

Morphology and wettability control of honeycomb porous films of amphiphilic fluorinated pentablock copolymers via breath figure method

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Materials

Poly (ethylene glycol) (PEG₂₀₀₀) and Trifluoroethyl methacrylate (TFEMA) were purchased from Aldrich, Methyl methacrylate (MMA), Triethylamine (TEA) and CuCl were purified according to the method reported in preceding studies.¹ The chemical reagents, 2-bromopropionyl bromide(2-BPB), N, N, N', N', N"-pentamethyldiethylenetriamine (PMDETA), 4-dimethylamiopyridine (DMAP), were used as received without purification. Solvents were dried by standard process.

Polymerization Process

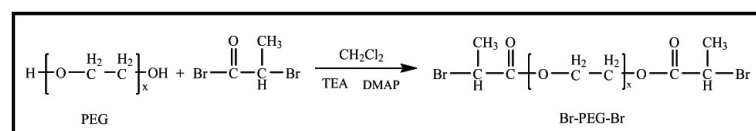


Figure S1. The process for synthesis of Br-PEG-Br.

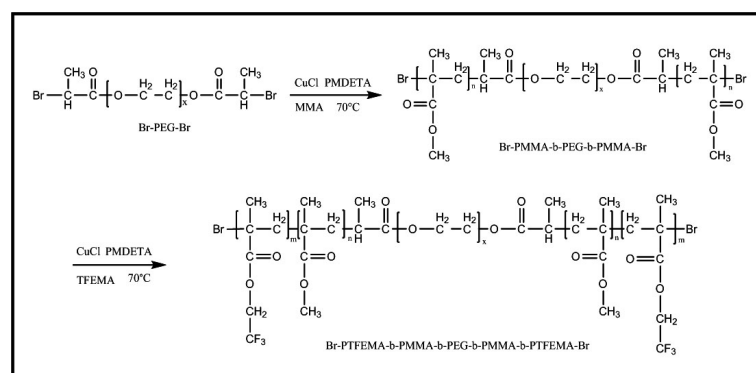


Figure S2. The process for synthesis of PTFEMA-b-PMMA-b-PEG-b-PMMA-b-PTFEMA pentablock copolymer.

Results

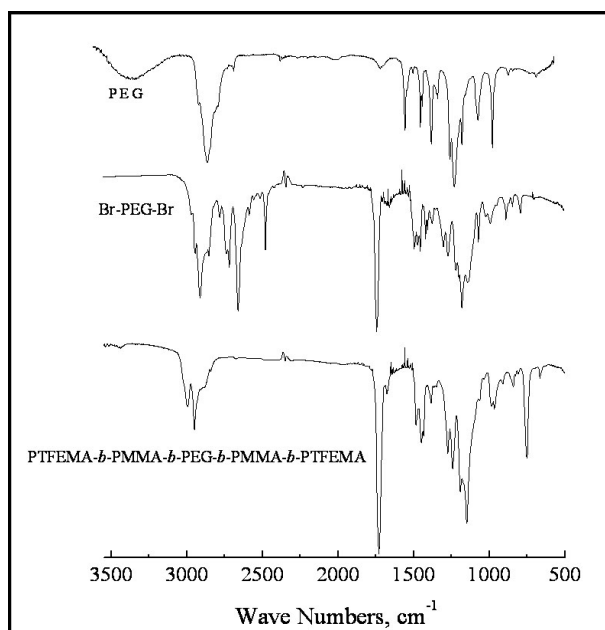


Figure S3. The FTIR spectra of the PEG, Br-PEG-Br and the pentablock copolymer.

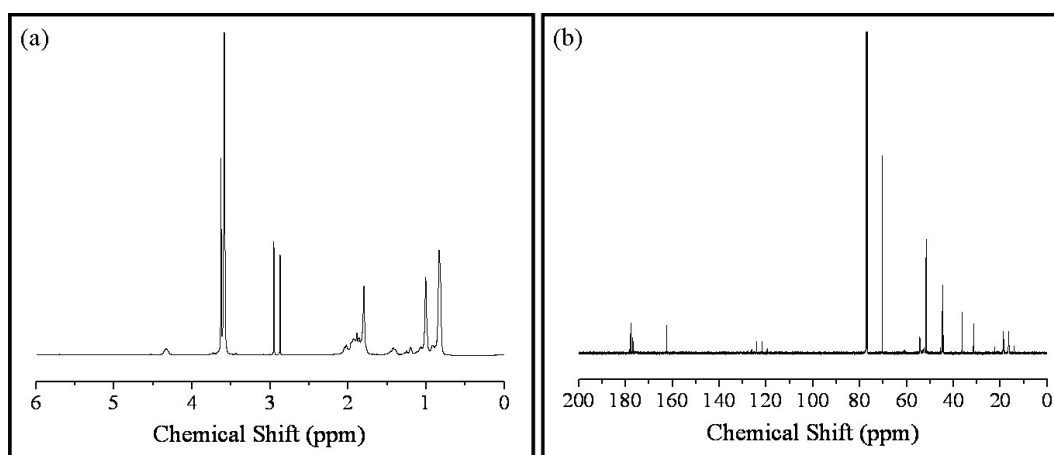


Figure S4. Spectra of the pentablock copolymers measured in CHCl₃. (a) ¹H NMR, (b) ¹³C NMR

Reference

1. Chen, W.-H.; Liaw, D.-J.; Wang, K.-L.; Lee, K.-R.; Lai, J.-Y. *Polymer* 2009, 50, (22), 5211-5219.