Asymmetric C(sp³)-H/C(Ar) Coupling Reactions. Highly Enantioenriched Indolines via Regiodivergent Reaction of a Racemic Mixture

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Electronic Supplementary Information

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1.1 General Techniques and Chemicals:

Chemicals were purchased from Aldrich, Fluka, Acros, Alfa or Aesar and used without further purification.

N-alkyl-2-bromoaniline ^[1-2] and methyl *N*-alkyl-2-bromophenyl carbamate ^[3] were prepared by literature procedures. Solvents were purified by filtration on drying columns using a Solvtec[©] system. Reactions and manipulations involving organometallic or moisture sensitive compounds were carried out under nitrogen and glassware was further dried by heating under vacuum as necessary. F.c. (FC): silica gel 60 (40μm). Molecular sieve 4Å was used without activation. Analysis with HPLC was performed using an Agilent 1100 series chromatograph with a JASCO PU–980 pump and Agilent 1100 Series detection system.

 1 H, 13 C-NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AMX-500, AMX-400 or AMX-300 MHz; δ-in ppm, pattern abbreviation: broad (brd), quartet (q), quintet (quint), multiplet (m). Fourier transform (FT) spectrometers using an internal deuterium lock. Chemical shifts are quoted in parts per million (ppm) downfield of tetramethylsilane. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Perkin–Elmer Spectrum One photometer. HRMS analyses were measured on a VG analytical 7070E instrument. Optical rotations were measured at 20 °C on a Perkin Elmer 241 polarimeter using a quartz cell (l = 10 cm) with a Na high-pressure lamp ($\lambda = 589$ nm). Melting points were determined on a Büchi M-560 apparatus and are uncorrected.

Starting Materials:

Mesitylene was distilled over CaH₂ under nitrogen. Dry xylenes, benzene, cesium carbonate, cesium pivalate, pivalic acid, molecular sieves 4Å, methyl-, ethyl-, benzyl-chloroformate, alkanone, (L)-(-)- and (D)-(+)- norephedrine and 2-bromoaniline were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Fluka, Alfa Aesar or Acros. The substrates **1** and *N*-alkylanilines were prepared by general procedure or previously reported procedure. ^[1-2]

1.2 Representative procedure 1 (RP1) for N-alkyl-2-bromoaniline by reductive amination: [1]

2-Bromoaniline (1.7 g, 10 mmol), molecular sieves 4Å (2.5 g) and alkanone (20-50 mmol, 2-5 equivs.) was dissolved in benzene (50 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred under reflux in a Dean-Stark apparatus for 4 days and then filtered through celite and washed with diethyl ether.

The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and dried under vacuum. The crude imine product was dissolved in absolute methanol (50 mL) and NaBH₄ (1.14 g, 30 mmol, 3 equivs.) was added slowly under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature (r.t.). 1N-KOH aq. (50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (3×30 mL). The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄. After filtration and evaporation, the residue was purified by f.c.(f.c.) (silica gel; diethyl ether/pentane as eluent) affording *N*-alkyl-o-bromoaniline.

Representative procedure 2 (RP2) for palladium-catalyzed N-arylation: [2]

Pd₂(dba)₃ (2 mol%), *rac*-BINAP (6 mol%), and sodium *tert*-butoxide (1.4 equivs.) were sequentially filled into a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry toluene, amine (1.1 equivs.) and 1,2-dibromobenzene (1 equiv.) was added under nitrogen. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C in a Schlenk tube behind a protection shield for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to r.t. (r.t) and diluted with ethylacetate followed by filtration through the pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c. (silica gel; diethyl ether/pentane as eluent) to afford 2-bromo-*N*-alkylaniline.

2-Bromo-*N*-isopropylaniline: [3]

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 26% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.24 (d, J = 6.4, 6H), 3.64 (oct, J = 6.4, 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 23.1$, 44.5, 110.0, 112.0, 117.4, 128.6, 132.7, 144.4. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 736$, 1017, 1112, 1153, 1175, 1285, 1318, 1366, 1384, 1425, 1462, 1506, 1595, 2929, 2966, 3405 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₉H₁₂NBr 213.0153, found 213.0150.

2-Bromo-N-(pentan-3-yl)aniline: [1]

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 32% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.92 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.44-1.68 (m, 4H), 3.20-3.32 (m, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 10.3, 26.9, 55.8, 110.0, 111.8, 117.1, 128.6, 132.7, 145.1. IR (neat): ν = 736, 1016, 1163, 1237, 1286, 1321, 1381, 1427, 1459, 1507, 1594, 2875, 2931, 2963, 3410 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₁₁H₁₆NBr 241.0466, found 241.0470.

2-Bromo-*N*-(heptan-4-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 11% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.91 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.25-1.50 (m, 8H), 3.32-3.44 (m, 1H), 4.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 14.4, 19.3, 37.3, 52.8, 109.9, 111.6, 116.9, 128.6, 132.7, 145.0. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 270 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 1016, 1184, 1114, 1162, 1287, 1030, 1378, 1427, 1458, 1508, 1594, 2870, 2930, 2957, 3406 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₁₃H₂₀BrN 270.0851, found 270.0863.

2-Bromo-*N*-(1,3-diphenylpropan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 5% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.84 (qd, J = 14, 6 Hz, 4H), 3.95 (quint, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.65 (brd, 1H), 6.51 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.24 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.38 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 39.9, 55.3, 110.4, 111.8, 117.7, 126.7, 128.6, 128.7, 129.7, 132.8, 138.4, 144.0. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 366 (M+H)⁺; IR

(neat): $\nu = 737$, 1017, 1088, 1126, 1286, 1320, 1429, 1454, 1495, 1594, 2922, 3026, 3062, 3400 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₁₂H₁₆NBr 366.0851, found 366.0849

2-Bromo-*N*-(sec-butyl)aniline: [3]

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 66% yield, 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.95 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.20 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.45-1.67 (m, 2H), 3.32-3.47 (m, 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (td, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J = 8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H).

2-Bromo-*N*-(pentan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 45% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.91 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (d, J= 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.31-1.65 (m, 4H), 3.40-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.95-4.35 (brd, 1H), 6.50 (td, J= 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J= 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J= 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J= 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 14.3, 19.5, 20.9, 39.4, 48.6, 110.0, 111.8, 117.3, 128.6, 132.7, 144.6. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 242 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 739, 1018, 1048, 1112, 1166, 1286, 1321, 1378, 1426, 1459, 1508, 1595, 2871, 2930, 2960, 3408 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₁H₁₇BrN 242.0538, found 242.0534.

2-Bromo-*N*-(4-methylpentan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP2, Colorless oil, 59% yield, 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.92 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (d, J = 6, Hz, 3H), 1.31-1.65 (m, 4H), 3.40-3.55 (m, 1H), 3.90-4.40 (brd, 1H),

6.50 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 21.2$, 22.8, 23.1, 25.3, 46.9, 46.9, 110.0, 111.7, 117.2, 128.6, 132.7, 144.6. MS (EI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 255 (M)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 737$, 1017, 1114, 1166, 1287, 1320, 1367, 1425, 1459, 1507, 1594, 2869, 2926, 2957, 3407 cm⁻¹; EI-HRMS calcd. for $C_{12}H_{18}BrN$ 255.0623, found 255.0621.

2-bromo-*N*-(1-cyclohexylpropan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 17% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.82-1.03 (m, 2H), 1.06-1.56 (m, 6H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.4, Hz, 3H), 1.57-1.81 (m, 5H), 3.50-3.64 (m, 1H), 3.92-4.30 (brd, 1H), 6.50 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 26.5$, 26.8, 33.6, 33.8, 34.8, 45.4, 46.2, 110.1, 111.8, 117.2, 128.6, 132.7, 144.6. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 736$, 1017, 1162, 1212, 1242, 1286, 1320, 1377, 1425, 1448, 1507, 1595, 2848, 2920, 3409 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₅H₂₃BrN 296.1008, found 296.1014.

2-Bromo-*N*-(3-methylbutan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP2, colorless oil, 62% yield, 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.93 (d, J = 6.8 Hz,, 3H), 0.99 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.31-3.42 (m, 1H), 4.00-4.45 (brd, 1H), 6.49 (td, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (td, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 16.8$, 17.9, 19.2, 32.4, 53.8, 110.1, 111.9, 117.1, 128.6, 132.7, 144.7. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 736$, 1016, 1107, 1163, 1242, 1284, 1322, 1388, 1373, 1427, 1458, 1506, 1594, 2873, 2961, 3412 cm $^{-1}$; EI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₁H₁₆BrN 241.0466, found 241.0467.

2-Bromo-*N*-(3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP2, colorless oil, 55% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.98 (s, 9H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.19-3.32 (m, 1H), 4.26 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (td, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (td, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 16.0$, 27.0, 35.1, 57.5, 110.2, 111.7, 117.2, 128.7, 132.7, 145.2. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 735$, 1016, 1106, 1140, 1285, 1321, 1373, 1396, 1427, 1459, 1509, 1592, 2870, 2963, 3412 cm⁻¹; EI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₂H₁₈BrN 255.0623, found 255.0624.

2-Bromo-*N*-(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP2, colorless oil, 58% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.42 (qd, J = 9.6, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.61-3.73 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.85 (brd, 1H), 6.53 (td, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 M5Hz): $\delta = 18.2$, 48.7, 59.4, 110.4, 112.1, 117.9, 128.6, 132.8, 144.4. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 738$, 922, 986, 1018, 1100, 1166, 1198, 1239, 1284, 1319, 1369, 1388, 1428, 1457, 1504, 1595, 2829, 2879, 2926, 2977, 3403 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₀H₁₅BrNO 244.0331, found 244.0327.

2-Bromo-*N*-(1-phenylpropan-2-yl)aniline:

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 47% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.20 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 2.71 (qd, J = 13.2, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.72-3.86 (m, 1H), 4.10-4.42 (brd, 1H), 6.54 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.42 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 20.3$, 42.5, 49.8, 110.2, 112.0, 117.7, 126.6, 128.6, 128.7, 129.7, 132.8, 138.4, 144.1. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 737$, 1016, 1046, 1112, 1151,

1201, 1245, 1283, 1319, 1377, 1427, 1453, 1498, 1594, 2926, 2967, 3026, 3063, 3401 cm $^{-1}$; EI-HRMS calcd. for $C_{15}H_{16}BrN$ 289.0466, found 289.0462.

2-Bromo-*N*-(4-phenylbutan-2-yl)aniline: [4]

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 43% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.76-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.73 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 3.44-3.58 (m, 1H), 4.02-4.30 (brd, 1H), 6.48-6.56 (m, 2H), 7.12 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.25-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 21.0$, 32.6, 38.9, 48.2, 110.1, 112.0, 117.5, 126.1, 128.6, 132.7, 141.9, 144.3. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 740$, 1017, 1061, 1094, 1161, 1190, 1286, 1320, 1378, 1426, 1457, 1506, 1595, 2926, 2965, 3026, 3062, 3403 cm⁻¹; EI-HRMS calcd. for $C_{16}H_{18}BrN$ 303.0623, found 303.0620.

Ethyl 4-((2-bromophenyl)amino)pentanoate:

Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 8% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.22 d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.78-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.41 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (brd, 1H), 6.52 (td, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 14.4, 20.9, 31.2, 31.9, 48.4, 60.7, 110.2, 112.0, 117.7, 128.7, 132.8, 144.3, 173.7. IR (neat): υ = 739, 1017, 1095, 1119, 1178, 1215, 1258, 1320, 1375, 1428, 1460, 1506, 1595, 1729, 2972, 3383 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₃H₁₉BrNO₂ 300.0593, found 300.0597.

2-Bromo-*N*-(5-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pentan-2-yl)aniline:

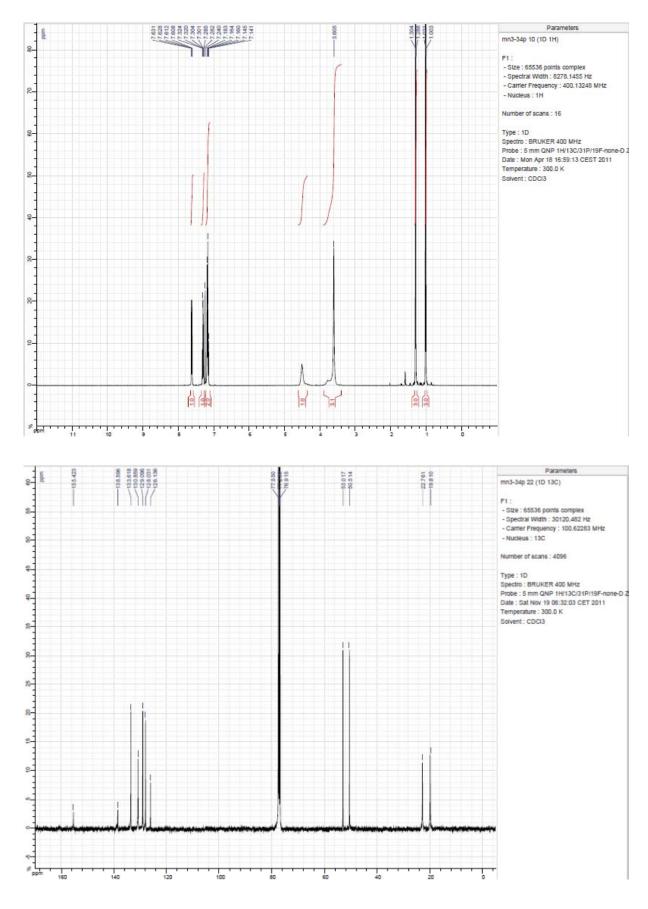
Synthesized by RP1, colorless oil, 50% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.03 (s, 3H), 0.03 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.44-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.62 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.98-4.32 (brd, 1H), 6.50 (td, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = -5.1$, 18.6, 21.0, 26.2, 29.5, 33.4, 48.7, 63.2, 110.0, 111.9, 117.3, 128.6, 132.7, 144.5. IR (neat): $\upsilon = 737$, 833, 939, 1017, 1092, 1206, 1252, 1285, 1321, 1381, 1427, 1460, 1508, 1596, 2857, 2929, 3409 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₇H₃₁BrNOSi 372.1335, found 372.1336.

1.3 Representative synthesis of methyl *N*-cycloalkyl-2-bromophenylcarbamate 1 and 6:

N-alkyl-*o*-bromoaniline was dissolved in methyl chloroformate (15 equivs.). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 4-24 hours and then poured into water and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated after filtration. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and purified by f.c.. (silica gel; ethyl acetate/pentane as eluent) affording carbamate **1** or **6**.

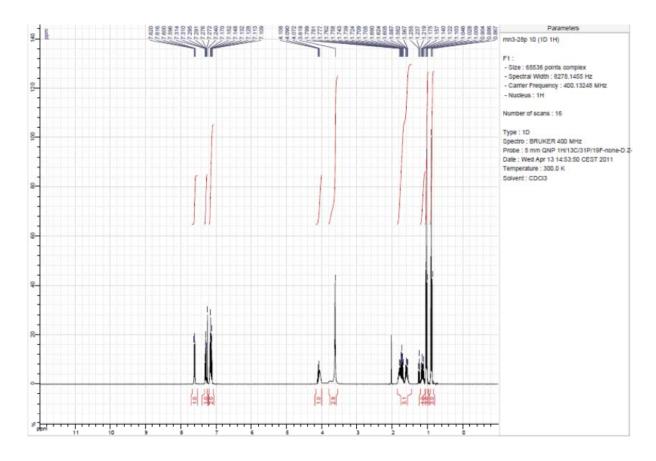
Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(isopropyl)carbamate **1a**: [3]

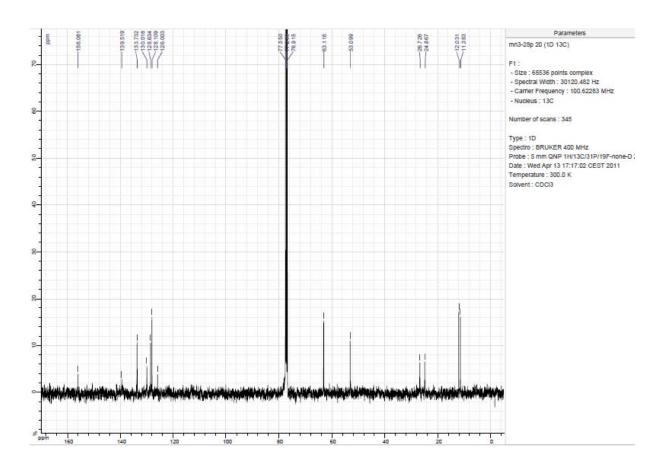
White solid, 77% yield, M.p. 47 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.36-4.42 (m, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 19.8$, 22.8, 50.5, 53.0, 126.1, 128.0, 129.1, 130.8, 133.6, 138.6, 155.4. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 253 (M)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 726$, 755, 785, 861, 955, 980, 1051, 1095, 1134, 1194, 1249, 1265, 1276, 1319, 1368, 1390, 1441, 1477, 1586, 1706, 2977 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₁H₁₄NNaO₂Br 294.0100, found 253.0099.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(pentan-3-yl)carbamate 1b:

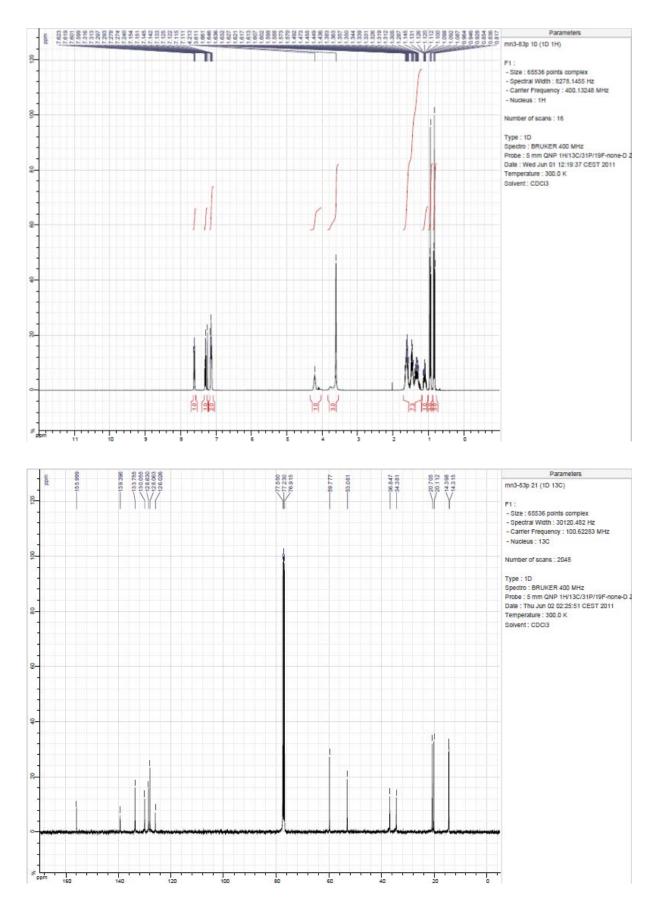
White solid, 93% yield, M.p. 36 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.16-1.46 (m, 5H), 1.58-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.96-2.10 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.36 (m, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (td, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 25.6$, 26.1, 30.4, 33.1, 53.0, 58.4, 126.2, 127.9, 129.0, 131.1, 133.5, 138.8, 155.5. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 253 (M)⁺; IR (neat): v = 736, 853, 888, 923, 1016, 1096, 1126, 1148, 1231, 1253, 1285, 1319, 1366, 1429, 1451, 1505, 1592, 2852, 2927, 3404 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₁₂H₁₆NBr 253.0466, found 253.0466.





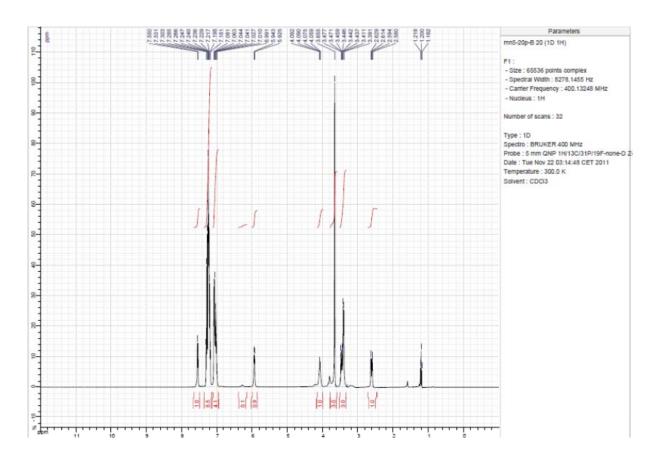
Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(heptan-4-yl)carbamate 1c:

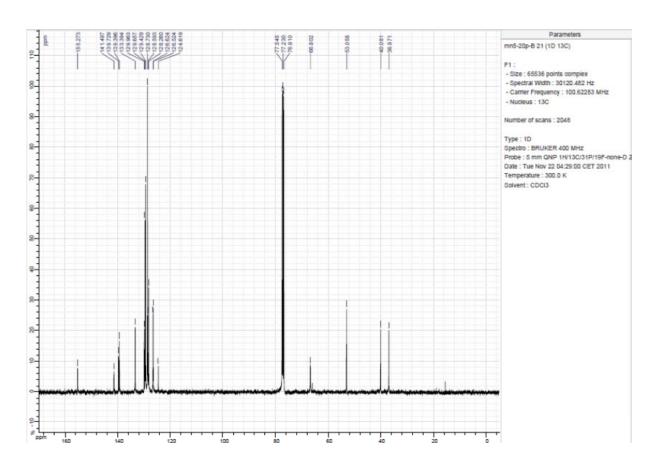
White solid, 97% yield, M.p. 41 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.84 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 0.95 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.03-1.18 (m, 1H), 1.20-1.72 (m, 7H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.04-4.34 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.30 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 14.3$, 14.4, 20.1, 20.7, 34.4, 36.8, 53.1, 59.8, 53.1, 59.8, 126.0, 128.1, 128.6, 130.1, 139.4, 156.0. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 328 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 744, 763, 905, 930, 1001, 1031, 1058, 1108, 1191, 1264, 1289, 1318, 1389, 1440, 1473, 1585, 1707, 2871, 2957 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₁₅H₂₃BrNO₂ 328.0906, found 328.0904.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1,3-diphenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate **1d**:

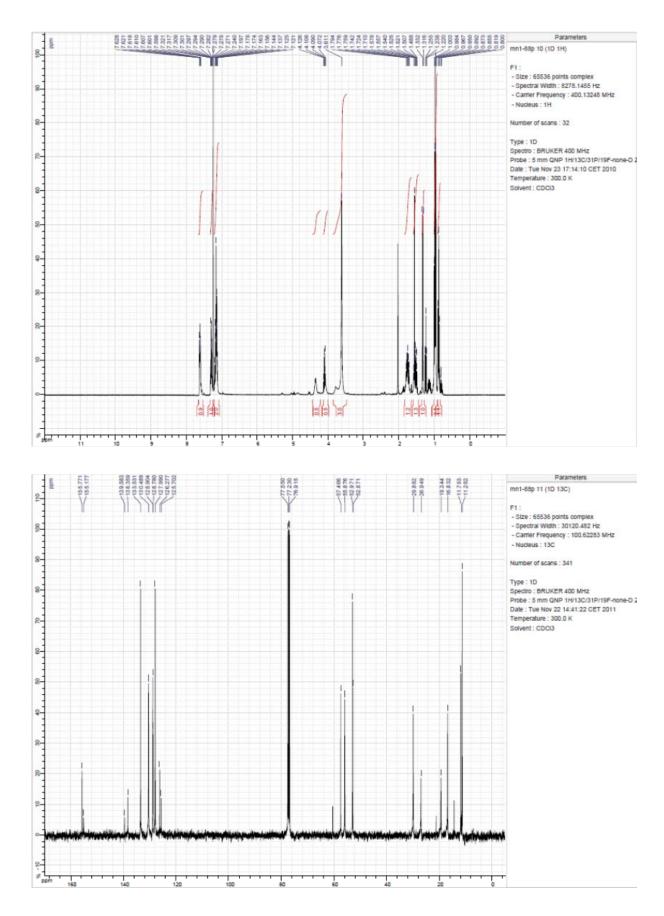
White solid, M.p. 77 °C, 88% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.60 (dd, J = 14, 6 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 3.42-3.51 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 4.00-4.15 (m, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.15-6.39 (brd, 0.1H), 6.96-7.11 (m, 4H), 7.15-7.36 (m, 8H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 37.0, 40.1, 53.1, 66.8, 124.6, 126.5, 126.6, 128.3, 128.6, 128.7, 129.4, 129.7, 130.0, 133.4, 139.4, 139.7, 141.5, 155.3. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 424 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 699, 720, 750, 789, 917, 943, 994, 1029, 1061, 1129, 1155, 1191, 1217, 1265, 1293, 1401, 1441, 1474, 1495, 1584, 1602, 1707, 2951, 3027 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₂₃H₂₃NOBr 424.0906, found 424.0897.





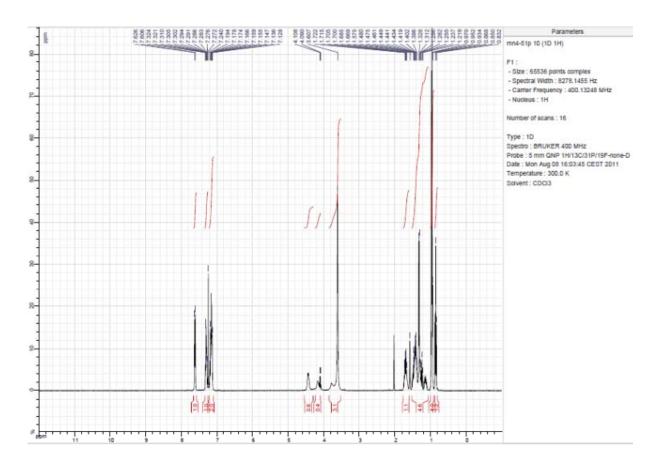
Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(sec-butyl)carbamate **6a**: [3]

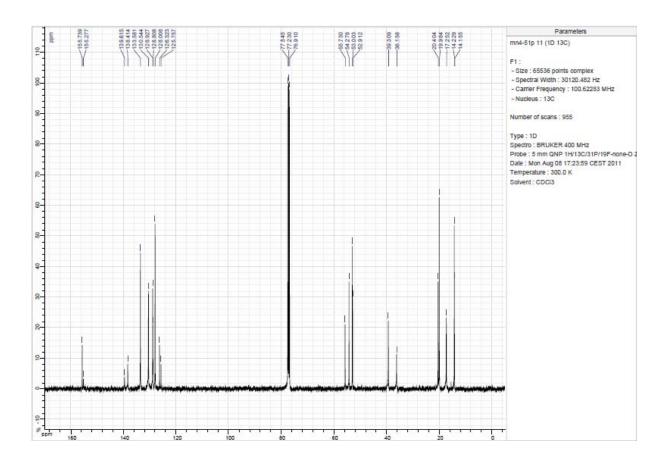
Colorless oil, 98% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.87 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 0.98 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.45-1.60 (m, 0.8H), 1.66-1.84 (m, 1.2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.01-4.13 (m, 0.5H), 4.22-4.44 (m, 0.5H), 7.09-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.66 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 11.3, 11.8, 16.8, 19.3, 26.9, 29.9, 52.9, 53.0, 55.9, 57.5, 125.7, 126.3, 128.0, 128.8, 128.9, 130.5, 133.5, 138.4, 139.6, 155.2, 155.8. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 286 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 730, 753, 840, 935, 953, 998, 1028, 1052, 1093, 1120, 1191, 1244, 1266, 1295, 1310, 1325, 1389, 1439, 1475, 1585, 1706, 2877, 2968 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₂H₁₇BrN 286.0437, found 286.0432.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(pentan-2-yl)carbamate 6b:

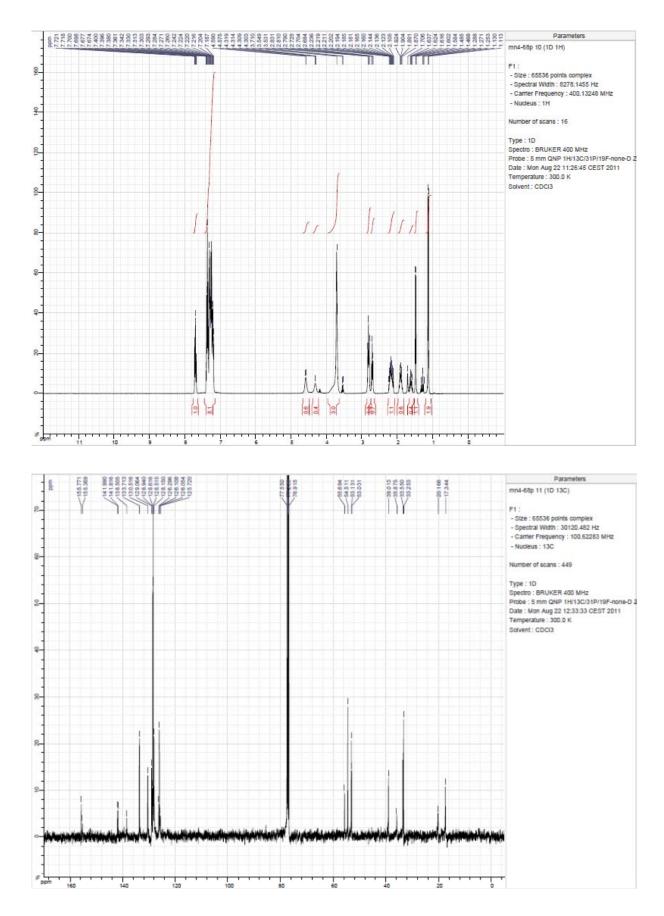
Colorless oil, 99% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.85 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1.2H), 0.91-1.00 (m, 4H), 1.07-1.53 (m, 3.8H), 1.61-1.77 (m, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.10-4.24 (m, 0.4H), 4.30-4.55 (m, 0.6H), 7.10-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 8, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 14.2$, 14.2, 17.3, 20.0, 20.4, 52.9, 53.0, 54.3, 55.7, 125.8, 126.3, 128.0, 128.8, 128.9, 130.5, 138.4, 139.6, 155.3, 155.7. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 300 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 728, 746, 761, 785, 869, 911, 951, 1028, 1056, 1301, 1191, 1264, 1319, 1390, 1440, 1475, 1585, 1605, 2872, 2957 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₃H₁₉BrNO₂ 300.0593, found 300.0604.





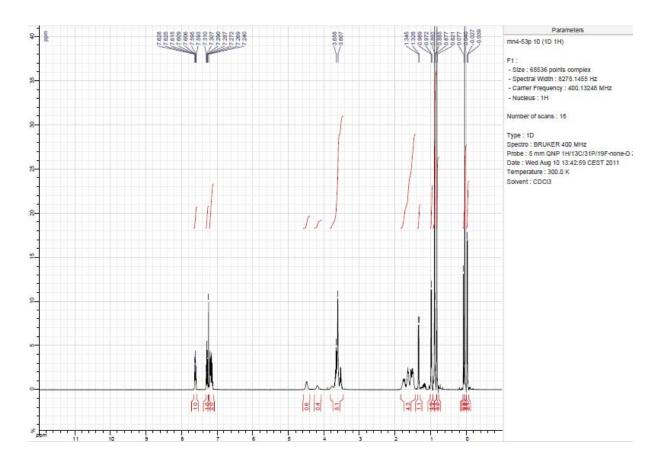
Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(4-phenylbutan-2-yl)carbamate **6c**:

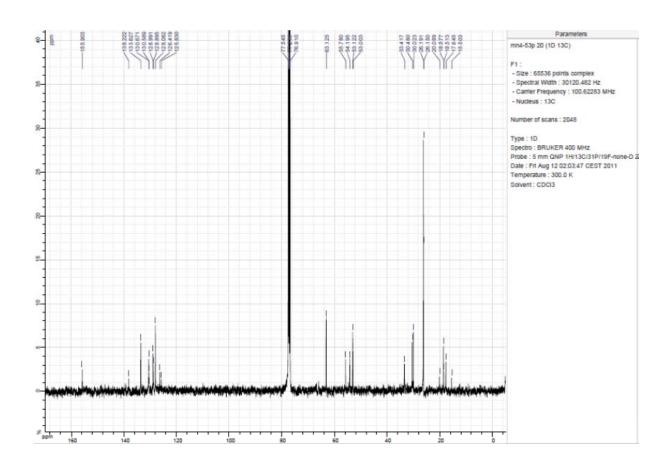
White solid, 88% yield, M.p. 61 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.12 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.9H), 1.48 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.1H), 1.55-1.67 (m, 0.4H), 1.82-1.99 (m, 0.6H), 2.08-2.26 (m, 1H), 2.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 0.7H), 2.81 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1.3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 4.23-4.39 (m, 0.4H), 4.49-4.67 (m, 0.6H), 7.15-7.45 (m, 8H), 7.70 (td, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 17.3, 20.2, 33.3, 33.6, 35.9, 39.0, 53.0, 53.1, 54.5, 55.7, 125.7, 126.1, 126.1, 126.3, 128.2, 128.5, 128.6, 128.9, 129.1, 133.7, 138.5, 141.8, 142.0, 155.4, 155.8. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 278 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 724, 750, 783, 952, 1029, 1043, 1060, 1117, 1190, 1317, 1389, 1440, 1475, 1585, 1705, 2950, 3026 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₅H₂₀NO₄ 278.1386, found 278.1390.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(5-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pentan-2-yl)carbamate **6d**:

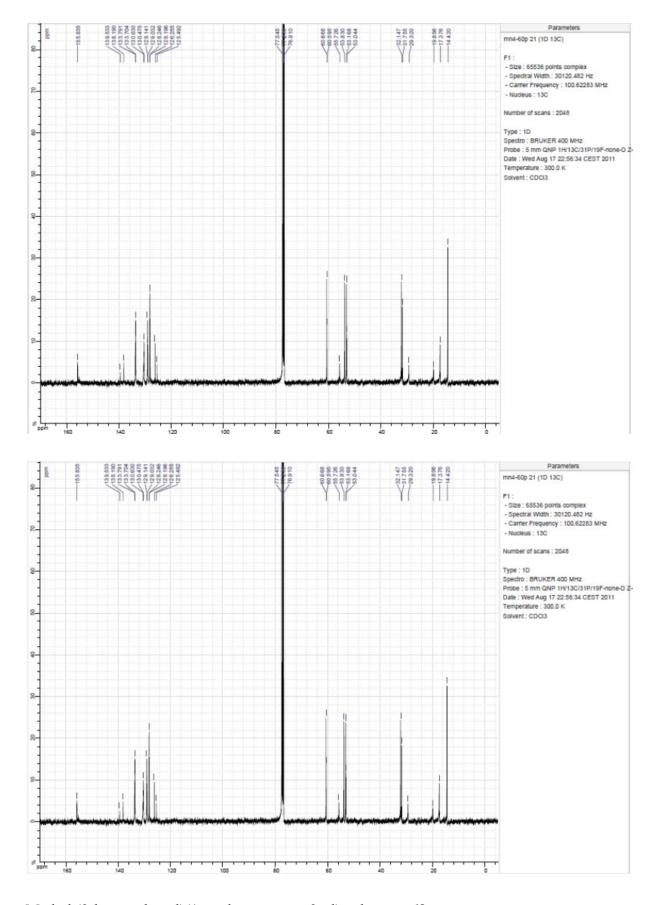
Colorless oil, 29% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): -0.04 (s, 1H), -0.03 (s, 1H), 0.04 (s, 3.8H), 0.08 (s, 0.8H), 0.82 (s, 3.2H),), 0.88 (d J = 6.8 Hz, 1.1H), 0.89 (s, 5H), 0.98 (d J = 6.8 Hz, 1.9H),), 1.34 (d J = 6.8 Hz, 1.1H), 1.44-1.85 (m, 4H), 3.47-3.74 (m, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.08-4.28 (m, 0.4H), 4.40-4.58 (m, 0.6H) 7.10-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.29 (td, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 8, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = -5.2$, -5.1, 15.5, 17.6, 18.5, 18.6, 20.1, 26.2, 26.2, 30.0, 30.5, 33.4, 53.0, 53.1, 54.2, 55.8, 63.1, 125.8, 126.4, 128.1, 128.9, 129.0, 130.6, 130.7, 138.2, 155.9 . MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 430 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 729$, 774, 833, 939, 1006, 1030, 1090, 1192, 1252, 1321, 1390, 1441, 1475, 1586, 1711, 2857, 2952 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₉H₃₃BrNO₃Si 430.1407, found 430.1406.





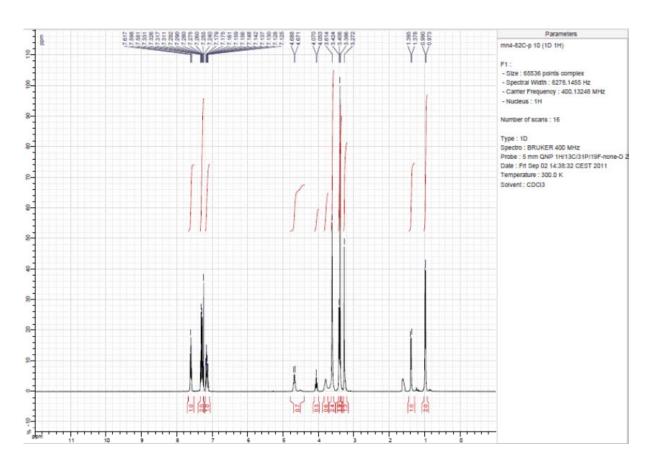
Ethyl 4-((2-bromophenyl)(methoxycarbonyl)amino)pentanoate **6e**:

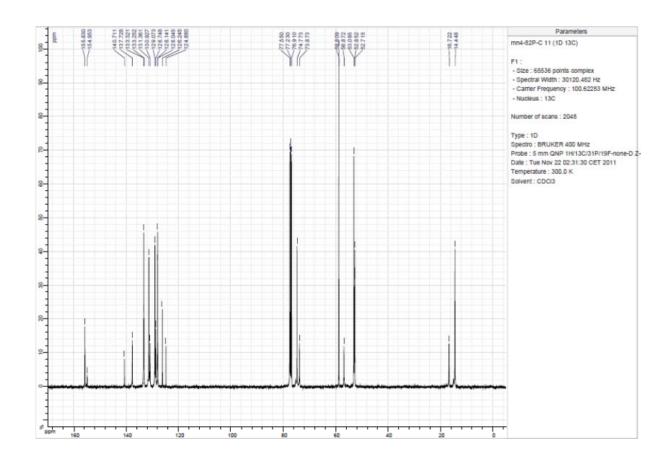
Colorless oil, >99% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.99 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.45-1.28 (m, 3.2H), 1.34 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.54-1.68 (m, 0.8H), 1.68-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.91 (m, 0.7H), 1.97-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 0.7H), 2.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1.3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.02-4.20 (m, 2.3H), 4.30-4.56 (m, 0.7H), 7.11-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 14.4, 17.4, 19.9, 29.3, 31.8, 32.1, 53.0, 53.2, 53.8, 55.7, 60.6, 60.7, 125.5, 126.3, 128.2, 128.2, 129.0, 129.1, 130.5, 130.6, 133.7, 133.8, 138.2, 139.5, 155.8. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 358 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 758, 785, 856, 946, 1029, 1076, 1119, 1129, 1319, 1390, 1441, 1475, 1586, 1706, 2980 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for $C_{15}H_{21}BrNO_4$ 358.0648, found 358.0640.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)carbamate 6f:

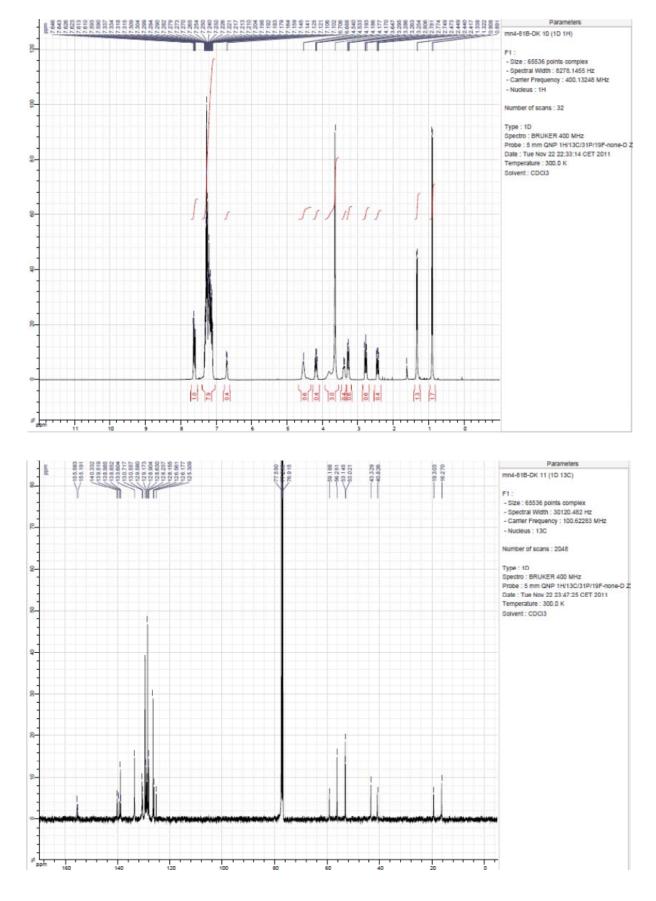
White solid, 87% yield, M.p. 39 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.98 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (s, 1.3H), 3.39 (s, 1.7H), 3.42 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2.4H), 3.74-3.85 (m, 0.6H), 4.00-4.12 (m, 0.3H), 4.40-4.80 (m, 0.7H), 7.25-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 14.4$, 16.7, 52.7, 52.9, 53.1, 73.9, 74.8, 124.9, 126.2, 128.0, 128.1, 128.7, 129.1, 130.9, 131.4, 133.3, 133.3, 155.0, 155.8. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 302 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 728$, 759, 786, 928, 958, 982, 1045, 1029, 1073, 1103, 1154, 1194, 1268, 1298, 1318, 1375, 1441, 1475, 1586, 1706, 2582, 2951 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for $C_{12}H_{17}BrNO_3$ 302.0386, found 302.0390.





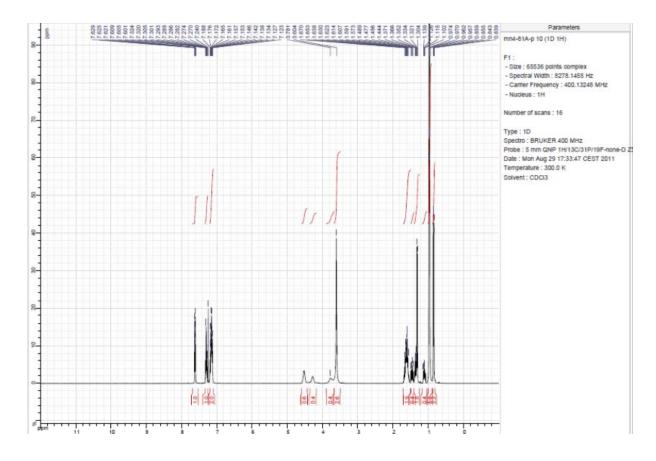
Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate **6g**:

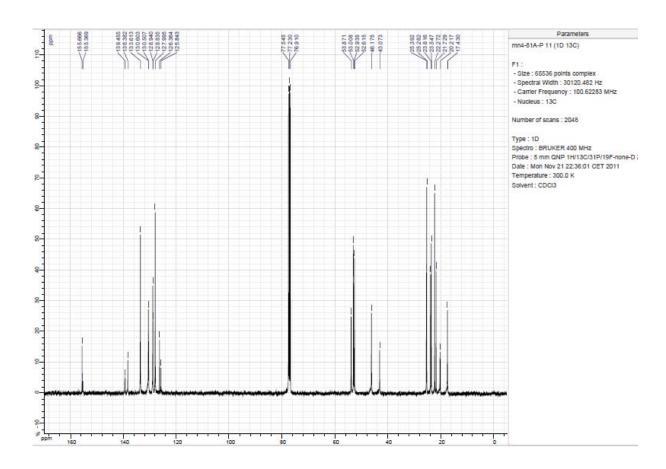
White solid, 97% yield, M.p. 102 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.90 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.7H), 0.83 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1.3H), 2.44 (dd, J = 12.8, 9.2 Hz, 0.4H), 2.78 (dd, J = 12.8, 10 Hz, 0.6H), 3.27 (dd, J = 12.8, 8.4 Hz, 0.6H), 3.33-3.43 (m, 0.4H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 4.10-4.26 (m, 0.4H), 4.34-4.64 (m, 0.6H), 6.70 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 0.4H), 7.05-7.37 (m, 7.6H), 7.56-7.66 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 16.3, 19.3, 40.8, 43.3, 53.0, 53.1, 56.3, 59.2, 125.3, 126.2, 126.6, 128.2, 128.2, 128.6, 128.9, 129.2, 129.6, 130.6, 130.7, 133.6, 138.9, 139.5, 140.3, 155.2, 155.6. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 348 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 700, 729, 744, 761, 830, 860, 915, 951, 983, 1029, 1069, 1167, 1191, 1293, 1325, 1388, 1440, 1475, 1585, 1704, 2951, 2978, 3027, 3062 cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd. for C₁₇H₁₉BrNO₂ 348.0593, found 348.0589.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(4-methylpentan-2-yl)carbamate **6h**:

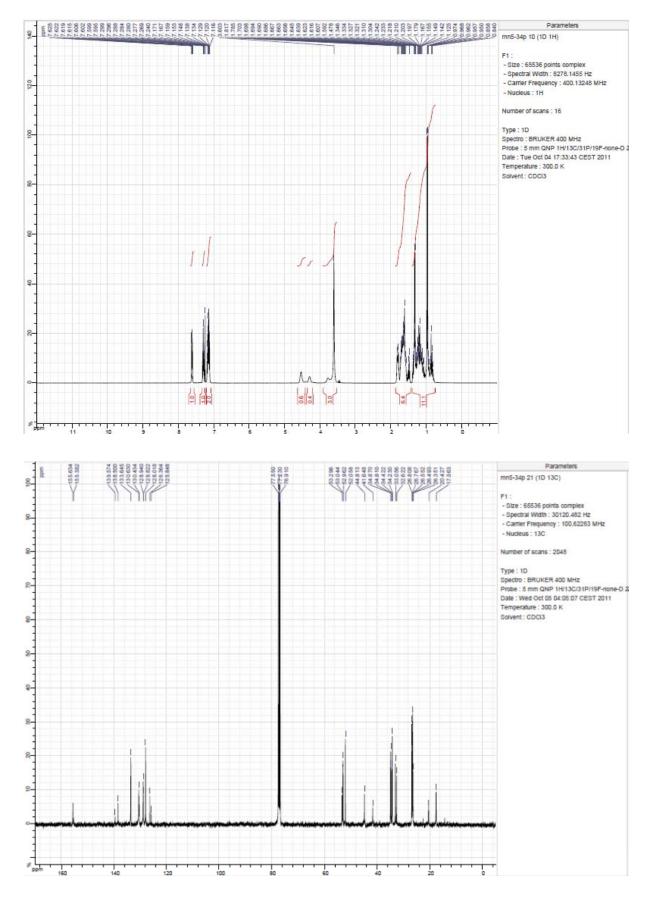
White solid, 91% yield, M.p. 51 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.82-0.88 (m, 2.2H), 0.91-1.01 (m, 5.8H), 1.05-1.18 (m, 0.4H), 1.26-1.41 (m, 0.4H), 1.41-1.50 (m, 0.4H), 1.51-1.72 (m, 1.4H), 3.60 (s, 2.6H), 3.78 (s, 0.4H), 4.18-4.36 (brd, 0.4H), 4.44-4.60 (m, 0.6H), 7.10-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.62 (dt, J = 8, 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 17.4, 20.2, 21.7, 22.3, 23.5, 23.8, 25.3, 25.4, 43.1, 46.2, 52.6, 52.9, 53.0, 53.9, 125.8, 126.4, 128.0, 128.8, 128.9, 130.5, 130.6, 133.6, 138.4, 139.5, 155.4, 155.7. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 314 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): ν = 728, 757, 784, 950, 1030, 1061, 1108, 1168, 1191, 1264, 1290, 1317, 1366, 1389, 1400, 1474, 1585, 1705, 2954 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₄H₂₁BrNO 314.0750, found 314.0748.





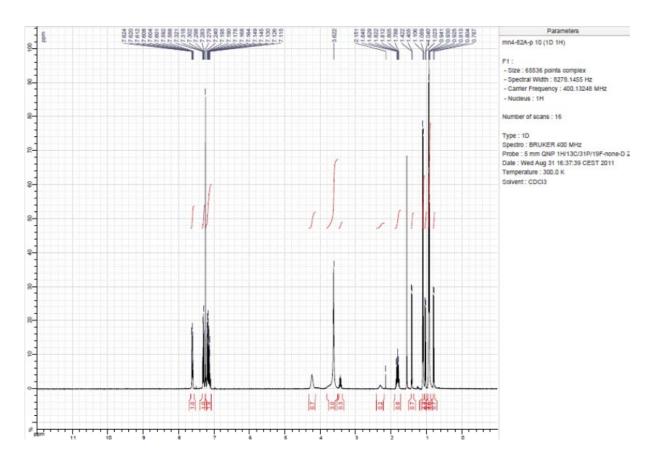
Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1-cyclohexylpropan-2-yl)carbamate 6i:

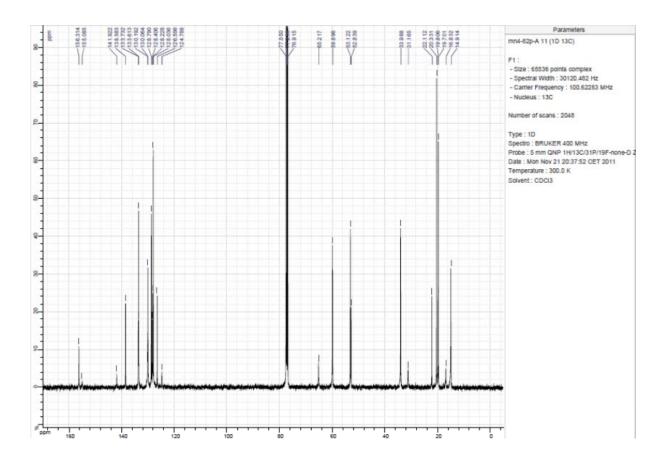
White solid, 94% yield, M.p. 59 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.75-1.40 (m, 11.1H), 1.44-1.87 (m, 5.9H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 4.21-4.36 (m, 0.4H), 4.42-4.64 (m, 0.6H), 7.08-7.21 (m, 2H),7.25-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.66 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 17.6, 20.4, 26.4, 26.5, 26.6, 26.8, 26.8, 41.6, 44.8, 52.1, 53.0, 53.0, 53.3, 125.8, 126.4, 128.0, 128.8, 128.9, 130.4, 130.6, 133.6, 138.5, 139.6, 155.4, 155.6. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 354 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): ν = 728, 755, 843, 877, 950, 1030, 1068, 1115, 1190, 1264, 1286, 1314, 1370, 1391, 1440, 1475, 1586, 1606, 2850, 2921 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₇H₂₅BrNO₂ 354.1063, found 354.1054.



Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(3-methylbutan-2-yl)carbamate 6j:

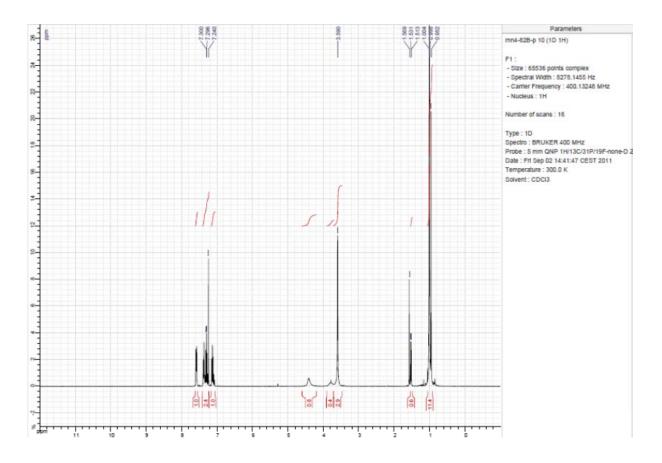
Colorless oil, 88% yield, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.80 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 0.7H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2.3H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2.3H), 1.03 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 0.7H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.74-1.90 (m, 0.8H), 2.20-2.42 (m, 0.2H), 3.38-3.48 (m, 0.3 H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 4.14-4.32 (m, 0.7H), 7.08-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.30 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.66 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ 14.9, 16.8, 19.7, 19.8, 20.3, 22.1, 31.2, 34.0, 52.8, 53.1, 59.9, 65.2, 124.8, 126.6, 128.0, 128.2, 128.4, 128.8, 130.1, 130.2, 133.6, 133.7, 138.6, 141.9, 155.1, 156.3. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 300 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 731, 755, 900, 949, 986, 1031, 1054, 1092, 1109, 1160, 1191, 1262, 1306, 1383, 1440, 1474, 1585, 1706, 2875, 2964 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₃H₁₉BrNO₂ 300.0593, found 300.0583.





Methyl (2-bromophenyl)(3,3-dimethylbutan-2-yl)carbamate **6k**:

White solid, 48% yield, M.p. 67 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.92-1.06 (m, 11.6H), 1.52 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 0.6H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.71-3.91 (m, 0.2H), 4.20-4.60 (m, 0.8H), 7.06-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.62 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 12.6$, 16.4, 27.8, 28.5, 36.6, 36.9, 53.0, 53.2, 57.0, 58.9, 62.1, 66.4, 126.7, 127.6, 127.8, 128.3, 128.7, 131.3, 133.5, 134.1, 140.2, 142.6, 156.0. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 314 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 731, 755, 900, 949, 986, 1031, 1054, 1092, 1109, 1160, 1191, 1261, 1306, 1283, 1440, 1474, 1585, 1706, 2875, 2964 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₄H₂₁BrNO₂ 314.0750, found 314.0752.



1.4 Representative racemic synthesis of indolines 2 and 7:

Carbamate (0.2 mmol), $Pd(OAc)_2$ (4.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), pivalic acid (6.1 mg, 0.06 mmol), cecium carbonate (97.5 mg, 0.3 mmol), and $PCy_3 \cdot HBF_4$ (14.7 mg, 0.04 mmol) were sequentially filled into a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry xylenes were added under nitrogen and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C in the Schlenk tube behind a protective shield overnight (17-24 h). The reaction mixture was cooled to r.t. and diluted with dichloromethane (2 mL) followed by filtration through a pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c. (silica gel; diethyl acetate : pentane = 1 : 30 as eluent) to afford the racemic indoline.

1.5 Racemic synthesis of indoline 7a using PCy₃·HBF₄ as a ligand:

Substrate **6a** (57.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (4.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), pivalic acid (6.1 mg, 0.06 mmol), cecium carbonate (97.5 mg, 0.3 mmol), and PCy₃·HBF₄ (14.7 mg, 0.04 mmol) were placed into a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry xylenes 2 mL were added under nitrogen and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C in the Schlenk tube behind a protective shield for 17 hours. The reaction mixture was

cooled to r.t. and diluted with dichloromethane (2 mL) followed by filtration through a pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c. (silica gel; diethyl acetate: pentane = 1:30 as eluent) to afford the racemic indoline **7a** in 91% yield (37.3 mg).

Racemic synthesis of indoline 7a using IPr·HCl as a ligand:

Substrate **6a** (57.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), cesium carbonate (97.5 mg, 0.3 mmol), $[Pd(\pi - \sin \pi)]Cl_2$ (5.2 mg, 0.01 mmol), cesium pivalate (46.8 mg, 0.2 mmol) and $IPr \cdot HCl$ (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol) were placed in a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry xylene (2 mL) was added under nitrogen. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C in the Schlenk tube behind a protective shield for 17 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to r.t. and diluted with dichloromethane (2 mL) followed by filtration through the pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c.(silica gel; diethyl acetate : pentane = 1 : 30 as eluent) to afford the indoline **7a** in 91% yield (37.5 mg).

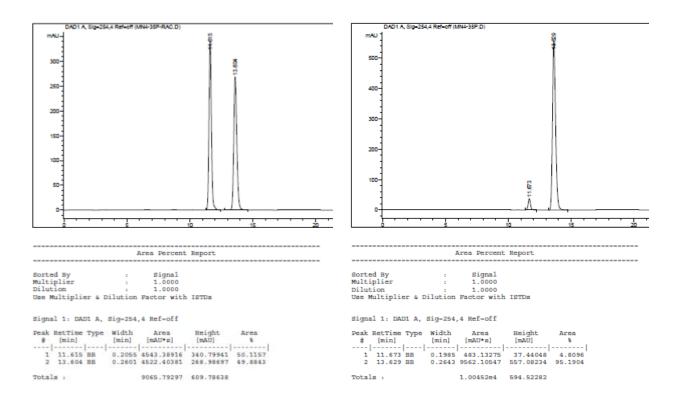
1.6 Representative procedure for the asymmetric NHC-palladium catalyzed C-H activation:

Carbamate **1a** (62.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), cesium carbonate (97.5 mg, 0.3 mmol), $[Pd(\pi - cinnamyl)Cl]_2$ (2.6 mg, 0.005 mmol), cesium pivalate (46.8 mg, 0.2 mmol) and NHC·HI (0.01 mmol) were placed in a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry mesitylene (2 mL) was added under nitrogen. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 160 °C in the Schlenk tube behind a protective shield for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to r.t. and diluted with dichloromethane (2 mL) followed by filtration through a pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c.(silica gel; diethyl acetate: pentane = 1:30 as eluent) to afford the indoline methyl carbamate **2a**.

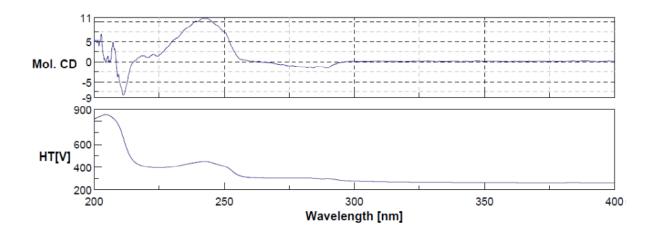
1.7 Synthesis, spectra, analysis of substrates 2a-d and 7a-h, and 8a-h

(S)-methyl 2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate 2a: [3]

Colorless oil, 84% yield (32.1 mg), 90% ee, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.27 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (dd, J = 16, 2 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 4.40-4.65 (m, 1H), 6.57 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44-8.10 (brd, 1H).



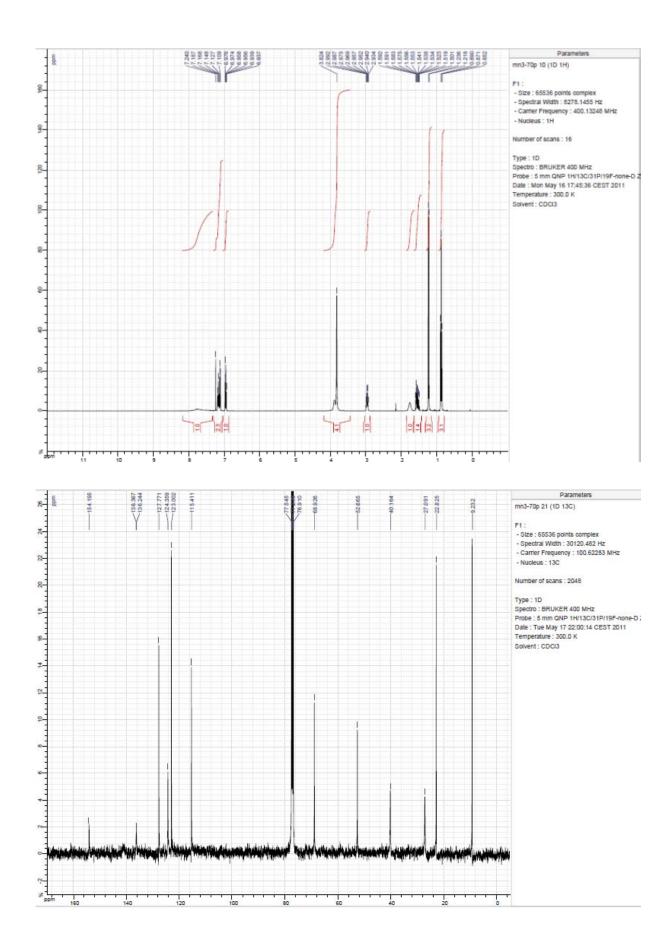
The enantiomer ration was determined by HPLC: (chiral column: AS-H, *n*-hexane/ *i*-propanol = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm); t_R = 11.7 min [minor] and 13.6 min [major]. [α]_D²⁰ = +52.0 (c = 0.5 in CH₂Cl₂).

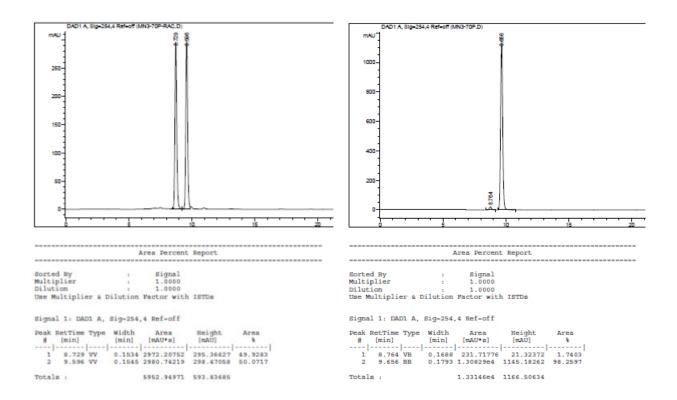


CD spectrum: 0.000052 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C

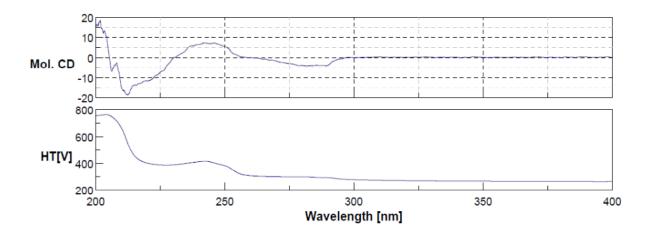
(2*S*,3*R*)-methyl 2-ethyl-3-methylindoline-1-carboxylate **2b**:

Colorless oil, 92% yield (40.3 mg), 97% ee, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.87 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.46-1.61 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.82 (m, 1H), 2.96 (qd, J = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.78-3.98 (m, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34-8.12 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): δ = 9.2, 22.8, 27.1, 40.2, 52.7, 66.9, 115.4, 123.0, 124.4, 127.8, 136.2, 136.4, 154.2. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 220 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 753, 820, 1019, 1065, 1137, 1192, 1216, 1284, 1312, 1335, 1391, 1441, 1485, 1602, 1706, 2963 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₃H₁₈NO₂ 220.1332, found 220.1332.





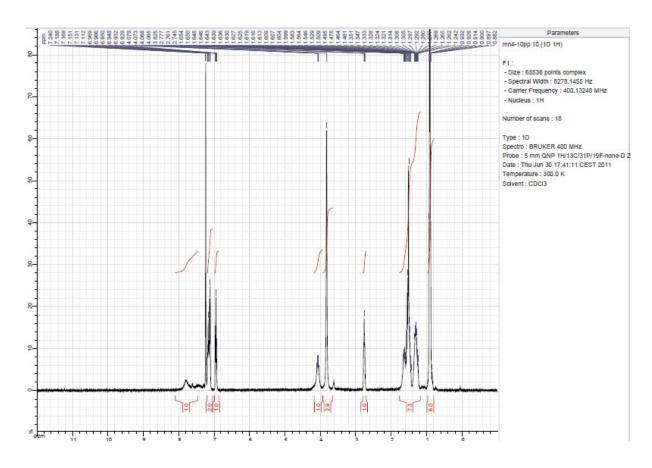
The ratio of enantiomers was determined by HPLC: (chiral column: AS-H, *n*-hexane/ *i*-propanol = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm); $t_R = 8.7$ min [minor] and 9.6 min [major]. $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +6.3$ (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂).

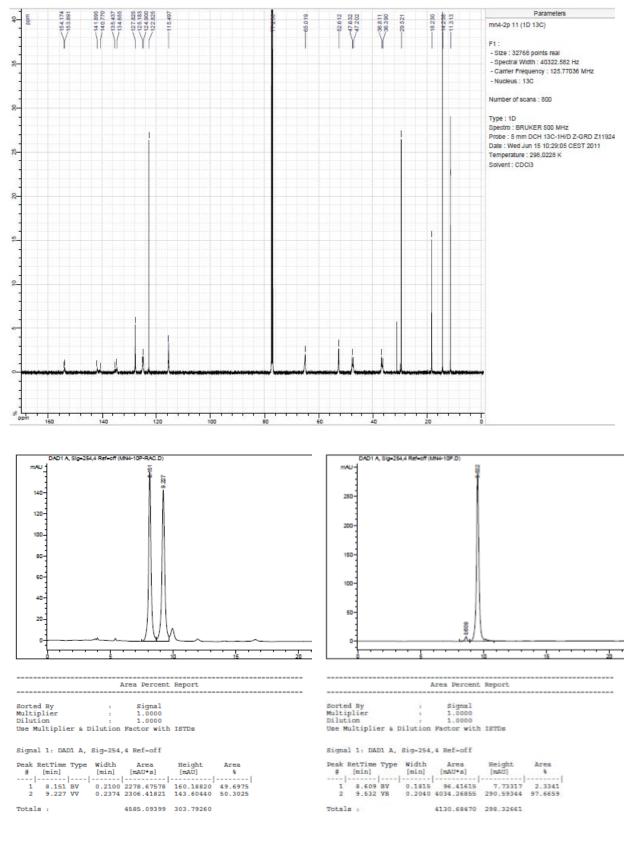


CD spectrum: 0.000023 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C

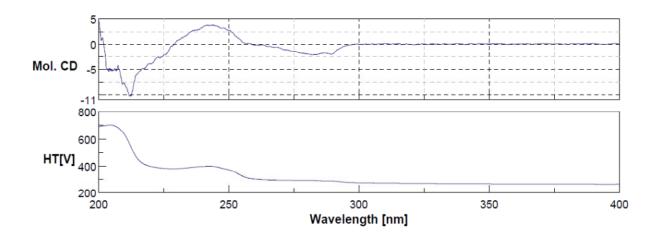
(2*S*,3*R*)-methyl 3-ethyl-2-propylindoline-1-carboxylate **2c**:

Colorless oil, 92% yield (45.4 mg), 97% *ee*, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.81-0.98 (m, 6H), 1.18-1.78 (m, 6H), 2.76 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.95-4.18 (m, 1H), 6.95 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46-8.10 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 11.3$, 14.2, 18.2, 29.5, 31.1, 36.4, 36.8, 47.2, 47.6, 52.6, 65.0, 115.5, 122.8, 124.9, 125.2, 127.8, 134.7, 135.4, 140.8, 141.9, 153.9, 154.2. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 248 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 748$, 794, 869, 931, 1022, 1064, 1116, 1135, 1190, 1209, 1269, 1284, 1306, 1332, 1389, 1441, 1461, 1483, 1602, 1703, 2873, 2931, 2958 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₅H₂₂NO₂ 248.1645, found 248.1642.





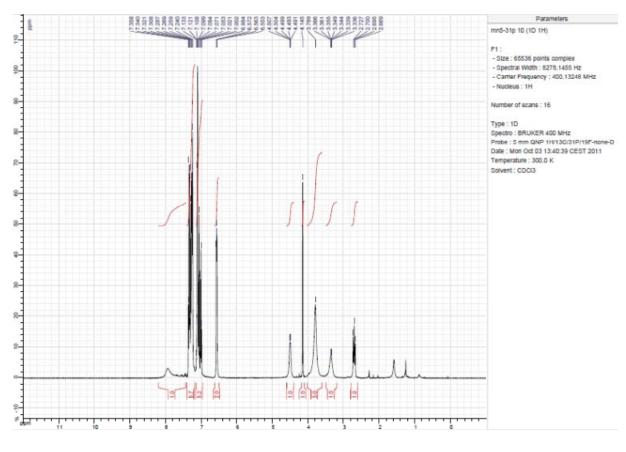
The enantiomer ratio was determined by HPLC: (chiral column: (R,R)-Whelk-O1, n-hexane/i-propanol = 99.05 : 0.5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm); t_R = 8.2 min [minor] and 9.3 min [major]. [α]_D²⁰ = +9.0 (c = 2.0 in CH₂Cl₂).

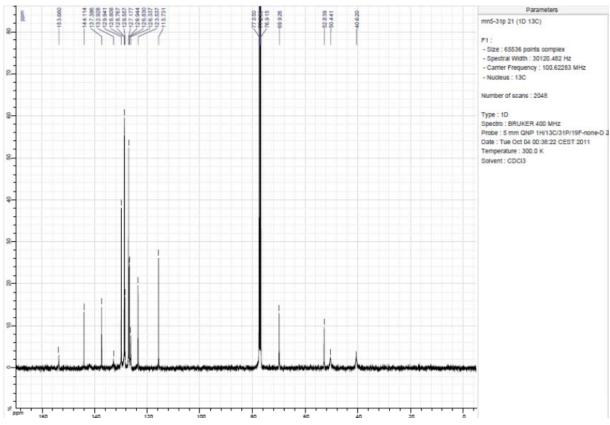


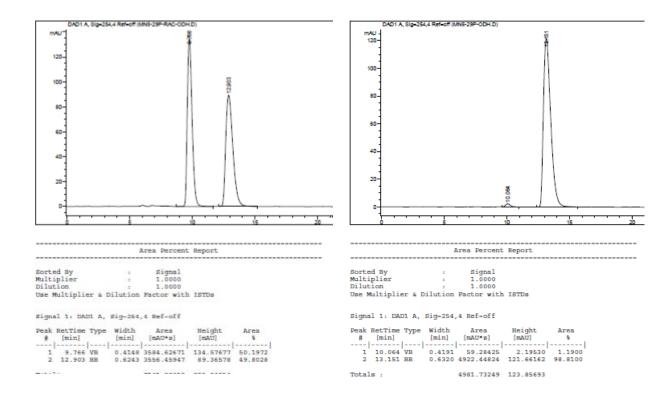
CD spectrum: 0.000049 M in n-hexane at 20 °C

(2*R*,3*S*)-methyl 2-benzyl-3-phenylindoline-1-carboxylate **2d**:

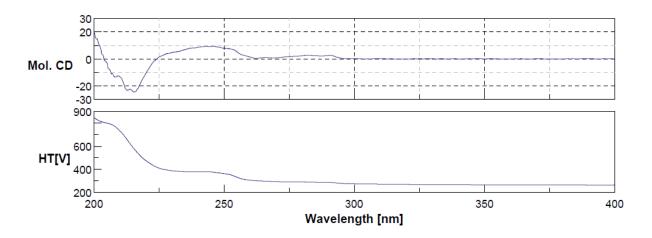
White solid, 82% yield (56.3 mg), M.p. 75 °C, 98% *ee*, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.70 (dd, J = 12.8, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.50 (brd, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 4.40-4.60 (m, 1H), 6.50-6.62 (m, 2H), 6.96-7.14 (m, 5H), 7.18-7.41 (m, 6H), 44-8.20 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 40.6, 50.4, 52.8, 69.9, 115.7, 123.5, 126.3, 126.8, 126.9, 127.2, 128.6, 128.8, 128.8, 129.9, 132.9, 137.4, 144.1, 153.7. MS (ESI, 70 eV): <math>m/z$ (%) = 344 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 698, 733, 757, 792, 849, 878, 919, 1057,1079, 1136, 1157, 1193, 1246, 1278, 1304, 1342, 1390, 1441, 1484, 1598, 1711, 2952, 3027 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₂₃H₂₂NO₂ 344.1645, found 344.1648.







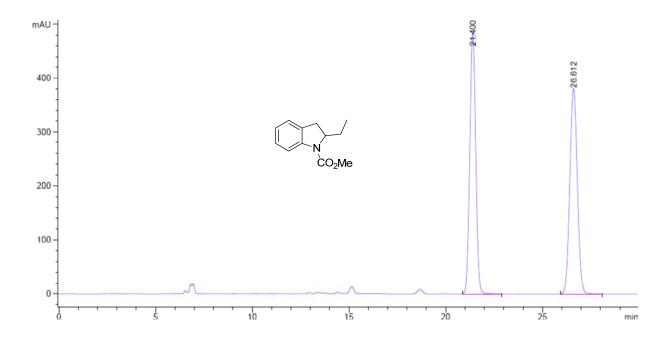
The ratio of enantiomers was determined by HPLC: (chiral column: OD-H, *n*-hexane/ *i*-propanol = 99 : 1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm); $t_R = 10.1$ min [minor] and 13.2 min [major]. [α]_D²⁰ = +107.8 (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂).

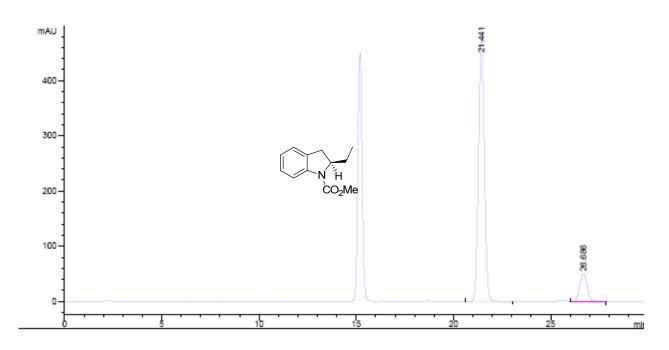


CD spectrum: 0.000052 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C

(R)-methyl 2-ethylindoline-1-carboxylate 7a; (S,S)-NHC'HI (3) was used.

Colorless oil, 57% yield calcd. by NMR (23.2 mg), 77% ee, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.86 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.49-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.87 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dd, J = 16, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 4.28-4.46 (m, 1H), 6.94 (td, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34-8.10 (m, 1H).





Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	
1 2	21.441 26.686			1.01076e4 1350.00818	469.88608 51.04708	88.2174 11.7826	
rota)	Ls :			1.14576e4	520.93316		

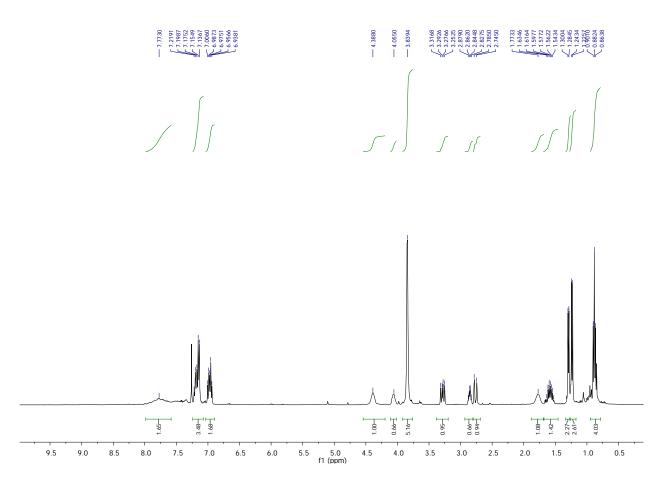
*** End of Report ***

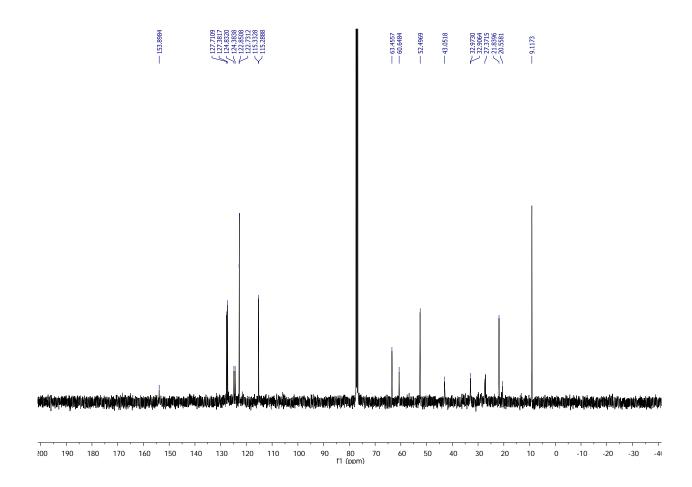
76% ee [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 21.44 min. (major) and 26.68 (minor)].

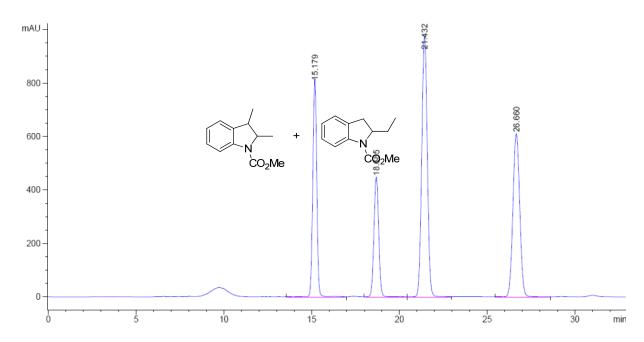
(*R*)-methyl 2-ethylindoline-1-carboxylate 7a and (2R,3S)-methyl 2,3-dimethylindoline-1-carboxylate 8a; (*S*,*S*)-NHC·HI (3) was used.

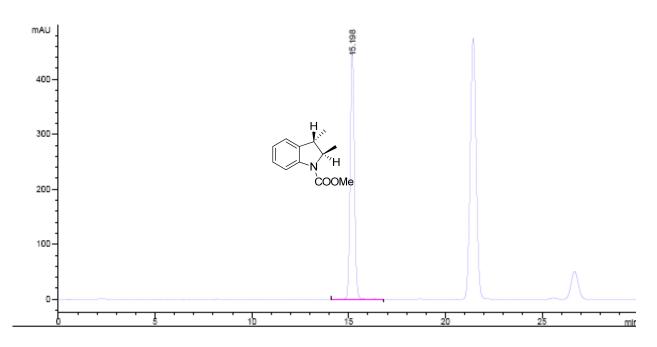
Colorless oil, **8a**: 38% yield calcd. by NMR (15.5 mg), **7a** + **8a**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.88 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 4H), 1.23 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2.6H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2.2H), 1.52-1.63 (m,

1.4H), 1.77 (brd, 1H), 2.76 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 0.65H), 3.28 (dd, J = 16.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 5H), 4.05 (brd, 0.65H), 4.38 (brd, 1H), 6.93-7.00 (m, 1.65H), 7.13-7.21 (m, 3.5H), 7.77 (brd, 1.65H). **7a** + **8a**: 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 9.1, 20.5, 21.8, 27.3, 32.90, 32.97, 43.0, 52.4, 60.6, 63.4, 115.2, 115.3, 122.7, 122.8, 124.3, 124.8, 127.3, 127.7, 153.8.









Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 6871.64307 438.97583

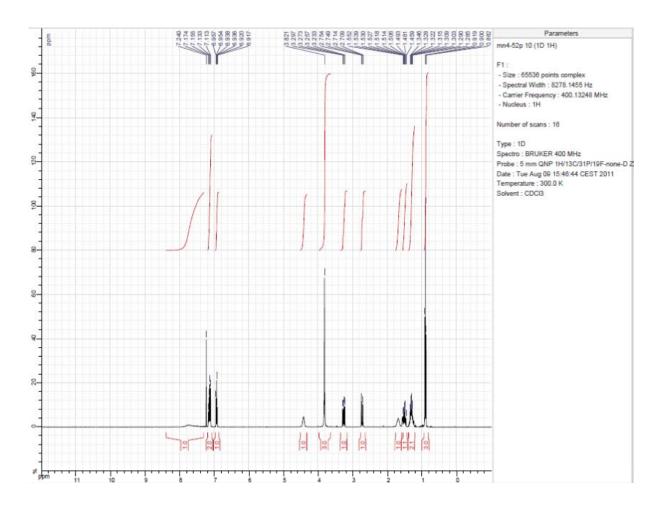
*** End of Report ***

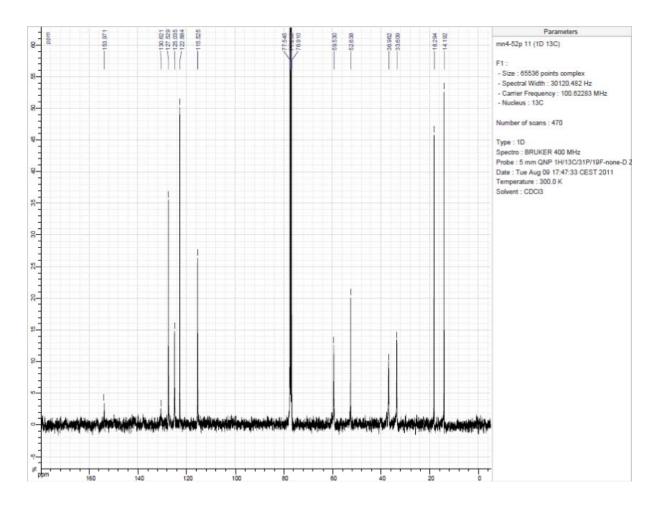
8a: >99% *ee* [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 15.19 min. (major)]

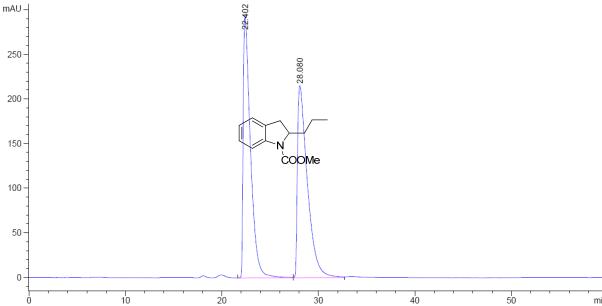
(R)-methyl 2-propylindoline-1-carboxylate **7b**; (S,S)-NHC'HI (**3**) was used.

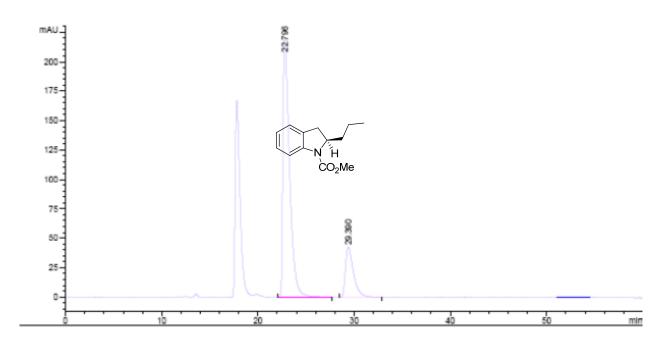
68% yield calcd. by NMR (29.7 mg). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.90 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.22-1.39 (m, 2H), 1.22-1.39 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.56 (m, 1H), 2.73 (dd, J = 16, 2 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 4.34-4.56 (brd, 1H), 6.94 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12(d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26-8.40 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 1.2$

14.2, 18.3, 33.6, 37.0, 52.6, 59.5, 115.5, 122.9, 125.0, 127.5, 130.6, 154.0. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 220 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): v = 751, 1022, 1059, 1135, 1193, 1221, 1239, 1270, 1290, 1330, 1390, 1441, 1485, 1603, 1702, 2871, 2957 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₃H₁₈NO₂ 220.1332, found 220.1320.









Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

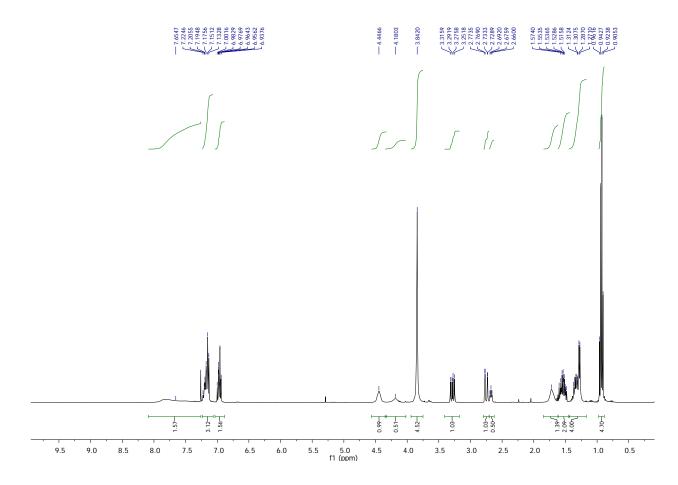
*** End of Report ***

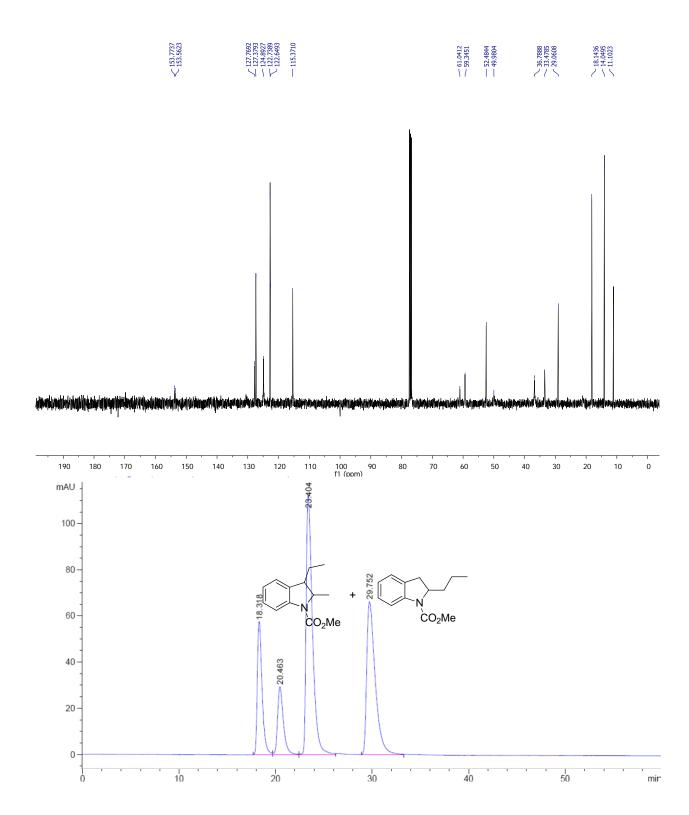
61% ee [chiral column: AS-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 100 : 0, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 22.79 min. (major) and 29.39 (minor)].

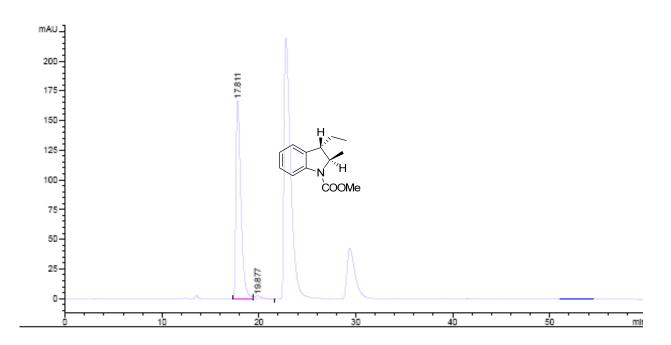
(*R*)-methyl 2-propylindoline-1-carboxylate **7b** and (2R,3S)-methyl 3-ethyl-2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate **8b**; (S,S)-NHC·HI (**3**) was used.

Colorless oil **8b**: 22% yield calcd. by NMR (9.6 mg), **7b** + **8b**: 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.90-0.95 (m, 4.7H), 1.27-1.36 (m, 4H), 1.48-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.72 (brd, 1.4H), 2.67 (t, J = 6.4

Hz, 0.5H), 2.74 (dd, J = 16.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (dd, J = 16.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 4.5H), 4.18 (brd, 0.5H), 4.44 (brd, 1H), 6.93-7.00 (m, 1.5H), 7.13-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.65 (brd, 1.5H). **7b** + **8b**: 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 11.1, 14.0, 18.1, 29.0, 33.4, 36.7, 49.9, 52.4, 59.3, 61.0, 115.3, 122.6, 122.7, 124.8, 127.3, 127.7, 153.5, 153.7.







Forted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Peak #	RetTime [min]		Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %	
_	17.811 19.877	 	5897.93506 135.59413	167.12987 2.49281	97.7527 2.2473	
[ota]	ls:		6033.52919	169.62268		

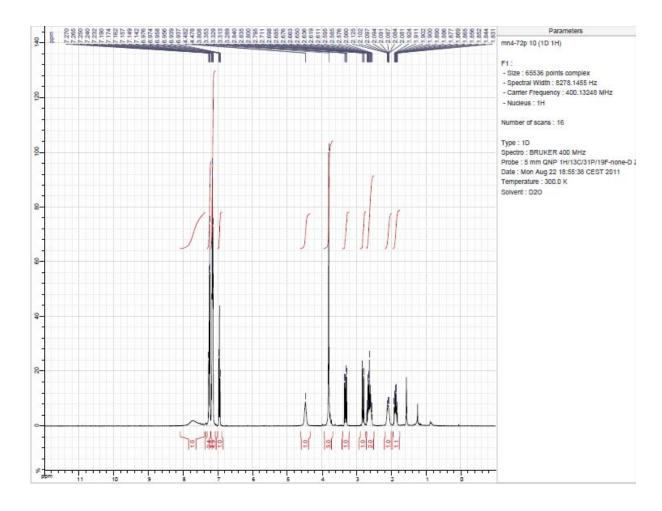
*** End of Report ***

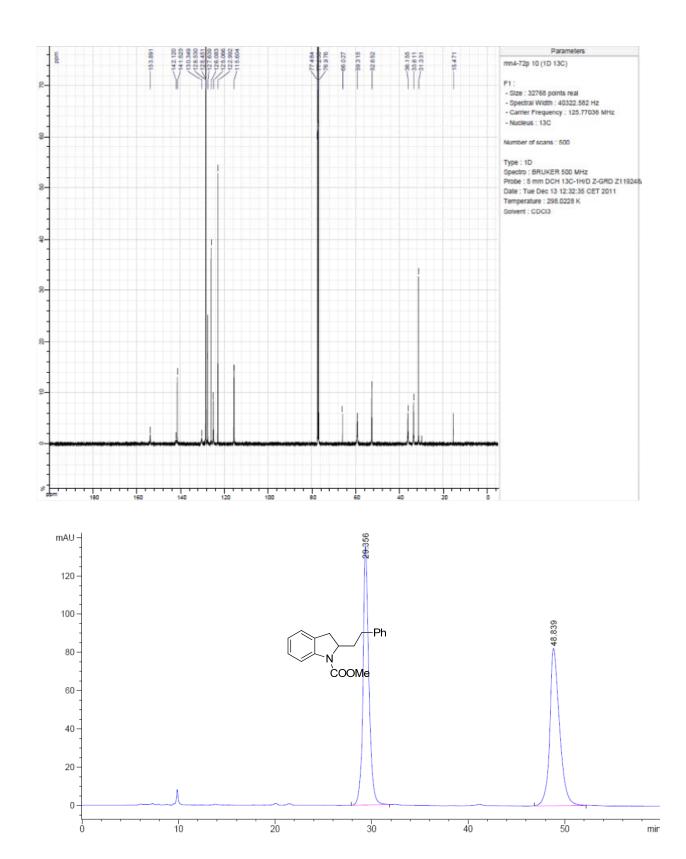
8b: 96% *ee* [chiral column: AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100 : 0, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 17.81 min. (major) and 19.87 (minor)].

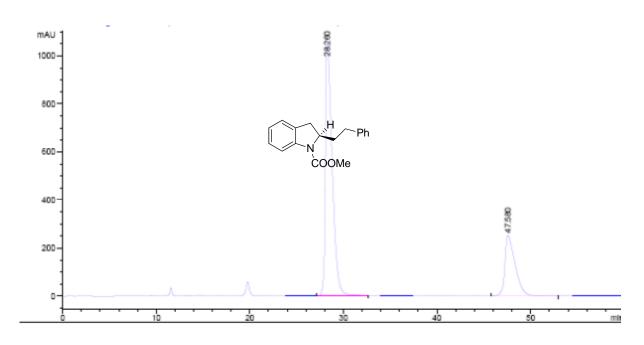
(R)-methyl 2-phenethylindoline-1-carboxylate 7c; (S,S)-NHC'HI (4) was used.

Colorless oil, 62% yield (34.8 mg), 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.80-1.96 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.72 (m, 2H), 2.82 (dd, J = 16, 2 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.34-4.60 (brd, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.22 (m, 5H), 7.26-7.30

(m, 2H), 7.40-8.10 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz): δ = 15.5, 31.3, 33.6, 36.2, 52.7, 59.3, 66.0, 115.6, 123.0, 125.1, 126.1, 127.6, 128.5, 130.3, 141.5, 142.1, 153.9. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 282 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): ν = 749, 840, 942, 1056, 1130, 1191, 1225, 1289, 1330, 1389, 1440, 1484, 1602, 1701, 2858, 2952, 3027 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₈H₂₀NO₂ 282.1488, found 282.1480.







Forted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Filution : 1.0000
Figure & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

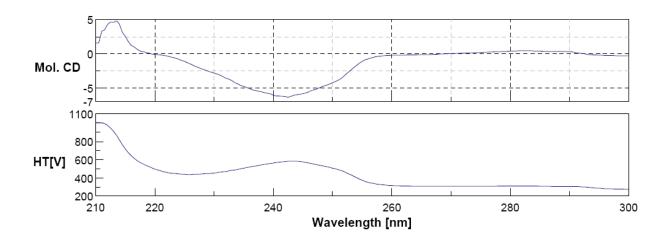
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

#	[min]		[min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	28.260	BV	0.7789	5.39535e4	1050.97388	73.5913
2	47.580	BB	1.1546	1.93616e4	252.49791	26.4087
	_					

Totals: 7.33152e4 1303.47179

*** End of Report ***

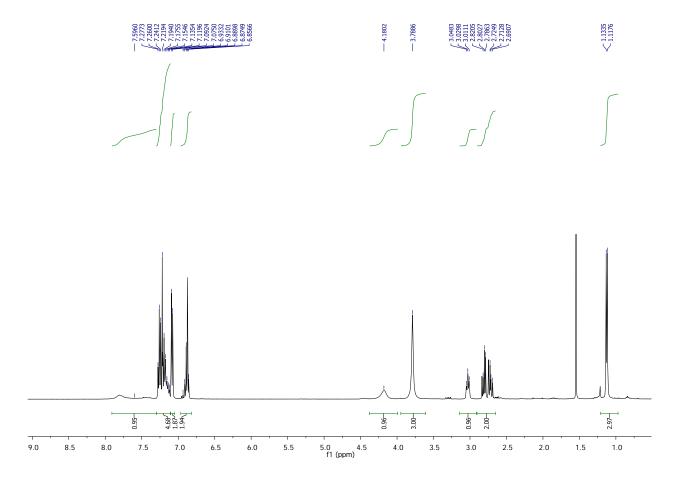
 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -19.4 (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), 47% ee, [chiral column: (R,R)-Whelk-O1, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 28.26 min. (major) and 47.58 min. (minor)].

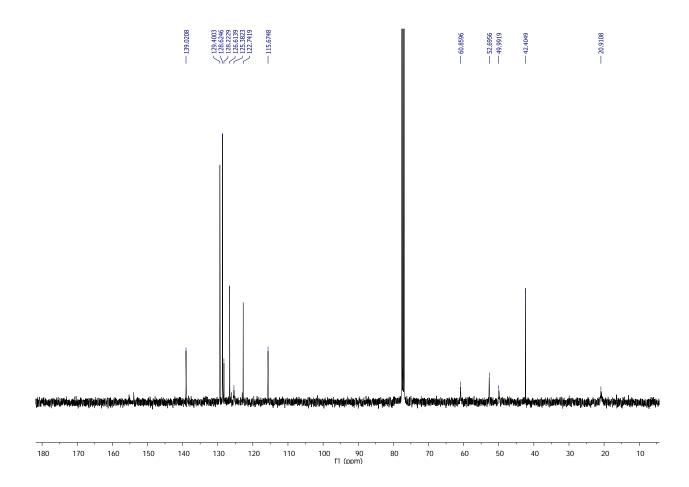


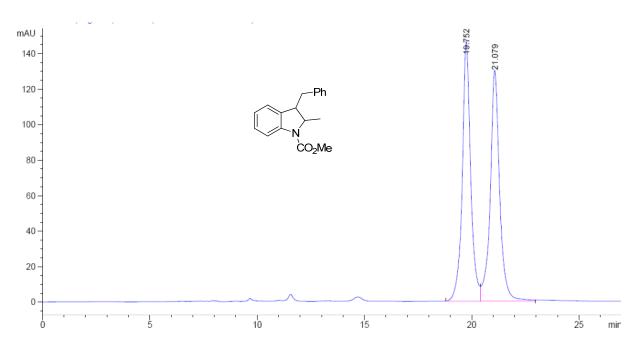
CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C.

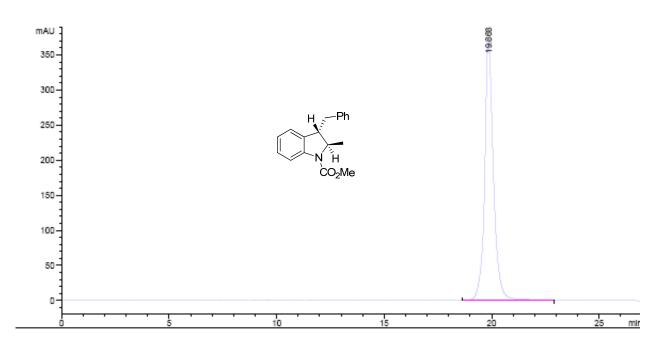
(2*R*,3*S*)-methyl 3-benzyl-2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate **8c**; (*S*,*S*)-NHC'HI (**4**) was used.

Colorless oil, 32% yield (17.9 mg), 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.12 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 2.69-2.82 (m, 2H), 3.02 (t, J = 14.9 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 4.18 (brd, 1H), 6.85-6.93 (m, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.13-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.59 (brd, 1H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 20.9, 42.4, 49.9, 52.6, 60.8, 115.6, 122.7, 125.3, 126.6, 128.2, 128.6, 129.4, 139.0. IR (neat, cm⁻¹): 2947, 1701, 1601, 1482, 1439, 1387, 1280, 1190, 1059, 748, 698. EI-HRMS: calcd. for $C_{18}H_{20}NO_2$: 282.1488, found: 282.1479.









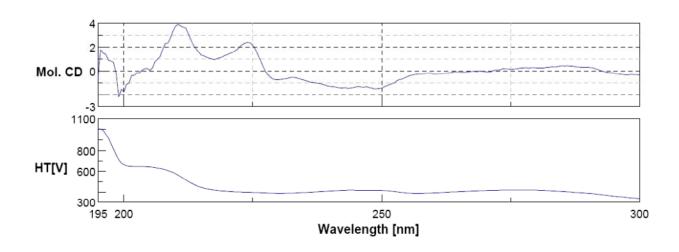
Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 1.06690e4 369.40372

*** End of Report ***

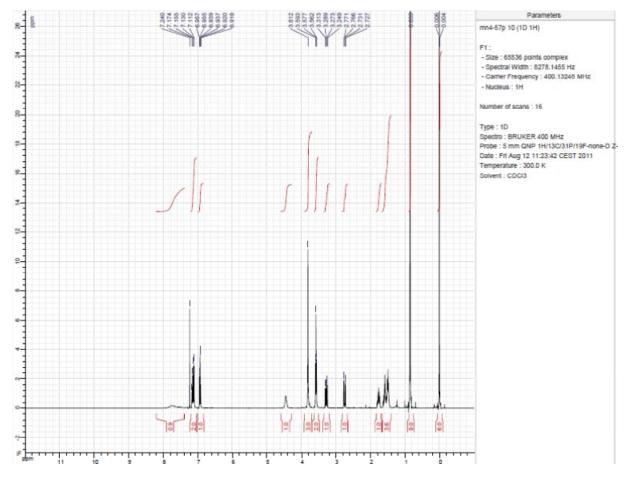
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +15.4 (c = 0.5 in CH₂Cl₂), >99% ee, [chiral column: (R,R)-Whelk-O1, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 19.86 min. (major)].

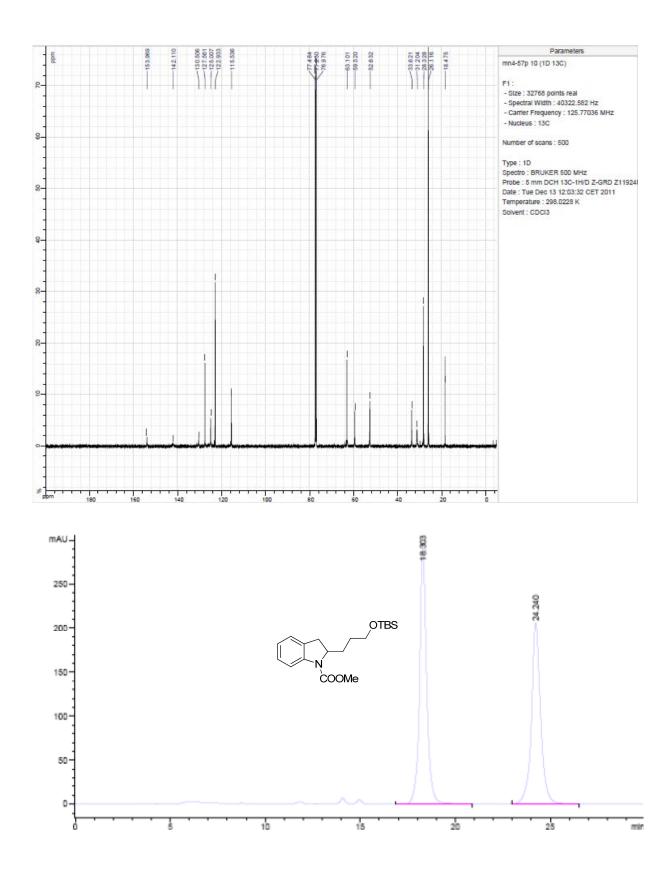


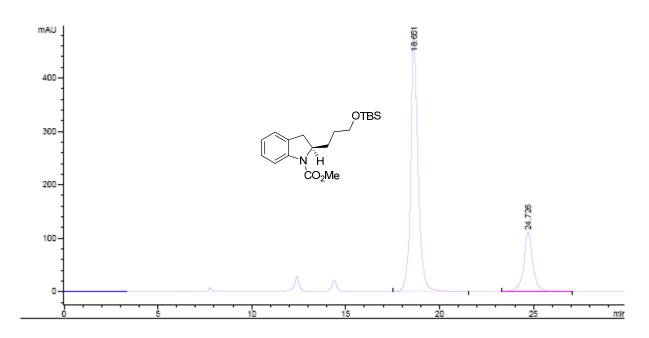
CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C.

(*R*)-methyl 2-(3-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)propyl)indoline-1-carboxylate **7d**; (*S*,*S*)-NHC·HI (**3**) was used.

Colorless oil, 68% yield (47.4 mg), ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 0.00 (s, 3H), 0.01 (s, 3H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 1.41-1.67 (m, 3H), 1.70-1.84 (m, 1H), 2.75 (dd, J = 16, 2 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.30-4.60 (brd, 1H), 6.94 (td, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-8.20 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz): $\delta = 18.5$, 26.1, 28.3, 31.2, 33.6, 52.6, 59.5, 63.1, 115.5, 122.9, 125.0, 127.6, 130.5, 154.0. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 350 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 751$, 833, 938, 1022, 1059, 1093, 1132, 1191, 1227, 1251, 1284, 1307, 1330, 1390, 1441, 1463, 1486, 1603, 1705, 2857, 2930, 2952 cm⁻¹; EI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₉H₃₂NO₃Si 350.2145, found 350.2150.







Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Jie Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

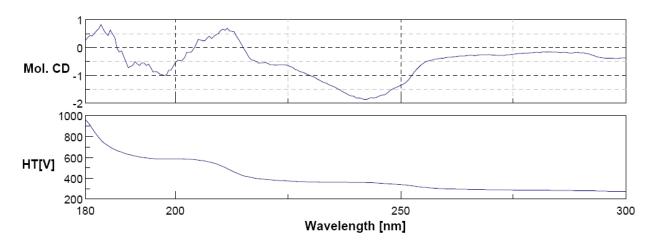
ignal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	. 8
1	18.651	BB	0.4199	1.31376e4	473.17184	77.3458
2	24.726	BB	0.5140	3847.94482	111.66259	22.6542

Potals: 1.69856e4 584.83443

*** End of Report ***

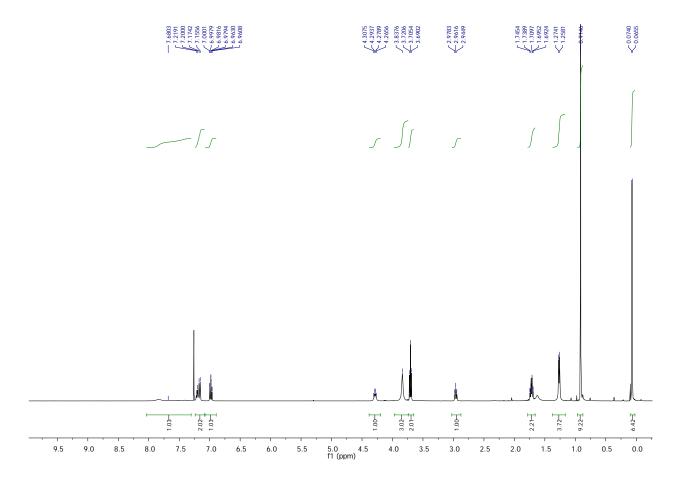
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -18.8 \ (c = 1.0 \text{ in CH}_2\text{Cl}_2), 55\% \ ee$, [chiral column: (R,R)-Whelk-O1, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; $t_R = 18.65 \text{ min.}$ (major) and 24.72 min. (minor)].

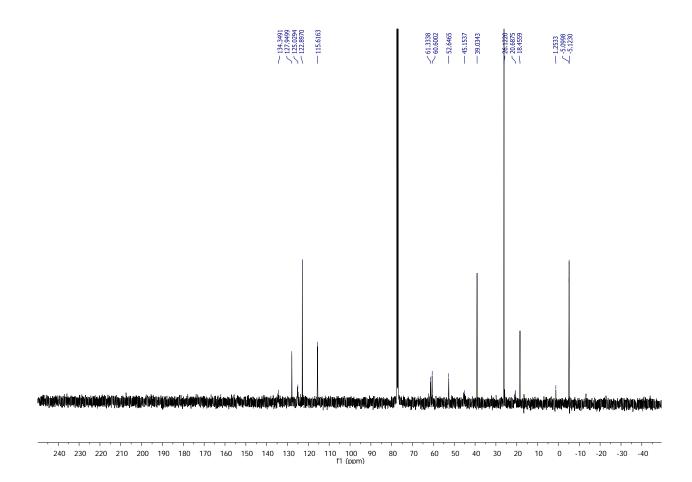


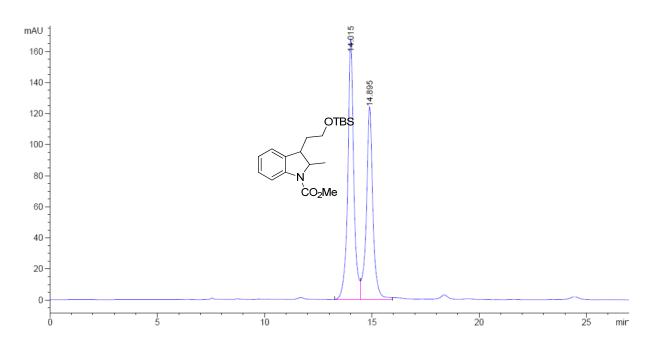
CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C

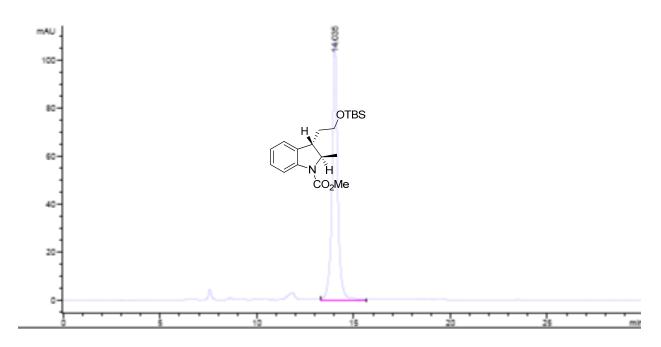
(2R,3S)-methyl 3-(2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)ethyl)-2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate **8d**; (S,S)-NHC'HI (**3**) was used.

Colorless oil, 21% yield (14.6 mg), ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.06 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 6H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.69-1.74 (m, 2H), 2.96 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 4.26-4.30 (m, 1H), 6.97 (td, J = 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.61 (brd, 1H). ${}^{13}C$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.0, 1.2, 18.4, 20.6, 26.1, 39.0, 45.1, 52.6, 60.6, 61.3, 115.6, 122.8, 125.0, 127.9, 134.4. IR (neat, cm $^{-1}$): 2926, 2854, 1705, 1602, 1485, 1440, 1389, 1250, 1094, 1054, 938, 832, 749. EI-HRMS: calcd. for $C_{19}H_{32}NO_3Si$ [M+H] $^{+}$: 350.2145, found: 350.2137.









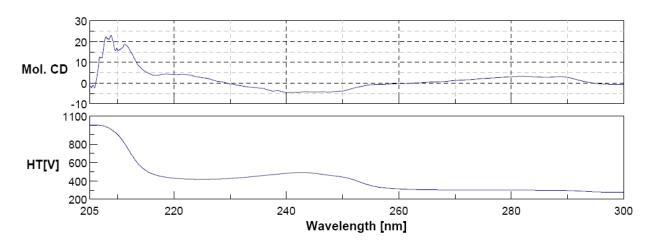
Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 2147.29150 106.52612

*** Tod of Tananh ***

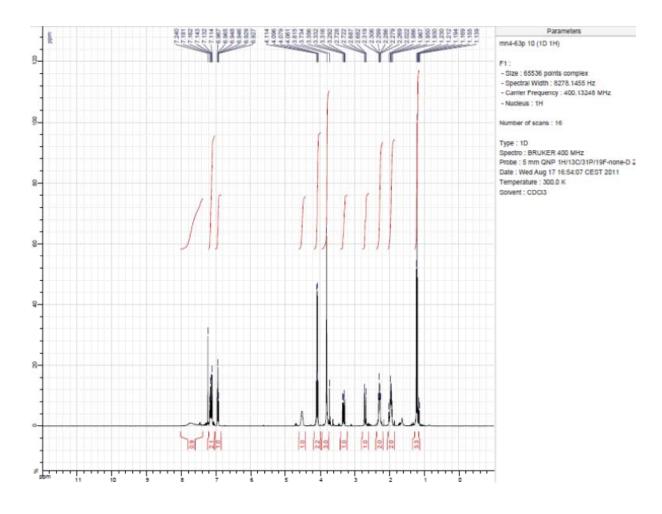
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +6.6 (c = 0.5 in CH₂Cl₂), >99% ee, [chiral column: (R,R)-Whelk-O1, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 14.03 min. (major)].

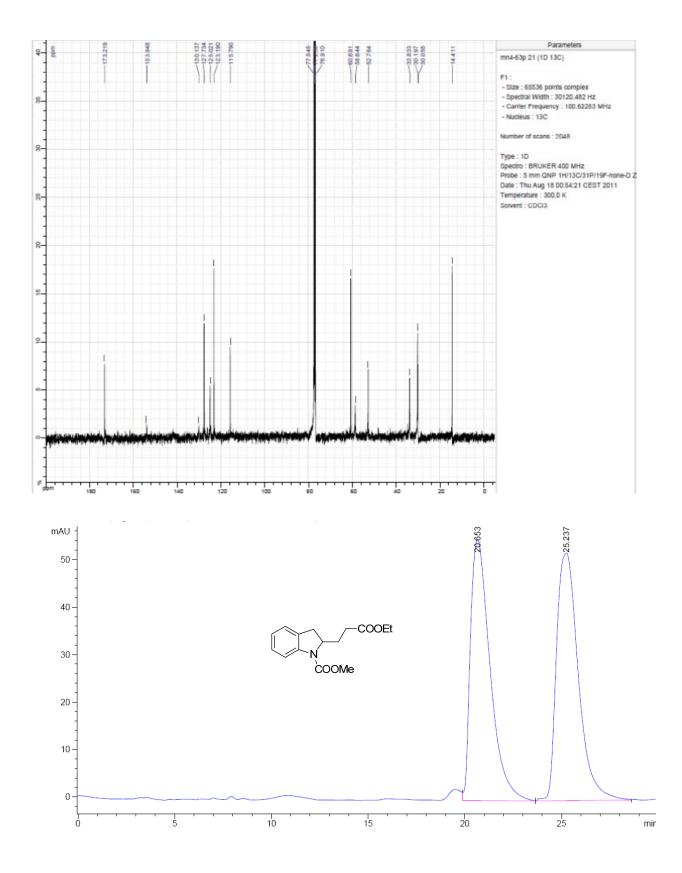


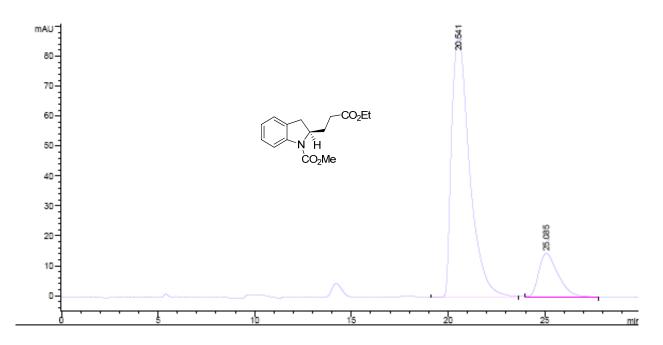
CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C.

(R)-methyl 2-(3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)indoline-1-carboxylate **7e**; (S,S)-NHC'HI **(3)** was used.

Colorless oil, 63% yield (55.4 mg), ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.88-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.21-2.38 (m, 2H), 2.71 (dd, J = 16.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 4.09 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.44-4.63 (brd, 1H), 6.95 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.80 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz): $\delta = 14.4$, 30.1, 30.2, 52.8, 58.6, 60.7, 115.8, 123.2, 125.0, 127.7, 130.1, 153.9, 173.2. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 300 (M+Na)⁺; IR (neat): $\upsilon = 753$, 859, 941, 1023, 1057, 1089, 1130, 1186, 1225, 1285, 1330, 1389, 1441, 1435, 1503, 2956 cm⁻¹; EI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₅H₁₉NO₄Na 300.1206, found 300.1206.







Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

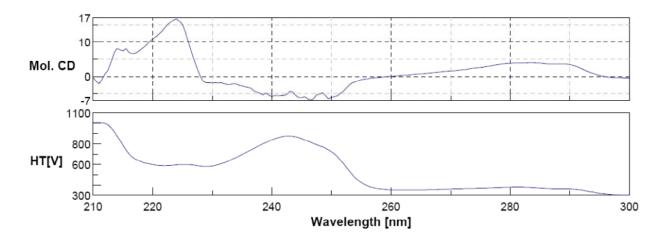
Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 6692.74622 101.54953

*** End of Report ***

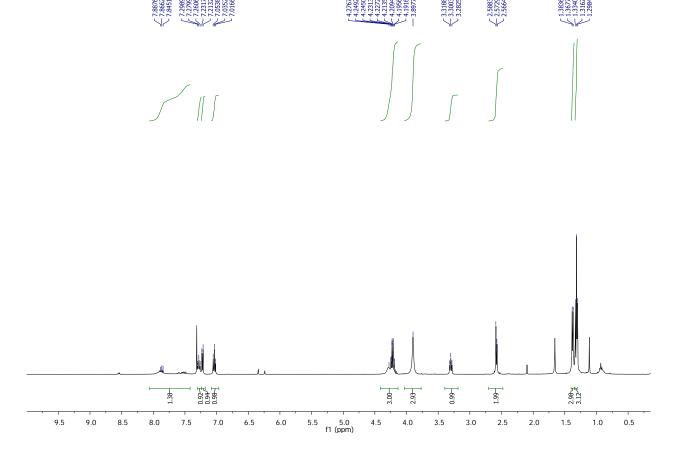
 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -31.78 (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), 69% ee, [chiral column: OD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 20.54 min. (major) and 25.08 (minor)].

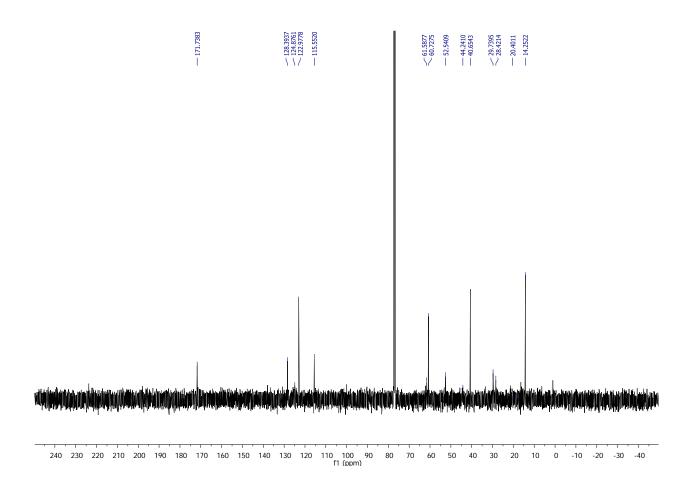


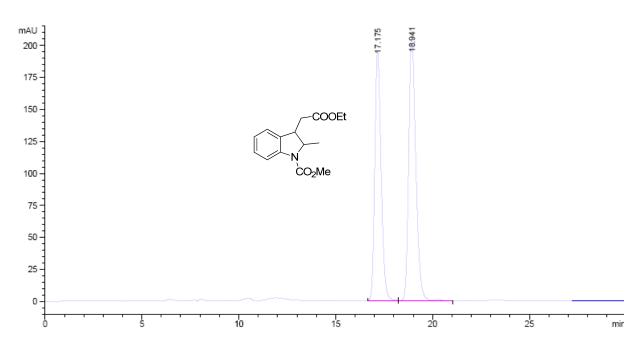
CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C.

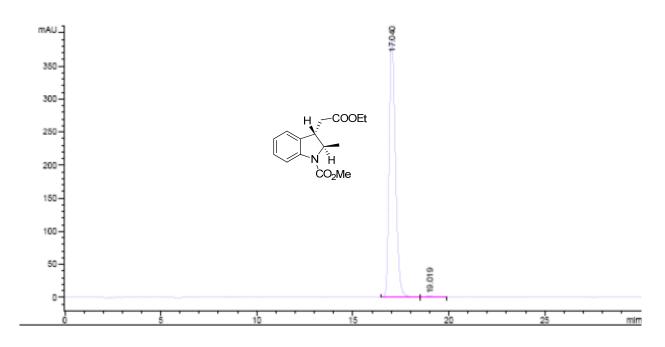
(2R,3S)-methyl 3-(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)-2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate **8e**; (S,S)-NHC'HI **(3)** was used.

Colorless oil, 36% yield (19.9 mg), 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.31 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.37 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 2.56-2.58 (m, 2H), 3.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 4.22 (qd, J = 7.2, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 4.27 (brd, 1H), 7.03 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.88 (m, 1H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 14.2, 20.4, 28.4, 29.7, 40.6, 44.2, 52.5, 60.7, 61.5, 115.5, 122.9, 124.8, 128.3, 171.7. IR (neat, cm ${}^{-1}$): 2958, 1704, 1602, 1484, 1440, 1336, 1281, 1170, 1059, 1023, 752. EI-HRMS: calcd. for C₁₅H₂₀NO₄: 278.1386, found: 278.1380.









Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Jie Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 8996.00489 393.37562

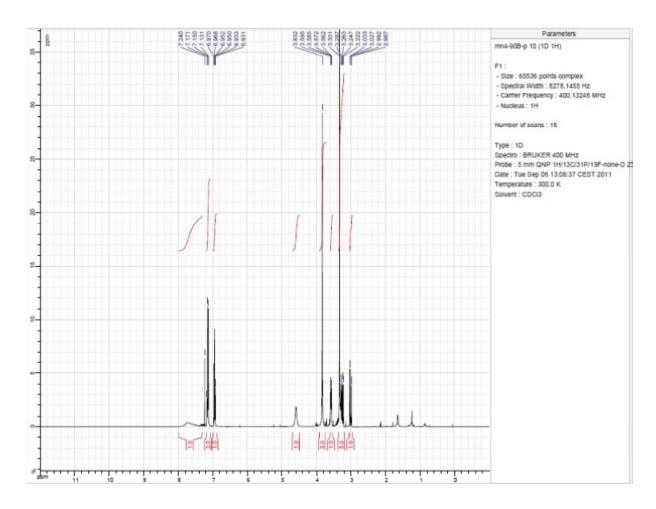
*** End of Report ***

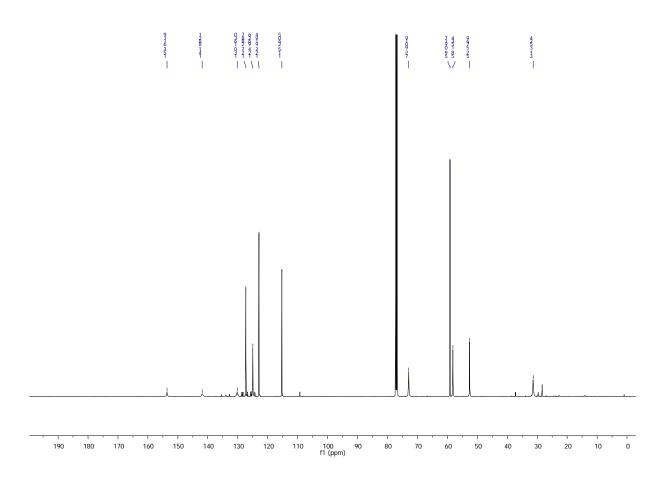
 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -8.43 (c = 0.5 in CH₂Cl₂). 98% ee, [chiral column: AS-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 17.04 min. (major) and 19.01 (minor)].

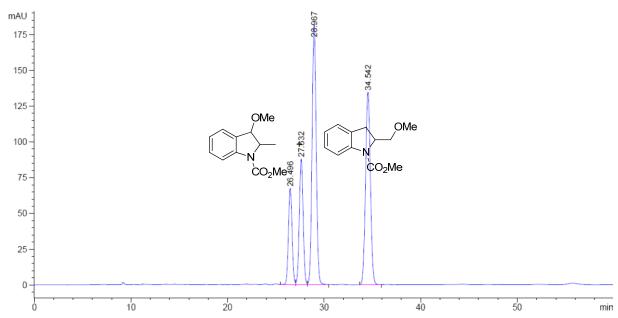
(S)-methyl 2-(methoxymethyl)indoline-1-carboxylate **7f**; (S,S)-NHC'HI (**3**) was used.

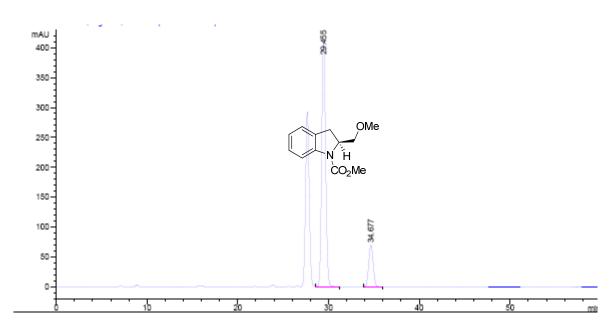
Colorless oil, 62% yield, calcd. by NMR (27.4 mg), 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.01 (dd, J = 16.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, J = 16, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (dd, J = 9.2, 4 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 4.50-4.70 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32-8.00 (brd, 1H). 13 C NMR (125 MHz): δ = 31.3, 52.5, 58.1, 59.0, 72.9, 115.2, 122.9, 124.9, 127.2, 130.1, 141.8,

153.6. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 244 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 712, 752, 833, 860, 939, 972, 1021, 1055, 1116, 1137, 1192, 1225, 1282, 11308, 1332, 1379, 1440, 1462, 1484, 1602, 1702, 2926 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for $C_{12}H_{15}NO_3Na$ 244.0944, found 244.0944.









Sorted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Fignal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 1.48315e4 477.05186

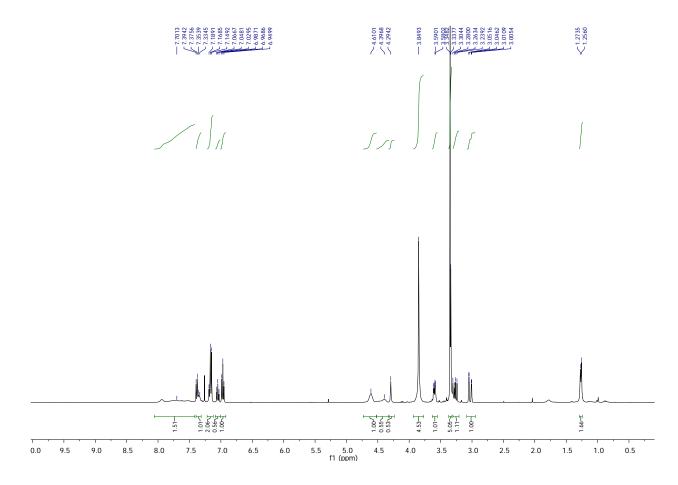
*** End of Report ***

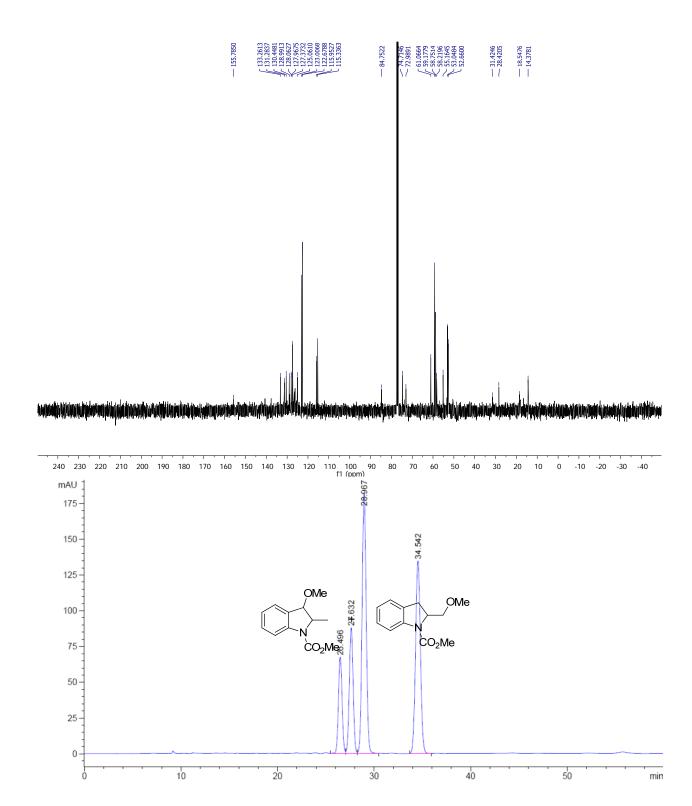
7f: 67% *ee* [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 29.45 min. (major) and 34.67 (minor)].

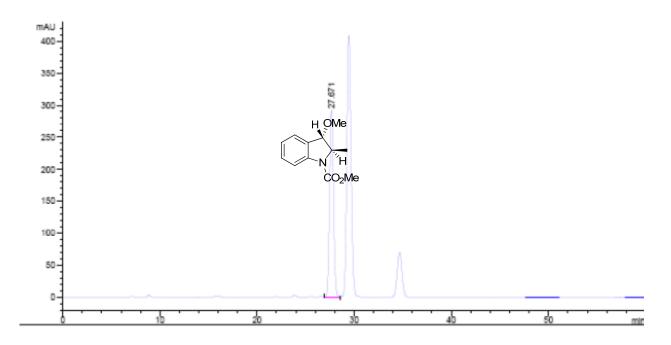
(S)-methyl 2-(methoxymethyl)indoline-1-carboxylate $\mathbf{7f}$ and (2R,3S)-methyl 3-methoxy-2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate $\mathbf{8f}$; (S,S)-NHC'HI (3) was used.

Colorless oil, 24% yield calcd. by NMR (10.6 mg), 7f + 8f: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.26 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1.5H), 3.03 (dd, J = 16.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd, J = 16.4, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (s, 1.5H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 3.60 (dd, J = 9.0, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 4.5H), 4.29 (brd, 0.5H),

4.39 (brd, 0.5H), 4.61 (brd, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 0.5H), 7.14-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.70 (brd, 1.5H). **7f** + **8f**: 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 14.3, 18.5, 28.4, 31.4, 52.6, 53.0, 55.1, 58.2, 58.7, 59.1, 61.0, 72.9, 74.7, 84.7, 115.3, 115.9, 122.6, 123.0, 125.0, 127.3, 127.9, 128.0, 128.9, 130.4, 131.2, 133.2, 155.7.







Forted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Hution : 1.0000 Hution : 1.0000 Hise Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

ignal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

*eak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] * ---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
1 27.671 VV 0.4539 8144.41992 291.55579 100.0000

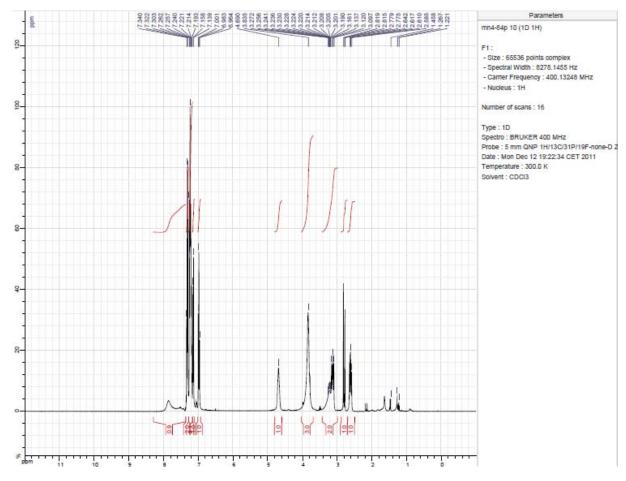
*** End of Report ***

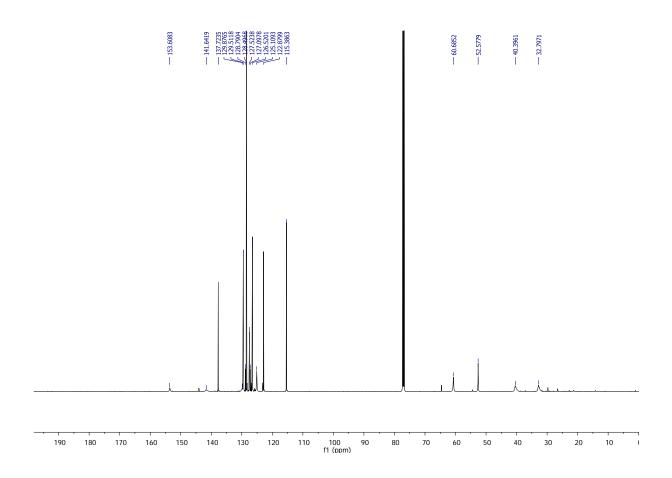
8f: >99% *ee* [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 27.67 min. (major)].

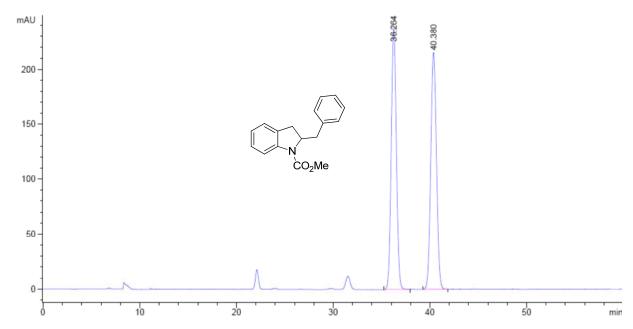
(R)-methyl 2-benzylindoline-1-carboxylate 7g; (S,S)-NHC'HI (4) was used.

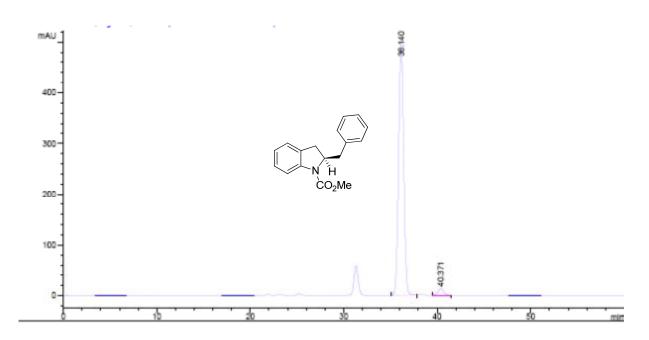
Colorless oil, 49% yield (26.2 mg), 95% ee, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.61 (dd, J = 12.8, 10 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (dd, J = 16, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (dd, J = 16.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.00-3.42 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 4.60-4.80 (m, 1H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.28

(m, 4H), 7.28-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.38-8.30 (brd, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz): δ = 32.7, 40.3, 52.5, 60.6, 115.3, 122.8, 125.1, 126.5, 127.0, 127.5, 128.4, 128.7, 129.5, 137.7, 141.6, 153.6. MS (ESI, 70 eV): m/z (%) = 268 (M+H)⁺; IR (neat): υ = 698, 725, 759, 845, 870, 894, 918, 936, 1020, 1058, 1087, 1128, 1145, 1191, 1232,1275, 1309, 1359, 1391, 1441, 1484, 1602, 1703, 2855, 2913, 2948, 3029, 3064 cm⁻¹; ESI-HRMS calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈NO₂ 268.1332, found 268.1338.









Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

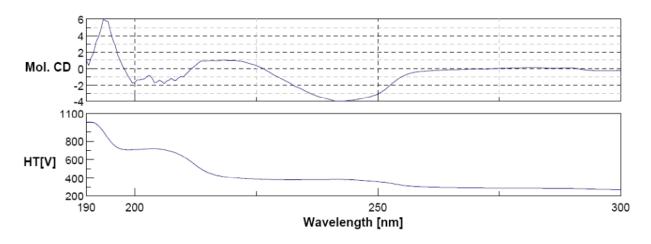
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Peak RetTime # [min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	
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Totals: 1.93457e4 508.42550

*** End of Report ***

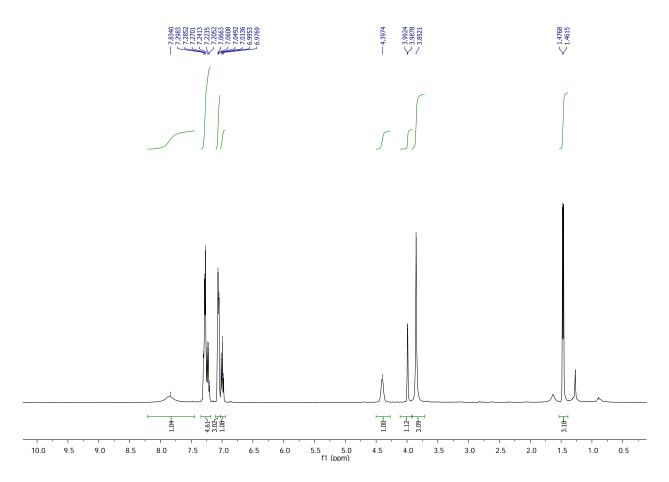
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -21.25$ (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), 95% *ee*, [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; $t_R = 36.14$ min. (major) and 40.37 (minor)].

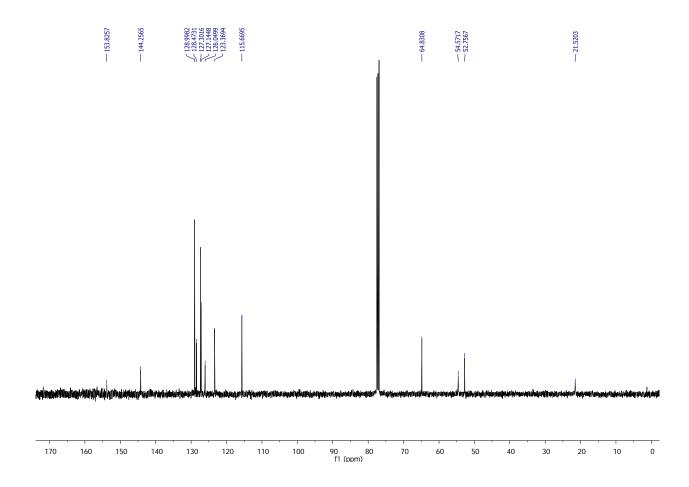


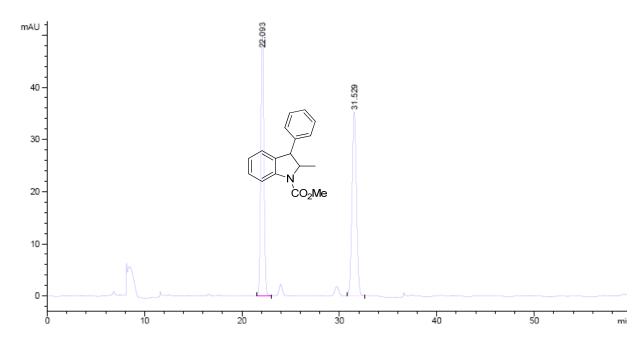
CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C.

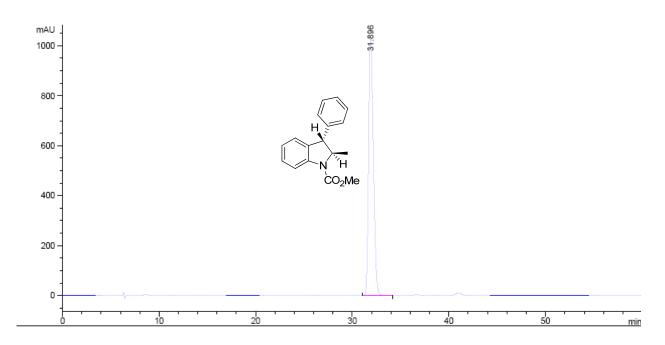
(2R,3S)-methyl 2-methyl-3-phenylindoline-1-carboxylate 8g; (S,S)-NHC'HI (4) was used.

Colorless oil, 44% yield (23.5 mg), ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.46 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.98 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (brd, 1H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.06 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.81 (brd, 1H). ${}^{13}C$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.5, 52.7, 54.5, 64.8, 115.6, 123.3, 126.0, 127.1, 127.3, 128.4, 128.9, 144.2, 153.8. IR (neat, cm ${}^{-1}$): EI-HRMS: calcd. for $C_{17}H_{18}NO_2$: 268.1332, found: 268.1332.









Area referre Report

Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

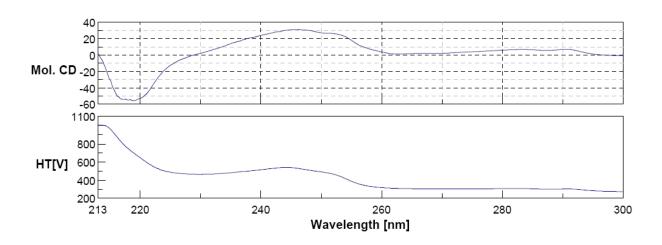
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Totals: 3.55467e4 1032.11169

*** End of Report ***

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +110.15 (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), >99% ee [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 31.89 min. (major)].



CD spectrum: 0.0001 M in *n*-hexane at 20 °C.

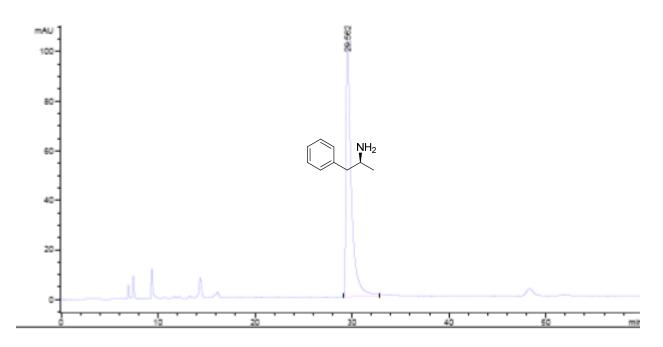
1.8. Preparation of (S)- and (R)-1-phenylpropan-2-amine: [5]

To a solution of (L)-(-)-norephedrine (4.0 g, 26.5 mmol, 1 eq.) in toluene (40 mL), thionyl chloride (4.0 g, 33.6 mmol, 1.26 eq.) was slowly added and the reaction mixture stirred at 60 °C for 6 hours. After cooling the reaction mixture to 10 °C, the product started to precipitate. The solid was collected by filtration, washed with toluene (20 mL) and dried in vacuo to afford the crude (L)-(-)-chloroamphetamine hydrochloride (5.1g, 95%).

A two neck round bottom flask (100 mL) with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with (L)-(-)-chloroamphetamine hydrochloride (5.0 g, 24.2 mmol), water (12 mL) and activated charcoal (5 g). Then 0.31 g of Pd/C (50 wt% water wet) was added along with sodium acetate (4.5 g, 54 mmol), and acetic acid (11.0 g, 183 mmol). The flask was put under a H₂ atmosphere (H₂ filled balloon) and stirred at 20 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and washed with water. The pH of the filtrate was adjusted to pH 12 with sodium hydroxide. The crude product was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with brine and dried over MgSO₄. After filtration, volatiles were removed by rotary evaporator affording (*S*)-1-phenylpropan-2-amine in (3.2 g, 98%).

(S)-1-Phenylpropan-2-amine:

Colorless oil, $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +23.1$ (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), >99% ee, [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; $t_R = 29.56$ min. (major)].



Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

 Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area
 # [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] %

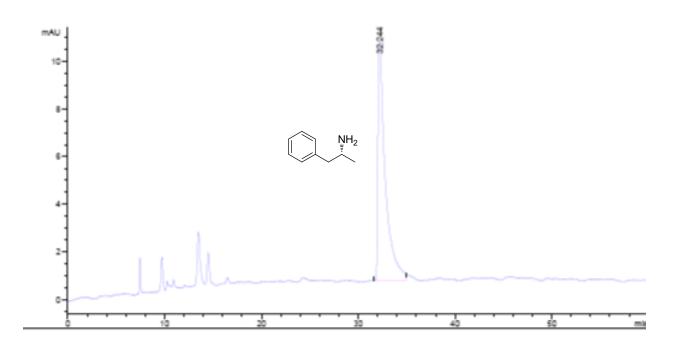
 ---|----|----|-----|
 1 29.562 EB 0.5622 3946.68872 102.27239 100.0000

Totals: 3946.68872 102.27239

*** End of Report ***

(*R*)-1-phenylpropan-2-amine: Colorless oil, $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -24.15$ (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), >99% *ee* [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; $t_R = 32.24$ min. (major)].

Cotals :



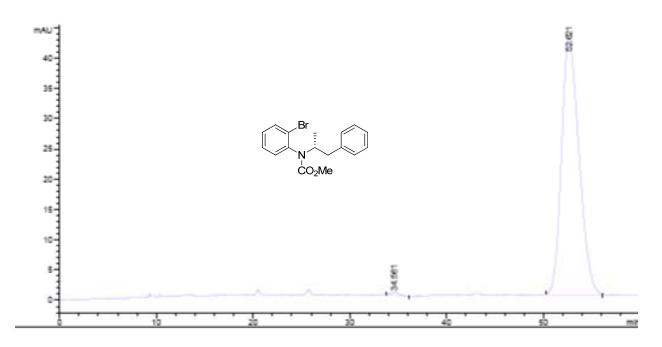
*** End of Report ***

529.71918

1.9 Preparation of enantio-pure (*R*)- and (*S*)-methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate 6g:

9.99876

(*R*)-methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate **6g**: $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -29.15$ (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), 99% *ee*, [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; $t_R = 34.56$ min. (minor) and 52.62 min. (major)].



Corted By : Signal Gultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

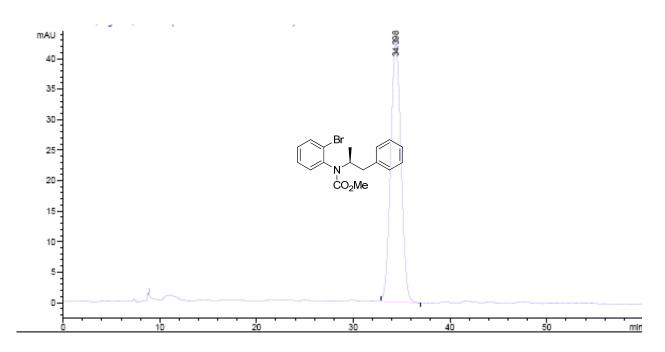
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

eak RetTime Type Width Area [min] [min] [mAU*s] 34.561 BB 31.66782 4.82730e-1 0.7814 0.5916 2 52.621 BB 1.8124 5321.57129 42.27932 99.4084 otals : 5353.23911 42.76205

*** End of Report ***

(S)-methyl (2-bromophenyl)(1-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate **6g**:

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +30.8 (c = 1.0 in CH₂Cl₂), >99% ee, [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 34.39 min. (major)].



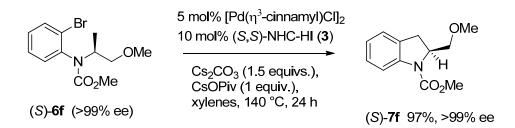
Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 3182.51099 42.28788

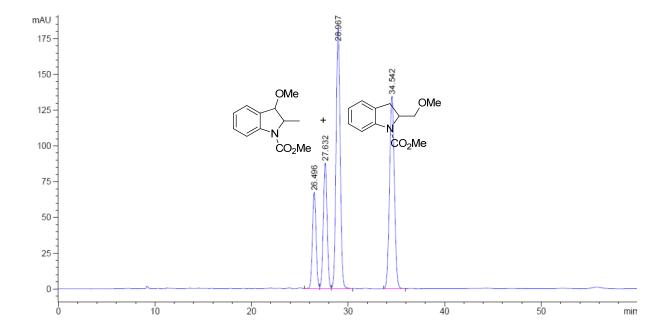
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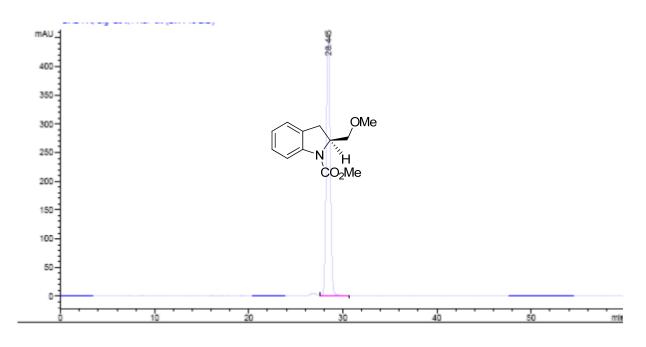
1.10 Synthesis of (S)-methyl 2-(methoxymethyl)indoline-1-carboxylate 7f:



Carbamate (*S*)-**6f** ^[6] (60.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), cesium carbonate (97.5 mg, 0.3 mmol), $[Pd(\pi - cinnamyl)Cl]_2$ (5.2 mg, 0.01 mmol), cesium pivalate (46.8 mg, 0.2 mmol) and (*S*,*S*)-NHC·HI (**3**) (11.8 mg, 0.02 mmol) were placed in a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry xylenes (2 mL) was added under nitrogen. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C in the Schlenk tube behind a protective shield for 24 hours. The

reaction mixture was cooled to r.t. and diluted with dichloromethane (2 mL) followed by filtration through a pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c.(silica gel; diethyl acetate: pentane = 1:30 as eluent) to afford the indoline methyl carbamate (R)-7f in 97% yield (42.8 mg) and >99% ee [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99:1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 28.44 min. (major)].





Forted By : Signal
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ignal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area
[min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] %
---|----|-----|-----|
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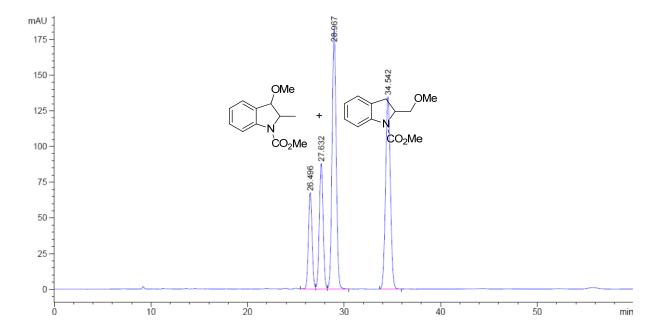
Totals: 1.30570e4 439.32993

*** End of Report ***

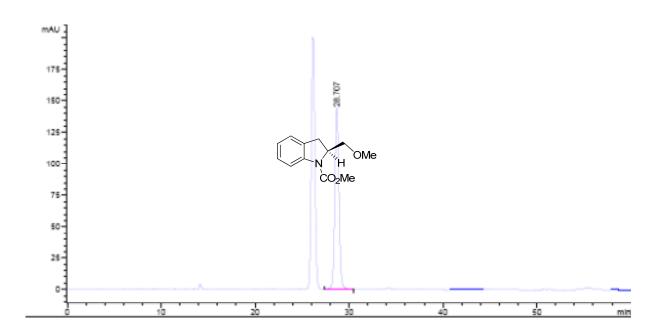
1.11 Synthesis of (2S,3R)-methyl 3-methoxy-2-methylindoline-1-carboxylate 8f:

Carbamate (*S*)-**6f** (60.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), cesium carbonate (97.5 mg, 0.3 mmol), $[Pd(\pi - cinnamyl)Cl]_2$ (5.2 mg, 0.01 mmol), cesium pivalate (46.8 mg, 0.2 mmol) and (*R*,*R*)-NHC·HI (**3**) (11.8 mg, 0.02 mmol) were placed in a Schlenk flask. After the flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, dry xylenes (2 mL) was added under nitrogen. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C in the Schlenk tube behind a protective shield for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to r.t. and diluted with dichloromethane (2 mL) followed by

filtration through a pad of celite. The filtrate was evaporated by rotary evaporator and the volatiles were removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by f.c.(silica gel; diethyl acetate: pentane = 1:30 as eluent) to afford the mixture of indolines (R)-7f (>99% ee) in 54.1 % yield (25.2 mg; yield calcd. by NMR) and (2S,3R)-8f (>99% ee) in 40.8 % yield (18.1 mg; yield calcd. by NMR).



7f: >99% *ee* [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 28.70 min. (major)].



orted By : Signal ultiplier : 1.0000 ultiplier : 1.0000

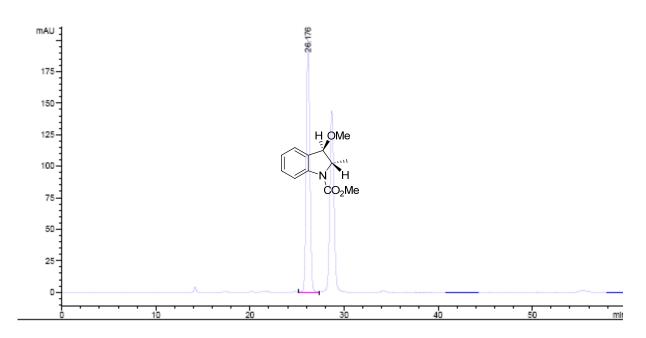
See Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

ignal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

otals: 4372.61426 143.44002

the Und of Deport the

8f: >99% *ee* [chiral column: AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 26.17 min. (major)].



Forted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Jilution : 1.0000 Jilution Factor with ISTDs

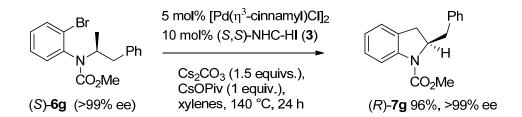
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] % ---|----|----|-----|-----| 1 26.176 VV 0.4387 5325.93115 199.97041 100.0000

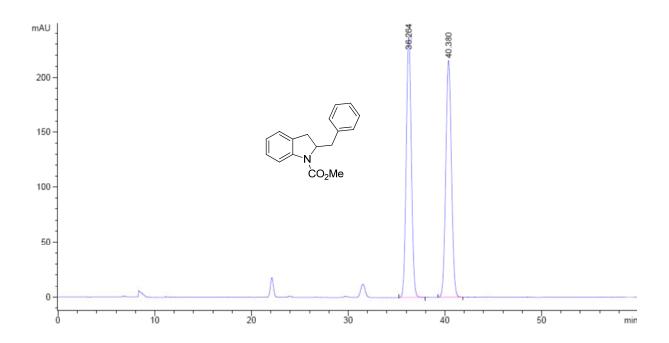
Totals: 5325.93115 199.97041

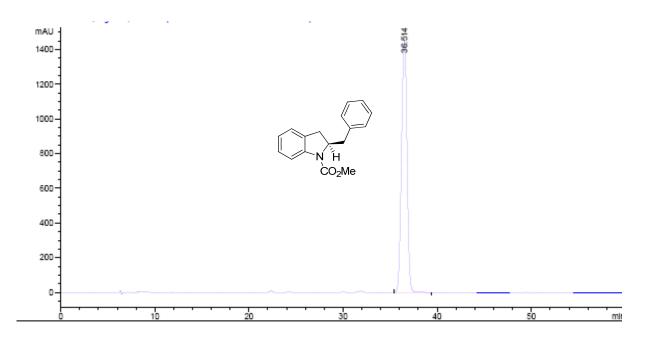
*** End of Report ***

1.12 Synthesis of (R)-methyl 2-benzylindoline-1-carboxylate 7g:



The same procedure as for (*S*)-**7f** applied to the synthesis of (*R*)-**7g**. Carbamate (*S*)-**6g** was used. (*R*)-**7g** formed in 96% yield (51.2 mg), >99% ee [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 36.51 min. (major)].





Sorted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

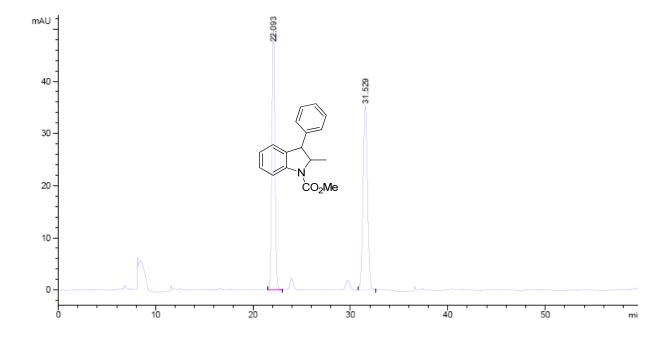
Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

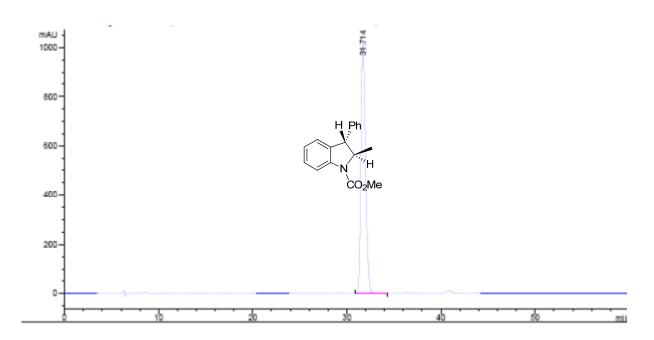
Totals: 5.98873e4 1450.77393

*** End of Report ***

1.13 Synthesis of (2R,3S)-methyl 2-methyl-3-phenylindoline-1-carboxylate 8g:

The same procedure as for (2S,3R)-8f applied to the synthesis of (2R,3S)-8g. Carbamate (R)-6g was used. (2R,3S)-8g formed in 97% yield (51.8 mg), >99% ee [chiral column: AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99 : 1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm; t_R = 31.71 min. (major)].





Forted By : Signal fultiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000

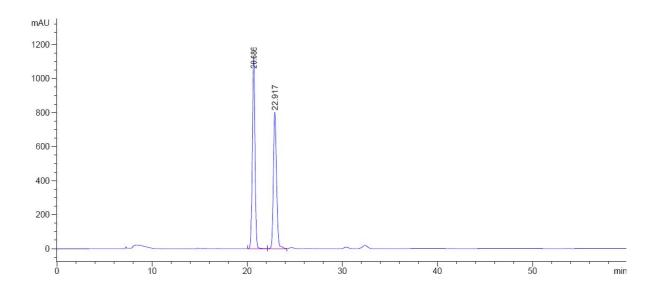
Jse Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

ignal 1: DAD1 A, Sig-254,4 Ref-off

Totals: 3.54306e4 1017.71436

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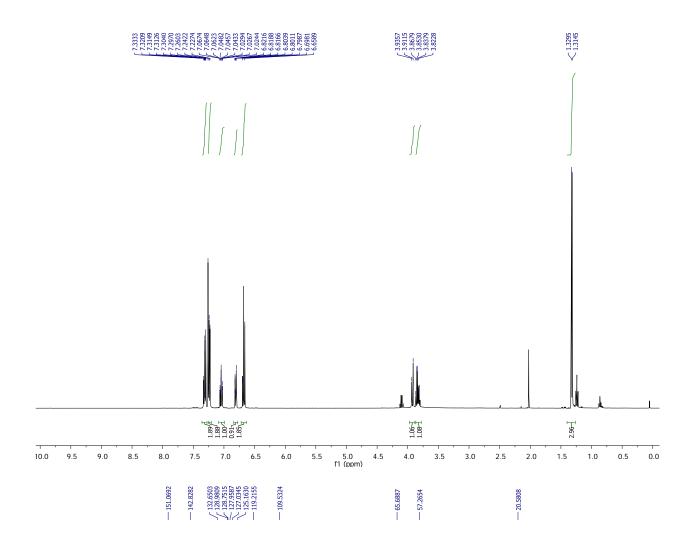
*** End of Report ***

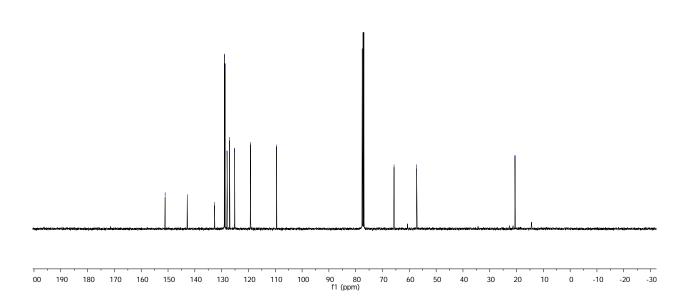


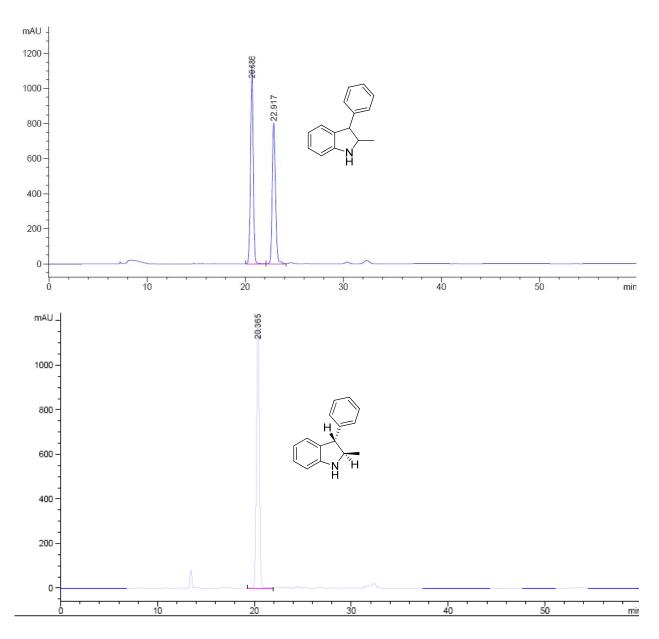
(2R,3S)-2-methyl-3-phenylindoline (9):

To a solution of (2R,3S)-8g (53.4 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.) in THF/MeOH (2.5 mL/5 mL) was added 5N-NaOH aq. (2 mL, 10 mmol, 50 equivs). This mixture was refluxed for 24 hours. After cooling to r.t. it was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic phases were dried over Na_2SO_4 . After filtration and evaporation the crude residue was purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel; eluent: ethyl acetate:pentane = 1:20) affording indoline 9 as a colorless oil in 92% yield (38.4 mg,)

[α]_D²⁰ = +35.0 (c = 0.5 in CH₂Cl₂). >99% ee, [chiral column, AD-H, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99:1, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm, t_R = 20.36 min. (major)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.31 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 3.84 (q, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65-6.69 (m, 2H), 6.79-6.82 (m, 2H), 7.70 (tt, J = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.33 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 20.5, 57.2, 65.6, 109.5, 119.2, 125.1, 127.0, 127.9, 128.7, 128.9, 132.6, 142.8, 151.0. IR (neat, cm⁻¹): 3364, 3028, 2963, 2854, 1732, 1605, 1482, 1464, 1375, 1245, 1214, 1017, 746, 698. HRMS (EI): calcd. for C₁₈H₁₉N₂O ([M+H]⁺): 210.1277, found: 210.1280.







Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Totals: 2.43212e4 1159.14490

*** End of Report ***

1.15 IR and vibrational circular dichroism (VCD) spectra:

IR and vibrational circular dichroism (VCD) spectra were recorded on a Bruker PMA 50 accessory coupled to a Tensor 27 Fourier transform infrared spectrometer. A photoelastic modulator (Hinds PEM 90) set at 1/4 retardation was used to modulate the handedness of the circular polarized light. Demodulation was performed by a lock-in amplifier (SR830 DSP). An optical low-pass filter (< 1800 cm⁻¹) in front of the photoelastic modulator was used to enhance the signal/noise ratio. Solutions of ca. 10 mg in 500 μl CD₂Cl₂were prepared and measured in a cell equipped with CaF₂ windows and a 130 μm spacer. The neat solvent served as the reference. For both the sample and reference 8400 scans at 4 cm⁻¹ resolution were averaged.

Computational methods. Density functional theory (DFT) as implemented in Gaussian03 was used to study the structure of **2a** and **8g** and to calculate the corresponding IR and VCD spectra.(ref Gausian) The calculations were performed using the b3lyp functional (ref A.D. Becke, J.Chem.Phys. 98 (1993) 5648-5652, C. Lee, W. Yang, R.G. Parr, Phys. Rev. B 37 (1988) 785-789.) and a 6-31G(d) basis set.(ref: R. Ditchfield, W. J. Hehre, and J. A. Pople, J. Chem. Phys. 54 (1971) 724). Prior to the calculation of the spectra all degrees of freedom were completely relaxed. IR and VCD spectra were constructed from calculated dipole and rotational strengths using the GaussView program.^[7]

Discussion of results:

VCD spectroscopy was used to determine the stereochemistry of the indolines **2a** and **8g**. For both compounds four isomers are possible, corresponding to the *cis* and *trans* arrangement of the two substituents and the corresponding enantiomers. In addition one has to consider conformational freedom. For the phenyl-methyl compound two conformers are possible corresponding to the arrangement of the ester group. For the methyl-ethyl compound

additionally three positions are feasible for the ethyl group leading to a total of six conformers for each stereoisomer. All the conformers were calculated. The discussion presented here is however based only on the most stable conformer of the corresponding compound. A more detailed discussion will be given elsewhere.

Indoline 2a:

The IR and VCD spectra of the *cis* and *trans* compound are quite similar, particularly for the carbonyl vibration, the weak band measure around 1600 cm⁻¹ and the group of bands slightly below 1500 cm⁻¹ (calculated slightly above 1500 cm⁻¹). A clear distinction is possible based on the strong band measure at around 1400 cm⁻¹ (calculated at 1460 cm⁻¹). For the *cis* compound this band is calculated positive in the VCD and has opposite phase as the carbonyl band. For the *trans* this band is calculated strongly negative and has the same phase as the carbonyl band, as is observed in the experiment. In the experiment there is a positive band at 1460, which is due to another conformer.

Conclusion: Analysis of the VCD spectra strongly indicates that the measured compound corresponds to the *trans* compound and the enantiomer corresponds to the one considered in the calculation.

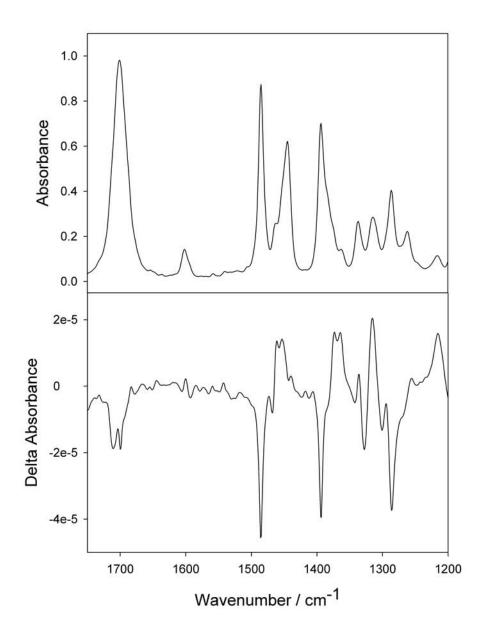
Indoline 8g:

The IR and VCD spectra of the *cis* and *trans* compound are again quite similar. Also in this case the region around the strong band measure slightly below 1400 cm⁻¹ (calculated slightly above 1400 cm⁻¹) is most conclusive. For the *cis* there are positive and negative bands, whereas for the *trans* only strong negative bands are calculated. The experiment reveals two strong positive bands, where the stronger one corresponds to a relatively weak band in the IR. This is a strong indication for the *trans* configuration. Furthermore, for the *cis* a relatively strong carbonyl band in the VCD is predicted, in contrast to the experiment. The

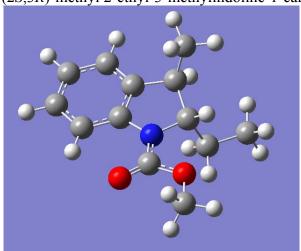
bands calculated for the trans have opposite sign compared to the measured spectrum, which shows that the enantiomer considered in the calculation has opposite absolute configuration with respect to the measured compound.

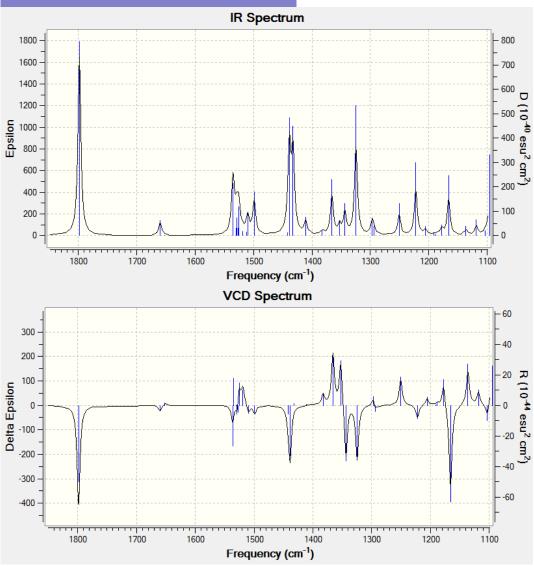
Conclusion: Analysis of the VCD spectra strongly indicates that the measured compound corresponds to the *trans* compound and the enantiomer measured has opposite absolute configuration with respect to the one calculated.

Indoline **2a**: Experimental spectra

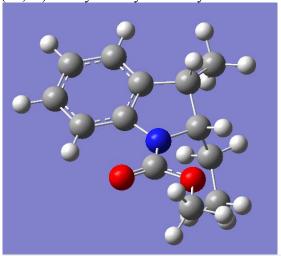


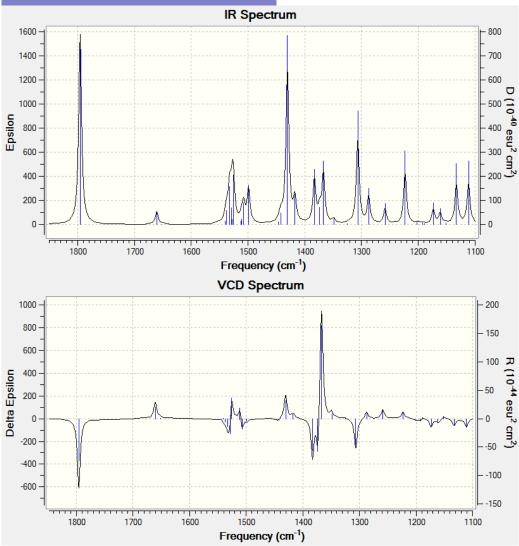
(2S,3R)-methyl 2-ethyl-3-methylindoline-1-carboxylate 2a:



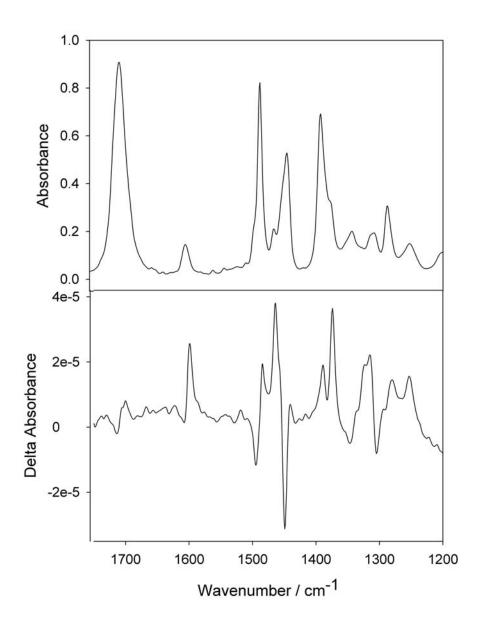


(2S,3S)-methyl 2-ethyl-3-methylindoline-1-carboxylate 2a:

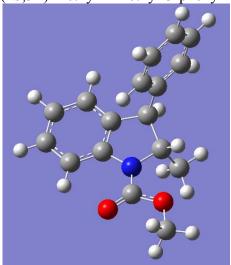


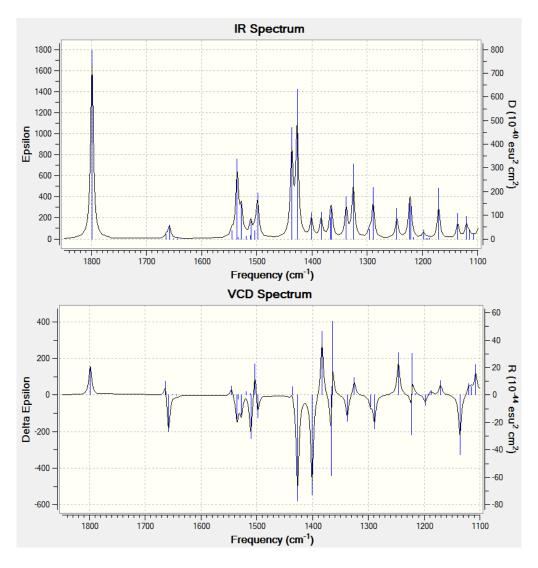


Indoline **8g**: Experimental spectra

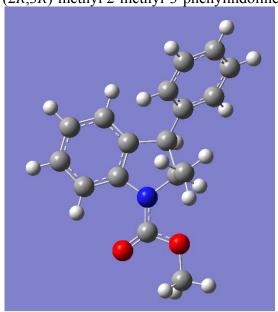


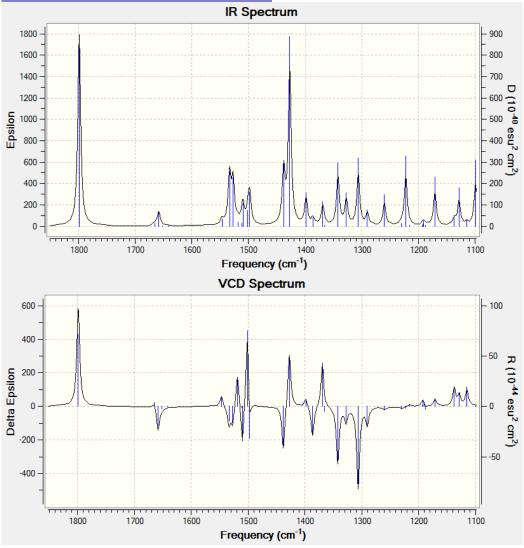
(2S,3R)-methyl 2-methyl-3-phenylindoline-1-carboxylate **8g**:





(2R,3R)-methyl 2-methyl-3-phenylindoline-1-carboxylate 8g:





1.16 References:

- [1] D. J. Cho, C. J. Wu, Sujith S, W. –S. Han, S. O. Kang, and B. Y. Lee, *Organometallics* **2006**, *25*, 2133-2134.
- [2] F. M. Rivas, U. Riaz, A. Giessert, J. A. Smulik, S. T. Diver, Org. Lett. 2001, 3, 2673-2676.
- [3] T. Watanabe, S. Oishi, N. Fujii, H. Ohno, Org. Lett. 2008, 10, 1759-1762.
- [4] H. V. Bailey, W. Heaton, N. Vicker, B. V. L. Potter, Synlett, 2006, 2444-2448.
- [5] G. Buenger, J. Douglas, P. Jass, E. Michalson, M. Schiesher US 2009/0292143A1 and references therein.
- [6] Carbamate (S)-6f synthesized by similar procedure as for rac-6f starting from enantiopure commercially available (S)-1-methoxypropan-2-amine.
- [7] Gaussian 03, Revision C.01, M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., T. Vreven, K. N. Kudin, J. C. Burant, J. M. Millam, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, M. Cossi, G. Scalmani, N. Rega, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, M. Klene, X. Li, J. E. Knox, H. P. Hratchian, J. B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R. E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A. J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J. W. Ochterski, P. Y. Ayala, K. Morokuma, G. A. Voth, P. Salvador, J. J. Dannenberg, V. G. Zakrzewski, S. Dapprich, A. D. Daniels, M. C. Strain, O. Farkas, D. K. Malick, A. D. Rabuck, K. Raghavachari, J. B. Foresman, J. V. Ortiz, Q. Cui, A. G. Baboul, S. Clifford, J. Cioslowski, B. B. Stefanov, G. Liu, A. Liashenko, P. Piskorz, I. Komaromi, R. L. Martin, D. J. Fox, T. Keith, M. A. Al-Laham, C. Y. Peng, A. Nanayakkara, M. Challacombe, P. M. W. Gill, B. Johnson, W. Chen, M. W. Wong, C. Gonzalez, and J. A. Pople, Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2004.

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