1 Supplemental Data

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Variable	Mean (ppb)
СО	700
H₂S	10.5
NO ₂	21.9
SO ₂	2.6
O ₃	35.7

- 4 Table S1. Daily average concentrations of the available ambient air pollutants in
- 5 Edmonton, Alberta, Canada (1 April 2008–31 March 2014).
- Air pollution data were obtained from the Clean Air Strategic Alliance (CASA)
- 7 data warehouse (http://www.envinfo.gov.ab.ca/AQHI/). Daily mean values of ambient
- 8 concentrations of NO₂, O₃, CO, and SO₂ were calculated using hourly concentrations
- 9 obtained from three continuous monitoring stations within the city of Edmonton. The
- monitors are part of the National Air Pollution Surveillance Network maintained by
- 11 Environment Canada.

Sample	no light	1 week	2 weeks	4 weeks	
	exposure	exposure exposure		exposure	
	(5μm scan) (5μm scan) (5μm scan)		(5µm scan)		
Roughness	26 + 0.2	20 1 0 5	25 + 0.02	26.5 + 0.05	
RMS (nm)	26 ± 0.2	28 ± 0.5	35 ± 0.02	36.5 ± 0.05	

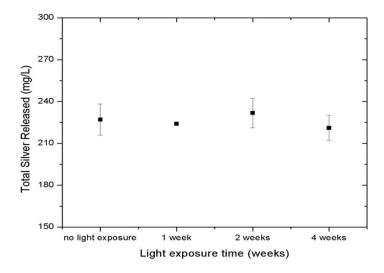
² Table S2. Surface roughness (RMS) of nanocrystalline silver samples as determined

³ from the AFM experiments.

Sample	Ag₂O (111)			Ag (111) + Ag ₂ O (200)			Ag (200)		
	2θ	FWHM	Size(nm)	2θ	FWHM	Size(nm)	2θ	FWHM	Size(nm)
			17.66±			19.32±			15.18±
no light exposure	38.58	0.58	0.02	44.70	0.54	0.01	51.99	0.71	0.01
			16.02±			19.91±			15.81±
1 week exposure	38.51	0.64	0.07	44.63	0.52	0.08	52.02	0.68	0.02
			15.94±			19.36±			20.32±
2 weeks exposure	38.49	0.64	0.05	44.71	0.54	0.02	52.21	0.53	0.20
			15.00±			24.20±			22.70±
4 weeks exposure	38.66	0.70	0.20	44.77	0.47	0.20	52.08	0.50	0.50

Table S3. Quantitative XRD analysis of nanocrystalline silver exposed to light.

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2 Figure S1. Variation of total silver content for nanocrystallyne silver samples exposed to

3 light.

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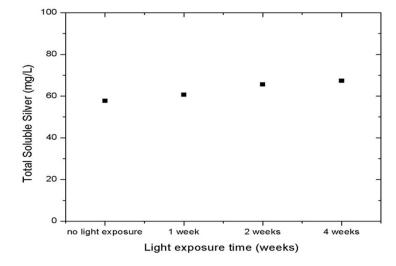


Figure S2. Variation of soluble silver content for nanocrystallyne silver samples exposed

8 to light.



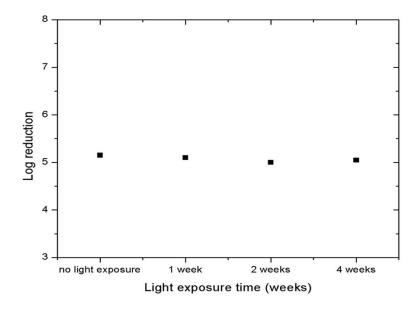


Figure S3. Variation in bactericidal efficacy of nanocrystalline silver exposed to light and

6 comparison to the reference sample.