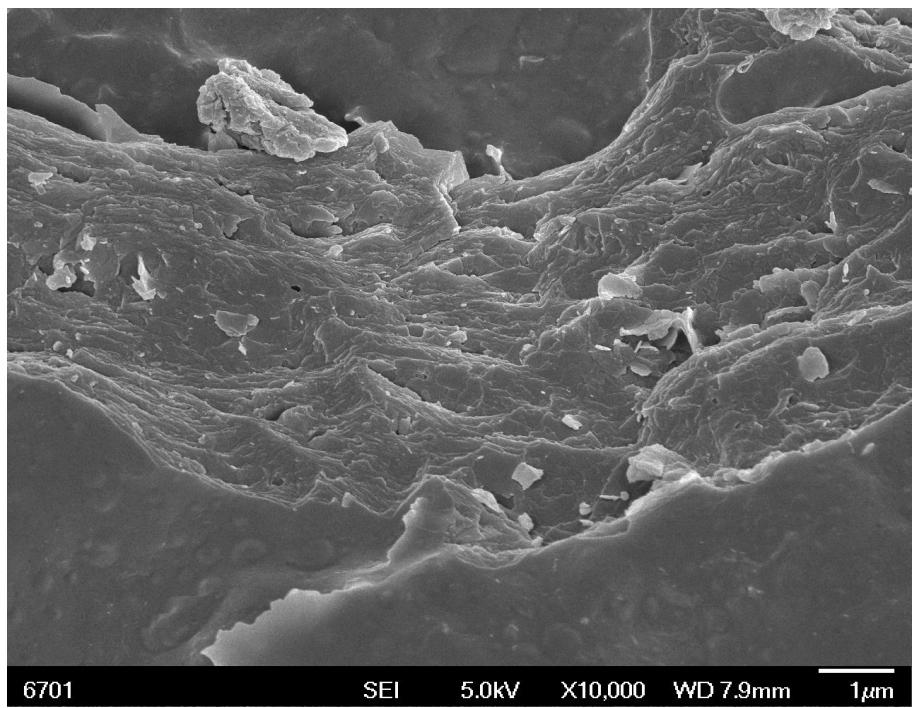


## **Facile synthesis of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/hierarchical-Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/graphene oxide as a synergistic catalyst for activation of peroxyomonosulfate for degradation of organic pollutants**

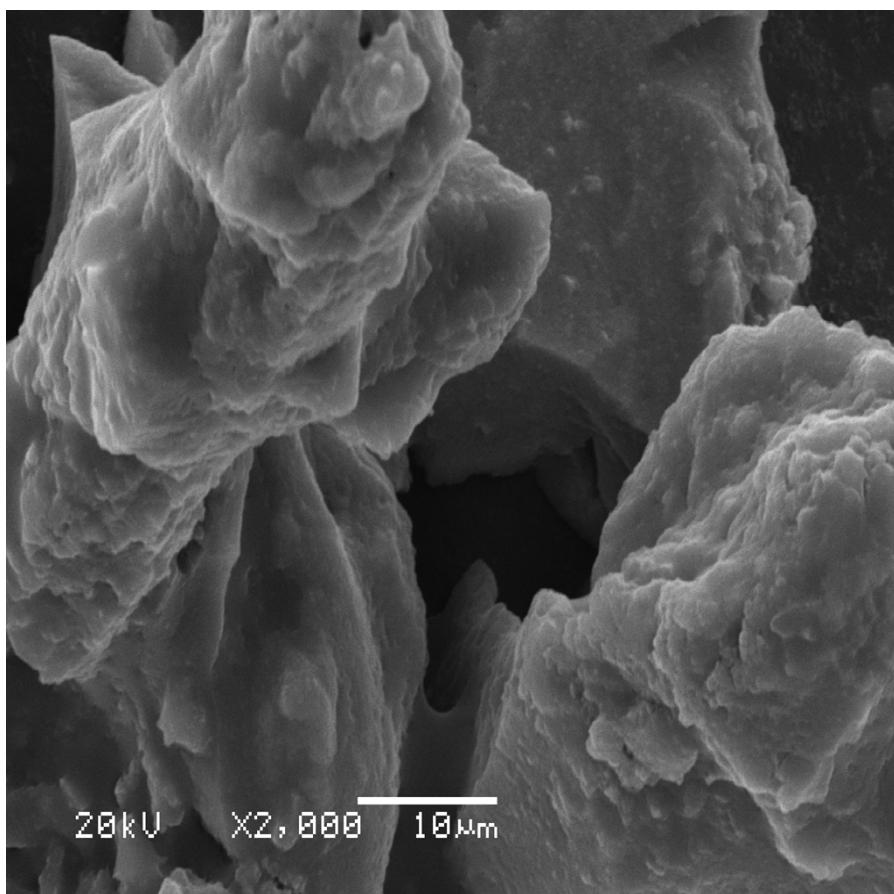
**Bo Yang<sup>a</sup>, Zhang Tian<sup>a</sup>, Bin Wang<sup>a</sup>, Zebin Sun<sup>a</sup>, Li Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Yaopeng Guo<sup>a</sup>, HaiZhen Li<sup>a</sup>, Shiqiang Yan<sup>\*a</sup>**

<sup>a</sup>College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou, 730000, P.R. China.

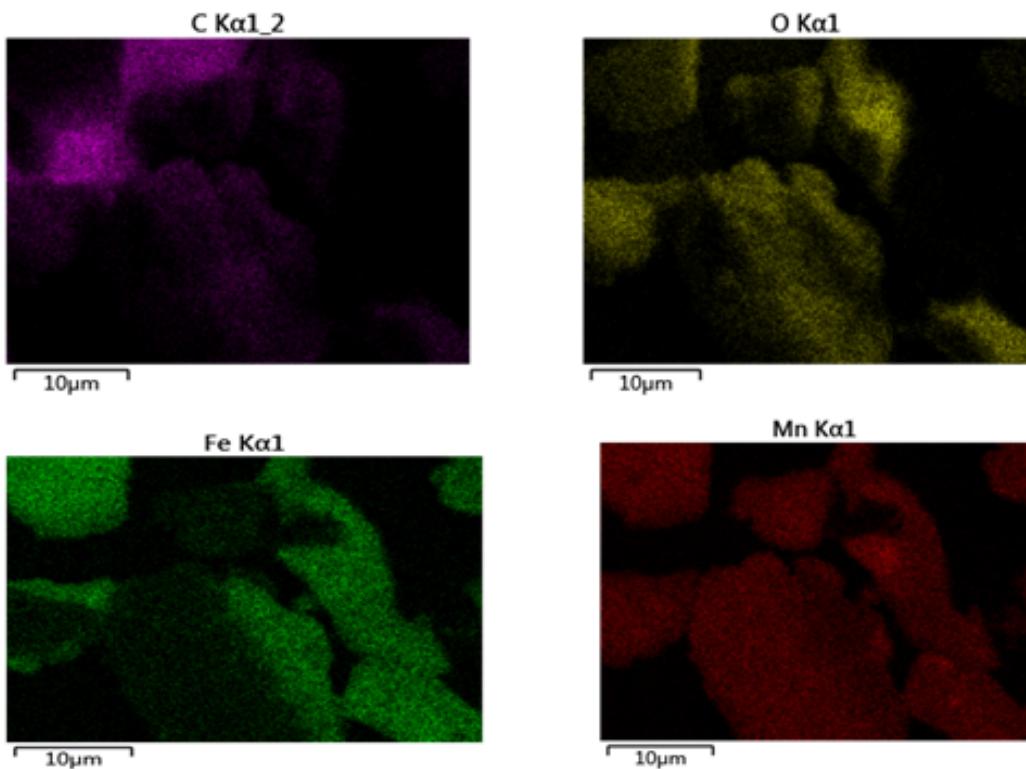
\*Corresponding author: [yansq@lzu.edu.cn](mailto:yansq@lzu.edu.cn)



**Fig. S1** SEM image of Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/rGO



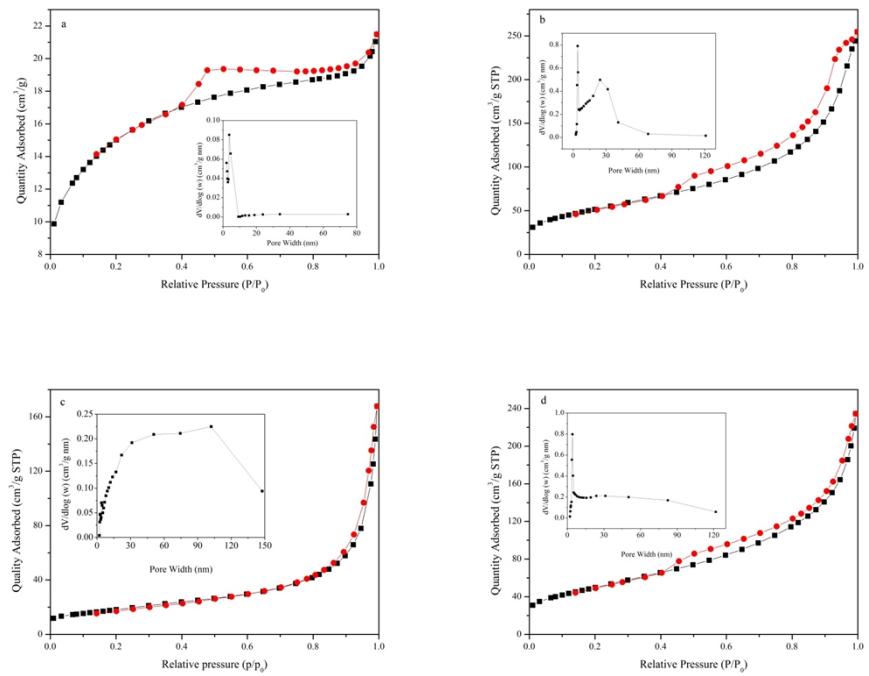
**Fig. S2** SEM image of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/rGO



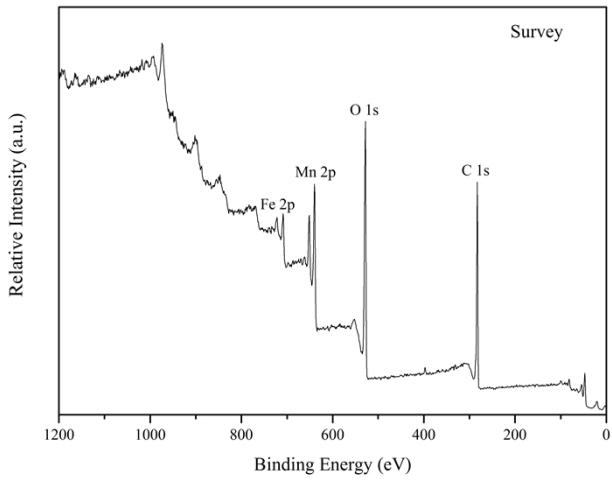
**Fig. S3** Elemental distribution maps of C, O, Fe, and Mn of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_4/\text{rGO}$  hybrids

**Table S1**  
EDXS results of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_4/\text{rGO}$  nanocomposite

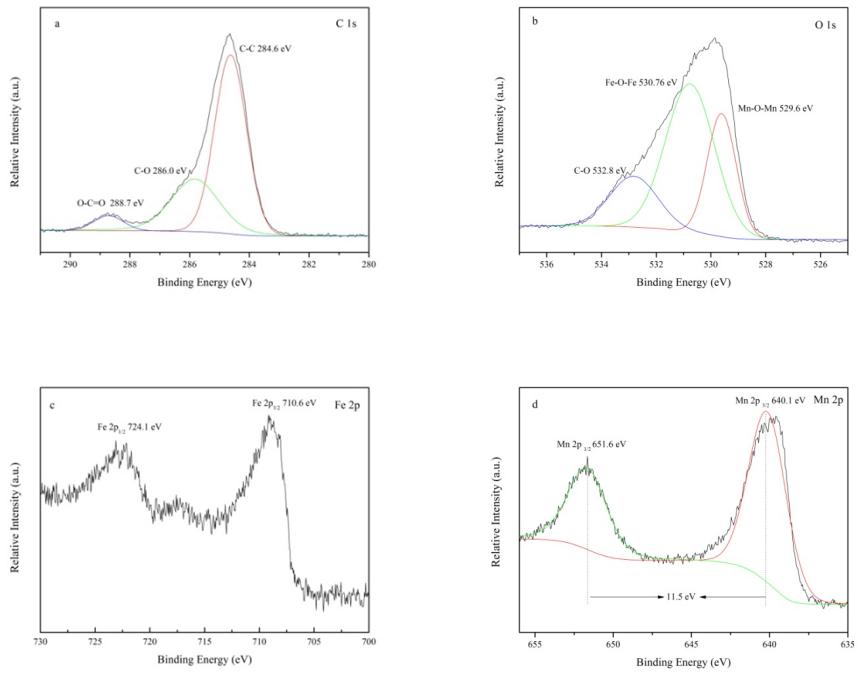
Element	C	O	Mn	Fe	Total
Wt%	37.02	25.87	23.96	13.16	100
Mol%	57.39	30.11	8.12	4.39	100



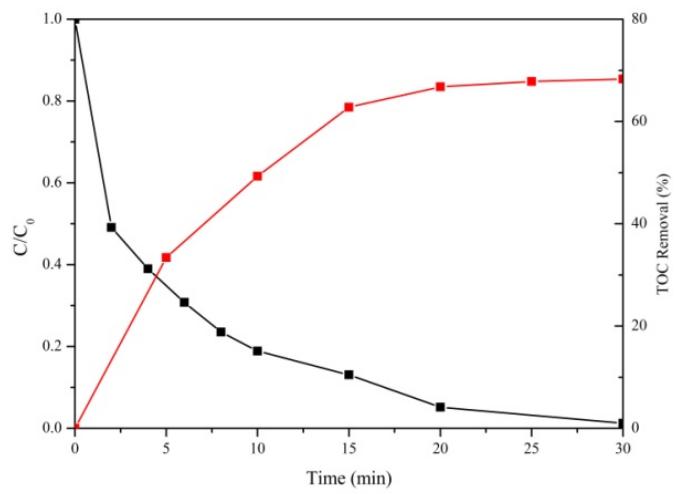
**Fig. S4** Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm and BJH pore size distribution (inset) of GO (a), Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/rGO (b), Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/rGO (c), Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/rGO (d)



**Fig. S5** XPS spectra of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_4/\text{rGO}$  composites (Survey scan)



**Fig. S6** XPS spectra of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_4/\text{rGO}$ , C 1s region (a), O 1s region (b), Fe2p region (c), and Mn 2p region (d)



**Fig. S7** discoloration and TOC removal during the degradation of MB, (Reaction conditions: catalyst = 100 mg/L, Oxone dose = 0.3 g/L, initial MB concentration = 50 mg/L, pH=7.0, T = 25 °C)