Supporting Information

Self-assembled serum albumin-poly(L-lactic acid) nanoparticles: novel nanoparticle platform for drug delivery in cancer

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^{1}H-NMR spectrum was used to identify ratio of BSA to PLLA in conjugates. As shown in Figure S1, the signals from 6.0 ~ 9.0 ppm attribute to 1262 protons from the BSA molecule,[1] while the signals from 0.9 ~ 1.6 ppm belongs to 3 protons from methyl group of each repeating unit in PLLA.[2] By integration of the peaks from 6.0 ~ 9.0 ppm, the molar ratio of repeating unit in PLLA to BSA molecule was calculated to be 307:1, 1174:1, and 2368:1, respectively. Knowing that repeating unit in PLLA and BSA has a molecular weight of 76 Da and 66 kDa, respectively. And, the mass percentage of PLLA in the conjugate was calculated to be 25 wt%, 56 wt%, and 72 wt%.

1. Ge, J.; Neofytou, E.; Lei, J.; Beygui, R. E.; Zare, R. N. Protein-polymer hybrid nanoparticles for drug delivery. *Small* 2012, 8, 3573-8.
2. Nomura, N.; Ishii, R.; Akakura, M.; Aoi, K. Stereoselective Ring-Opening Polymerization of Racemic Lactide Using Aluminum-Achiral Ligand Complexes: Exploration of a Chain-End Control Mechanism. *Journal of the American Chemical Society* 2002, 124, 5938-5939.

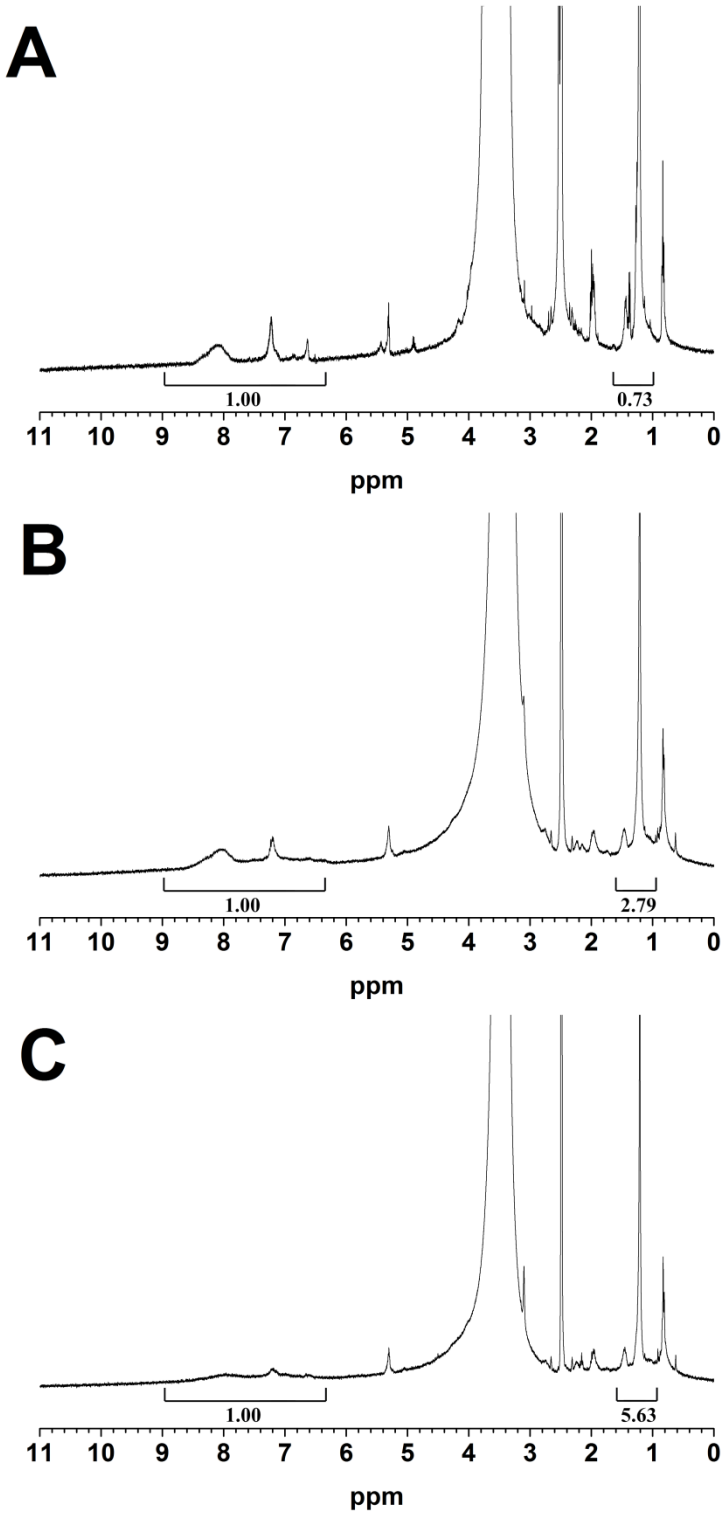

Figure S1. [1]H-NMR of BSA-PLLA with different PLLA content. (A) 25 wt%; (B) 56 wt%; (C) 72 wt%.