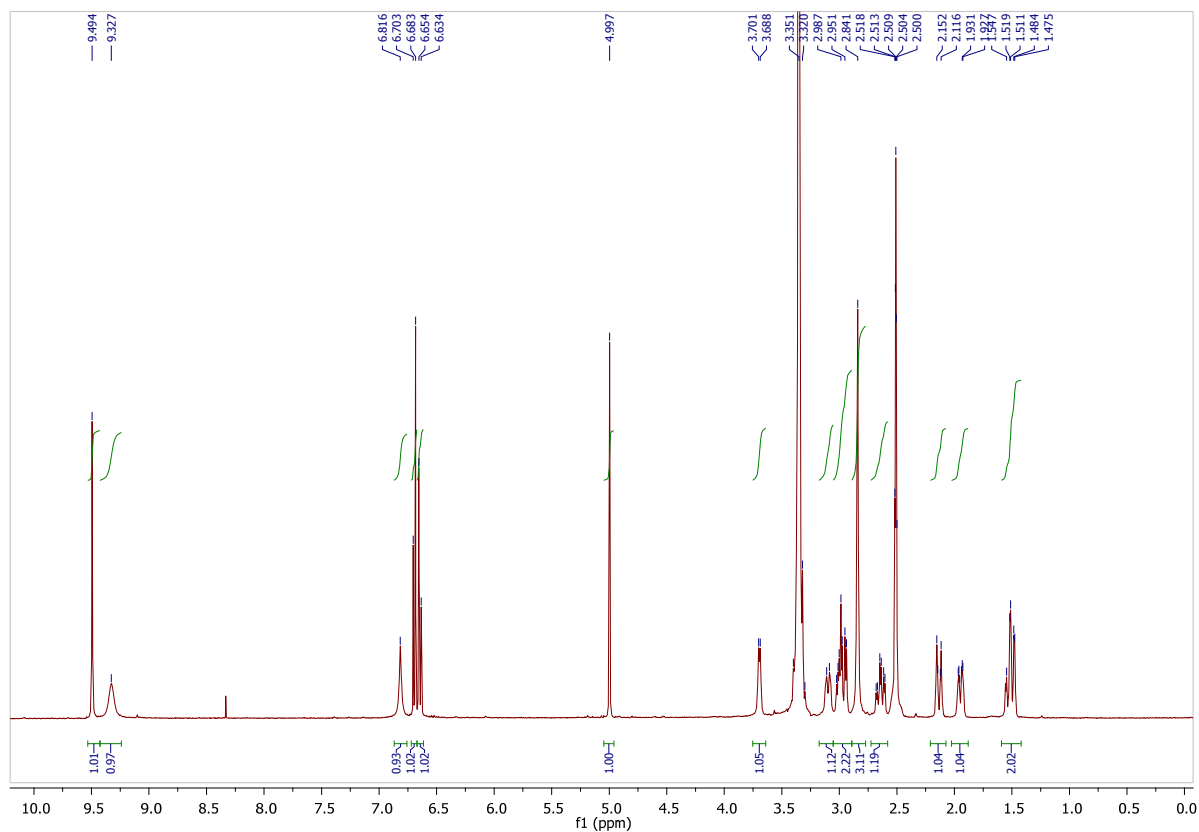
**Figure 7.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxymorphone (**2**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride\* over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



\*Prepared via oxidation of oripavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

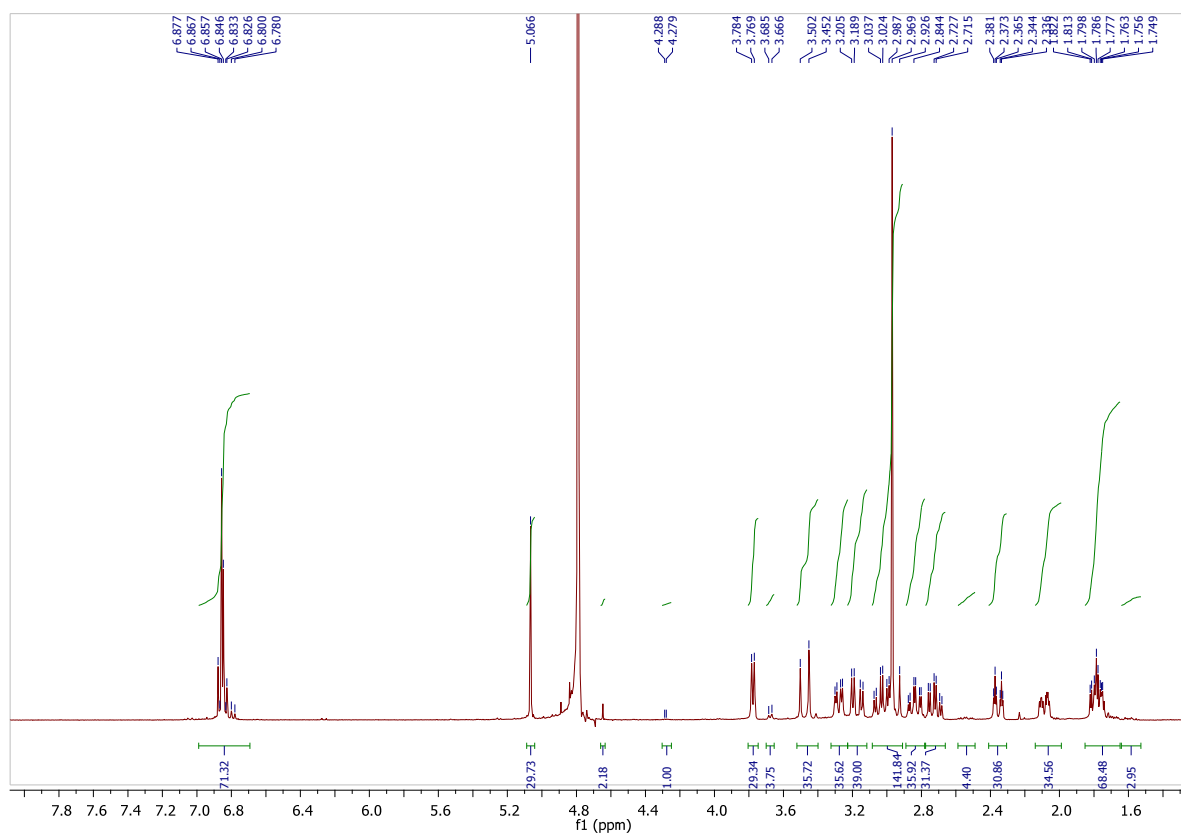


**Figure 8.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxymorphone Hydrochloride ( $2\cdot\text{HCl}$ ) in  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride\* over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



\*Prepared via oxidation of oripavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

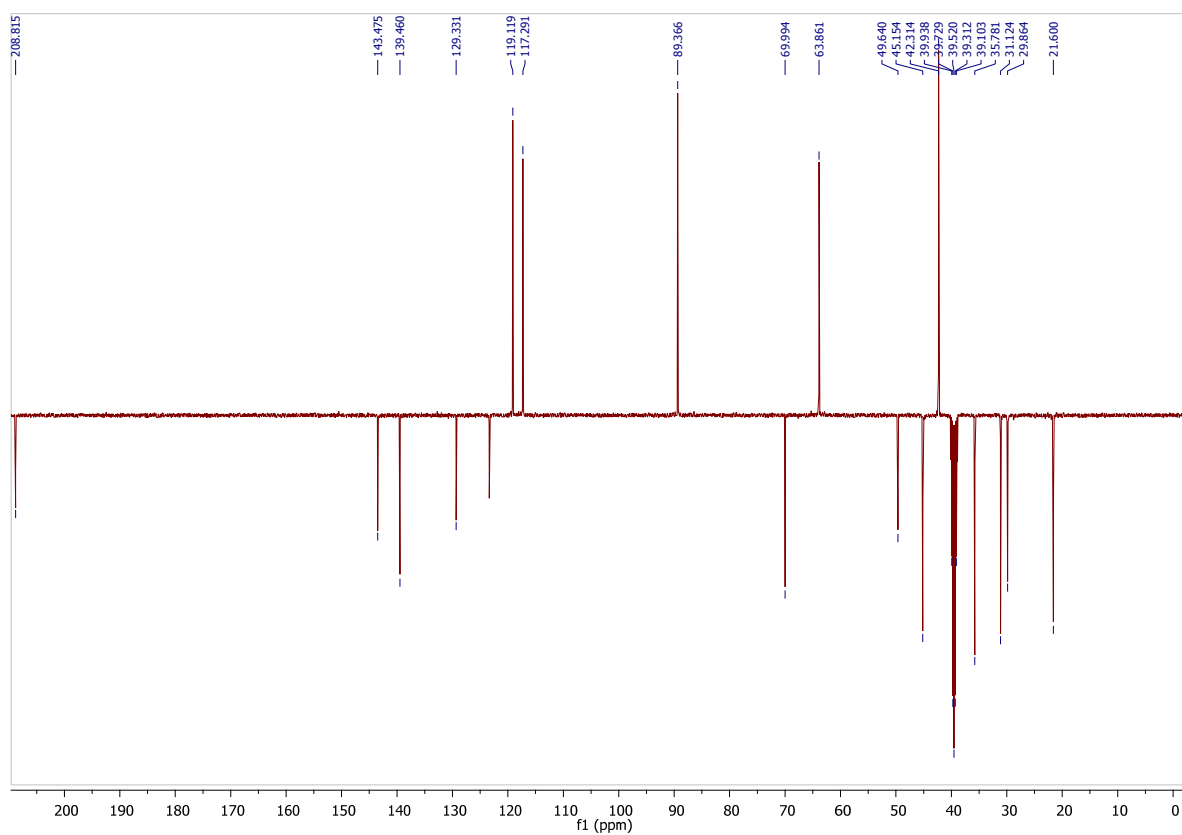
**Figure 9.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxymorphone Hydrochloride ( $2\cdot\text{HCl}$ ) in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ \*<sup>1</sup> (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride\*<sup>2</sup> over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



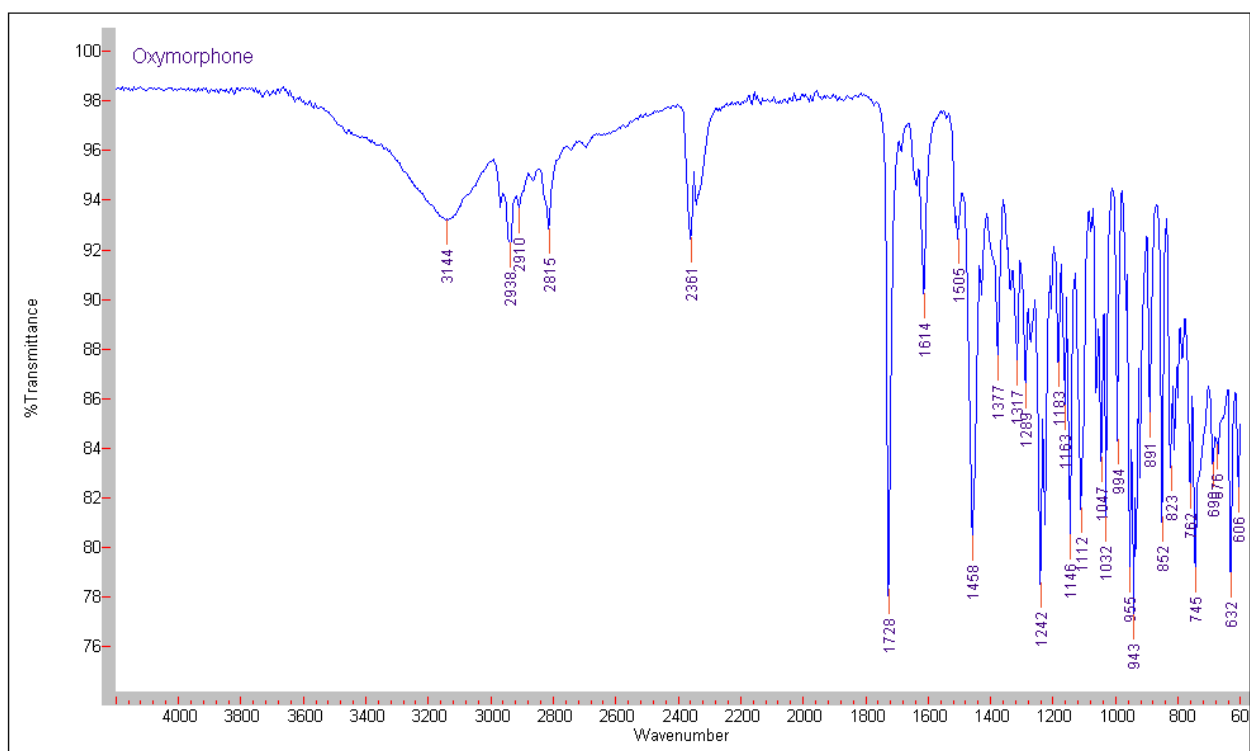
\*<sup>1</sup>Oxymorphone hydrochloride forms a gem-diol, with a characteristic singlet at  $\delta$  4.65 ppm, in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  (Reference 2)

\*<sup>2</sup>Prepared via oxidation of oripavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

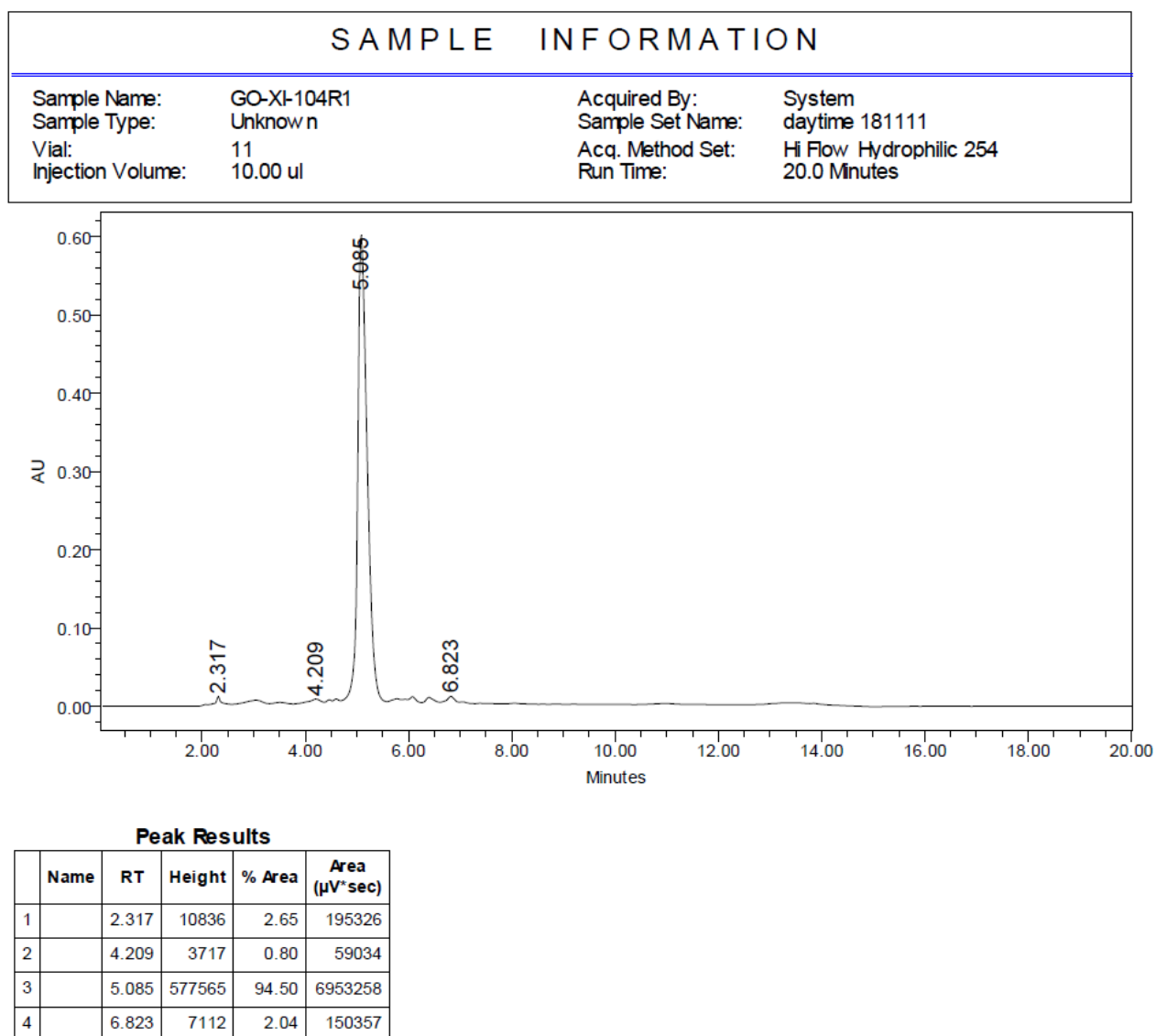
**Figure 10.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude Oxymorphone (**2**) in  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$  (sample from reduction of 14-Hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



**Figure 11.** Oxymorphone (2) IR spectrum

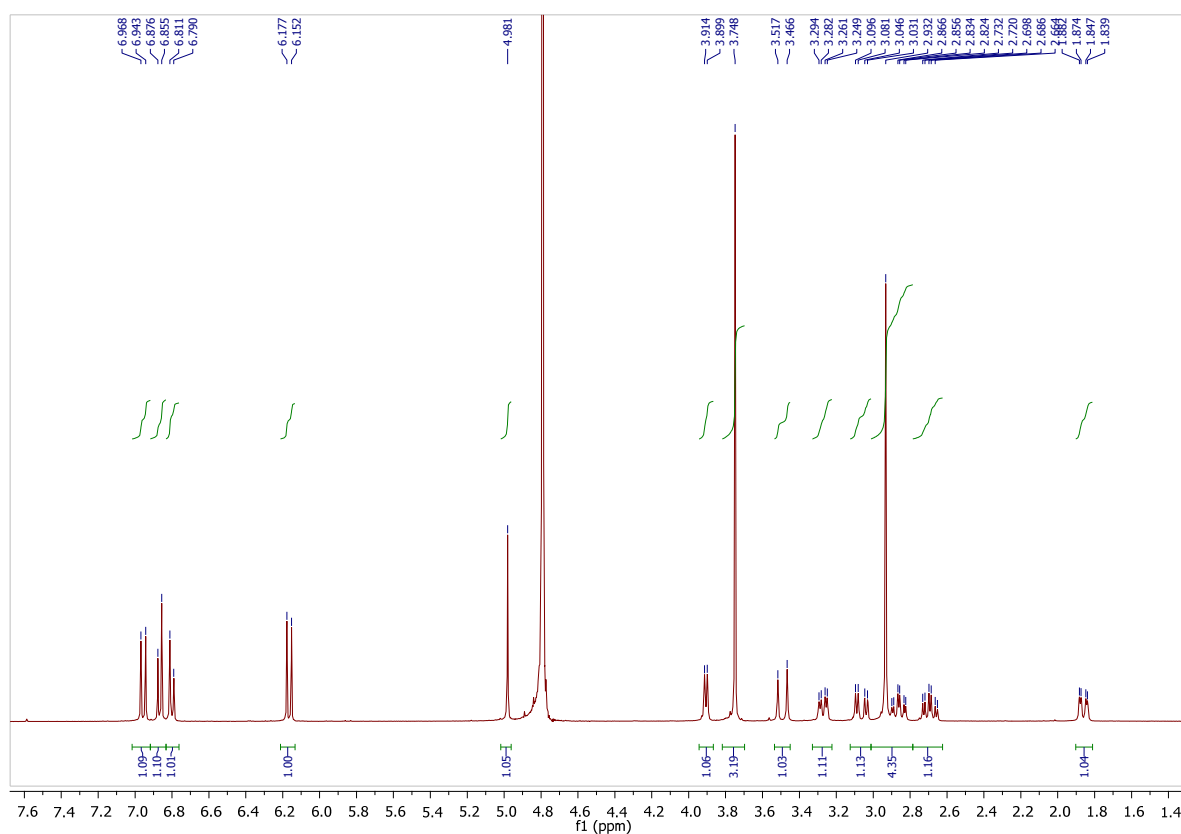


**Figure 12.** Oxymorphone (2) HPLC



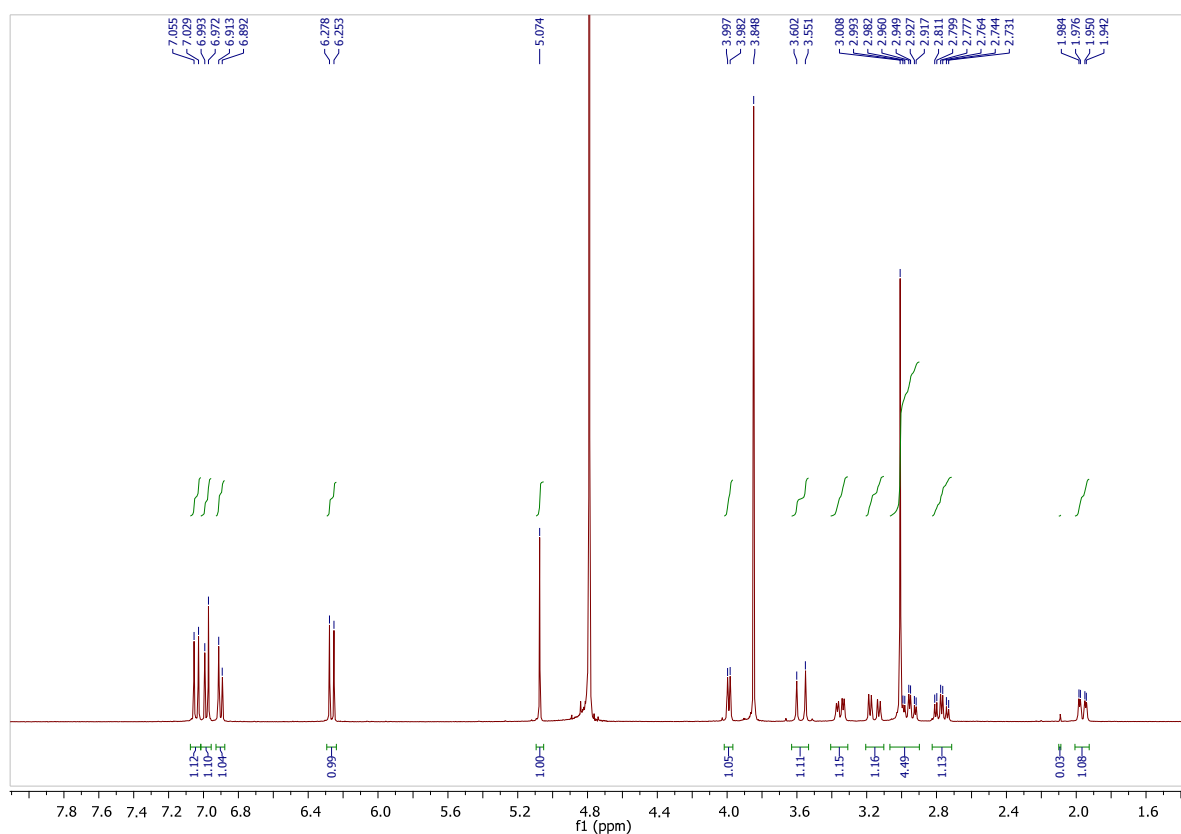
\*Prepared via conditions in Table 1 Entry 11

**Figure 13.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of 14-Hydroxycodone (5)\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  + TFA



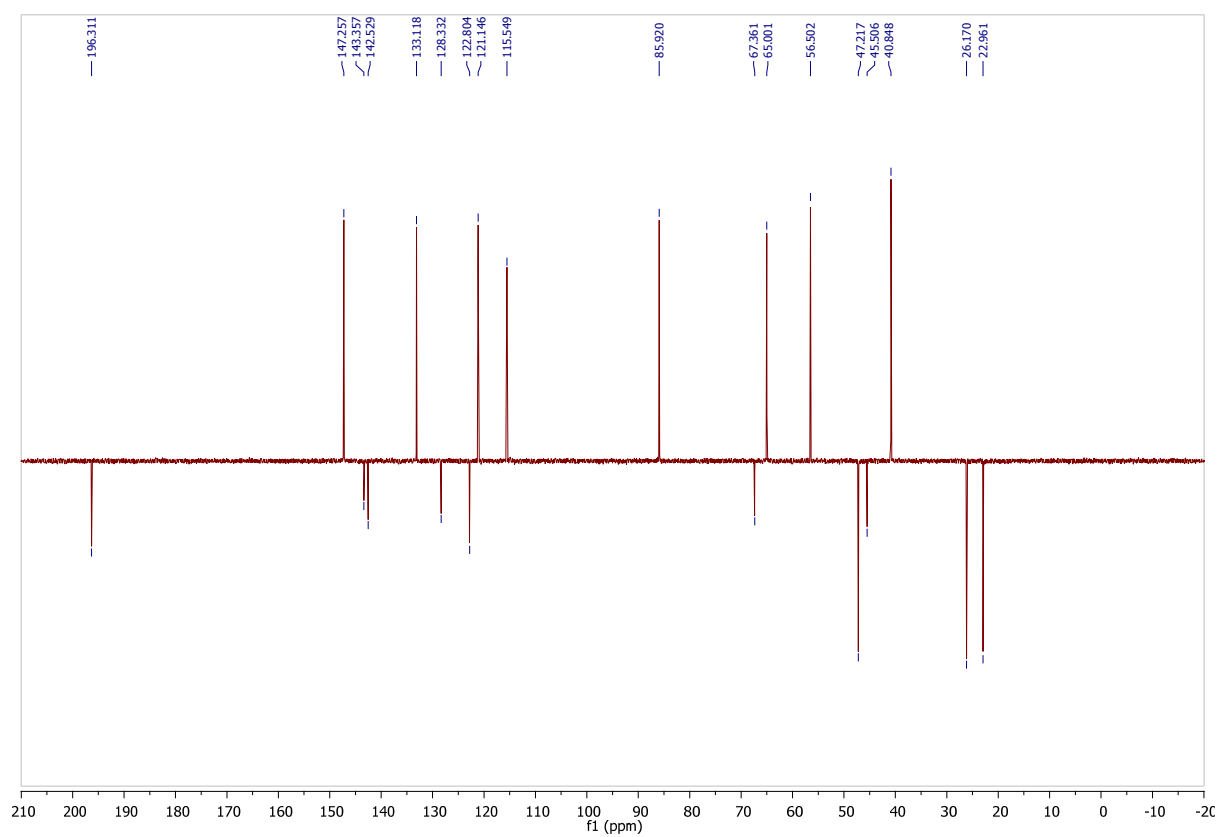
\*Prepared via literature methods reported in reference 1

**Figure 14.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude 14-Hydroxycodeinone Hydrochloride ( $5\cdot\text{HCl}$ )\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



\*Prepared via oxidation of thebaine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

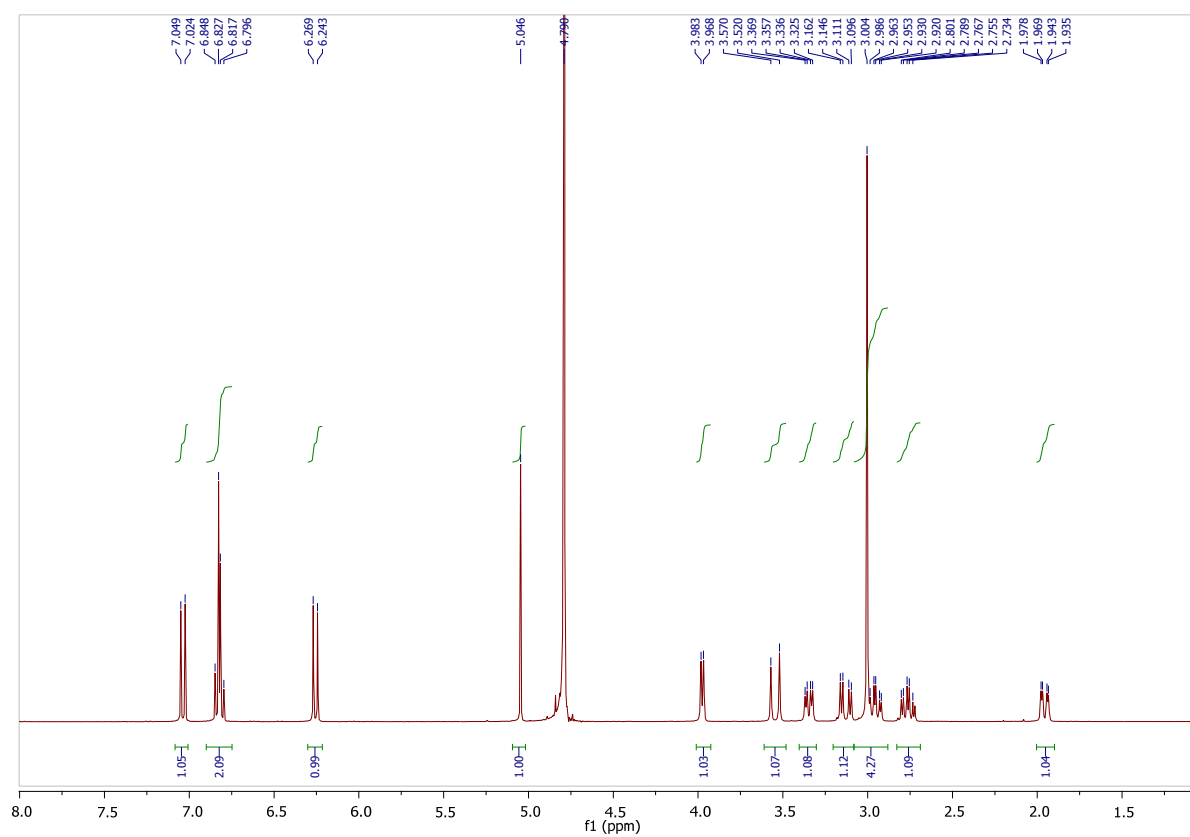
**Figure 15.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude 14-Hydroxycodeinone Hydrochloride ( $5\cdot\text{HCl}$ )\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



\*Prepared via oxidation of thebaine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

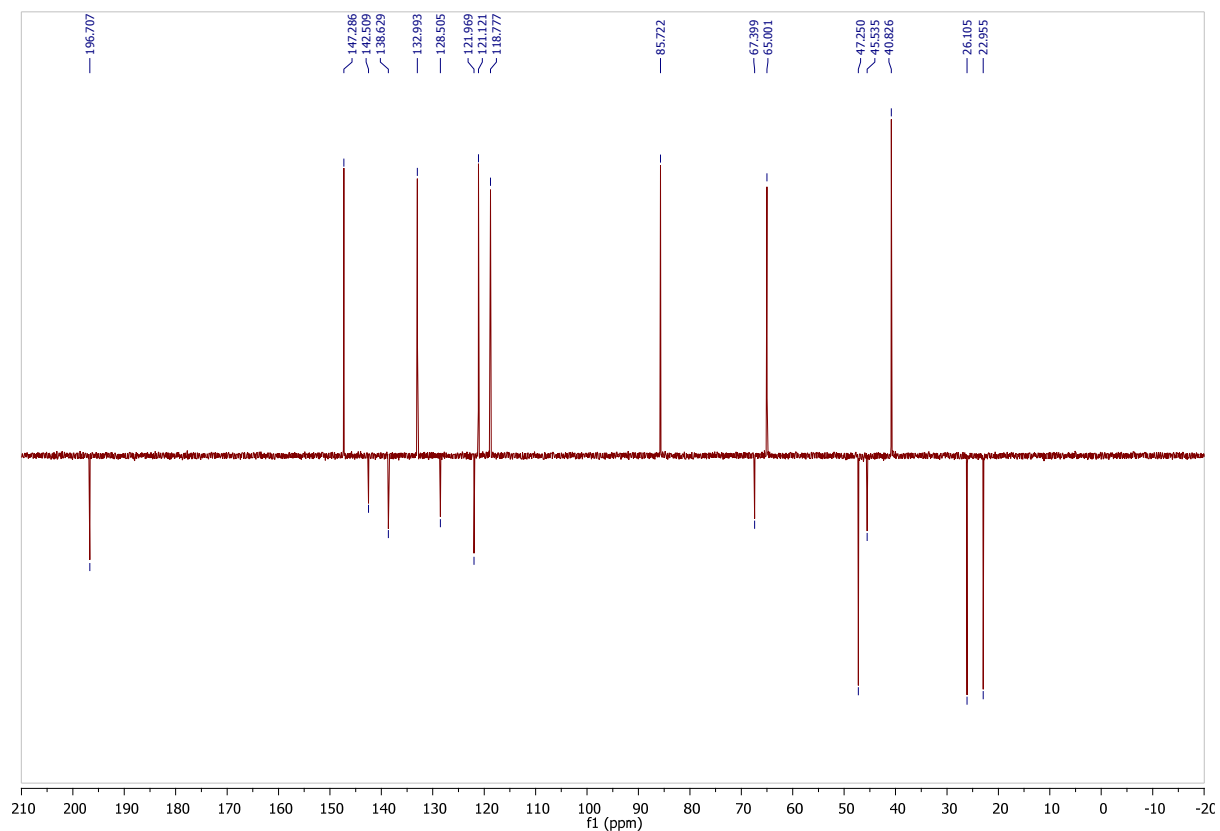


**Figure 16.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude 14-Hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride ( $6\cdot\text{HCl}$ )\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



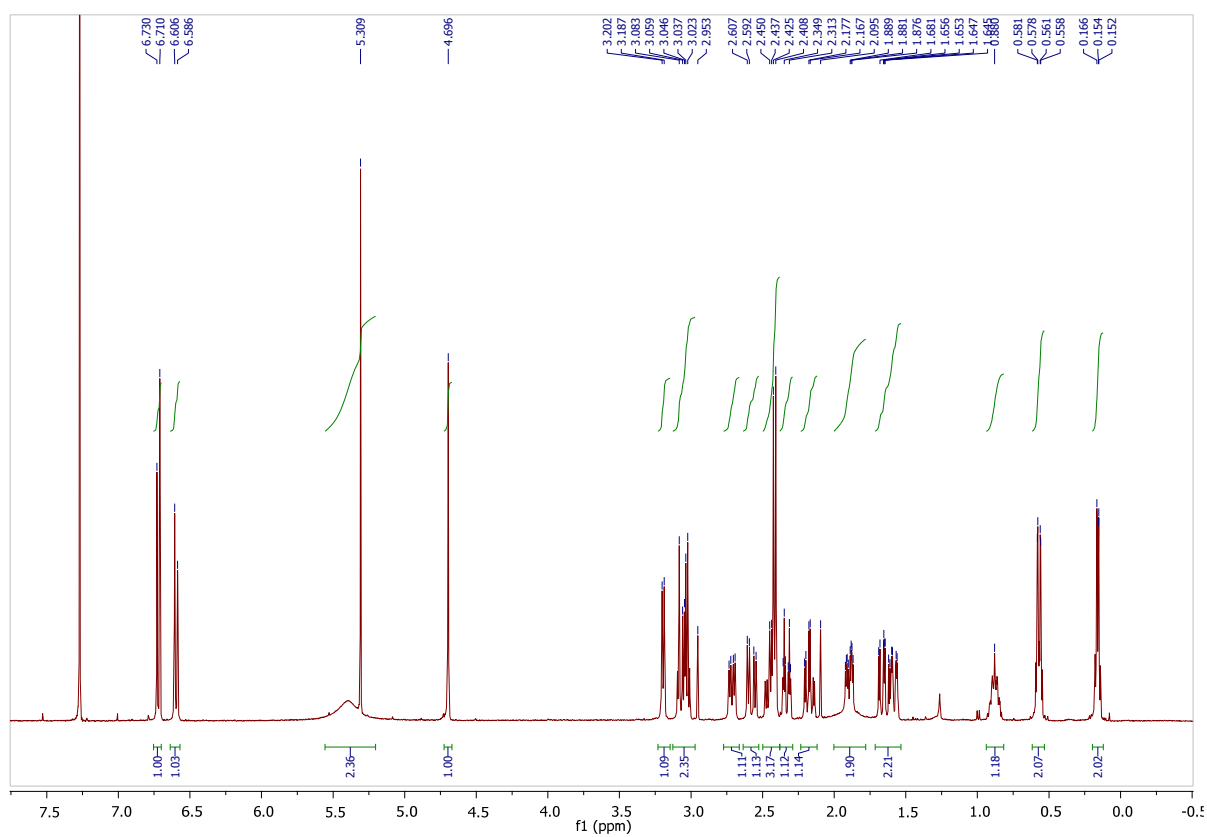
\*Prepared via oxidation of oripavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

**Figure 17.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude 14-Hydroxymorphinone Hydrochloride ( $6\cdot\text{HCl}$ )\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$

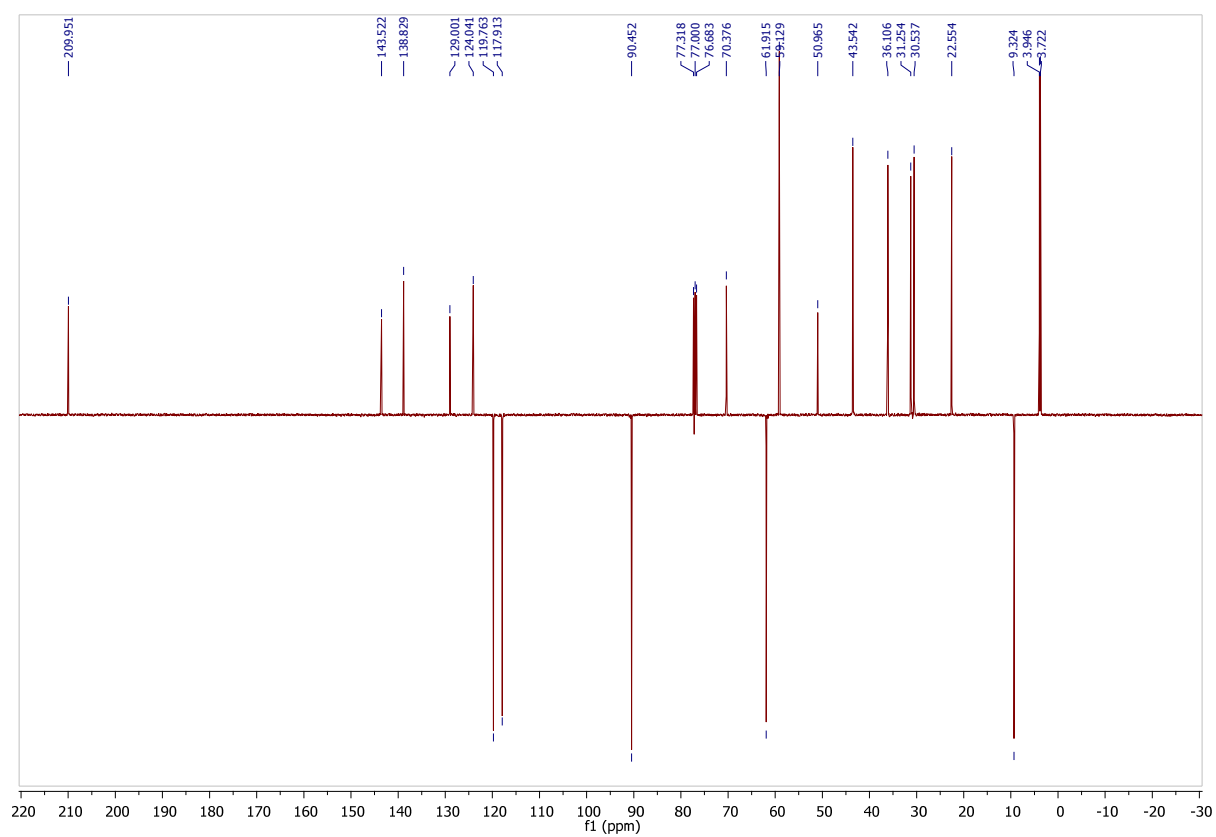


\*Prepared via oxidation of oripavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

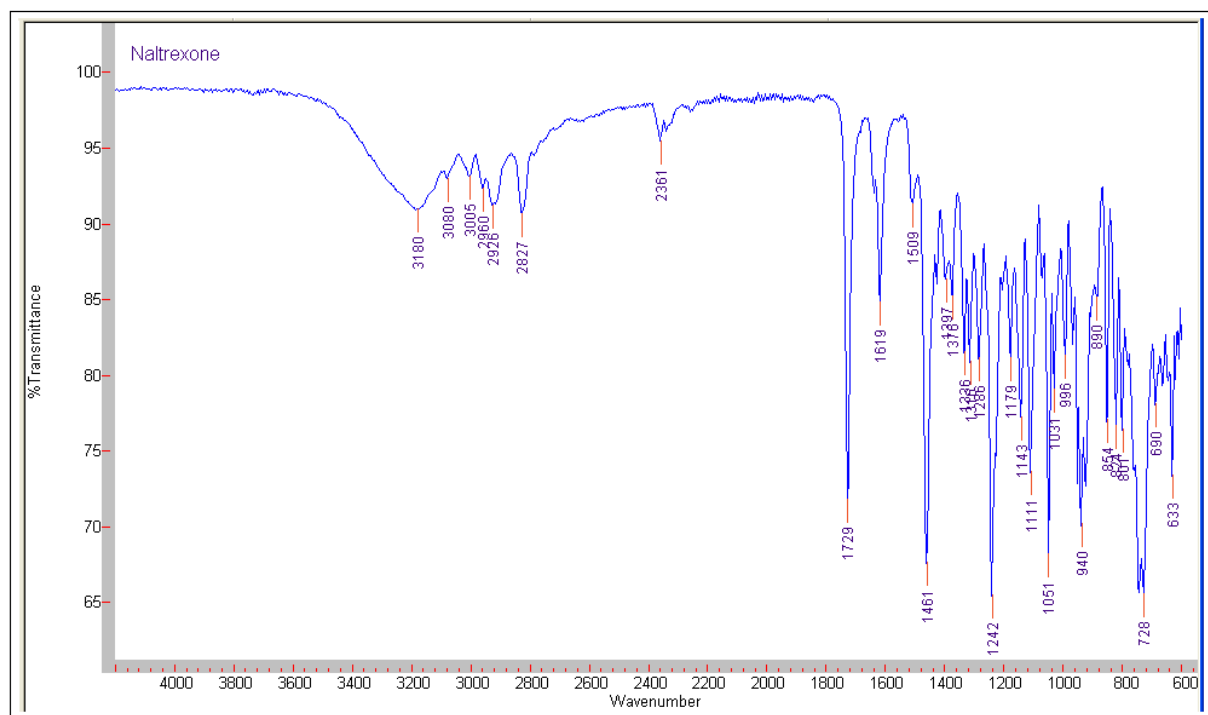
**Figure 18.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Naltrexone (7) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$



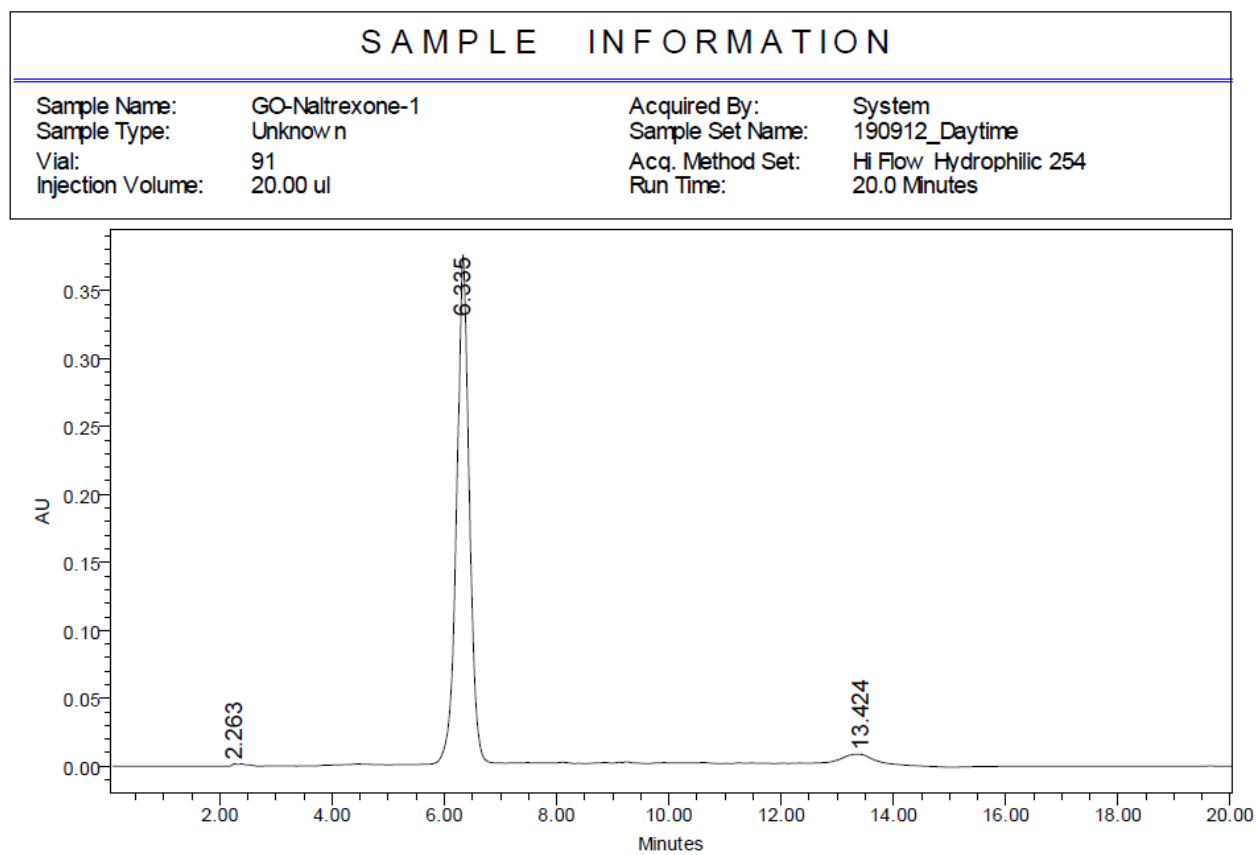
**Figure 19.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Naltrexone (**7**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$



**Figure 20.** Naltrexone (7) IR spectrum



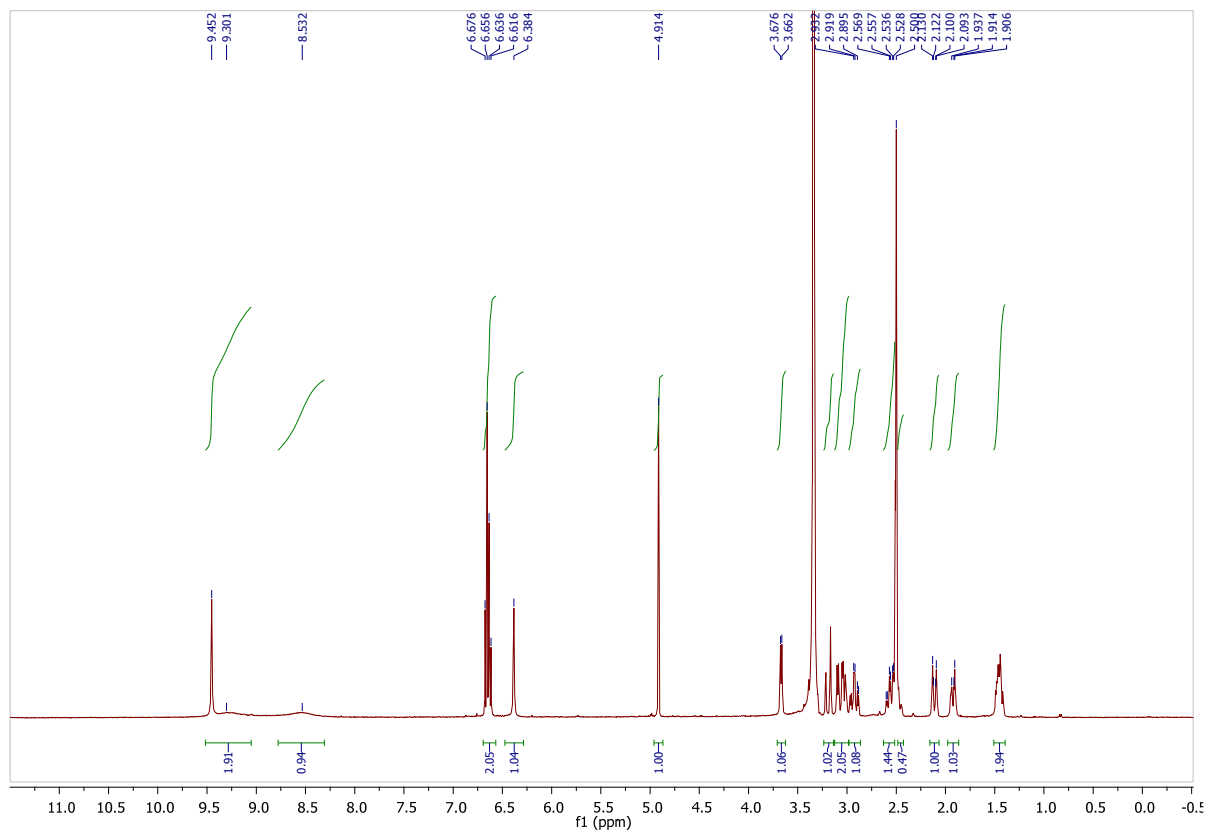
**Figure 21.** Naltrexone (7) HPLC



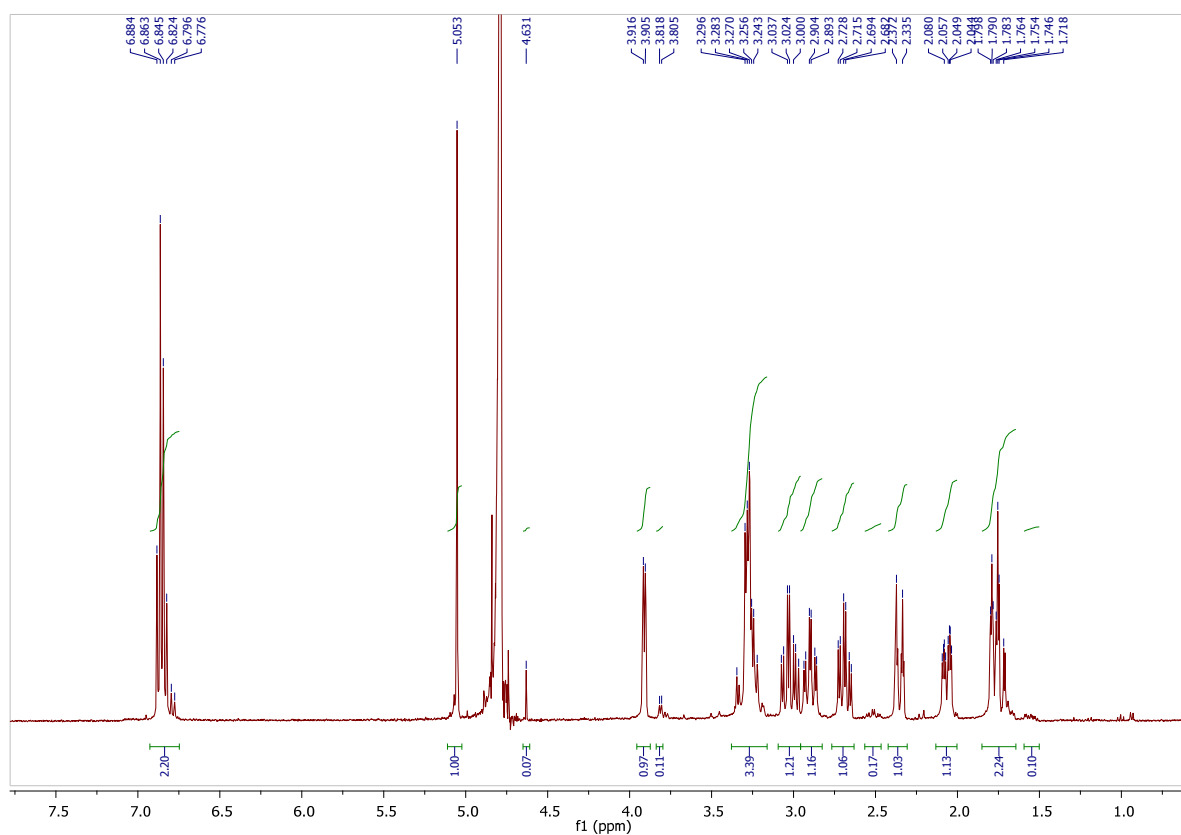
**Peak Results**

Name	RT	Height	% Area	Area ( $\mu\text{V} \cdot \text{sec}$ )
1	2.263	1532	0.39	22953
2	6.335	373053	97.94	5791955
3	13.424	4277	1.67	98779

**Figure 22.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude *N*-Noroxymorphone Hydrochloride (**9**·HCl) in DMSO- $d_6$  (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxy-*N*-normorphinone Hydrochloride over 5% Pd/BaSO $_4$  in MeOH)



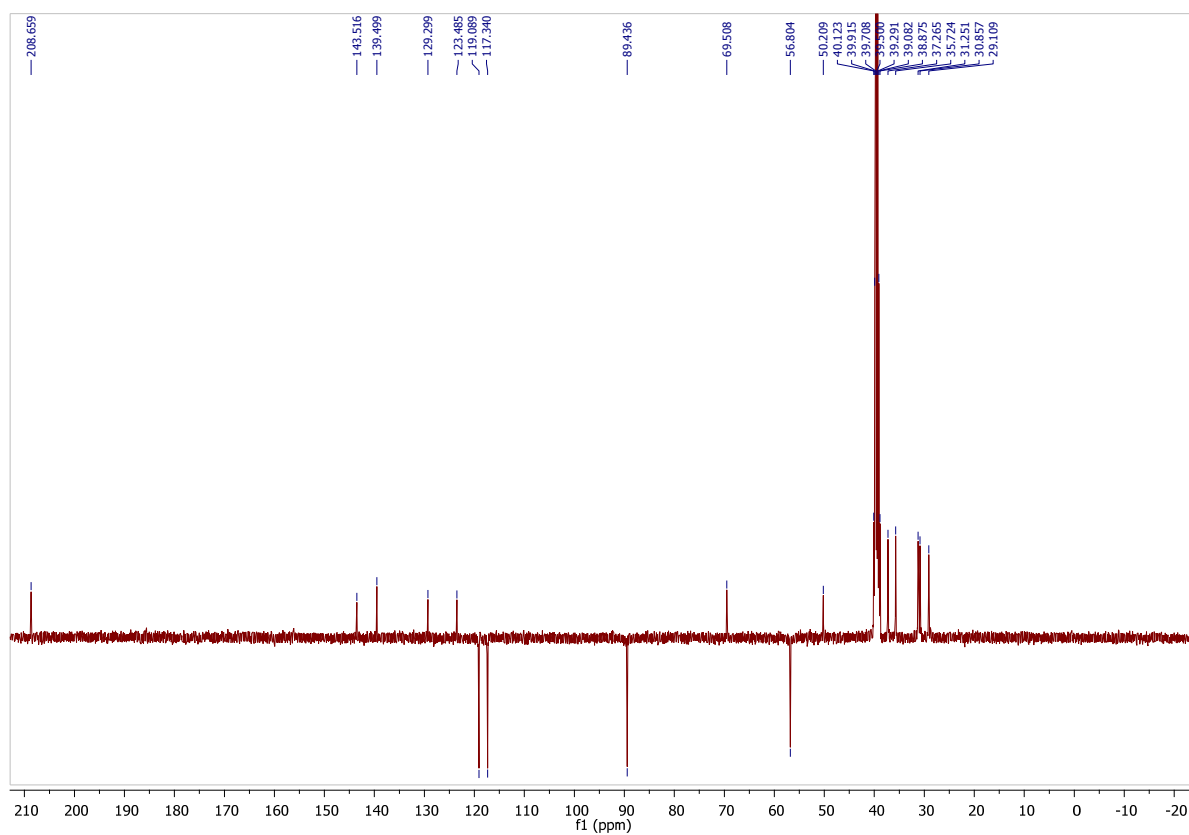
**Figure 23.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude *N*-Noroxymorphone Hydrochloride (**9**·HCl) in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ \* (sample from reduction of 14-hydroxy-*N*-normorphinone Hydrochloride over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



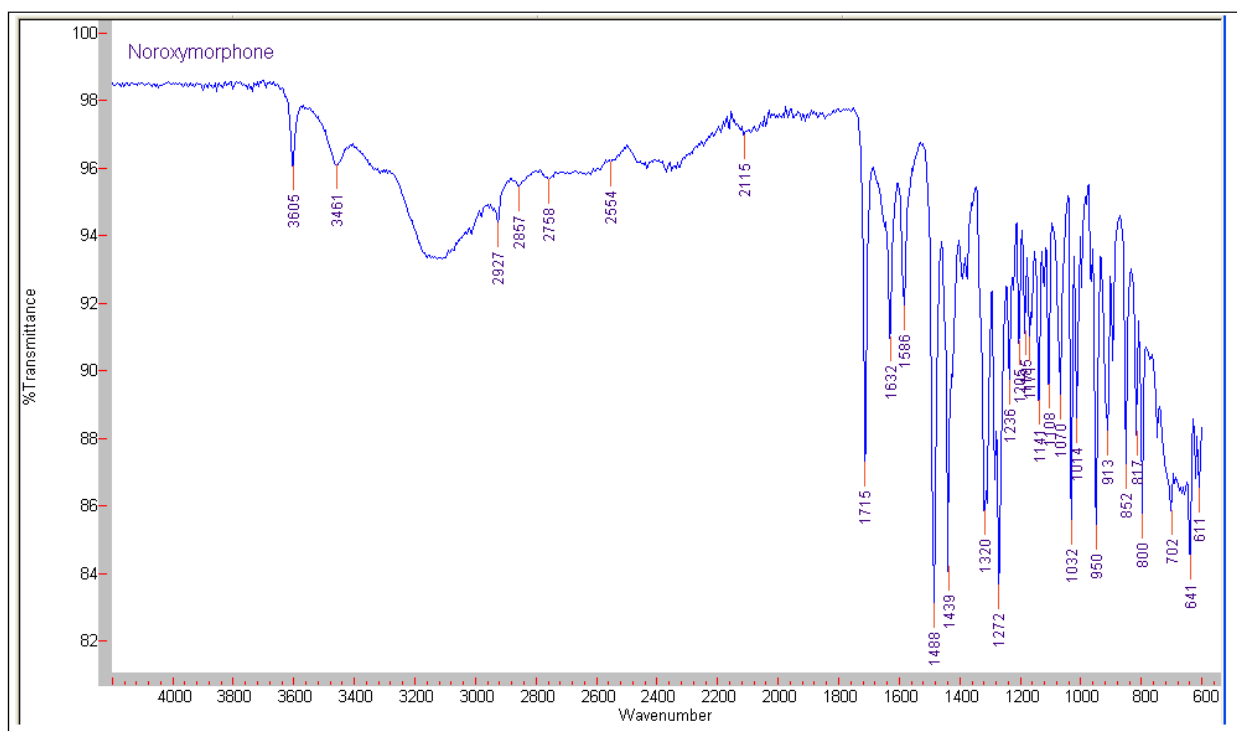
\*The hydrochloride salt of 6-keto-morphinans such as oxycodone and oxymorphone are known to form gem-diols in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  (Reference 2); in the case of *N*-noroxymorphone, the singlet at  $\delta$  4.63 ppm is characteristic of the chemical shift due to H-6 of the gem-diol.



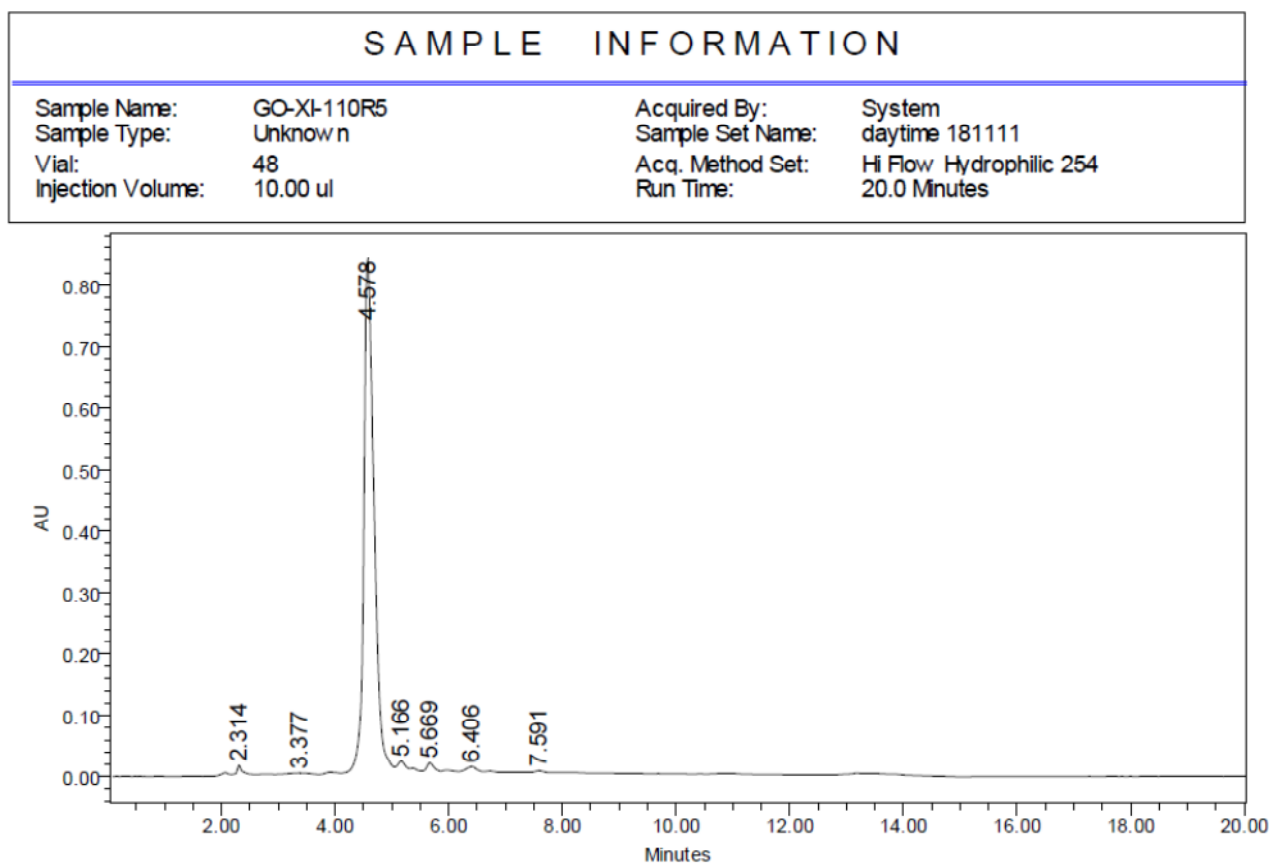
**Figure 24.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude *N*-Noroxymorphone (**9**) in  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$  (sample from reduction of 14-Hydroxy-*N*-normorfinone Hydrochloride over 5% Pd/BaSO<sub>4</sub> in MeOH)



**Figure 25.** Noroxymorphone (**9**) IR spectrum



**Figure 26.** Noroxymorphone (9) HPLC

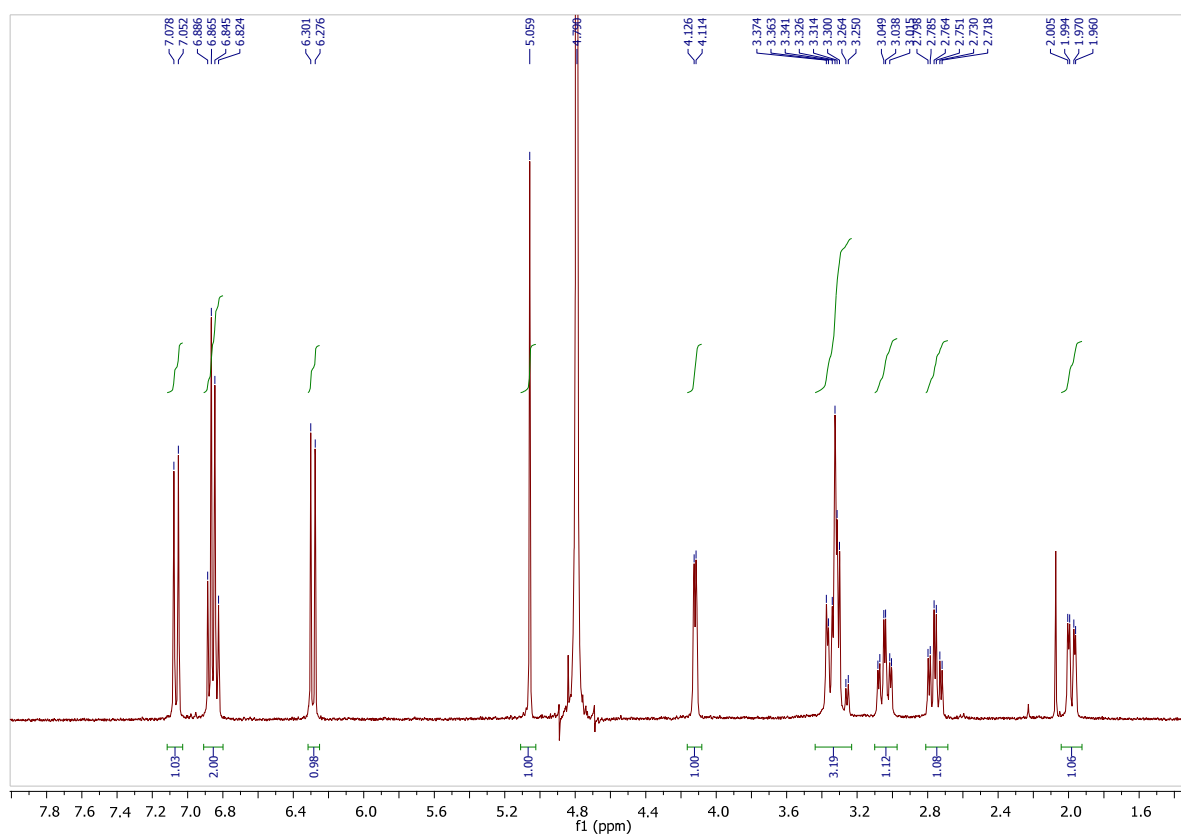


**Peak Results**

Name	RT	Height	% Area	Area ( $\mu\text{V}^2\text{sec}$ )
1	2.314	15411	1.43	146191
2	3.377	2275	0.51	52540
3	4.578	827675	95.66	9813537
4	5.166	10695	0.71	72964
5	5.669	8289	0.55	56334
6	6.406	7801	0.89	91420
7	7.591	2763	0.25	25512

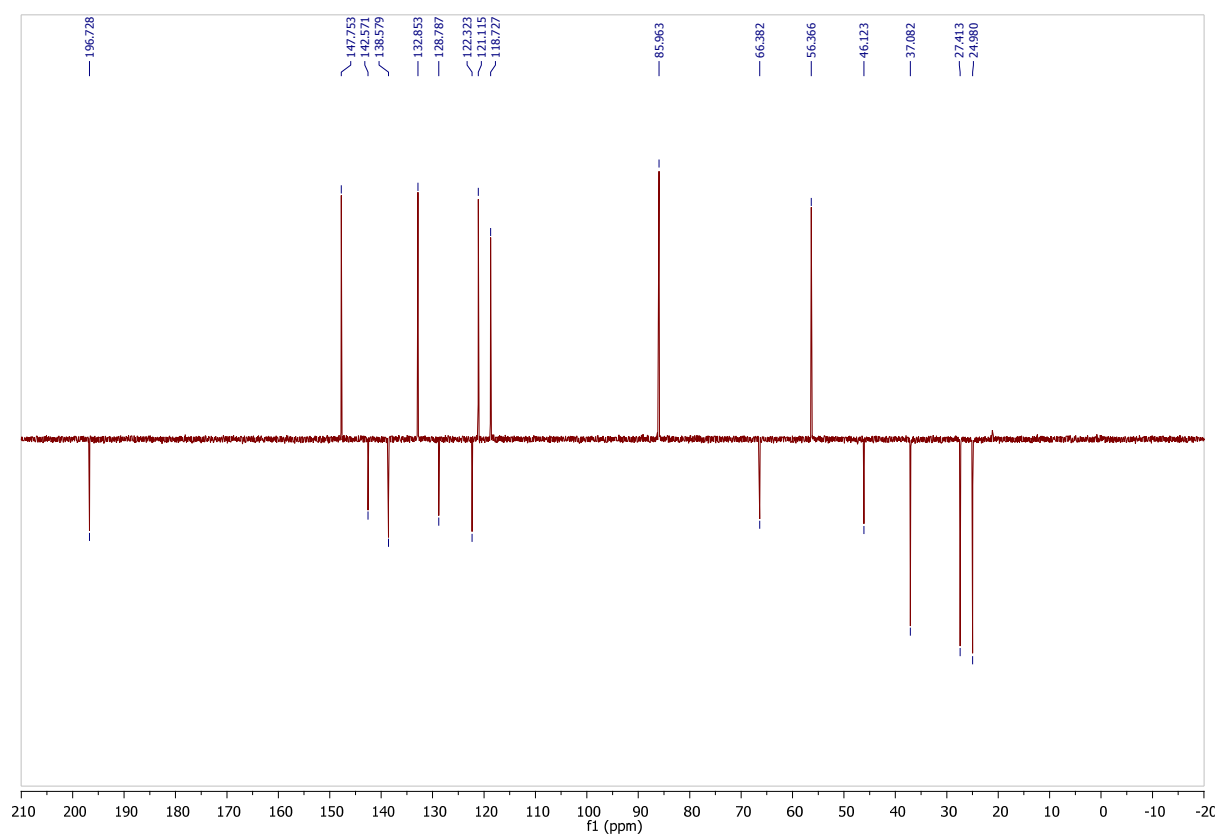
\*Prepared via conditions in Table 2, Entry 3

**Figure 27.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude 14-Hydroxy-*N*-normorphanone Hydrochloride ( $13\cdot\text{HCl}$ )\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



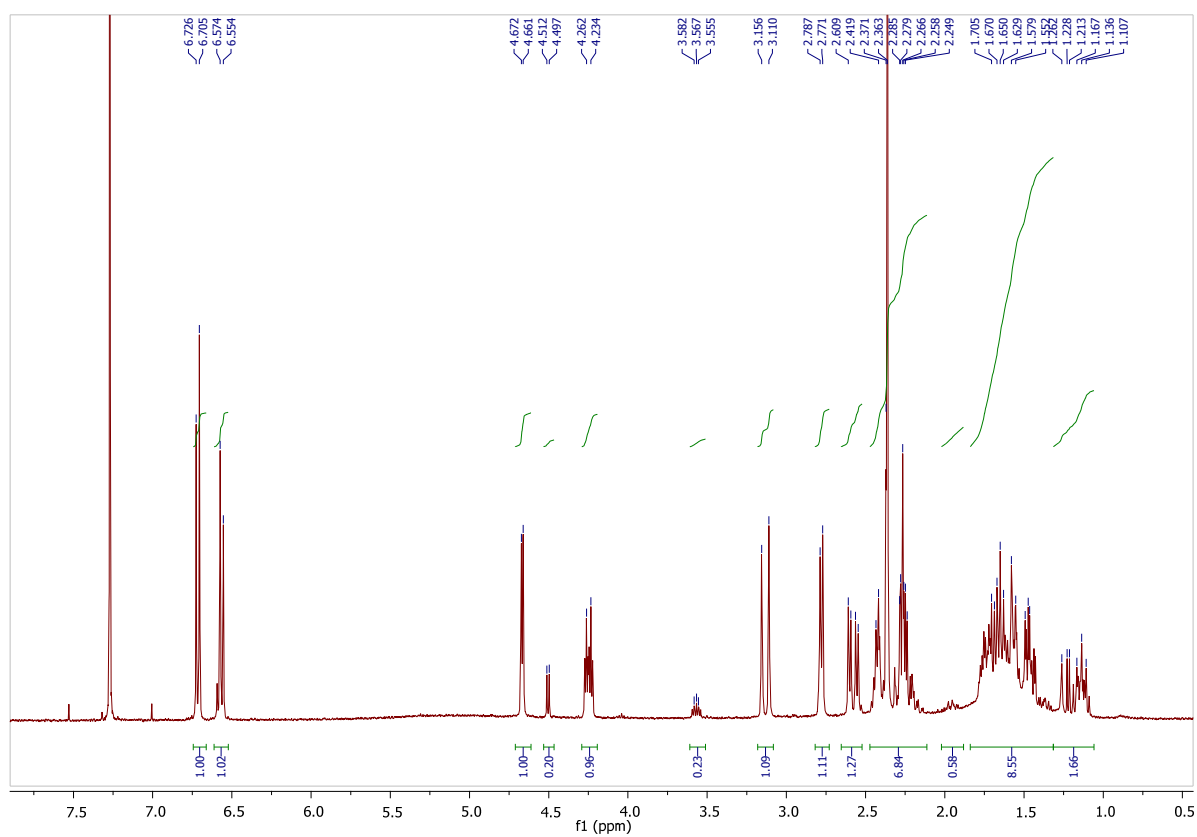
\*Prepared via oxidation of *N*-nororipavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

**Figure 28.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of Crude 14-Hydroxy-*N*-normorphinone Hydrochloride (**13**·HCl)\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



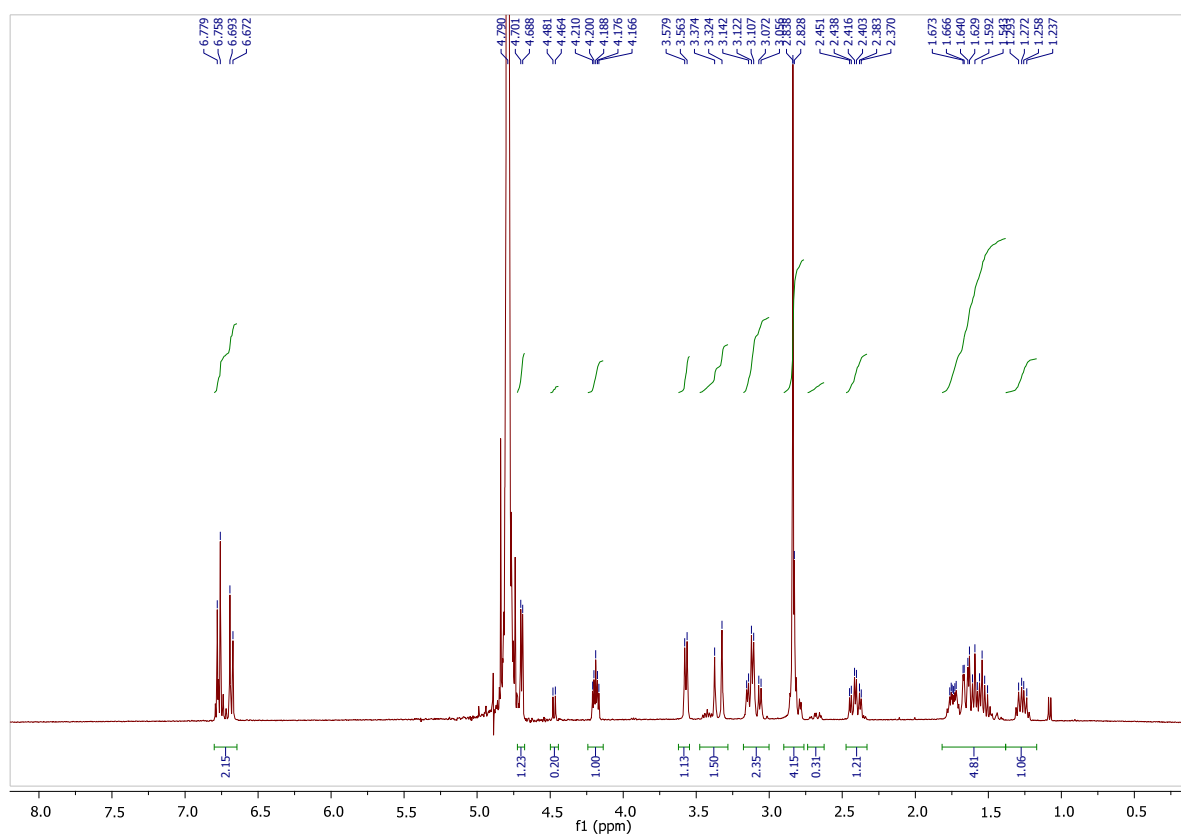
\*Prepared via oxidation of *N*-nororipavine hydrochloride with *m*-CPBA in 10% HOAc

**Figure 29.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxymorfol (**17**)\* in  $\text{CDCl}_3$



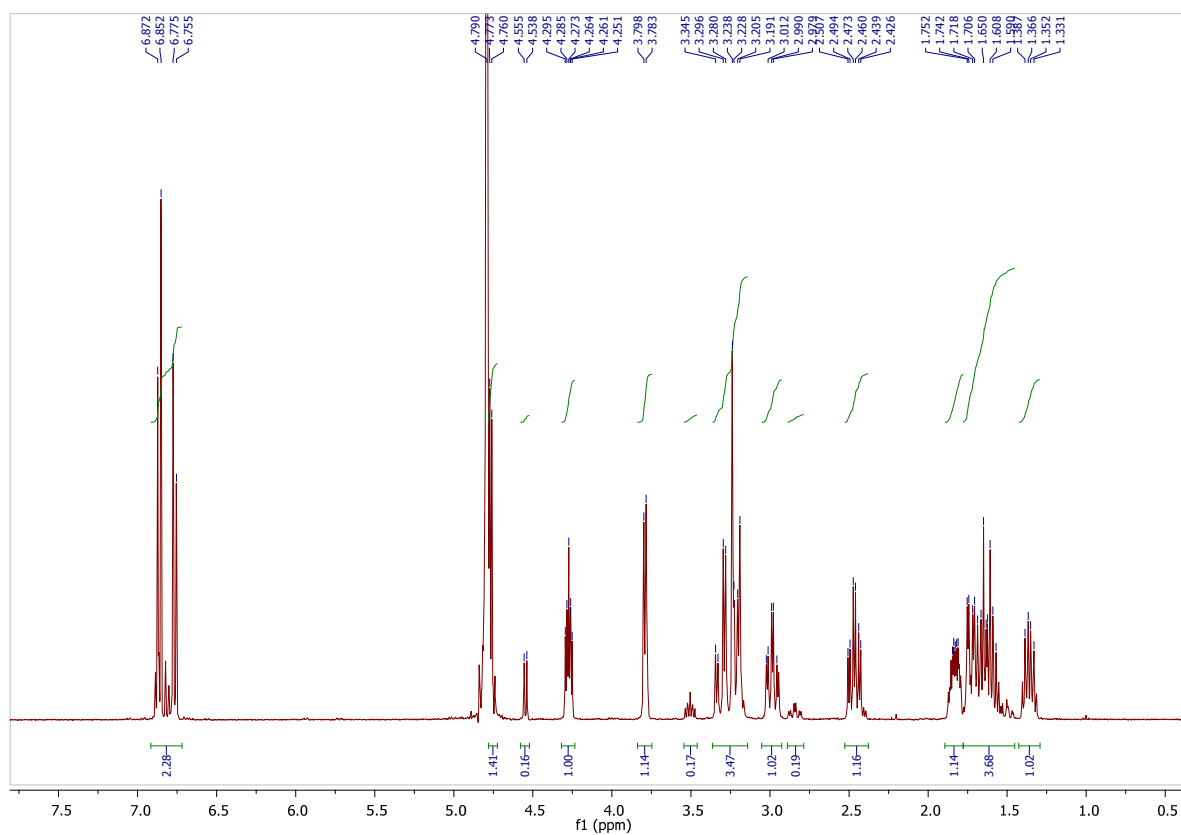
\*Ratio of 6-epimers:  $\alpha:\beta \sim 5:1$

**Figure 30.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude Oxymorfol (**17**)\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}+\text{HCl}$



\*Ratio of 6-epimers:  $\alpha:\beta \sim 5:1$

**Figure 31.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of Crude *N*-Noroxymorphol Hydrochloride (**18**)\* in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$



\*Ratio of 6-epimers:  $\alpha:\beta \sim 14:1$



## References

- [1] Hauser, F. M.; Chen, T.-K.; Carroll, F. I. *J. Med. Chem.* **1974**, *17*, 1117.
- [2] Caldwell, G. W.; Gauthier, A. D.; Villani, F. J.; Maryanoff, C. A.; Leo, G. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1991**, *32*, 3763.