

Supplementary Information

Edge-carboxylated graphene anchoring magnetite-hydroxyapatite nanocomposite for efficient 4-nitrophenol sensor†

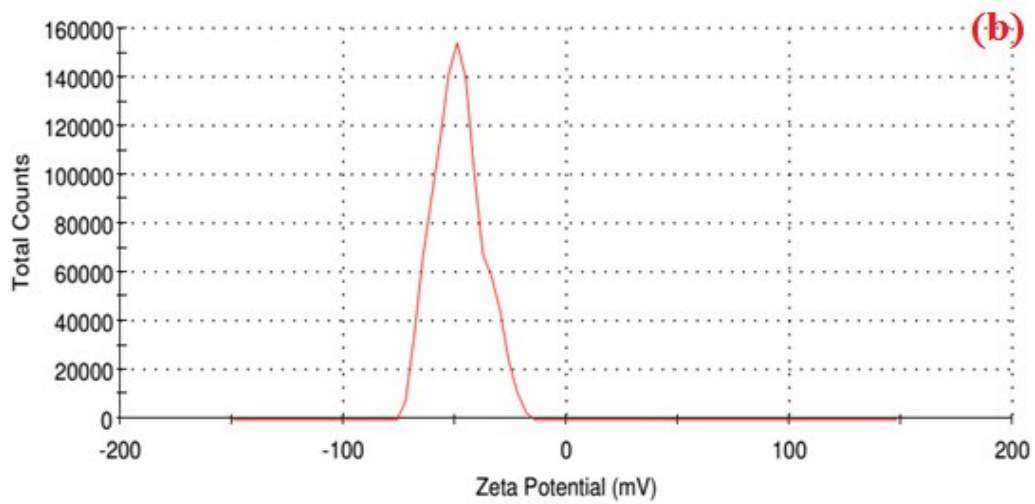
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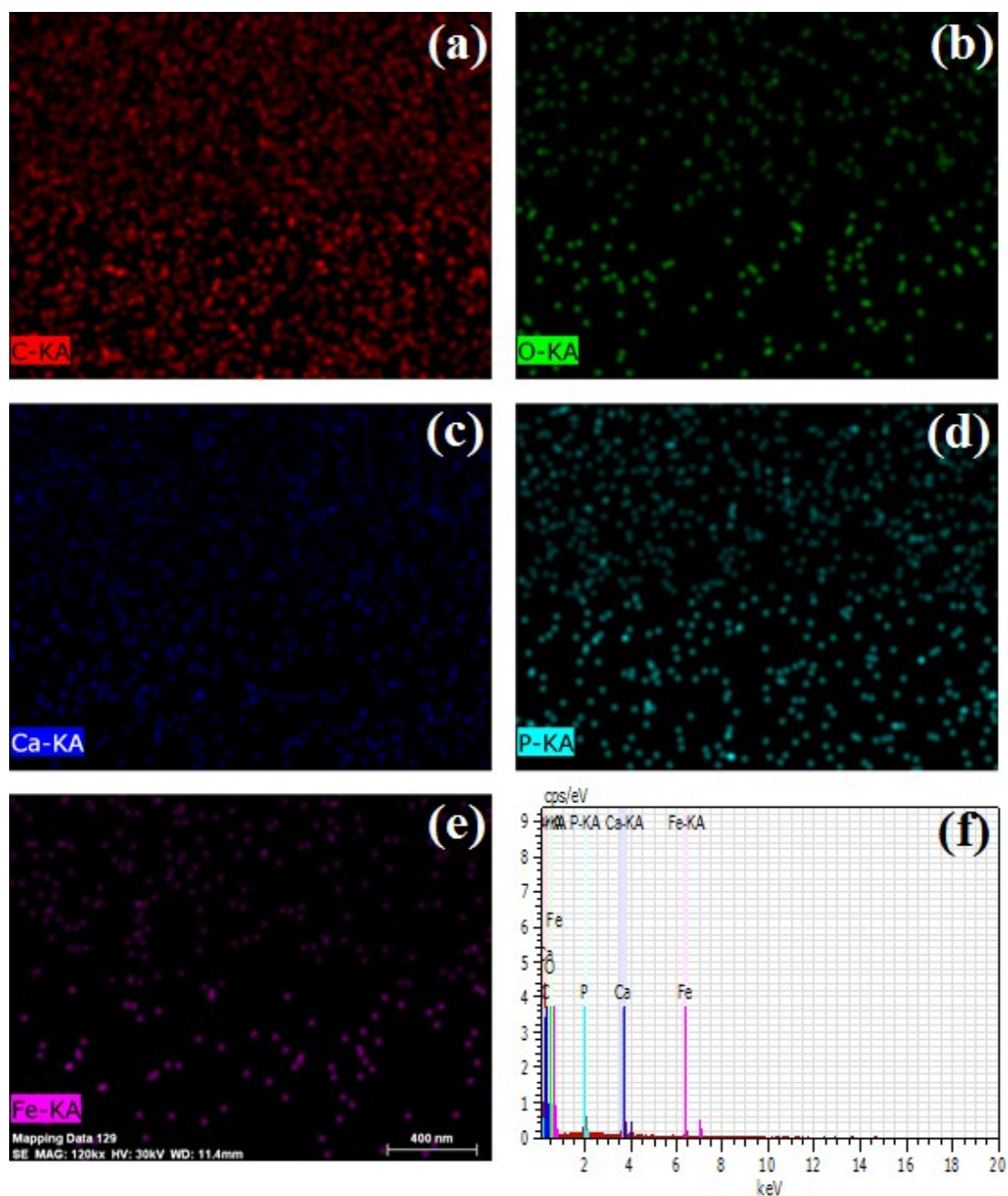
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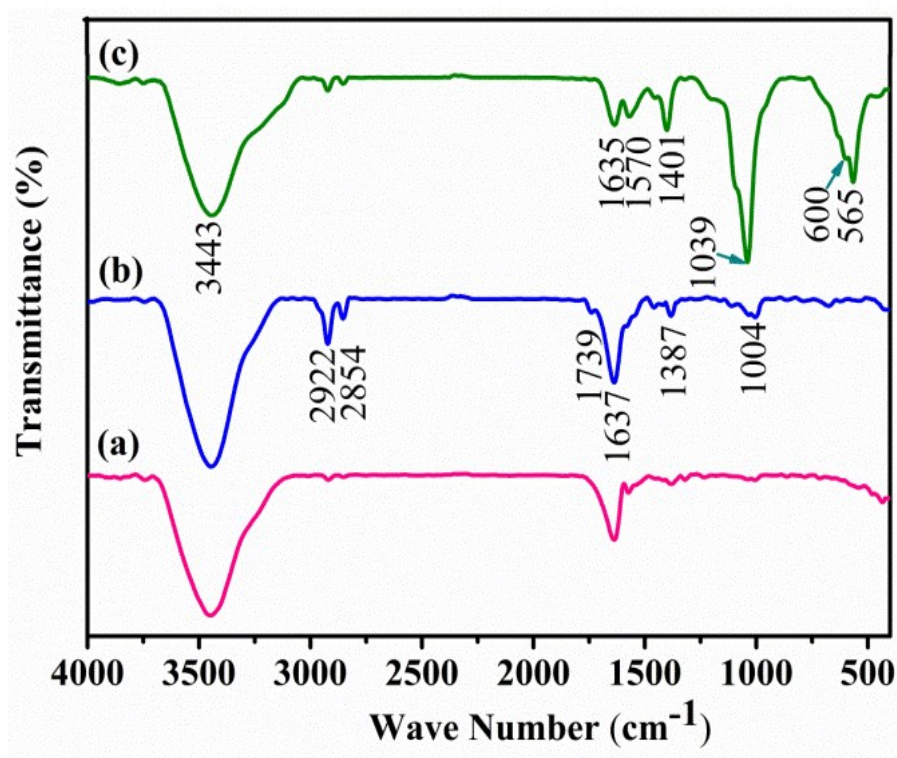
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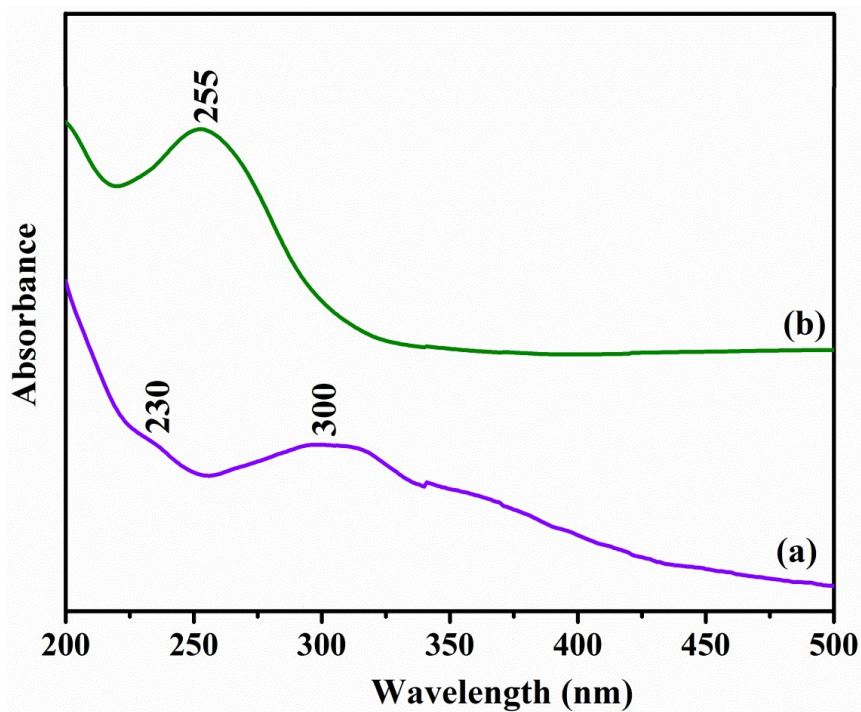
ESI Fig. 1 (a) Dispersion of edge-carboxylated graphene with different exfoliating solvents of water, ethanol, DMF and NMP and (b) Zeta potential of ECG sheets in water with the concentration of 0.1 mg/mL.



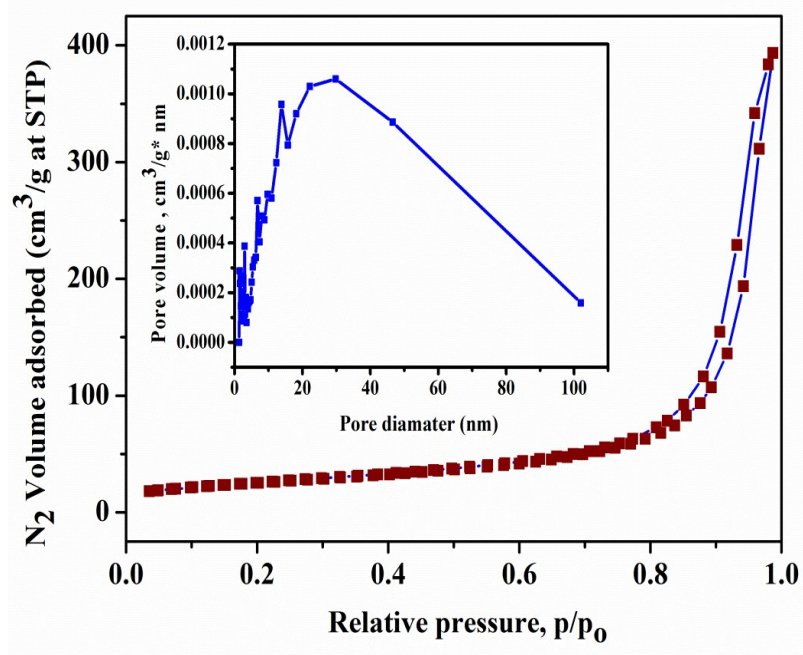
ESI Fig. 2 EDX spectrum and elemental mapping of mHAp/ECG nanocomposite. (a-e) elemental mapping of carbon (C), oxygen (O), calcium (Ca), phosphate (P) and iron (Fe) species. (f) EDX spectrum of mHAp/ECGs nanocomposite.



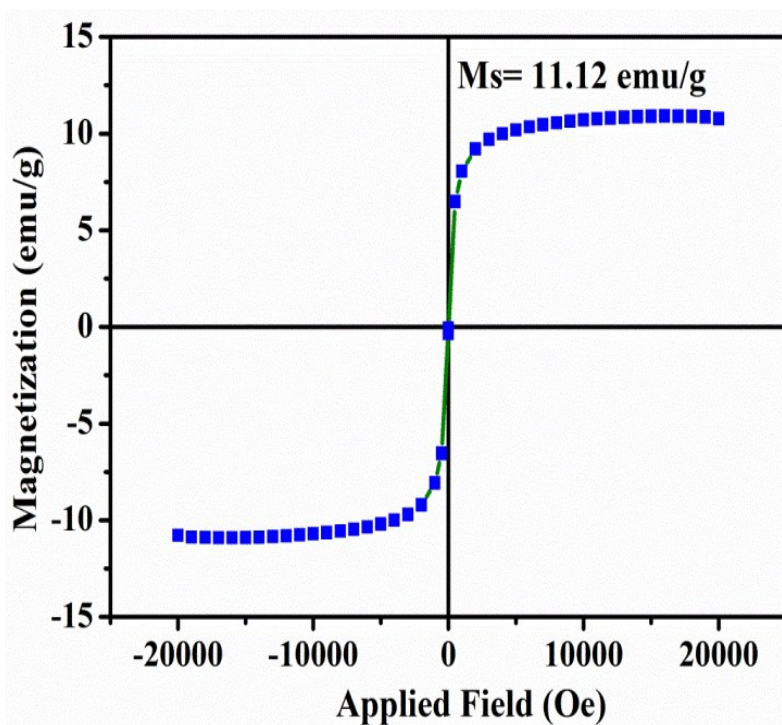
ESI Fig. 3 FTIR spectra for (a) pure natural graphite flakes, (b) ball milled edge-carboxylated graphene sheets and (c) mHAp/ECG nanocomposites



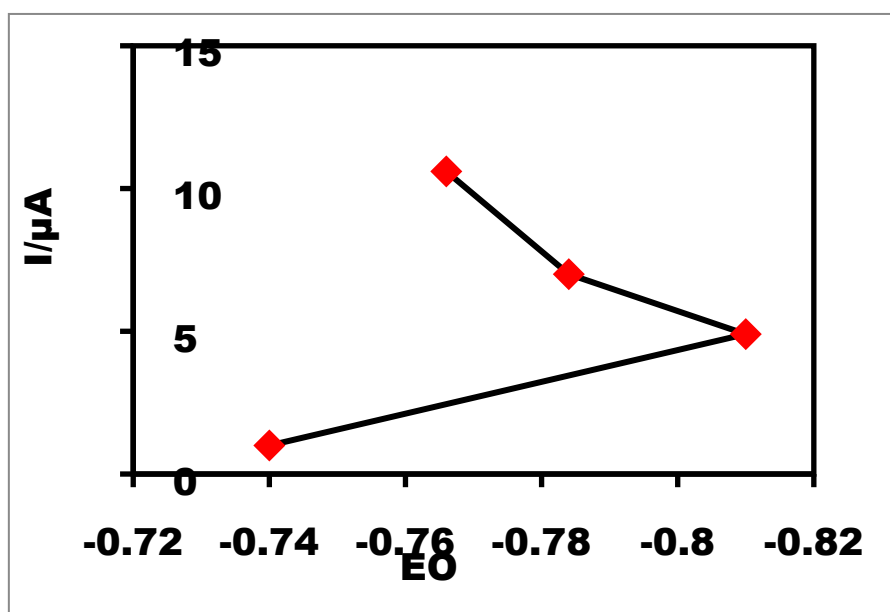
ESI Fig. 4 The UV-vis absorption spectra for (a) edge-carboxylated graphene sheets and (b) mHAp/ECG nanocomposite with the concentration of 0.1 mg/mL.



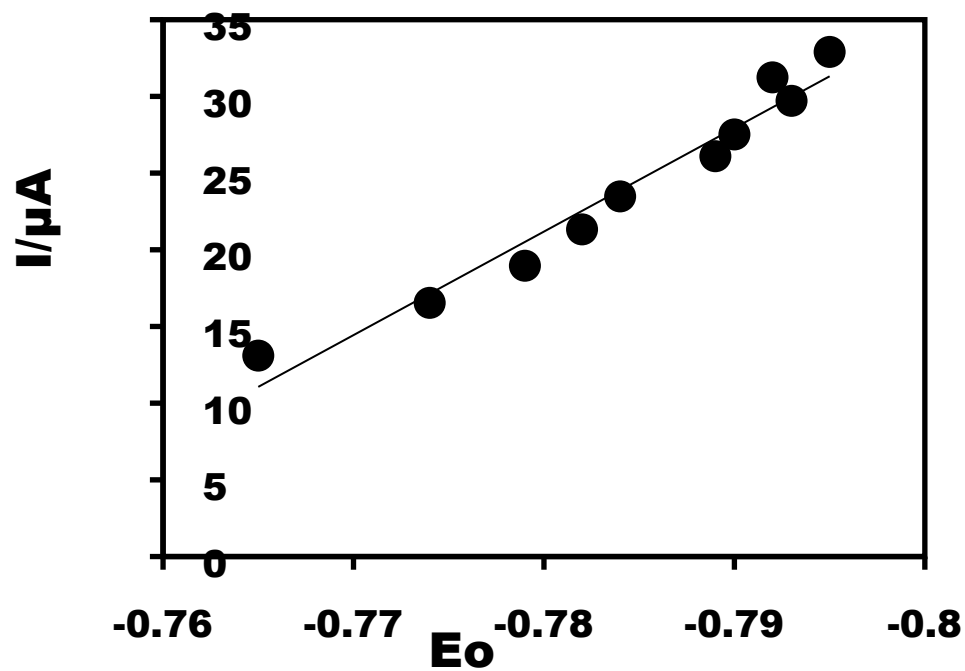
ESI Fig. 5 Nitrogen-adsorption/desorption isotherms and the inset shows the pore-size distribution of the mHAp/ECG nanocomposite



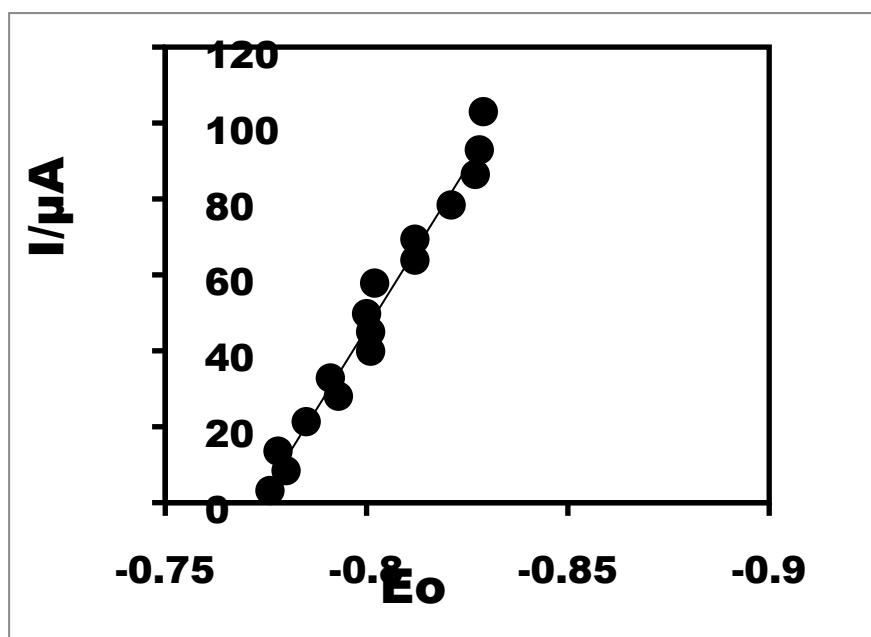
ESI Fig. 6 Magnetic hysteresis loop for the m-HAp/ECG nanocomposite at room temperature.



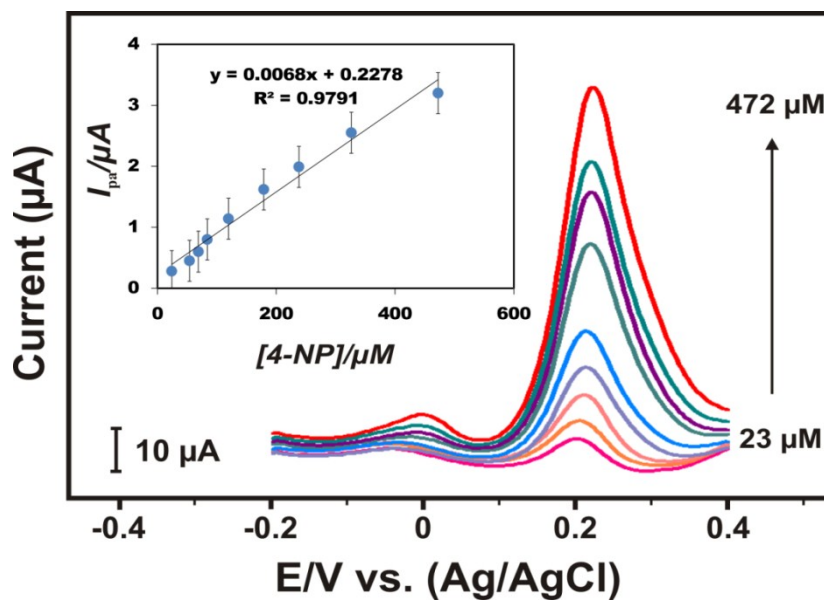
ESI Fig. 7 Calibration plot for E_0 vs current density of Fig. 9.



ESI Fig. 8 Calibration plot for E_0 vs current density of Fig. 10.



ESI Fig. 9 Calibration plot for E_0 vs current density of Fig. 12 (4-NP reduction).



ESI Fig. 10. DPV curves of mHAp/ECG nanocomposite modified GCE under various 4-NP concentrations from 23-472 μM . Inset; anodic oxidation peak current (I_{pa}) vs 4-NP concentration.

Table S1. Determination of 4-NP in various water samples using DPV.

Real samples	Analyte	Added (nM)	Found (nM)	Recovery (%)
Tap water	4-NP	50	48.7	97.4
		100	102.1	102.1
Rain water	4-NP	50	49.6	99.2
		100	105.9	105.9