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Fig. SF1 TGA curve of as obtained NiFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>



Fig. SF2 FTIR Spectra of (a) ZnFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (b) NiFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (c) CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and (d) CuFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> annealed at (A) 400 °C and (B) 1000 °C.

Ferrite	D <sub>TEM</sub> (nm)	Crystallite size (nm)	Lattice Parameter (Å)	Eg (eV)	M <sub>s</sub> (emu/g)	H <sub>c</sub> (Oe)
CoFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	20	25.80	8.388	1.26	65	1150
NiFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	25	26.12	8.350	2.08	19	70
CuFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	15	17.51	8.381	1.38	60	300
ZnFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	30	30.06	8.442	1.94	6	25

Table ST1 Different parameters of MFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M= Co, Ni, Cu and Zn) annealed at 400  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

## Calculus of BET surface area analysis

The unique values of  $Q_m$  and C which were estimated from slope (A) and intercept (I) of BET plots can be calculated according to following equations:

$$Q_m = \frac{1}{A+I} \tag{1}$$

$$C = 1 + \frac{A}{I} \tag{2}$$

In addition, total surface area and specific surface area were obtained using following equations:

$$S_{total} = \frac{Q_m N_s}{V}$$
(3)

$$S_{BET} = \frac{S_{total}}{M} \tag{4}$$

where N is Avogadro's number, s  $(0.1620 \text{ nm}^2)$  is the molecular cross-sectional area, V is the molar volume of the adsorbate gas and M is the mass of the adsorbent sample.