Supplementary Information

A highly sensitive and selective fluorescent sensor for Al³⁺ ions based on thiophene 2-carboxylic acid hydrazide Schiff base

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Figure 1: IR spectra of THN.

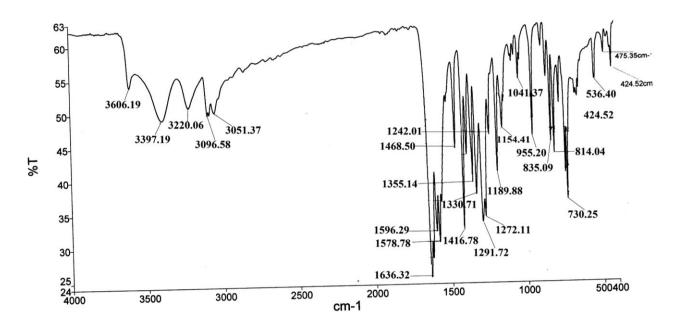


Figure 2: ¹H NMR spectra of THN in DMSO-d₆.

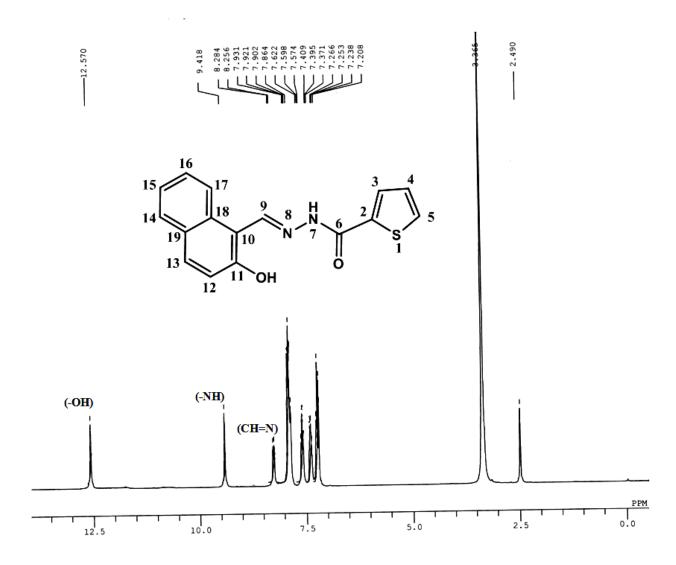


Figure 3: ¹³C NMR spectra of THN in DMSO-d₆.

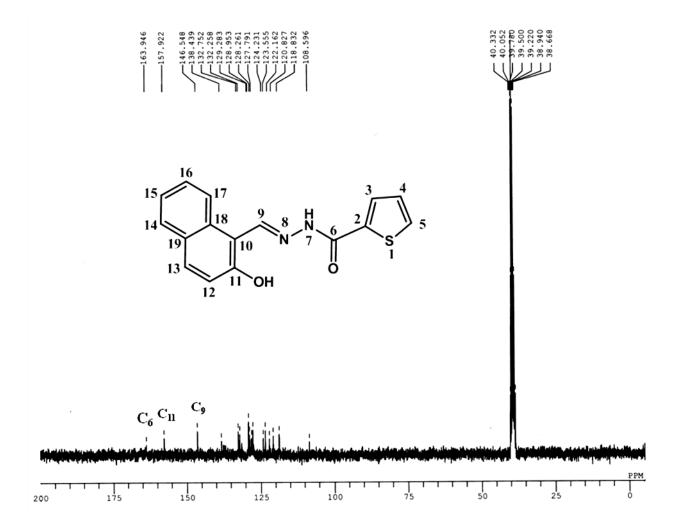


Figure 4: Mass spectra of THN.

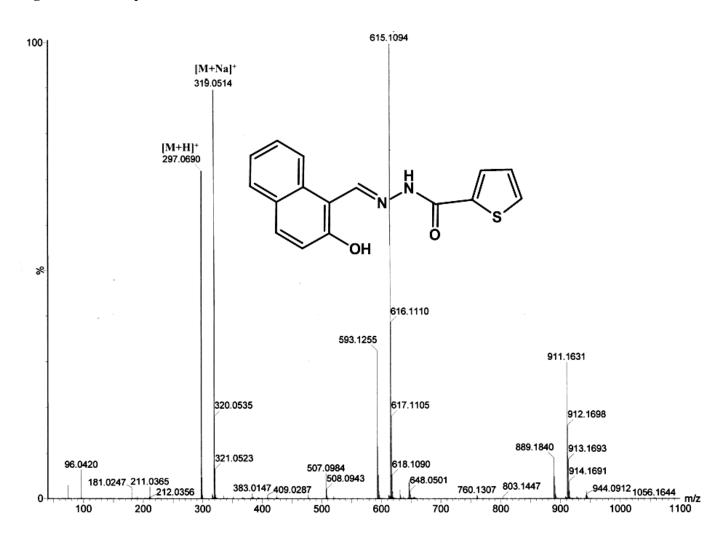


Figure 5: Effect of addition of various metal ions (1 equivalent) on the UV-visible spectra of 20 μ M EtOH–H₂O (1: 4 v/v) solution of THN.

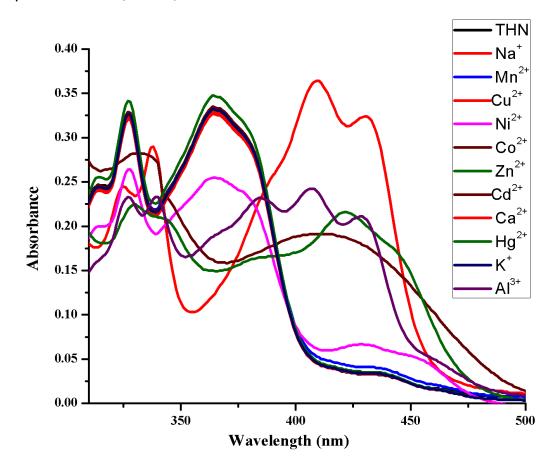


Figure 6: Colorimetric change in receptor THN upon addition of 2 equivalents of Al^{3+} in EtOH– H_2O (1: 4 v/v) solution.

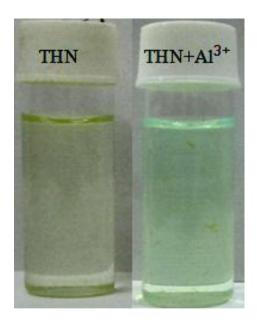


Figure 7: Bensei-Hildebrand plot for THN with Al^{3+} , considering the 1:1 complexation. The goodness of the fit is shown by the R^2 value.

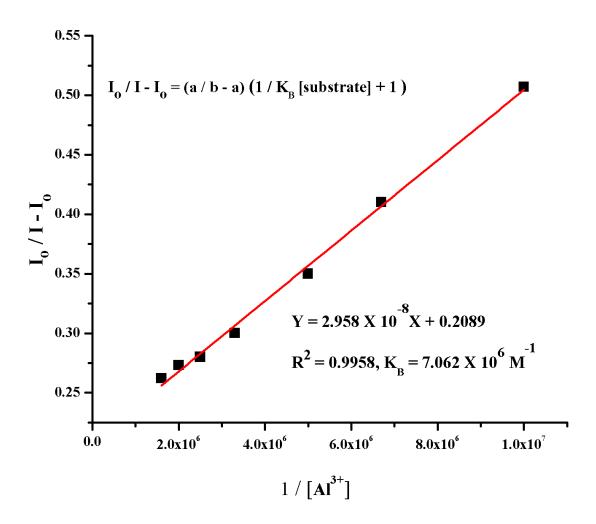


Figure 8: Fluorescence intensity at 476 nm for THN (0.5 μ M) in EtOH–H₂O (1: 4 v/v) solution as a function of the concentration of Al³⁺. The excitation wavelength for the complex was 407 nm (R² = 0.9703, linear range = 9.9 x 10⁻⁹–1.98 x 10⁻⁷).

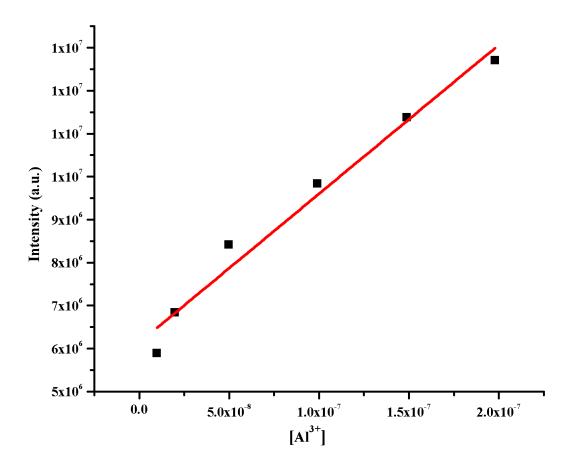


Figure 9: IR spectra of THN-Al³⁺ complex.

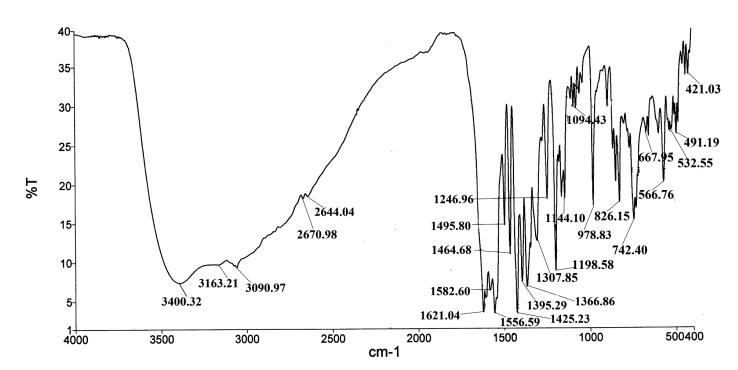


Figure 10: Mass spectra of THN-Al³⁺ complex.

