## Supplementary data

## A facile approach for carburization of anodically grown titania nanotubes: towards metallization of nanotubes

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**Fig. S1:** Zoomed (zoomed of Fig. 3b) Ti 2p XPS spectra of  $TiO_2$  nanotubes (TNTs) sample before and after carburization at 650 °C for 6h.

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Fig. S2: C1S XPS spectrum of TiO<sub>2</sub> nanotubes before and after carburization at 650 °C for 6h.



**Fig. S3:** (a) photo of  $TiO_2$  nanotubes sample annealed at 650 °C for 6h inside the autogenic pressure reactor (Fig. 1a) without filling argon gas. SEM top (b) and cross-sectional (c) views of the same sample showing the collapsing of the nanotubes.



**Fig. S4:** XRD patterns (a) and SAED patterns of the carburized (650 °C, 6h)  $TiO_2$  nanotube showing the presence of reduced oxides of Ti, e.g.,  $Ti_5O_9$  or  $Ti_7O_{13}$ .



Fig. S5: TEM view of a single carburized  $TiO_2$  nanotube (a, b) and the EDX spectra of the same nanotubes (c, d).



**Fig. S6:** EIS Nyquist plot of TiO<sub>2</sub> nanotube (TNTs), carburized (650 °C, 6h) TNTs, and Pt electrodes in a solution of 5 mM K<sub>4</sub>[Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>] in 0.1 M KNO<sub>3</sub> at peak current potential of CV, i.e., 0.38 V vs AgCl, frequency range:  $10^{6}$  Hz– $10^{-2}$  Hz.



**Fig. 7:** Polarization curves of the Pt, carburized TNTs, and TNTs electrodes in  $1M H_2SO_4$  exhibiting different overpotentials for  $O_2$  evolution.