

Electronic Supplementary Information

One-step synthesis of copper-based metal-organic framework–graphene nanocomposite with enhanced electrocatalytic activity

Juan Yang, Faqiong Zhao* and Baizhao Zeng

Key Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry for Biology and Medicine (Ministry of Education), College of
Chemistry and Molecular Sciences, Wuhan University, Wuhan, Hubei, 400372, China. E-mail:
fqzhao@whu.edu.cn

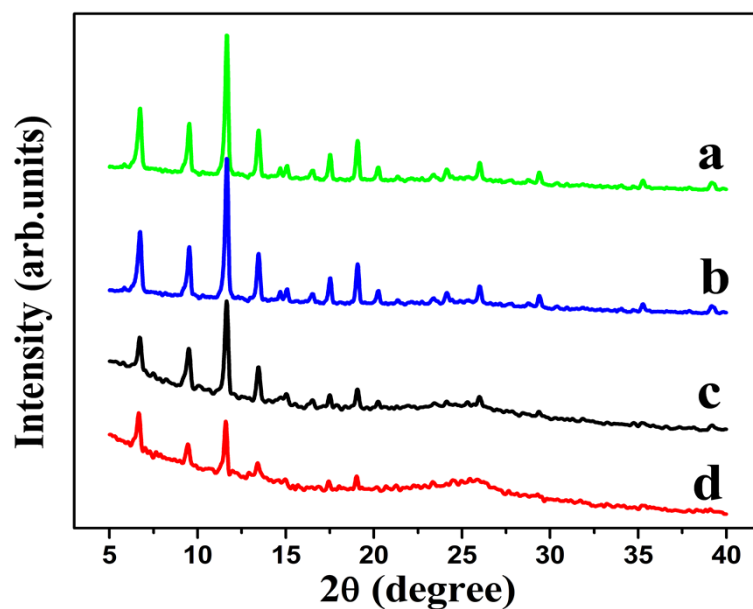
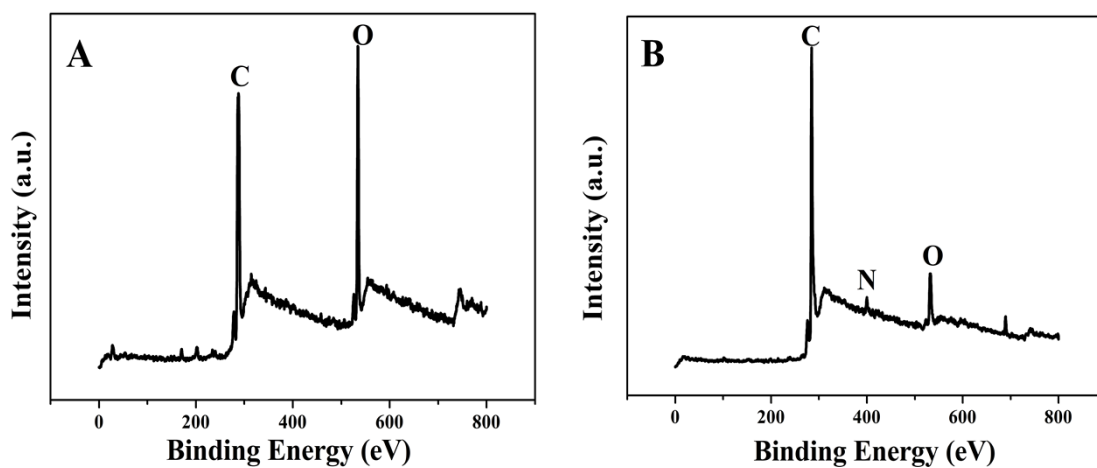


Fig. S1. XRD patterns of Cu-MOF-GN-1 (a), Cu-MOF-GN-2 (b), Cu-MOF-GN-3 (c) and Cu-MOF-GN-4 (d).



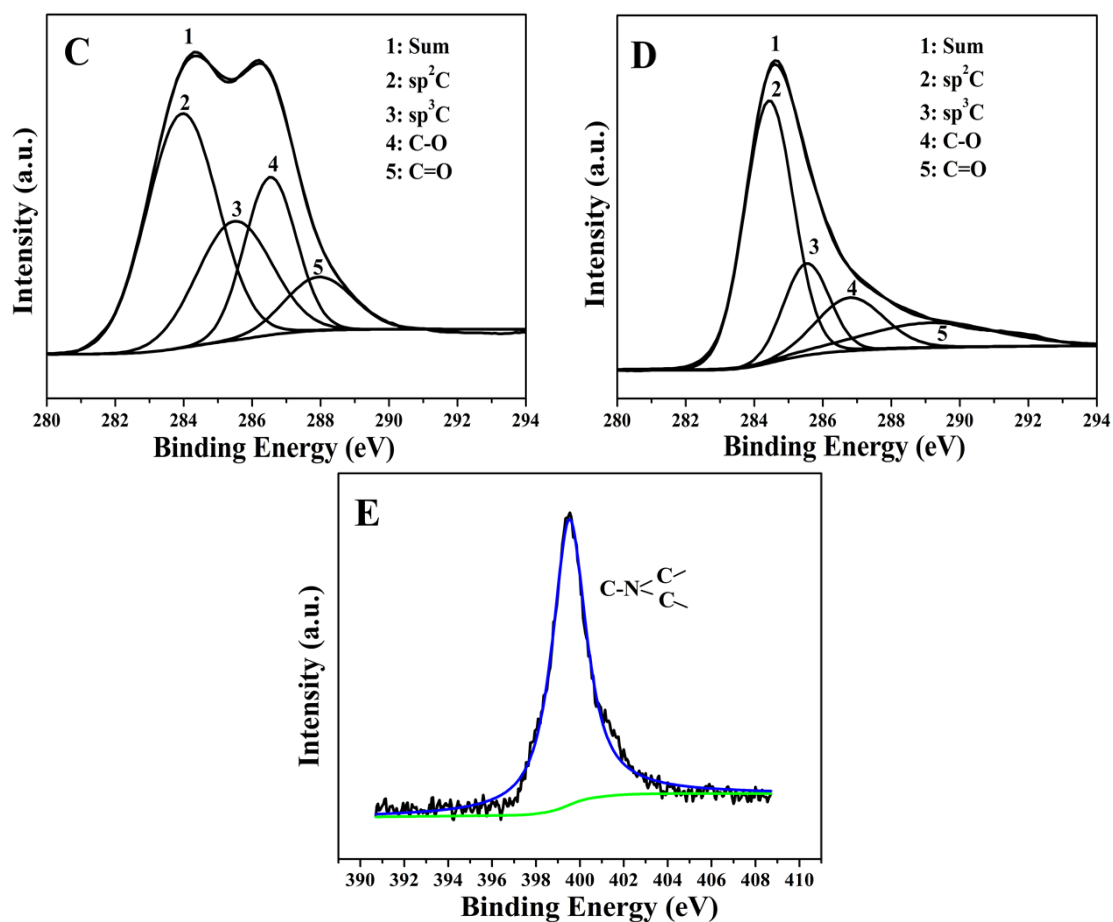


Fig. S2. Survey X-ray photoelectron spectra and the corresponding C 1s XPS spectra of GO (A, C) and GN (B, D). (E) The corresponding N 1s XPS spectra of GN.

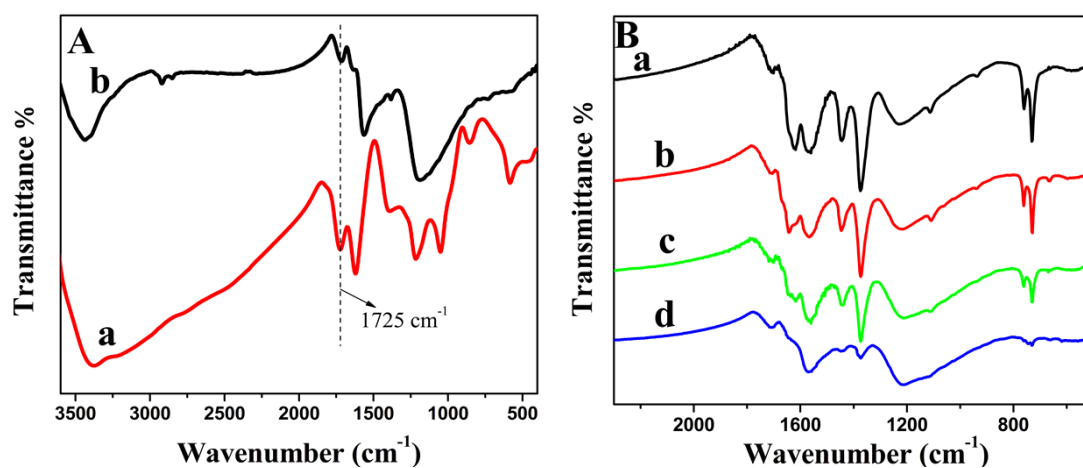


Fig. S3. (A) FT-IR spectra of GO (a) and GN (b); (B) FT-IR spectra of Cu-MOF-GN-1 (a), Cu-MOF-GN-2 (b), Cu-MOF-GN-3 (c) and Cu-MOF-GN-4 (d).

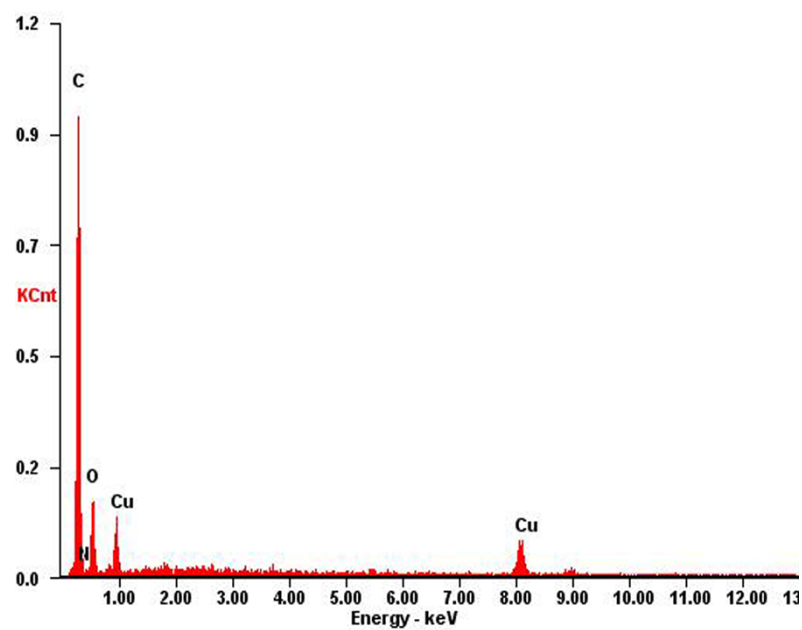


Fig. S4. EDX spectrum of Cu-MOF-GN-3.

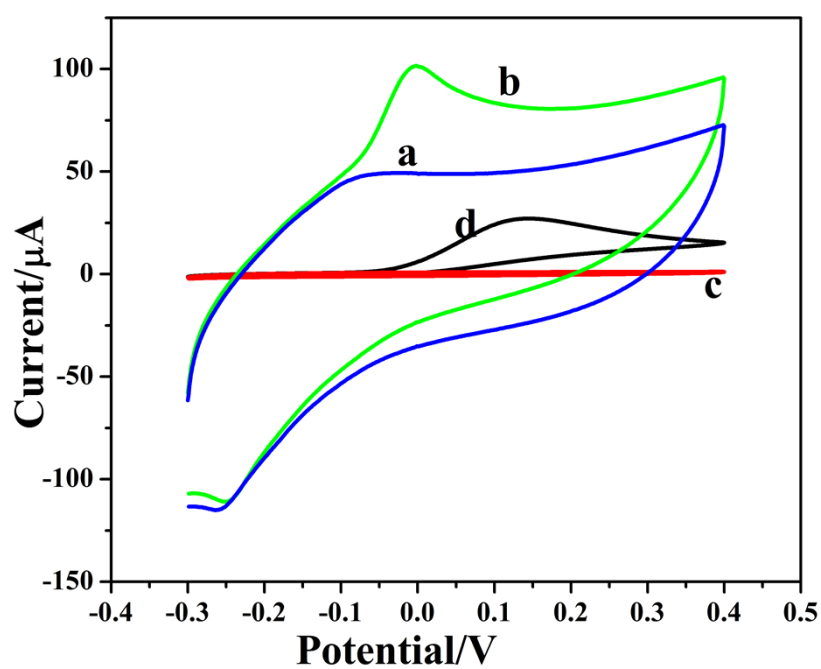


Fig. S5. CVs of Cu-MOF-GN-3/GCE and GCE in PBS (pH=7.0) containing 0 (a, c) and 3 mM (b, d) AA, respectively.

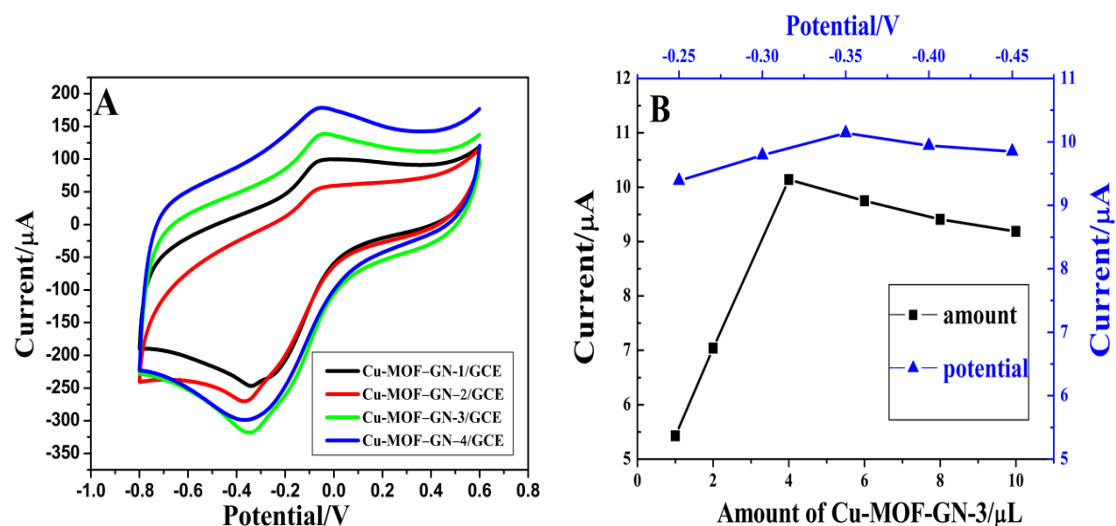


Fig. S6. (A) CVs of Cu-MOF-GN-*x*/GCE in PBS (pH=7.0) containing 5 mM H₂O₂; (B) influences of the amount of Cu-MOF-GN-3 nanocomposite (blank line) and the operating potential (blue line) on the response current of 0.15 mM H₂O₂.

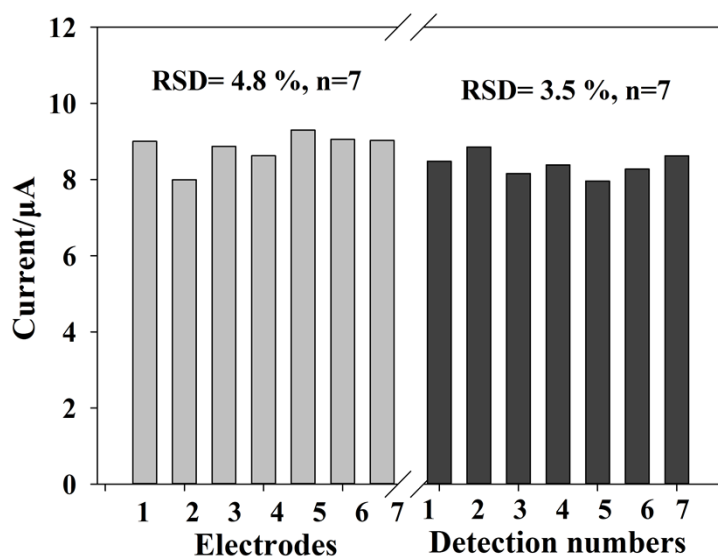


Fig. S7. Current response of seven different Cu-MOF-GN-3/GCEs and one electrode for seven successive measurements to 0.1 mM H₂O₂.

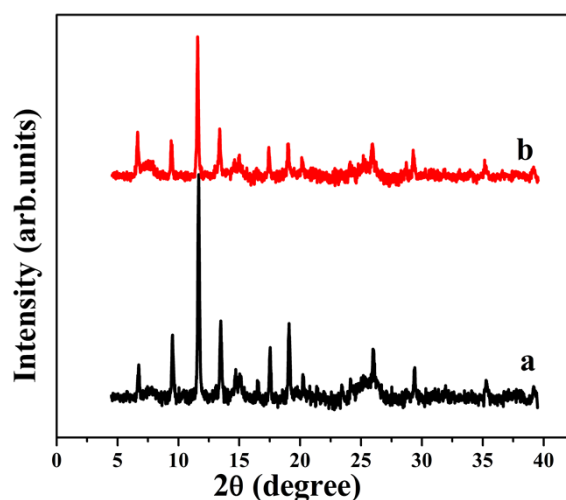


Fig. S8. XRD patterns of Cu-MOF-GN-3 before (a) and after (b) electrochemical detection.

Table S1 Comparison of the performance of the Cu-MOF-GN-3/GCE with other previously reported H₂O₂ sensors

Electrode	Potential(V)	Linear range (μM)	Detection limit (μM)	Sensitivity (μA mM ⁻¹)	Response time (s)	Ref.
Cu ₂ O/GNs/GCE ^a	-0.4	300-7800	20.8	-	7	1
Mb/CeO ₂ /ITO ^b	-0.3	0.6-3000	0.6	13.54	8	2
Cu/PSi-CPE ^c	-0.2	0.5-3780	0.27	13.09	5	3
IL-GP-TPMATA- CuCl ₂ (IL)/SPCE ^d	-0.1	0.5-364	0.25	25	-	4
CuS/GCE ^e	-0.65	10-1900	1.1	62.93	20	5
CQDs/Cu ₂ O/GCE ^f	-0.2	5-5300	2.8	9.02	10	6
MP-11/MWCNTs-BC ^g	-0.3	0.1-257.6	0.1	247 (μAmM ⁻¹ cm ²)	3	7
Pt/CNF ^h	0	1-800	0.6	-	-	8
Pt/PIL/OMCs ⁱ	-0.24	0.1-3200	0.8	24.43	4-5	9
Hb/SA-	-0.4	40-200	16.41	15.87	10	10
MWCNTs/GCE ^j	-0.22	10-11600	3.2	2.97	2	11
Cu-MOFs-MPC/GCE ^k	-0.35	10-11180	2	57.73	3	This
Cu-MOF-GN-3/GCE						work

a cubic Cu₂O nanocrystals/graphene hybrid modified glassy carbon electrode

b myoglobin (Mb)/porous cerium dioxide(CeO₂) nanostructured film electrodeposited on an indium tin oxide (ITO) substrate

c copper on porous silicon (Cu/PSi) nanocomposite powder modified carbon paste

- electrode (CPE)
- d dissolving 2,4,6-tris(2-pyridylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazine (TPMATA) and CuCl₂ in ionic liquid (IL) modified IL-graphite powder (GP)-screen printed carbon electrode (SPCE)
- e CuS nanoparticles modified GCE
- f carbon quantum dots (CQDs)/octahedral cuprous oxide (Cu₂O) nanocomposites/ GCE
- g microperoxidase-11/ bacterial cellulose (BC) functionalized by MWCNTs
- h Pt nanoparticle loaded carbon nanofiber
- i Pt/Poly(ionic liquid) (PIL) coated ordered mesoporous carbons (OMCs)
- j hemoglobin (Hb) immobilized sodium alginate (SA)- MWCNTs modified GCE
- k Cu-based metal-organic framework- macroporous carbon (MPC) hybrid modified GCE
- l Cu-bipy-BTC- MWCNTs modified GCE

Table S2 Comparison of the performance of the Cu-MOF-GN-3/GCE with other previously reported AA sensors

Electrode	Potential(V)	Linear range (μ M)	Detection limit (μ M)	Sensitivity (μ A mM ⁻¹)	Ref.
Cu-MOFs-MPC/GCE ^a	0.04	10-2360	3.5	83.64	12
N-PCNPs/GCE ^b	-0.04	80-2000	0.74	14.9	13
NG/GCE ^c	0	5-1300	2.2	27.55	14
PANI/SPCE ^d	0.38	30-270	30	17.7	15
Pd NWs/GCE ^e	0	25-900	0.2	166.5 μ A mM cm ⁻²	16
Cu-MOF-GN-3/GCE	-0.02	0.5-6965.5	0.02	18.25	this work

a Cu-based metal-organic framework– MPC hybrid modified GCE

b Nitrogen doped porous carbon nanopolyhedra (N-PCNPs) prepared from direct carbonization of Zn-MOF modified GCE

c Nitrogen doped graphene modified GCE

d Polyaniline modified screen printed carbon electrode

e Pd nanowires (Pd NWs) modified GCE

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