Electronic Supplementary information

Solid-state phase transformation mechanism from hexagonal GdPO₄:Eu³⁺ nanorods to the monoclinic nanoparticles

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Fig. S1 The *In-situ* XRD measurement of GdPO₄:Eu³⁺ nanorods at different heating temperature in the 2 theta range of 25- 35°: (a) as-prepared, (b) 500 °C, (c) 700 °C, (d) 800 °C, and (e) 900 °C, respectively.



Fig. S2 Magnified the *In-situ* TEM images with heating GdPO₄:Eu³⁺ nanorods at different temperatures: (a) 500 °C, (b) 700 °C, (c) 800 °C, and (d) 870 °C, respectively.



Fig. S3 SAED patterns with corresponding TEM images of GdPO₄:Eu³⁺ sample with added *hkl* indices, measured at various heating temperature: (a) at room temperature, (b) at 700°C which are similar to SAED of the hexagonal structure, (c) at 800 °C which are similar to SAED of the monoclinic structure, and (d) at 870 C.



Fig. S4 TEM images and XRD patterns of sample prepared by calcinating the as-prepared nanorods at different temperature, seperately, (a) TEM images of as-prepared GdPO₄:Eu³⁺ nanorods, (b) calcined at 300°C, (c) 500°C, (d) 700°C, (e) 800°C, (f) 900°C, and (g) XRD patterns of them.



Fig. S5 Normalized PL emission spectra in the range of 575- 635 nm under the excitation of wavelength 254 nm in order to investigate the orange-red emission in detail, originated from the transition of Eu^{3+} ions $4f^6-4f^6$ (${}^5D_{0\rightarrow}$ 7F_1) and (${}^5D_{0\rightarrow}$ 7F_2), respectively; A1 and A1 denoted the integrated areas for each transition.

Table 1. Asymmetric ratio of ${}^{5}D_{0\rightarrow} {}^{7}F_{2}$ to ${}^{5}D_{0\rightarrow} {}^{7}F_{1}$ with a function of calcination temperature from the room temperature to 900 °C.

Temperature	Integrated area (⁵ D ₀ → ⁷ F ₁ :A ₁)	Integrated area (⁵ D ₀ → ⁷ F ₂ : A ₂)	Asymmetric ratio (I _{AS} =A ₂ /A ₁)
as-prepared	11.66	11.40	0.98
500 °C	12.20	15.19	1.24
700 °C	9.41	8.13	0.86
800 °C	8.75	6.99	0.80
900 °C	8.23	5.81	0.70



Fig. S6 Magnetization curve of as-prepared GdPO₄: Eu^{3+} nanorods (solid) and GdPO₄: Eu^{3+} nanoparticles (dotted) as a function of applied magnetic field at 300 K.



Fig. S7 EDS spectra of (a) as-prepared GdPO₄: Eu^{3+} nanorods and (b) GdPO₄: Eu^{3+} nanoparticles calcined at 900 °C.