Supporting Information

Brønsted acidic ionic liquid catalyzed tandem reaction of 4-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-quinolone with chalcone: regioselective synthesis of pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-2-ones

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EXPERIMENTAL

General: ¹H NMR (400 MHz) and ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) spectra were run in CDCl₃ & DMSO- d_6 solutions (Bruker 400). Chemical shift were recorded as δ values in parts per million (ppm), and the signals were reported as s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), m (multiplet) and coupling constants *J* were given in Hz. TLC was done on silica gel coated glass slide (Merck, Silica gel G for TLC). 4-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-quinolone was purchased from TCI and the unsaturated ketones were prepared by following literature report.

General procedure for the synthesis of α,β -unsaturated ketones:

The substituted acetophenone (0.05 mmol) and NaOH (0.01 mmol) were dissolved in 15 mL ethanol, and taken in a 50 mL round bottom of flask equipped with stirrer. The reaction was agitated at 0-5 0 C; then the aldehyde was dissolved in 10 mL ethanol and added dropwise for 30 minutes, then the reaction was allowed to continue for 5 h at room temperature. The residual mass was quenched in the ice-water mixture and neutralized with 10% HCl solution. Then chromatography separation was followed by recrystallization from 95% ethanol (rectified spirit).

General procedure for the synthesis of pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-2ones:

To a mixture of 4-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-quinolone (1 mmol) and α,β -unsaturated ketone (1 mmol), the 2 mol% acidic ionic liquid was added and the mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 6h (TLC). After completion of the reaction, water was added to the reaction mixture. Then the product was filtered off and the ionic liquid was recovered by evaporating the water. The recovered ionic liquid was reused for a subsequent fresh batch of the reaction after reactivation. The crude product was recrystallized from hot ethanol to afford the pure product.

Single crystal XRD data of 4-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl-6-methyl-2phenyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-5-one (3g):

Single crystal suitable for X-ray diffraction of (3g) was grown from ethanol. The crystals were carefully chosen using a stereo zoom microscope supported by a rotatable polarizing stage. The data was collected at room temperature on Bruker-APEX II SMART CCD diffractometer with graphite monochromated Mo-K α radiation (0.71073 Å).

Crystal data of 3g:



Molecular formula = $C_{26}H_{19}NO_4$, Formula weight = 409.43, Crystal system = Triclinic, space group = P-1, a = 7.6235(9)Å, b = 10.5395(12)Å, c = 13.1263(16)Å, V = 976.7(2)Å³, T = 296 K, Dx = 1.392g cm⁻³, Mu (Mo-K α) = 0.094mm⁻¹, 2162 reflections measured, R₁_obs = 0.0464. Crystallographic data (excluding structure factors) for **3g** have been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center as supplementary publication number CCDC 964212.



Figure 1: ORTEP view of the compound 3g.

Characterization data of compounds (3):



6-Methyl-2,4-diphenyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-5-one (3a):

Isolated yield: 81%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.32 (m, 9H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 5.86 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 152.7, 146.9, 145.0, 139.0, 133.3, 130.8, 128.9, 128.6, 128.5, 126.8, 124.7, 123.0, 122.0, 114.9, 114.1, 108.9, 103.7, 37.3, 29.5. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₅H₁₉NO₂: C, 82.17; H, 5.24; N, 3.83%; Found: C, 82.10; H, 5.18; N, 3.76%.



6-Methyl-2-phenyl-4-p-tolyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-5-one (3b):

Isolated yield: 80%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.34 (m, 7H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.1, 152.7, 146.7, 142.1, 139.0, 136.4, 133.4, 130.8, 129.3, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4, 124.7, 123.0, 122.0, 115.0, 114.1, 109.0, 103.9, 36.9, 29.5, 21.2. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₆H₂₁NO₂: C, 82.30; H, 5.58; N, 3.69%; Found: C, 82.20; H, 5.48; N, 3.66%.



2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-4-p-tolyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-5-one (3c):

Isolated yield: 79%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.26 (m, 8H), 5.74 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 152.9, 147.3, 143.9, 143.7, 139.1, 133.6, 132.5, 131.0, 129.9, 129.4, 128.6, 124.7, 123.1, 122.1, 114.9, 114.2, 108.5, 102.4, 36.8, 29.5, 21.4. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₆H₂₀ClNO₂: C, 75.45; H, 4.87; N, 3.38%; Found: C, 75.36; H, 4.78; N, 3.36%.



4-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-2-phenyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-5-one (3d):

Isolated yield: 79%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.34 (m, 7H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.84 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.1, 158.4, 152.5, 146.8, 139.0, 137.3, 133.4, 130.8, 129.6, 128.9, 128.6, 124.7, 123.0, 122.0, 115.0, 114.1, 113.9, 109.1, 103.9, 55.3, 36.4, 29.5. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₆H₂₁NO₃: C, 78.97; H, 5.35; N, 3.54%; Found: C, 78.88; H, 5.19; N, 3.46%.



4-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-2-*p*-tolyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-5-one (3e):

Isolated yield: 78%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.2, 158.4, 152.6, 146.9, 139.0, 138.9, 137.4, 130.8, 130.7, 129.6, 129.3, 124.6, 123.0, 122.0, 115.0, 114.1, 113.9, 109.2, 103.0, 55.3, 36.4, 29.5, 21.4. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₇H₂₃NO₃: C, 79.20; H, 5.66; N, 3.42%; Found: C, 79.12; H, 5.51; N, 3.35%.



2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-5one (3f):

Isolated yield: 80%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.17 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64-7.60 (M, 1H), 7.43-7.34 (m, 6H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.82 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 158.5, 152.4, 145.9, 139.0, 137.0, 134.7, 131.9, 130.9, 129.5, 128.8, 126.0, 122.9, 122.1, 114.8, 114.2,

114.0, 109.1, 104.4, 55.3, 36.4, 29.5. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₆H₂₀ClNO₃: C, 72.64; H, 4.69; N, 3.26%; Found: C, 72.51; H, 4.50; N, 3.16%.



4-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl-6-methyl-2-phenyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-5-one (3g):

Isolated yield: 86%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.34 (m, 5H), 6.94-6.91 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (s, 2H), 5.81 (d *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H). 4.77 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.1, 152.7, 147.8, 146.8, 146.4, 139.2, 139.0, 133.3, 130.9, 129.0, 128.6, 124.7, 123.0, 122.1, 121.6, 114.9, 114.1, 109.0, 108.8, 108.3, 103.8, 101.0, 36.9, 29.5. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₆H₁₉NO₄: C, 76.27; H, 4.68; N, 3.42%; Found: C, 76.20; H, 4.59; N, 3.35%.



6-Methyl-4-(3-nitro-phenyl)-2-phenyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-5-one (3h):

Isolated yield: 84%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.25-8.22 (m, 2H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.78 (m, 3H), 7.68-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.28 (m, 6H), 5.77 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.8, 153.3, 148.6, 147.6, 147.2, 139.2, 134.8, 132.9, 131.4, 129.4, 129.3, 128.7, 124.8, 123.4, 123.2, 122.3, 122.0, 114.6, 114.3, 107.5, 102.3, 37.3, 29.6. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₅H₁₈N₂O₄: C, 73.16; H, 4.42; N, 6.83%; Found: C, 73.11; H, 4.31; N, 6.74%.



2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-4-phenyl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-c]quinolin-5-one (3i):

Isolated yield: 82%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.35 (m, 7H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.79 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 152.8, 147.1, 143.5, 139.1, 133.2, 132.6, 131.1, 129.9, 129.1, 128.7, 124.8, 123.1, 122.1, 114.8, 114.2, 108.5, 103.2, 36.8, 29.5. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₅H₁₈ClNO₂: C, 75.09; H, 4.54; N, 3.50%; Found: C, 74.98; H, 4.43; N, 3.43%.



Benzoic acid 4-(6-methyl-5-oxo-4-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-2-yl)phenyl ester (3j):

Isolated yield: 83%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.26-8.15 (m, 3H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.79-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.17 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃ + DMSO-*d*₆): δ 164.4, 160.6, 152.0, 150.9, 145.2, 144.8, 138.6, 134.0, 131.2, 130.2, 129.8, 128.9, 128.7, 128.2, 128.0, 126.4, 125.6, 122.4, 122.2, 114.7, 113.7, 107.9, 103.8,

36.34, 29.1. Anal. Calcd. For C₃₂H₂₃NO₄: C, 79.16; H, 4.77; N, 2.88%; Found: C, 79.08; H, 4.62; N, 2.77%.



6-Methyl-4-phenyl-2-thiophen-2-yl-4,6-dihydro-pyrano[3,2-*c*]quinolin-5-one (3k):

Isolated yield: 70%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H),7.49-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.23-7.07 (m, 6H), 6.68-6.96 (m, 1H), 5.62 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.9, 152.5, 144.7, 143.0, 139.0, 136.9, 130.9, 128.5, 128.2, 127.6, 126.9, 125.5, 123.9, 123.0, 122.0, 114.6, 114.0, 108.8, 102.7, 37.1, 29.5. Anal. Calcd. For C₂₃H₁₇NO₂S: C, 74.37; H, 4.61; N, 3.77%; Found: C, 74.29; H, 4.55; N, 3.68%.

E-factor Calculations¹

Table 1 Tandem reaction between 4-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-quinolone and chalcones: E-factorvalue for this protocol. a

Entr y	4-hydroxy-1- methyl-2- quinolone (mmol)	Chalcones (mmol)	Product	Isolated yield (%) ^b	Time (h)	E factor (kg waste/kg product) ^c
1	1	Chalcone (1)	3a	81	6	0.29
2	1	Chalcone (1)	3f	80	6	0.30

^{*a*} All reactions are performed with acidic ionic liquid (2 mol%) at110 °C under solvent free conditions.

^b Isolated yields.

^c Exclusion of ethyl acetate used for work up procedure, exclusion of the amount of the acidic ionic liquid used, and exclusion of ingredients used for chromatography.

Note (Regarding Table 1, SI): When the Authors have not reported the amount of solvent used in the work-up procedure, we have not accounted for solvent and considered that solvent can be recovered. By considering the acidic ionic liquid catalyst is recyclable and hence, waste is essentially eliminated.

For Entry 1, Table1 (SI)

E = [0.175 g (4-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-quinolone) + 0.208 g (chalcone) - 0.296 g (product× yield)] / 0.296 g= 0.29

For Entry 2, Table1 (SI)

E = [0.175 g (4-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-quinolone) + 0.272 g (chalcone) - 0.343 g (product× yield)] / 0.343 g= 0.30

References:

1 A. Kamal, V. Srinivasulu, B. N. Seshadri, N. Markandeya, A. Alarifi and N. Shankaraiah, *Green Chem.*, 2012, **14**, 2513.







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