Electronic Supplementary Information

Effect of alkaline electrolytes on the charge storage capacity and morphology of porous layered double cobalt hydroxide-coated graphene supercapacitor electrodes

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1. Results



Fig. S1. A SEM image of rGO sheets coated on carbon fiber paper.



Fig. S2. Photographs of (a) as-electrodeposited and (b) as-scrapped α -Co(OH)₂.



Fig. S3. Low-magnification SEM images of as-electrodeposited α -Co(OH)₂ on rGO/CFP electrodes using a chronoamperometry at -0.5 V vs. Ag/AgCl for (a) 1 min, (b) 2 min, (c) 5 min, (d) 10 min, (e) 20 min, and (f) 40 min.



Fig. S4. TGA and its derivative pattern of the as-scrapped α -Co(OH)₂ carried out in the temperature range 30-350 °C in O₂ gas



Fig. S5. SEM images of α -Co(OH)₂/rGO/CFP electrodes produced for 10 min after tested in (a) 1 M, (b) 2 M, (c) 3 M, (d) 4 M, (e) 5 M, and (f) 6 M NaOH.



Fig. S6. SEM images of α -Co(OH)₂/rGO/CFP electrodes produced for 10 min after tested in (a) 1 M, (b) 2 M, (c) 3 M, (d) 4 M, (e) 5 M, and (f) 6 M KOH.



Fig. S7. Galvanostatic charge-discharge curves of 10-min α -Co(OH)₂/rGO/CFP electrode in 1 M NaOH at 1.8 A/g over 5000 cycles.