

Supporting Information

A Synthesis of Strychnine by a Longest Linear Sequence of Six Steps

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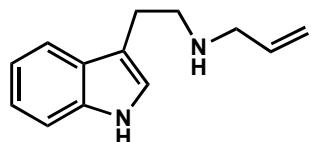
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I. General Methods:

All reactions were carried out under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen or argon in oven-dried or flame-dried glassware with magnetic stirring, unless otherwise noted. Solvents were dried by passage through columns of activated alumina. THF (for anionic bicyclization reactions) and acetone (for hydrosilylation reactions) were degassed by three cycles of freeze/pump/thaw. Pyridine, diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine and *N*-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (NMP) were distilled from calcium hydride prior to use. 5-Methyl Meldrum's acid was recrystallized from acetone/water.¹ [Cp^{*}Ru(CH₃CN)₃]PF₆ was purchased from Strem and stored in a glovebox at -20 °C. All other reagents were prepared by known literature procedures or used as obtained from commercial sources, unless otherwise indicated. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) carried out on 0.25 mm coated commercial silica gel plates (Dynamic Adsorbents, F254 precoated glass plates) using UV light as visualizing agent and KMnO₄ and heat as a developing agent. Flash chromatography was performed on silica gel (Dynamic Adsorbents, 230-400 mesh). Melting points were determined on a Mel-Temp apparatus and are uncorrected. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker Avance 500 MHz or 600 MHz spectrometer at 298 K, unless otherwise indicated. Abbreviations for multiplicity are as follows: app indicates apparent, br indicates broad, d indicates doublet, t indicates triplet, q indicates quartet, m indicates multiplet. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm referenced to the internal solvent residual of CDCl₃ or DMSO-d₆ at 7.27 ppm and 2.50 ppm for ¹H NMR and 77.1 ppm and 39.5 ppm for ¹³C NMR, respectively. IR spectra were obtained on a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum RX 1 FT-IR spectrophotometer using NaCl plates. High-resolution mass spectrometry data were obtained on a Waters LCT Premier spectrometer (for LC-ESI) or Waters GCT Premier spectrometer (for GC-CI).

Note: Chromatographic purification of Zincke aldehydes usually yields a brown semisolid that appears pure by ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR analysis. Further purification by treatment with activated charcoal in CH₂Cl₂ yields a yellow solid. This additional purification was critical for the success of the anionic bicyclization reaction.

II. Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data



N_b-Allyltryptamine (9)

This reaction is a modification of the procedure of Martin et al.² Tryptophyl bromide (16.0 g, 71.2 mmol) was added to allylamine (134 mL, 1.78 mol, 25 equiv) and the resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 44 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc/hexanes (60:40, 1.0 L) and the resulting solution was washed successively with water (4 x 200 mL) and brine (100 mL), then dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the title compound as a yellow oil (14.26 g, 100 %) that was used without further purification.

R_f = 0.15 (1:9:90 NH₄OH/MeOH/CH₂Cl₂);

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (br s, 1H, N_a-H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C4-H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C7-H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C6-H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C5-H), 7.06 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, indole C2-H), 5.90 (ddt, J = 17.1, 10.3, 6.0 Hz, 1H, CH=CH₂), 5.15 (dd, J = 17.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H, E-CH), 5.07 (dd, J = 10.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, Z-CH), 3.29 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H, N_bCH₂), 2.95–3.03 (m, 4H, CH₂CH₂), 1.61 (br s, 1H, N_b-H).



(2E,4E)-5-{Allyl-[2-(3-indolyl)-ethyl]-amino}-penta-2,4-dienal (11)

To a solution of N_b-allyltryptamine (9) (14.25 g, 71.15 mmol, 2.10 equiv) in EtOH (85 mL) was added 1-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-pyridinium chloride (10)³ (9.54 g, 33.9 mmol). After stirring for 30 min at rt, the red mixture was heated to 80 °C for 2 h 45 min, then cooled to rt. The reaction mixture was quenched with 2 M NaOH (90 mL) and stirred at rt for 30 min, then diluted with EtOAc (350 mL) and water (250 mL). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed successively with 2 M NaOH (60 mL) and brine (100 mL), then dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the crude material was purified

by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 0.1:0.9:99 → 0.5:4.5:95 $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}/\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$) to yield the desired product as a red–brown solid (7.67 g, 81% based on **10**) along with recovered N_b -allyltryptamine (7.55 g, 100% recovery of excess). Further purification by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 5:4:1 → 6:3:1 $\text{EtOAc}:\text{hexanes}:\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$) and treatment with activated charcoal (~ 8 g) in CH_2Cl_2 for 1 h, followed by filtration and solvent removal gave a yellow solid.

m.p. = 104–106 °C;

R_f = 0.3 (0.5:4.5:95 $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}/\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$);

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.29 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, CHO), 8.31 (br s, 1H, N_a -H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C4-H), 7.40 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C7-H), 7.23 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C6-H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, indole C5-H), 7.05 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, ZA [Zincke aldehyde] β -CH), 7.02 (s, 1H, indole C2-H), 6.74 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, ZA δ -CH), 5.85 (dd, J = 14.0, 8.3 Hz, 1H, ZA α -CH), 5.76 (ddt, J = 17.1, 10.2, 5.4 Hz, 1H, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), 5.38 (app t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, ZA γ -CH), 5.24 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H, E-CH), 5.18 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H, Z-CH), 3.74 (br s, 2H, N_b -CH₂), 3.52 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-CH₂), 3.05 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂-N_b);

^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO, 373 K) δ 189.7, 155.7, 151.5, 136.0, 132.6, 126.7, 233.5, 120.4, 118.2, 117.8, 117.5, 116.9, 110.9, 110.5, 96.6, 53.1, 51.9, 23.0;

IR (thin film) ν 3215, 3039, 2921, 1574, 1557, 1148, 742 cm⁻¹;

HRMS (LC-ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ($\text{M} + \text{H}$)⁺ 281.1654, found 281.1654.



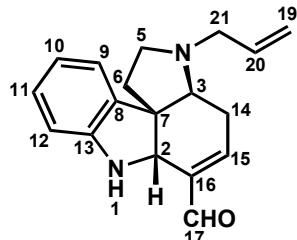
Tetracycle 12

To a solution of Zincke aldehyde **11** (207 mg, 0.738 mmol) in THF (36 mL, 0.02 M) in a sealed tube temporarily capped with a septum was added $\text{KO}t\text{-Bu}$ (0.775 mL, 1.0 M in THF, 0.78 mmol, 1.05 equiv), yielding a light brown, slightly cloudy solution. The tube was tightly sealed and heated to 80 °C for 3 h 15 min, then cooled to rt. A saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 (25 mL) was added, followed by EtOAc (60 mL) and water (25 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (25 mL), and the combined organics were washed with brine (25 mL), then dried over Na_2SO_4 . The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the crude material was purified by column

chromatography (SiO_2 , 0.1:0.9:99 → 0.2:1.8:98 $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}/\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$) to yield the desired product as a yellow solid (133 mg, 64%). A reaction performed on 760 mg of **11** yielded 453 mg of product (60%).

m.p. = 91–93 °C;

R_f = 0.3 (0.5:4.5:95 $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}/\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$);



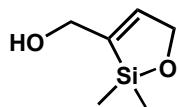
(Strychnine numbering)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.48 (s, 1H, C17-H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C9-H), 7.03 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C11-H), 6.82 (dd, J = 5.2, 2.5 Hz, 1H, C15-H), 6.71 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C10-H), 6.56 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C12-H), 5.91 (dd, J = 17.1, 10.2, 7.2, 5.3 Hz, 1H, C20-H), 5.23 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H, Z-C19-H), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H, E-C19-H), 4.51 (br s, 1H, NH), 4.33 (s, 1H, C2-H), 3.47 (dd, J = 14.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H, C21-H), 3.15–3.21 (m, 1H, C5-H), 3.12 (appar d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H, C3-H), 3.03 (dd, J = 14.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H, C21-H), 2.68 (ddd, J = 10.2, 10.0, 5.1 Hz, 1H, C5-H), 2.62 (dd, J = 19.3, 5.4 Hz, 1H, C14-H), 2.40 (appar d, J = 19.3 Hz, 1H, C14-H), 2.21 (ddd, J = 13.0, 8.2, 5.1 Hz, 1H, C6-H), 1.93 (ddd, J = 13.0, 10.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H, C6-H);

^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 194.9 (C17), 150.6 (C15), 150.4 (C13), 140.8 (C16), 135.2 (C20), 132.0 (C8), 128.3 (C11), 122.8 (C9), 118.6 (C10), 117.4 (C19), 109.3 (C12), 63.8 (C3), 59.7 (C2), 56.6 (C1), 53.5 (C7), 51.0 (C5), 38.0 (C6), 26.0 (C14);

IR (thin film) ν 3398, 2917, 2809, 1679, 1485, 1464, 1184, 921, 744 cm^{-1} ;

HRMS (LC-ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ($\text{M} + \text{H}$)⁺ 281.1654, found 281.1649.



Siloxacycle 14

This reaction is a modification of the procedure of Trost and Ball.⁴ To a solution of 1,4-butynediol (1.40 g, 16.3 mmol) and $\text{Me}_2\text{SiH(OEt)}$ (2.69 mL, 19.5 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in degassed acetone (33 mL, 0.5 M) at 0 °C was added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Ru}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_3]\text{PF}_6$ (22 mg, 0.044 mmol, 0.27 mol%). The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 5 min, warmed to rt for 30 min. A second portion of catalyst (22 mg,

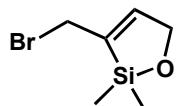
0.044 mmol, 0.27 mol%) was added and the reaction was stirred at rt for 2 h, at which point ^1H NMR analysis of an aliquot indicated consumption of 1,4-butyndiol. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the desired product as a light yellow oil (2.64 g, ~90% pure by ^1H NMR) that was used without further purification. Siloxacycle **14** decomposed rapidly on silica gel.

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.63 (s, 1H, vinyl CH), 4.60 (s, 2H, CH_2OSi), 4.44 (s, 2H, CH_2OH), 1.60 (br s, 1H, OH), 0.29 (s, 6H, SiCH_3);

^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 142.1 (vinyl CSi), 140.5 (vinyl CH), 72.0 (CH_2OSi), 62.5 (CH_2OH), 0.5 (CH_3Si);

IR (thin film) ν 3272, 2961, 2856, 1254, 1075, 1025, 858, 815, 784 cm^{-1} ;

HRMS (GC-CI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{O}_2\text{Si} (\text{M} + \text{H})^+$ 145.0685, found 145.0687.



Allylic bromide **S1**

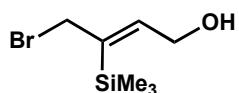
To a solution of crude siloxacycle **14** (2.64 g, <16.3 mmol) and NEt_3 (3.16 mL, 22.8 mmol, 1.4 equiv) in THF (65 mL, 0.25 M) at -25°C was added methanesulfonyl chloride (1.51 mL, 19.5 mmol, 1.2 equiv). The solution was stirred at -25°C for 1 h, then LiBr (3.95 g, 45.5 mmol, 2.8 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was warmed to rt for 4 h. The reaction was diluted with Et_2O (50 mL), quenched with water (50 mL), then further diluted with Et_2O (50 mL) and water (30 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl (2 x 50 mL) and dried over MgSO_4 . The solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the desired product as an orange oil (3.40 g, ~60–70% pure by ^1H NMR) that was used without further purification. Bromide **S1** decomposed on silica gel.

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.72 (s, 1H, vinyl CH), 4.61 (s, 2H, CH_2OSi), 4.24 (s, 2H, CH_2Br), 0.33 (s, 6H, SiCH_3);

^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.0 (vinyl CH), 138.2 (vinyl CSi), 71.3 (CH_2OSi), 31.5 (CH_2Br), 0.6 (CH_3Si);

IR (thin film) ν 2960, 2854, 1259, 1075, 1039, 799 cm^{-1} ;

HRMS (GC-CI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{15}\text{NOSiBr} (\text{M} + \text{NH}_4)^+$ 224.0106, found 224.0106.



Vinylsilane 15

To a solution of crude siloxacycle **S1** (3.40 g, <16.3 mmol) in Et₂O (90 mL, 0.18 M) at -78 °C was added methylmagnesium bromide (5.51 mL, 3.10 M in Et₂O, 17.1 mmol, ~1.05 equiv) over 5 min. After stirring for 30 min at -78 °C, the reaction was quenched with half-saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (25 mL) and warmed to rt. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et₂O (50 mL) and half-saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (100 mL). The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (50 mL) and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the crude material was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 25:75 → 30:70 Et₂O/hexanes) to yield the desired product as a colorless oil (1.70 g, 47% over 3 steps).

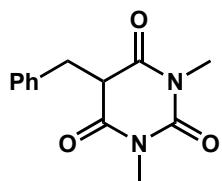
R_f = 0.3 (2:3 Et₂O:hexanes);

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.45 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H, vinyl CH), 4.26 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂OH), 4.10 (s, 2H, CH₂Br), 1.51 (br s, 1H, OH), 0.26 (s, 9H, SiCH₃);

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.9 (vinyl CH), 139.9 (vinyl CSi), 61.7 (CH₂O), 39.9 (CH₂Br), 0.0 (CH₃Si);

IR (thin film) ν 3329, 2957, 1251, 1204, 1072, 1010, 841, 760 cm⁻¹;

HRMS (GC-CI) m / z calcd for C₇H₁₉NOSiBr (M + NH₄)⁺ 240.0419, found 240.0423.

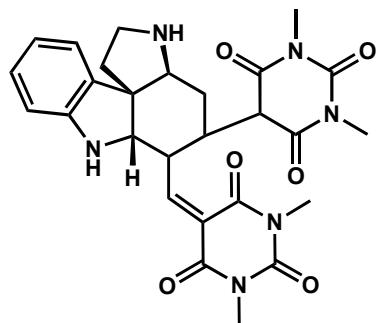


5-Benzyl-N,N'-dimethylbarbituric acid (S2)

This reaction is a modification of the procedure of Ramachary et al.⁵ To a solution of *N,N'*-dimethylbarbituric acid (8.00 g, 51.2 mmol) in EtOH (128 mL, 0.4 M) was added sequentially benzaldehyde (5.75 mL, 56.4 mmol, 1.1 equiv), Hantzsch ester [diethyl 2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihydropyridine-3,5-dicarboxylate] (15.4 g, 56.4 mmol, 1.1 equiv) and piperidine (0.51 mL, 5.1 mmol, 0.1 equiv). The resulting thick suspension was stirred at rt for 15 h. Most of the EtOH was removed *in vacuo*, 1M HCl (50 mL) was added, and the resulting mixture was diluted with EtOAc (150 mL) and water (150 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with

EtOAc (150 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed successively with water (60 mL) and brine (60 mL), then dried over MgSO₄. Most of the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the product could be collected directly by filtration, rinsing with EtOAc:hexanes (20:80, 100 mL) to give a pale orange, crystalline solid (7.0 g, 56%). Spectral data were consistent with literature values.⁵

R_f = 0.4 (1:3 EtOAc/hexanes).



Barbituric acid adduct 8

To a solution of **12** (16.7 mg, 59.6 µmol) and *N,N'*-dimethylbarbituric acid (27.9 mg, 179 µmol, 3 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.6 mL, 0.1 M) at rt was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (3.4 mg, 3.0 µmol, 5 mol%). The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 1.75 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. NMR analysis of the crude residue indicated clean formation of **8**, which was contaminated with excess **S2** and allylated variants thereof. Column chromatography (SiO₂, 0.5:4.5:95 → 1:9:90 NH₄OH/MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) afforded a pure sample of title compound as a clear oil (6.6 mg, 21%).

R_f = 0.4 (1:9:90 NH₄OH/MeOH/CH₂Cl₂);

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30–7.36 (m, 1H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.09–4.15 (m, 2H), 3.45 (q, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (s, 6H), 3.20–3.29 (m, 1H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.80–2.84 (m, 1H), 2.72–2.80 (m, 1H), 2.20–2.37 (m, 3H), 1.88 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H);

LRMS (LC-ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₃₁N₆O₆ (M + H)⁺ 535.23, found 535.19; *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₃₀N₆O₆Na (M + Na)⁺ 557.21, found 557.15.



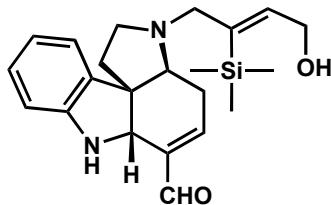
Tetracycle 7

To a solution of **12** (44.7 mg, 0.159 mmol) and 5-benzyl-*N,N'*-dimethylbarbituric acid **S2** (47.1 mg, 0.191 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.8 mL, 0.2 M) at rt was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (9.2 mg, 0.008 mmol, 5 mol%). The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 1.5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude material was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 0.2:1.8:98 → 0.8:7.2:92 NH₄OH/MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to yield the desired product as a clear oil (21.9 mg, 57%). Tetracycle **7** was unstable in concentrated form.

R_f = 0.3 (1:9:90 NH₄OH/MeOH/CH₂Cl₂);

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.52 (s, 1H), 7.05 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (br s, 1H), 4.36 (s, 1H), 3.58 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.23–3.29 (m, 1H), 3.14–3.21 (m, 1H), 2.48–2.61 (m, 2H), 2.25 (ddd, *J* = 13.1, 8.3, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.07 (ddd, *J* = 13.1, 9.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H);

HRMS (LC-ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₇N₂O (M + H)⁺ 241.1341, found 241.1335.



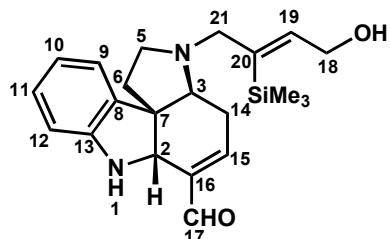
Tetracycle 16

To a solution of **12** (280 mg, 0.999 mmol) and 5-methyl Meldrum's acid (347 mg, 2.20 mmol, 2.2 equiv) in CDCl₃ (5.0 mL, 0.2 M) at 0 °C was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (57.7 mg, 50.0 µmol, 5 mol%). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h, at which point ¹H NMR analysis of an aliquot indicated complete deallylation. To the reaction mixture was added diisopropylethylamine (610 µL, 3.50 mmol, 3.5 equiv) and bromide **15** (493 mg, 2.20 mmol, 2.2 equiv) as a solution in CH₃CN, rinsing with CH₃CN (5.0 mL total). The resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h, diluted with EtOAc (10 mL) and saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL), and warmed to rt. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and water (10 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL)

and brine (20 mL), then dried over Na_2SO_4 . The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the crude material was purified by column chromatography (SiO_2 , 1:4 \rightarrow 1:3 EtOAc:CH₂Cl₂) to yield the desired product as a yellow solid. The purified product was dissolved in Et₂O (10 mL) and filtered through Celite to remove traces of Ph₃PO, then concentrated to give the desired product as a pale yellow solid (265 mg, 69%).

m.p. = 115–117 °C;

R_f = 0.3 (1:3 EtOAc:CH₂Cl₂);



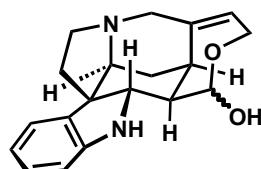
(Strychnine numbering)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.48 (s, 1H, C17-H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C9-H), 7.03 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C11-H), 6.81 (dd, J = 5.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H, C15-H), 6.71 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C10-H), 6.56 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, C12-H), 6.31 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H, C19-H), 4.50 (br s, 1H, NH), 4.26 (s, 1H, C2), 4.19–4.27 (m, 2H, C18-H), 3.66 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, C21-H), 2.96–3.02 (m, 2H, C3-H and C5-H), 2.76 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, C21-H), 2.60 (appar dd, J = 19.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H, C14-H), 2.50 (td, J = 10.2, 5.1 Hz, 1H, C5-H), 2.16 (ddd, J = 12.8, 8.8, 5.1 Hz, 1H, C6-H), 1.88 (ddd, J = 12.8, 10.3, 6.1 Hz, 1H, C6-H), 1.40 (br s, OH), 0.10 (s, 9H, SiCH₃);

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.8 (C17), 150.8 (C15), 150.1 (C13), 142.5 (C19), 141.4 (C20), 140.6 (C16), 132.0 (C8), 128.1 (C11), 122.8 (C9), 118.5 (C10), 109.2 (C12), 63.8 (C3), 62.9 (C), 61.8 (C), 59.7 (C2), 53.3 (C7), 50.8 (C5), 36.9 (C6), 25.6 (C14), 0.1 (CH₃Si);

IR (thin film) ν 3380, 2952, 2807, 1679, 1485, 1246, 840, 743 cm⁻¹;

HRMS (LC-ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₃₁N₂O₂Si (M + H)⁺ 383.2155, found 383.2158.



Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde (2)

To a solution of **16** (38.2 mg, 100 μmol) in NMP (1.43 mL) at 0 °C was added NaHMDS (180 μL,

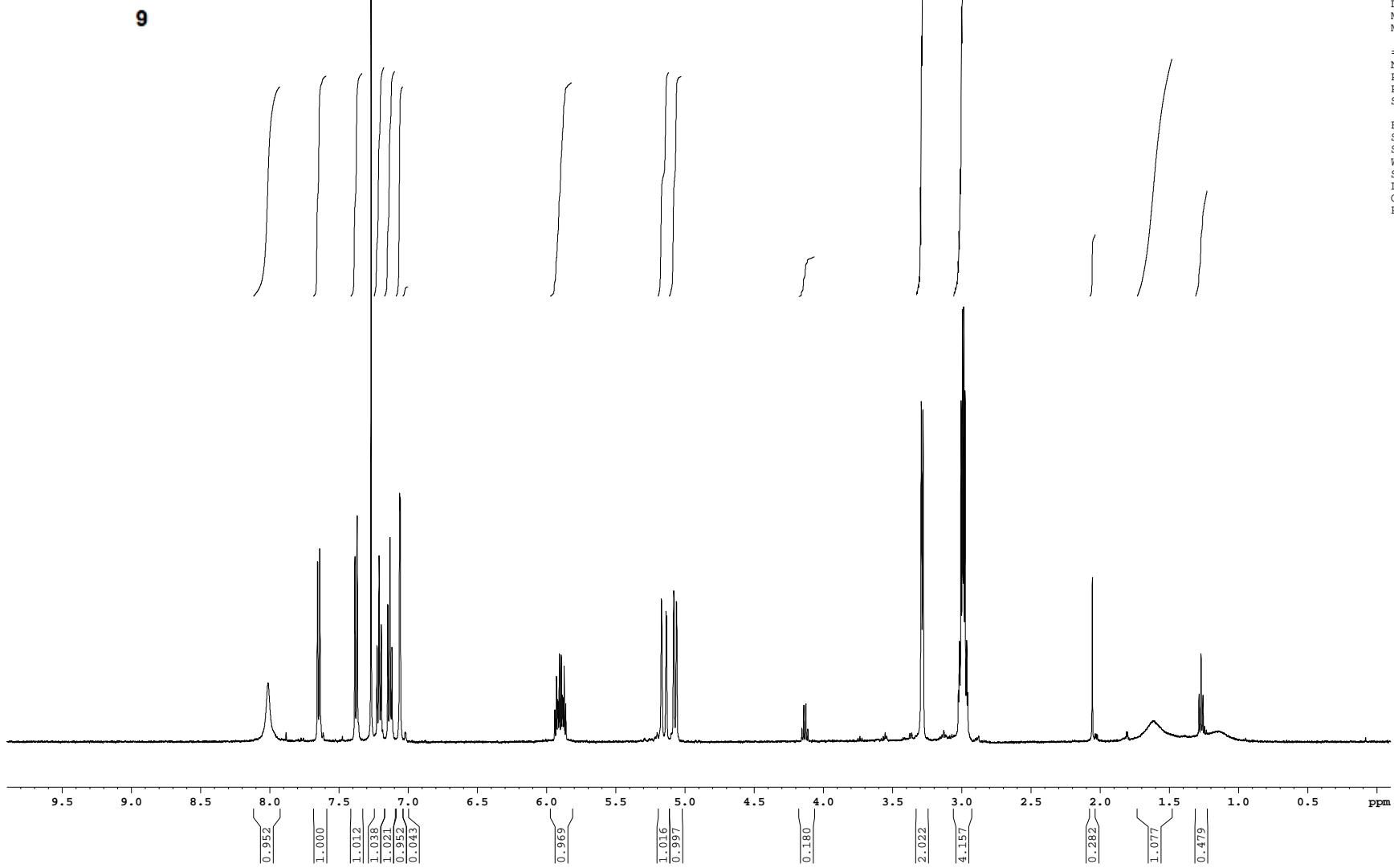
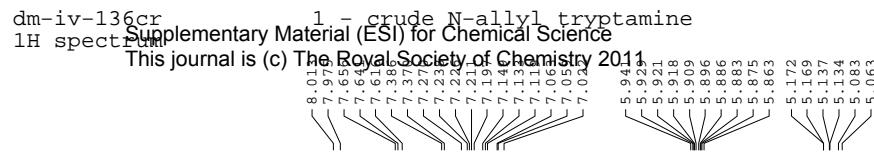
1.0 M in THF, 180 μ mol, 1.8 equiv). After 15 min stirring at 0 °C, a suspension of CuBr•SMe₂ (1.44 mL, 0.120 M in NMP, 180 μ mol, 1.8 equiv) was added. The resulting solution was stirred for 10 min at 0 °C, then warmed to rt for 5 min, then heated to 65 °C for 75 min. The reaction was cooled to rt, quenched with water (~5 drops), and diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and 10% aqueous NH₃ (10 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed successively with 10% aqueous NH₃ (4 mL), water (2 x 4 mL), and brine (4 mL), and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the crude material was purified by two iterations of column chromatography (1. SiO₂, 1:9:90 → 1:9:90 NH₄OH/MeOH/CHCl₃; 2. SiO₂, 1:9:90 → 1:9:90 NEt₃/MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to give the Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde as a light yellow solid (3.8 mg, ~80% pure by NMR, 10% yield).

The product Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde is an inseparable (likely equilibrating) mixture of hemiacetal epimers (typically 4:1 to 8:1). This compound is notoriously difficult to purify, and especially so from a crude reaction mixture containing only about 10% desired product. Spectral data were consistent with literature values (although variable depending upon preparation and purification method),⁶ and synthetic Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde behaved identically by TLC to a sample prepared by degradation of natural strychnine.⁷ Synthetic Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde was successfully converted to strychnine using the procedure of Overman.⁸ Synthetic strychnine behaved identically by TLC to a commercially procured sample. Spectral data of synthetic strychnine were consistent with literature values, but due to minor differences in chemical shift, a titration experiment was performed by adding 0.1 mg portions of commercially procured strychnine to an NMR sample containing our synthetic strychnine. Analysis of the mixtures by ¹H NMR confirmed that our synthetic sample was in fact strychnine.

III. References:

1. Danheiser, R. L.; Renslo, A. R.; Amos, D. T.; Wright, G. T. *Organic Syntheses* **2003**, *80*, 133–143.
2. Martin, S. F.; Williamson, S. A.; Gist, R. P.; Smith, K. M. *J. Org. Chem.* **1983**, *48*, 5170–5180.
3. Zincke, T. *Liebigs Ann. Chem.* **1903**, *330*, 361–374.
4. Trost, B. M.; Ball, Z. T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 17644–17655.
5. Ramachary, D. B.; Kishor, M.; Reddy, Y. V. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2008**, 975–993.
6. NMR spectra of Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde: Kuehne, M. E.; Xu, Feng *J. Org. Chem.* **1998**, *63*, 9427–9433.
7. Degradation of strychnine to Wieland–Gumlich aldehyde: Zlotos, D. P.; Buller, S.; Stiefl, N.; Baumann, K.; Mohr, K. *J. Med. Chem.* **2004**, *47*, 3561–3571.
8. Knight, S. D.; Overman, L. E.; Pairaudeau, G. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1995**, *117*, 5776–5788.

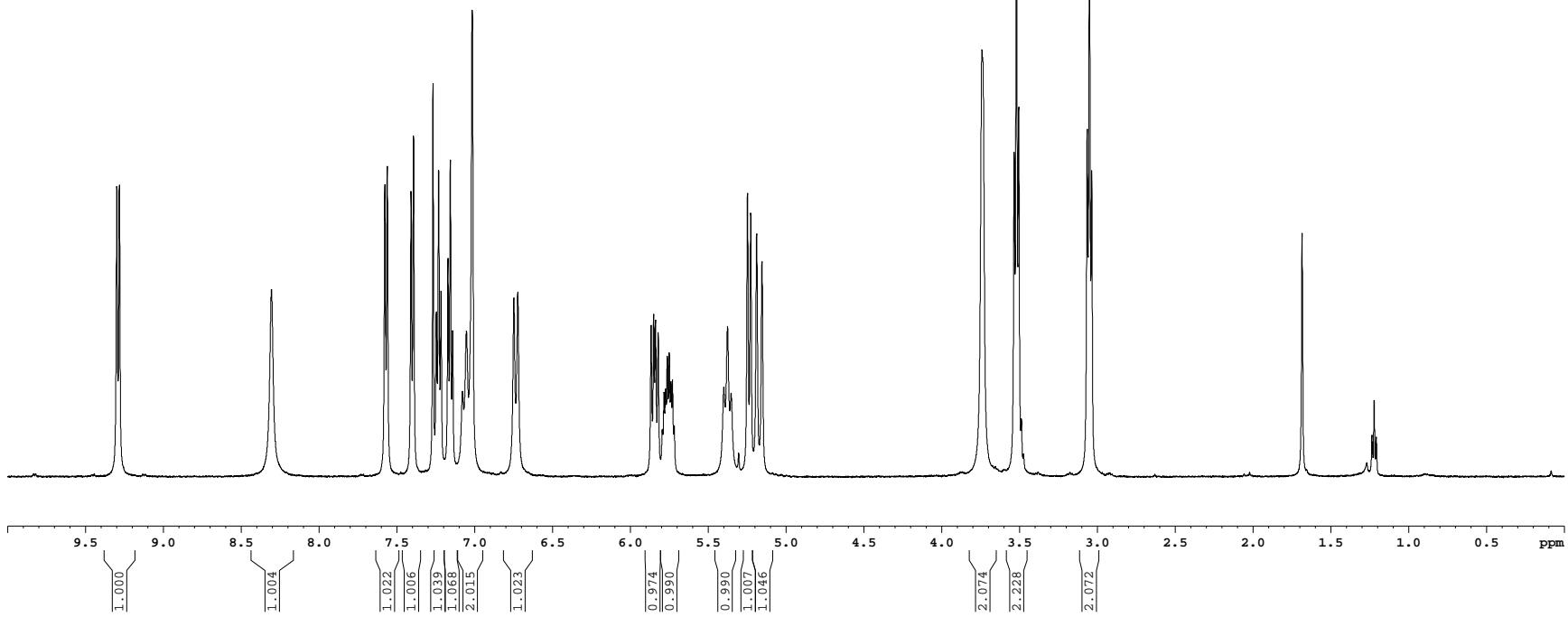
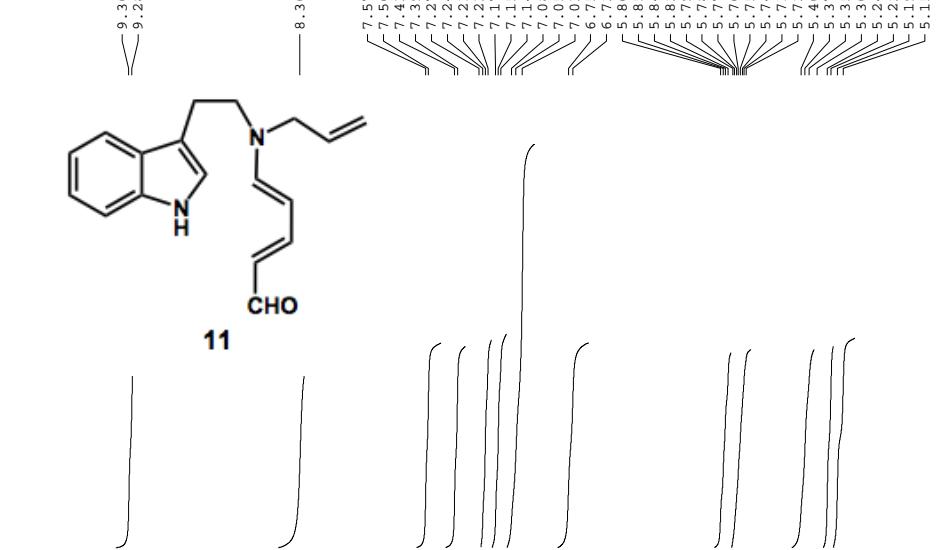
IV. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR Spectra



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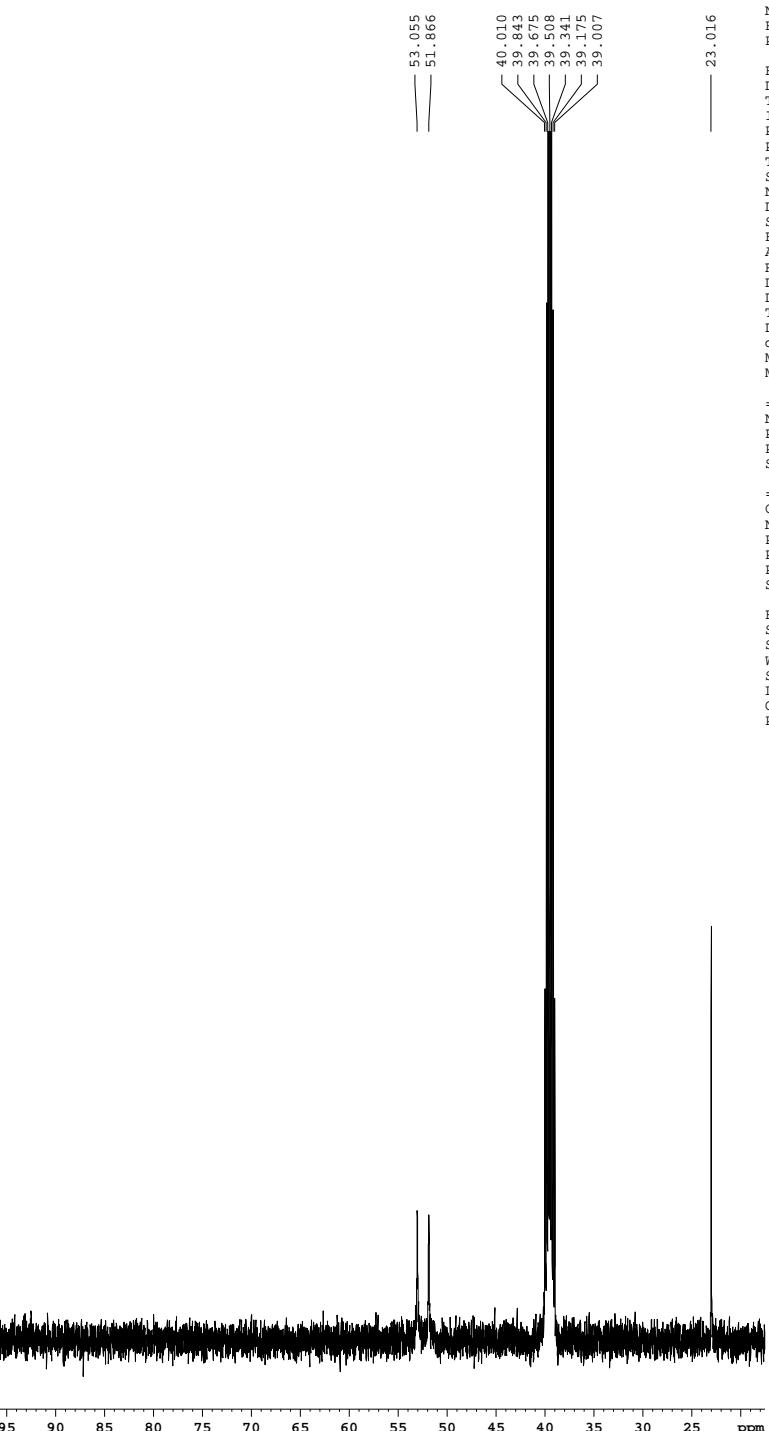
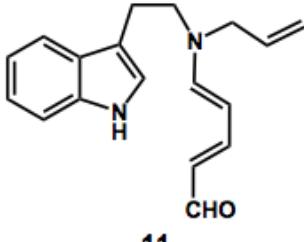
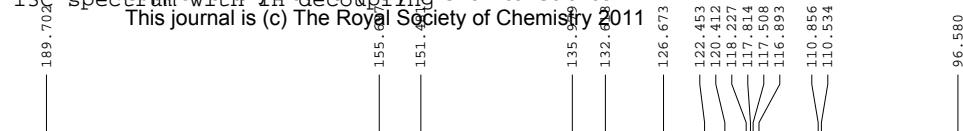
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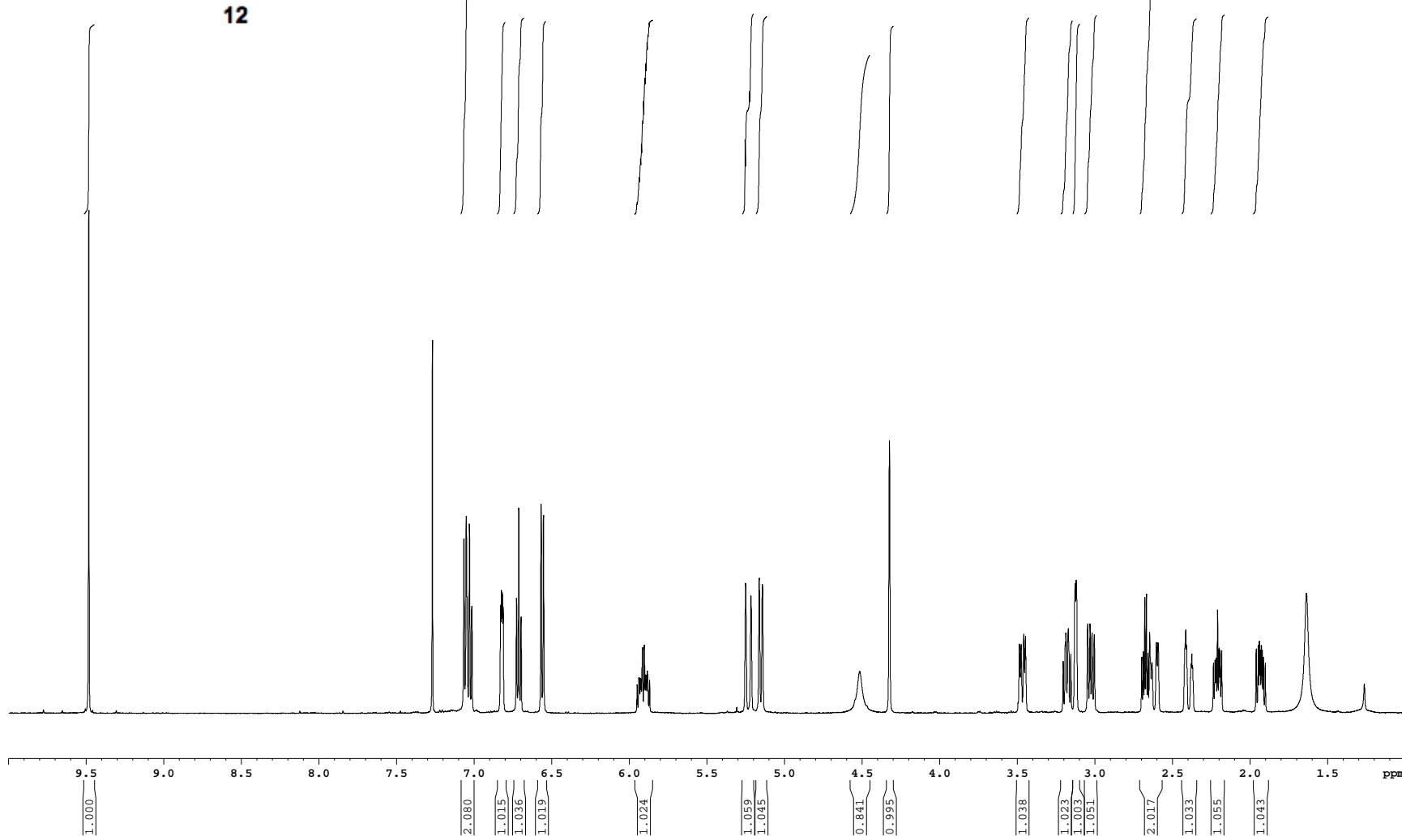
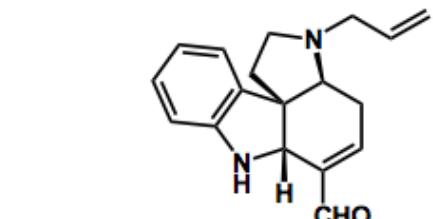
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 FIDRES 0.462388 Hz
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 RG 32768
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 PL1 0.00 dB
 SFO1 125.6433683 MHz

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 PL12 13.00 dB
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F2 - Processing parameters
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Current Data Parameters
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 PROCNO 1

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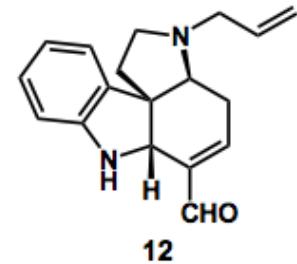
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 FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
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 RG 6.3
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===== CHANNEL f1 =====

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 PL1 1.60 dB
 SF01 500.2235015 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters:

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EXPNO 15
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DE 6.00 us
TE 298.0 K
D1 0.25000000 sec
d11 0.03000000 sec
D16 0.00020000 sec
g17 0.00019600 sec
MCREST 0.00000000 sec
MCWRK 0.01500000 sec
P2 31.00 us

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NUC1 13C
P1 15.50 us
P11 500.00 us
P12 2000.00 us
PL0 120.00 dB
PL1 -1.00 dB
SFO1 125.7942548 MHz
SP1 3.20 dB
SP2 3.20 dB
SPNAM1 Crp60,,0.5,20.1
SPNAM2 Crp60comp.4
SPOFF1 0.00 Hz
SPOFF2 0.00 Hz

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PL2 1.60 dB
PL12 24.60 dB
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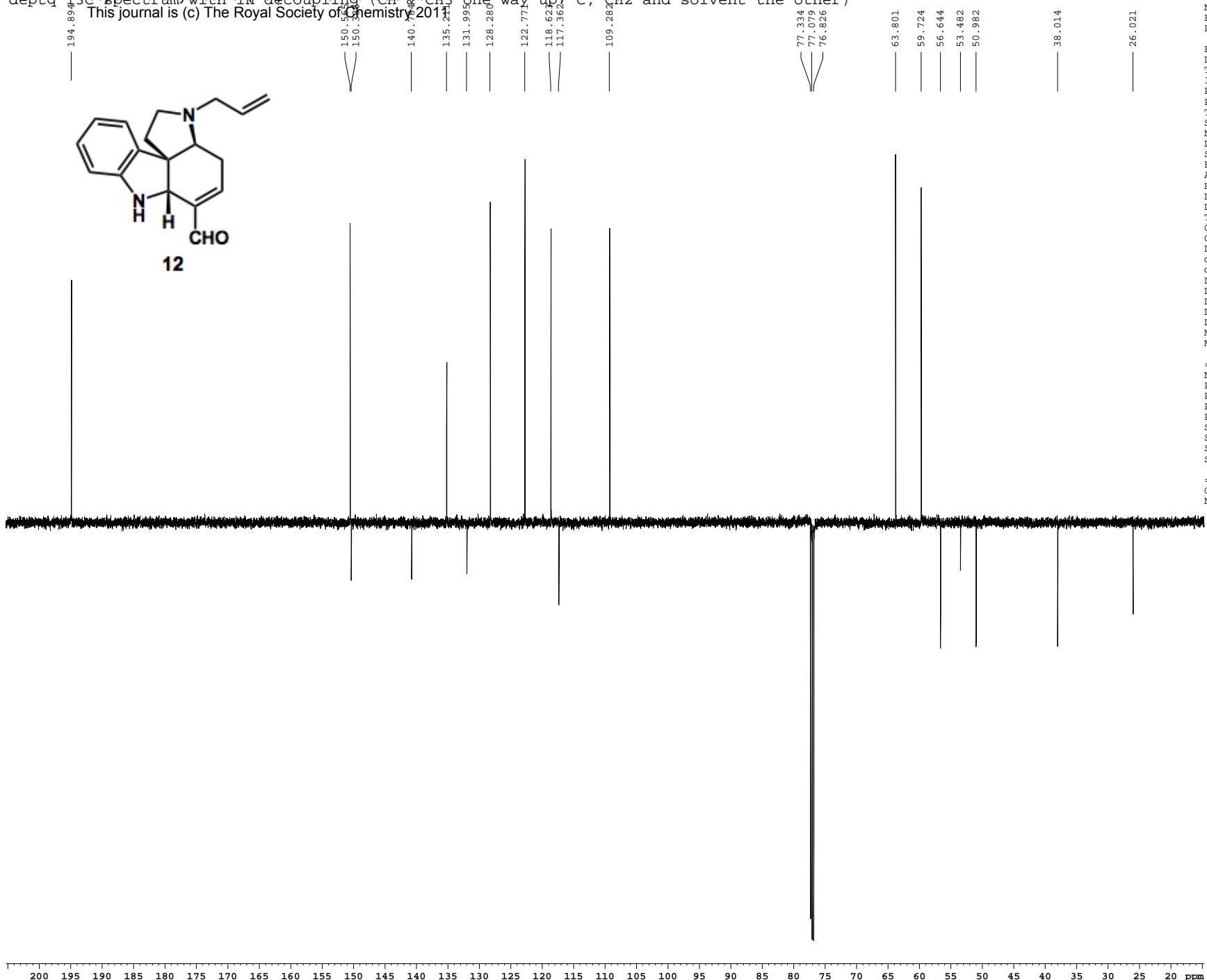
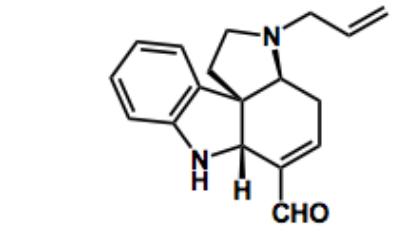
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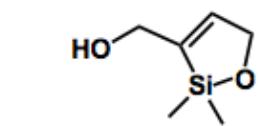
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DE 6.00 us
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CNST2 145.000000
CNST12 1.500000
D1 1.00000000 sec
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g12 0.00002000 sec
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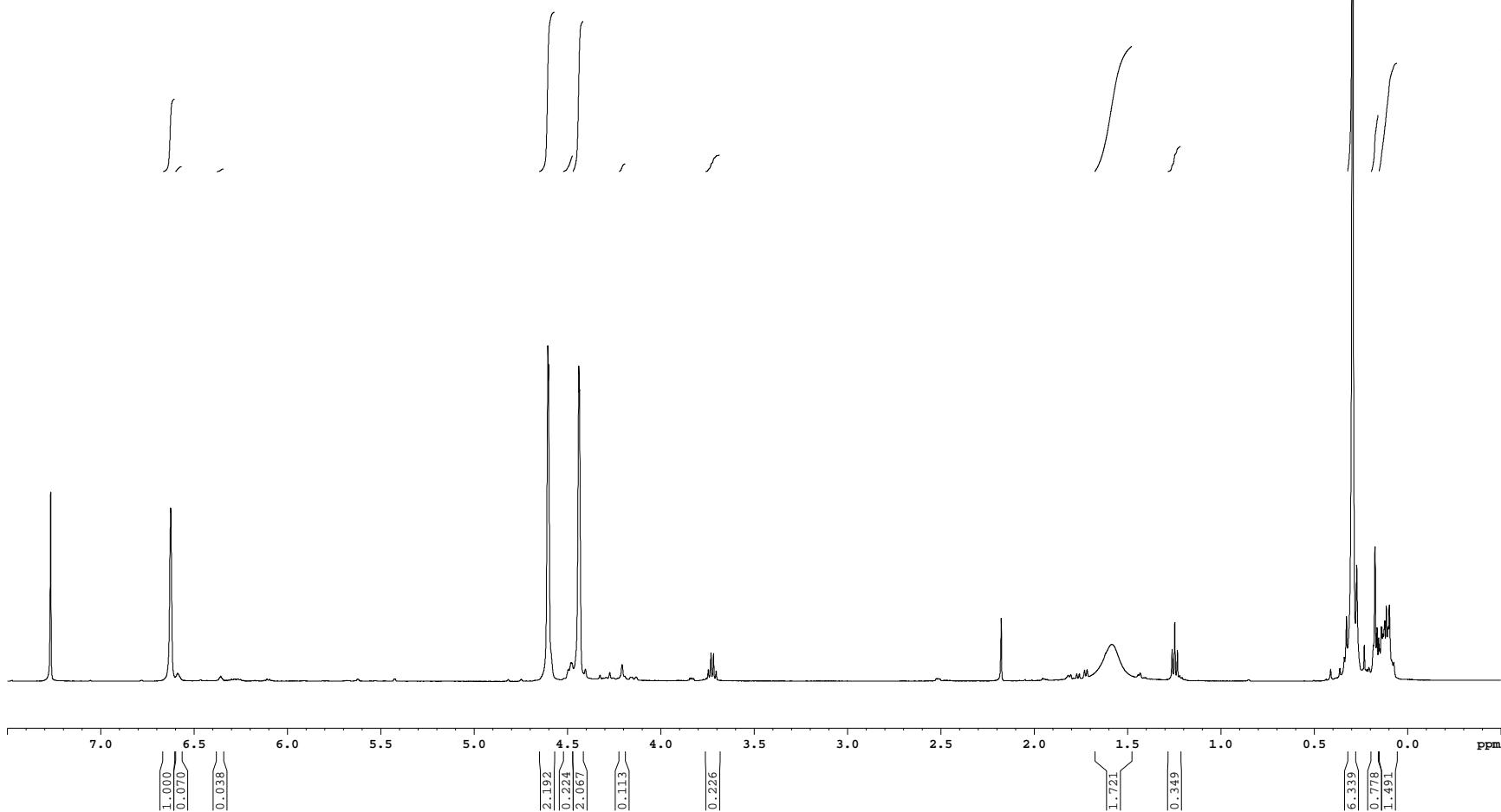
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SPNAM2 Crp60comp.4
SPOFF2 0.00 Hz

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NUC2 1H





14



Current Data Parameters
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 EXPNO 11
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameter:

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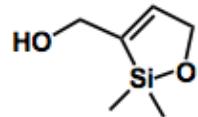
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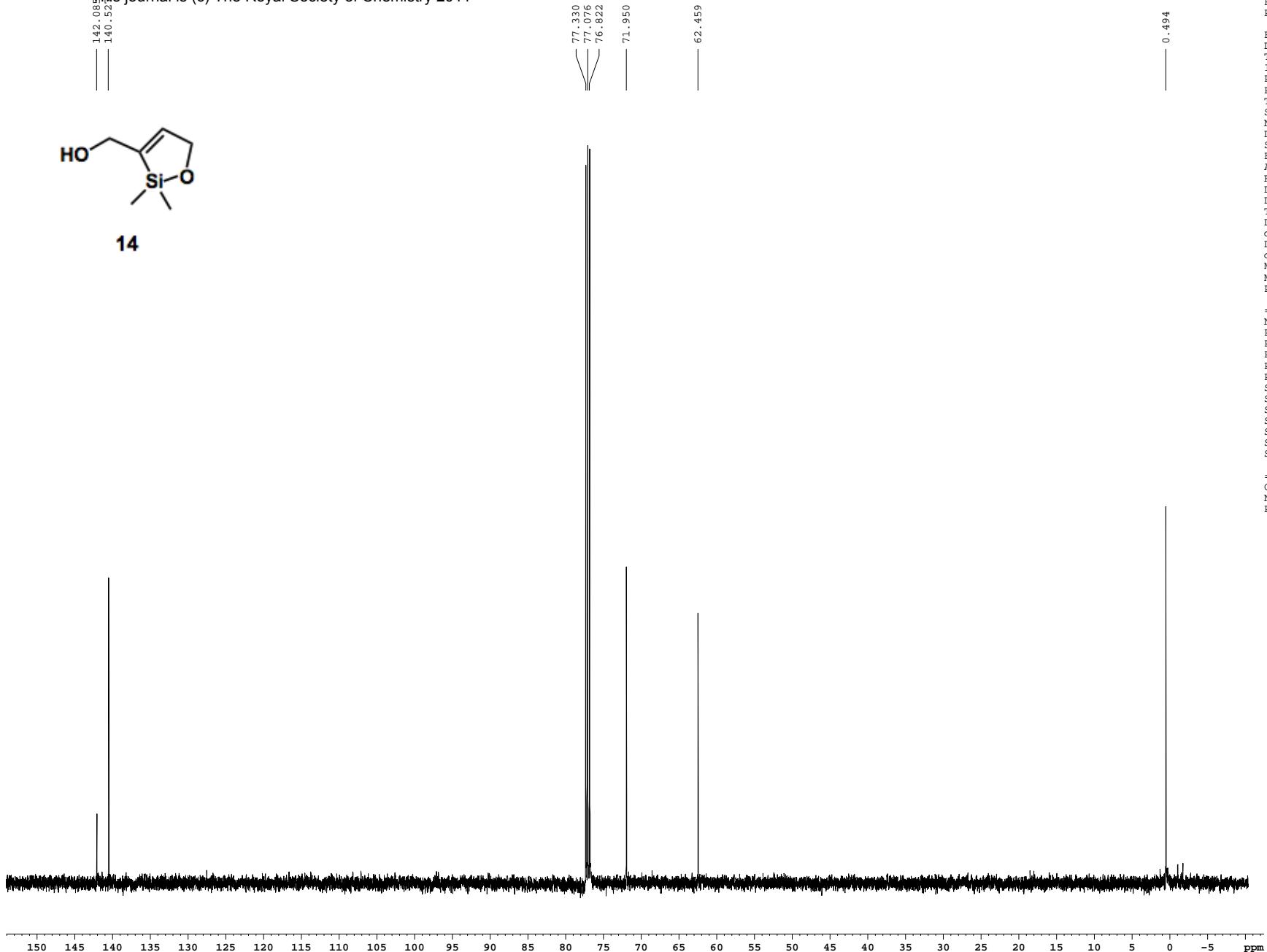
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14



Current Data Parameters
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 FIDRES 0.462388 Hz
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 P2 31.00 us

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 SP2 3.20 dB
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 SPNAM2 Crp60comp.4
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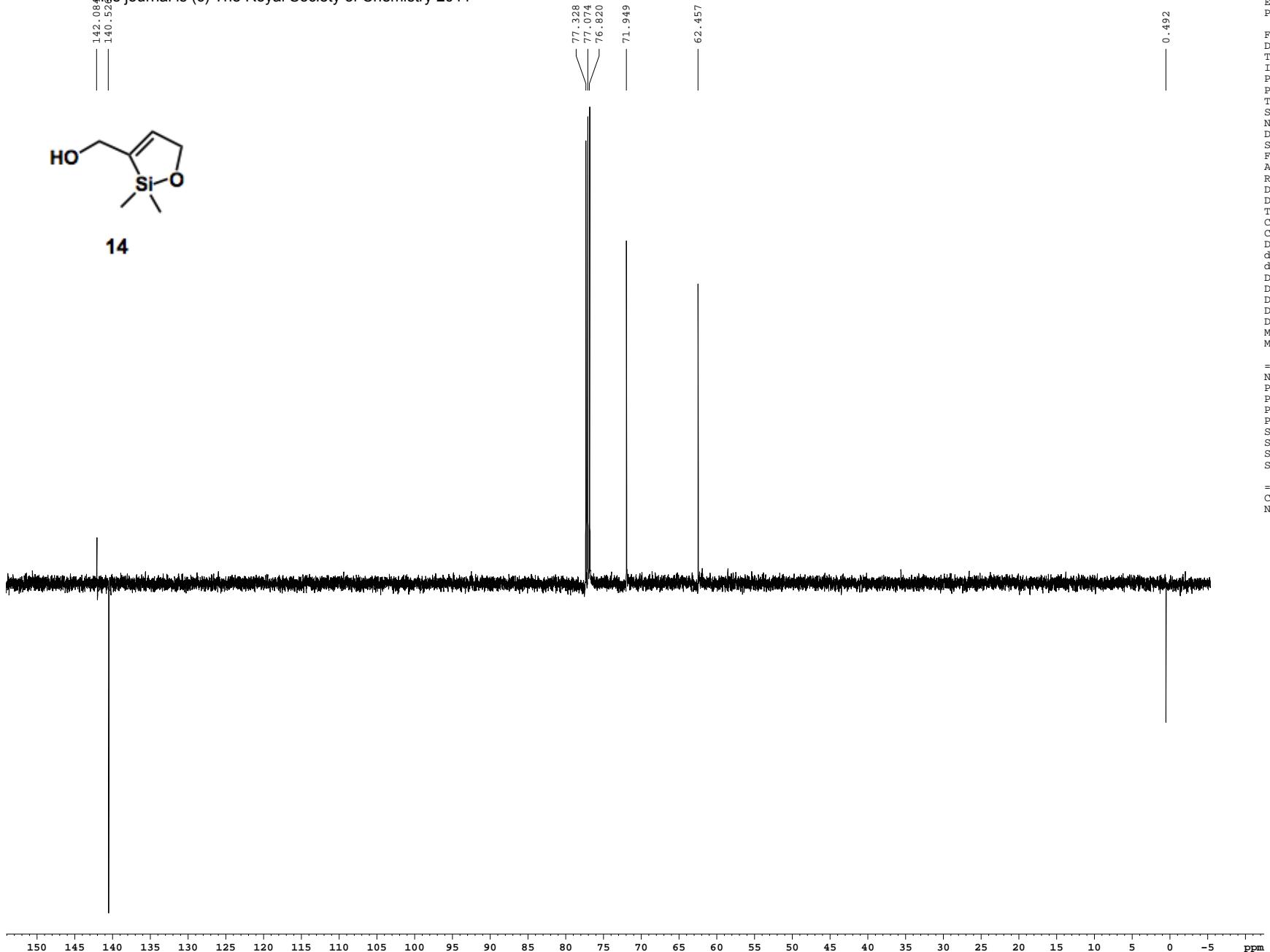
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===== CHANNEL f1 =====:

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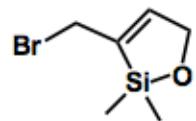
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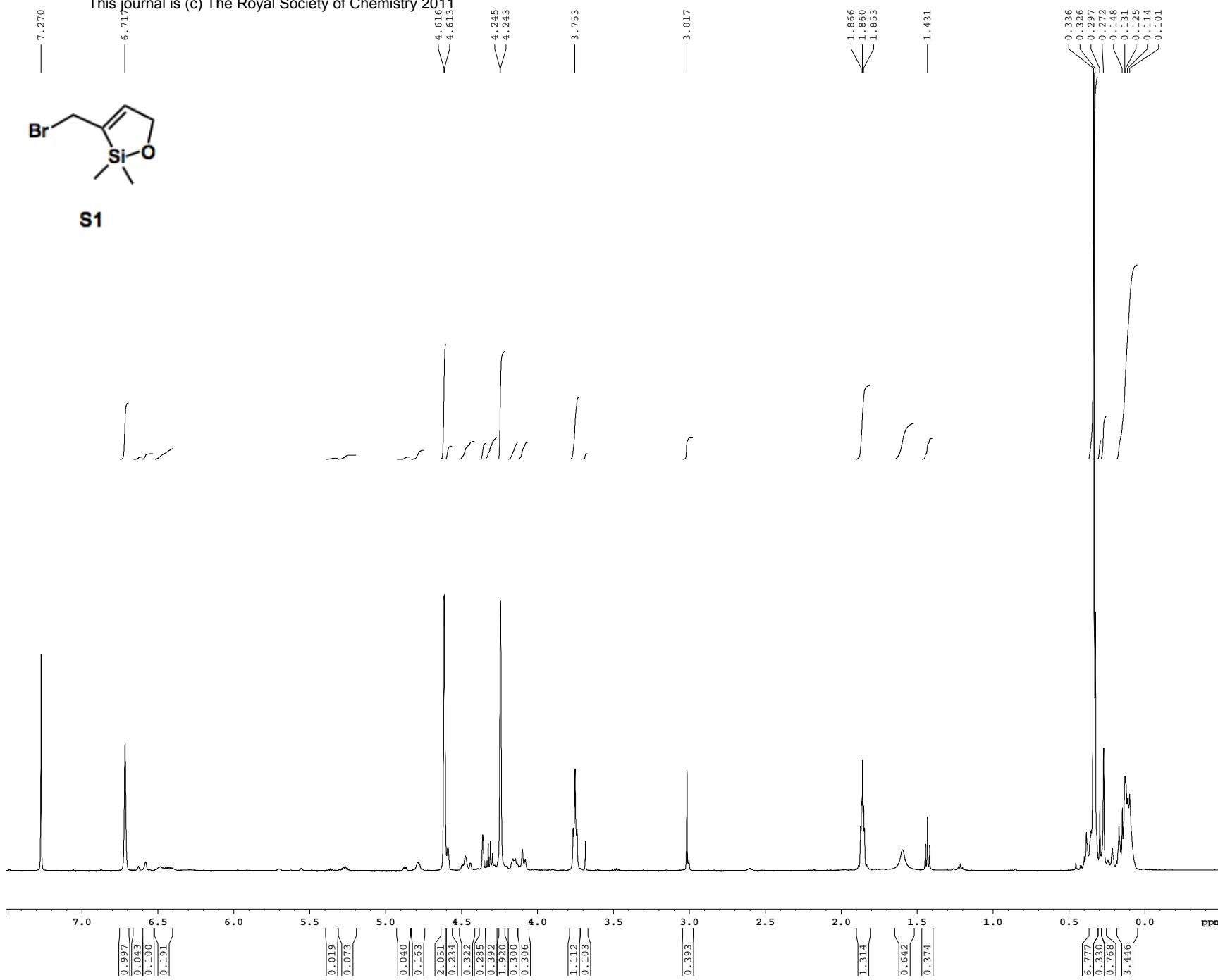
dm-iv-145cr
1H spectrum

¹¹C unpurified bromo-silacycle

Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Science
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S1



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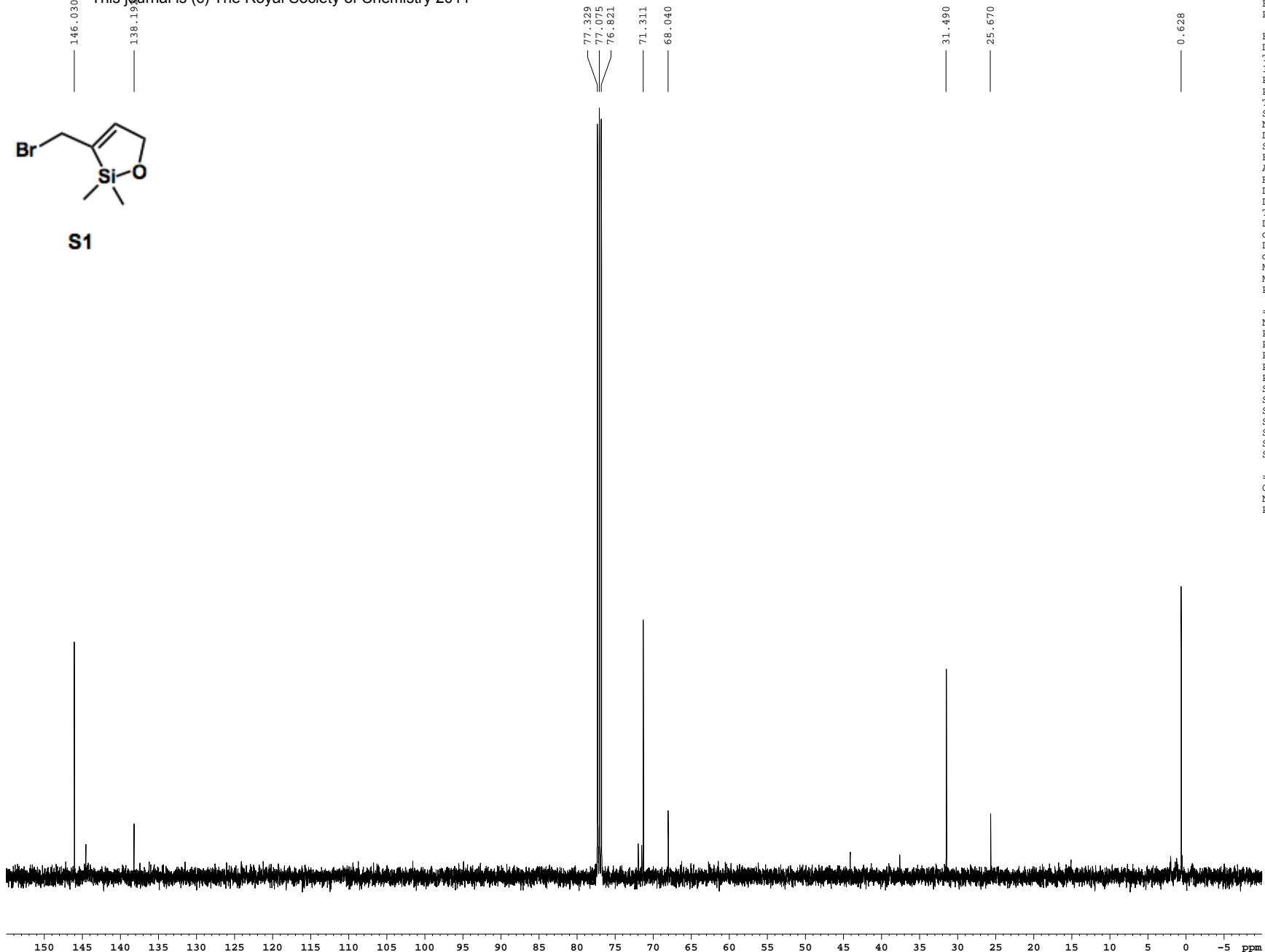
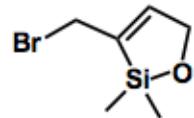
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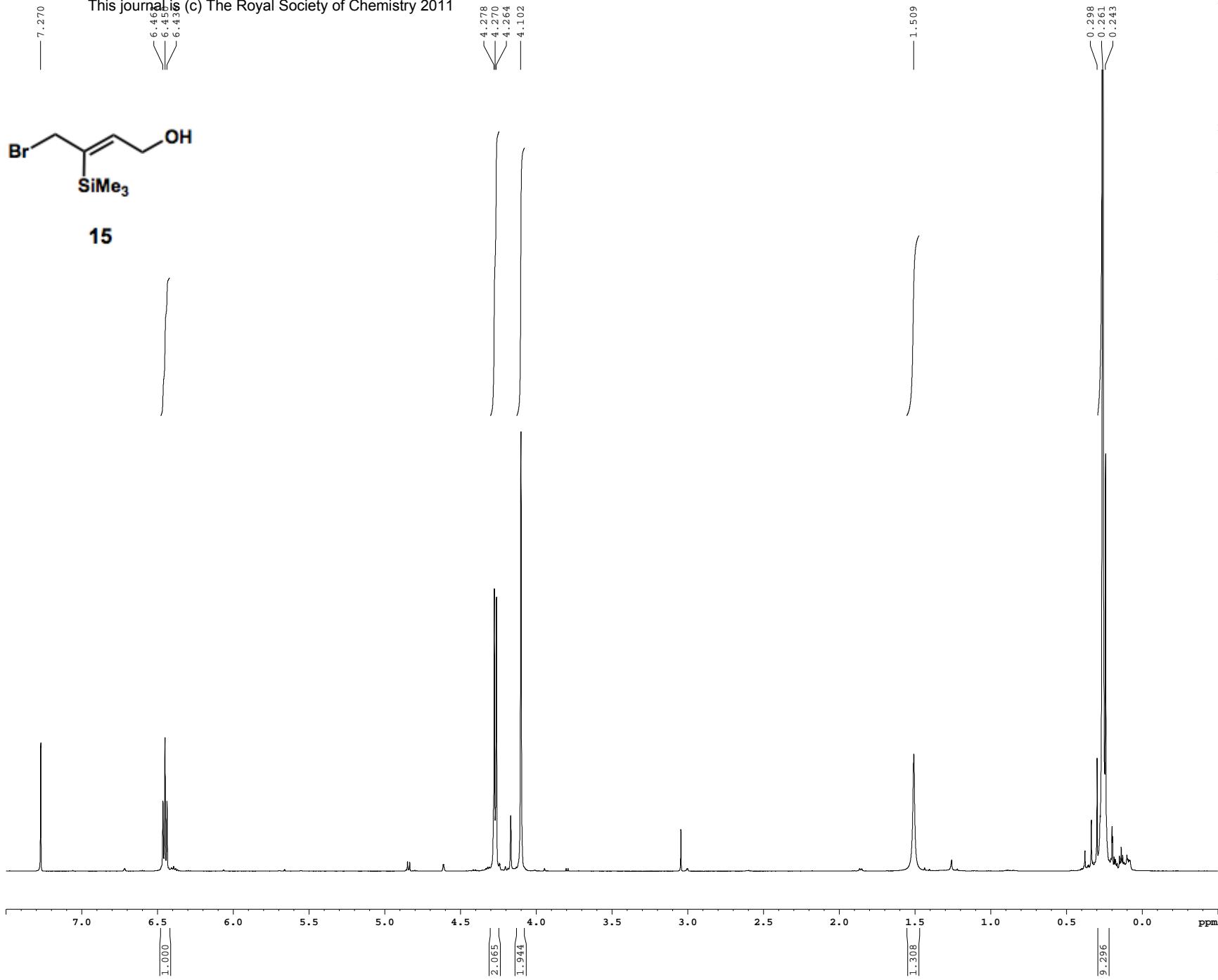
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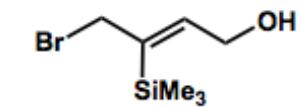
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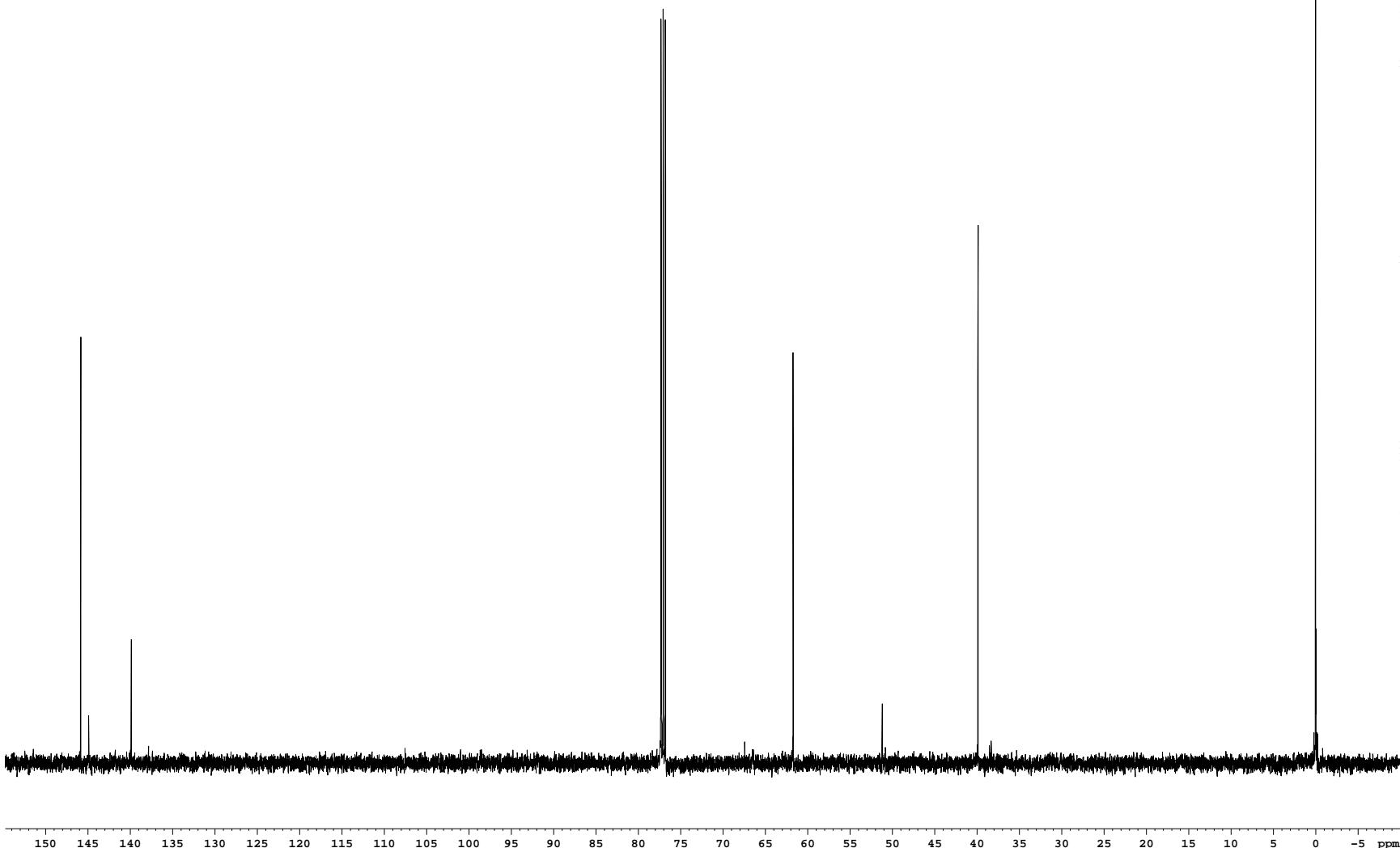
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15



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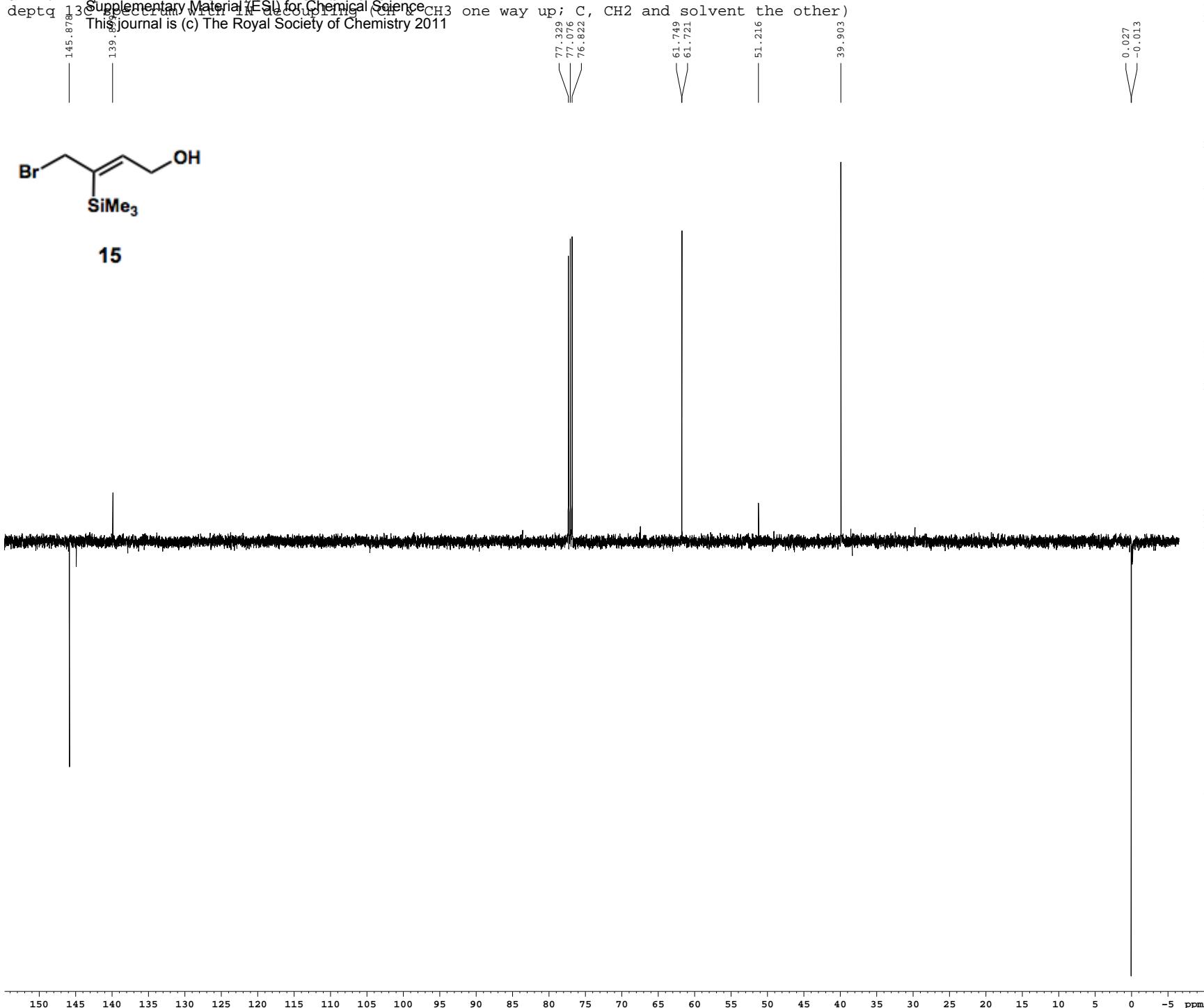
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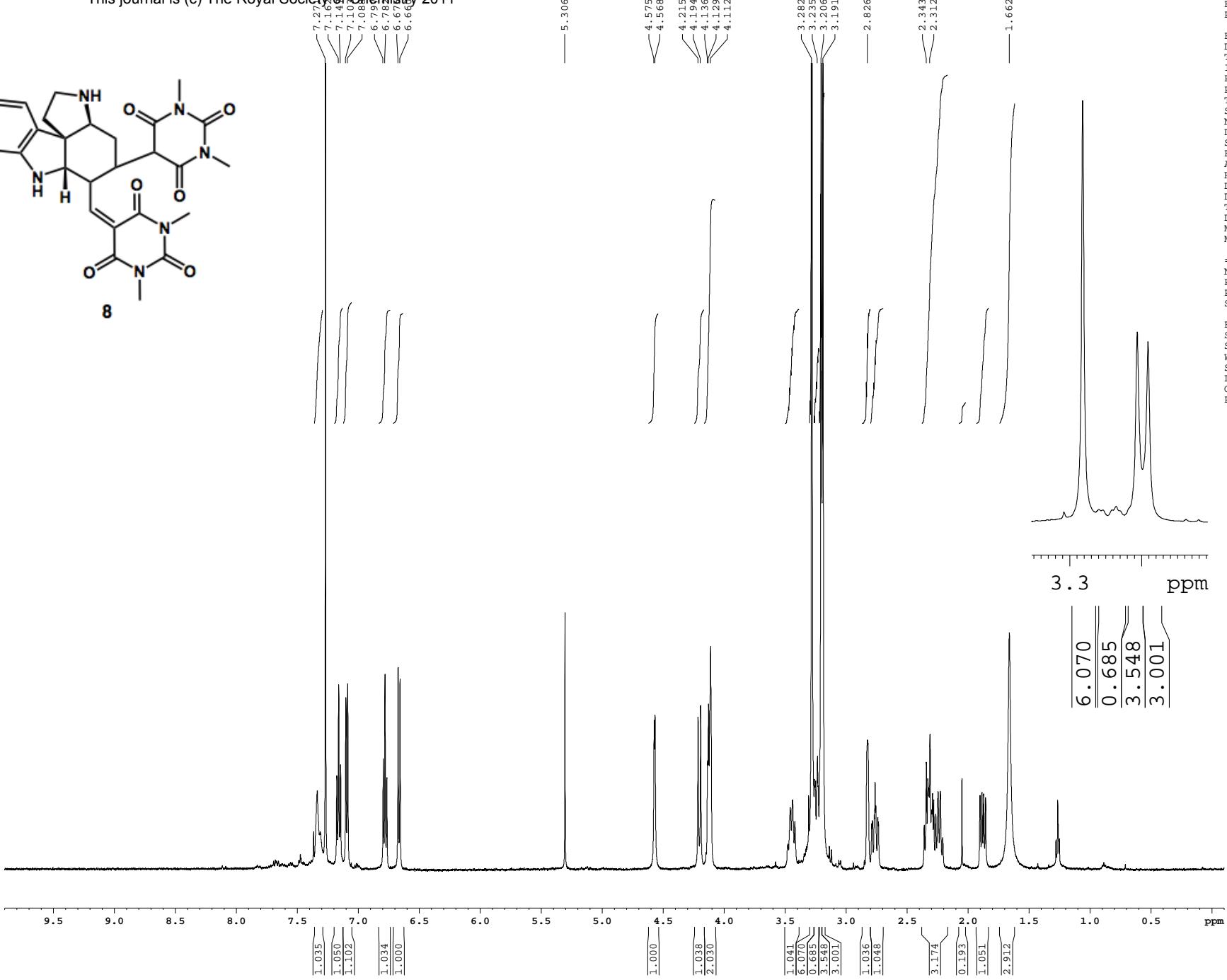
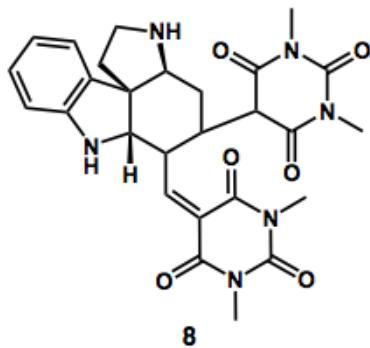
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 SP1 3.20 dB
 SP2 3.20 dB
 SPNAM1 Crp60,,0.5,20.1
 SPNAM2 Crp60comp.4
 SPOFF1 0.00 Hz
 SPOFF2 0.00 Hz

 ===== CHANNEL f2 =====:
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 PCPD2 100.00 us
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 PL12 24.60 dB
 SFO2 500.2225011 MHz

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 GPZ1 30.00 %
 GPZ2 50.00 %
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 PC 2.00



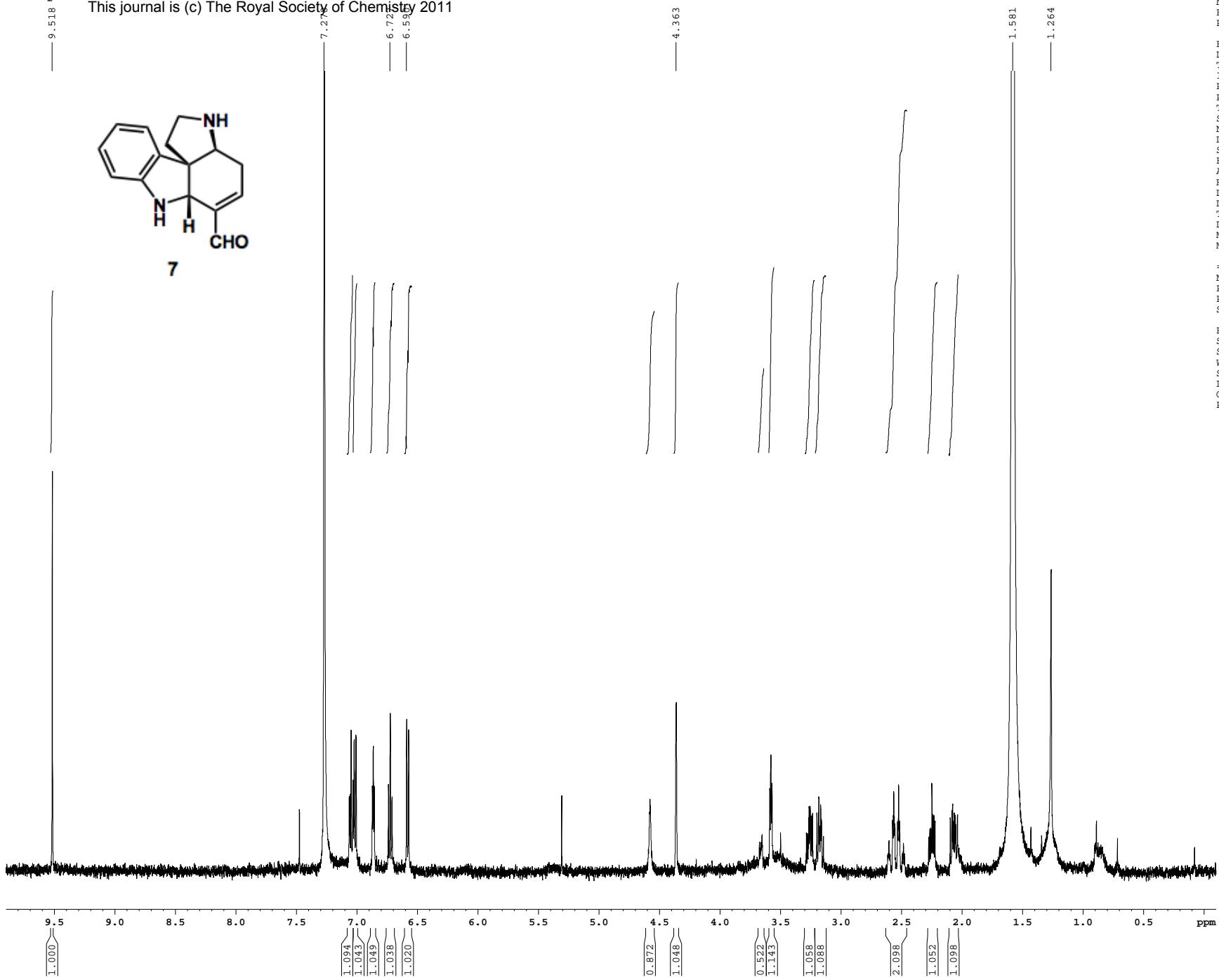
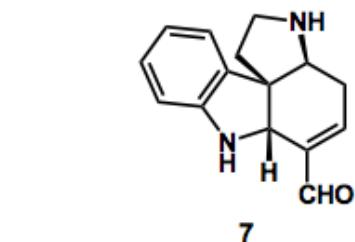


Current Data Parameters
 USER davebm
 NAME dm-iv-3lp
 EXPNO 3
 PROCNO 1

F2 – Acquisition Parameter:
 Date_ 20091001
 Time 16.38
 INSTRUM gn500
 PROBHD 5 mm broadband
 PULPROG zg30
 TD 48074
 SOLVENT CDCl3T
 NS 8
 DS 2
 SWH 8012.820 Hz
 FIDRES 0.16667 Hz
 AQ 2.9998677 sec
 RG 1149.4
 DW 62.400 us
 DE 6.00 us
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.1000000 sec
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
 NUC1 1H
 P1 12.00 us
 PLL -3.00 dB
 SF01 499.6234973 MHz

F2 – Processing parameters
 SI 65536
 SF 499.6200238 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0.30 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.00



Current Data Parameters
 USER davebm
 NAME dm-iii-288p
 EXPNO 2
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameter:
 Date_ 20090916
 Time 14.15
 INSTRUM gn500
 PROBHD 5 mm broadband
 PULPROG zg30
 TD 81728
 SOLVENT CDCl₃T
 NS 16
 DS 2
 SWH 8012.820 Hz
 FIDRES 0.098043 Hz
 AQ 5.0999398 sec
 RG 2048
 DW 62.400 us
 DE 6.00 us
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.1000000 sec
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====:
 NUC1 1H
 P1 12.00 us
 PL1 -3.00 dB
 SF01 499.6234973 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters:
 SI 65536
 SF 499.6199685 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0.30 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.00

Current Data Parameters
 USER davebm
 NAME dm-v-97p
 EXPNO 11
 PROCNO 1

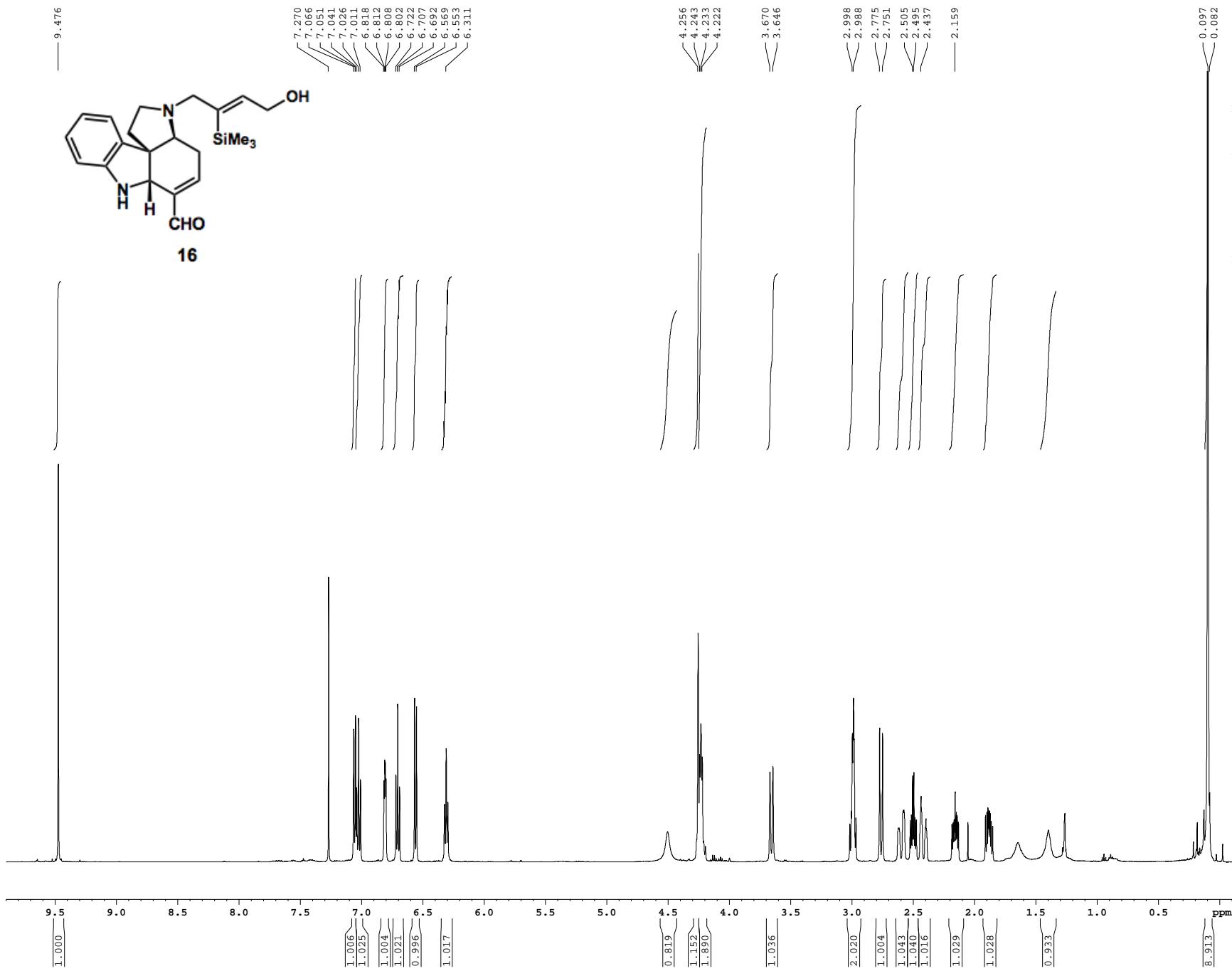
F2 - Acquisition Parameter:

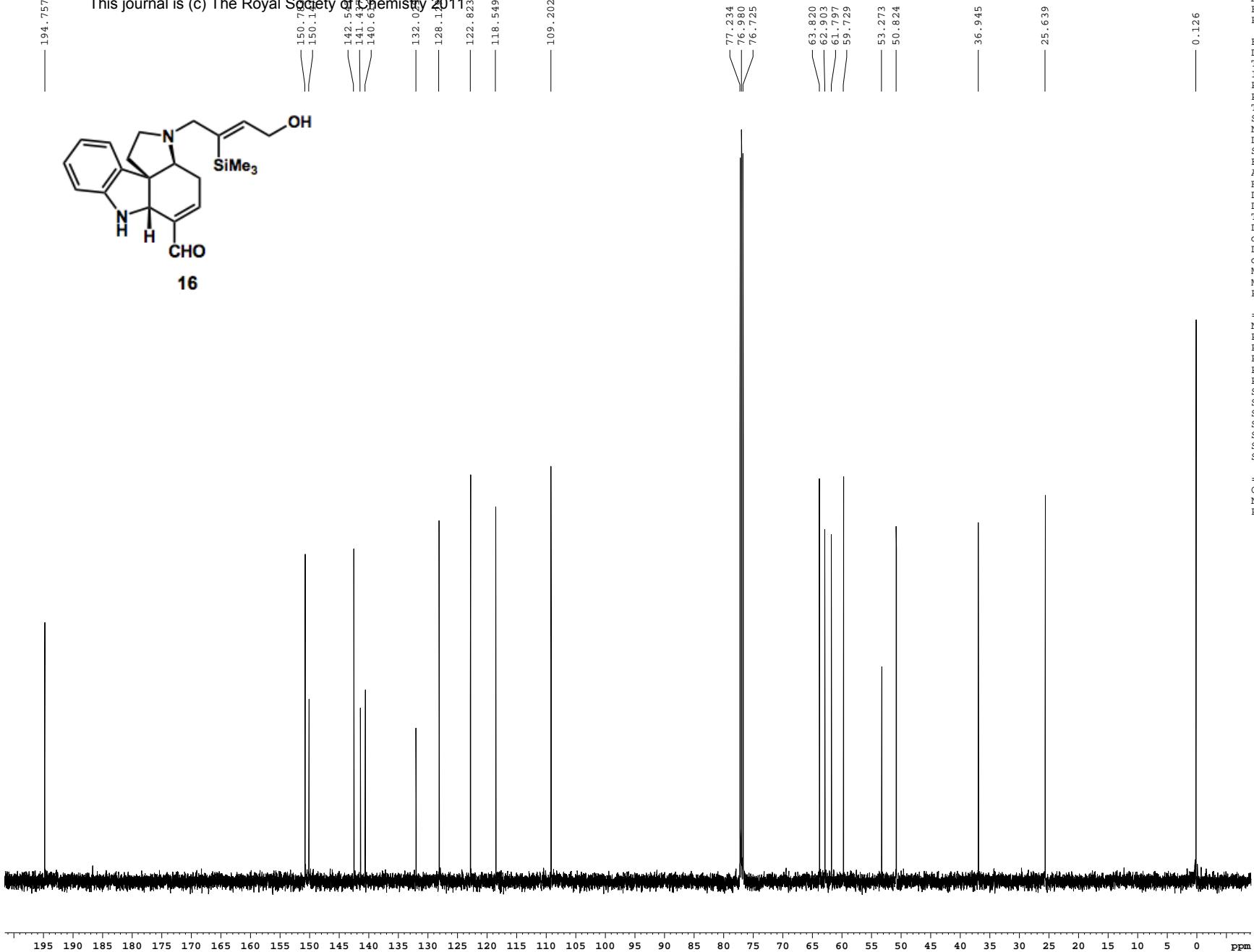
Date_ 20100804
 Time 18.34
 INSTRUM cryo500
 PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
 PULPROG zg30
 TD 48074
 SOLVENT CDCl₃
 NS 8
 DS 2
 SWH 8012.820 Hz
 FIDRES 0.16667 Hz
 AQ 2.9999299 sec
 RG 8
 DW 62.400 us
 DE 6.00 us
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.1000000 sec
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====

NUC1 1H
 P1 7.50 us
 PL1 1.60 dB
 SF01 500.2235015 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters:
 SI 65536
 SF 500.2199714 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0.30 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 4.00



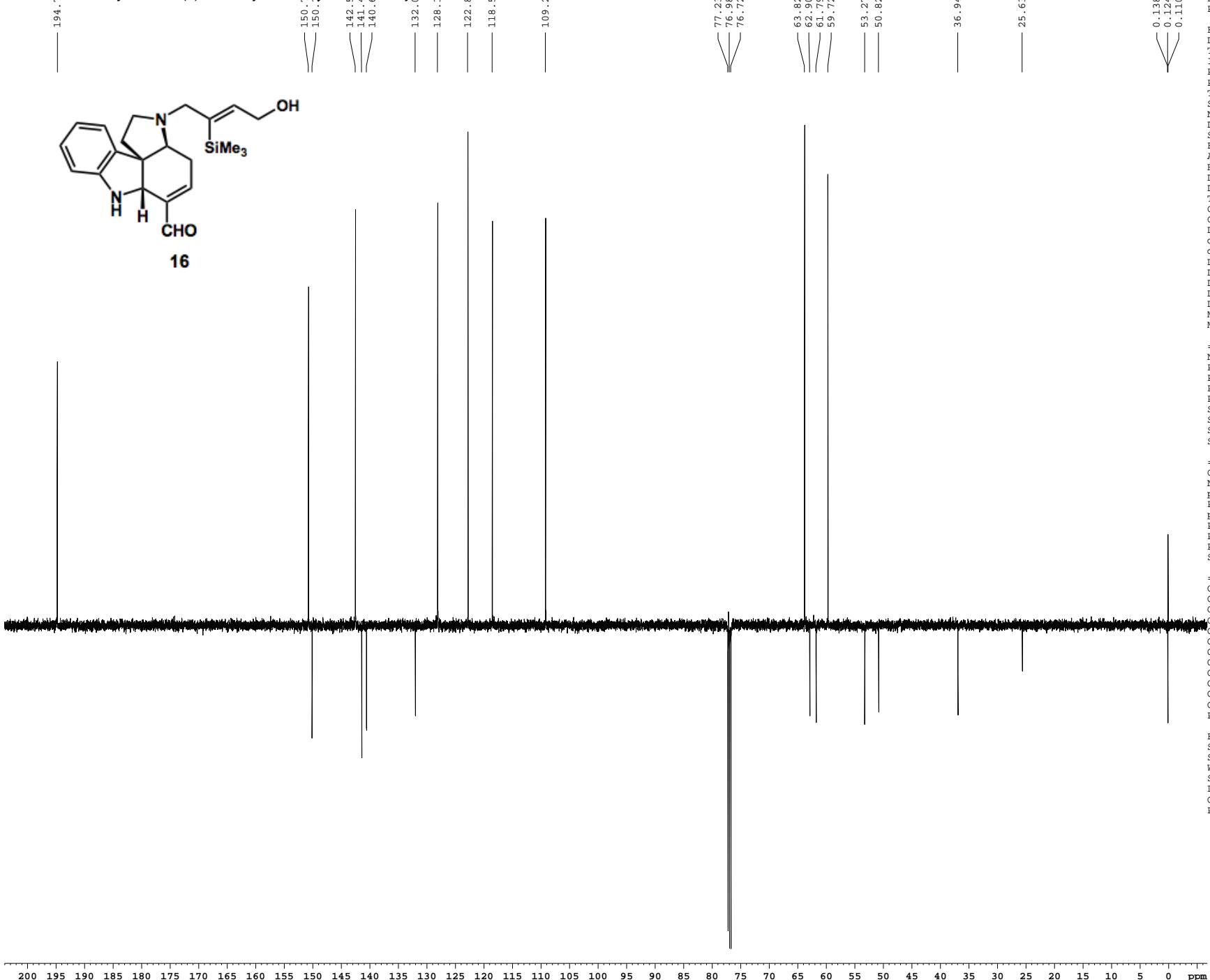


Current Data Parameters
 USER davebm
 NAME dm-v-97p
 EXPNO 12
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameter:
 Date_ 20100804
 Time 18.38
 INSTRUM cryo500
 PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
 PULPROG SpinEchopg30gp.pr
 TD 65536
 SOLVENT CDCl3
 NS 160
 DS 16
 SWH 30303.031 Hz
 FIDRES 0.462388 Hz
 AQ 1.0814105 sec
 RG 5792.6
 DW 16.500 us
 DE 6.00 us
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.25000000 sec
 d11 0.03000000 sec
 D16 0.00020000 sec
 g17 0.00019600 sec
 MCREST 0.00000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.01500000 sec
 P2 31.00 us

===== CHANNEL f1 =====:
 NUC1 13C
 P1 15.50 us
 P11 500.00 us
 P12 2000.00 us
 PL0 120.00 dB
 PL1 -1.00 dB
 SFO1 125.7942548 MHz
 SP1 3.20 dB
 SP2 3.20 dB
 SPNAM1 Crp60_0.5,20.1
 SPNAM2 Crp60comp.4
 SPOFF1 0.00 Hz
 SPOFF2 0.00 Hz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====:
 CPDPRG2 waltz16
 NUC2 1H
 PCPD2 100.00 us



Current Data Parameters
 USER davebm
 NAME dm-v-97p
 EXPNO 13
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameter:
 Date_ 20100804
 Time 18.41
 INSTRUM cryo500
 PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
 PULPROG deptqgppsp
 TD 65536
 SOLVENT CDCl₃
 NS 200
 DS 8
 SWH 30303.031 Hz
 FIDRES 0.462388 Hz
 AQ 1.0813940 sec
 RG 2048
 DW 16.500 us
 DE 6.00 us
 TE 298.0 K
 CNST2 145.000000
 CNST12 1.500000
 D1 1.00000000 sec
 D2 0.00344828 sec
 G12 0.00002000 sec
 D16 0.00020000 sec
 DELTA 0.00001574 sec
 DELTA1 0.00227878 sec
 DELTA2 0.00226378 sec
 DELTA3 0.00224828 sec
 MCREST 0.00000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.01500000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====:
 NUC1 13C
 P1 15.50 us
 P12 2000.00 us
 PL0 120.00 dB
 PL1 -1.00 dB
 SFO1 125.7942548 MHz
 SP2 3.20 dB
 SPNAM2 Crp60comp.4
 SPOFF2 0.00 Hz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====:
 CPDPRG2 waltz16
 NUC2 1H
 p0 11.25 us
 P3 7.50 us
 P4 15.00 us
 PCPD2 100.00 us
 PL2 1.60 dB
 PL12 24.60 dB
 SFO2 500.2225011 MHz

===== GRADIENT CHANNEL ==:
 GPNAME1 SINE.100
 GPNAME2 SINE.100
 GPNAME3 SINE.100
 GPX1 0.00 %
 GPX2 0.00 %
 GPX3 0.00 %
 GPY1 0.00 %
 GPY2 0.00 %
 GPY3 0.00 %
 GPZ1 31.00 %
 GPZ2 31.00 %
 GPZ3 31.00 %
 P16 1000.00 us

F2 - Processing parameters
 SI 65536
 SF 125.7804190 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 1.00 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 2.00

Current Data Parameters
 USER davebm
 NAME dm-v-175p
 EXPNO 4
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameter:

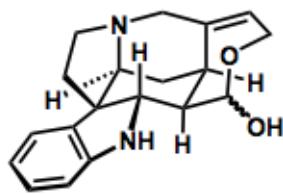
Date_ 20101104
 Time 22.21
 INSTRUM cryo500
 PROBHD 5 mm CPTCI 1H-
 PULPROG zg30
 TD 48074
 SOLVENT CDCl3
 NS 24
 DS 2
 SWH 8012.820 Hz
 FIDRES 0.16667 Hz
 AQ 2.9998677 sec
 RG 8
 DW 62.400 us
 DE 6.00 us
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.1000000 sec
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec
 MCWRK 0.01500000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====

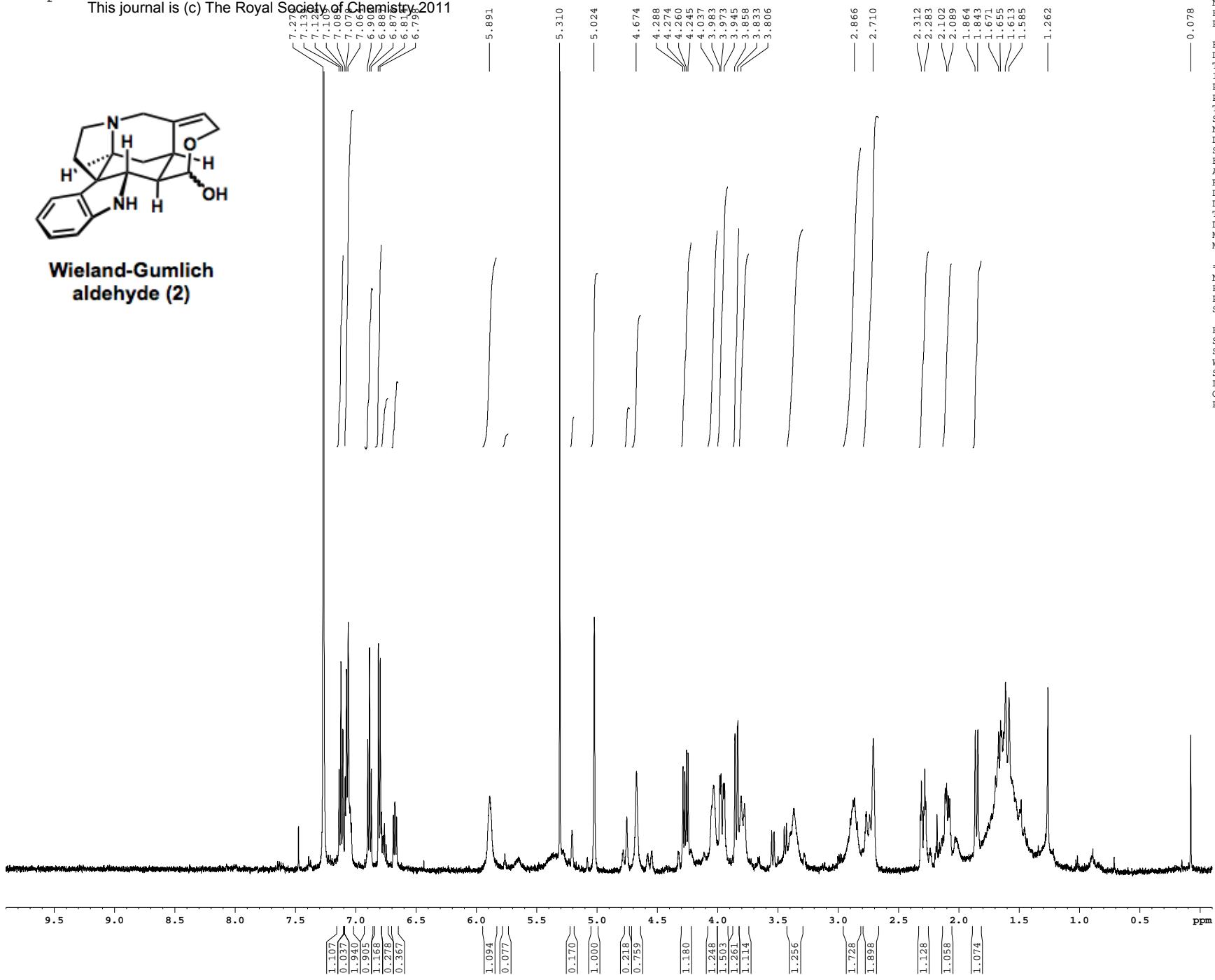
NUC1 1H
 P1 7.50 us
 PL1 1.60 dB
 SF01 500.2235015 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters

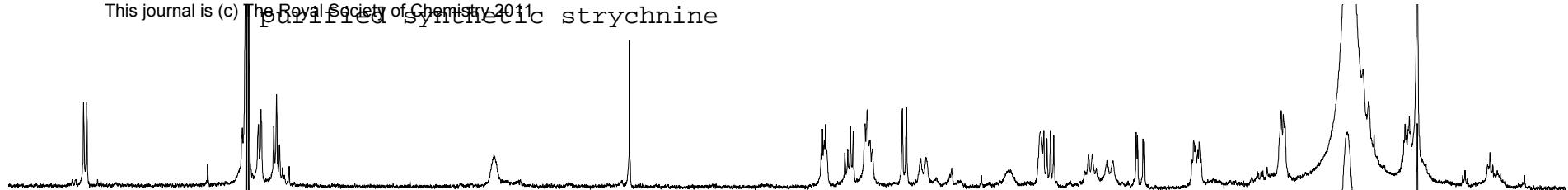
SI 65536
 SF 500.2200273 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0.30 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 4.00



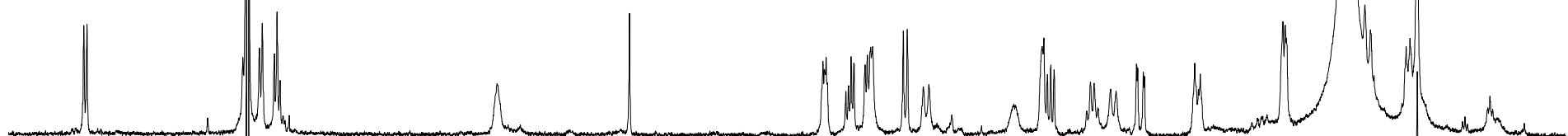
Wieland-Gumlich aldehyde (2)



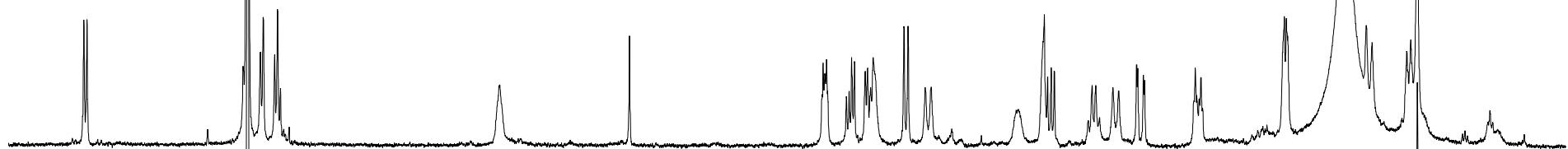
purified synthetic strychnine



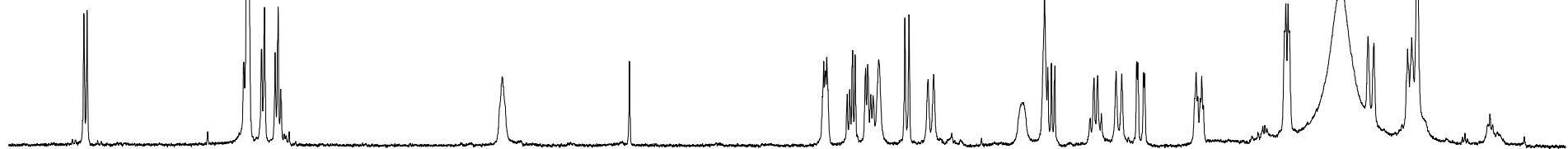
synthetic STR + 0.1mg natural STR



synthetic STR + 0.2mg natural STR



synthetic STR + 0.4mg natural STR



commercial natural strychnine

