Supplementary Information for:

Charge-transfer metal-organic frameworks based on CuCN architecture units: crystal structures, luminescence properties and theoretical investigations

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$$Cu^{2+} + [Fe(CN)_6]^{4-} \rightarrow [Fe(CN)_6]^{3-} + Cu^+$$

nCu⁺ + nCN⁻ + mL → [(CuCN)_nL_m] (L =bix, bmimb, bimb)
(1, n = 4, m = 2; 2, 3, n=2, m = 1; 4, n=3, m = 1)

Scheme S1. A reasonable mechanism under the solvothermal condition



Fig. S1 View of the 3D framework of complex 1 along the *b*-axis, H-atoms have been omitted for clarity.



Fig. S2 View of the 3D framework of complex **2** along the [101] direction, H-atoms have been omitted for clarity.



Fig. S3 View of the 3D framework of complex **3** along the *a*-axis, H-atoms have been omitted for clarity.



Fig. S4 View of the 3D supramolecular framework of complex **4** along the [110] direction, H-atoms have been omitted for clarity.



Fig. S5 Thermogravimetry curves for 1-4



Fig. S6 Calculation models of 1-4.







LUMO







LUMO





номо



LUMO+1



4

1

Fig. S7 Frontier molecular orbitals of **1-4** for the ground state geometry in the gas phase.