Electronic Supplementary Information

Pulsed Nd:YAG laser induced high throughput stereospecific [2+2] cycloaddition of highly organized 1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene in a supramolecular scaffold

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Figures, Tables, and Schemes



Figure S1. The absorption spectrum of *rctt*-tpcb (3.6 mM) in CH₃CN recorded using a quartz cuvette with 1 mm optical path length.

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Figure S2. ORTEP diagrams of *rctt*-tpcb showing the atom-numbering scheme (a), and a unit cell packing (b), with thermal ellipsoids drawn at the 50 % probability level. H atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined as a riding model.

N1	-	C1	1.340(2)
C7	-	C10	1.499(2)
C9	-	C10	1.390(2)
C10	-	C11	1.392(2)
N2	-	C12	1.339(2)
C11	-	C12	1.392(2)
C1	-	C2	1.386(2)
C2	-	C3	1.396(2)
C3	-	C4	1.395(2)
N1	-	C5	1.339(2)
C4	-	C5	1.390(2)
C3	-	C6	1.5082(19)
C6	-	C6 ⁱ	1.569(3)
C6	-	C7	1.574(2)
C7	-	C7 ⁱ	1.542(3)
N2	-	C8	1.346(2)
C8	-	C9	1.386(2)
i) 1.5-x	1	5-v z	

Table S1. Selected bond lengths (Å) of *rctt*-tpcb.

1) 1.5-x, 1.5-y,

Table S2. Selected bond angles (°) of *rctt*-tpcb.

C5	-	N1	-	C1	115.68(14)
C8	-	C9	-	C10	119.87(15)
C12	-	C11	-	C10	119.19(14)
C9	-	C10	-	C11	116.93(13)
N2	-	C12	-	C11	124.31(14)
N1	-	C1	-	C2	124.32(15)
C4	-	C3	-	C2	116.31(13)
C1	-	C2	-	C3	119.73(15)
C5	-	C4	-	C3	119.69(14)
N1	-	C5	-	C4	124.24(16)
C4	-	C3	-	C6	121.08(13)
C2	-	C3	-	C6	122.60(13)
C3	-	C6	-	C6 ⁱ	114.14(14)
C10	-	C7	-	C6	120.04(12)
C7	-	C7 ⁱ	-	C6	89.67(7)
C3	-	C6	-	C7	117.48(12)
C6	-	C6 ⁱ	-	C7	88.69(7)
C10	-	C7	-	C7 ⁱ	121.49(13)
C9	-	C10	-	C7	119.79(13)
C11	-	C10	-	C7	123.23(13)
C12	-	N2	-	C8	115.90(13)
N2	-	C8	-	C9	123.76(15)

i) 1.5-x, 1.5-y, z



Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectrum of an authentic sample of *rctt*-tpcb before (top) and after (bottom) irradiated at 266 nm in CD₃CN/D₂O (50 v/v%). Solvent peaks are denoted by the asterisk.

(a)



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum of the reaction solution (CD₃CN/D₂O (50 v/v%)) before (a) and after (b) irradiated by 266 nm Nd:YAG laser pulse, and after irradiated by 355 nm laser pulse (c). Solvent peaks are denoted by the asterisk.

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Ext. wavelength	trans-bpe (%)	cis-bpe (%)	rctt-tpcb (%)	rtct-tpcb (%)				
355 nm	6	4	77	13				
266 nm	98	1	1	0				

Table S3. Comparison of the product ratio excited by 3rd and 4th harmonic generation Nd:YAG laser pulse.



Scheme S1. Schematic representation of relationship between two patterns of symmetric *rctt*-tpcb ring cleavage and the resulting geometries of bpe isomers: Cleavage along the dotted line **A** and **B** yield two *trans*-bpe and two *cis*-bpe, respectively. Py = pyridyl ring.