

Electronic Supplementary Information

Effect of methoxy group instead of polar group in the nematic phase of four-ring bent-core liquid crystals

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1 Procedure for the Synthesis of the compounds GK1 and GK2

(4'-methoxy phenyl azo) phenyl-4-yl 3-[N-(4'-n-heptyloxy-2-hydroxybenzylidene) amino]-2-methyl benzoate (GK1): 2-Methyl-3-N-(4-n-butyloxy-2-hydroxybenzylidene) amino benzoic acid (0.65g, 2mmol) and 4-hydroxy-4'-methoxy azobenzene (0.456g, 2mmol) were dissolved in dry dichloromethane (DCM) (50ml) and catalytic amount of 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (4mg,0.02mmol) was added to the solution. A solution of N, N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide DCC (0.49g, 2.4mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was stirred for 48 h under inert atmosphere at room temperature. The precipitate of N, N'-dicyclohexylurea was removed by filtration and the solvent DCM was evaporated to get crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (60-120 mesh) with hexane/chloroform (9:1) as eluents. The yellow solid was recrystallized several times from absolute ethanol to get the pure product. Yellow solid, Yield: 0.81 g (69.9%). IR ν_{\max} in cm^{-1} : 3194($\nu_{\text{O-H}}$, H-bonded), 1730 ($\nu_{\text{C=O}}$, ester), 1604 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$, imine). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): (δ_{H}), 13.35 (s, 1H, -OH), 8.35 (s, 1H, -CH=N-), 7.91 (dd, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 7.87 (dd, 2H, J = 1.6 Hz, 6.8 Hz, ArH), 7.84 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.32 (t, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz, ArH), 7.30 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.29 (dd, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.24 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 6.95 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 6.51 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 6.8 Hz, ArH), 3.98 (t, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz, -OCH₂-), 3.84 (s, 3H, -OCH₃-), 2.61 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 1.75 (q, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz, -CH₂-), 1.40-1.28 (m, 8H, -(CH₂)₄-), 0.87 (t, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz, -CH₃). Elemental Analysis calculated for C₃₅H₃₇N₃O₄: C, 72.52; H, 6.43; N, 7.25 % Found: C, 72.89; H, 6.39; N, 7.64%.

(4'-methoxy phenyl azo) phenyl-4-yl 3-[N-(4'-n-octyloxy-2-hydroxybenzylidene)amino]-2-methyl benzoate (GK2): Yellow solid, Yield: 0.84 g (70.8%). IR ν_{\max} in cm^{-1} : 3192 ($\nu_{\text{O-H}}$, H-bonded), 1730 ($\nu_{\text{C=O}}$, ester), 1604 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$, imine). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): (δ_{H}), 13.41 (s, 1H, -OH), 8.38 (s, 1H, -CH=N-), 7.91 (dd, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 7.87 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, 6.8 Hz, ArH), 7.85 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.32 (t, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.30 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.29 (dd, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 7.02 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 6.95 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 6.53 (dd, 2H, J = 2.0 Hz, J = 6.8 Hz, ArH), 3.98 (t, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz, -OCH₂-), 3.84 (s, 3H, -OCH₃-), 2.65 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 1.75-1.29 (m, 10H, -(CH₂)₆-), 0.89 (t, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz, -CH₃). Elemental Analysis calculated for C₃₆H₃₉N₃O₄: C, 72.83; H, 6.62; N, 7.08 % Found: C, 72.96; H, 6.54; N, 7.33%.

2 Additional textures

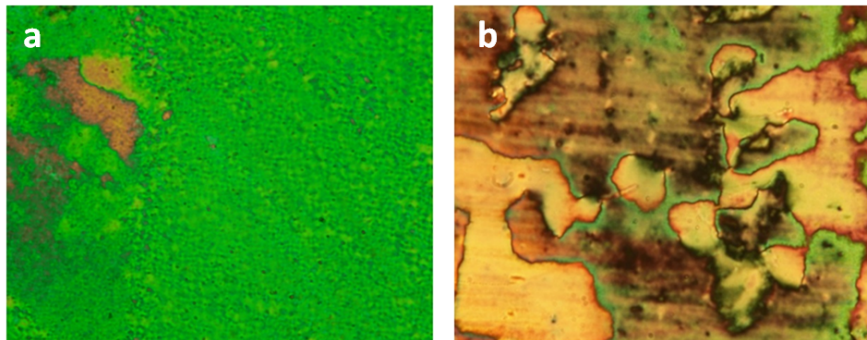


Fig. S1 Microphotographs showing (a) schlieren texture of GK1 at 165°C, and (b) of GK2 at 170.1°C.

3 Additional dielectric information

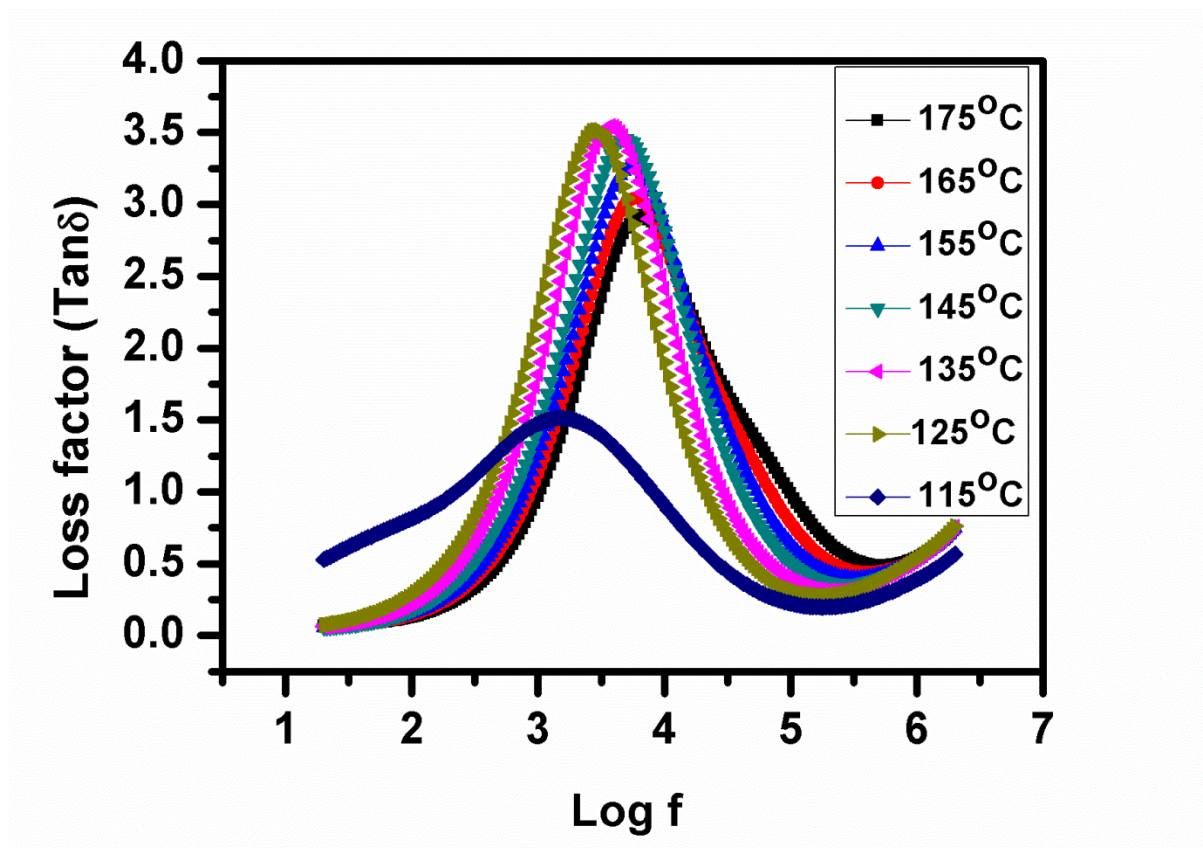


Fig. S2 The loss factor ($\tan \delta$) curves as a function of frequency at different temperature carried out in sample GK1 using 7.7 μm thick cell.

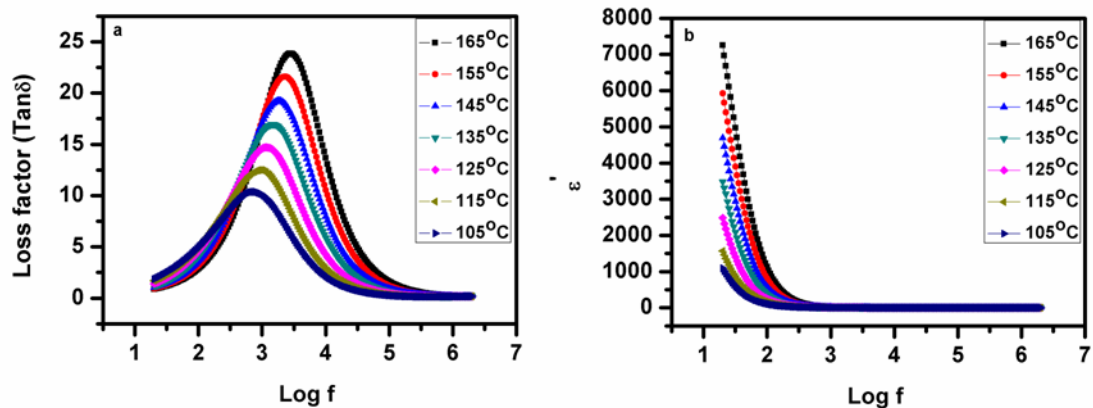


Fig. S3 Investigation of sample GK2: (a) the loss factor ($\tan \delta$) curves as a function of frequency at different temperature, (b) dielectric permittivity (real part) as a function of frequency at different temperatures.

4 Electro-optical studies

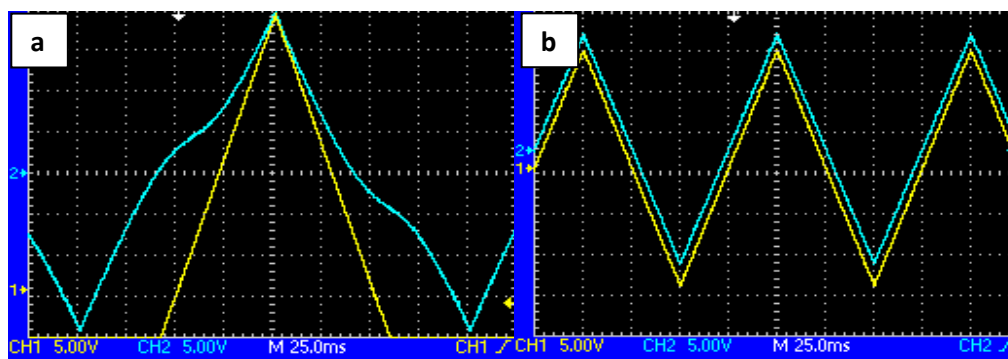


Fig. S4 Investigation of sample GK1 and GK2: (a) the current response of GK1 at 155°C in a 3.2 μm ITO-coated cell with homogeneous alignment under a triangular wave field with 70Vpp and 5Hz, (b) the current response of GK2 at 132.5°C in a 3.2 μm ITO-coated cell with homogeneous alignment under a triangular wave field with 30Vpp and 10Hz

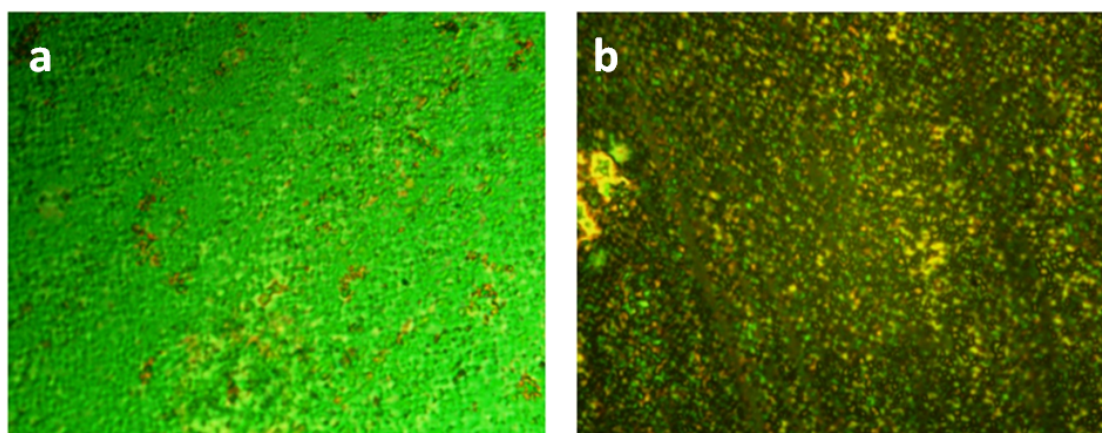


Fig. S5 Texture of (a) GK1 at 50Vpp, 10Hz and (b) of GK2 at 70Vpp, 20Hz applied ac electric field