Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI):

A facile template-free approach for the solid-phase synthesis of CoS₂ nanocrystals and their enhanced storage energy in supercapacitor

Ying Ji, Xiaoyang Liu*, Wei Liu, Ying Wang, Hongdan Zhang, Min Yang, Xiaofeng

Wang, Xudong Zhao and Shouhua Feng

State Key Laboratory of Inorganic Synthesis and Preparative Chemistry, College of Chemistry, Jilin University, 2699 Qianjin Street, Changchun 130012, P. R. China.

E-mail: <u>liuxy@jlu.edu.cn</u> (Xiaoyang Liu)

Fax: (+86) 431-85168316; Tel: (+86) 431-85168316

Electrochemical Tests. For the electrochemistry tests, a three-electrode system was used. Hg/HgO electrode was employed as the reference electrode. A Pt plate was used as the counter electrode. The working electrode was fabricated by mixing the assynthesized CoS_2 NCs (70 wt %), acetylene black (25 wt %) and poly (tetrafluorene ethylene) binder (5 wt %). The mixture was pressed on to nickel foam current-collectors to produce the electrode. The electric capacity properties of CoS_2 NCs were evaluated using cyclic voltammogram and galvanostatic charge-discharge methods (CHI 660C electrochemical analyzer, CH Instruments).

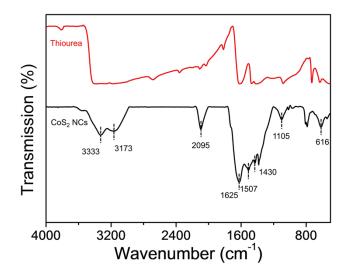


Figure S1. FT-IR spectrum of thiourea (up) and the CoS_2 at 4 h (down).

Figure S2. TGA curve of the CoS_2 in N_2 with a temperature ramp of 5 °C min⁻¹.

Figure S3. Charge-discharge behavior of a CoS_2 prepared at 4 h and 24 h.

Figure S4. The CV curves of electrodes fabricated from CoS_2 at 24 h (electrolyte: 2 M KOH) at various scan rates: 5, 10, and 50 mV s⁻¹.