Theoretical Investigations of the novel zinc oxide polytypes and in-depth study of their electronic properties

D. Zagorac^{1,§*}, J.C. Schön[‡], J. Zagorac^{1,§}, M. Jansen[‡]

[‡]Max Planck Institute for Solid State Research, Stuttgart, Germany [§]Institute of Nuclear Sciences Vinča, Materials Science Laboratory, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

Supporting Information

Supporting Information:

The Supporting Information has been divided into three parts: Supporting Tables, Supporting Figures and Supporting References. Furthermore, Supporting Figures are presented in two individual sections: *additional E(V) curves* and *additional band structures*.

Supporting Tables

Table SI shows a summary of structural data for each calculated modification of zinc oxide found after local optimizations performed using various *ab initio* approaches.

Space group and	Cell parameters and fractional coordinates					
polytype notation	LDA	B3LYP	HF			
$P6_{3}mc$ (186)	a = 3.19 Å, c = 5.18 Å	a = 3.28 Å, c = 5.29 Å	a = 3.29 Å, c = 5.24 Å			
Wurtzite (2H)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0)			
Pearson no 'hP4	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.3763)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.3787)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.3843)			
$\frac{P6.mc}{P6}$	a = 3.19 Å $c = 10.38$ Å	a = 3.28 Å $c = 10.64$ Å	a = 3.28 Å $c = 10.60$ Å			
	Zn(0,0,0)	Zn(0,0,0)	Zn(0,0,0)			
4ff	Zn (1/3 2/3 0 2501)	Zn (1/3 2/3 0 2504)	Z_{n} (1/3 2/3 0 2506)			
Pearson no.:hP8	O(0, 0, 0.1876)	O(0, 0, 0.1878)	O(0, 0, 0.1897)			
Zhdanov no.: (2 2)	O(1/3, 2/3, 0.4378)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.4379)	O(1/3, 2/3, 0.4394)			
P3ml(156)	a = 3.19 Å, $b = 12.95$ Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 13.29 Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 13.25 Å			
Moissanite (5H)	Zn (0, 0, 0.9994)	Zn (0, 0, 0.9992)	Zn (0, 0, 0.9990)			
Deerson no (bD10	Zn (0, 0, 0.5998)	Zn (0, 0, 0.5999)	Zn (0, 0, 0.6007)			
Pearson no.:nP10	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 0.7997)	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 0.7997)	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 0.8001)			
Zhdanov no.: (4 1)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.3996)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.3996)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.3999)			
	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 0.1993)	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 0.1993)	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 0.1993)			
	O (0, 0, 0.8487)	O (0, 0, 0.8486)	O (0, 0, 0.8481)			
	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.6491)	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.6491)	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.6492)			
	O (0, 0, 0.4489)	O (0, 0, 0.4490)	O (0, 0, 0.4491)			
	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2487)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2487)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2484)			
	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.0484)	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.0484)	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.0477)			
<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mc</i> (186)	a = 3.18 Å, b = 15.57 Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 15.97 Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 15.92 Å			
6H (Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn (0, 0, 0)			
Pearson no hD12	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.1666)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.1664)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.1661)			
$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 1/3)	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 1/3)	Zn (2/3, 1/3, 1/3)			
$\sum ndanov no.: (3.3)$	O (0, 0, 0.1248)	O (0, 0, 0.1249)	O (0, 0, 0.1254)			
	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2915)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2916)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2921)			
	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.4582)	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.4585)	O (2/3, 1/3, 0.4592)			
<i>P6₃mc</i> (186)	a = 3.18 Å, b = 20.78 Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 21.30 Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 21.27 Å			
8H	Zn(0,0,0)	Zn(0,0,0)	Zn(0,0,0)			
Pearson no hP16	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.1251)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.1252)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.1253)			
The above $n_0 : (1, 4)$	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.3752)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.3751)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.3747)			
Zildallov II0 (4 4)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.7502)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.7502)	Zn (1/3, 2/3, 0.7502)			
	O (0, 0, 0.0937)	O (0, 0, 0.0939)	O (0, 0, 0.0943)			
	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2188)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2191)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.2195)			
	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.4689)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.4689)	O (1/3, 2/3, 0.4690)			
	O(1/3, 2/3, 0.8438)	O(1/3, 2/3, 0.8439)	O(1/3, 2/3, 0.8441)			
<i>R3m</i> (160)	a = 3.19 A, b = 23.42 A	a = 3.28 A, b = 23.98 A	a = 3.28 A, b = 23.74 A			
9R	$\sum n(0, 0, 0)$	Zn(0, 0, 0)	Zn(0, 0, 0)			
Pearson no.:hR6	Zn(0, 0, 0.4447)	Zn(0, 0, 0.4447)	Zn(0, 0, 0.4441)			
Zhdanov no \cdot (2.1) 3	$\sum n(0, 0, 0.2211)$	$\Sigma n (0, 0, 0.2215)$	$\sum n (0, 0, 0.2218)$			
	\cup (0, 0, 0.0851)	U(0, 0, 0.0855)	\cup (0, 0, 0.0845)			

	O (0, 0, 0.5284)	O (0, 0, 0.5290)	O (0, 0, 0.5286)
	O (0, 0, 0.3077)	O (0, 0, 0.3076)	O (0, 0, 0.3067)
<i>R3m</i> (160)	a = 3.19 Å, b = 31.28 Å	a = 3.27 Å, b = 32.04 Å	a = 3.28 Å, b = 31.75 Å
128*	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn (0, 0, 0)
	Zn (0, 0, 0.4160)	Zn (0, 0, 0.4163)	Zn (0, 0, 0.4171)
	Zn (0, 0, 0.8328)	Zn (0, 0, 0.8331)	Zn (0, 0, 0.8339)
Zhdanov no.: (3 1) 3	Zn (0, 0, 0.5840)	Zn (0, 0, 0.5839)	Zn (0, 0, 0.5835)
	O (0, 0, 0.0625)	O (0, 0, 0.0630)	O (0, 0, 0.0633)
	O (0, 0, 0.4795)	O (0, 0, 0.4799)	O (0, 0, 0.4804)
	O (0, 0, 0.8974)	O (0, 0, 0.8977)	O (0, 0, 0.8969)
	O (0, 0, 0.6465)	O (0, 0, 0.6467)	O (0, 0, 0.6465)
<i>R3m</i> (160)	a = 3.28 Å, b = 39.77 Å	a = 3.15 Å, b = 38.32 Å	a = 3.28 Å, b = 39.77 Å
15R*	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn(0, 0, 0)
Pearson no :hR10	Zn (0, 0, 0.7335)	Zn (0, 0, 0.7336)	Zn (0, 0, 0.7335)
	Zn (0, 0, 0.4669)	Zn (0, 0, 0.4660)	Zn (0, 0, 0.4670)
Zndanov no.: (3 2) 3	Zn (0, 0, 0.8667)	Zn (0, 0, 0.8651)	Zn (0, 0, 0.8668)
	Zn (0, 0, 0.2669)	Zn (0, 0, 0.2656)	Zn (0, 0, 0.2669)
	O (0, 0, 0.0504)	O (0, 0, 0.0505)	O (0, 0, 0.0504)
	O (0, 0, 0.7839)	O (0, 0, 0.7834)	O (0, 0, 0.7840)
	O (0, 0, 0.5171)	O (0, 0, 0.5152)	O (0, 0, 0.5172)
	O (0, 0, 0.9172)	O (0, 0, 0.9154)	O (0, 0, 0.9172)
	O (0, 0, 0.3171)	O (0, 0, 0.3163)	O (0, 0, 0.3171)
<i>F-43m</i> (216)	a = 4.49 Å	a = 4.61 Å	a = 4.62 Å
Sphalerite (3C)	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn (0, 0, 0)	Zn(0, 0, 0)
Pearson no.:cF8	O (3/4, 3/4, 3/4)	O (3/4, 3/4, 3/4)	O (3/4, 3/4, 3/4)

*Final optimized structure is different from the initial prototype structure

Table SI. Structure data of the energetically most favorable polytype modifications of zinc oxide found after local optimizations performed using Hartree-Fock (HF), DFT (LDA), and hybrid (B3LYP) functional.

In Table SII, the basis sets used for the *ab inito* local optimization of structures, E(V) and H(p) curves, DOS and band structure calculations are displayed.

Zn all electron basis set (AEBS)		0 8	O all electron basis set (AEBS)	
Туре	Exponent and Coefficient	Туре	Exponent and Coefficient	
s	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	s	8020.0 0.00108 1338.0 0.00804 255.4 0.05324 69.22 0.1681 23.90 0.3581 9.264 0.3855 3.851 0.1468 1.212 0.0728	
sp	1079.2 -0.00620 0.00889 256.52 -0.07029 0.06384 85.999 -0.13721 0.22039 34.318 0.26987 0.40560 14.348 0.59918 0.41370 4.7769 0.32239 0.34974	sp	49.43 -0.00883 0.00958 10.47 -0.0915 0.0696 3.235 -0.0402 0.2065 1.217 0.379 0.347	
sp	60.891 0.00679 -0.00895 25.082 -0.08468 -0.03333 10.620 -0.34709 0.08119 4.3076 0.40633 0.56518	sp	0.5 1.0 1.0	
sp	1.6868 1.0 1.0	sp	0.191 1.0 1.0	
sp	0.62679 1.0 1.0			
sp	0.15033 1.0 1.0			
d	57.345 0.02857 16.082 0.15686 5.3493 0.38663 1.7548 0.47766			
d	0.51592 1.0			

Table SII. For the local optimizations, an all electron basis set (AEBS), based on Gaussiantype orbitals (GTO), was used. In the case of Zn^{2+} a [6s5p2d] basis set was used as in refs. ^{1,2,3}. For O^{2-} a [4s3p] basis set was used as in refs. ^{3,4,5}.

Supporting Figures

Additional E(V) curves



Figure S1. E(V) curves for the new stacking variants of ZnO calculated using DFT-LDA functional. Energies per formula unit are given in hartrees (E_h). Again, the curves for the 4H, 5H, 6H, 8H and 12R polytypes as well as the sphalerite modification exhibit essentially the same energy as the wurtzite modification, and are thus not displayed separated.



Figure S2. E(V) curves for the new stacking variants of ZnO at Hartree-Fock level of approximation. Energies per formula unit are given in hartrees (E_h) .

Additional band structures



Figure. S3. Band structure calculation using the DFT-LDA functional for the wurtzite type modification in zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S4. Band structure calculation using the DFT-LDA functional for the 4H polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S5. Band structure calculation using the DFT-LDA functional for the 9R polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S6. Band structure calculation using the DFT-LDA functional for the 15R polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S7. Band structure calculation using the DFT-LDA functional for the sphalerite type modification in zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a *fcc* lattice.



Figure. S8. Band structure calculation using the hybrid B3LYP functional for the sphalerite type modification in zinc oxide [3]. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a *fcc* lattice.



Figure. S9. Band structure calculation using the hybrid B3LYP functional for the wurtzite type modification in zinc oxide [3]. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S10. Band structure calculation using the B3LYP functional for the 9R polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice. Also note that 4H and 15R polytype band structures calculated using B3LYP functional are included in the main text of the manuscript.



Figure. S11. Band structure calculation using the Hartree-Fock approximation for the wurtzite type modification in zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S12. Band structure calculation using the Hartree-Fock approximation for the 4H polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S13. Band structure calculation using the Hartree-Fock approximation for the 9R polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S14. Band structure calculation using the Hartree-Fock approximation for the 15R polytype of zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a hexagonal lattice.



Figure. S15. Band structure calculation using the Hartree-Fock approximation for the sphalerite type modification in zinc oxide. Note that the labels of the special points of the Brillouin zones correspond to those of a *fcc* lattice.

Supporting References

- 1. J. E. Jaffe, and A. C.Hess, Phys. Rev. B, 48, 7903, (1993).
- 2. T. Homann, U. Hotje, M. Binnewies, A. Borger, K. D. Becker, and T. Bredow, *Sol. Stat. Sci.*, **8**, 44 (2006).
- 3. D. Zagorac, J. C. Schön, J. Zagorac, and M. Jansen, Phys. Rev B, 89, 075201 (2014).
- 4. M.D. Towler, N.L. Allan, N.M. Harrison, V.R. Saunders, W.C. Mackrodt, and E. Apra., *Phys. Rev. B*, **50**, 5041 (1994).
- 5. A.M. Ferrari and C. Pisani, J. Phys. Chem., 110, 7909 (2006).