

Supporting information

Ruthenium complexes as inhibitors of human islet amyloid polypeptide aggregation, an effect that prevents beta cell apoptosis

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1. Methods.

Synthesis and characterization of the Ru complexes.

The Ru complexes were prepared by literature methods with slight changes and the result we got is same as the reported literature¹⁻⁵. here we described a simplified syntfesis method. 1 mmol Hydrated rutrichloride (0.26 g) and 1.5 mmol the diimine ligands (bpy,0.24 g; phen, 0.27 g, pip, 0.43 g, phtpy,0.51 g) were mixed and stirred for 3 h at 80 °C until the solution colour no longer changed. After that, the solution were added a saturated aqueous NaClO₄ solution, then filtered off and dried in vacuo. The products were then purified by alumina column chromatography with toluene and methanol as eluant.

1.1. NAMI-A (1)

The complex NAMI-A was prepared according to the above procedure and get the same results as the reported literature¹. Yield 0.645 g, 55.8%.

1.2. [Ru(bpy)₃](ClO₄)₂ (2)

The complex [Ru(bpy)₃](ClO₄)₂ was prepared according to the above procedure and get the same results as the reported literature². Yield 0.428 g, 75.8%. [Ru(bpy)₃](ClO₄)₂ C₃₀H₂₄Cl₂N₆O₈Ru Anal. Calc. for C₃₀H₂₄Cl₂N₆O₈Ru :C 46.88, H 3.15,N 10.94. Found: C 46.94, H 3.41, N 10.81%.

1.3 [Ru(pip)₃](ClO₄)₂ (3)

The complex $[\text{Ru}(\text{pip})_3](\text{ClO}_4)_2$ was prepared according to the above procedure and get the same results as the reported literature.³ Yield 0.422 g, 58.4%. Anal. Calc. for $\text{C}_{57}\text{H}_{36}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_{12}\text{O}_8\text{Ru}$: C, 57.58; H, 3.05; N, 14.14; Ru, 8.50; found (%): C, 57.56; H, 3.06; N, 14.15.

1.4. $[\text{Ru}(\text{phtpy})(\text{phen})\text{Cl}]\text{ClO}_4$ (4)

The complex $[\text{Ru}(\text{phtpy})(\text{phen})\text{Cl}]\text{ClO}_4$ was prepared according to the above procedure and get the same results as the reported literature⁴. Yield 0.388 g, 42.4%. Anal. Calc. for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{23}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_5\text{O}_4\text{Ru}$: C 54.63, H 3.20, N 9.65. Found: C 54.39, H 3.41, N 9.71%.

2. Results

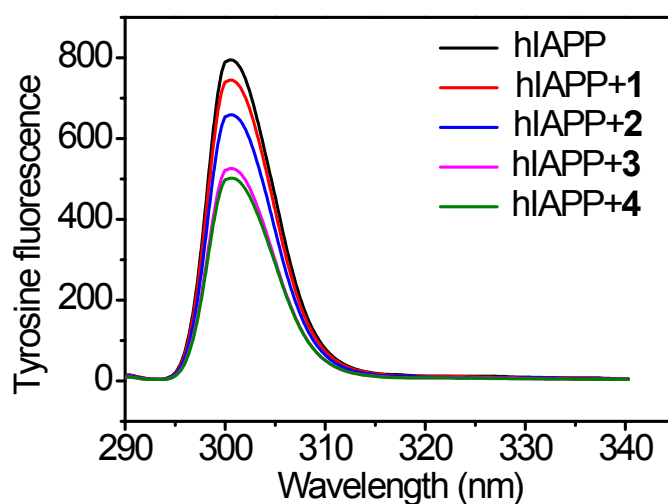


Figure S1 The Tyrosine fluorescence intensity of 10 μM hIAPP after incubation in the absence or presence of 5 μM Ru complexes in the dark room.

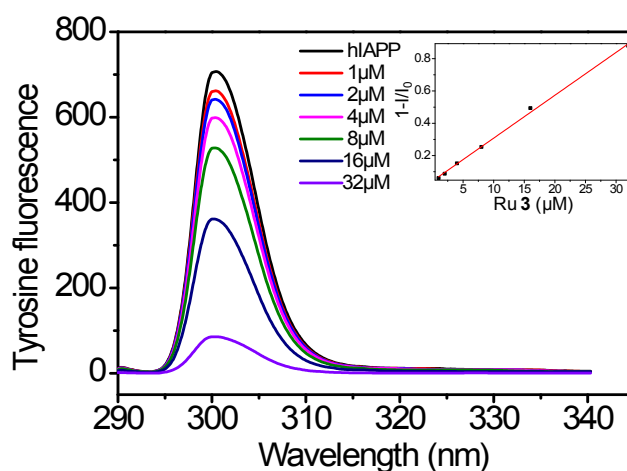


Figure S2. Tyrosine fluorescence intensity of hIAPP after incubation in the absence or presence of different concentration of complex 3.

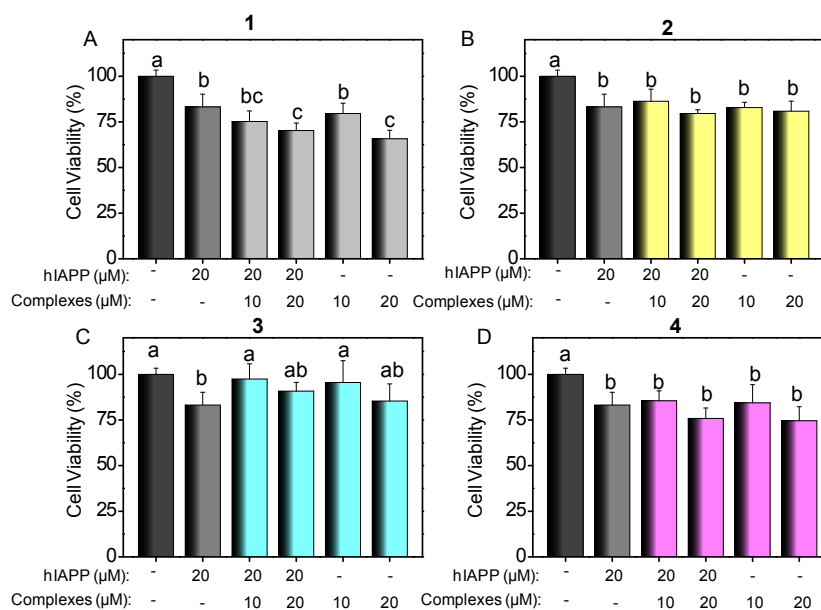


Figure S3. Dose-dependent protective effects of Ru complexes against hIAPP. was incubated with different concentrations of complexes **1**(A), **2**(B), **3**(C) and **4**(D) in INS-1 cells at 37 °C for 48 h. Bars with different characters are statistically different at $P < 0.05$ level as analyzed by one-way ANOVA multiple comparison.

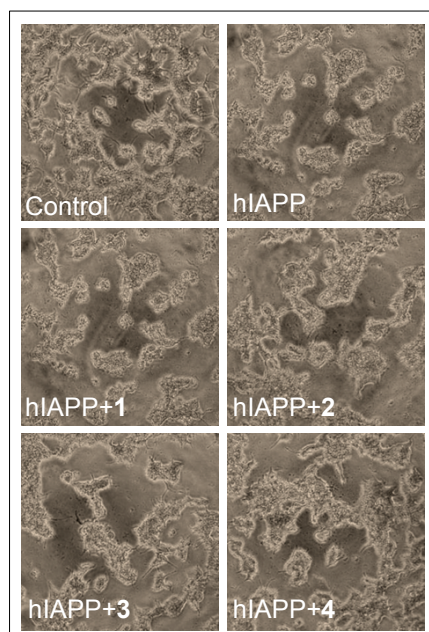


Figure S4. Morphological changes induced by hIAPP and the protective effects of Ru complexes. The cells were treated with 20 μM hIAPP in combination with 5 μM Ru complexes **1**, **2**, **3** and **4** at 37 °C for 48 h. Magnification: 100 ×.

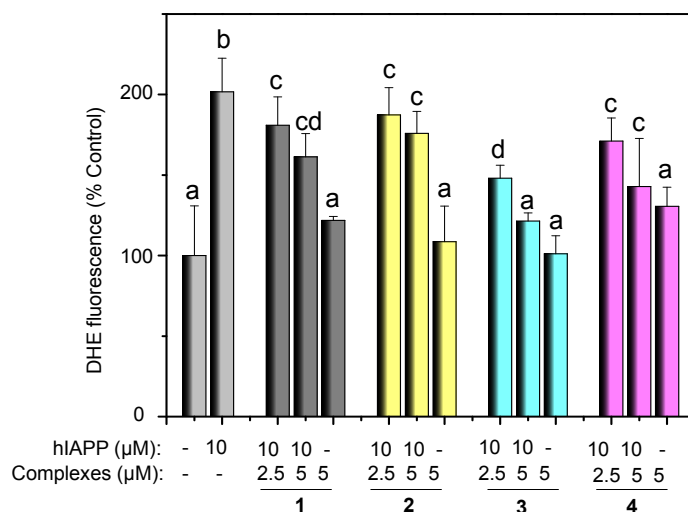


Figure S5. Ru complexes reduce ROS generation induced by hIAPP. INS-1 cells were incubated with hIAPP (10 μM) alone or with different Ru complexes (5 μM) at 37 °C for 60 min. Changes in ROS level was determined by DHE fluorescence intensity. The fluorescence intensity of control that treated without hIAPP and Ru complexes was expressed as 100%. The Values represented were means ±SD from three independent experiments. Bars with different characters are statistically different at $P < 0.05$ level as analyzed by one-way ANOVA multiple comparison.

References

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