Synthesis, structures, surface photovoltage and luminescent properties

of two new nickel(II) carboxyphosphonates with a 3D framework

structure

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Supplementary Materials



Fig. S1 The simulated XRD pattern of compound 1 (down) and experimental powder XRD pattern of compound 1 (up)



Fig. S2 The simulated XRD pattern of compound 2 (down) and experimental powder XRD pattern of compound 2 (up)



Fig. S3 The IR spectrum of compound 1.





Fig. S4 The IR spectrum of compound 2.

Fig. S5 The TG curve of compound 1.



Fig. S6 The TG curve of compound 2.

Fig. S7 The X-ray powder diffraction pattern of the final product in the thermal decomposition for compound 1. The final product is Ni₂P₂O₇ (JCPDS 01–074–1604).



Fig. S8 The X-ray powder final product in for compound 2. Ni₂P₂O₇ (JCPDS 01–074–1604).

diffraction pattern of the the thermal decomposition The final product is



Fig. S9 Solid-state emission spectrum of 4,4'-bipy at room temperature.



Fig. S10 Solid–state emission spectrum of H_5L at room temperature.

 Table
 S1
 Selected
 bond
 angles
 (°)
 for compounds 1 and 2

Compound **1** O(4)–Ni(1)–O(1) O(4)–Ni(1)–O(3)#1

91.18(13) 178.45(13)

O(9)-Ni(2)-O(10)#3 O(2)-Ni(2)-O(10)

90.67(14) 87.69(12)

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O(8)#2-Ni(2)-N(3)	95.9	P(2)–O(4)–Ni(1)	114.5(3)	
N(3)#2-Ni(2)-N(3)	179.75(10)			

^a Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1 - x + 1/2, -y + 3/2, -z; #2 - x + 1/2, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2; #3 - x + 1/2, -y + 1/2, -z; #4 - x + 1/2, y + 1/2, -z + 1/2 for 1; #1 - x + 1/2, y + 1/2, -z + 1/2; #2 - x, y, -z + 1/2; #3 - x + 1/2, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2 for 2.