# Supporting Information

# Gold Meets Enamine Catalysis in the Enantioselective α-Allylic Alkylation of Aldehydes with Alcohols

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## **General Methods.**

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra were recorded on Varian 200 (200 MHz), Varian 400 (400 MHz) spectrometers. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm from TMS with the solvent resonance as the internal standard (deuterochloroform:  $\delta$  7.27 ppm). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = duplet, t = triplet, q = quartet, p = pseudo, b = broad, m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz). <sup>13</sup>CNMR spectra were recorded on a Varian 200 (50 MHz), Varian 400 (100 MHz) spectrometers with complete proton decoupling. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm from TMS with the solvent as the internal standard (deuterochloroform:  $\delta$  77.0 ppm). GC-MS spectra were taken by EI ionization at 70 eV on a Hewlett-Packard 5971 with GC injection. They are reported as: m/z (rel. intense). LC-electrospray ionization mass spectra were obtained with Agilent Technologies MSD1100 single-quadrupole mass spectrometer. Chromatographic purification was done with 240-400 mesh silica gel. Anhydrous THF and DCM were distilled respectively from sodiumbenzophenone and P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> prior to use; Other anhydrous solvents were supplied by Fluka or Sigma Aldrich in Sureseal® bottles and used without any further purification. Analytical high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) was performed on a liquid chromatograph equipped with a variable wave-length UV detector (deuterium lamp 190-600 nm), using a Daicel Chiracel<sup>TM</sup> OD, OD-H, AD, IA, and IB column (0.46 cm I.D. x 25 cm) (Daicel Inc. HPLC grade isopropanol and hexane were used as the eluting solvents. Commercially available chemicals were purchased from Sigma Aldrich, Stream and TCI and used without any further purification. (Z)-allyl bromide 11 was obtained from commercially available (Z)-1,4-but-2-en-ol following a known procedure.<sup>[1]</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup> Oppolzer, W.; Moretti, R.; Zhou, C.; Helv. Chim. Acta 1994, 77, 2663-2668.

# Catalytic system optimization.

### Table S1: Screening of gold catalysts and bases.



[a]:

Entry <sup>[a]</sup>	Catalyst	Solvent	Base	Yield% (time) <sup>[b]</sup>	dr (trans:cis) <sup>[c]</sup>
1	AuCl <sub>3</sub>	DCM	pyrrolidine	21 (16h)	91:9
2	[(PPh <sub>3</sub> Au) <sub>3</sub> O]BF <sub>4</sub>	THF	دد	-	-
3	IPrAuOTf	DCM	دد	-	-
4	(PhO) <sub>3</sub> PAu(OTf)	THF	دد	28 (4h)	76:24
5	В	THF	دد	27 (4h)	95:5
6	Ph <sub>3</sub> PAuNTf <sub>2</sub>	THF	دد	45 (4h)	93:7
7	Α	THF	دد	75 (4h)	95:5
8	Α	DCM	دد	45	93:7
9	Α	THF	-	-	-
10 <sup>[d]</sup>	Α	THF	-	21 (11h)	95:5
11	Α	THF	(Cy)NH(i-Pr)	15 (4h)	83:17
12	Α	THF	(i-Pr) <sub>2</sub> NH	15(4h)	84:16

*Reaction conditions:* **1a** (0.07 mmol) was dissolved in 0.4 mL of solvent, then metal catalyst (10 mol%) and the base (20 mol%) were added in sequence.



- [b]: Isolated yield after silica gel flash-chromatography.
- [c]: Determined after GC on the crude reaction mixture.
- [d]: Reaction carried out at 60°C.

Typical reaction conditions for the gold catalyzed stereoselective cyclization (cationic gold chiral gold complexes were synthesized *in situ*).

*Reaction conditions:* [AuCl(DMS)] (10 mol%) and the ligand (5 mol%) were dissolved in 0.5 mL of DCM. After stirring for 30 minutes the solvent was removed under vacuum. The gold complex was dissolved in 0.5 mL of DCM, the silver salt (10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes in the dark. A solution of **1a** (0.07 mmol) in 0.5 mL of DCM was added, followed by pyrrolidine (20 mol%). The reaction was stirred at rt and monitored by TLC and GC.

### Table S2: Screening of chiral gold catalysts.





[a]: Preformed Ph<sub>3</sub>PAuCl was employed.

[b]: 10 mol% of ligand were employed.

## Synthetic procedures and characterization of unknown compounds.

### General procedure for the synthesis of sulfonamides 9a-c.



In an oven dried round bottom flask under nitrogen atmosphere 3,3-diethoxypropan-1-amine **7a-b** (5 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 20 mL of DCM and the solution was cooled to 0 °C. TEA (10 mmol, 2 eq.) and the appropriate sulfonyl chloride **8a-c** (6 mmol 1.2 eq.) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt overnight and then quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution (20 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The volatiles were evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash-chromatography, eluting with cyclohexane ethyl acetate mixture, to afford the pure product as a clear oil in nearly quantitative yield.

<sup>Eto</sup> OEt N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (9a) was prepared from 7a and 8a according to the general procedure. Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 85:15). Yield = 90% (pale yellow oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.14 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.65-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.46-3.40 (m, 2H), 3.06 (q, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.77 (dt, J = 6.0 Hz, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.2, 136.9, 129.6 (2 C), 127.1 (2 C), 102.0, 62.1 (2 C), 39.2, 32.6, 21.4, 15.2 (2 C). **ESI-MS** (m/z): 625 [2M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 465, 419, 324 [M+Na<sup>+</sup>].

Etc V (3,3-diethoxypropyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonamide (9b) was prepared from 7a and 8b according to the general procedure. Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 70:30). Yield = 91% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.96 (s, 2H), 5.30 (bt, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.52-3.37 (m, 2H), 3.04 (q, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (s, 6H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.77 (pq, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.18 (t J =7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  141.9, 139.0 (2C), 133.7, 131.9 (2C), 102.2, 62.1 (2C), 38.5, 32.5, 22.9 (2C), 20.9, 15.2 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 681 [2M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 352 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>.



*N*-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)thiophene-2-sulfonamide (9c) was prepared from 7a and 8c according to the general procedure. Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = from 8:2 to 6:4). Yield = 86% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.61-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.09 (dd, J = 5.0 Hz, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (bs, 1H), 4.52 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.68-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.16 (a, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.81 (pa, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.10 (t, J = 7.0 Hz

2H), 3.53-3.38 (m, 2H), 3.16 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.81 (pq, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H). <sup>*I3*</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 141.0, 132.0, 131.6, 127.3, 101.2, 62.2 (2 C), 39.5, 32.4, 15.2 (2 C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 449, 316 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 219.

MeO MeO N-(4,4-dimethoxybutyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (9j) was prepared from 7b and 8a according to the general procedure. Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = from  $^{NH}_{Ts}$  8:2). Yield = quantitative (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.75 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (bt, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (s, 6H), 2.97 (q, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.59-1.51 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.3, 135.4, 129.5 (2C), 127.0 (2C), 91.4, 54.9 (2C), 47.1, 32.3, 22.8, 21.2. *ESI-MS* (m/z): 597, 310 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 256 [M-MeO]<sup>+</sup>, 224.

**EXAMPLE 1 Benzyl (3,3-diethoxypropyl)carbamate (9d):** In an oven dried round bottom flask under nitrogen atmosphere 3,3-diethoxypropan-1-amine **7a** (3 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 15 mL of DCM. The solution was cooled to 0 °C, TEA (3.9 mmol, 1.3 eq.) and benzyl chloroformate (3.6 mmol, 1.2 eq.) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt overnight and then quenched with 1M HCl solution (10 mL). The organic phase was then washed with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> saturated solution, brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The volatiles were evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash-chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt 7:3) affording the pure product as a clear oil in 81% yield. <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.28-7.18 (m, 5H), 5.11 (bs, 1H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 4.48 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.62-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.49-3.37 (m, 2H), 3.23 (pq, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (pq, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H). <sup>*I3*</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  156.2, 136.2, 128.3 (3 C), 127.8 (2 C), 101.8, 66.3, 61.5 (2 C), 37.0, 33.3, 15.2 (2 C). **ESI-MS** (m/z): 304 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 236 [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>.



Methyl (3,3-diethoxypropyl)carbamate (9e): In an oven dried round bottom flask under nitrogen atmosphere 3,3-diethoxypropan-1-amine 7a (3 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 15 mL of DCM. The solution was cooled to 0 °C, then diisopropyl ethyl amine (3.6 mmol, 1.2 eq.) and methyl chloroformate (3.6 mmol, 1.2 eq.) were added.

The reaction mixture was stirred at rt overnight and then quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> saturated solution (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After solvent evaporation the product was collected as a clear oil in quantitative yield and used in the following synthetic steps without further purification. <sup>*I*</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.15 (bs, 1H), 4.55 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.62 (m, 5H), 3.53-3.47 (m, 2H), 3.31-3.26 (m, 2H), 1.82 (q, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>*I*3</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  156.8, 101.6, 61.3, 51.5 (2C), 36.8, 33.2, 14.9 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 228 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 160.

#### General procedure for the alkylation of malonates 10a-d.



In an oven dried Schlenk tube, under nitrogen atmosphere, 2.4 mmol (1.2 eq.) of malonate **10a-d** were dissolved in 15 ml of anhydrous THF and cooled to 0 °C. NaH (2.0 mmol, 1.0 eq, 60 % dispersion in mineral oil) was added portionwise and the solution was stirred for 30 minutes at rt. The iodoacetal **10e** (2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was added at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at rt. The reaction was quenched with water (15 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 15 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 15 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated at reduced pressure and the crude product was purified with flash chromatography on silica gel eluting with cyclohexane - ethyl acetate mixture affording the pure product as a clear oil in variable yield.

Diethyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)malonate (10g) was prepared according to literature reported procedure.<sup>[2]</sup> Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield = 52% (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.50 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.16 (m, 4H), 3.68-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.37 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.00-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.63 (m, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 245 (27) [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>, 170 (18), 125 (18), 103 (64), 85 (100), 57 (27).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[2]</sup> a) Segorbe, M. M.; Adrio, J.; Carretero, J. C. *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **2000**, *41*, 1983-1986. b) Carretero, J.C.; Adrio, J.; *Synthesis* **2001**, 1888–1896.

**Di-tert-butyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)malonate** (10h): Flash chromatography (c-<sup>t</sup>BuO  $O^{t}Bu$  Hex:AcOEt = 95:5). Yield = 66% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.50 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.68-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.50-3.46 (m, 2H), 3.15 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.90-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 18H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  168.8 (2C), 102.4, 81.3 (2C), 61.0 (2C), 53.6, 31.1, 27.9 (6C), 23.9, 15.3 (2C). **GC-MS** (m/z): 289 (1) [M-<sup>t</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 217 (15), 189 (36), 171 (32), 143 (11), 103 (91), 85 (24), 72 (23), 57 (100).

**Dibenzyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)malonate** (10i): Flash chromatography (c- BBOOOBDONDET Hex:AcOEt = 95:5). Yield = 36% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29- T.22 (m, 10H), 5.10 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 4H), 4.42 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.59-3.51 (m, 2H), 3.46 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.44-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.57 (m, 2H), 1.13 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  169.0 (2C), 135.3 (2C), 128.5 (4C), 128.3 (2C), 128.1 (4C), 102.2, 67.0 (2C), 61.1 (2C), 51.6, 31.1, 24.0, 15.2 (2C). *GC-MS* (m/z): 386 (4), 369 (14) [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>, 355 (9), 342 (5), 323 (5), 281 (6), 234 (6), 221 (6), 207 (18), 171 (32), 103 (100), 91 (100), 75 (100).

### General procedure for the allylation of sulfonamides 9a-c and 9j.



In an oven dried Schlenk tube sulfonamide 9 (2 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 10 mL of anhydrous THF and cooled to 0°C. NaH (2.1 mmol, 1.05 eq, 60 % dispersion in mineral oil) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 30 minutes. The allyl bromide 11 (2.4 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added at 0°C and the solution was stirred at rt overnight. The reaction was quenched with water (15 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash-chromatography, eluting with cyclohexane ethyl acetate, to afford the pure product as a clear oil in moderate to good yields.



9:1). Yield = 80% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.66-5.60 (m, 1H), 5.33-5.27 (m, 1H), 4.53 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.67-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.87 (dt, J = 7.2 Hz, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 470 (3) [M-Me]<sup>+</sup>, 428 [M-<sup>*i*</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 382 (6), 353 (11), 284 (6), 228 (8), 213 (9), 198 (6), 170 (6), 149 (6), 127 (14), 91 (34), 75 (41), 57 (23).

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(*Z*)-*N*-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)-*N*-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonamide (12b'): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 95:5). Yield = 64% (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.94 (s, 2H), 5.71-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.44-5.38 (m, 1H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.56-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.40-3.32 (m, 2H),

3.22 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 6H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.84-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 456 (100) [M-<sup>*t*</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 410 (9), 396 (10), 381 (23), 355 (4), 330 (9), 284 (11), 213 (9); 183 (13), 119 (36), 103 (27), 75 (54), 57 (50).

Eto OEt (Z)-N-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)-N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)thiophene-2-sulfonamide (12c'): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 7:3). Yield = 56% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.58-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 5.70-5.64 (m, 1H), 5.39-5.33 (m, 1H), 4.55 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.68-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.54-3.46 (m,

2H), 3.22 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.92 (dt, J = 7.6 Hz, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 462 (2) [M-Me]<sup>+</sup>, 420 (100) [M-<sup>t</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 374 (9), 345 (9), 213 (13), 147 (30), 127 (23), 103 (40), 85 (91), 57 (73).



(Z)-N-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)-N-(4,4dimethoxybutyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (12j): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = from 95:5 to 7:3). Yield = 79% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J =

8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.65-5.59 (m, 1H), 5.30-5.24 (m, 1H), 4.36-4.33 (m, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s, 6H), 3.14-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.60-1.58 (m, 4H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.05 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 456 (9) [M-Me]<sup>+</sup>, 414 (86) [M-<sup>t</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 382 (9), 339 (23), 213 (27), 184 (32), 155 (27), 127 (23), 85 (100).

### General procedure for the allylation of carbamates 9d-e.



In an oven dried Schlenk tube carbamates **9d-e** (1 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 3 mL of anhydrous DMF and cooled to 0°C. NaH (1.2 mmol, 1.2 eq, 60 % dispersion in mineral oil) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 30 minutes. The allyl bromide **11** (1.3 mmol, 1.3 eq.) was added at 0°C and the solution was stirred at rt overnight. The reaction was quenched with water (10 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash-chromatography, eluting with cyclohexane ethyl acetate, to afford the pure product as a clear oil in moderate yields.

### (Z)-benzyl(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)(3,3-diethoxypropyl)carbamate



(12d'): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 9:1). Yield = 28% (clear oil).
<sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.36-7.35 (m, 5H), 5.65 (bs, 1H), 5.45 (bs, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 4.47 (bs, 1H), 4.23 (bs, 2H), 3.95 (bs, 2H), 3.71-3.40 (bs, 4H), 3.32
<sup>8</sup> (bt, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.87 (bs, 2H), 1.17 (bt, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.07

(s, 6H). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 488 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 420 [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>.

### (Z)-methyl(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)(3,3-diethoxypropyl)carbamate(12e'):



Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield = 38% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.65 (bs, 1H), 5.44 (bs, 1H), 4.51 (bs, 1H), 4.26 (bd, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (bs, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.69-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.28 (m, 2H), 1.86 (bq, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.91 (s, 9H),

0.08 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 374 (4) [M-Me]<sup>+</sup>, 332 (100) [M-<sup>t</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 257 (18), 216 (9), 182 (9), 127 (23), 103 (25), 85 (73), 57 (63).

### General procedure for the alkylation of 2-allyl malonates 10f-i.



In an oven dried Schlenk tube, under nitrogen atmosphere, **10f-i** (1 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 5 ml of anhydrous THF and cooled to 0°C. NaH (1.1 mmol, 1.1 eq, 60 % dispersion in mineral oil) was added portion-wise and the solution was stirred for 30 minutes at rt. Allyl bromide **11** (1.2 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at rt. The reaction was quenched with water (5 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 15 mL) and dried over NaSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated at reduced pressure and the crude product was purified with flash chromatography on silica gel eluting with cyclohexane / ethyl acetate, to afford the pure product **12f-i'** as a clear oil in variable yield.



1H), 4.22 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (s, 6H), 3.66-3.58 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.44 (m, 2H), 2.65 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.96-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 389 (23) [M<sup>-t</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 343 (9), 269 (9), 237 (9), 209 (12), 189 (14), 163 (27), 129 (18), 103 (50), 85 (100), 57 (54).



# (Z)-Diethyl 2-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3,3diethoxypropyl)malonate (12g'):

Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 95:5). Yield = 75% (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>H-NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.68-5.59 (m, 1H), 5.35-5.27 (m, 1H), 4.45 (t, J =

5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.23-4.16 (m, 6H), 3.70-3.37 (m, 4H), 2.64 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.05-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.20 (m, 12H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H). *GC-MS (m/z):* 459 (1) [M-Me]<sup>+</sup>, 417 (32) [M-<sup>t</sup>Bu]<sup>+</sup>, 401 (3), 371 (5), 355 (5), 325 (3), 297 (9), 251 (10), 223 (9), 177 (27), 149 (9), 129 (18), 103 (36), 85 (100), 57 (30).



# (Z)-Di-tert-butyl 2-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3,3diethoxypropyl)malonate (12h'):

Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 95:5). Yield = 85% (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.63-5.59 (m, 1H), 5.31-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz,

1H), 4.24 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.65-3.58 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.43 (m, 2H), 2.54 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.87-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.47 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 18H), 1.19 (t *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.07 (s, 6H). *GC-MS* (m/z): 373 (2), 315 (33), 269 (27), 241 (14), 195 (14),103 (32), 85 (64), 57 (100).

 $(Z)-Dibenzyl 2-(4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)but-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)malonate (12h'): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 9:1). Yield = 54% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) <math>\delta$  7.31-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.24 (m, 6H), 5.64-5.58 (m, 1H), 5.27-5.22 (m, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 100)

12.0 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.57-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.99-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 6H). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 585, 282.

### General procedure for the removal of TBS protecting group



In a round bottom flask the *O*-TBS protected alcohol **12a-j'** (1 mmol, 1 eq.), was dissolved in 10 mL of THF. TBAF·3H<sub>2</sub>O (1.2 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added to the solution at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt until complete consumption of the starting material (TLC, 4-6 hours). The solution was diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 10 mL) and dried over NaSO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified with flash chromatography on silica gel eluting with cyclohexane / ethyl acetate, to afford the pure product as a clear oil.



(clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.81-5.76 (m, 1H), 5.45-5.41 (m, 1H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (*b*d, 2H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.67-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.22 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.16 (*b*s, 1H), 1.91-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>*I*3</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.2, 136.5, 132.7, 129.5 (2C), 126.9 (2C), 126.2, 100.6, 61.6 (2C), 57.5, 44.5, 43.4, 32.7, 21.5, 15.0 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 394 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 410 [M+K]<sup>+</sup>. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>29</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S: 371,49): C, 58.20; H, 7.87; N, 3.77; Found: C, 58.11; H, 7.81; N, 3.70.

### (Z)-N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonamide



Cbz

(12b): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 6:4). Yield = 90% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.95 (s, 2H), 5.87-5.81 (m, 1H), 5.52-5.45 (m, 1H), 4.40 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.60-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.43-3.35 (m, 2H), 3.24 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 6H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.86-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  142.5,

140.3 (2 C), 133.2, 132.8, 131.9 (2 C), 126.3, 101.7, 61.7 (2 C), 57.7, 42.0, 41.3, 31.6, 22.8 (2 C), 20.9, 15.1 (2C). *GC-MS* (m/z): 356 (6), 281 (9), 212 (11), 183 (2) [mesitylSO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup>, 119 (100) [mesityl]<sup>+</sup>, 91 (54), 68 (32). Anal. calcd for ( $C_{20}H_{33}NO_5S$ : 399,54): C, 60.12; H, 8.32; N, 3.51; Found: C, 60.23; H, 8.59; N, 3.44.

(Z)-N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)thiophene-2-sulfonamide (12c): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 1:1). Yield = 79% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.60-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.11 (dd, J = 4.4 Hz, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.85-5.76 (m, 1H), 5.53-5.40 (m, 1H), 4.45 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (bt, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.73-3.42 (m, 4H), 3.26 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (bt, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.98-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 140.2, 133.0, 131.8, 131.6, 127.4, 126.3, 100.7, 61.9 (2 C), 57.8, 45.1, 44.1, 33.0, 15.2 (2 C). *ESI-MS*: 386 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 363,49): C, 49.56; H, 6.93; N, 3.85; Found: C, 49.61; H, 6.81; N, 3.77.

<sup>Eto</sup> OEt (*Z*)-benzyl (3,3-diethoxypropyl)(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)carbamate (12d): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 1:1). Yield = 71% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.31-7.35 (m, 5H), 5.87 (bs, 0.6H), 5.74 (bs, 0.4 H), 5.31 (bs, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.49 (bs, 1H), 4.20-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.98 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.59

(bs, 2H), 3.43 (bs, 2H), 3.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.89 (bs, 2H), 1.17 (bs, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 156.2, 136.7, 132.0, 128.6, (2 C), 128.1, 128.0 (2 C), 127.2, 100.9, 67.4, 61.4 (2C), 57.8, 44.3, 43.6, 32.9, 15.3 (2 C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 306 [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>29</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>: 351,44): C, 64.83; H, 8.32; N, 3.99; Found: C, 64.68; H, 8.21; N, 4.08.



(Z)-methyl (3,3-diethoxypropyl)(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)carbamate (12e): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = from 1:1 to 0:100). Yield = quantitative (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.83 (bs, 1H), 5.53 (bs, 1H), 4.52 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (bd, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (s, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H),

3.67-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.52-3.44 (m, 2H), 3.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (bs, OH), 1.89-1.84 (pq, 2H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  156.6, 131.9, 126.9, 100.7, 61.2 (2C), 57.5, 52.6, 44.3, 43.3, 32.6, 15.2 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 573, 298 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 230. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>: 275,34): C, 56.71; H, 9.15; N, 5.09; Found: C, 56.50; H, 9.21; N, 5.19.

(Z)-Dimethyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)malonate (12f): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 7:3). Yield = 74% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.76-5.70 (m, 1H), 5.32-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.41 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 6H), 3.61-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.47-3.42 (m, 2H), 2.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.15 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (bs, 2H), 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.45 (m,

= 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  171.4 (2 C), 132.6, 125.1, 102.4, 61.3 (2C), 57.8, 57.0, 52.4 (2C), 30.2, 28.5, 27.5, 15.1 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 355 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 287 [M-OEt]<sup>+</sup>, 269 [M-EtO-H<sub>2</sub>O]<sup>+</sup>. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: 332,39): C, 57.82; H, 8.49; Found: C, 57.63; H, 8.26.

(Z)-Diethyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)malonate (12g):Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 1:1). Yield = 49% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.84-5.72 (m, 1H), 5.42-5.28 (m, 1H), 4.46 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.14 (m, 6H), 3.72-3.38 (m, 4H), 2.70 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (bs, 1H), 1.99-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.0 (2 C), 132.5, 125.4, 102.5, 61.3 (2 C), 57.9 (2 C), 56.7, 51.6, 30.0, 28.5, 27.3, 15.1 (2 C), 14.0 (2 C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 383 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: 360,44): C, 59.98; H, 8.95; Found: C, 59.81; H, 8.79.

(*E*)-diethyl 2-(2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl)-2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl) malonate (*E*)-12g: was prepared according to literature reported procedure.<sup>[3]</sup>

(*Z*)-di-tert-butyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)malonate (12h): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 7:3). Yield = 69% (clear oil <sup>1</sup>*H*- *NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.81-5.75 (m, 1H), 5.37-5.30 (m, 1H), 4.45 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.68-3.51 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.45 (m, 2H), 2.62 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.88-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 18H), 1.20 (t *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.3 (2C), 132.2, 125.8, 102.7, 81.4 (2C), 61.3 (2C), 57.9, 29.6, 28.4, 27.1, 27.8 (6C), 15.2 (2C). *GC-MS* (m/z): 417 (5), 373 (9), 281 (5), 258 (10), 241 (9), 212 (11), 184 (9), 156 (18), 137 (9), 96 (9), 79 (18), 57 (100). ). Anal. calcd for (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: 416,55): C, 63.43; H, 9.68; Found: C, 63.22; H, 9.61.

(*Z*)-Dibenzyl 2-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)malonate (12i): Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 1:1. Yield = quantitative (clear oil). *IH-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29-7.21 (m, 10H), 5.72-5.66 (m, 1H), 5.25-5.20 (m, 1H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.54-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.69 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.96-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.12 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). *I*<sup>3</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.7 (2C), 135.2 (2C), 132.7, 128.5 (4C), 128.3 (2C), 128.2 (4C), 125.2, 102.4, 67.1 (2C), 61.3 (2C), 57.9, 57.0, 30.0, 28.4, 27.4, 15.2 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 439 [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: 484,58): C, 69.40; H, 7.49; Found: C, 69.55; H, 7.51.

(Z)-N-(4,4-diethoxybutyl)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (12j): MeO OMe Flash chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 1:1. Yield = 74% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.80-5.73 (m, 1H), 5.45-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.35 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (bt, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.30 (s, 6H), 3.17-3.12 (m, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.19 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, OH), 1.61-1.59 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.2, 136.7, 132.4, 129.6 (2C), 127.0 (2C), 126.6, 103.9, 57.7, 52.9 (2C), 47.4, 44.3, 29.2, 23.1, 21.4. ESI-MS (m/z): 737, 556, 380

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[3]</sup> Vulovic B.; Bihelovic F.; Matovic R.; Saicic R.; *Tetrahedron* **2009**, *50*, 10485-10494.

[M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 294. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>31</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S: 385,52): C, 59.19; H, 8.10; N, 3.63; Found: C, 59.21; H, 8.00; N, 3.21.

### General procedure for the removal of dimethyl and diethyl acetals (method A).



In a round bottom flask the acetal **12** (0.25 mmol, 1eq.) was dissolved in 2.5 mL of a 1:1 mixture of THF and water. Aqueous HCl (0.5 M, 2.5 mL) was added to the solution and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt or 50 °C for 2 hours. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL), the combined organic phases were washed with water (15 mL) and then dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . The organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the

crude product **1** was used in the following step without further purification. [In some cases NMR spectra displayed the presence of a mixture of product **1** and cyclic hemiacetal **1**'].



(Z)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-4-methyl-N-(3-oxopropyl)benzenesulfonamide (1a): Room temperature. Yield = 98 % (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.76 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.81-5.75 (m, 1H), 5.42-5.35 (m, 1H), 4.19 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (dt, *J* = 7.6 Hz, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.7, 143.7, 136.1, 132.8, 12938 (2C), 127.1 (2C), 126.5, 57.9, 45.6, 43.9, 41.2, 21.5 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 298 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 320 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 338 [M+K]<sup>+</sup>.

(Z)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2,4,6-trimethyl-N-(3-oxopropyl) benzenesulfonamide (1b): Room temperature. Yield = 74% (white sticky solid). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.65 (t, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 5.84-5.78 (m, 1H), 5.51-5.45 (m, 1H), 4.15 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.53 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (dt, J = 6.8 Hz, J = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 6H), 2.31 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 200.5, 142.9, 140.3 (2 C), 133.0, 132.1 (3 C), 126.4, 57.9, 43.2, 42.5, 39.3, 22.7 (2

C), 21.0. *ESI-MS* (m/z): 348 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 326 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>.

(Z)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-N-(3-oxopropyl)thiophene-2-sulfonamide (1c):Room temperature. Yield = 98% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 9.79 (t,J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.13 (dd, J = 5.2 Hz, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.84-5.77 (m, 1H), 5.46-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.21 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H),3.47 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (dt, J = 6.8 Hz, J = 0.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) &200.4, 139.4, 133.1, 132.8, 131.9, 127.5, 126.2, 58.0, 46.1, 44.1, 41.6.*ESI-MS:*312 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 290 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 272 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.

 $\begin{array}{l} (\textbf{Z})-benzyl \quad (\textbf{4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl})(\textbf{3-oxopropyl})carbamate \quad (\textbf{1d}): \text{ Room} \\ \text{temperature. Yield} = quantitative (clear oil). {}^{I}H-NMR (400 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_3) \delta 9.76 \\ \text{(bs, 1H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 5H), 5.87 (bs, 0.5H), 5.73 (bs, 0.5 H), 5.53 (bs, 1H), 5.13 } \\ (\text{s, 2H), 4.21 (bs, 2H), 4.00 (d, <math>J = 6.0 \text{ Hz, 2H}), 3.60 (t, J = 6.4 \text{ Hz, 2H}), 2.75 (bs, 2H). {}^{I3}C-NMR \\ (50 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_3) \delta 200.6 156.0, 136.4, 132.3, 128.7 (2 C), 128.3, 128.1 (2 C), 127.0, 67.6, 58.0, \\ 45.0, 43.6, 41.2. ESI-MS (m/z): 300 [M+Na]^+, 278 [M+H]^+. \end{array}$ 

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(Z)-methyl (4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)(3-oxopropyl)carbamate (1e): Room temperature. Yield = 79% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, mixture of conformers)  $\delta$  9.80 (s, 1H), 5.82 (bs, 0.6H), 5.68 (bs, 0.4 H), 5.52 (bs, 1H), 4.22 (bd, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (bd, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.57 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H),

2.77-2.74 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (50 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, mixture of conformers.) δ 200.5, 156.5, 132.0, 127.0, 57.9, 52.8, 44.8 (43.6), 41.0, 30.3 (29.6). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 425, 289, 224, 202, 184.

(Z)-dimethyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (1f):MeO<sub>2</sub>C<sup>2</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>Me (*Z*)-dimethyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (1f): $Room temperature. Yield = 74% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) <math>\delta$  9.72 (s, 1H), 5.79-5.73 (m, 1H), 5.41-5.35 (m, 1H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (s, 6H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.7, 171.2 (2C), 132.7, 125.1, 58.1, 56.7, 52.6 (2C), 39.1, 31.5, 25.2. ESI-MS (m/z): 281 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 241 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.



(Z)-Diethyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (Z)-1g: Room temperature .Yield = quantitative (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.75 (t, J = 1.2 Hz 1H), 5.81-5.74 (m, 1H), 5.46-5.39 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.18 (m, 6H), 2.69 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (dt, J = 7.6 Hz, J 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (50 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.7, 170.8 (2C), 132.6, 125.3, 61.6 (2C), 58.2, 56.6, 39.1, 31.3, 25.1, 14.0 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 287 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 269 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.

<sup>OH</sup> (*E*)-diethyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (*E*)-1g: 55 °C. Yield = 96% (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.72 (s, 1H), 5.78-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.59-5.44 (m, 1H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 4.06 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.2 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>*I*3</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.8, 170.7 (2C), 134.0, 125.3, 63.1, 61.5 (2C), 56.6, 39.0, 36.3, 24.8, 14.0 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 327, 309 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 269 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{(Z)-Di-tert-butyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (1h):} \\ \textbf{(Z)-Di-tert-butyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (1h):} \\ \textbf{(Ih):} \\ \textbf{(Ih):}$ 

(*Z*)-Dibenzyl 2-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-2-(3-oxopropyl)malonate (1h): 60 °C. Yield = 88% (clear oil). <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.63 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.23 (m, 10H), 5.74-5.68 (m, 1H), 5.36-5.30 (m, 1H), 5.12 (s, 4H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.70 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz 2H), 2.23 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H). <sup>*I*3</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.4, 170.4 (2C), 135.2 (2C), 132.8, 128.6 (4C), 128.5 (2C), 128.2 (4C), 125.0, 67.3 (2C), 58.2 (2C), 56.0, 38.9, 31.3, 25.1. *ESI-MS* (m/z): 433 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 393 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.

(Z)-N-(4-hydroxybut-2-en-1-yl)-N-(4-oxobutyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (1j): $Room temperature. Yield 96% (clear oil). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) <math>\delta$  9.74 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.76-5.70 (m, 1H), 5.37-5.31 (m, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.84 (quint, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  201.8, 143.4, 136.5, 132.7, 129.7 (2C), 127.0 (2C), 126.5, 57.8, 46.8, 44.7, 40.4, 21.4, 20.7. *ESI-MS* (m/z): 645 [2M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 334 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 312 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 294 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.



#### General procedure for the intramolecular gold-catalyzed α-allylic alkylation of 1.

In a screw-capped vials, with no exclusion of moisture or oxygen, 1 (0.07 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in THF and gold catalyst A (0.007 mmol, 0.1 eq.), the organocatalyst III (0.014 mmol, 0.2 eq.) and benzoic acid (0.014 mmol, 0.2 eq.) were added in sequence. The reaction was monitored by TLC and stirred at rt until satisfactory conversion of the starting material was obtained. The crude reaction mixture was directly charged on the top of a silica gel column. Diastereoselection was determinate by GC or NMR on the crude reaction mixture, *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after suitable product derivatization.

(3*S*,4*S*)-1-tosyl-4-vinylpyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde (2a): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 7:3). Yield 93% (38 hs, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) = 89:11; *ee* (*trans/cis*) 90/79. <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.53 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.66 (ddd, *J* = 16.8 Hz, *J* = 10.4 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.61-3.44 (m, 3H), 3.06 (dd, *J* = 10.0 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.96 (quint, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dq, *J* = 7.6 Hz, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H). <sup>*I*3</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  198.7, 143.9, 135.3, 133.1, 129.8 (2 C), 127.6 (2C), 118.0, 55.2, 52.3, 46.7, 43.6, 21.6. *ESI-MS* (m/z): 280 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>. The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub>: Chiralcel® OD-H column,  $\lambda$  = 230 nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 96:4; flow rate 1.0 mL/min, *T* = 40°C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 46.45 min (*major*), 58.64 (*minor*) min. t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 50.75 min (*major*), 56.16 min (*minor*).



(3*S*,4*S*)-1-(mesitylsulfonyl)-4-vinylpyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde (2b): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 7:3). Yield 53% (32 hs, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) = 84:16; *ee* (*trans/cis*) 94/88. <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.64 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (s, 2H), 5.83-5.74 (m, 1H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.53 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (dt, *J* = 6.8 Hz, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 6H), 2.31 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-

*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.0, 142.8, 140.2 (2 C), 135.6, 132.0 (3 C), 118.0, 55.4, 51.2, 45.5, 44.0, 22.8 (2 C), 21.0. *GC-MS* (m/z): 307 (5) [M]<sup>+</sup>, 279 (1), 212 (5), 183 (10), 119 (100), 91 (64), 67 (45). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub>: Chiralcel® OD-H column,  $\lambda = 230$  nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 97:3; flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 40 °C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 41.24 min (*major*), 50.67 min (*minor*). t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 39.03 min (*major*), 44.24 min (*minor*).

(3*S*,4*S*)-1-(thiophen-2-ylsulfonyl)-4-vinylpyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde (2c): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 7:3). Yield 76% (40 hours, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) = 95:5; *ee* (*trans/cis*) 84:65. <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.55 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, *J* = 5.2 Hz, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 4.0 Hz, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, *J* = 5.2 Hz, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (ddd, *J* = 17.6 Hz, *J* = 10.0 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 10.8 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.59-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.14 (dd, *J* = 10.0 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (quint, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.83-2.77 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>*C-NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  198.4, 136.1, 135.1, 132.6, 132.2, 127.7, 118.1, 55.1, 52.4, 46.8, 43.3. *GC-MS* (m/z): 243 (5) [M-CO]<sup>+</sup>, 215 (23), 176 (36), 147 (63), 124 (54), 99 (36), 84 (18), 67 (100), 57 (18). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub>: Chiralcel® OD-H column,  $\lambda$  = 254 nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 96:4; flow rate 1.0 mL/min, *T* = 40°C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 70.60 min (*major*), 85.29 min (*minor*). t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 79.42 min (*major*), 82.20 (*minor*).

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{(35,45)-benzyl} & \textbf{3-formyl-4-vinylpyrrolidine-1-carboxylate} & (\textbf{2d}): Flash \\ chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield 83% (43 hs, clear oil); dr (trans:cis) = \\ 94:6; ee (trans/cis) 97/85. {}^{1}H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) \delta 9.66 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37- \\ 7.32 (m, 5H), 5.88-5.73 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.11 (m, 2H), 5.14 (s 2H), 3.77-3.64 (m, 3H), \\ 3.33-3.25 (m, 1H), 3.16-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.91 (pquint, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). {}^{13}C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) \\ \delta 199.5, 167.3, 136.6, 135.7, 128.5 (2 C), 128.1, 127.9 (2 C), 117.8, 67.0, 55.6 (0.5 C), 54.8 (0.5 C), \\ 50.7 (0.5 C), 50.3 (0.5 C), 45.4 (0.5 C), 44.8 (0.5 C), 43.8 (0.5 C), 43.1 (0.5 C). ESI-MS (m/z): 282 \\ [M+Na]^+, 260 [M+H]^+. The ee was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH_4: Chiralpak® IA column, <math>\lambda = 214$  nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 95:5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min,  $T = 40^{\circ}$ C. t<sub>R</sub> (trans) = 24.18 min (major), 28.17 min (minor). t<sub>R</sub> (cis) = 26.41min (major), 37.22 (minor). \\ \end{array}

MeO<sub>2</sub>C<sup>-</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>Me

(*3R,4S*)-dimethyl 3-formyl-4-vinylcyclopentane-1,1-dicarboxylate (2f): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield 78% (24 hs, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) = 67:33; *ee* (*trans/cis*) 84/82. <sup>*I*</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.62 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (ddd, *J* = 17.2 Hz, *J* = 10.0 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.08

(d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 6H), 2.93-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.61 (dd, J = 13.2 Hz, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.56-2.53 (m, 2H), 2.09 (dd, J = 13.2 Hz, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  201.4, 172.0 (2C), 138.1, 116.4, 59.0, 56.2 (2C), 53.0, 44.7, 40.3, 33.8. *GC-MS* (m/z): 209 (3), 180 (4), 162 (5), 145 (100), 113 (64), 91 (73), 59 (45). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub> and acylation with 3,5-dinitrobenzoyl chloride: Chiralcel® OD column,  $\lambda = 230$  nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 95:5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min,  $T = 40^{\circ}$ C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 41.27 min (*major*), 45.67 min (*minor*). t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 48.17 min (*minor*), 50.71 min (*major*).

(3R,4S)-diethyl 3-formyl-4-vinylcyclopentane-1,1-dicarboxylate (2g): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield 71% (24, hs, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) = EtO<sub>2</sub>C CO<sub>2</sub>Et 70:30; *ee* (*trans/cis*) 96/85. <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.62 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz 1H), 5.78 (ddd, *J* = 17.2 Hz, *J* = 10.4 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 2.93-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.59 (dd, *J* = 13.6 Hz, *J* =7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.54-2.51 (m, 2H), 2.09 (dd, *J* = 13.6 Hz, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  201.5, 171.6, 171.5, 138.2, 116.3, 61.7 (2C), 59.1, 56.3, 44.7, 40.2, 33.7, 14.0 (2C). *GC-MS* (m/z): 240 (4) [M-CO]<sup>+</sup>, 223 (5), 194 (9), 173 (100), 148 (14), 127 (67), 93 (63), 77 (36). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub> and acylation with 3,5-dinitrobenzoyl chloride: Chiralcel® OD column,  $\lambda = 230$  nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 95:5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min,  $T = 40^{\circ}$ C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 22.24 min (*major*), 23.48 min (*minor*). t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 26.21 min (*minor*), 31.06 min (*major*).

(*3R,4S*)-di-*tert*-butyl 3-formyl-4-vinylcyclopentane-1,1-dicarboxylate (2h): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield 90% (40 hs, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) =  ${}^{1}BuO_2C$  CO<sub>2</sub><sup>1</sup>Bu 69:31; ee (*trans/cis*) 95/81. <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.61 (d , *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (ddd, *J* = 17.6 Hz, *J* = 10.0 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (pquint, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dq, *J* = 9.2 Hz, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (dd, *J* = 13.2 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (m, 2H), 1.99 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 18H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  201.9, 170.9, 170.7, 138.6, 116.0, 81.6 (2C), 60.5, 56.3, 44.7, 40.8, 33.5, 27.8 (6C). *GC-MS* (m/z): 251 (2) [M-<sup>t</sup>BuO]<sup>+</sup>, 212 (5), 195 (6), 138 (9), 117 (10), 91 (8), 77 (5), 57 (100). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub> and acylation with 3,5-dinitrobenzoyl chloride: Chiralpak® IB column,  $\lambda$  = 230 nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 95:5; flow rate 0.5 mL/min, *T* = 40 °C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 20.21 min (*major*), 21.13 min (*minor*). t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 22.16 min (*minor*), 23.27 (*major*).

(*3R,4S*)-Dibenzyl 3-formyl-4-vinylcyclopentane-1,1-dicarboxylate (2i): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield 79% (38 hs, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) 67:33; *ee* (*trans/cis*) 89/83. <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.58 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.31 (m, 6H), 7.27-7.24 (m, 4H), 5.74 (ddd, *J* = 17.2 Hz, *J* = 10.4 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 4H), 5.10 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 2.91-2.83 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.65 (m, 2H), 2.62 (dd, *J* = 13.6 Hz, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.57-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.10 (dd, *J* = 13.6 Hz, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>*C*-*NMR* (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  201.0, 171.3, 171.1, 138.1, 135.2 (2C), 128.6 (4C), 128.4 (2C), 128.1 (4C), 116.4, 67.5 (2C), 59.2, 56.2, 44.7, 40.2, 33.7. *GC-MS* (m/z): 355 (2), 312 (2), 299 (3), 207 (5), 195 (9), 181 (5), 137 (5), 121 (5), 107 (9), 91 (100), 65 (9). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub>: Chiralpak® OD column,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 95:5; flow rate 0.7 mL/min, *T* = 40 °C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 23.64 min (*major*), 29.26 min (*minor*). t<sub>R</sub> (*cis*) = 25.07 min (*major*), 26.71 (*minor*).

(3S,4R)-1-tosyl-3-vinylpiperidine-4-carbaldehyde (2j): Flash chromatography (*c*-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2). Yield 34% (8 hs at 60°C, clear oil); *dr* (*trans:cis*) 89:11; *ee* (*trans/cis*)

98/nd. Spectroscopic data matched with literature report.<sup>[4]</sup> The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis after reduction of the aldehyde with NaBH<sub>4</sub>: Chiralcel® OD-H column,  $\lambda = 254$  nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 95:5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min,  $T = 40^{\circ}$ C. t<sub>R</sub> (*trans*) = 34.97 min (*major*), 40.75 min (*minor*). [ $\alpha$ ]: -115° (c: 0.046, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), lit. -108.9°.<sup>[4]</sup>

### Synthesis of racemic secondary allylic alcohol 11.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[4]</sup> Pham, P.V.; Ashton, K.; MacMillan, D.W.C.; Chem. Sci. 2011, 2, 1470-1473.

EtO.

Ts

.OEt

### *N*-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (13):

In an oven dried Schlenk tube sulfonamide **7a** (2 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 10 mL of anhydrous THF and cooled to 0°C. NaH (2.1 mmol, 1.05 eq, 60 % dispersion

in mineral oil) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 30 minutes. propargyl bromide (80% w/w solution in toluene, 2.4 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added at 0°C and the solution was stirred at rt overnight. The reaction was quenched with water (15 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash-chromatography on silica gel, (c-Hex:AcOEt = 8:2) to afford the pure product as a pale yellow solid in 98% yield. Mp = 55-57 °C. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.58 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 3.70-3.62 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.28 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.03 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.93-1.88 (pq, 2H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.5, 135.8, 129.4 (2C), 127.7 (2C), 100.7, 76.6, 73.7, 61.7 (2C), 42.7, 36.7, 32.1, 21.5, 13.3 (2C); **ESI-MS**: (m/z): 362 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 265, 222.



# N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-N-(4-hydroxy-6-phenylhex-2-yn-1-yl)-4-

methylbenzenesulfonamide (14): In an oven dried two-necked round bottom flask the alkyne 13 (2 mmol, 1eq.) and TMEDA (2.6 mmol, 1.3

eq.) were dissolved in 5 ml of anhydrous THF and cooled to -78 °C. BuLi (2.5 M solution in hexane, 2.4 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added and the solution was stirred for 30 minutes letting the temperature to rise up to -30 °C. Then 3-phenylpropanaldehyde was added dropwise and the orange-brown solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was guenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (2 ml) and diluited with water (10 ml). Aqueous phase were extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was evaporated under vacuum and the crude product was purified with flash-chromatography on silica gel (c-Hex:AcOEt 6:4) affording the desired product s a pale yellow oil in 89% of yield. <sup>1</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.73 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 4.12 (bq, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.62 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.70-3.62 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 3Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.96-1.91 (pq, 2H), 1.86-1.70 (m, 2H+OH), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C-*NMR* (50 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 143.6, 141.0, 135.8, 129.5 (2C), 128.4 (2C), 128.3 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 126.0, 100.6, 86.8, 78.1, 61.6, 61.3 (2C), 42.9, 38.9, 37.1, 32.3, 31.2, 21.4, 15.3 (2C). ESI-MS (m/z): 496  $[M+Na]^+$ , 428  $[M-EtO]^+$ , 410, 328. Anal. calcd for  $(C_{26}H_{35}NO_5S: 473, 62)$ : C, 65.93; H, 7.45; N, 2.96; Found: C, 65.88; H, 7.55; N, 2.90.

### (Z)-N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-N-(4-hydroxy-6-phenylhex-2-en-1-yl)-4-

Ts<sup>-N</sup>\_Ph

.OEt

EtO.

**methylbenzenesulfonamide (12l)**: In a two-necked round bottom flask **14** (300 mg, 0.63 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 5 ml of anhydrous methanol and Lindlar catalyst was added (5 % of Pd/CaCO<sub>3</sub>, 0.031 mmol, 0.05 eq). The

reaction flask was evacuated and backfilled with hydrogen 3 times. The reaction mixture was then stirred under atmospheric pressure of hydrogen for three hours. The solution was filtered through a Celite® pad, washing the solid with DCM. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum and the crude product was purified with flash chromatography on silica gel (c-Hex:AcOEt 7:3) affording the product in 76% of yield as a clear oil. <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.68 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.61 (dd, *J* = 10.8 Hz, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.42-5.35 (m, 1H), 4.50 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42-4.36 (pq, 1H), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 15.2 Hz, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.77(dd, *J* = 15.2 Hz, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H) 3.67-3.58 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.44 (m, 2H), 3.27-3.14 (m, 2H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (bs, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.99-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.84 (pq, 2H), 1.78-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>*C-NMR* (50 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  143.2, 141.5, 136.6, 129.6 (2C), 128.3 (3C), 128.2 (2C), 127.0 (2C), 125.8, 125.7, 100.7, 65.8, 61.8, 61.7, 44.8, 43.6, 38.1, 32.8, 31.4, 21.4, 15.1 (2C). *ESI-MS* (m/z): 498 [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 430 [M-EtO]<sup>+</sup>, 412, 384, 358. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>37</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S: 473,62): C, 65.65; H, 7.84; N, 2.94; Found: C, 65.70; H, 7.61; N, 2.91.



(Z)-N-(4-hydroxy-6-phenylhex-2-en-1-yl)-N-(3-oxopropyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (11): In a round bottom flask 12l (0.25 mmol, 1eq.) was dissolved in 5 mL of a 1:1 mixture of THF and water. Aqueous HCl (0.5 M, 2.5 mL) was added to the solution and the reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C until complete

consumption of the starting material was observed by TLC (2 hours). The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL), the combined organic phases were washed with water (10 mL) and then dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure affording **11** as a clear oil in 94% of yield. **11** was used for the catalytic cyclization without further purification. <sup>*I*</sup>*H*-*NMR* (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.70 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.17-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.57 (dd, *J* = 10.8 Hz, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.34-5.28 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.33 (pq, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.37 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.64-2.62 (m, 2H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.95-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.66 (m, 1H). <sup>*I3*</sup>*C*-*NMR* (50 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.7, 143.6, 141.4, 136.6, 136.1, 129.8 (2C), 128.3 (3C), 127.1 (3C), 125.9 (2C), 66.2, 45.8, 43.8, 41.2, 38.4, 31.4, 21.4. *ESI-MS* (m/z): 498, 384 [M-OH]<sup>+</sup>.

### Synthesis of enantiomerically enriched secondary allylic alcohol 11.



N-(3,3-diethoxypropyl)-N-(4-oxo-6-phenylhex-2-yn-1-yl)-4-EtO. OEt methylbenzene-sulfonamide 15: In an oven-dried two-necked round bottom flask under nitrogen atmosphere, of 14 (300 mg, 0.63 mmol, 1 eq.) Тο was dissolved in 5 ml of anhydrous DMSO and IBX was added (0.76 mmol, 1.2 eq.). The reaction mixture was heated at 60°C until complete consumption of alcohol 14 (TLC, 2 hours). The solution was diluited with water (10 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified with flash-chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt 8:2) to afford the pure ketone as a clear oil in 81% of yield. <sup>1</sup>*H-NMR* (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.72 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 5H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.59 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.72-3.47 (m, 4H), 3.29 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.72-3.47 (m, 4H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.72-3.47 (m, 4H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.72 ( J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.95-1.87 (pg, 2H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H).<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.3, 143.9, 139.8, 135.3, 129.6 (2C), 128.5 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.6 (2C), 126.3, 100.6, 84.9, 84.0, 61.8 (2C), 46.6, 43.0, 36.8, 32.2, 29.4, 21.3, 15.2 (2C). **ESI-MS** (m/z): 494  $[M+Na]^+$ , 426  $[M-EtO]^+$ , 380. Anal. calcd for (C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S): 471,61): C, 66.22; H, 7.05; N, 2.97; Found: C, 66.12; H, 7.00; N, 3.05.

EVALUATE CONTROL (*R*)-13. In an oven-dried Schlenk tube ketone 15 (100 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was dissolved in 1:1 mixture of DCM and water. Sodium formate (2 mmol, 10 eq.), TBAC (0.06 mmol, 0.3 eq.) and (*S*,*S*)-Noyori catalyst [(*R*,*R*)-TsDIPEN-RuCl(*p*-cymene)] were added. The reaction was allowed to stir at room temperature for 24 hours, then it was diluited with water (2 ml) and extracted with DCM (3 x 5 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified with flash-chromatography (c-Hex:AcOEt 8:2) to afford the desired product as a brown oil in 33% of yield and 86% of *ee*. [ $\alpha$ ]: -1.9 ° (*c*: 0.42, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). The *ee* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis: Chiralcel® OD column,  $\lambda = 230$  nm, *n*-Hexane: *i*-PrOH 90:10; flow rate 0.5 mL/min, *T* = 40 °C. t<sub>R</sub> = 29.62 min (*minor*), 32.23 min (*major*). [(*S*)-13 was prepared following the same procedure using the (*S*,*S*)-Noyori catalyst].



(*R*)-12l was prepared with Lindlar reduction as (+/-)-12l. [ $\alpha$ ]:+ 291° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c = 0.67). The *ee* was confirmed by chiral HPLC analysis: Chiralcel® OD column,  $\lambda = 230$  nm, *n*-Hexane:*i*-PrOH 90:10; flow rate 0.8 mL/min, T = 40°C. t<sub>R</sub> = 17.04 min (*major*), 20.88 min (*minor*). [(*S*)-12l was prepared in the same

way and ee was confirmed by HPLC analysis].

Ph (R)-11 was prepared from (R)-12l as (+/-)-11. [α]: +25° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c: 0.60). [(S)-11 was prepared from (S)-12l].

### **HPLC Derivatization.**

ŌΗ

Τ̈́s

General procedure for the reduction of 2:



Under air atmosphere, aldehyde 2 (1 eq.) was dissolved in 0.5 ml of MeOH. The solution was cooled to 0 °C and NaBH<sub>4</sub> (5 eq.) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at 0°C and then quenched with water (1 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under vacuum to afford the alcohol **2'** as a clear oil which was submitted without further purification, either to chiral HPLC analysis or to further derivatization.

#### General procedure for the acylation of alcohols 2':



Under air atmosphere, alcohol **2'** (1 eq.) was dissolved in 1 mL of DCM. The solution was cooled to 0 °C and triethylamine (4 eq.), 3,5-dinitrobenzoyl chloride (2 eq.) and DMAP (0.1 eq.) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt until complete consumption of the starting material (TLC, 2 hours). Then the reaction was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> saturated solution (2 ml) and the S27

aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> ad the organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash-chromatography on a short pad of silica gel (c-Hex:AcOEt 8:2).

### General procedure for the reduction of olefins 2l':



In a two necked round bottom flask alcohols **2l'** (10 mg, 26  $\mu$ mol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in 0.5 mL of anhydrous methanol and 7 mg of Pd(OH)<sub>2</sub> (10% w/w dispersion on charcoal, 0.2 eq) were added. The reaction flask was evacuated and backfilled with hydrogen 3 times and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight under hydrogen atmosphere. The solution was filtered through a short pad of Celite® washing with ethyl acetate (5 mL) and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to afford the desired product which was subjected to chiral HPLC analysis without further purification.

## HPLC spectra.





Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
÷.	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	39.034	BV	0.9761	777.49463	12.45813	5.2195
2	41.239	VB	1.1565	6705.41211	89.45301	45.0148
3	44.238	BB	1.1067	820.15009	10.69441	5.5058
4	50.669	BB	1.3801	6592.94922	72.83155	44.2598



Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	39.784	BV	1.0757	4350.94580	62.69361	22.7000
2	42.126	VB	1.2455	1.38903e4	170.67711	72.4697
3	45.476	MM	1.4404	453.76636	5.25064	2.3674
4	52.836	MM	1.7271	472.06158	4.55556	2.4629





Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	24.184	VB	0.5489	7604.75244	213.86201	44.3284
2	26.409	FM	0.6236	1011.58002	27.03625	5.8965
3	28.169	VB	0.6282	7503.64502	183.82829	43.7390
4	37.225	BB	0.8469	1035.51111	18.84862	6.0360



Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	24.119	VB	0.5725	2.02928e4	544.87268	91.1581
2	26.449	BB	0.6267	1457.19324	35.81544	6.5459
3	28.270	BB	0.6755	332.72617	7.35943	1.4946
4	37.211	BB	0.7227	178.38824	3.67263	0.8013



Peak #	RetTime [min]	Туре	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
I						
1	39.104	vv	1.1568	3.06803e4	397.33609	43.9476
2	42.240	vv	1.3769	3.08432e4	325.66959	44.1809
3	46.274	MF	1.1633	3306.30322	47.37077	4.7361
4	46.827	FM	1.4827	4981.32812	55.99429	7.1354



Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	39.763	BV	0.8211	758.74493	14.20555	1.0332
2	41.201	VB	1.4667	6.70871e4	645.43152	91.3497
3	46.541	BB	1.3791	5594.04492	61.27642	7.6172







Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	19.414	BV	0.3301	4.81908e4	2247.97461	64.9748
2	20.483	vv	0.3248	906.50781	42.85817	1.2222
3	21.357	vv	0.3415	2115.91919	95.12052	2.8529
4	22.296	VB	0.3521	2.29552e4	999.07977	30.9501




Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	23.492	vv	0.5661	1.60552e4	435.55353	45.9688
2	24.906	vv	0.5867	1350.40735	34.95952	3.8664
3	26.404	vv	0.7028	1643.79321	34.32207	4.7065
4	28.896	VB	0.6984	1.58769e4	351.88626	45.4583



Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
3	23.635	vv	0.5894	2.13677e4	562.26788	57.4020
4	25.066	vv	0.6199	1.07542e4	265.86685	28.8900
5	26.710	VB	0.6469	989.48730	23.23217	2.6581
6	29.261	BB	0.6738	1251.78516	28.20258	3.3628



Peak RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
# [min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1 34.968	BB	1.0242	1147.77075	15.90054	49.5611
2 40.751	MM	1.3671	1168.09717	14.24039	50.4389



Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	34.099	VB	1.0446	2.01729e4	291.06061	99.1175
2	40.782	MM	0.8962	179.62080	3.34037	0.8825



Peak	RetTime	туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	17.902	vv	0.4392	2.14036e4	715.00415	38.1905
2	19.349	vv	0.4365	6841.22607	233.02049	12.2068
3	20.801	VB	0.5186	2.14092e4	599.62347	38.2005
4	24.422	BB	0.5278	6390.23535	181.91318	11.4021



Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	8
1	17.020	BV	0.4792	4.23116e4	1288.33618	72.2526
2	18.513	VB	0.4777	1.21612e4	379.66013	20.7669
3	20.478	BB	0.4721	2860.33643	91.64367	4.8844
4	23.855	BB	0.5113	1227.44995	36.59459	2.0960



## NMR spectra.




































































