## **Supporting Information**

## for

## A Simple Sensitive ESIPT On-Off Fluorescent Sensor for Selective Detection of Al<sup>3+</sup> in Water

Junfeng Wang,<sup>a</sup> Yi Pang<sup>a,b</sup>\*

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemistry & <sup>b</sup> Maurice Morton Institute of Polymer Science, The University of Akron, Akron, Ohio 44325 U.S.A; E-mail: yp5@Uakron.edu

## Synthesis of Dye 1



Scheme S1. Synthesis of Dye 1

Acethydrazide A (150 mg, 2.03 mmol) and 2-hydroxybenzaldehyde B (245 mg, 2.01 mmol) were dissolved in MeOH (5.0 mL), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 2 hours. The resulting mixture was cooled down and the precipitate was collected by simple filtration to afford dye 1 in over 90% yield as needle-like crystals. The dye 1 could exist in the rotamers 1a and 1b.

<u>Isomer 1a</u>: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): 11.58 (1H, s), 11.18 (1H, s), 8.33 (1H, s, -CH=N-), 7.48 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.27 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.90 (2H, m), 1.97 (3H, s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): 165.4, 157.3, 146.4, 131.1, 129.5, 119.4, 119.2, 116.3, 21.3. HRMS Cal. C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 179.0821: found M+H<sup>+</sup> 179.1028; M+Na<sup>+</sup> C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Na Cal. 201.0640, found 201.0802.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): 8.31 (1H, s), 7.43 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.34 (1H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 6.97 (2H, m), 2.13 (3H, s).

<u>Isomer 1b</u>: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): 11.20 (1H, s), 11.10 (1H, s), 8.26 (1H, s, –CH=N–), 7.61 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.23 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 6.84 (2H, m), 2.17 (3H, s);

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): 171.4, 156.3, 140.9, 130.8, 126.8, 119.9, 118.5, 116.1, 20.3.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): 8.22 (1H, s), 7.47 (1H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.34 (1H, t, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 6.94 (2H, m), 2.34 (3H, s).



Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of dye **1** in deuterated Methanol and DMSO. The isomer ratio of **1a:1b** is dependent on the solvent.



Figure S2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR of dye 1 in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR of dye **1** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

Std Carbon experiment Sample: good-8 File: home/jw140/Good-8C.fid Pulse Sequence: s2pul



Figure S4. <sup>13</sup>C NMR of dye **1** in DMSO- $d_6$ 



Figure S5. (a) HRMS of dye 1 and "dye  $1 + Al^{3+}$ . (b) Experimental mass spectrum of the complex "dye  $1+Al^{3+}$ " matches the calculated pattern.



**Figure S6a:** Fluorescent images of  $Al^{3+}$  in Zebrafish at 96 hours post fertilization (hpf). (a) zebrafish exposed to dye **1** only in the fish tank at the concentration of 10  $\mu$ M for 2 hours; (b) zebrafish exposed to 10  $\mu$ M dye **1** and  $Al^{3+}$  for 2 hours.



**Figure S6b:** Fluorescent images of  $Al^{3+}$  in Zebrafish at 96 hours post fertilization (hpf). (left) fish exposed to dye **1** only in the fish tank at the concentration of 10  $\mu$ M for 2 hours; (right) fish exposed to 10  $\mu$ M dye **1** and  $Al^{3+}$  for 2 hours. The scale bar represents 1000 $\mu$ m.



Figure S7. UV-vis spectra of **1** (20  $\mu$ M) with various metal ions (5.0 equiv.) in pure water: Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Hg<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>.



Figure S8. UV-vis spectra of  $1 (20 \mu M)$  with various metal ions (5.0 equiv.) in pure water: Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Hg<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>.



Figure S9. UV-vis spectra of 1 (20  $\mu$ M) with various metal ions (5.0 equiv.) in pure water: Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>.



Figure S10. The Job's plot examined between dye 1 and  $Al^{3+}$ .



Figure S11. UV-vis spectra of **1** (20.0  $\mu$ M) in complete water in the presence of 5.0 equiv. of Al<sup>3+</sup> and the other metal ion(s): K<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Hg<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>.



Figure S12. Fluorescence spectra of **1** (20.0  $\mu$ M) in complete water in the presence of 5.0 equiv. of Al<sup>3+</sup> and the other metal ion(s): K<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Hg<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>.





Figure S13. Fluorescent images of 1 (20.0  $\mu$ M) in complete water in the presence of 5.0 equiv. of different metal ion.



Figure S14. Crystal structure of **1a**, where hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.



**Figure S15**. Fluorescent intensity of Dye **1** (120 nM) upon addition of different concentration of  $Al^{3+}$ . The sharp signal at ~410 nm was from the scattering of water. The inset at the top shows the enlarged region for 415-525 nm.