

Electronic Supplementary Information for

***Modified McFadyen-Stevens Reaction for a Versatile Synthesis of
Aliphatic/Aromatic Aldehydes: Design, Optimization, and
Mechanistic Investigations***

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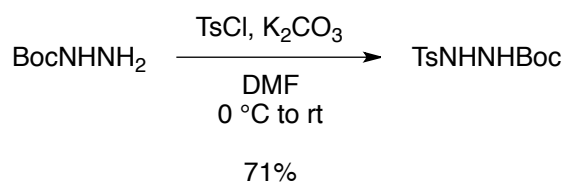
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General. All non-aqueous reactions were carried out under an inert atmosphere of argon in oven-dried glassware unless otherwise noted. Dehydrated tetrahydrofuran, methylene chloride and toluene were purchased from Kanto Chemicals Co., Inc. and were purified using a Glass Contour Solvent System. Dehydrated *N,N*-dimethylformamide was purchased from Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd. and stored over activated MS4A. Dehydrated methanol and acetonitrile were also purchased from Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd. and stored over activated MS3A. All reagents were commercially available and used without further purification. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck precoated analytical plates, 0.25 mm thick, silica gel 60F₂₅₄. Preparative thin layer chromatography (pTLC) was performed on Merck precoated analytical plates, 0.50 mm thick, silica gel 60F₂₅₄. Preparative flash chromatography was performed using Silica Gel 60 (spherical, 40-100 mm) or Silica Gel 60N (spherical, neutral, 40-100 mm) purchased from Kanto Chemical Co., Inc. ¹H and ¹³C NMR were recorded on a JEOL ECX-400 spectrometer. All ¹H NMR spectra are reported in δ units, parts per million (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane as the internal standard and coupling constants are indicated in Hertz (Hz). The following abbreviations are used for spin multiplicity: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad. All ¹³C NMR spectra are reported in ppm relative to the central line of the triplet for CDCl₃ at 77.0 ppm. Infrared spectra (IR) were recorded on a FT/IR-4100 Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrophotometer, and are reported in wavenumbers (cm⁻¹). High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained on a JEOL JMS-T100LP AccuTOF LC-plus in positive electrospray ionization (ESI) method using PEG as the internal standard. Melting points, determined on a Yanaco Micro Melting Point Apparatus, are uncorrected.

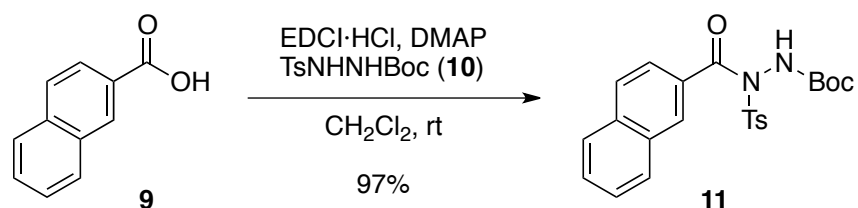
***tert*-Butyl 2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**10**)**



To a solution of *tert*-butyl carbazate (3.96 g, 30.0 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) at 0 °C was added K₂CO₃ (4.56 g, 33.0 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride (5.72 g, 30.0 mmol) in three portions, and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 1 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (10 mL), quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (10 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic layer was washed with 1.0 M HCl aq. (10 mL), 10% NaCl aq. (15 mL) twice and brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane). Subsequent trituration from 5% toluene in *n*-hexane gave **10** as a white powder (6.71 g, 23.4 mmol, 71%).

R_f = 0.61 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 97.1–97.5 °C; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1722, 1710, 1597, 1493, 1369, 1343; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 1.24 (s, 9H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 6.50 (brs, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 154.1, 144.6, 133.5, 129.5, 128.7, 82.3, 27.7, 21.6; HRMS calcd for C₂₃H₂₄N₂NaO₅S ([M + Na⁺]) 309.0885, found 309.0887.

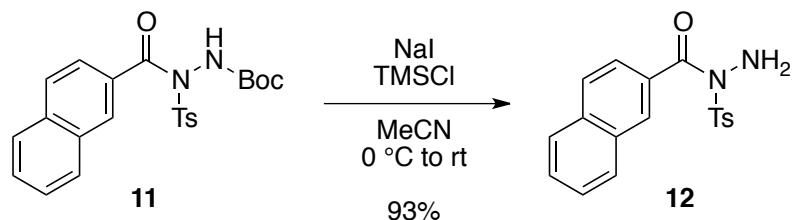
***tert*-Butyl 2-(2-naphthoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**11**)**



To a solution of 2-naphthoic acid (**9**, 172 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (15% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **11** as a white powder (427.2 mg, 0.97 mmol, 97%).

R_f = 0.53 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 157.5–157.8 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1734, 1715, 1700, 1507, 1249; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.85–7.81 (m, 3H), 7.63 (br, 1H), 7.59–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (brs, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 188.4, 183.0, 182.9, 165.1, 145.6, 134.5, 132.1, 129.9, 129.4, 129.0, 127.8, 127.7, 126.9, 124.5, 83.2, 28.0, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 463.1304, found 463.1299.

***N*-(2-Naphthoyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**12**)**

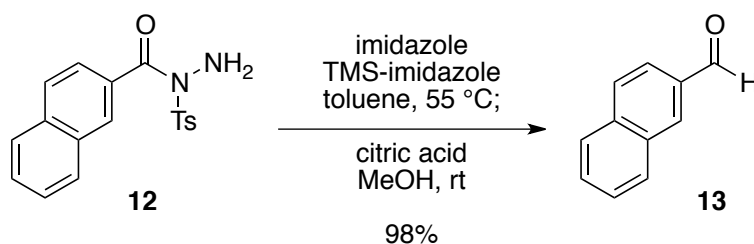


To a stirred solution of **11** (436 mg, 0.99 mmol) in MeCN (5.0 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (445 mg, 2.97 mmol) and TMSCl (250 μL , 1.98 mmol) and the mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the

aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc in *n*-hexane, 20 to 50%) to afford **12** as a white powder (313 mg, 0.92 mmol, 93%).

R_f = 0.68 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 160.5–160.9 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1681, 1354, 1291, 1168; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.93–7.86 (m, 5H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 2.46 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 171.2, 145.2, 134.9, 133.5, 131.9, 130.9, 130.7, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 128.1, 127.6, 127.2, 126.5, 125.4, 21.5; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 363.0779, found 363.0781.

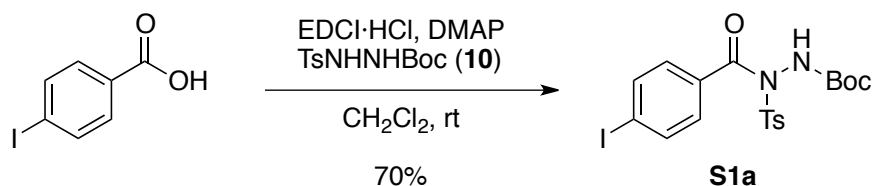
2-Naphthaldehyde (**13**)



To a solution of **12** (200 mg, 0.59 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (170 μL , 1.18 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (80 mg, 1.18 mmol) and the reaction was warmed to 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (6.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutral silica gel (EtOAc in *n*-hexane, 10 to 15%) to afford **13** as a white powder (90.3 mg, 0.58 mmol, 98%).

R_f = 0.68 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); M.p. 58.5–59.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1695, 1627, 1451, 1364, 1267; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 10.17 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.02–7.91 (m, 4H), 7.67–7.58 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 192.2, 136.5, 134.5, 134.1, 132.6, 129.5, 129.1, 128.1, 127.1, 122.8; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{O}$ ($[\text{M}^+]$) 156.0575, found 156.0571.

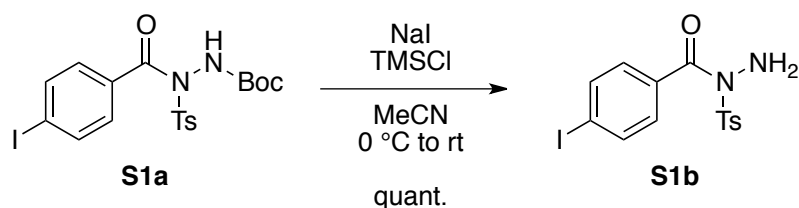
***tert*-Butyl 2-(4-iodobenzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S1a**)**



To a solution of 4-iodobenzoic acid (248 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the resulting solution was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S1a** as a white powder (361 mg, 0.70 mmol, 70%).

R_f = 0.45 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 147.0–149.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1739, 1715, 1369, 1247, 1171; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.03 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (br, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 168.9, 153.6, 145.7, 137.3, 134.2, 132.3, 129.9, 129.8, 98.9, 83.4, 27.8, 21.8; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{IN}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 539.0114, found 539.0120.

***N*-(4-Iodobenzoyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide (**S1b**)**

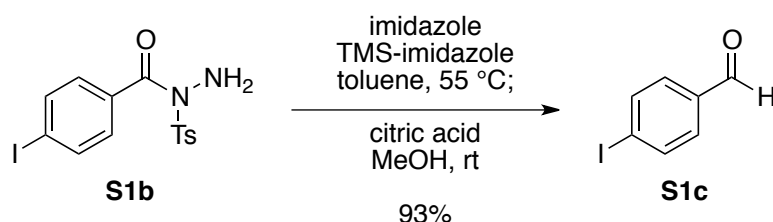


To a stirred solution of **S1a** (361 mg, 0.70 mmol) in MeCN (7.0 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (315 mg, 2.10 mmol) and TMSCl (180 μL , 1.40 mmol). The mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene (5 mL) and *n*-hexane (20 mL) to

afford **S1b** as a white powder (293 mg, 0.70 mmol, 100%).

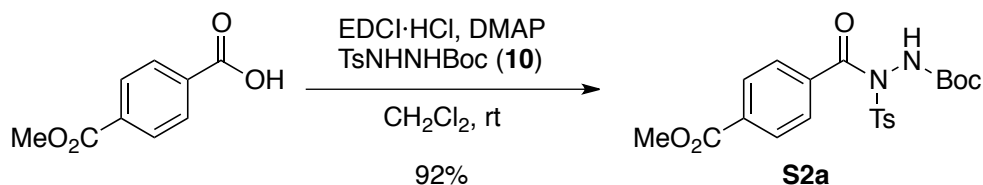
R_f = 0.41 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 157.5-158.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1683, 1653, 1541, 1507, 1338; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 170.7, 145.8, 137.3, 133.7, 133.2, 131.4, 129.9, 129.3, 100.0, 22.0; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{IN}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 438.9589, found 438.9577.

4-Iodobenzaldehyde (**S1c**)



To a solution of **S1b** (200 mg, 0.48 mmol) in toluene (3.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (140 μL , 0.96 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (65.4 mg, 0.96 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (3% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S1c** as a white powder (103.3 mg, 0.45 mmol, 93%).

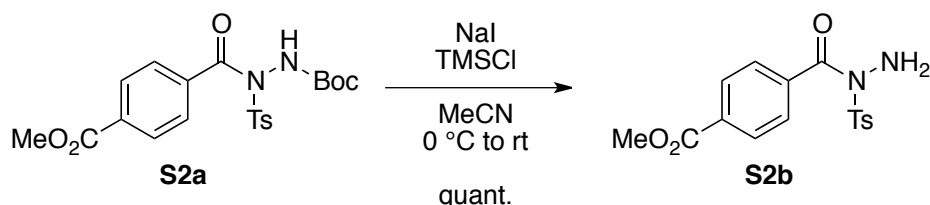
***tert*-Butyl 2-(4-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate
(S2a)**



To a solution of 4-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoic acid (180 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the resulting solution was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H₂O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (5% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S2a** as a white powder (412 mg, 0.92 mmol, 92%).

*R*_f = 0.65 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 156.2–156.7 °C; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1732, 1716, 1370, 1281, 1172; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (br, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (br, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 168.8, 153.6, 145.8, 134.2, 129.9, 129.4, 129.2, 128.0, 83.4, 52.4, 27.8, 21.8; HRMS calcd for C₁₉H₂₁IN₂NaO₅S ([M + Na⁺]) 471.1202, found 471.1180.

Methyl 4-(1-tosylhydrazinecarbonyl)benzoate (S2b)

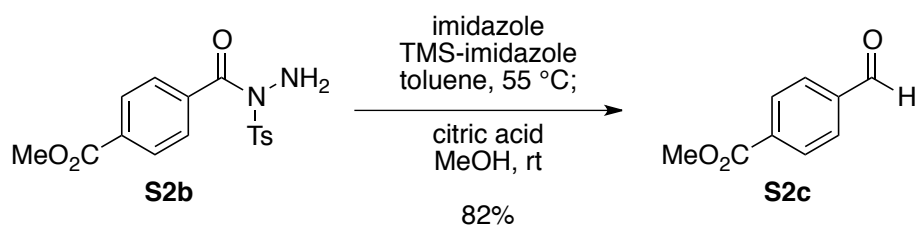


To a stirred solution of **S2a** (173 mg, 0.39 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (174 mg, 1.16 mmol) and TMSCl (100 μL, 0.78 mmol) and the mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed

with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene (3 mL) and *n*-hexane (20 mL) to afford **S2b** as a white powder (134 mg, 0.39 mmol, 100%).

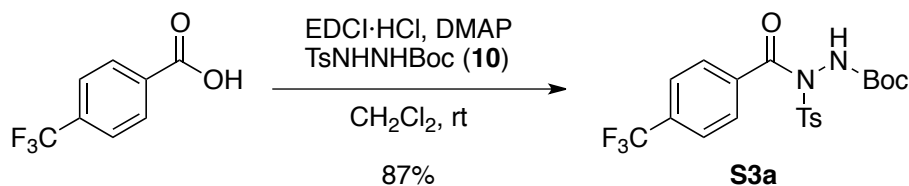
$R_f = 0.59$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 165.5–165.8 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1721, 1672, 1342, 1278, 1168; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.07 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.89 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.46 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 170.3, 166.2, 145.6, 137.8, 133.6, 133.0, 129.7, 129.3, 129.1, 129.0, 52.4, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 371.0678, found 371.0660.

Methyl 4-formylbenzoate (**S2c**)



To a solution of **S2b** (100 mg, 0.29 mmol) in toluene (1.4 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (85 μL , 0.57 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (39 mg, 0.57 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (3.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The resulting mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (15 mL) twice. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (10 to 20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S2c** as a white powder (38.6 mg, 0.24 mmol, 82%).

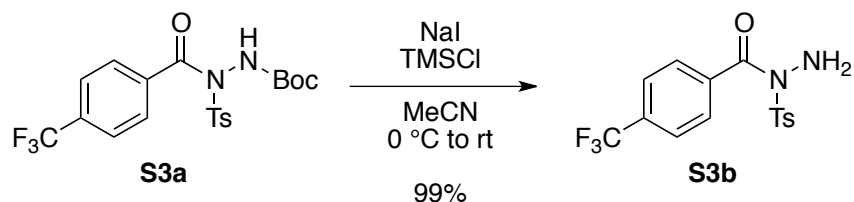
***tert*-Butyl 2-tosyl-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)hydrazinecarboxylate (**S3a**)**



To a solution of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (190 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the resulting solution was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S3a** as a white powder (400 mg, 0.87 mmol, 87%).

$R_f = 0.58$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 145.6–146.1 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1740, 1731, 1713, 1371, 1325, 1171; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.04 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.67–7.62 (m, 4H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.15 (br, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 168.7, 145.9, 136.5, 134.1, 129.9, 129.4, 128.4, 125.0, 83.4, 27.7, 21.8; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_7\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 481.1021, found 481.1003.

4-Methyl-*N*-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)benzenesulfonohydrazide (S3b**)**

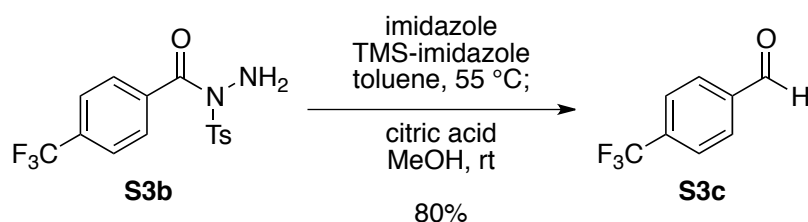


To a stirred solution of **S3a** (400 mg, 0.87 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (392 mg, 2.62 mmol) and TMSCl (220 μL , 1.75 mmol). The mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (3:20, 23 mL) to afford

S3b as a white powder (312 mg, 0.88 mmol, 99%).

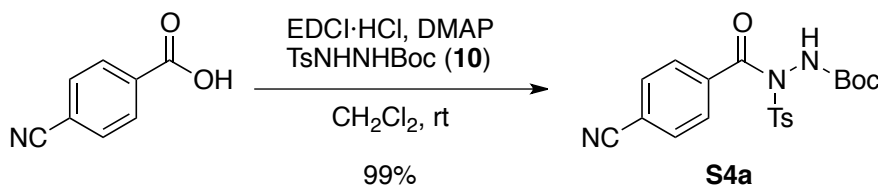
$R_f = 0.52$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 160.0–161.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1683, 1507, 1408, 1338; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.90 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 169.8, 145.7, 137.2, 133.5, 129.7, 129.1, 124.9, 124.8, 124.7, 122.2, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 381.0497, found 381.0512.

4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde (**S3c**)



To a solution of **S3b** (200 mg, 0.56 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (160 μL , 1.12 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (76 mg, 1.1 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (2% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S3c** as a white powder (77.9 mg, 0.45 mmol, 80%).

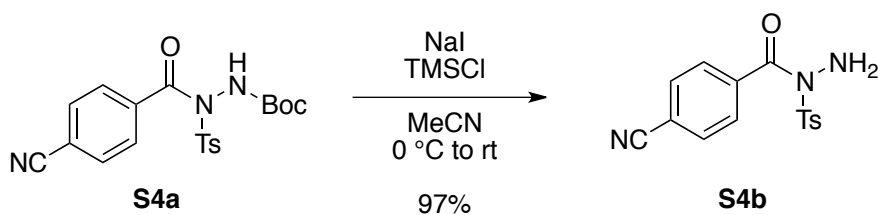
***tert*-Butyl 2-(4-cyanobenzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S4a**)**



To a solution of 4-cyanobenzoic acid (190 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S4a** as a white powder (415 mg, 0.99 mmol, 99%).

R_f = 0.66 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 139.1–139.5 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2232, 1739, 1715, 1370, 1247, 1173; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.03 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (br, 4H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (br, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 168.2, 153.6, 137.2, 133.8, 131.7, 129.9, 129.4, 128.6, 117.8, 114.9, 83.4, 27.7, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 438.1100, found 438.1079.

***N*-(4-Cyanobenzoyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S4b**)**

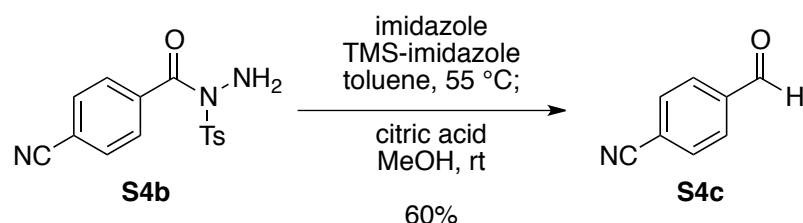


To a stirred solution of **S4a** (415 mg, 0.99 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (450 mg, 3.00 mmol) and TMSCl (250 μL , 2.00 mmol) and the mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the solution was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene (10 mL) to afford **S4b** as a white powder (305 mg, 0.97 mmol, 97%).

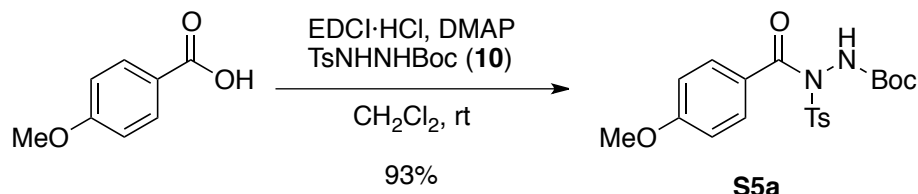
$R_f = 0.57$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 143.0–144.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2234, 1681, 1344, 1173; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.89 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 169.3, 145.9, 137.8, 133.3, 131.6, 129.9, 129.8, 129.1, 117.9, 115.4, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 338.0575, found 338.0563.

4-Formylbenzonitrile (**S4c**)



To a solution of **S4b** (100 mg, 0.32 mmol) in toluene (2.0 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (95 μL , 0.63 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (43.2 mg, 0.63 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction mixture was added 1 M citric acid in MeOH (3 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL) and EtOAc (15 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative TLC (30% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S4c** as a white powder (25.1 mg, 0.19 mmol, 60%).

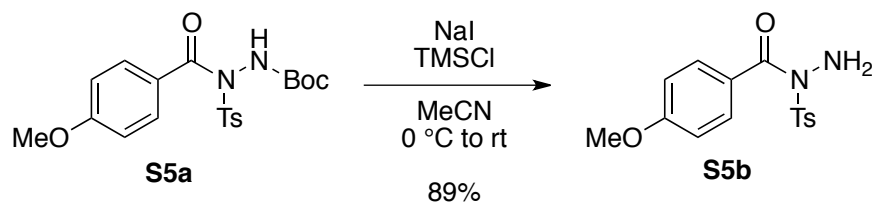
***tert*-Butyl 2-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S5a**)**



To a solution of 4-methoxybenzoic acid (152 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 8 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc in toluene) to afford **S5a** as a white amorphous solid (390 mg, 0.93 mmol, 93%).

$R_f = 0.55$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1734, 1698, 1604, 1508, 1368, 1258, 1169; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.04 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.07 (br, 1H), 6.86 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.35 (br, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 168.8, 162.6, 153.8, 145.2, 134.6, 131.0, 129.8, 129.3, 124.5, 82.7, 55.3, 27.7, 21.6; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 443.1253, found 443.1247.

***N*-(4-Methoxybenzoyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S5b**)**

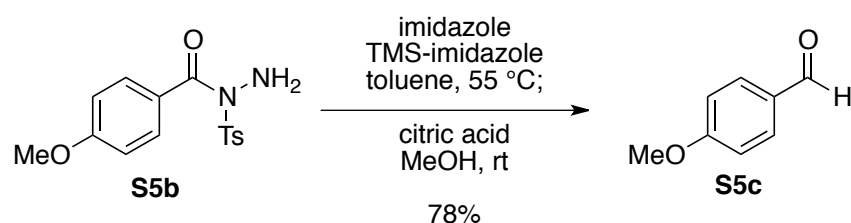


To a stirred solution of **S5a** (300 mg, 0.71 mmol) in MeCN (5.0 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (320 mg, 2.14 mmol) and TMSCl (180 μL , 1.42 mmol) and the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (3:10, 13 mL) to afford **S5b** as a white powder (203 mg, 0.64 mmol, 89%).

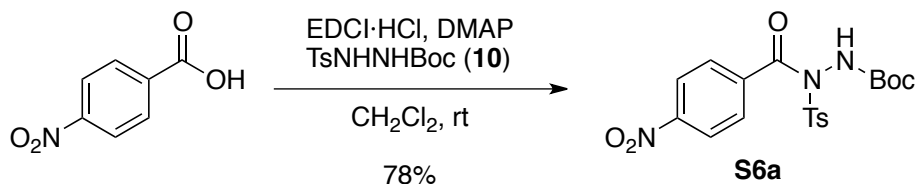
$R_f = 0.54$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 115.6–115.9 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1683, 1603, 1507, 1352, 1257, 1165, 1025; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.84 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 171.0, 163.3, 145.1, 133.5, 132.5, 129.5, 129.0, 125.4, 113.2, 55.4, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{IN}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 343.0729, found 343.0738.

4-Methoxybenzaldehyde (**S5c**)



To a solution of **S5b** (100 mg, 0.31 mmol) in toluene (3.0 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (120 μL , 0.62 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (42.5 mg, 0.62 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (5% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S5c** as a white powder (33 mg, 0.24 mmol, 78%).

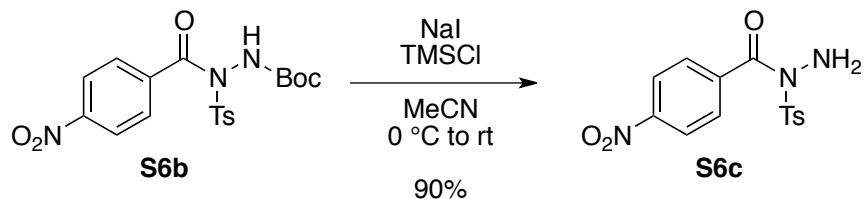
***tert*-Butyl 2-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S6a**)**



To a solution of 4-nitrobenzoic acid (167 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 8 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc in *n*-hexane, 10-15%) to afford **S6a** as a white amorphous solid (341 mg, 0.78 mmol, 78%).

R_f = 0.72 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1731, 1715, 1705, 1525, 1371, 1350, 1172; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (br, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 167.8, 149.6, 149.4, 149.1, 145.9, 133.6, 129.7, 129.3, 128.8, 122.9, 83.4, 27.5, 21.6; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 458.0998, found 458.0983.

4-Methyl-*N*-(4-nitrobenzoyl)benzenesulfonohydrazide (S6b**)**

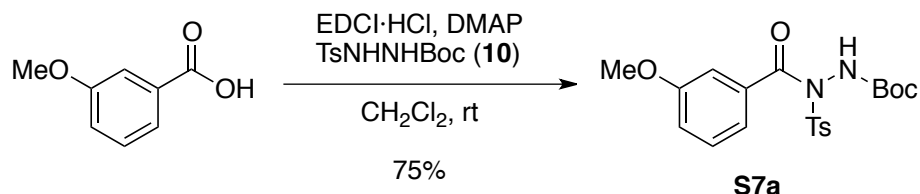


To a stirred solution of **S6a** (341 mg, 0.70 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (350 mg, 2.35 mmol) and TMSCl (170 μL , 1.57 mmol) and the mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and

concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (1:4, 25 mL) to afford **S6b** as a white powder (236 mg, 0.70 mmol, 90%).

$R_f = 0.61$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 156.0–156.3 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1678, 1604, 1528, 1343, 1173; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.28 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 168.9, 149.4, 145.9, 139.5, 133.3, 130.3, 129.8, 129.1, 122.9, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{IN}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 358.0474, found 358.0483.

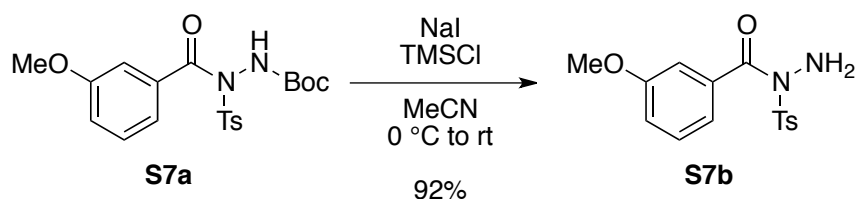
***tert*-Butyl 2-(3-methoxybenzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S7a**)**



To a solution of 3-methoxybenzoic acid (154 mg, 1.01 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S7a** as a white powder (314 mg, 0.75 mmol, 75%).

R_f = 0.41 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 104.5–105.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1740, 1708, 1597, 1489, 1368, 1170; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.06 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 7.11 (br, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.07 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 184.6, 159.2, 145.5, 134.5, 129.9, 129.4, 129.1, 120.4, 118.4, 83.2, 55.4, 27.8, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_6\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 443.1253, found 443.1258.

***N*-(3-Methoxybenzoyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S7b**)**

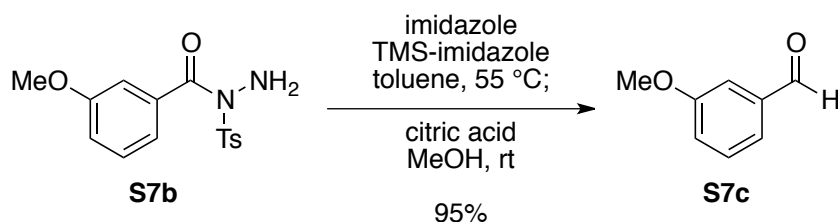


To a stirred solution of **S7a** (314 mg, 0.75 mmol) in MeCN (7.0 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (336 mg, 2.24 mmol) and TMSCl (190 μL , 1.49 mmol) and the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated aq. NH_4Cl (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (1:5, 18 mL) to afford

S7b as a white powder (220 mg, 0.69 mmol, 92%).

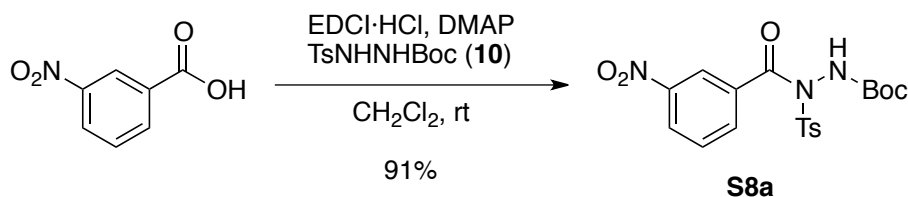
$R_f = 0.31$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 110.0–111.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1683, 1597, 1354, 1290, 1165; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.89 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.32 (m, 5H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 171.1, 159.0, 145.3, 134.9, 133.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.8, 122.0, 118.4, 114.5, 55.4, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_4\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 343.0729, found 343.0744.

3-Methoxybenzaldehyde (**S7c**)



To a solution of **S7b** (160 mg, 0.50 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (150 μL , 1.00 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (68 mg, 1.00 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction mixture was added 1 M citric acid in MeOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (3% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S7c** as a white powder (65.0 mg, 0.48 mmol, 95%).

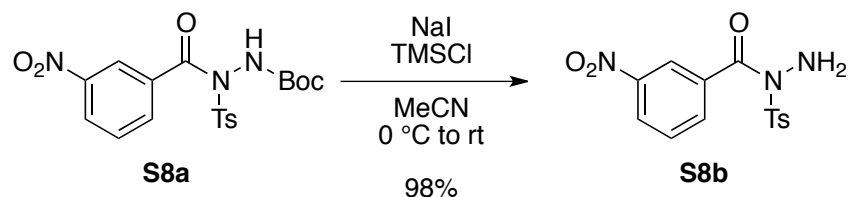
***tert*-Butyl 2-(3-nitrobenzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S8a**)**



To a solution of 3-nitrobenzoic acid (167 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H₂O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc in *n*-hexane, 10 to 15%) to afford **S8a** as a white powder (398 mg, 0.91 mmol, 91%).

R_f = 0.73 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 150.0–151.0 °C; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1742, 1715, 1538, 1352, 1247, 1173; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.33 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (br, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 157.4, 153.7, 147.6, 146.1, 134.7, 134.1, 133.9, 130.0, 129.5, 129.3, 126.2, 123.2, 83.7, 27.8, 21.8; HRMS calcd for C₁₉H₂₁N₃NaO₇S ([M + Na⁺]) 458.0998, found 458.1007.

4-Methyl-*N*-(3-nitrobenzoyl)benzenesulfonhydrazide (S8b**)**

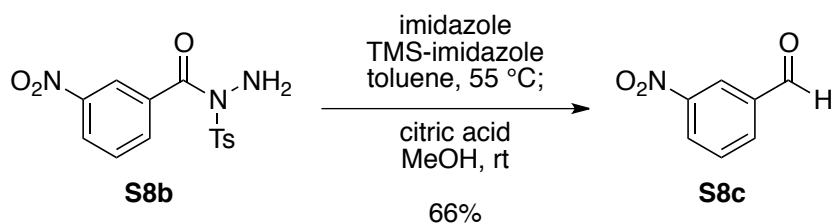


To a stirred solution of **S8a** (397 mg, 0.91 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (410 mg, 2.74 mmol) and TMSCl (230 μL, 1.83 mmol) and the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the resulting solution was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was

washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (1:4, 25 mL) to afford **S8b** as a white powder (286 mg, 0.89 mmol, 98%).

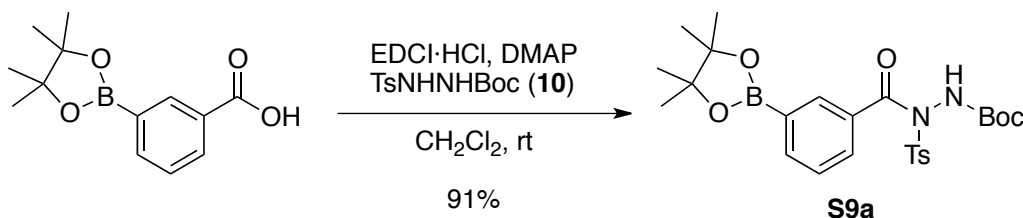
R_f = 0.63 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 162.0–162.5 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1682, 1530, 1351, 1169; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.36 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (dd, J = 8.3, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 168.5, 147.6, 146.0, 135.3, 135.2, 133.3, 129.8, 129.2, 129.0, 126.4, 124.6, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 358.0474, found 358.0483.

3-Nitrobenzaldehyde (**S8c**)



To a solution of **S8b** (100 mg, 0.31 mmol) in toluene (1.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (90 μL , 0.62 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (42.5 mg, 0.62 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 6 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (3 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (EtOAc in *n*-hexane, 10-20%) to afford **S8c** as a white powder (31.0 mg, 0.21 mmol, 66%).

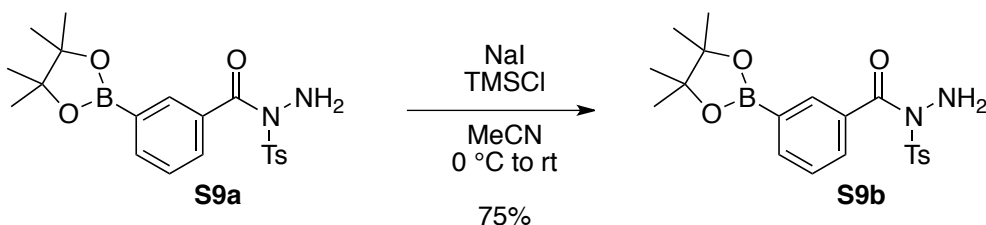
***tert*-Butyl-2-(3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)benzoyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S9a**)**



To a solution of 3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)benzoic acid (250 mg, 1.01 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the resulting solution was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (1:2, 9 mL) to afford **S9a** as a white powder (468 mg, 0.91 mmol, 91%).

R_f = 0.52 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 140.2–140.8 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1741, 1716, 1600, 1361, 1243, 1171; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.36–7.34 (m, 3H), 7.12 (br, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 21H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 169.5, 153.3, 145.4, 145.3, 138.0, 134.6, 132.4, 131.1, 129.9, 129.8, 129.3, 127.5, 84.1, 27.8, 24.8, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{33}\text{BN}_2\text{NaO}_7\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 539.1999, found 539.1990.

4-Methyl-*N*-(3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)benzoyl)benzenesulfonohydrazide (S9b**)**

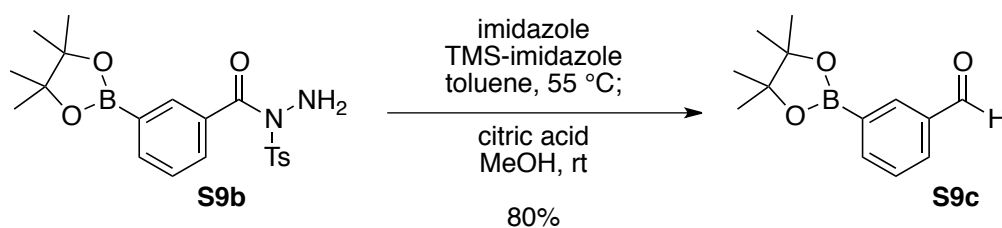


To a stirred solution of **S9a** (410 mg, 0.79 mmol) in MeCN (5.0 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (357 mg, 2.38 mmol) and TMSCl (200 μL , 1.59 mmol) and the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and

partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H₂O (20 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated Na₂S₂O₃ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene/*n*-hexane (1:3, 20 mL) to afford **S9b** as a white powder (248 mg, 0.60 mmol, 75%).

*R*_f = 0.45 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 147.1–148.0 °C; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1687, 1602, 1360, 1323, 1168, 1143; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 171.3, 145.3, 138.5, 135.6, 133.8, 133.2, 132.3, 129.6, 129.1, 127.2, 84.2, 24.8, 21.7; HRMS calcd for C₂₀H₂₅BN₂NaO₅S ([*M* + Na⁺]) 439.1475, found 439.1482.

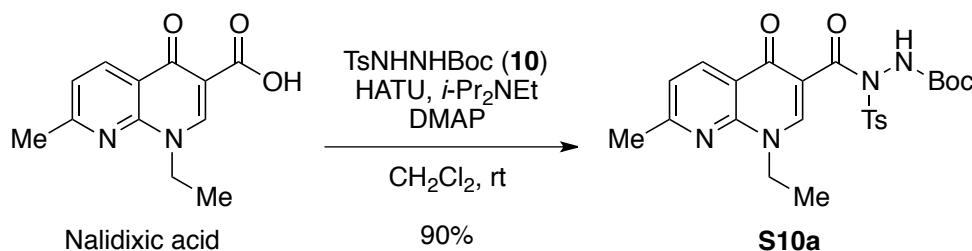
3-(4,4,5,5-Tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)benzaldehyde (**S9c**)



To a solution of **S9b** (150 mg, 0.36 mmol) in toluene (2.0 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (100 μL, 0.72 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (49.0 mg, 0.72 mmol), and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 12 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in H₂O (4.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (10 to 20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S9c** as a colorless oil (66.0 mg, 0.28 mmol, 80%).

*R*_f = 0.63 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 2970, 2880, 1710, 1605, 1460, 1361, 1194, 1144; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 10.1 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.37 (s, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 192.6, 140.7, 137.2, 135.8, 131.3, 128.4, 84.3, 24.9; HRMS calcd for C₁₃H₁₇BNaO₃ ([*M* + Na⁺]) 255.1168, found 255.1158.

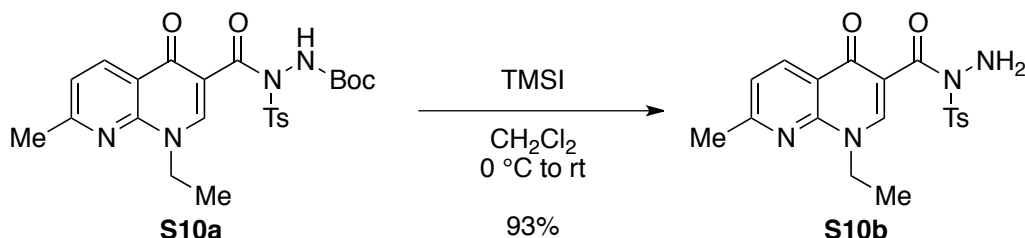
tert-Butyl-2-(1-ethyl-7-methyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1,8-naphthyridine-3-carbonyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (S10a)



To a solution of Nalidixic acid (255 mg, 1.10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added HATU (456 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NEt}$ (260 μL , 1.50 mmol), and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (3 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (25 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (10 to 40% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S10a** as a white powder (547 mg, 0.99 mmol, 90%).

$R_f = 0.47$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 112.0–113.0 $^\circ\text{C}$; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1732, 1683, 1622, 1541, 1507, 1444, 1369; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.62 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.49 (qd, $J = 13.3, 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.35 (qd, $J = 13.3, 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.40 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.18 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 173.7, 167.5, 163.5, 154.4, 144.9, 136.5, 135.4, 129.7, 129.2, 121.6, 120.5, 116.3, 81.9, 46.8, 27.8, 25.2, 21.7, 15.1; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_6\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 523.1627, found 523.1635.

N-(1-Ethyl-7-methyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1,8-naphthyridine-3-carbonyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide (S10b)

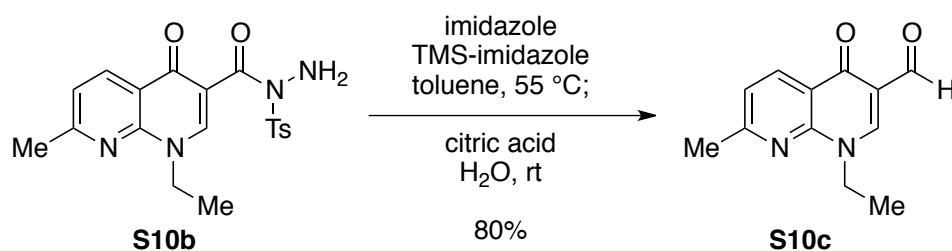


To a solution of **S10a** (200 mg, 0.40 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (200 μL) at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$ was added 1.0 M TMSI in CH_2Cl_2 (800 μL) and the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 5 min,

the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (2 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (15 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (5 mL) and brine (5 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (50% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S10b** as a white powder (148 mg, 0.37 mmol, 93%).

R_f = 0.23 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 180.0–183.5 °C (decomp.); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1669, 1623, 1587, 1442, 1350, 1258, 1163; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.55 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (br, 2H), 4.45 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.45 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 174.1, 168.3, 163.0, 148.6, 145.7, 145.0, 136.4, 134.5, 129.5, 129.0, 121.1, 120.3, 118.1, 46.5, 25.1, 21.7, 15.1; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_4\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 423.1103, found 423.1101.

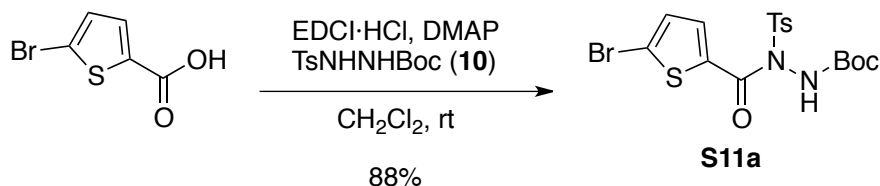
1-Ethyl-7-methyl-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1,8-naphthyridine-3-carbaldehyde (**S10c**)



To a solution of **S10b** (100 mg, 0.25 mmol) in toluene (500 μL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (110 μL , 0.75 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (34.0 mg, 0.50 mmol), and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 20 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid aq. (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (ethyl acetate in *n*-hexane, 25 to 50%) to afford **S10c** as a white powder (43.0 mg, 0.20 mmol, 80%).

R_f = 0.33 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); M.p. 176.0–177.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1681, 1625, 1607, 1542, 1442; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 10.4 (s, 1H), 8.65 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (q, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.51 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 189.0, 177.2, 163.3, 149.1, 145.8, 136.2, 121.9, 121.5, 118.0, 46.8, 25.1, 15.1; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_2$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 239.0796, found 239.0793.

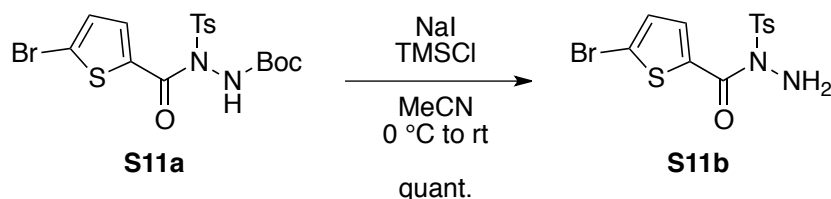
***tert*-Butyl 2-(5-bromothiophene-2-carbonyl)-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S11a**)**



To a solution of 5-bromothiophene-2-carboxylic acid (228 mg, 1.10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (15% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S10a** as a white powder (419 mg, 0.88 mmol, 88%).

$R_f = 0.57$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 170.0–171.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1749, 1674, 1408, 1368, 1346, 1246, 1171; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.05 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.41 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 159.8, 154.1, 145.7, 137.3, 134.6, 131.8, 130.3, 130.1, 129.3, 123.1, 84.3, 28.1, 21.8; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{BrN}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}_2$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 496.9819, found 439.9817.

***N*-(5-Bromothiophene-2-carbonyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S11b**)**

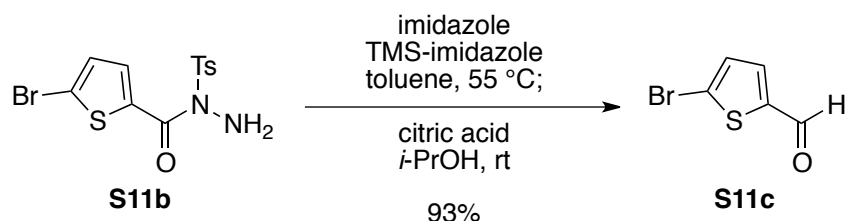


To a stirred solution of **S10a** (404 mg, 0.85 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (382 mg, 2.55 mmol) and TMSCl (210 μL , 1.70 mmol) and the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (10 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H_2O (20 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed

with saturated $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized with toluene/*n*-hexane (2:1, 15 mL) to afford **S10b** as a white powder (340 mg, 0.85 mmol, quant.).

R_f = 0.51 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 183.1–184.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1646, 1541, 1507, 1405, 1339; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.96 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 160.4, 145.8, 137.3, 134.6, 129.7, 129.6, 129.1, 126.2, 124.7, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{BrN}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}_2$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 396.9292, found 396.9295.

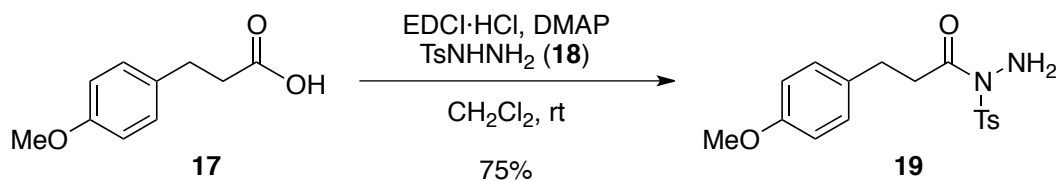
5-Bromothiophene-2-carbaldehyde (S11c)



To a solution of **S10b** (200 mg, 0.53 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (155 μL , 1.06 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (73.0 mg, 1.06 mmol), and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 15 h, the reaction mixture was added 0.5 M citric acid in *i*-PrOH (6.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (10 to 20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S10c** as a pale yellow oil (95.0 mg, 0.50 mmol, 93%).

R_f = 0.64 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1518, 1410, 1202, 982, 860; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 9.78 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 181.7, 145.2, 136.5, 131.4, 125.0; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_5\text{H}_3\text{BrOS}$ ($[\text{M}^+]$) 189.9088, found 189.9083.

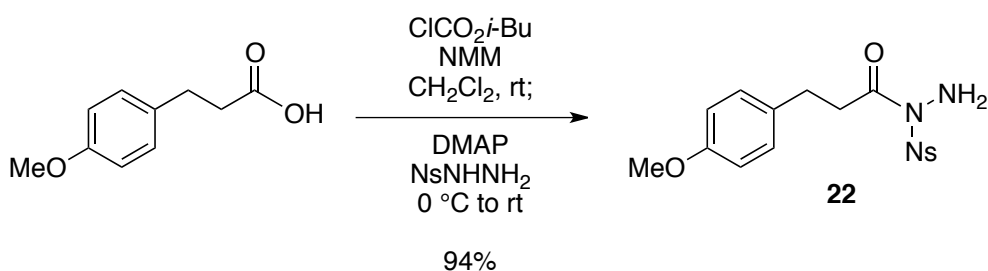
***N*-(3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)propanoyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**19**)**



To a solution of 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid (**17**, 180 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and TsNHNH_2 (216 mg, 1.20 mmol). After 3 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (20 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **19** as a white powder (260 mg, 0.75 mmol, 75%).

R_f = 0.63 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 113.8–114.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2933, 1702, 1611, 1512, 1443, 1350, 1300, 1248, 1166, 1122, 1089, 1034; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.85 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.02 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 173.8, 158.0, 145.2, 134.7, 132.5, 129.5, 129.3, 128.7, 113.8, 55.2, 37.6, 29.7, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_6\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 371.1042, found 371.1029.

***N*-(3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)propanoyl)-2-nitrobenzenesulfonohydrazide (**22**)**

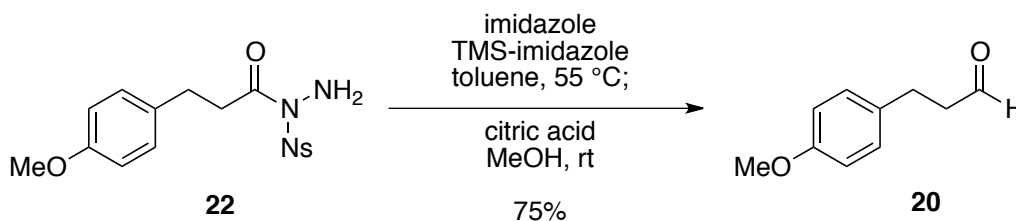


To a stirred solution of 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanoic acid (**17**, 180 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added *N*-methylmorpholine (120 μL , 1.10 mmol) and *i*-BuOCOCl (145 μL , 1.10 mmol). After stirring for 1 h, the resulting solution was added 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and *o*-NsNHNH $_2$ (260 mg, 1.20 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting solution was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL)

and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (15 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10 to 20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **22** as a white powder (455 mg, 0.94 mmol, 94%).

*R*_f = 0.62 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 100.1–100.5 °C; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1716, 1699, 1541, 1509, 1362; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.50–8.48 (m, 1H), 7.85–7.79 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.01 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 174.6, 158.0, 135.4, 134.7, 132.9, 132.5, 132.2, 129.2, 124.6, 113.9, 55.2, 36.9, 29.2; HRMS calcd for C₁₆H₁₇N₃NaO₆S ([M + Na⁺]) 402.0736, found 403.0725.

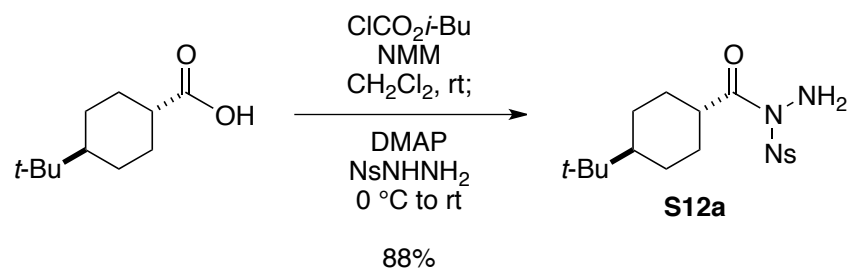
3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)propanal (**20**)



To a solution of **22** (200 mg, 0.53 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (155 μL, 1.05 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (72 mg, 1.05 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 10 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (6% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **20** as a colorless oil (65.0 mg, 0.40 mmol, 75%).

*R*_f = 0.60 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1722, 1514, 1247; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 9.81 (s, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 201.8, 158.1, 132.3, 129.2, 114.0, 55.3, 45.5, 27.3; HRMS calcd for C₁₀H₁₂O₂ ([M + H⁺]) 164.0837, found 164.0842.

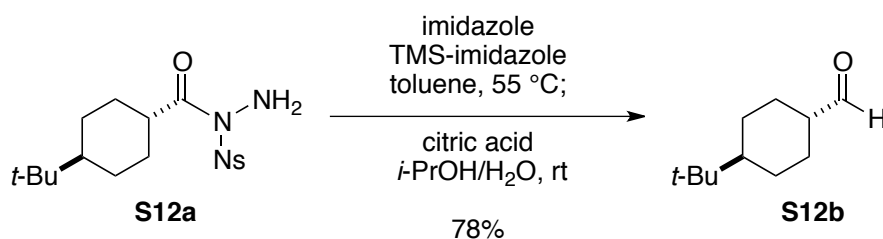
***N*-((1*r*,4*r*)-4-*tert*-butylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-2-nitrobenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S12a**)**



To a stirred solution of 4-*tert*-butylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid (184 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added *N*-methylmorpholine (120 μL , 1.10 mmol) and *i*-BuOCOC*i*-Bu (145 μL , 1.10 mmol). After 1 h, the reaction mixture was added 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and *o*-NsNHNH₂ (260 mg, 1.20 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (15% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S12a** as a white powder (338 mg, 0.88 mmol, 88%).

R_f = 0.56 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 100.1–100.5 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2946, 1698, 1541, 1362; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.49 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.83–7.75 (m, 3H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 3.07 (tt, J = 11.9, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 1.82 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 2H), 1.34–1.25 (dt, J = 22.5, 10.1 Hz, 2H), 1.10–0.92 (m, 3H), 0.83 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 178.1, 135.3, 134.6, 133.4, 132.6, 124.6, 47.3, 42.9, 42.2, 32.4, 28.6, 27.5, 26.4; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 406.1413, found 406.1400.

(1*r*,4*r*)-4-*tert*-Butylcyclohexanecarbaldehyde (S12b**)**

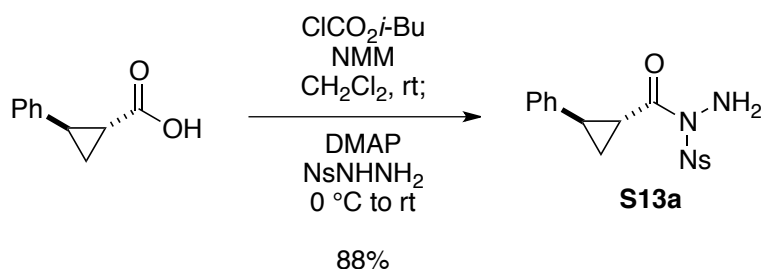


To a solution of **S12a** (200 mg, 0.52 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was

added TMS-imidazole (150 μ L, 1.04 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (71 mg, 1.0 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 14 h, the reaction mixture was added 0.5 M citric acid in *i*-PrOH (10 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between saturated EtOAc (10 mL) and NaHCO₃ aq. (6 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (2% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S12b** as a colorless oil (68.0 mg, 0.40 mmol, 78%).

R_f = 0.67 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, 2,4-DNP); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1722, 1514, 1247; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 9.61 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.20–2.08 (m, 1H), 2.08–1.99 (m, 2H), 1.85–1.98 (m, 2H), 1.32–1.14 (m, 2H), 1.11–0.94 (m, 3H), 0.86 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 205.1, 50.5, 47.6, 27.5, 27.4, 26.5, 26.2; HRMS calcd for C₁₁H₂₀O ([M⁺]) 168.1514, found 168.1521.

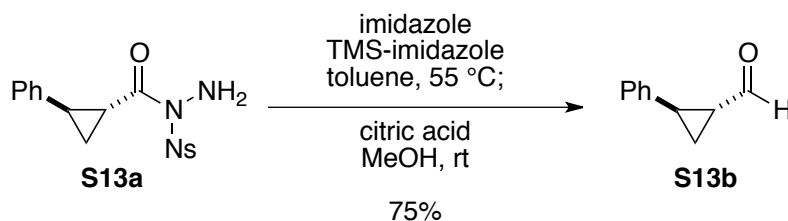
***trans*-2-nitro-*N*-(2-Phenylcyclopropanecarbonyl)benzenesulfonohydrazide (**S13a**)**



To a stirred solution of 2-phenylcyclopropanecarboxylic acid (162 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added *N*-methylmorpholine (120 μL , 1.10 mmol) and *i*-BuOCOC1 (145 μL , 1.10 mmol). After 1 h, the resulting solution was added 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and *o*-NsNHNH₂ (260 mg, 1.20 mmol) at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 3.5 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (15% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S13a** as a white powder (338 mg, 0.88 mmol, 88%).

$R_f = 0.67$ (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 134.1–134.8 $^\circ\text{C}$; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1697, 1683, 1541, 1362, 1173, 1129; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.48 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.85–7.79 (m, 3H), 7.30–7.19 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 3.09–3.05 (m, 1H), 2.52–2.48 (m, 1H), 1.62–1.57 (m, 1H), 1.43–1.38 (m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 174.1, 139.6, 135.1, 134.7, 133.2, 132.5, 128.5, 126.7, 126.3, 124.6, 28.2, 23.3, 18.3; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 384.0630, found 384.0642.

***trans*-2-Phenylcyclopropanecarbaldehyde (**S13b**)**

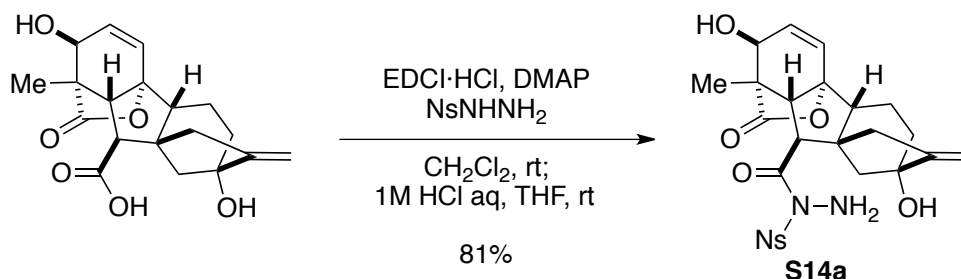


To a solution of **S13a** (200 mg, 0.55 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) at room temperature was

added TMS-imidazole (160 μ L, 1.11 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (75 mg, 1.1 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 16 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (6 mL) and EtOAc (15 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (15 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (3% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S13b** as a colorless oil (60.8 mg, 0.42 mmol, 75%).

R_f = 0.63 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, 2,4-DNP); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3023, 1708, 1128; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 9.33 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11–7.33 (m, 5H), 2.61–2.66 (m, 1H), 2.15–2.21 (m, 1H), 1.71–1.76 (m, 1H), 1.51–1.56 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 199.7, 138.9, 128.6, 126.8, 126.3, 33.8, 26.6, 16.4; HRMS calcd for C₁₀H₁₀O ([M⁺]) 146.0732, found 146.0727.

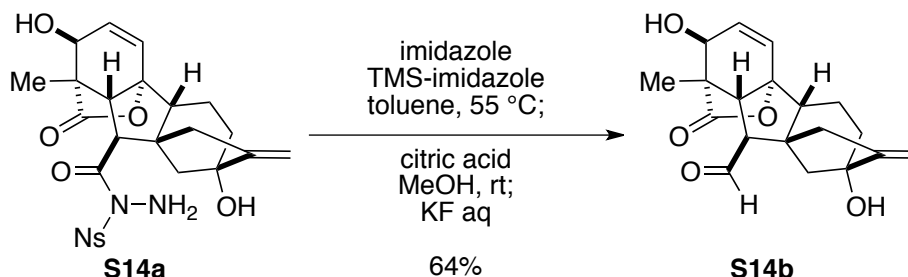
***N*-((1*S*,2*S*,4*aR*,4*bS*,7*S*,9*aS*,10*S*,10*aR*)-2,7-dihydroxy-1-methyl-8-methylene-13-oxo-1,2,4*b*,5,6,7,8,9,10,10*a*-decahydro-4*a*,1-(epoxymethano)-7,9*a*-methanobenzo[*a*]azulene-10-carbonyl)-2-nitrobenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S14a**)**



To a solution of gibberellic acid (355 mg, 1.02 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (288 mg, 1.50 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and *o*-NsNHNH₂ (217 mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M HCl aq. (5.0 mL) and THF (5.0 mL) and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (50 to 60% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S14a** (449 mg, 0.82 mmol, 81%) as a white powder.

*R*_f = 0.38 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:2, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 192.0–193.0 °C (decomp.); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3377, 1762, 1701, 1543, 1364, 1173; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.48 (m, 1H), 7.85 (m, 3H), 6.28 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.87–5.84 (m, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 4.83–4.77 (m, 3H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.06–1.65 (m, 8H), 1.05 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 178.3, 173.9, 156.4, 147.7, 135.5, 135.1, 132.8, 132.7, 132.6, 132.4, 124.5, 107.4, 90.4, 78.3, 69.8, 53.5, 53.2, 51.6, 51.5, 47.8, 45.1, 42.9, 37.9, 17.0, 14.3; HRMS calcd for C₂₅H₂₇N₃NaO₉S ([M + Na⁺]) 568.1366, found 568.1389.

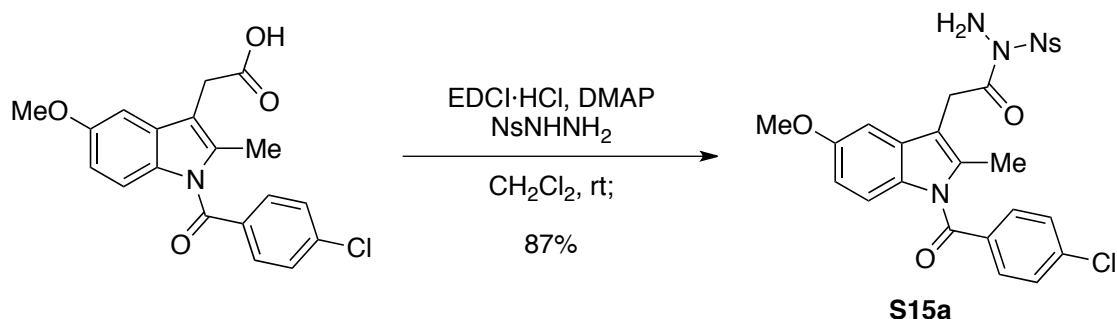
(1S,2S,4aR,4bS,7S,9aS,10S,10aR)-2,7-dihydroxy-1-methyl-8-methylene-13-oxo-1,2,4b,5,6,7,8,9,10,10a-decahydro-4a,1-(epoxymethano)-7,9a-methanobenzo[*a*]azulene-10-carbaldehyde (S14b)



To a solution of **S14a** (300 mg, 0.55 mmol) in toluene (3.5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (400 μL , 2.75 mmol). After stirring for 10 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (112 mg, 1.65 mmol), and stirring was continued at 55 $^\circ\text{C}$. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (6.0 mL) at room temperature. After 2 h, the resulting solution was added 1.0 M KF aq. (1.0 mL) and stirred for additional 1 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (20 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (40 to 50% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S14b** (115 mg, 0.35 mmol, 64%) as a white powder.

R_f = 0.42 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:2, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); M.p. 173.0–175.0 $^\circ\text{C}$ (decomp.); IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3406, 1760, 1717, 1454, 1380; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 6.34 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (dd, J = 9.2, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.19 (t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 1H), 3.21 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 2.12–1.68 (m, 9H), 1.23 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 200.7, 178.3, 156.1, 132.6, 132.5, 108.1, 90.4, 77.5, 69.7, 56.4, 53.4, 51.4, 50.9, 50.3, 45.9, 41.9, 38.2, 16.9, 14.9; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{ONa}_5$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 353.1365, found 353.1353.

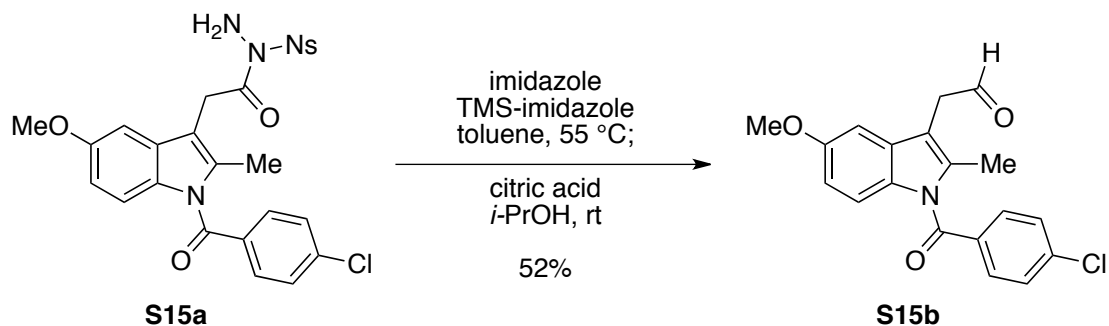
***N*-(2-(1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)acetyl)-2-nitrobenzenesulfonylhydrazide (**S15a**)**



To a solution of Indomethacin (358 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (288 mg, 1.50 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (24.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and *o*-NsNHNH₂ (326 mg, 1.50 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (30 mL) and H_2O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (10-20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S15a** (486 mg, 0.87 mmol, 87%) as a yellow powder.

R_f = 0.66 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 93.0–95.0 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1684, 1541, 1477, 1362, 1324; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 8.45 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81–7.69 (m, 3H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 172.1, 168.2, 155.7, 147.4, 139.3, 136.5, 135.5, 134.8, 133.8, 132.6, 132.4, 131.2, 130.7, 130.5, 129.1, 124.7, 114.8, 111.5, 111.3, 101.1, 55.5, 31.6, 13.4; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClN}_4\text{NaO}_7\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 579.0717, found 579.0697.

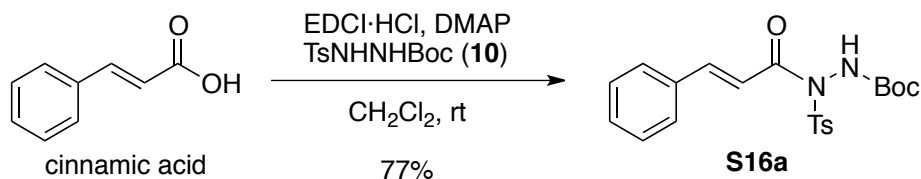
2-(1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-5-methoxy-2-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)acetaldehyde (S15b)



To a solution of **S15a** (150 mg, 0.27 mmol) in toluene (1.3 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (80 μL , 0.54 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (37 mg, 0.54 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. After 20 h, the reaction mixture was added 0.5 M citric acid in *i*-PrOH (5.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (6 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (10 to 15% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S15b** (48.3 mg, 0.14 mmol, 52%) as a yellow crystal.

R_f = 0.44 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); M.p. 121.5–123.0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1723, 1683, 1590, 1477, 1357, 1317; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 9.71 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 198.0, 168.2, 156.1, 139.4, 136.5, 133.7, 131.2, 130.9, 130.6, 129.2, 115.1, 111.9, 110.1, 100.8, 55.7, 39.4, 13.3; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClNNaO}_3$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 364.0716, found 364.0703.

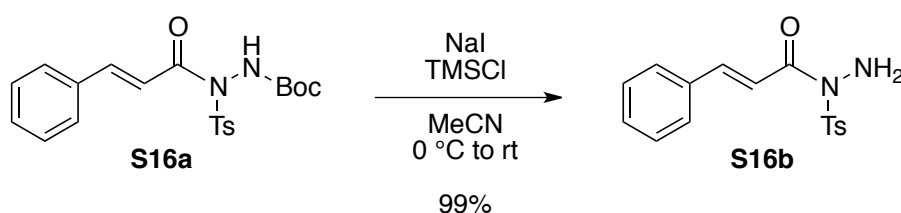
***tert*-Butyl 2-cinnamoyl-2-tosylhydrazinecarboxylate (**S16a**)**



To a stirred solution of cinnamic acid (**24**, 163 mg, 1.10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (230 mg, 1.20 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and TsNHNHBoc (**10**, 286. mg, 1.00 mmol). After 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10 to 15% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S16a** (320 mg, 0.77 mmol, 77%) as a white amorphous solid.

R_f = 0.47 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 1733, 1698, 1617, 1507, 1370, 1246, 1167, 1021; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (br, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.52 (br, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 165.9, 154.2, 147.1, 145.3, 134.9, 134.2, 130.7, 129.7, 129.2, 128.8, 128.4, 83.3, 28.0, 21.7; HRMS calcd for C₂₀H₂₁N₃NaO₅S ([M + Na⁺]) 439.1304, found 439.1312.

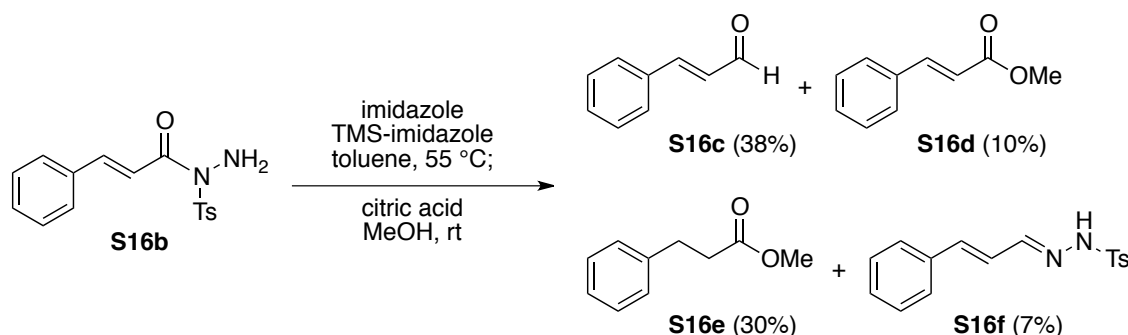
***(E)*-N-Cinnamoyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide (**S16b**)**



To a stirred solution of **S16a** (320 mg, 0.77 mmol) in MeCN (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaI (345 mg, 2.31 mmol) and TMSCl (200 μL, 1.54 mmol). The resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After stirring for 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with saturated Na₂S₂O₃ aq. (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from toluene (10 mL) to afford **S16b** as a white powder (240 mg, 0.76 mmol, 99%).

R_f = 0.67 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 146.1–146.5 °C; IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 1667, 1649, 1615, 1346, 1171, 1133, 1090; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (m, 3H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ 167.0, 146.0, 145.2, 134.7, 134.5, 130.6, 129.6, 128.9, 128.7, 128.4, 117.3, 21.7; HRMS calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ ($[\text{M} + \text{Na}^+]$) 339.0779, found 339.0790.

Synthesis of *trans*-cinnamaldehyde (**S16c**) from **S16b**



To a stirred solution of **S16b** (20 mg, 0.06 mmol) in toluene (630 μL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (24 μL , 0.13 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (8.6 mg, 0.13 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 12 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (400 μL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (5 mL) and saturated NaHCO_3 aq. (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative TLC (20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S16f** (1.3 mg, 0.004 mmol, 6.7%) and inseparable mixture (total 7.3 mg) of **S16c** (0.024 mmol, 38%), **S16d** (0.006 mmol, 10%) and **S16e** (0.019 mmol, 30%).

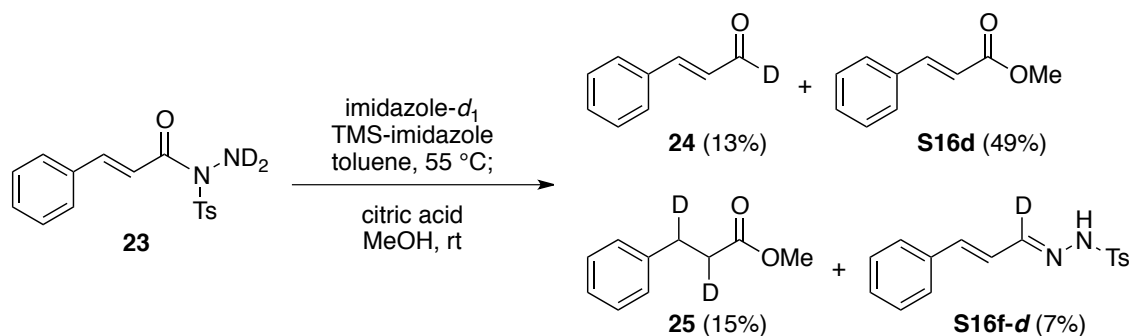
S16c: R_f = 0.69 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 9.71 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (m, 3H), 6.73 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H).

S16d: R_f = 0.68 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.70 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 7.64–7.29 (m, 5H), 6.45 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H).

S16e: R_f = 0.68 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.29–7.13 (m, 5H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.96 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H).

S16f: R_f = 0.21 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ 7.84 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37–7.26 (m, 5H), 6.87–6.80 (m, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of deuterated *trans*-cinnamaldehyde (**24**) via deuterated substrate **23**



The stirred solution of **S16b** (11.0 mg, 0.040 mmol) in CD₃OD (650 μL) under Ar was heated at 70 °C. After stirring for 7 h, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The deuteriomic content of **23** was determined by ¹H NMR to be >99%. To a solution of **23** (11 mg, 0.040 mmol) in toluene (350 μL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (14 μL, 0.07 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (5.0 mg, 0.070 mmol), and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 12 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (400 μL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (5 mL) and saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (5 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative TLC (20% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **S16f-d** (0.7 mg, 0.002 mmol, 7%) and inseparable mixture (total 4.3 mg) of **24** (0.005 mmol, 13%), **S16d** (0.017 mmol, 49%) and **25** (0.005 mmol, 15%).

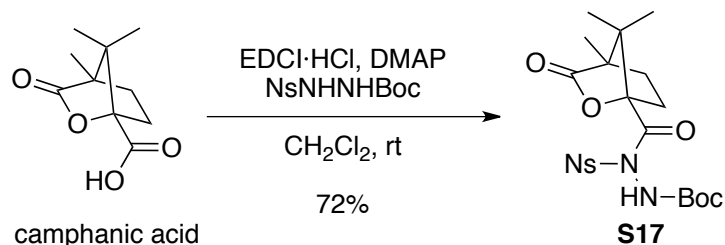
24: *R*_f = 0.69 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (m, 3H), 6.73 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H).

25: *R*_f = 0.68 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.29–7.13 (m, 5H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.96 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H(44%-*d*)), 2.64 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H(63%-*d*)).*

S16f-d: *R*_f = 0.21 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37–7.26 (m, 5H), 6.87–6.80 (m, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H).

* The slight difference of the deuterated content in **25** could be explained by the H-D exchange at the α-position of the intermediate **28** under basic conditions.

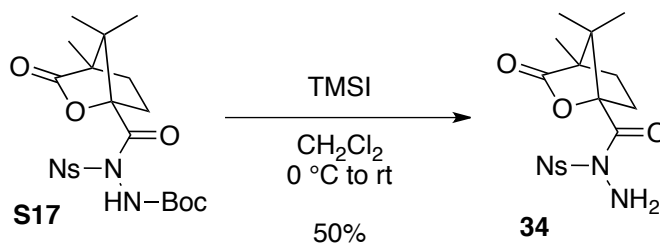
***tert*-Butyl-2-((2-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl)-2-((1R)-4,7,7-trimethyl-3-oxo-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-carbonyl)hydrazinecarboxylate (**S17**)**



To a stirred solution of (–)-camphanic acid (100 mg, 0.50 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at room temperature was added EDCI·HCl (145 mg, 0.76 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12.0 mg, 0.05 mmol) and NsNHNHBoc (160 mg, 0.50 mmol). After 3 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc (40 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine (10 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc in *n*-hexane, 20 to 40%) to afford **S17** as a pale yellow amorphous solid (180 mg, 0.36 mmol, 72%).

*R*_f = 0.42 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); IR (neat, cm^{–1}) 3387, 3101, 1793, 1744, 1592, 1545, 1468, 1371, 1249, 1180, 1092, 1039; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.55 (m, 1H), 7.82 (m, 3H), 2.42–1.23 (m, 4H), 1.53 (s, 9H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 177.7, 167.5, 154.3, 147.9, 135.1, 132.3, 131.5, 124.7, 91.2, 83.7, 55.1, 53.8, 30.5, 28.8, 28.0, 16.8, 16.3, 9.5; HRMS calcd for C₁₆H₁₇N₃NaO₆S ([M + Na⁺]) 520.1366, found 520.1344.

2-Nitro-*N*-((1R)-4,7,7-trimethyl-3-oxo-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-carbonyl)benzenesulfonohydrazide (34**)**



To a stirred solution of **S17** (100 mg, 0.20 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (200 μL) at 0 °C was added 1.0 M TMSI in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL). The resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After stirring for 6 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aq. (2 mL) and partitioned between EtOAc

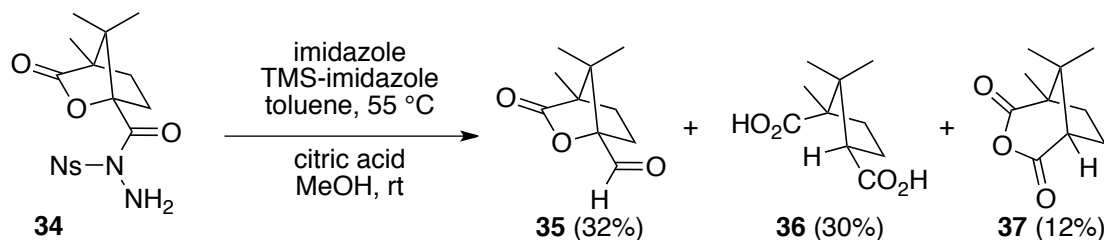
(15 mL) and H₂O (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with saturated Na₂S₂O₃ aq. (5 mL) and brine (5 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on neutralized silica gel (40% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **34** as a white powder (40.0 mg, 0.10 mmol, 50%).

*R*_f = 0.31 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA); M.p. 123.3–123.5 °C; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 2970, 1784, 1698, 1541, 1366, 1173, 1092, 1031; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.48 (m, 1H), 7.85 (m, 3H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 2.63 (dt, *J* = 9.2, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (dt, *J* = 12.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (dt, *J* = 12.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (d, *J* = 9.2, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 178.2, 168.0, 147.8, 135.2, 135.0, 132.8, 132.6, 124.7, 91.5, 54.6, 53.9, 29.9, 29.1, 17.0, 16.6, 9.5; HRMS calcd for C₁₉H₂₀N₄NaO₄S ([M + Na⁺]) 420.0841, found 420.0833.

(1*R*)-4,7,7-trimethyl-3-oxo-2-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-carbaldehyde (35),

(1*s*,3*s*)-1,2,2-trimethylcyclopentane-1,3-dicarboxylic acid (36),

1,8,8-trimethyl-3-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-2,4-dione (37)



To a stirred solution of **34** (37.3 mg, 0.09 mmol) in toluene (1.0 mL) at room temperature was added TMS-imidazole (36 μL, 0.19 mmol). After stirring for 5 min, the reaction mixture was added imidazole (12.8 mg, 0.19 mmol) and stirring was continued at 55 °C. After 14 h, the reaction mixture was added 1.0 M citric acid in MeOH (2.0 mL) at room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The resulting mixture was partitioned between saturated NH₄Cl aq. (5 mL) and EtOAc (10 mL). The organic phase was collected and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by preparative TLC (33% EtOAc in *n*-hexane) to afford **37** (2.1 mg, 0.012 mmol, 12%), and inseparable mixture (total 11.3 mg) of **35** and **36**. The mixture was partitioned between saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (2 mL) and EtOAc (2 mL). The organic phase was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ aq. (2 mL) twice, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **35** (5.5 mg, 0.030 mmol, 32%). The

combined aqueous phase was added 1.0 M HCl aq. until it becomes acidic (pH = 2), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) twice. The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **36** (5.7 mg, 0.029 mmol, 30%).

35: R_f = 0.30 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 9.92 (s, 1H), 2.37–2.30 (m, 1H), 1.95–1.88 (m, 2H), 1.74–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 6H).

36^{*}: R_f = 0.16 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 1:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 2.96 (t, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.25–2.15 (m, 2H), 2.10–2.00 (m, 1H), 1.71–1.61 (m, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400 MHz) δ 12.11 (brs, 2H), 2.83 (t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 2.07–1.93 (m, 2H), 1.84–1.79 (m, 1H), 1.56–1.50 (m, 1H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.81 (s, 3H).

37: R_f = 0.48 (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 2:1, UV, Ce-PMA, 2,4-DNP); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 2.83 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.26–2.23 (m, 1H), 2.17–2.09 (m, 1H), 2.04–1.93 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 1.00 (s, 3H).

^{*} Lesac, A.; Moslavac-Forjan, D.; Bruce, D. W.; Šunjić, V. *Helv. Chim. Acta*, **1999**, 82, 1707.

Computational Section

Details of Computational Methods

All calculations were carried with the Gaussian 09 program package.* The global reaction route mapping method (GRRM) based on Gaussian 09 was utilized for locating all local equilibrium structures and TS structures and for geometry optimization. The molecular structures and harmonic vibrational frequencies were obtained using the hybrid density functional method based on M062X.† We used 6–31+G* for the other atoms. Geometry optimization and vibrational analysis were performed at the same level. All stationary points were optimized without any symmetry assumptions, and characterized by normal coordinate analysis at the same level of theory (number of imaginary frequencies, NIMAG, 0 for minima and 1 for TSs). The intrinsic reaction coordinate (IRC) method was used to track minimum energy paths from transition structures to the corresponding local minima.

* Gaussian 09, Revision C.01, Frisch, M. J.; Trucks, G. W.; Schlegel, H. B.; Scuseria, G. E.; Robb, M. A.; Cheeseman, J. R.; Scalmani, G.; Barone, V.; Mennucci, B.; Petersson, G. A.; Nakatsuji, H.; Caricato, M.; Li, X.; Hratchian, H. P.; Izmaylov, A. F.; Bloino, J.; Zheng, G.; Sonnenberg, J. L.; Hada, M.; Ehara, M.; Toyota, K.; Fukuda, R.; Hasegawa, J.; Ishida, M.; Nakajima, T.; Honda, Y.; Kitao, O.; Nakai, H.; Vreven, T.; Montgomery, Jr., J. A.; Peralta, J. E.; Ogliaro, F.; Bearpark, M.; Heyd, J. J.; Brothers, E.; Kudin, K. N.; Staroverov, V. N.; Kobayashi, R.; Normand, J.; Raghavachari, K.; Rendell, A.; Burant, J. C.; Iyengar, S. S.; Tomasi, J.; Cossi, M.; Rega, N.; Millam, N. J.; Klene, M.; Knox, J. E.; Cross, J. B.; Bakken, V.; Adamo, C.; Jaramillo, J.; Gomperts, R.; Stratmann, R. E.; Yazyev, O.; Austin, A. J.; Cammi, R.; Pomelli, C.; Ochterski, J. W.; Martin, R. L.; Morokuma, K.; Zakrzewski, V. G.; Voth, G. A.; Salvador, P.; Dannenberg, J. J.; Dapprich, S.; Daniels, A. D.; Farkas, Ö.; Foresman, J. B.; Ortiz, J. V.; Cioslowski, J.; Fox, D. J. Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2009.

† (a) Zhao, Y.; Truhlar, D. G. *Theor. Chem. Acc.* **2008**, *120*, 215-241; (b) Zhao, Y.; Truhlar, D. G. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2008**, *41*, 157-167.

3-1. Cartesian Coordinates and Free Energies

CP1

$\Delta G_{298K} = -1304.273940$ A.U.

C	-0.69655724	2.01872742	0.33174632
N	-1.48391599	1.71046765	-0.81953432
C	0.02103935	0.87759562	1.01897083
O	-0.54988406	3.16202469	0.67202293
N	-2.04426982	2.80109494	-1.48647941
H	-0.61864255	0.01830487	1.21923548
H	0.86920712	0.56867363	0.39934052
H	0.40940285	1.27148740	1.95713605
H	-2.02077123	2.62558222	-2.48417794
H	-3.00552723	2.94468397	-1.15508578
S	-2.23660895	0.18909954	-1.04968335
O	-2.66553053	-0.38843004	0.22972877
O	-3.21725573	0.37993707	-2.10462045
C	-0.94058188	-0.84923894	-1.69898240
H	-1.41352705	-1.80538576	-1.93032135
H	-0.16191697	-0.97885773	-0.94956081
H	-0.55538900	-0.37779369	-2.60286461
C	-5.84374577	2.91062541	-1.17154190
C	-6.97352293	2.31421333	-0.67909807
N	-6.58758911	1.72387691	0.49769259
C	-5.26041801	1.95569254	0.65613745
N	-4.77986202	2.68099147	-0.32917258
H	-5.73428764	3.48484303	-2.07969977
H	-7.97893226	2.23077295	-1.05880990
H	-7.14296739	1.07445635	1.04087479
H	-4.69491859	1.57386037	1.49462179
C	-7.63908563	-1.46984503	0.46147700
C	-6.41268992	-1.56147949	1.07836146
N	-5.50266830	-1.18514096	0.12353457
C	-6.19890580	-0.87265108	-1.00020379
N	-7.49419369	-1.03783853	-0.83382481
H	-8.60943282	-1.70857820	0.87324270
H	-6.11728865	-1.87660602	2.06693734
H	-4.50240890	-1.05953188	0.24894133
H	-5.70694599	-0.49777921	-1.88774525

TS1

$\Delta G_{298K} = -1304.259383$ A.U.

C	-0.40847102	1.95386458	-0.45710886
N	-1.74863737	2.39660332	-0.02850191
C	0.47979914	1.57008533	0.686646801
O	-0.07405457	2.05492092	-1.61525505
N	-2.45484794	2.78439106	-0.97762040
H	-0.10638200	1.21061065	1.53290621
H	1.19351996	0.81555156	0.353739827
H	1.04152449	2.45834335	0.994892271
H	-2.05030984	2.68718507	-1.92282493
H	-3.57801052	2.96406741	-0.73697852
S	-2.13973257	-0.09014624	-0.445707940
O	-2.87531058	-0.78021893	0.67927924
O	-3.02068943	0.34255882	-1.58335671
C	-1.07233987	-1.36181723	-1.163891566
H	-1.72806119	-2.14666914	-1.546959719

H	-0.42130091	-1.74866418	-0.379029016
H	-0.49885760	-0.90477986	-1.971813429
C	-6.12500363	3.37168358	-0.74349234
C	-7.15328290	2.58686269	-0.30205107
N	-6.56673859	1.57721340	0.42092949
C	-5.23393417	1.75160137	0.38404038
N	-4.93396990	2.83799686	-0.30616070
H	-6.16270673	4.26815195	-1.34239218
H	-8.21933640	2.64449584	-0.44805620
H	-7.03164123	0.74325703	0.77131309
H	-4.52156449	1.06668561	0.82743182
C	-7.72544315	-1.46438191	-0.08697489
C	-6.61304833	-1.69525117	0.69278891
N	-5.54344402	-1.35158745	-0.09354977
C	-6.03840008	-0.92742472	-1.28466275
N	-7.35523486	-0.98285939	-1.31841415
H	-8.76195756	-1.64086189	0.16405367
H	-6.49245868	-2.09166989	1.68915514
H	-4.55509136	-1.32746899	0.18426293
H	-5.38608397	-0.56078044	-2.06598362

CP2

$\Delta G_{298K} = -1304.269348$ A.U.

C	-0.08850677	2.24810310	-0.48391968
N	-1.36893284	2.89722979	-0.03902276
C	0.82822658	1.96764912	0.65856483
O	0.12261262	2.05134717	-1.64988885
N	-2.21045929	2.98094283	-0.93491664
H	0.28905219	1.38992920	1.41402062
H	1.70980521	1.43097930	0.31187999
H	1.11653100	2.91823724	1.11896345
H	-1.88222850	2.55787223	-1.82876403
H	-3.94985044	2.92316883	-0.53544314
S	-2.19268322	-0.17627020	-0.29042696
O	-3.12205546	-0.760223708	0.79386321
O	-3.03317743	0.58477266	-1.31828957
C	-1.72792352	-1.66134916	-1.21791789
H	-2.65531074	-2.11366032	-1.58021320
H	-1.19840807	-2.34446508	-0.55148866
H	-1.09603858	-1.36199956	-2.05625385
C	-6.09248508	3.26191609	-0.71506613
C	-7.12321135	2.48442368	-0.28302018
N	-6.55461860	1.43910188	0.40996223
C	-5.22604608	1.55263258	0.37962121
N	-4.93051801	2.66098927	-0.28628488
H	-6.09028691	4.17158910	-1.29194251
H	-8.18780439	2.57074903	-0.42185923
H	-7.03927600	0.59966849	0.73118673
H	-4.51004493	0.83881356	0.77785171
C	-7.75541144	-1.51713896	-0.20716826
C	-6.67602240	-1.779801797	0.61192606
N	-5.56927901	-1.44368861	-0.12264259
C	-6.01080152	-0.98929026	-1.32205814
N	-7.32807478	-1.01963728	-1.41342771
H	-8.80356091	-1.68634165	-0.00292836
H	-6.60223585	-2.197647791	1.60446182

H	-4.58099655	-1.372873252	0.21750761
H	-5.32180422	-0.60893856	-2.06581001

CP3

$\Delta G_{298K} = -715.694614$ A.U.

C	-0.15697434	0.71856442	1.25051390
C	-1.10496386	1.41910235	2.16440201
O	0.36402697	-0.36769492	1.46369590
N	0.41812747	1.49609448	0.18910299
N	0.07116992	1.39450444	-0.99085098
H	-0.52377876	2.07460535	2.82198379
H	-1.62798917	0.67811807	2.76848984
H	-1.81262356	2.02701432	1.59906631
H	1.86393392	-0.52353507	0.58317129
C	3.78790180	-1.42878826	0.20597619
C	4.80481465	-1.02023902	-0.60073821
N	4.37952585	0.15139996	-1.19106946
C	3.15114199	0.45257759	-0.76456431
N	2.77882639	-0.49974434	0.08352776
H	3.70219763	-2.28867323	0.85034496
H	5.77279511	1.45112118	-0.79869497
H	4.90973843	0.70821749	-1.84956502
H	2.55890338	1.30871920	-1.05671696
C	-4.39307959	-0.82198456	-0.39875431
C	-3.49503381	0.17856952	-0.65132432
N	-2.24972722	-0.18009519	-0.18351275
C	-2.39166703	-1.37962739	0.34369320
N	-3.67162546	-1.80492447	0.23486532
H	-5.44635543	-0.92003140	-0.60694603
H	-3.67001970	1.12548027	-1.14021508
H	-0.75608483	0.75695478	-1.06265451
H	-1.60943738	-1.95541959	0.81877575
H	-4.03248925	-2.68860581	0.56424620

TS2

$\Delta G_{298K} = -715.678519$ A.U.

C	0.04999462	1.15958623	0.141650459
C	0.60526193	1.44451238	1.505123323
O	0.55430944	0.25326831	-0.651693412
N	-0.90686628	1.89572048	-0.305746513
N	-1.96556292	2.31557649	-0.665287129
H	1.65212503	1.74888007	1.417214936
H	0.55994552	0.52746454	2.098725164
H	0.04344602	2.23188619	2.007209465
H	1.59600910	0.00372117	-0.422202471
C	3.51124559	-1.02440205	0.840974647
C	4.86068482	-1.11630326	0.652446855
N	5.11670472	-0.43396500	-0.513277135
C	3.95154316	0.04294356	-0.992738052
N	2.95985282	-0.29850459	-0.191034765
H	2.91020487	-1.43516513	1.637444531
H	5.63797881	-1.59603014	1.224856038
H	6.02313316	-0.31106370	-0.943013777
H	3.86282350	0.61501950	-1.904445831
C	-4.80525321	-1.43164340	0.334571023

C	-4.58831140	-0.08413835	0.383857517
N	-3.33703691	0.18479513	-0.121413052
C	-2.80174272	-0.97019028	-0.473836866
N	-3.66300592	-1.97171820	-0.209714915
H	-5.64919016	-2.03573391	0.625788121
H	-5.24165681	0.69756026	0.738675568
H	-2.73150725	1.44995584	-0.391697006
H	-1.82160650	-1.10816931	-0.912019364
H	-3.49947104	-2.95146780	-0.394387338

CP4

$\Delta G_{298K} = -715.680966$ A.U.

C	0.02271145	0.99748750	0.52145883
C	0.55424012	1.46337754	1.83891337
O	0.29900032	0.23808661	0.03103654
N	-0.73937807	1.73731114	-0.20114125
N	-1.50410055	2.31220354	-0.86628870
H	1.64896241	1.47616609	1.81510766
H	0.23838188	0.77667204	2.63030912
H	0.20014222	2.46826284	2.07408721
H	1.32715636	0.35332816	-0.06718782
C	3.72142719	0.89664487	0.81188354
C	5.01381107	0.79777892	0.37806123
N	4.93579812	0.24613200	-0.87860325
C	3.63338386	0.03142114	-1.16425929
N	2.87253484	0.41538412	-0.15891541
H	3.35234264	1.28353149	1.74948496
H	5.95269305	1.06406508	0.83592443
H	5.71533218	0.03781036	-1.48593486
H	3.28889626	0.39436725	-2.09506295
C	-4.84255795	-1.35161225	0.01069833
C	-4.72965243	-0.02129146	-0.25224590
N	-3.38438458	0.24971779	-0.36497859
C	-2.68194458	-0.86339674	-0.18054807
N	-3.55551800	-1.84663607	0.04955999
H	-5.70812607	-1.97410400	0.16935469
H	-5.48288392	0.74082849	-0.37005042
H	-2.94805447	1.17415449	-0.56817175
H	-1.59644043	-0.95150025	-0.20704455
H	-3.29766126	-2.80941611	0.22602145

CP5

$\Delta G_{298K} = -263.122057$ A.U.

C	0.33104469	0.03516788	0.07354113
C	1.17244582	-1.19685422	0.00546320
O	0.91582069	1.27722230	0.20948293
H	1.69370390	-1.37130765	0.95311743
H	1.92797902	-1.09795943	-0.78176710
H	0.55581262	-2.07196076	-0.20962631
H	0.99177784	1.50286999	1.14553728
N	-0.92553497	0.01548945	-0.22200779
N	-2.04646843	-0.00480437	-0.46677544

TS3

$\Delta G_{298K} = -263.103863$ A.U.

C	0.37918525	0.02760445	0.47252188
C	1.20152857	-1.12056598	-0.05799520
O	1.01439302	1.19488836	0.17565171
H	2.00986568	-1.27051399	0.66304713
H	1.65516723	-0.92402416	-1.03762693
H	0.61177347	-2.03914734	-0.09727552
H	0.66132767	1.89360167	0.73907957
N	-1.00742523	-0.01308962	-0.40307919
N	-2.12110367	0.00602860	-0.46845343

CP6

$\Delta G_{298K} = -263.151063$ A.U.

C	0.91804856	0.08556793	0.79327605
C	1.49990596	-1.05108294	0.01441135
O	1.34053464	1.19896461	0.23531702
H	2.18289175	-1.57370434	0.69689407
H	2.03237732	-0.76248583	-0.89976563
H	0.70311370	-1.76808540	-0.20648664
H	0.99065947	1.95066367	0.73321630
N	-1.74880344	-0.16385992	-0.85060506
N	-2.73773524	-0.02883713	-0.39191275

CP7

$\Delta G_{298K} = -379.732311$ A.U.

C	-2.700252	0.307634	-0.444338
O	-2.267944	-0.930486	-0.580845
H	-2.394340	-1.198314	-1.501106
N	0.567262	0.479625	-0.429354
C	1.819155	1.039180	-0.514222
C	0.738457	-0.673242	0.172826
C	2.756054	0.210045	0.046041
H	1.974707	2.004911	-0.971931
H	-0.045337	-1.382594	0.401273
H	3.823941	0.294821	0.169423
H	2.426175	-1.696121	0.946193
N	2.047860	-0.885146	0.482522
C	-2.431537	0.722534	0.964187
H	-3.296300	1.263691	1.357667
H	-2.130886	-0.090124	1.639094
H	-1.611533	1.449363	0.887006

TS4

$\Delta G_{298K} = -379.718766$ A.U.

$\text{ImagF} = -200.9603 \text{ cm}^{-1}$

C	-1.55639674	0.03093230	0.62318828
O	-0.52821316	0.88384914	0.33578899
H	-0.08803771	1.08880727	1.16782989
N	-0.57398855	-1.71483425	0.20328627
C	-0.85328693	-2.98610882	0.62442912
C	0.56854109	-1.75894918	-0.43585703
C	0.15081202	-3.82607477	0.22189133
H	-1.74561401	-3.20430495	1.19181107
H	1.06183123	-0.90728107	-0.88371769

H	0.30739324	-4.88453597	0.35463721
H	1.91480864	-3.33049278	-0.87193304
N	1.04928547	-3.02863545	-0.45156682
C	-2.40252142	-0.01399527	-0.63127150
H	-3.07431099	0.85138463	-0.56797823
H	-1.82951260	0.06650457	-1.56781843
H	-3.02120098	-0.91384559	-0.64889277

CP8

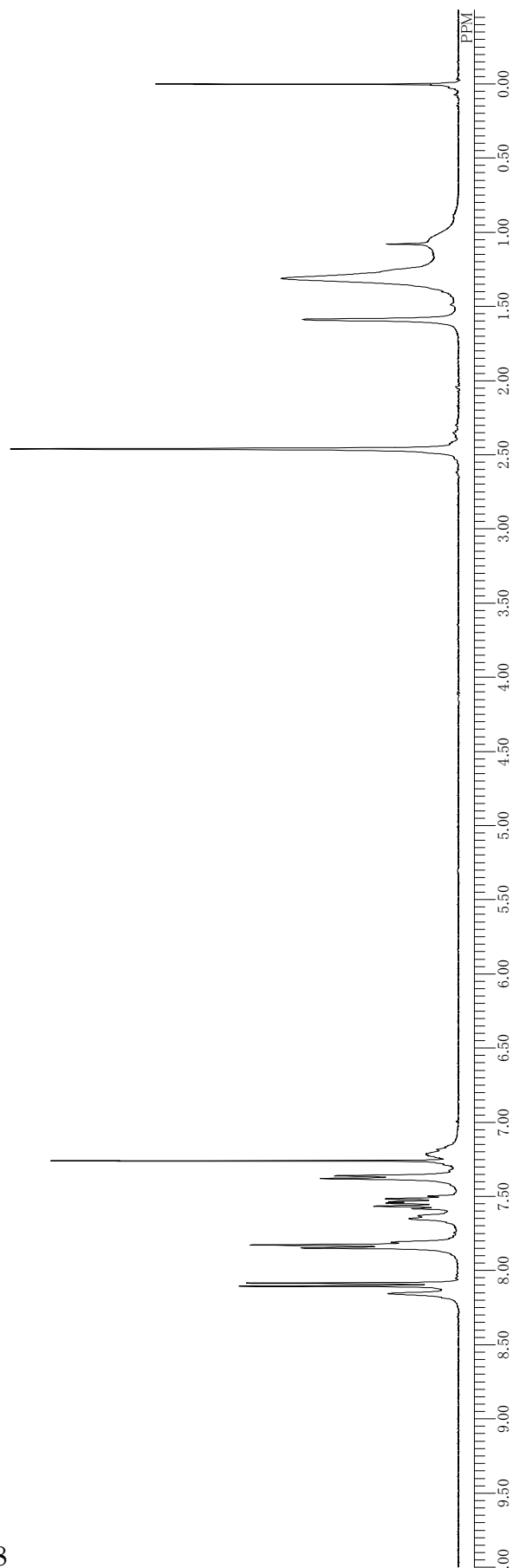
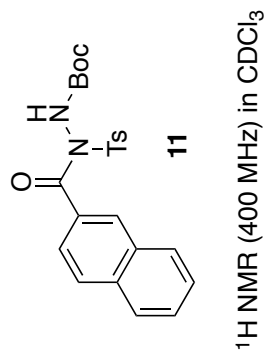
$\Delta G_{298K} = -379.733023$ A.U.

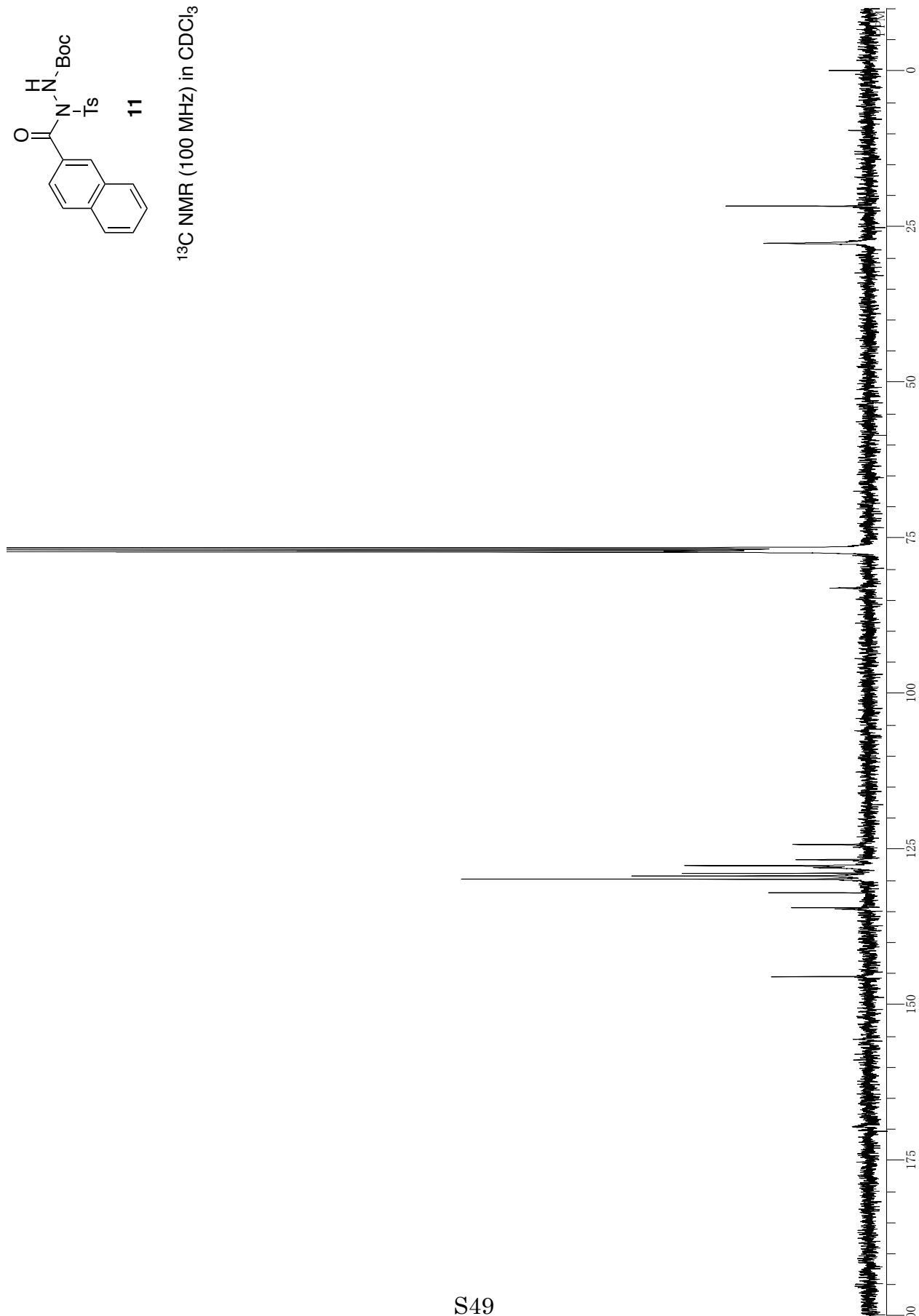
C	-1.379127	0.043628	-0.440293
O	-1.836753	-1.238015	-0.016569
H	-2.297156	-1.629439	-0.762856
N	0.025163	0.030855	-0.174976
C	0.878025	1.124984	-0.256768
C	0.765336	-1.038144	0.135397
C	2.149774	0.692041	-0.026816
H	0.509518	2.102651	-0.515105
H	0.376823	-2.030276	0.271797
H	3.082165	1.232196	-0.018224
H	2.846021	-1.272358	0.385693
N	2.073384	-0.653697	0.202548
C	-2.047197	1.121086	0.386926
H	-3.122800	1.095473	0.199621
H	-1.887730	0.980747	1.474171
H	-1.703508	2.123451	0.113777

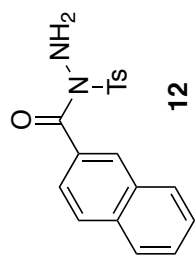
CP9

$\Delta G_{298K} = -379.822156$ A.U.

C	-1.316962	0.353200	-0.244048
H	-1.431768	1.300509	-0.787701
C	-1.989737	0.436127	1.112377
H	-1.869108	-0.513025	1.640603
H	-1.540893	1.235613	1.705537
H	-3.055690	0.632553	0.981046
O	-1.909581	-0.709393	-0.941160
H	-1.497103	-0.791214	-1.810064
N	0.124169	0.142720	-0.124594
C	1.117236	1.055450	-0.400457
C	0.743285	-0.979758	0.344804
C	2.293101	0.424812	-0.084307
H	0.897164	2.039811	-0.785509
H	0.185864	-1.862350	0.626577
H	3.297896	0.812067	-0.167389
N	2.048509	-0.845263	0.375446

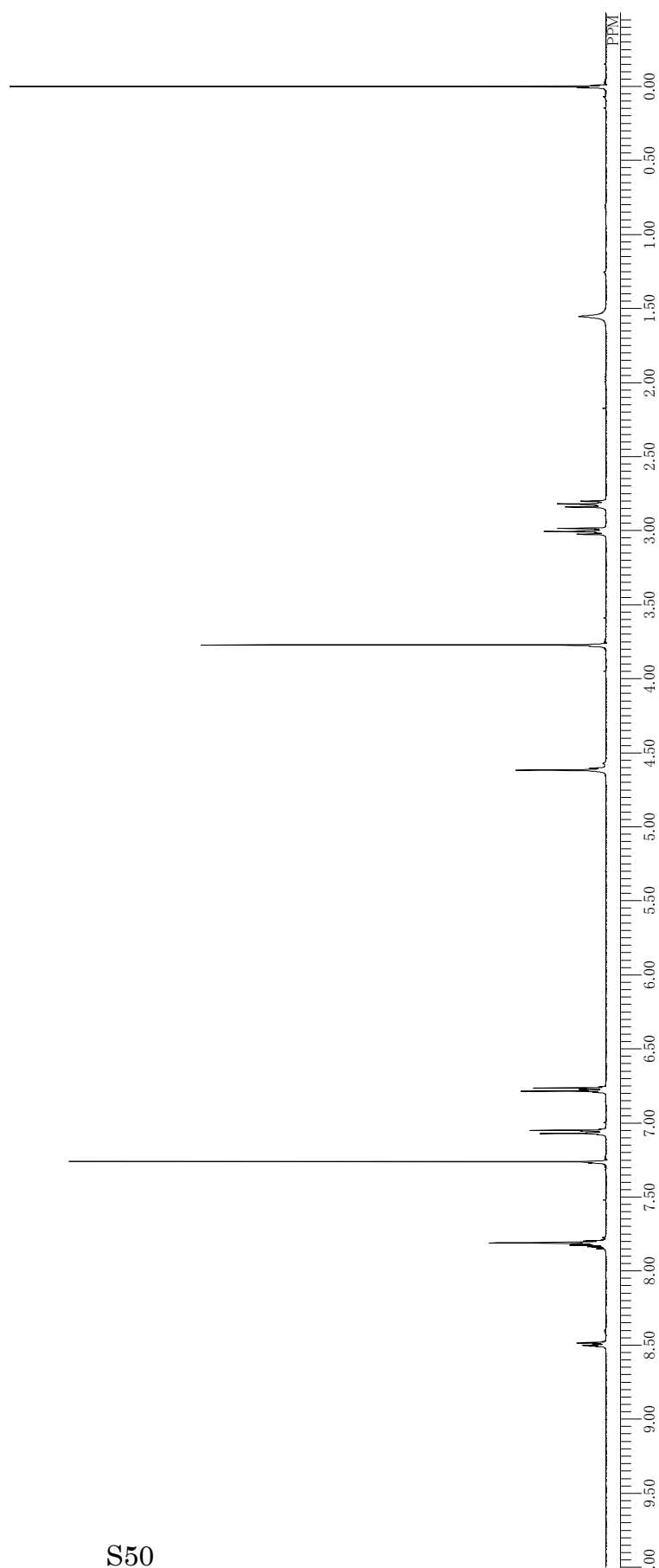


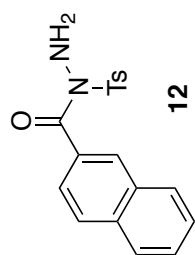




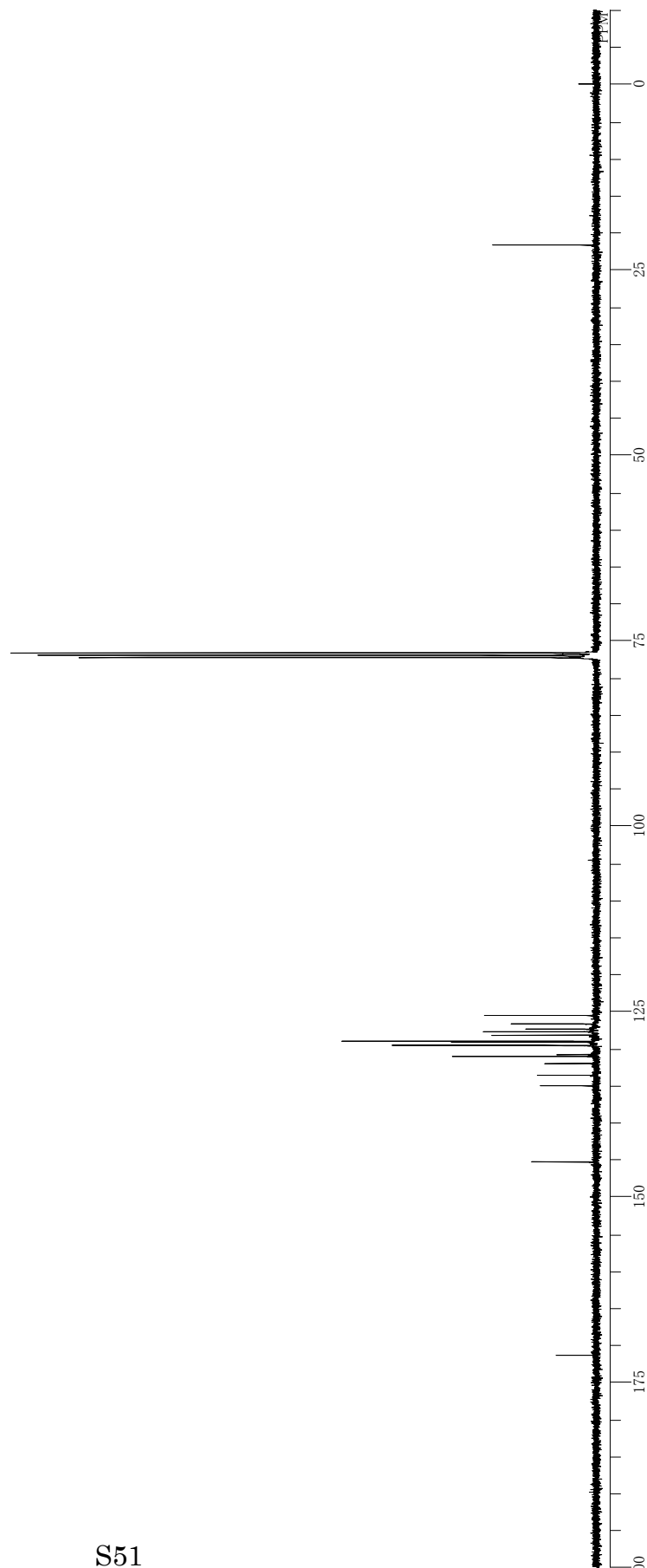
12

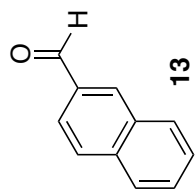
¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃



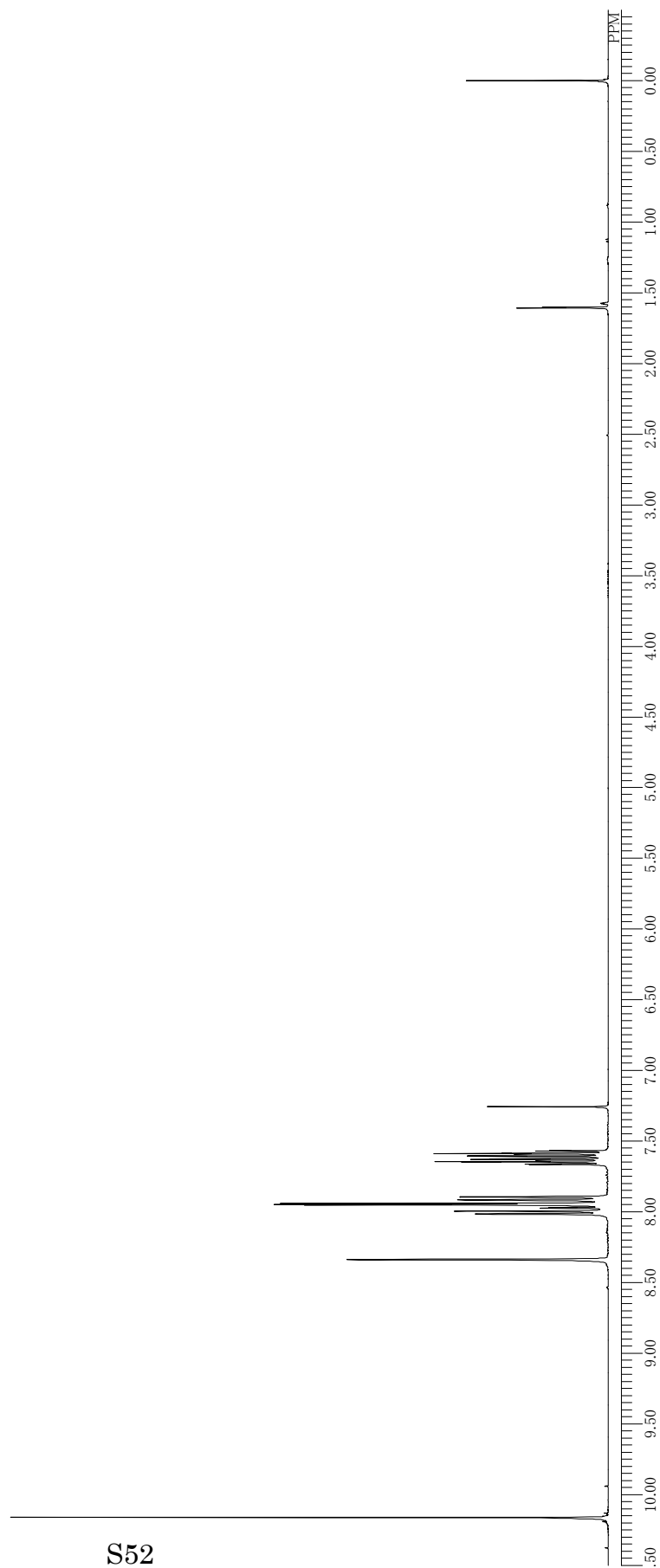


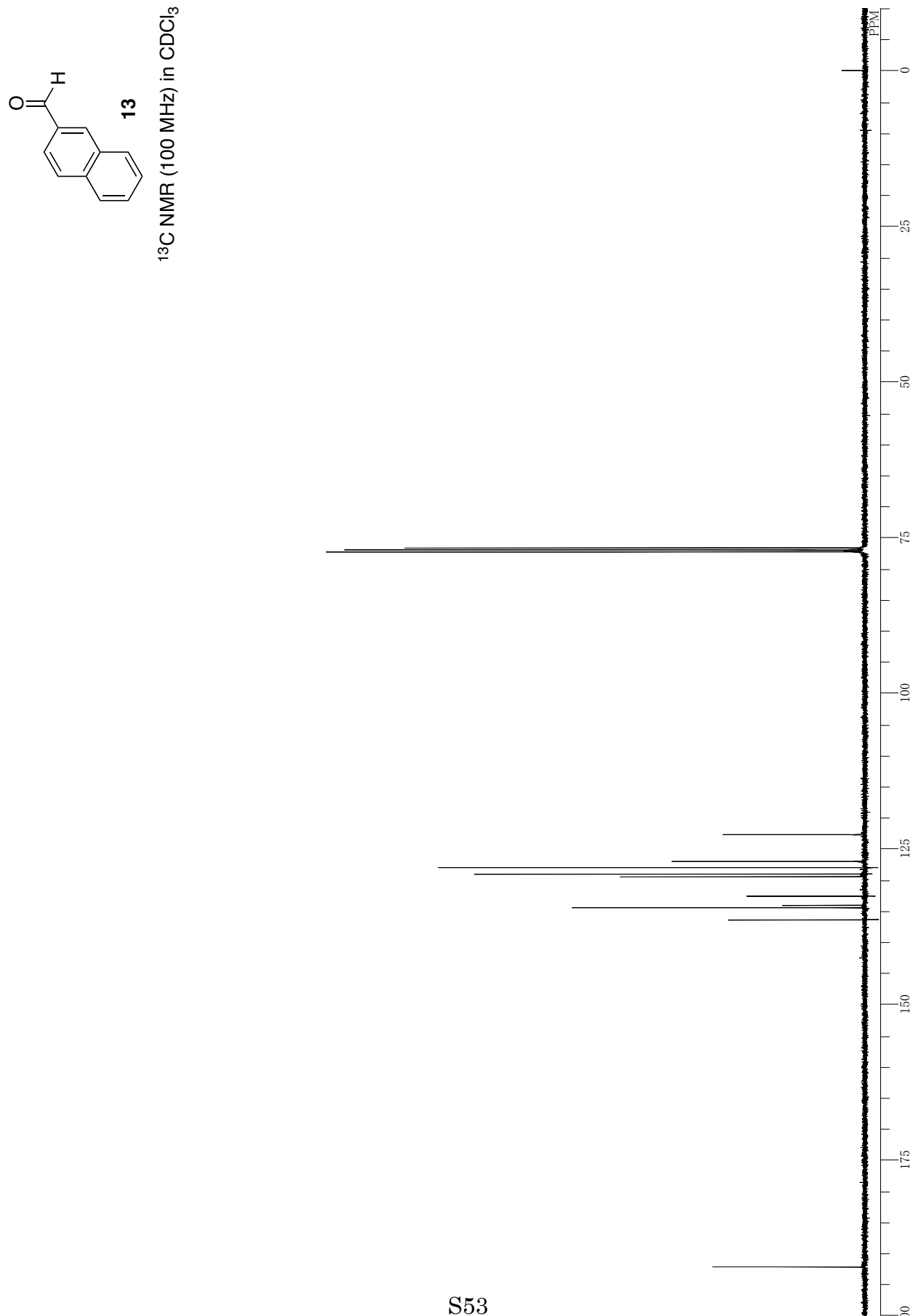
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

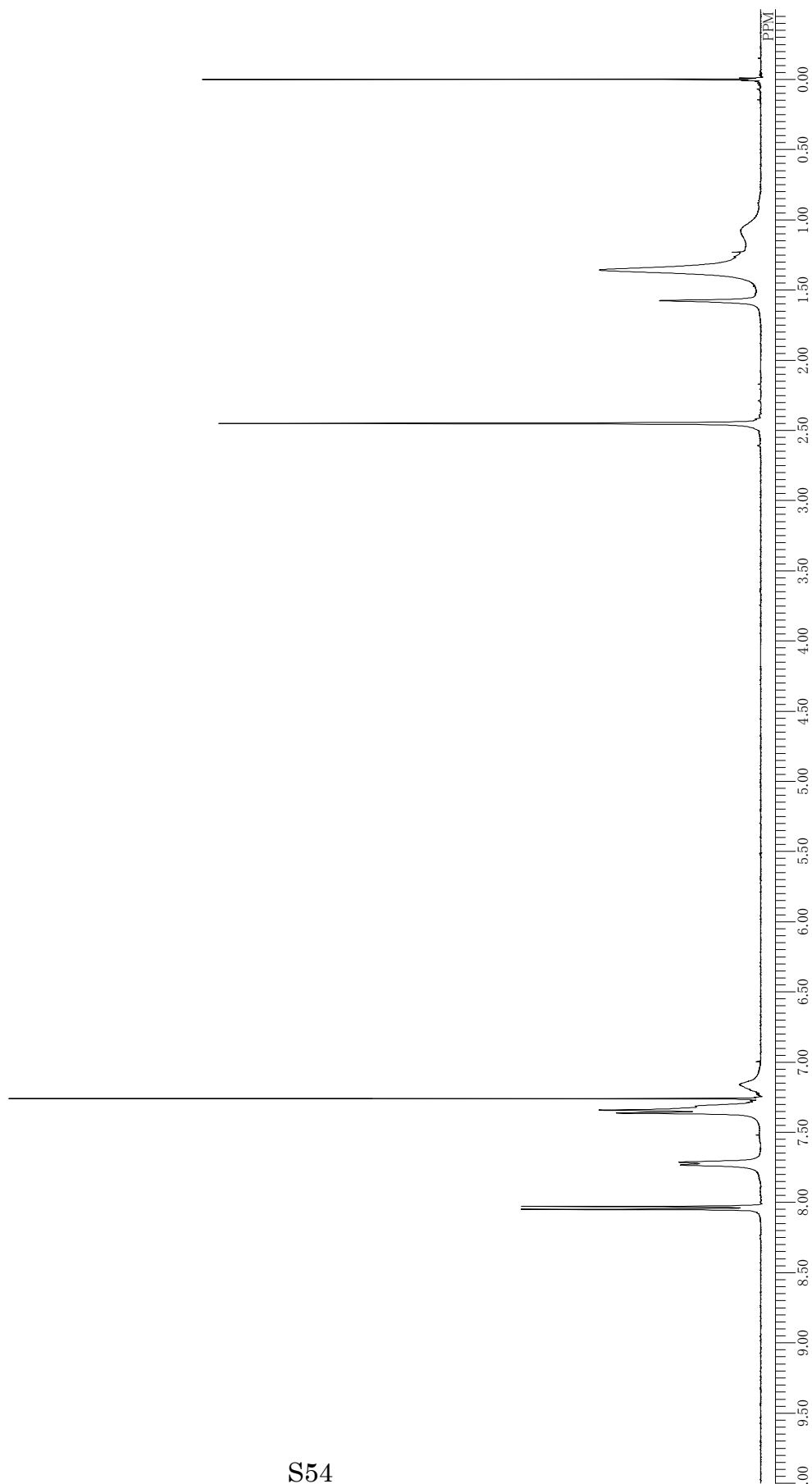
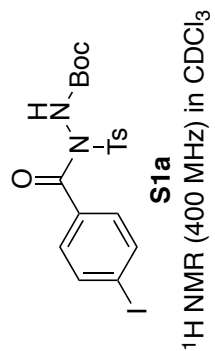


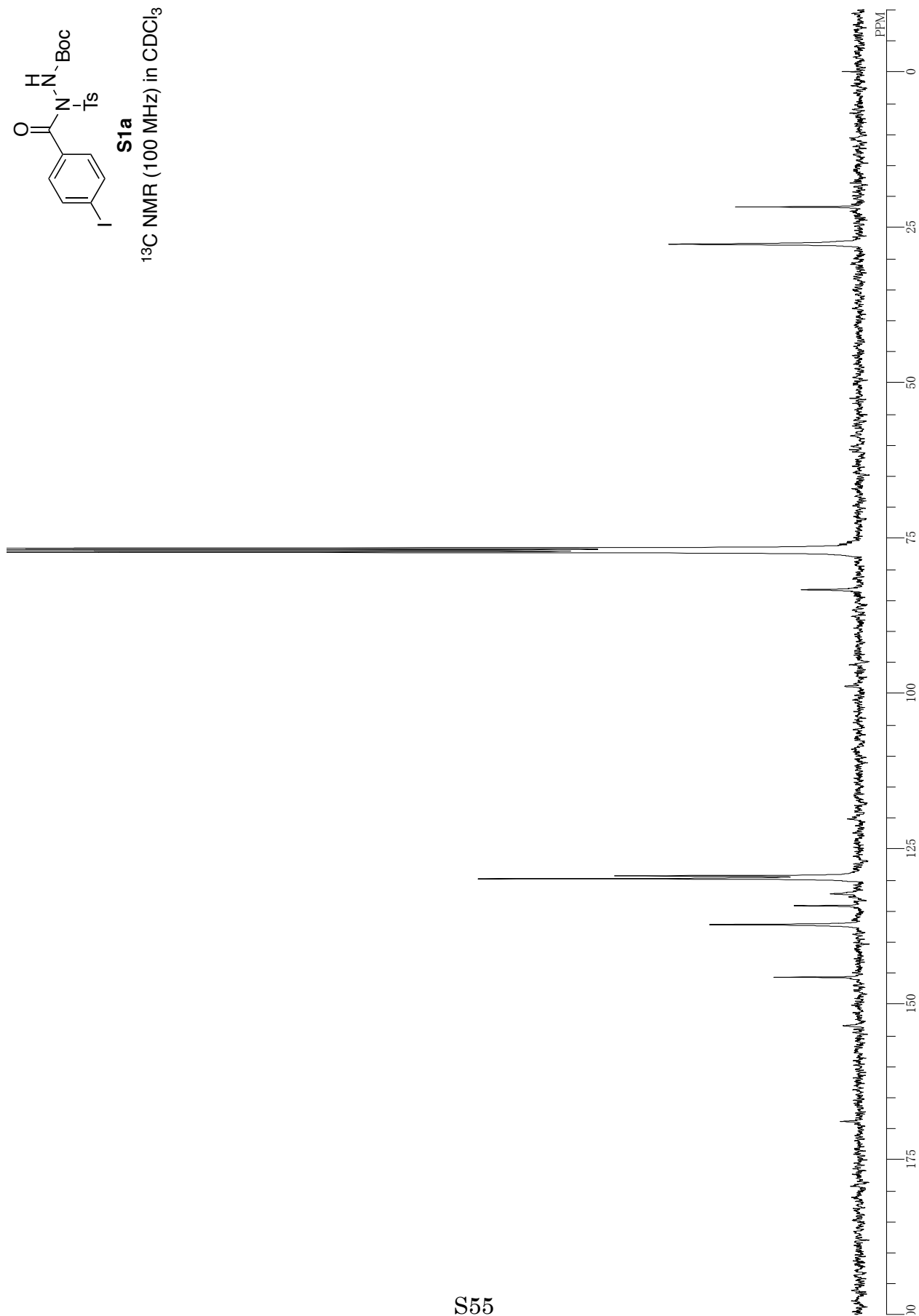


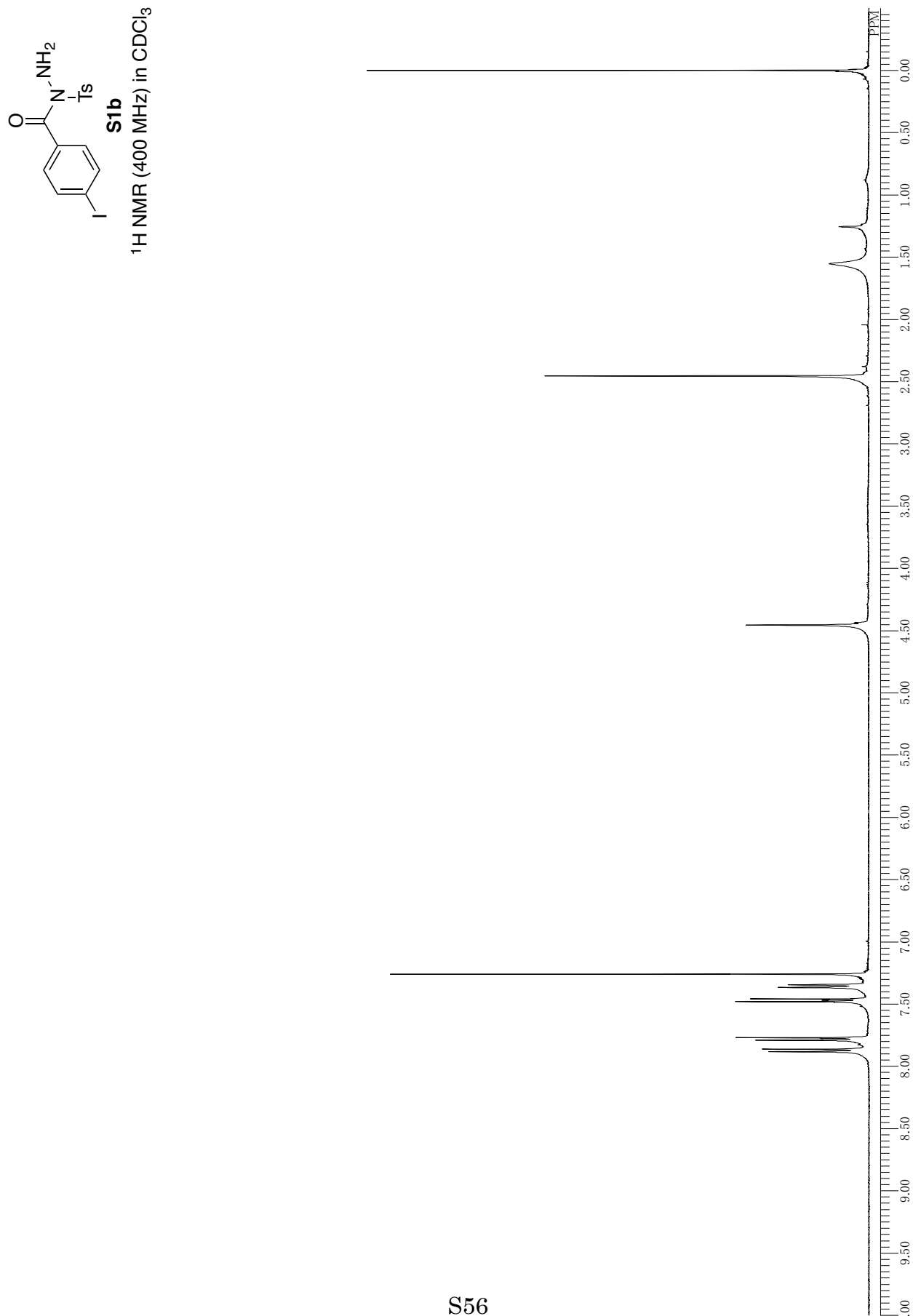
¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃

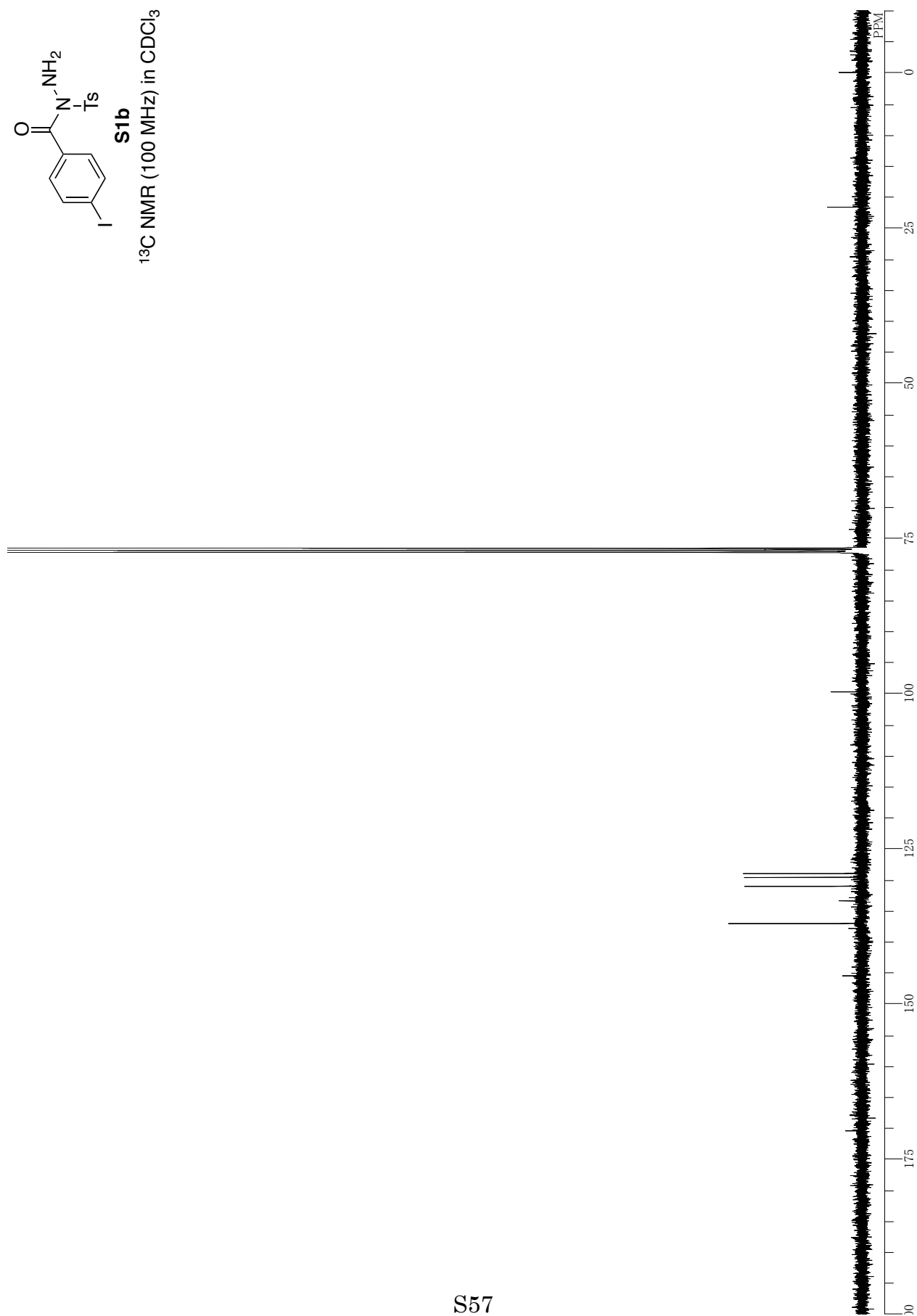


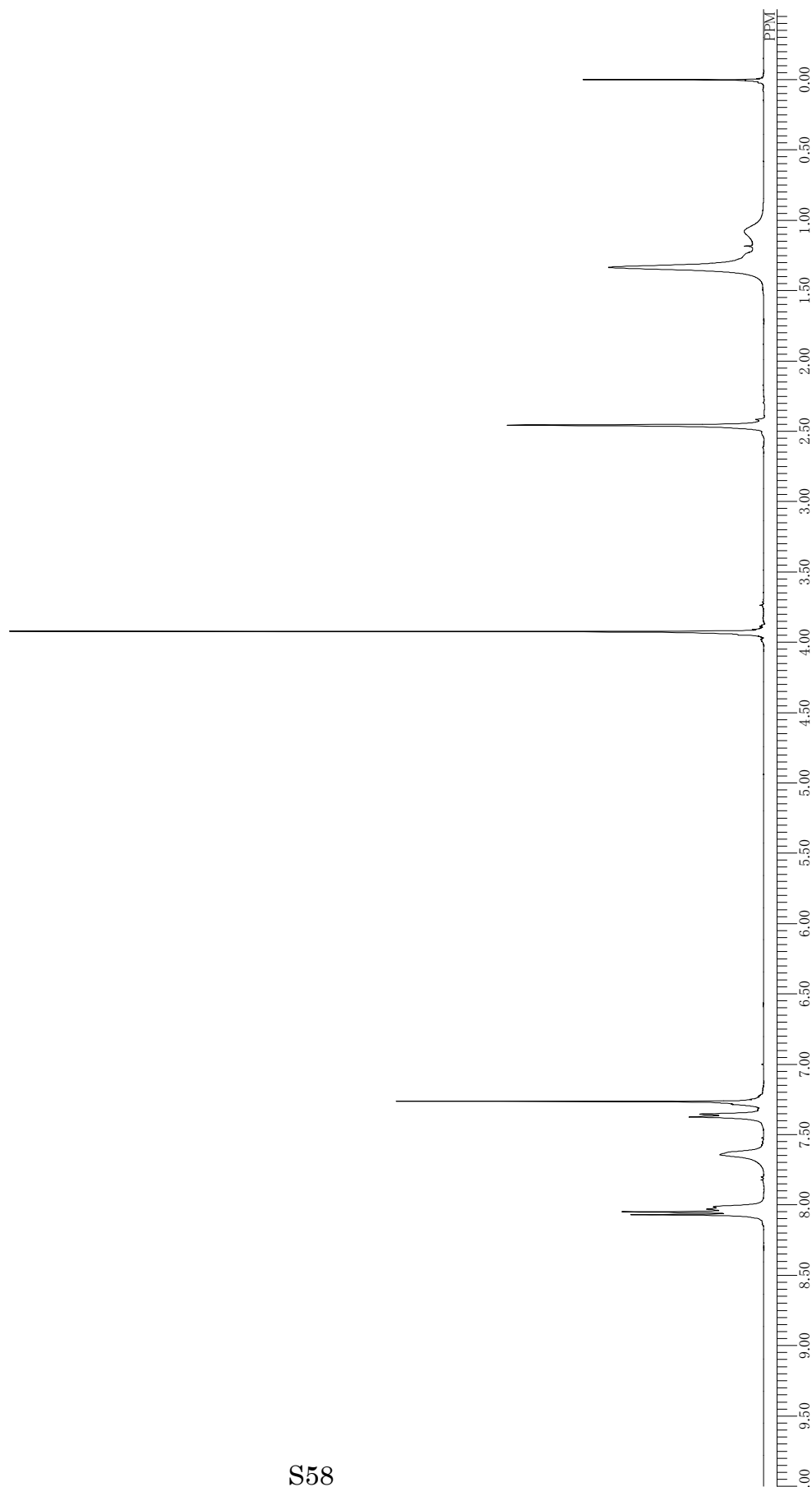
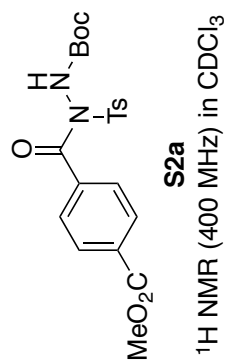


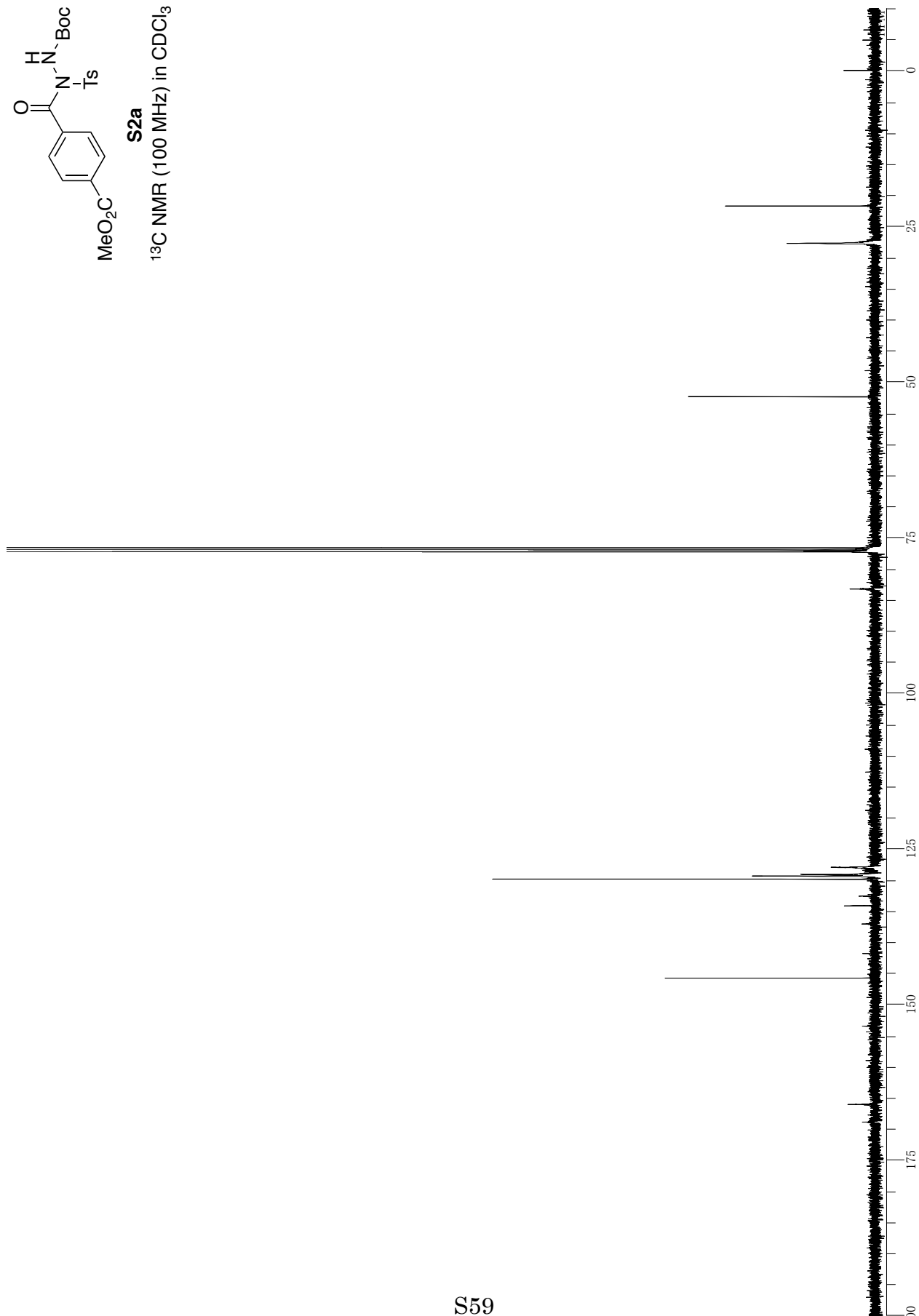


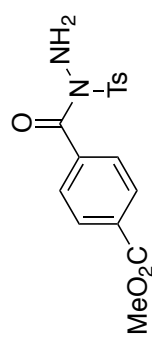




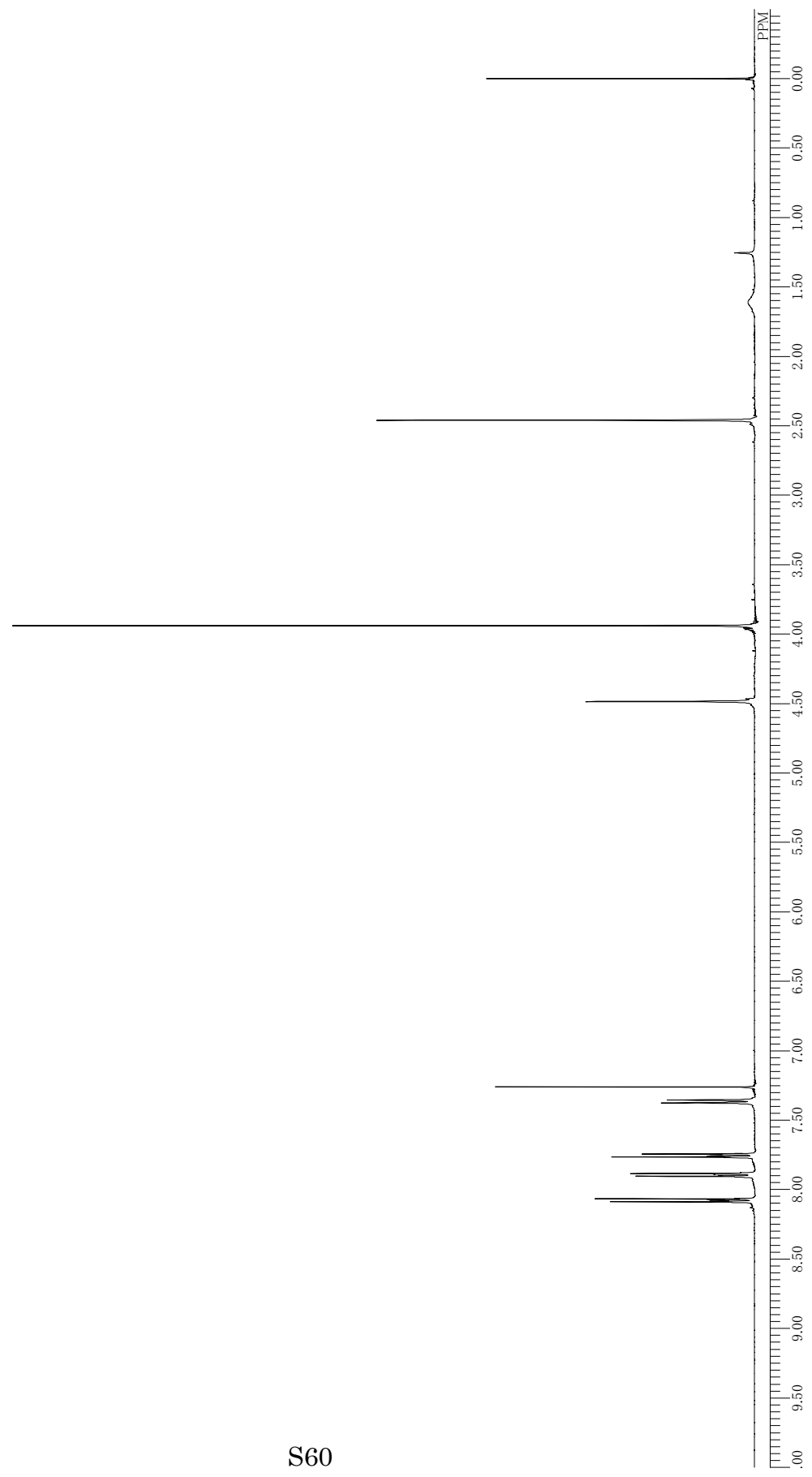
 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3 

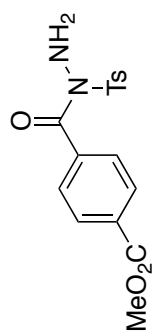






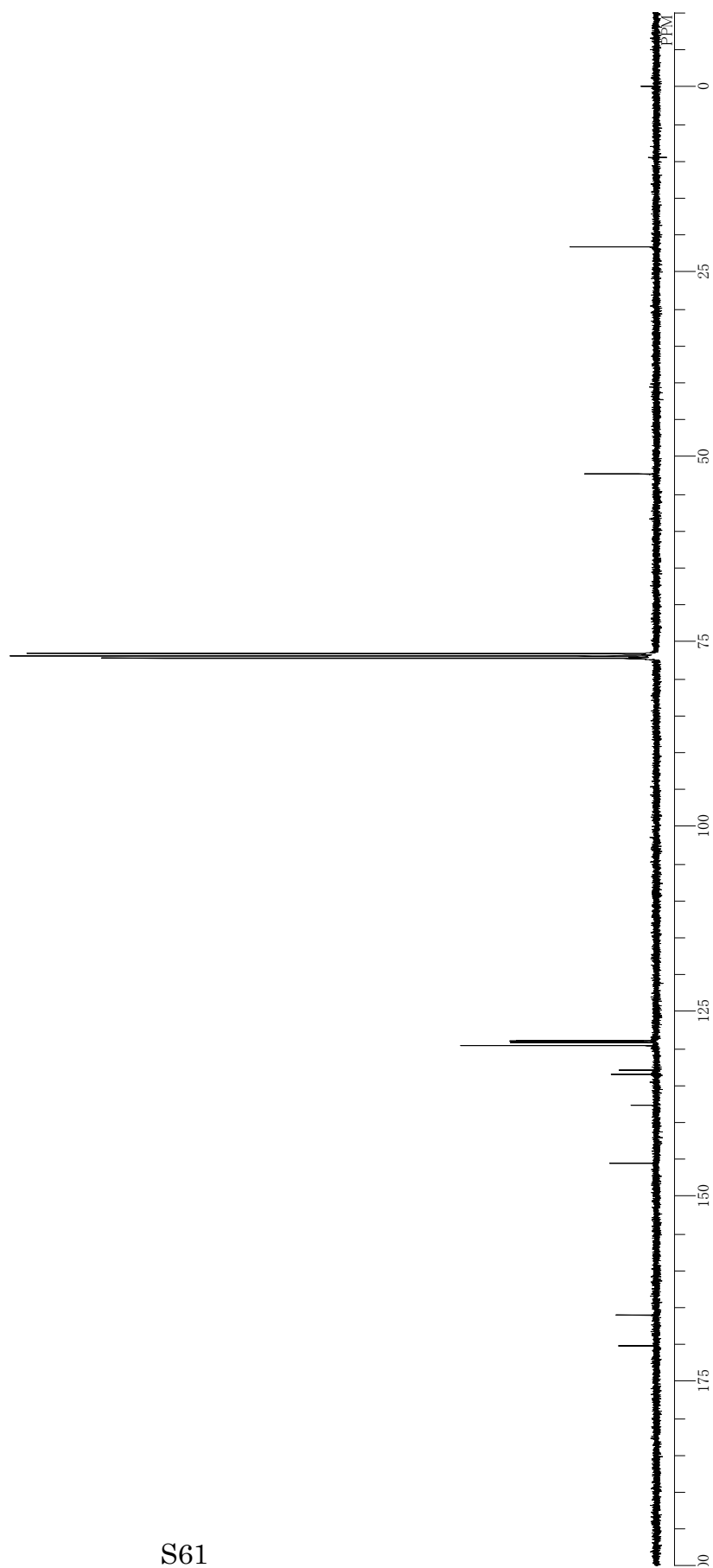
S2b
¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃

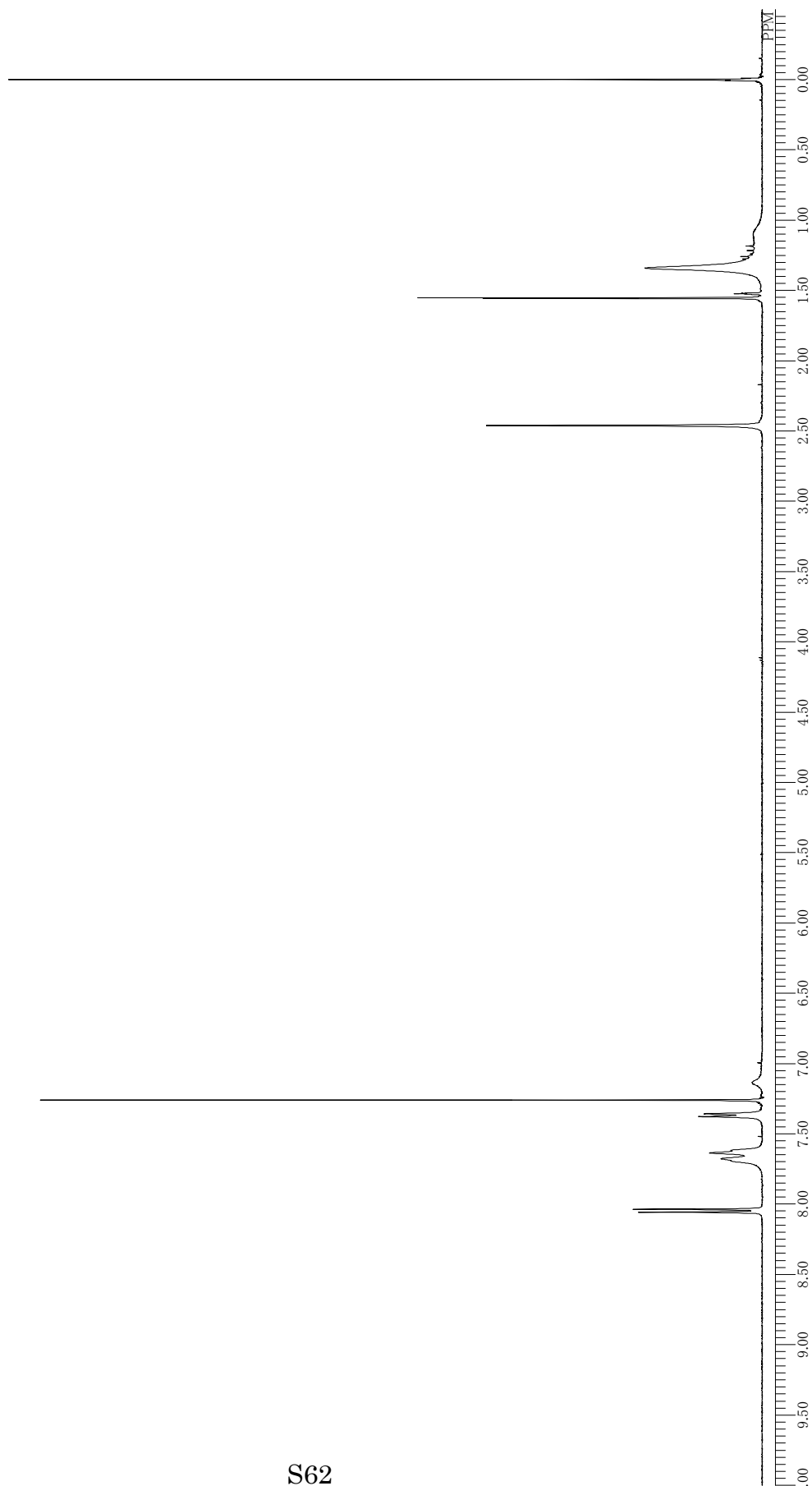
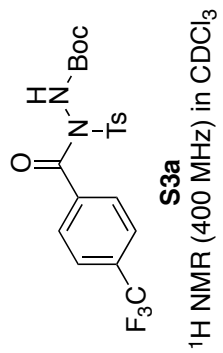


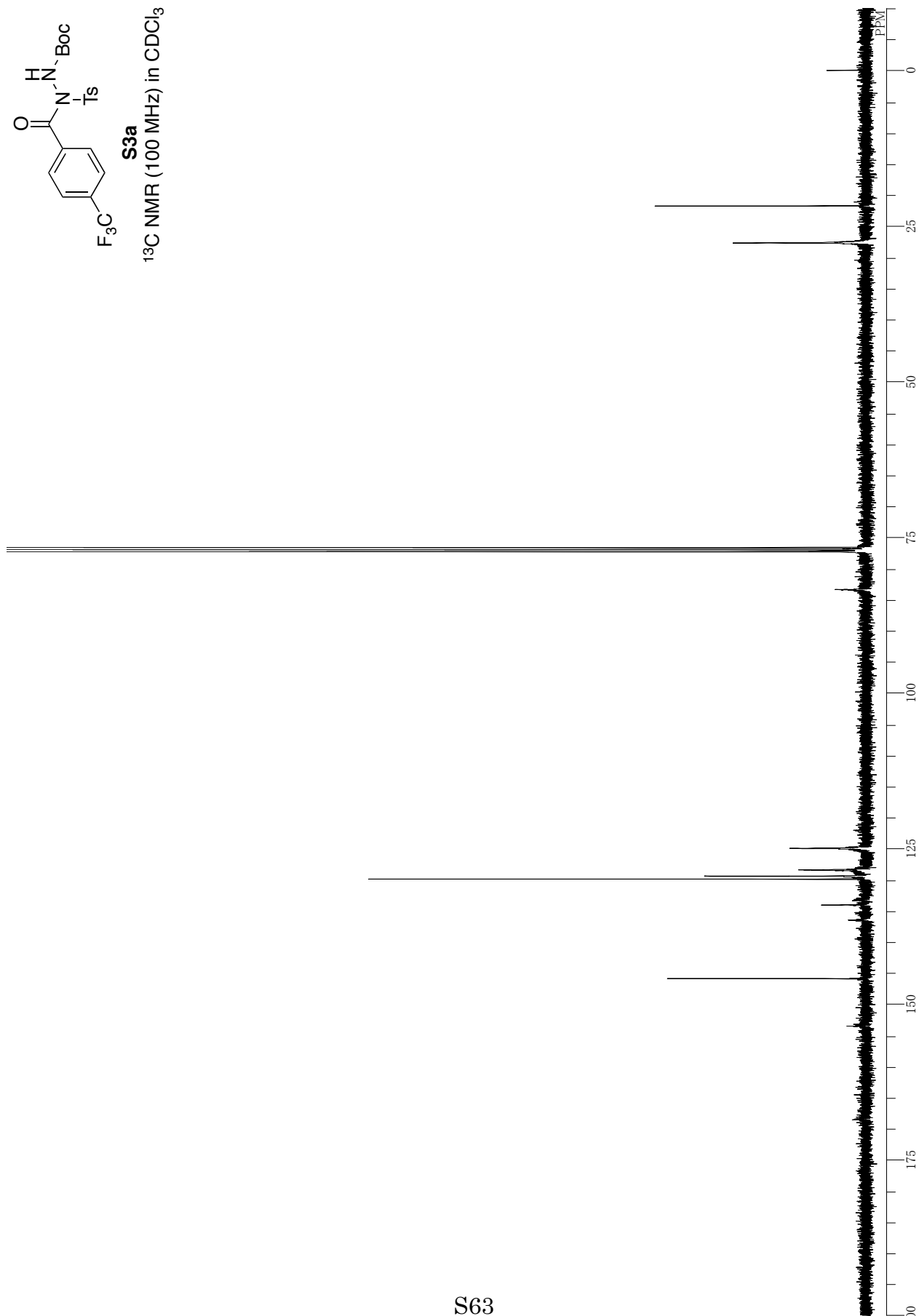


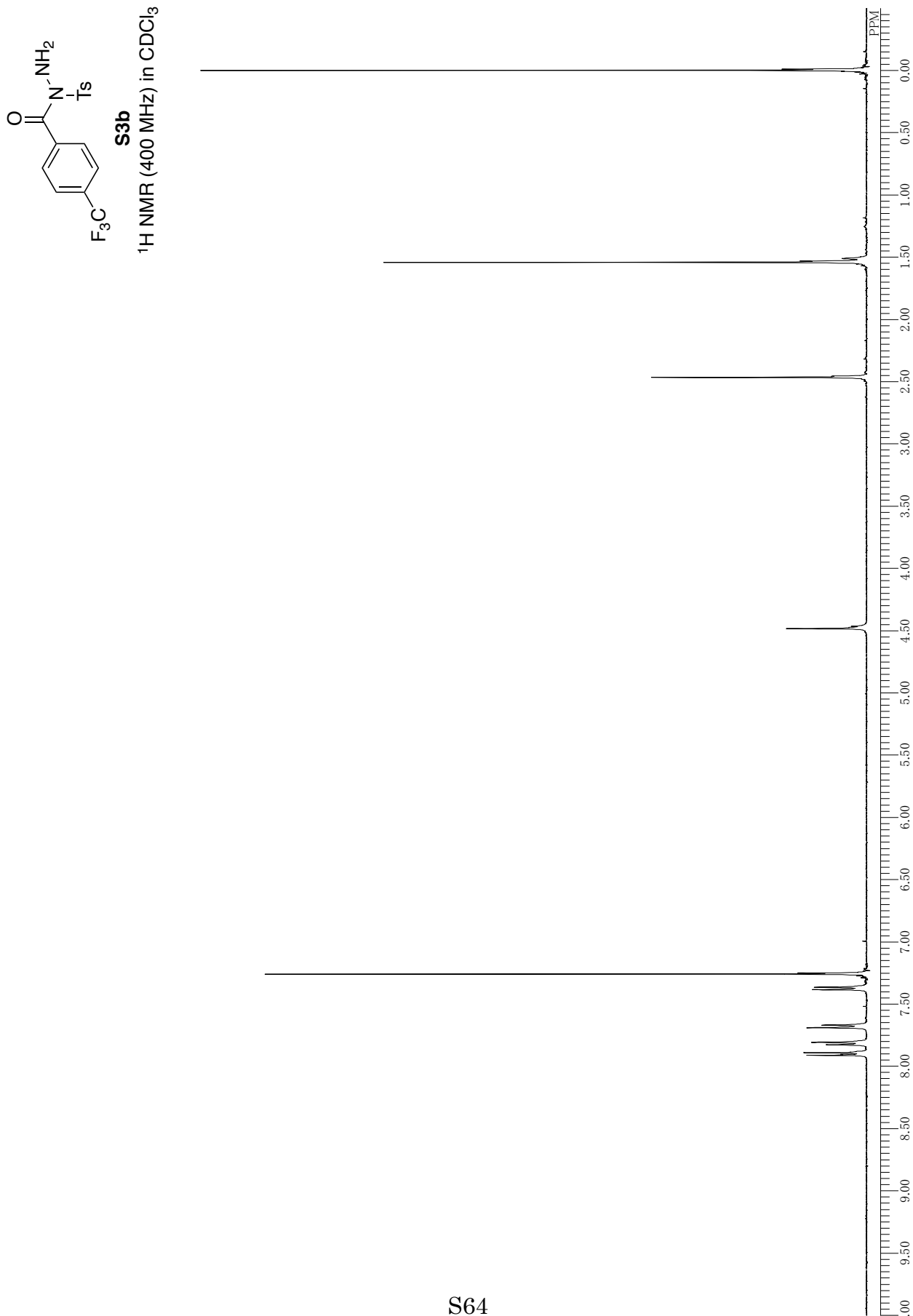
S2b

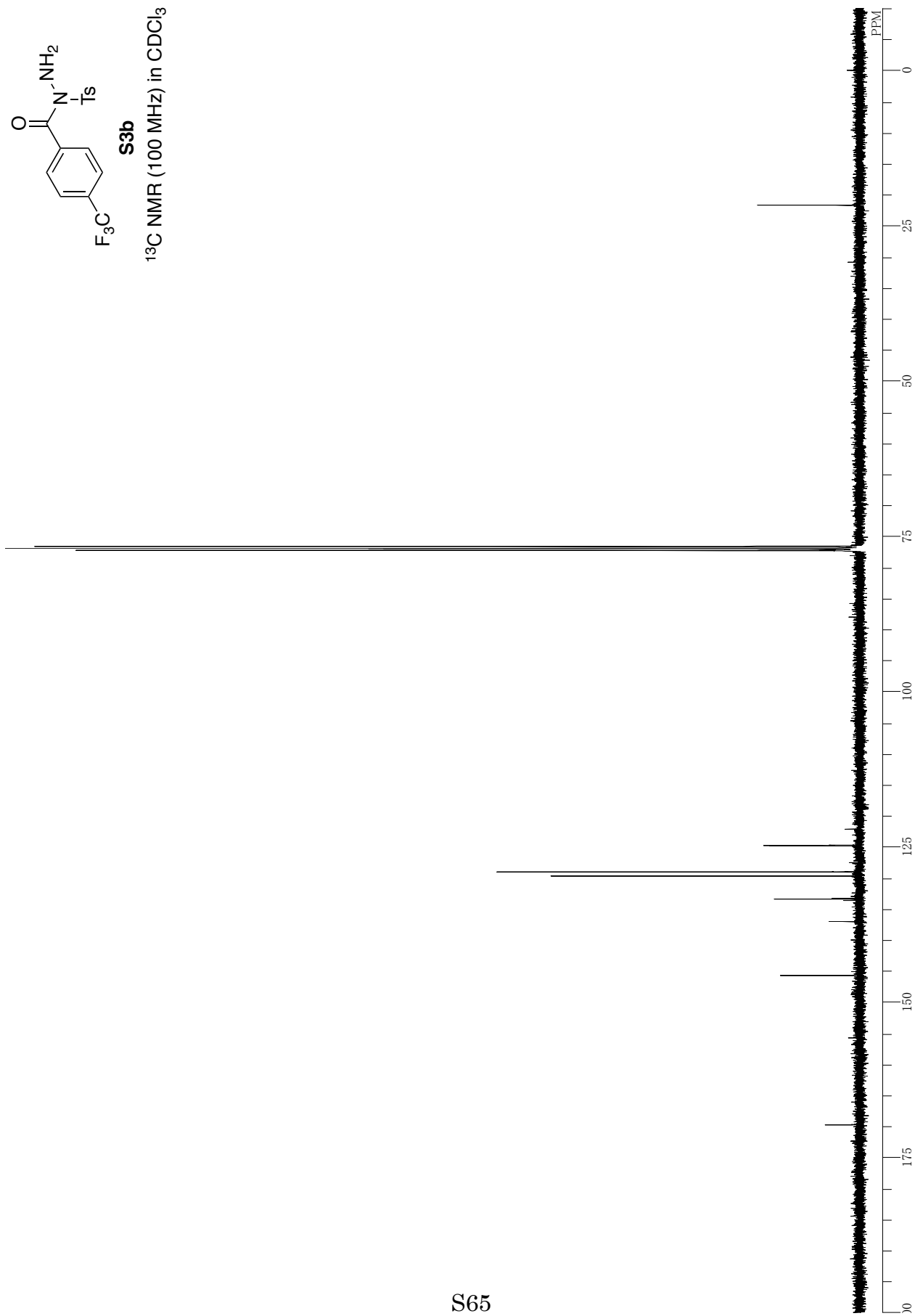
¹³C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl₃

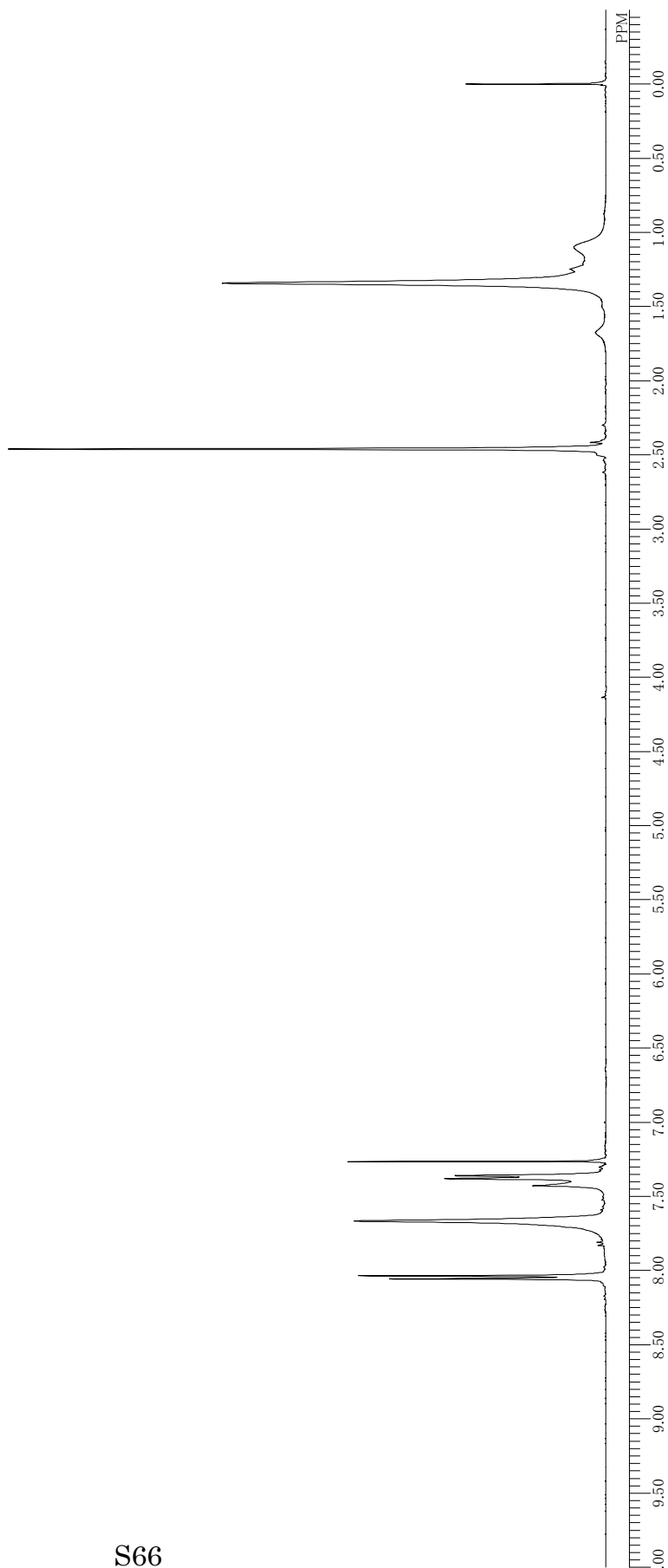
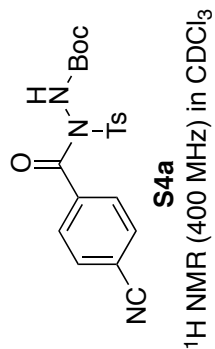


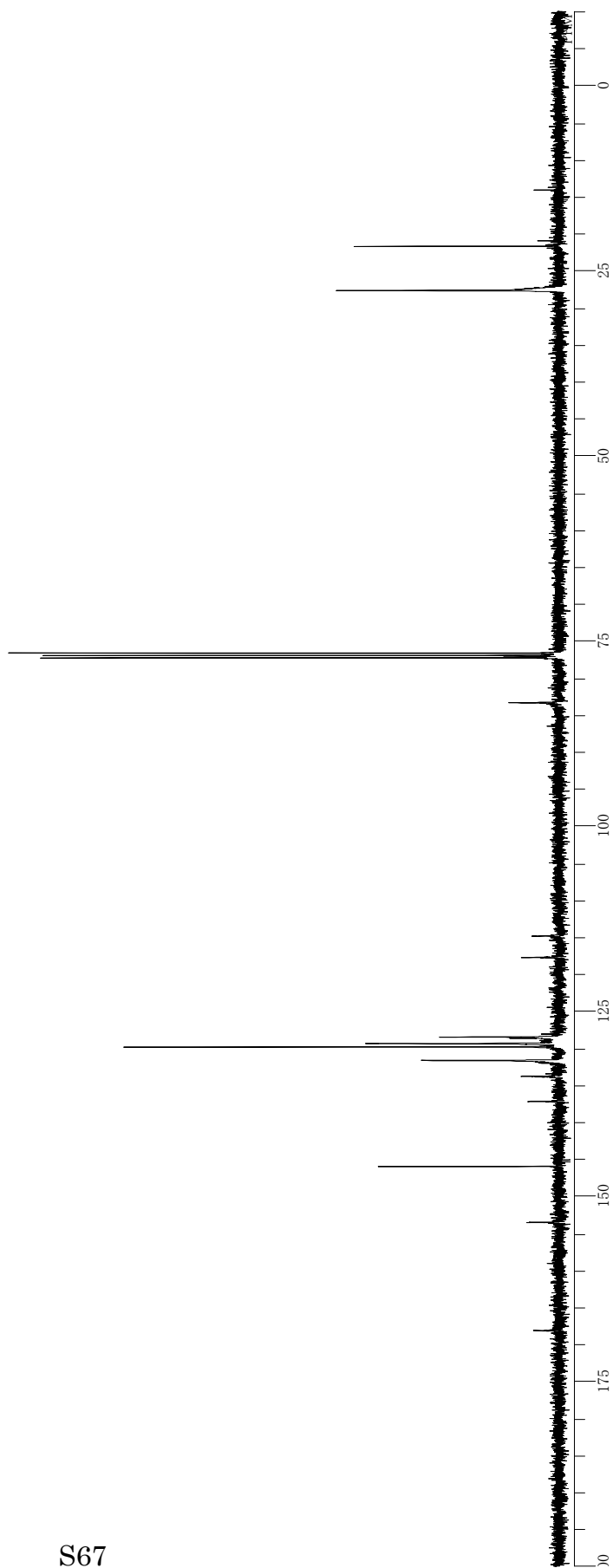
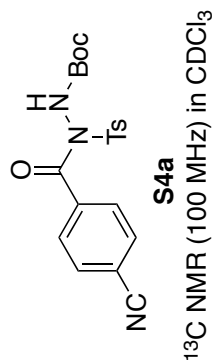


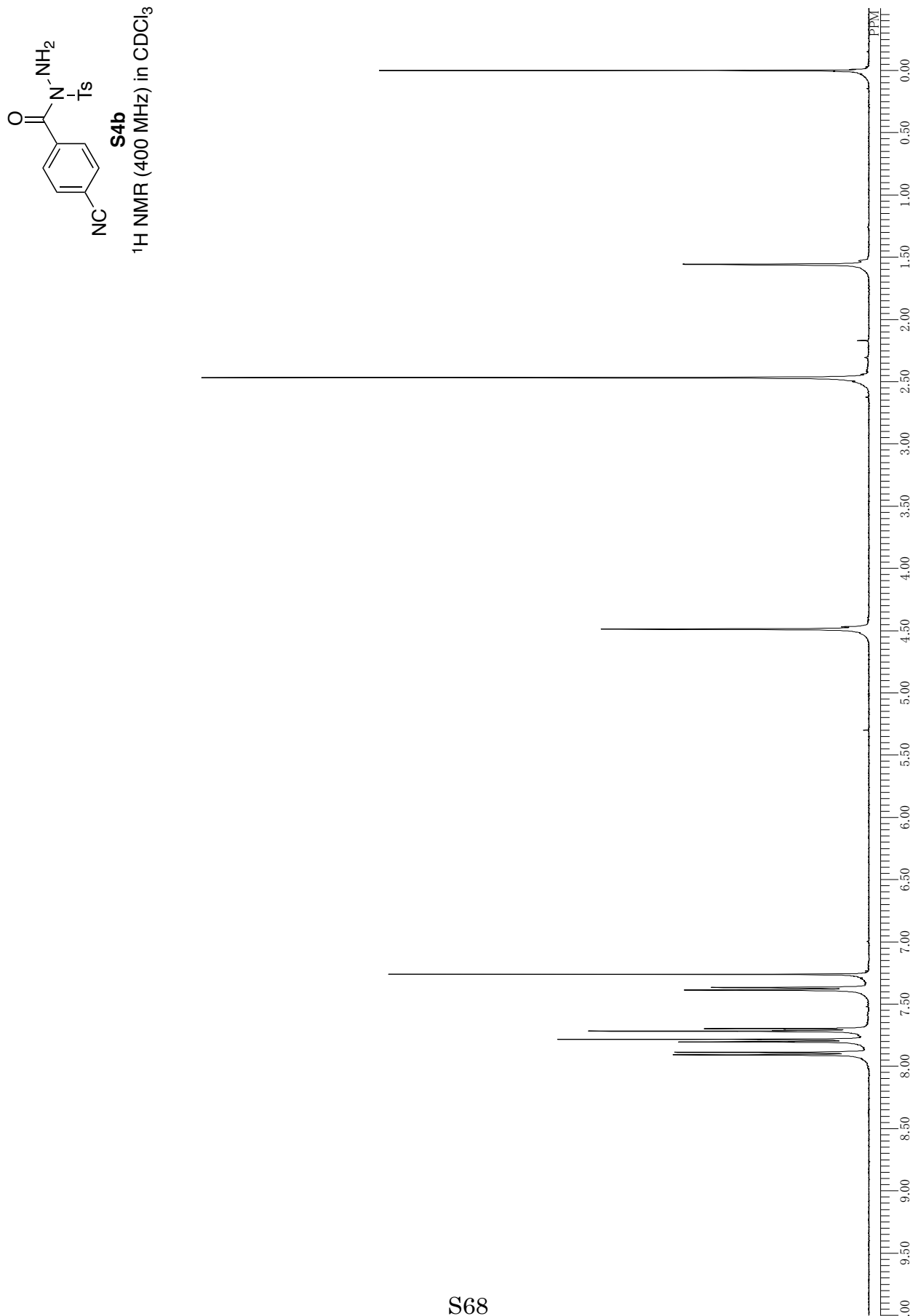


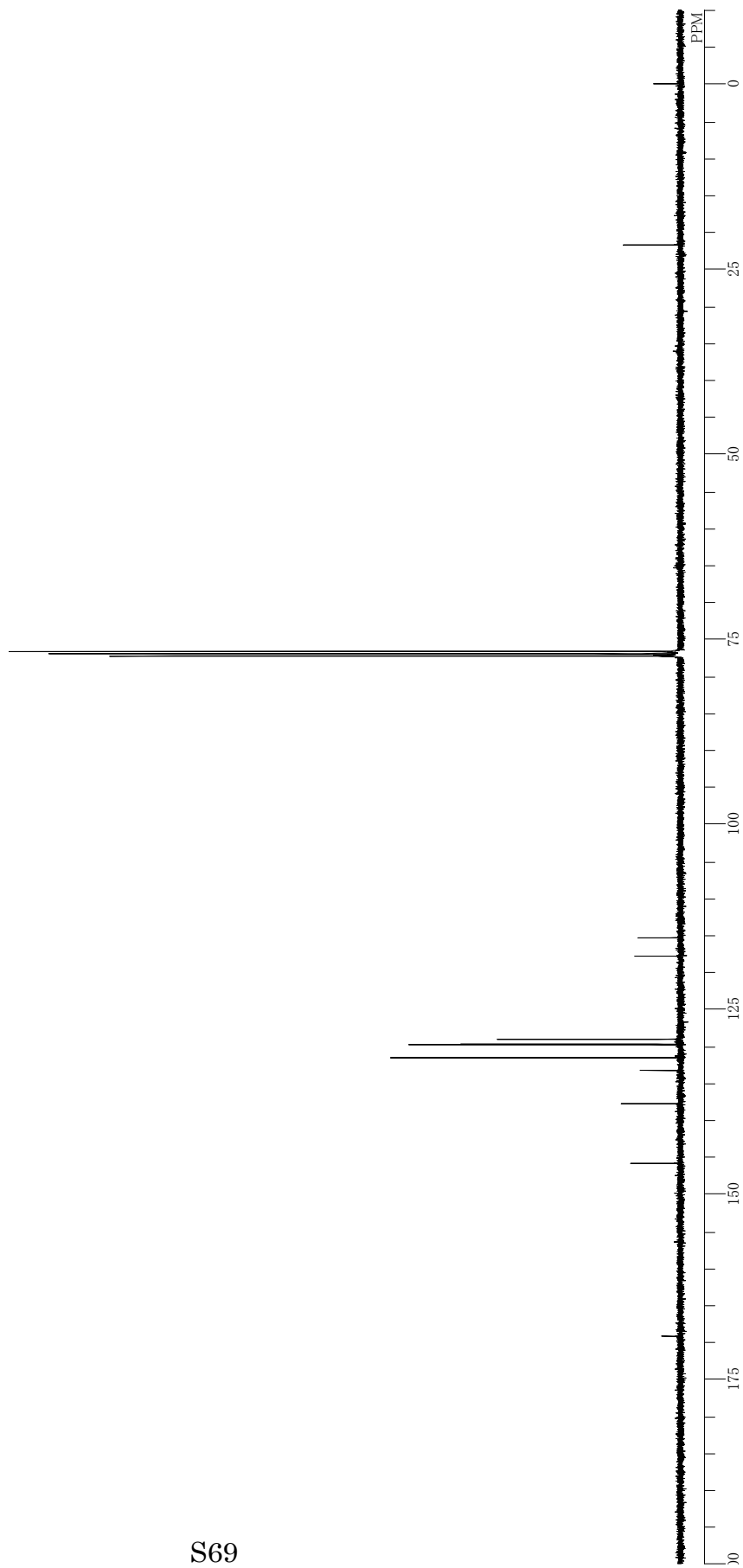
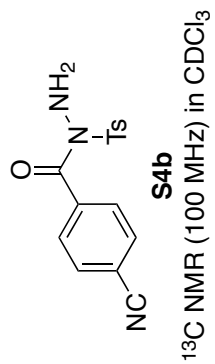


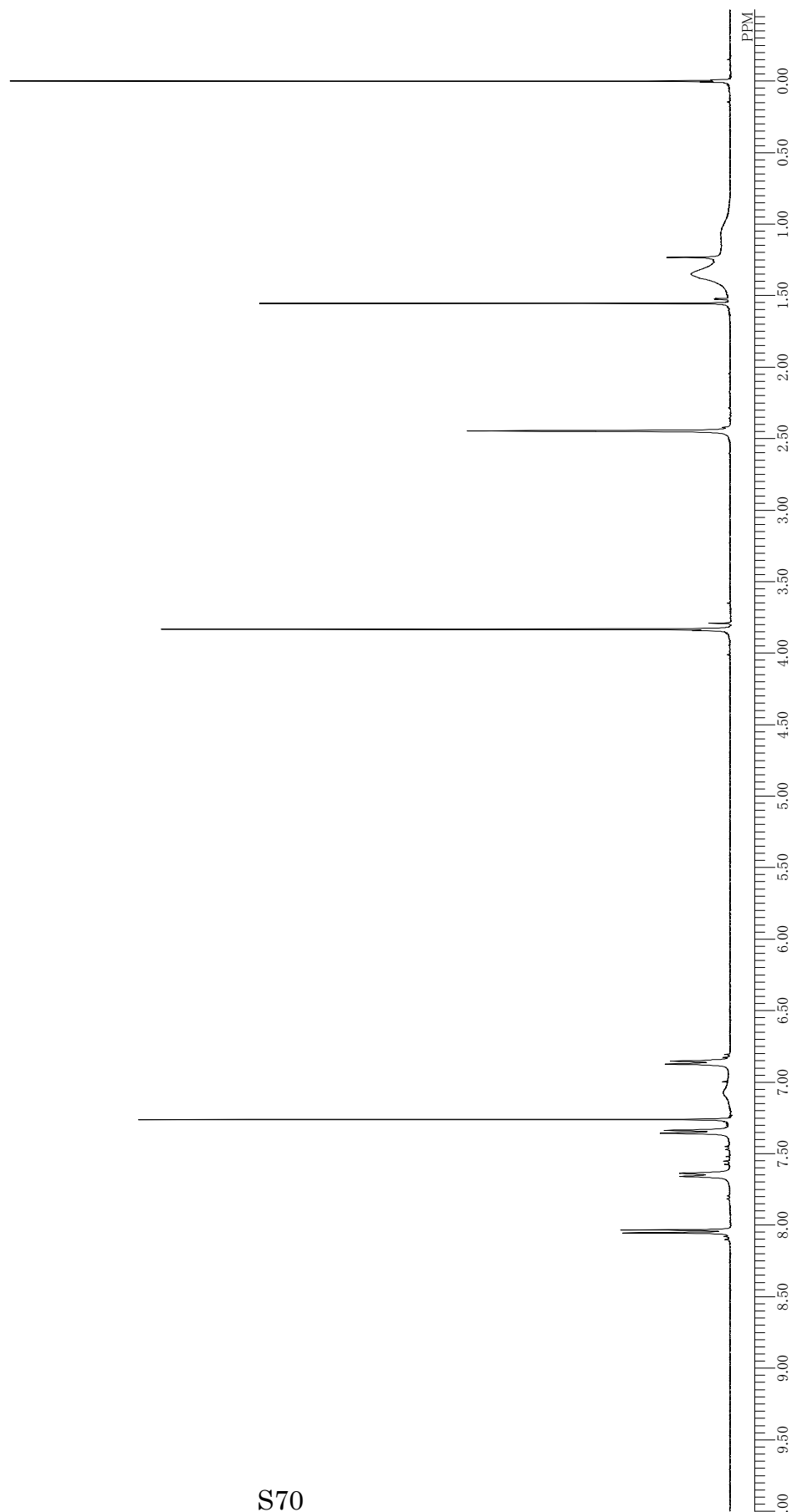
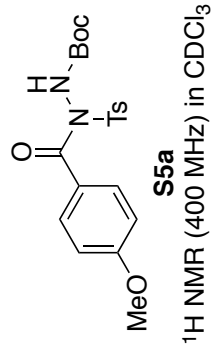


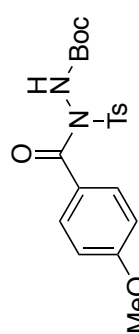




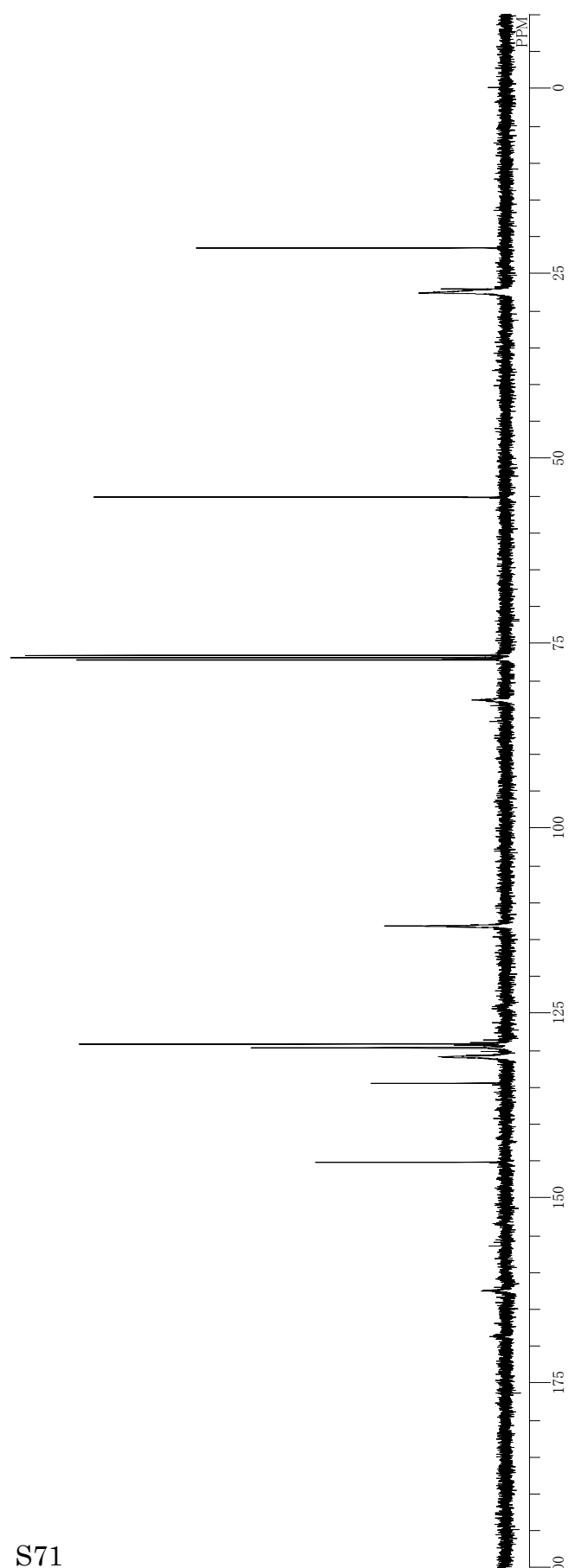


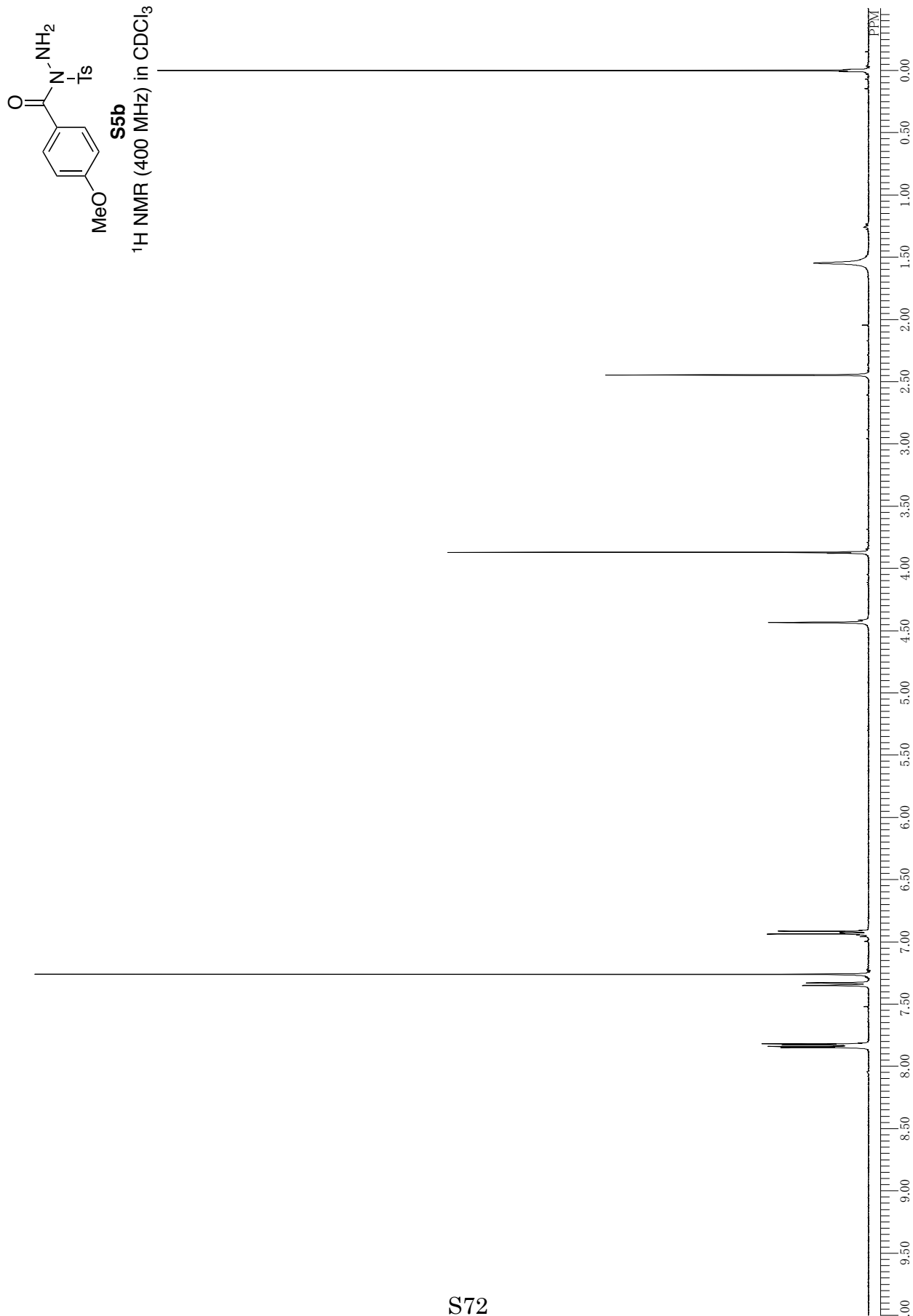


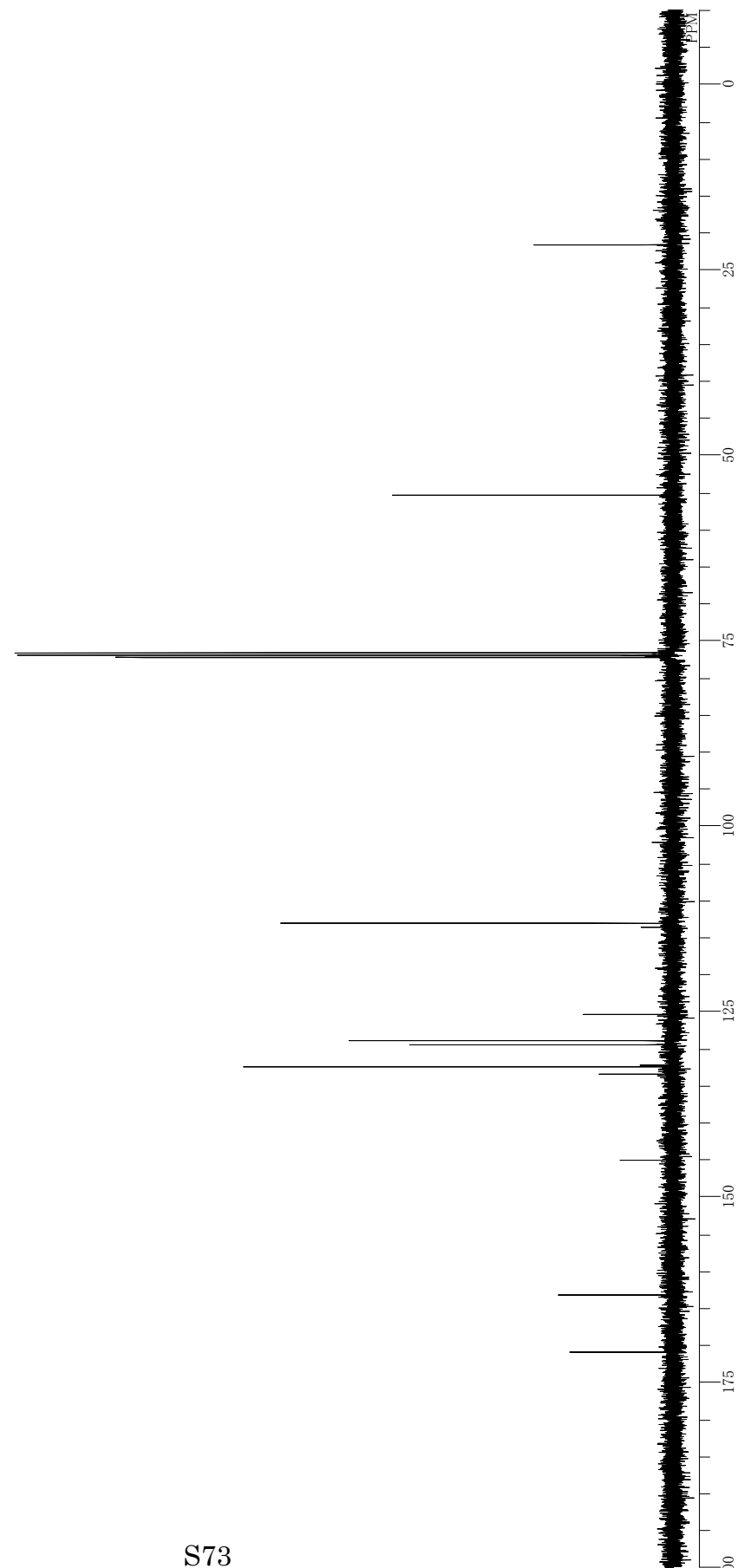
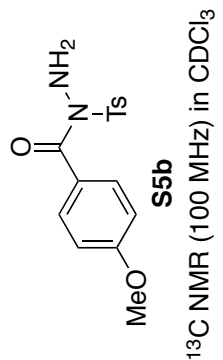


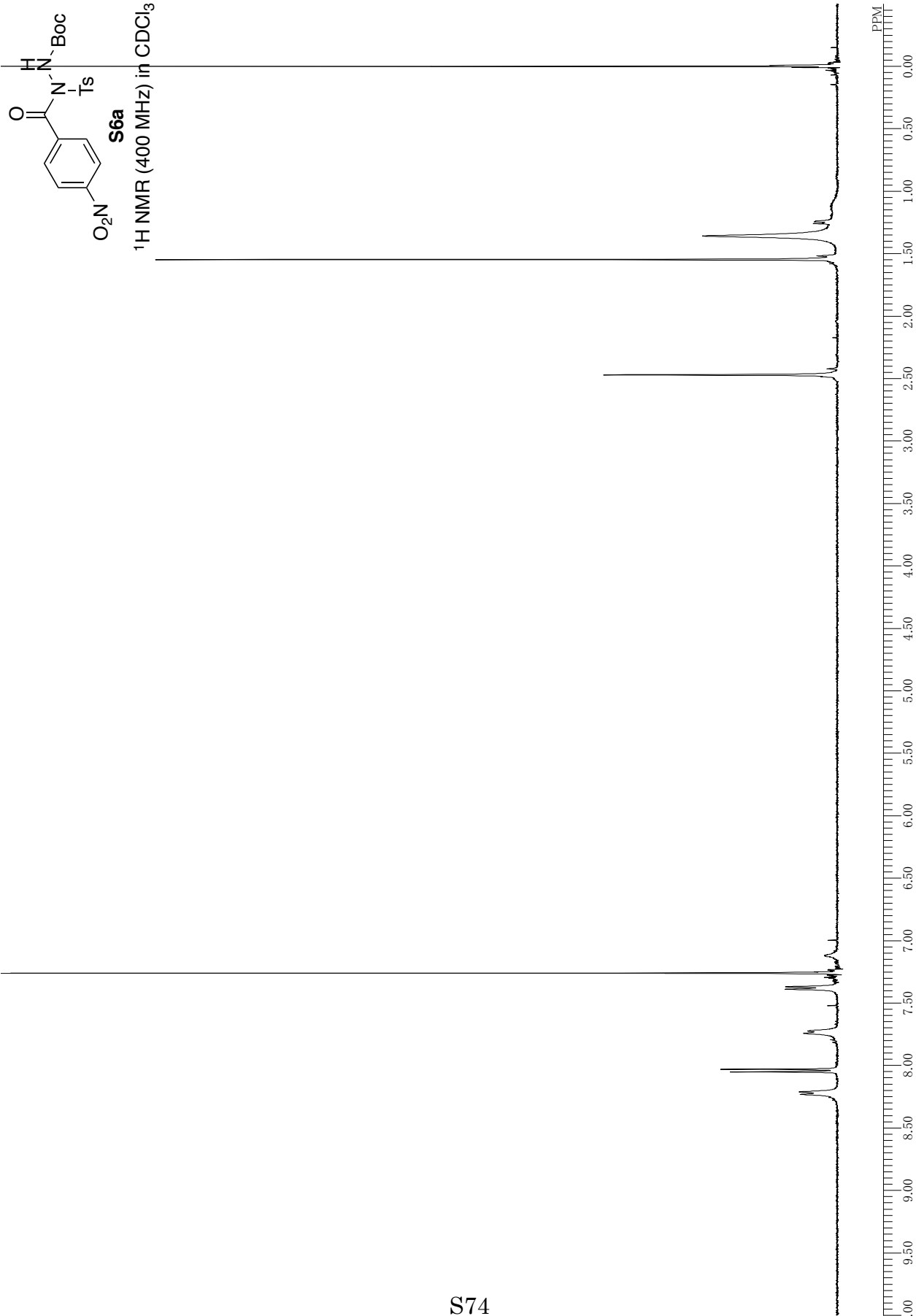


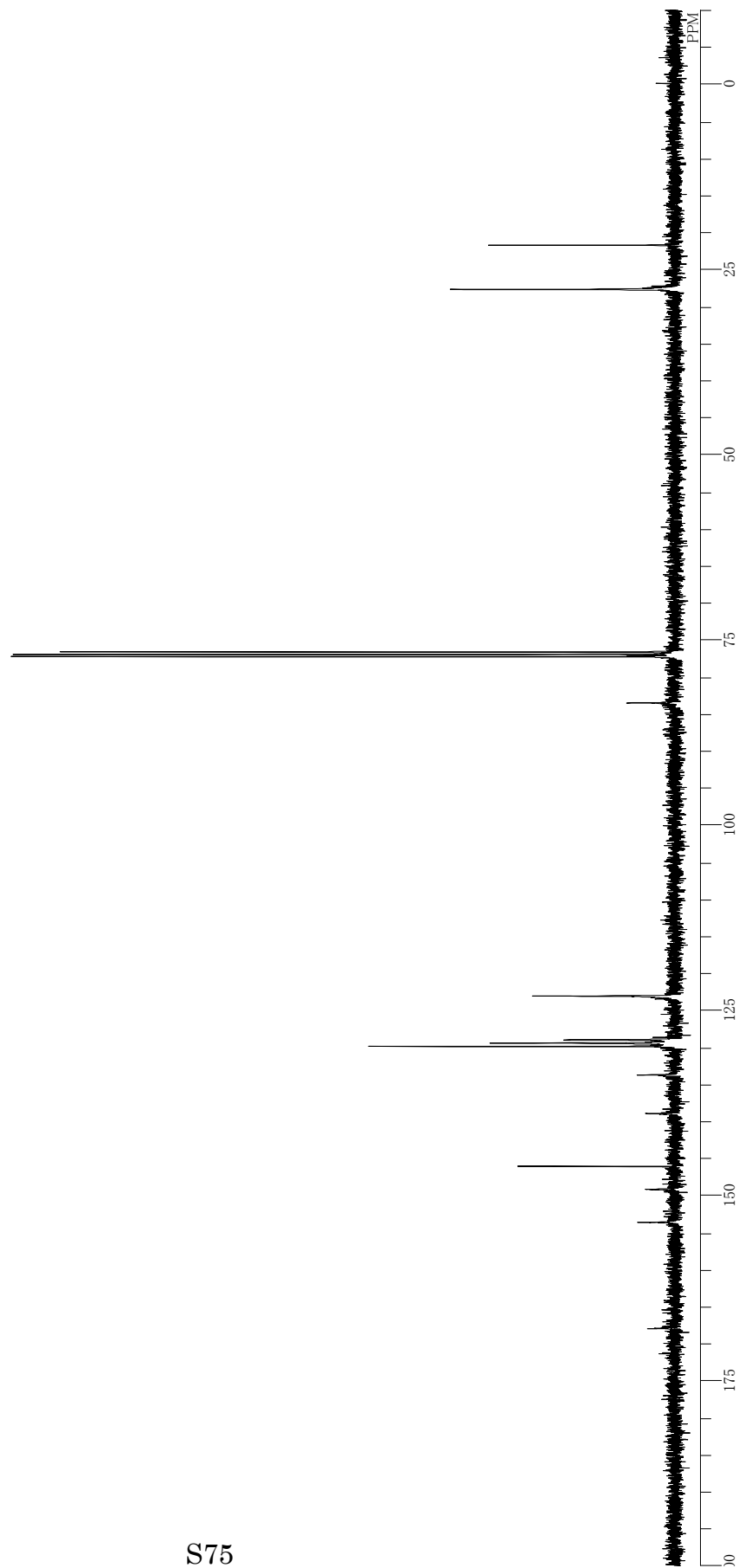
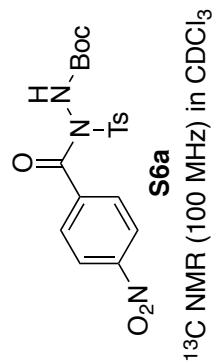
S5a

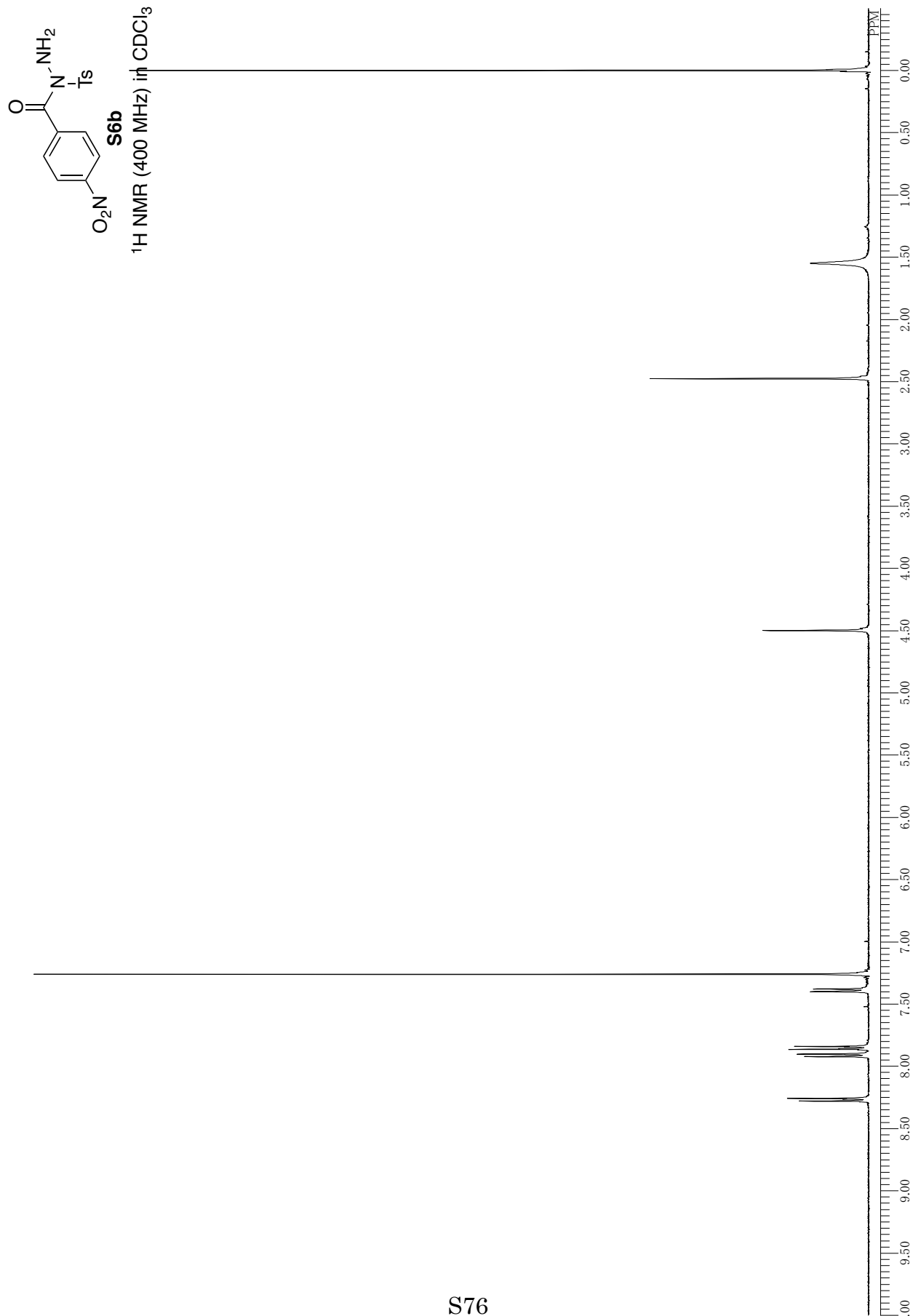
 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3 

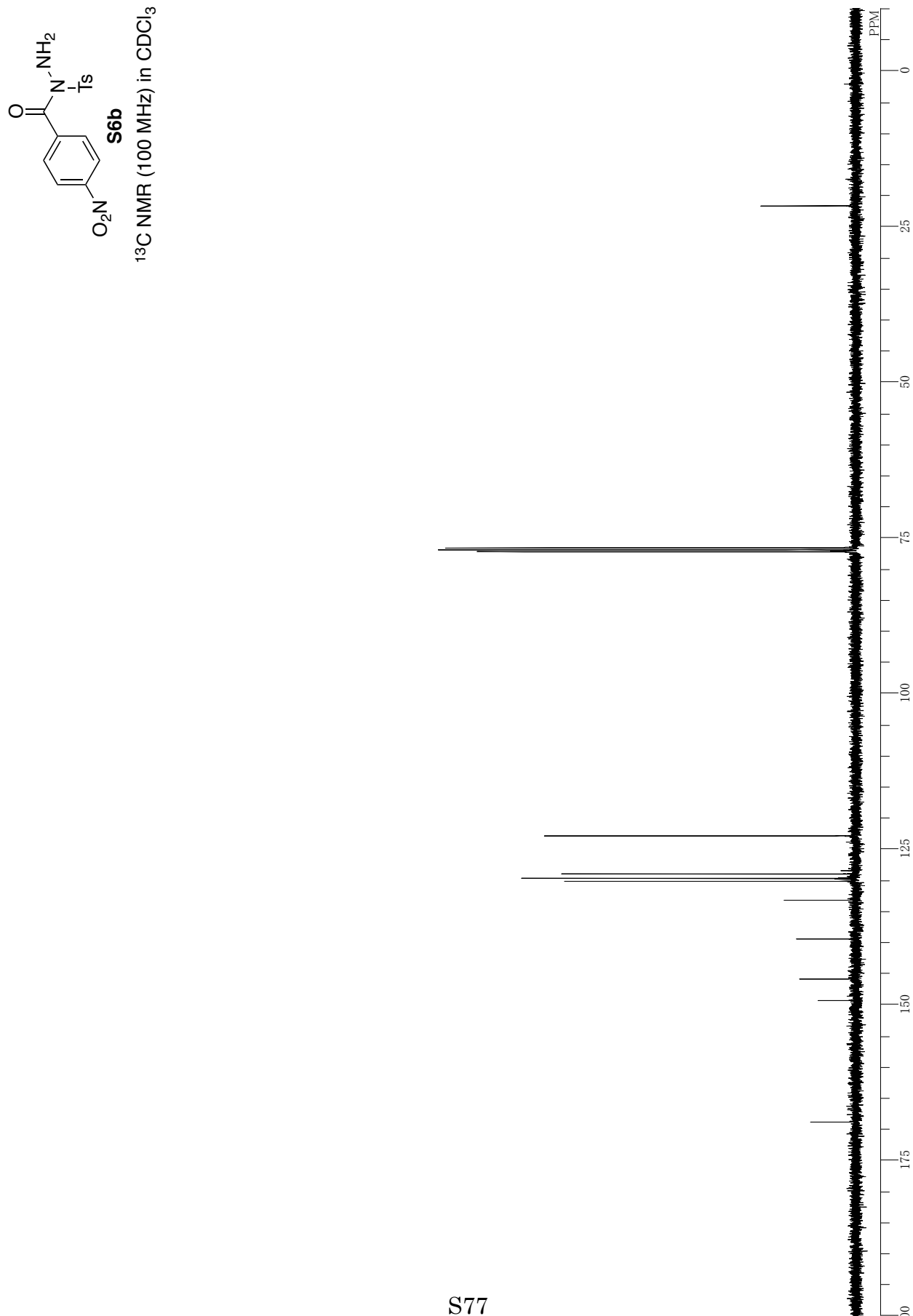


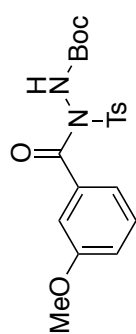




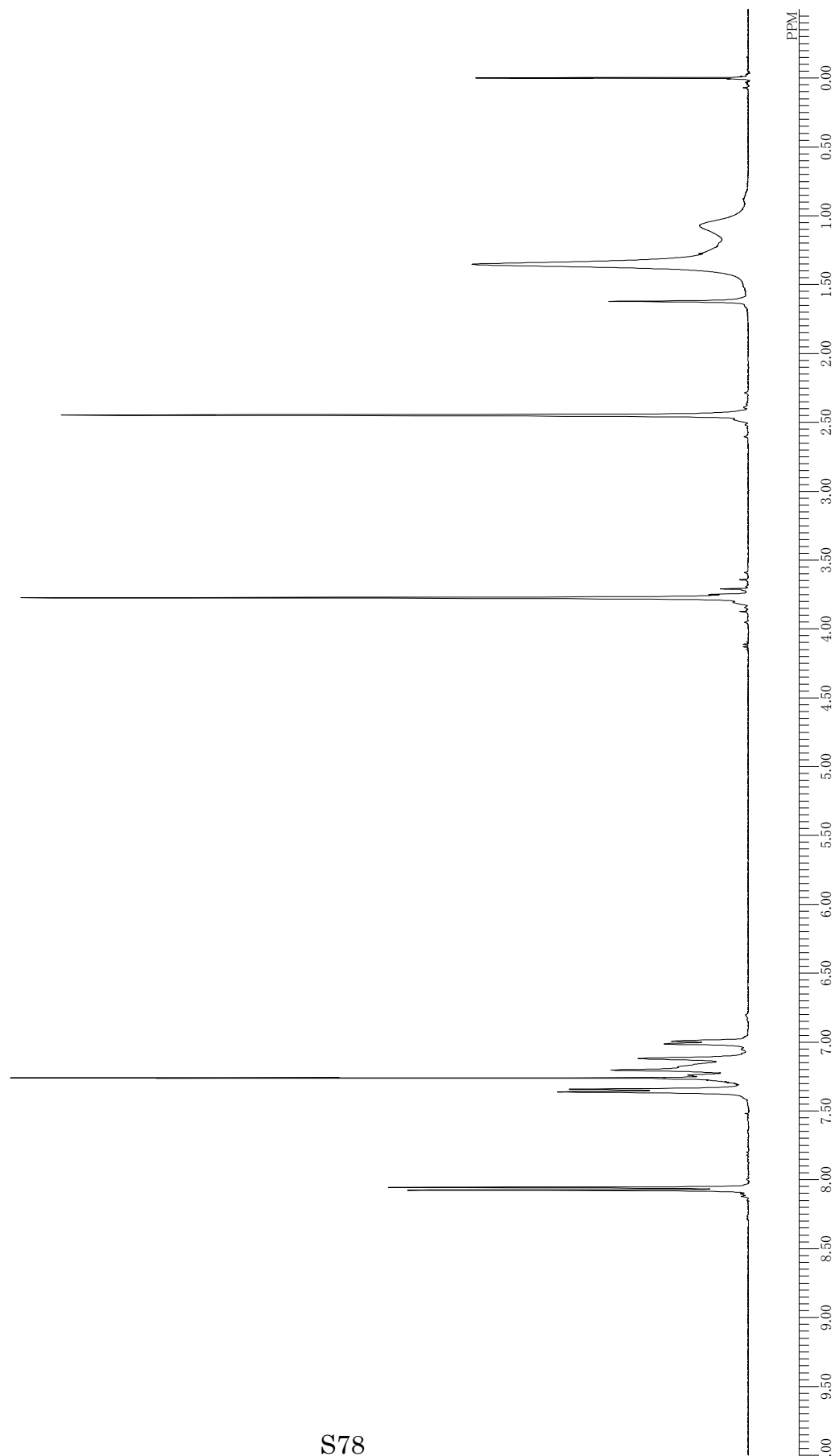


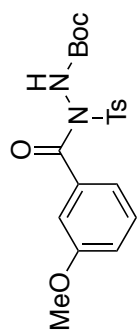




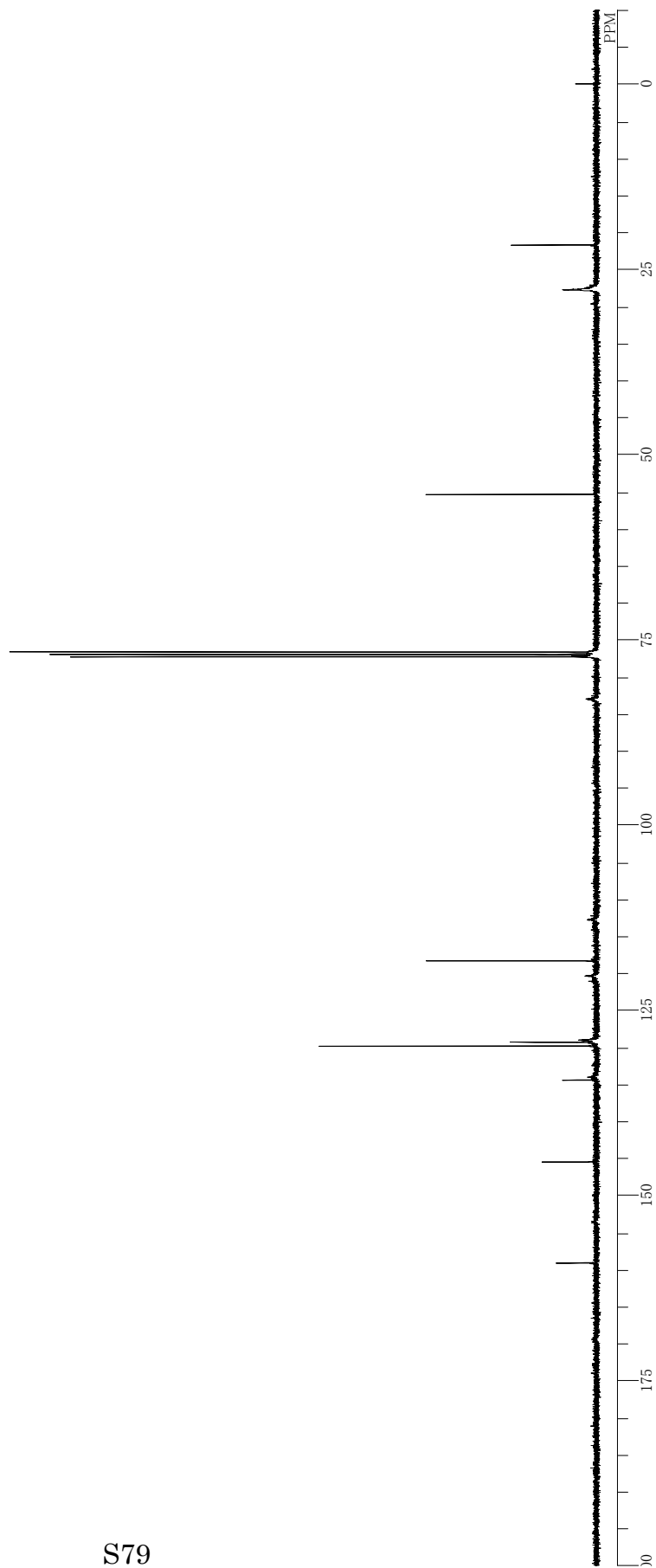


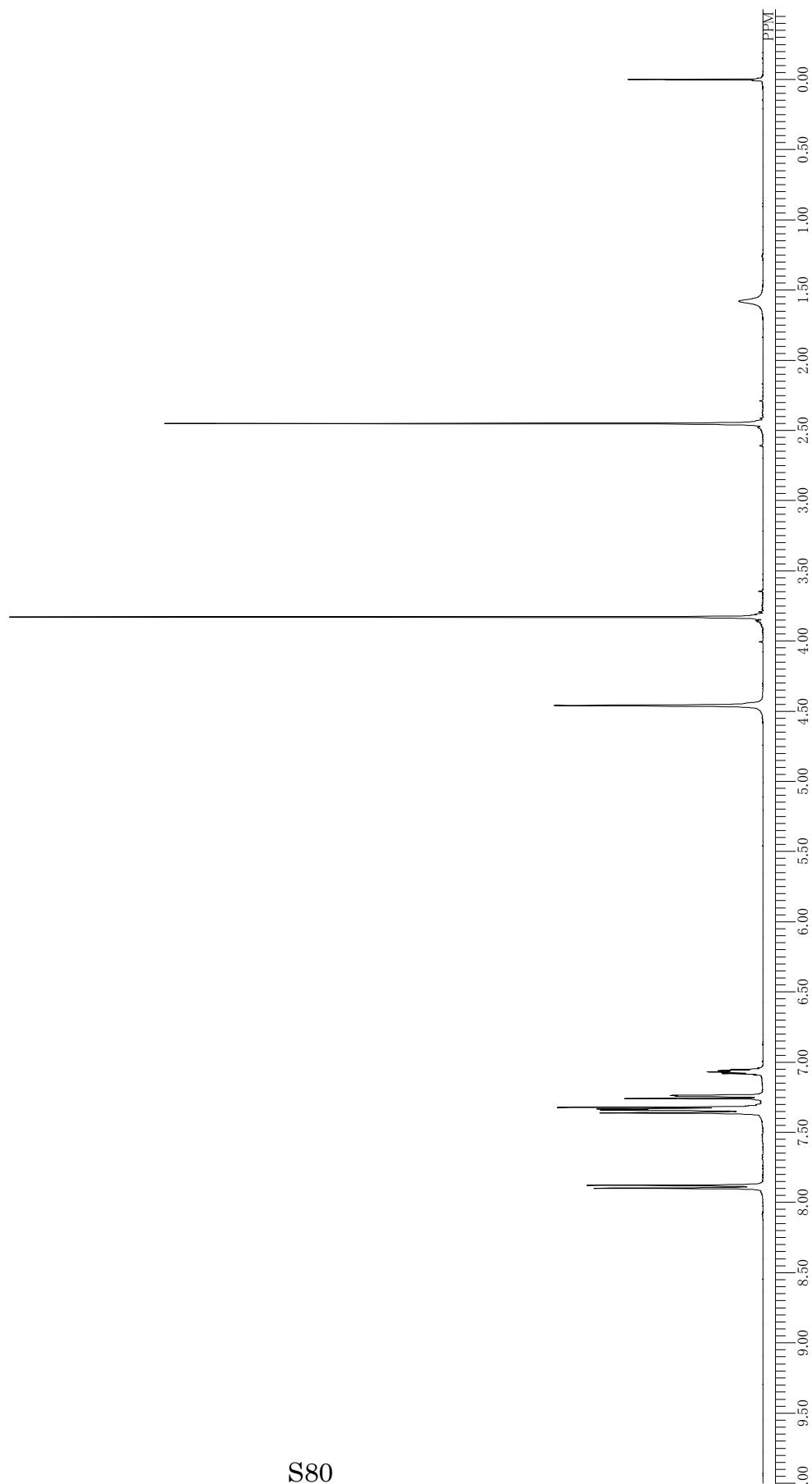
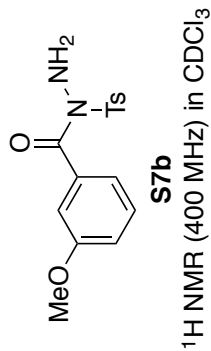
S7a
¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃

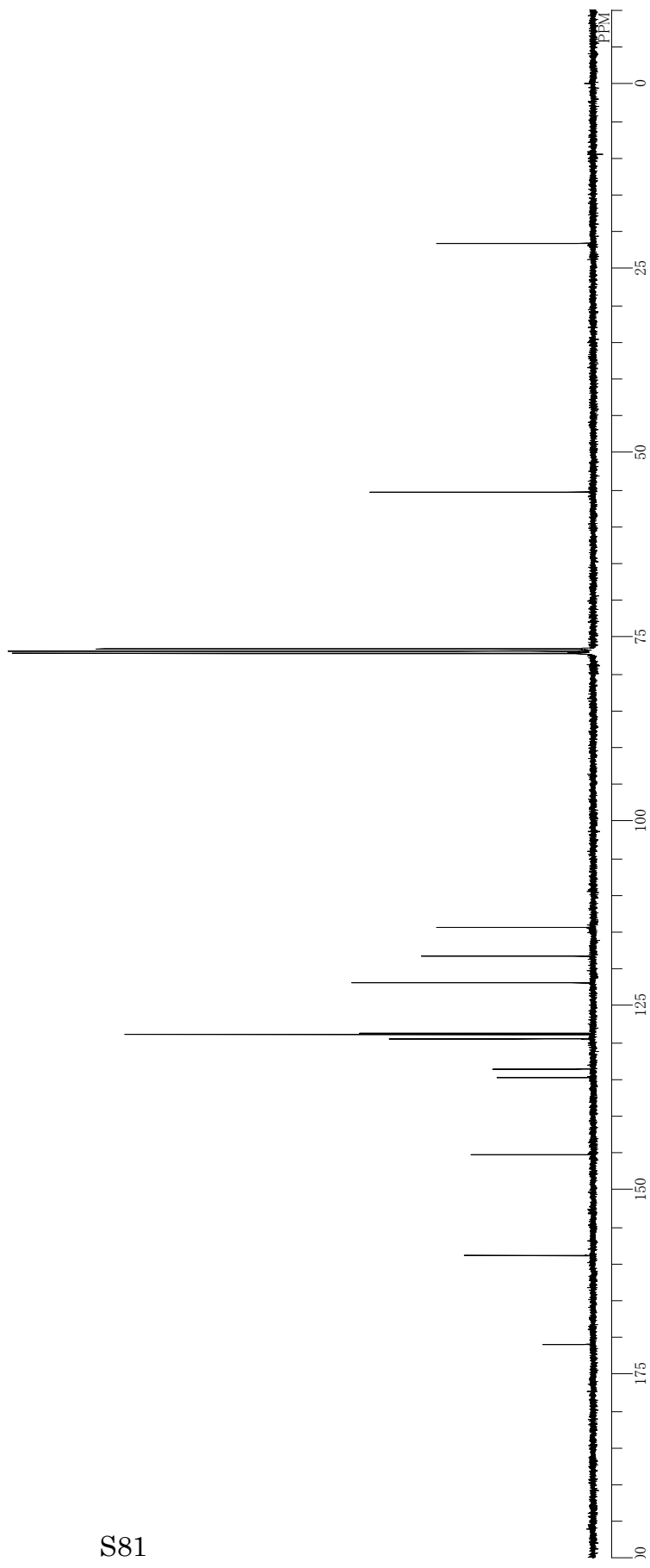
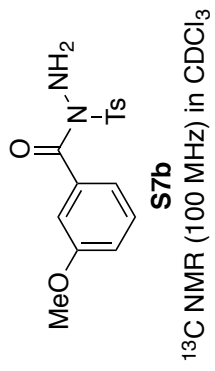


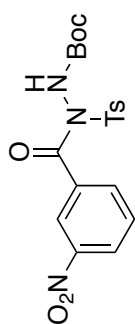
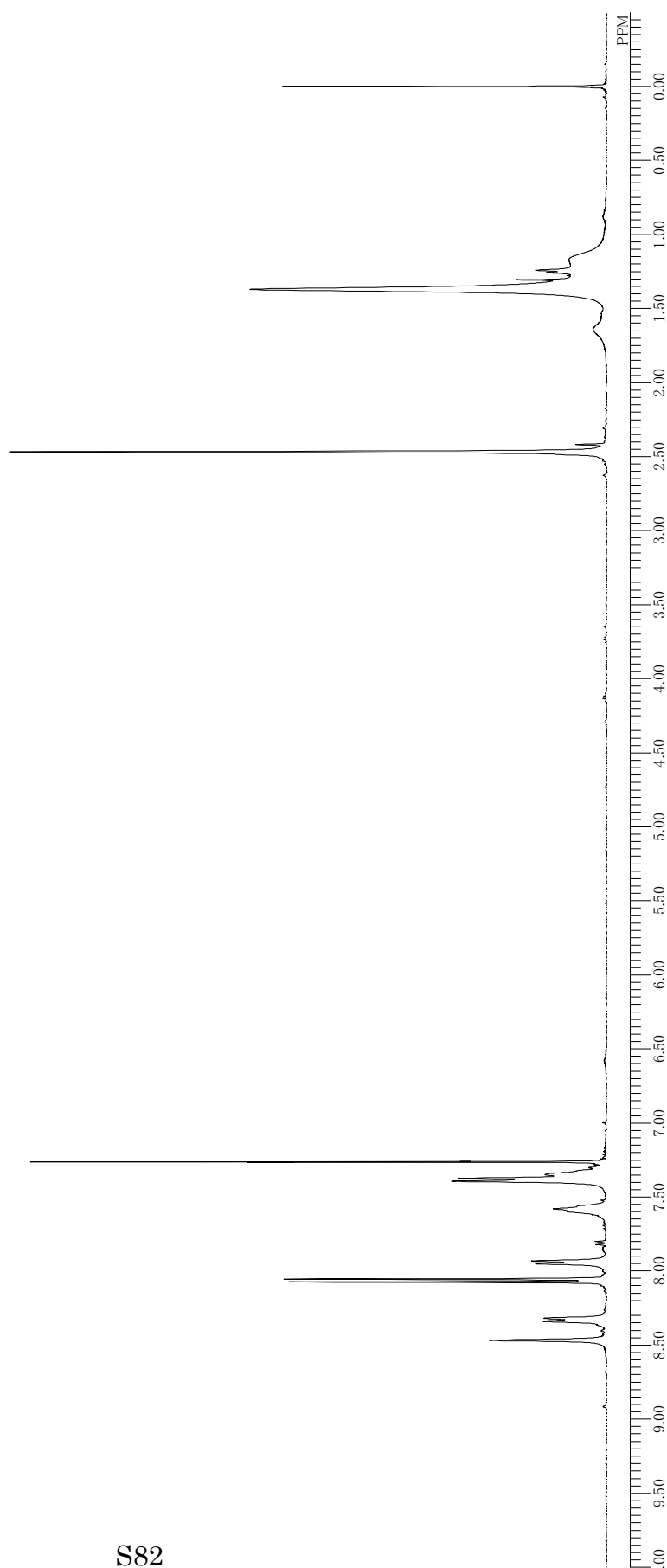


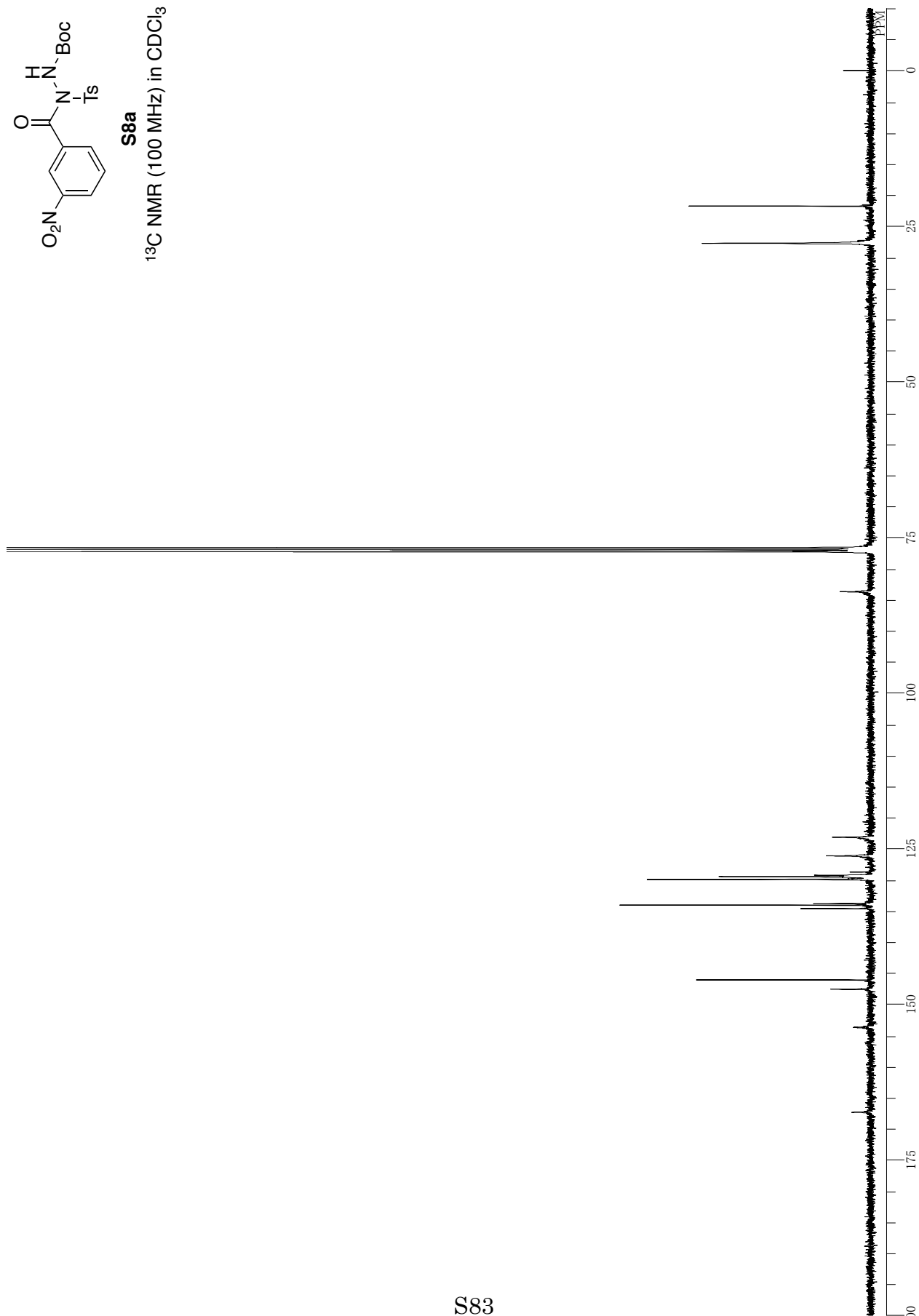
S7a
 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

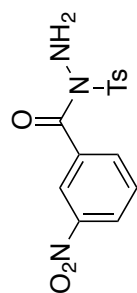






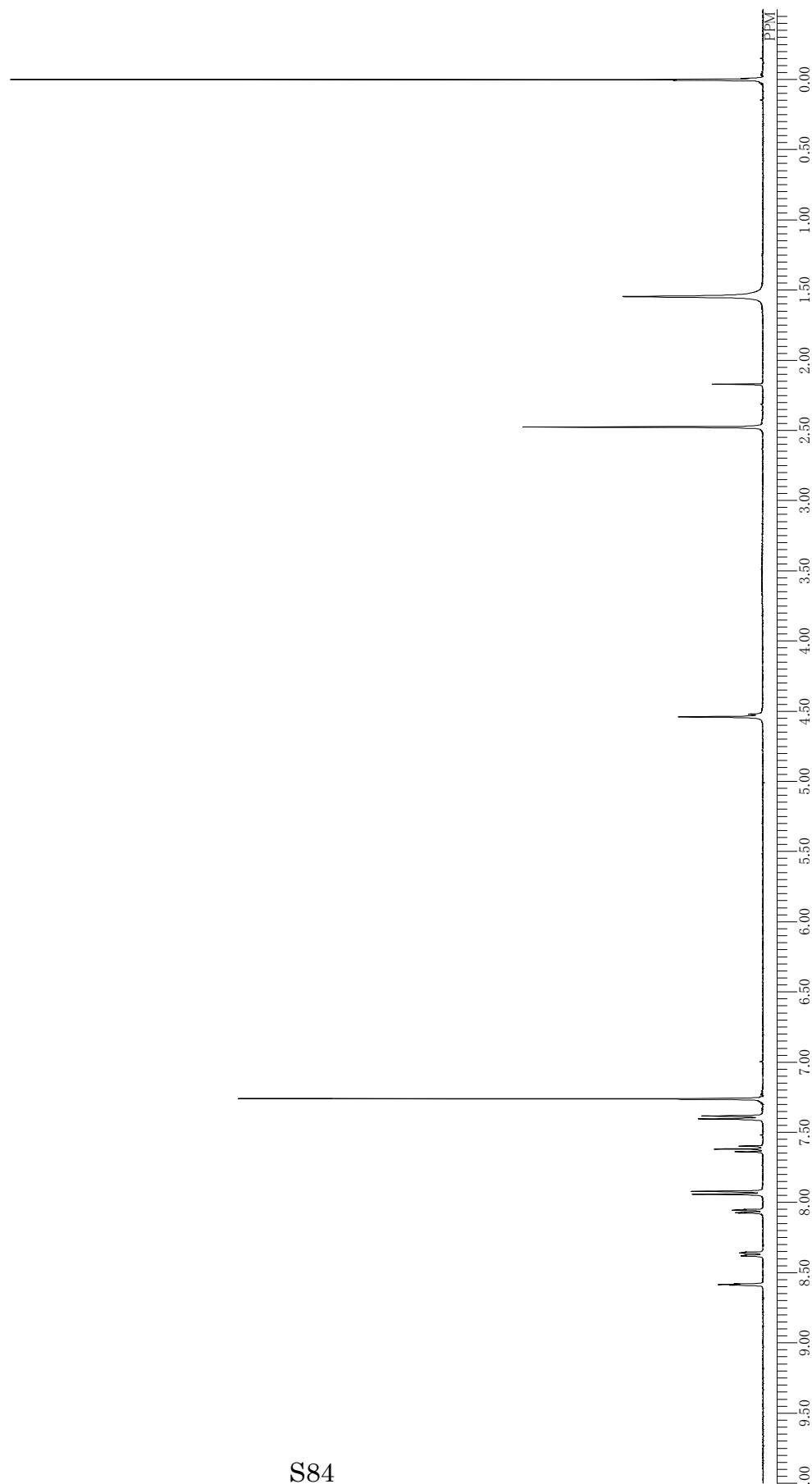
 ^1H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl_3 

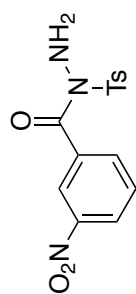




S8b

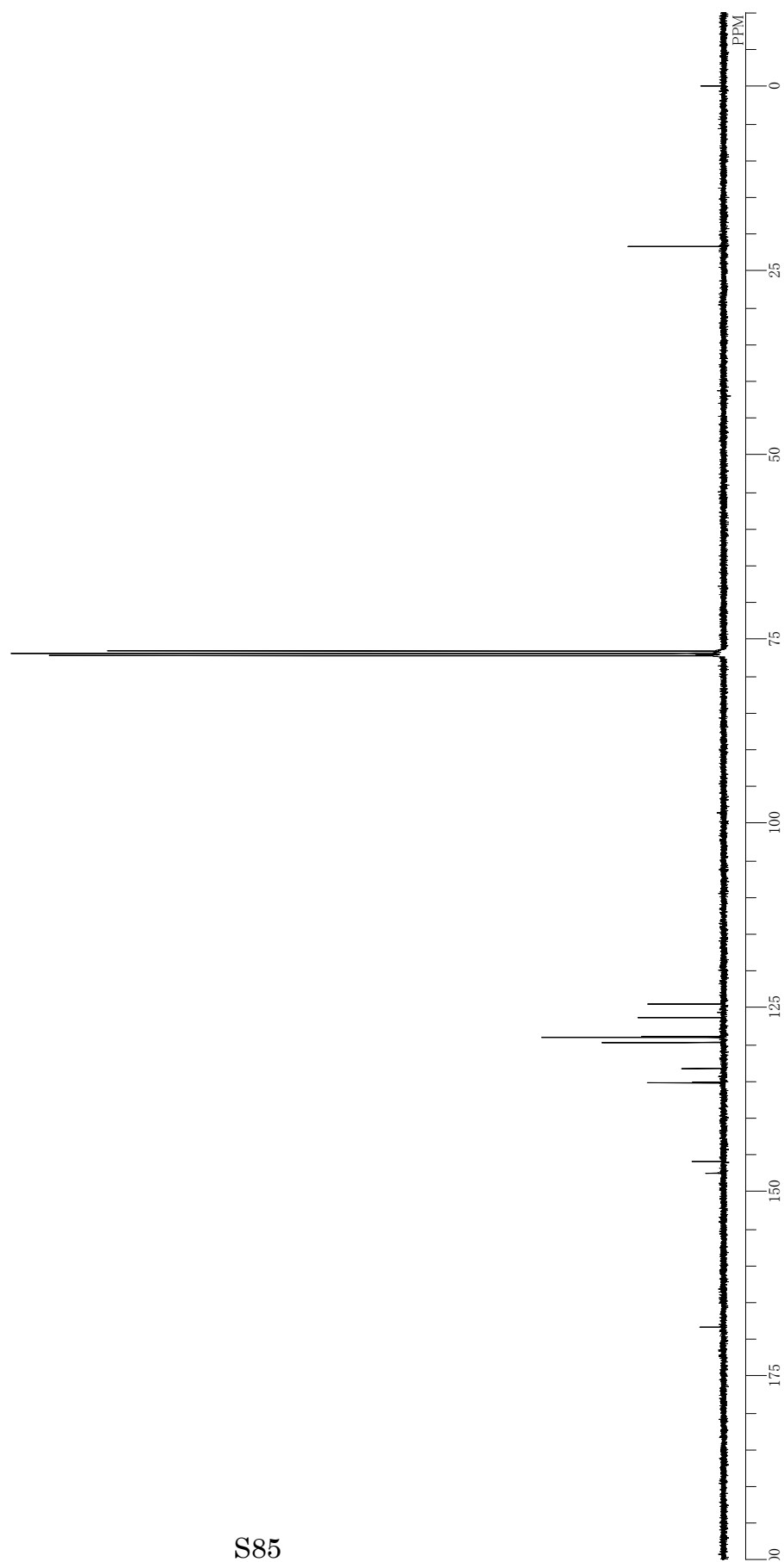
¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃

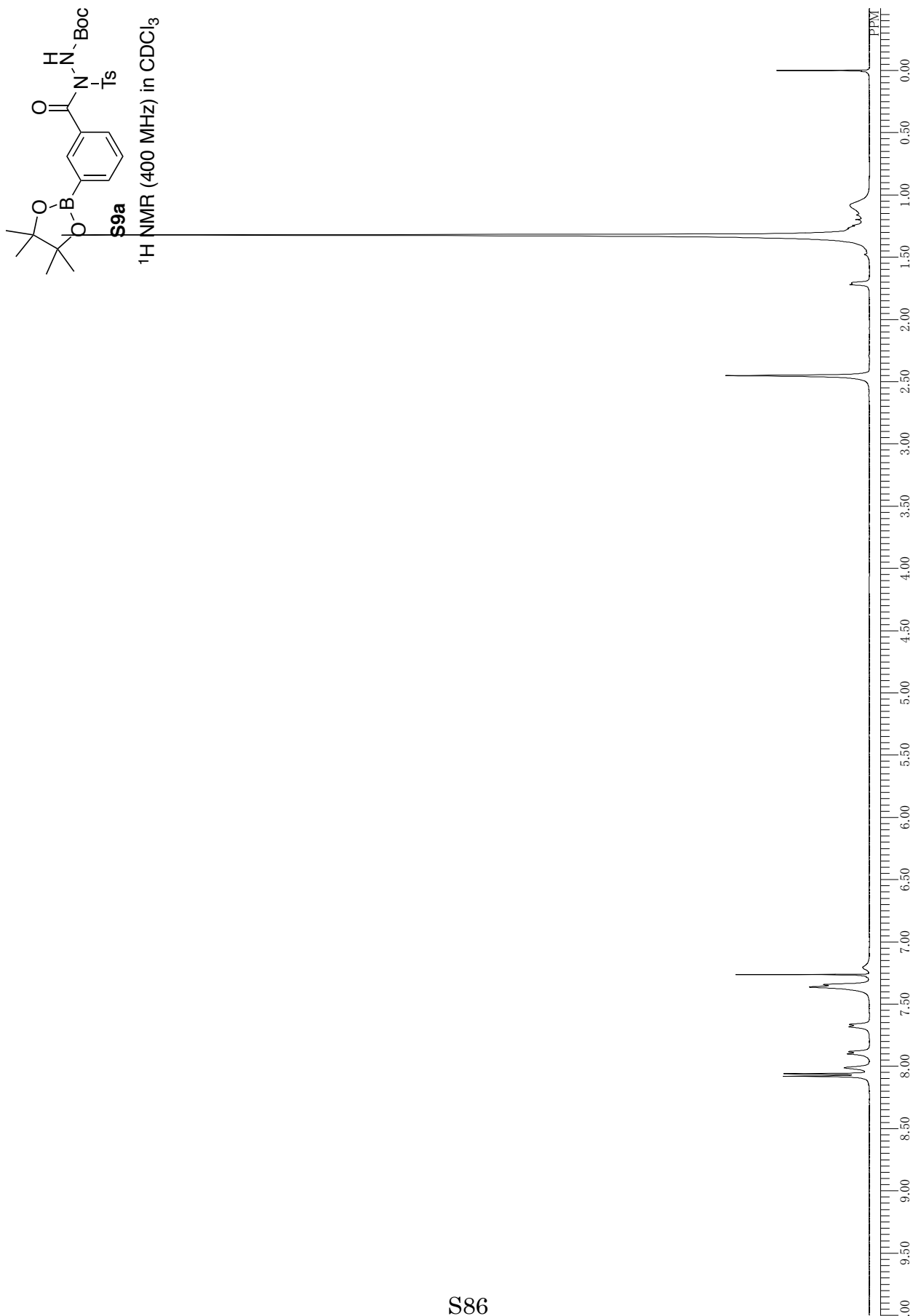


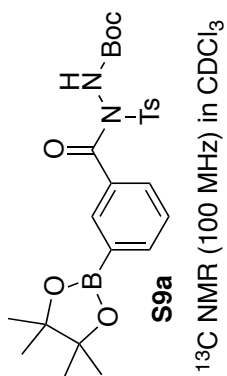
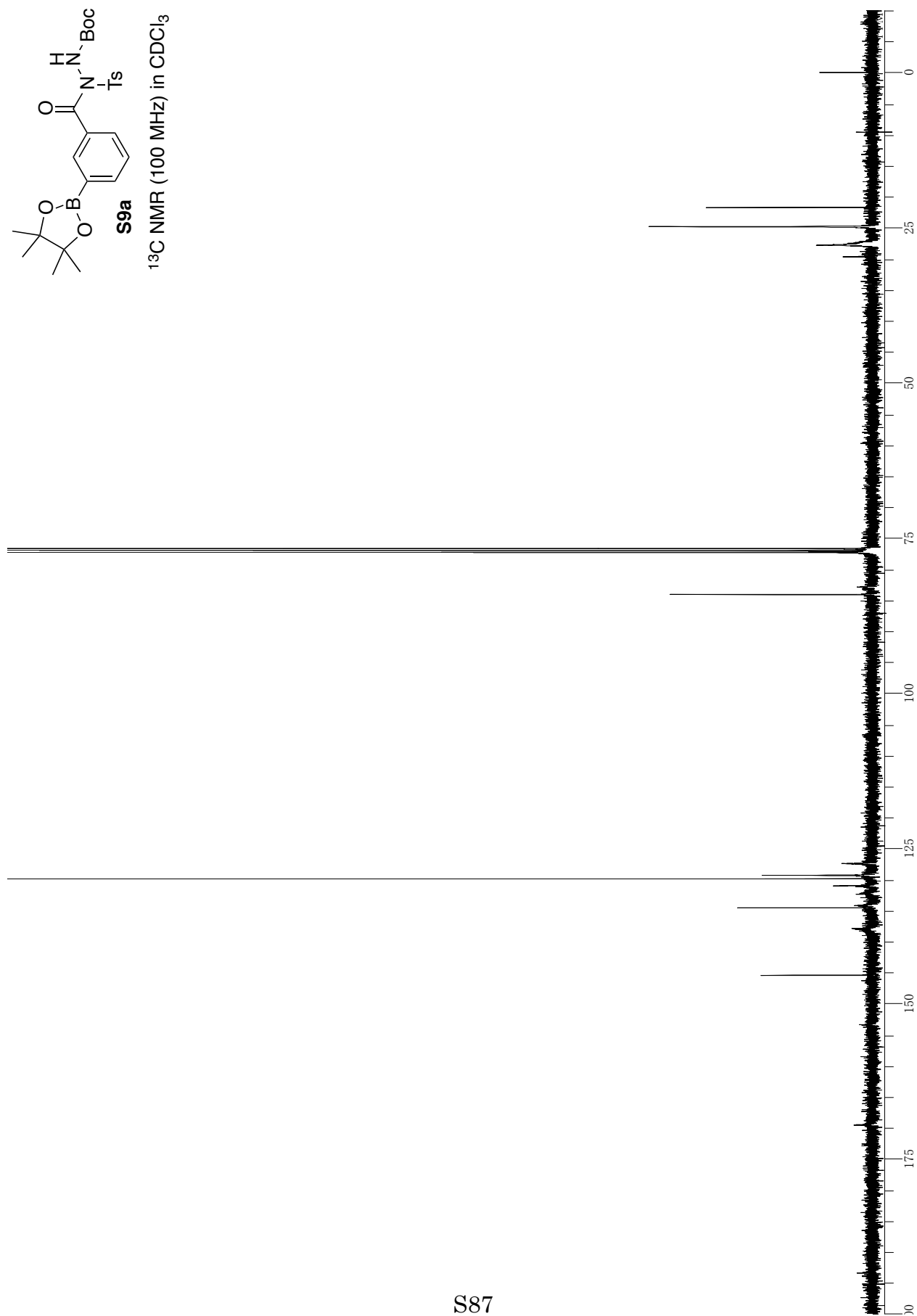


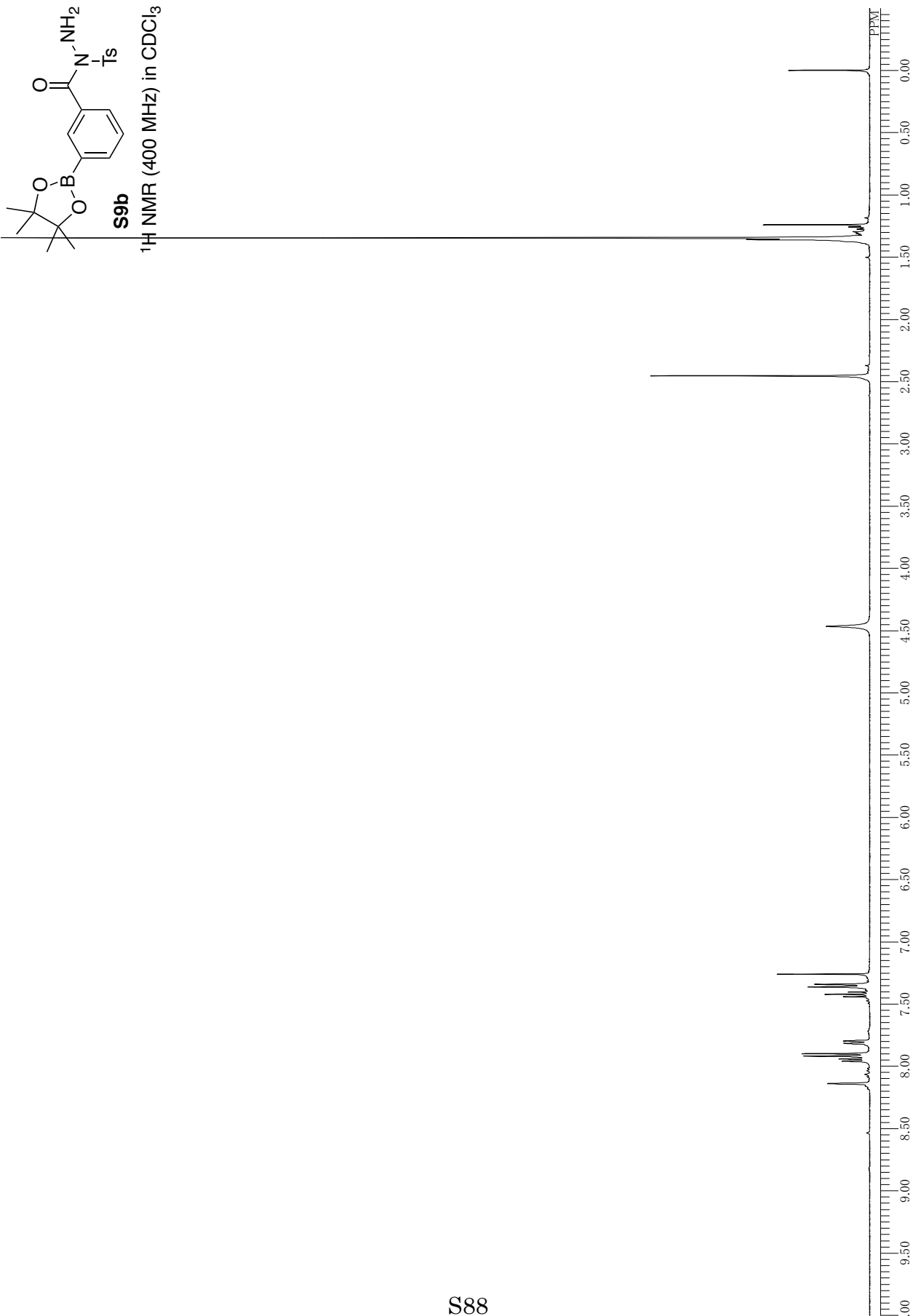
S8b

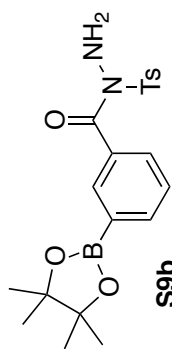
¹³C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl₃





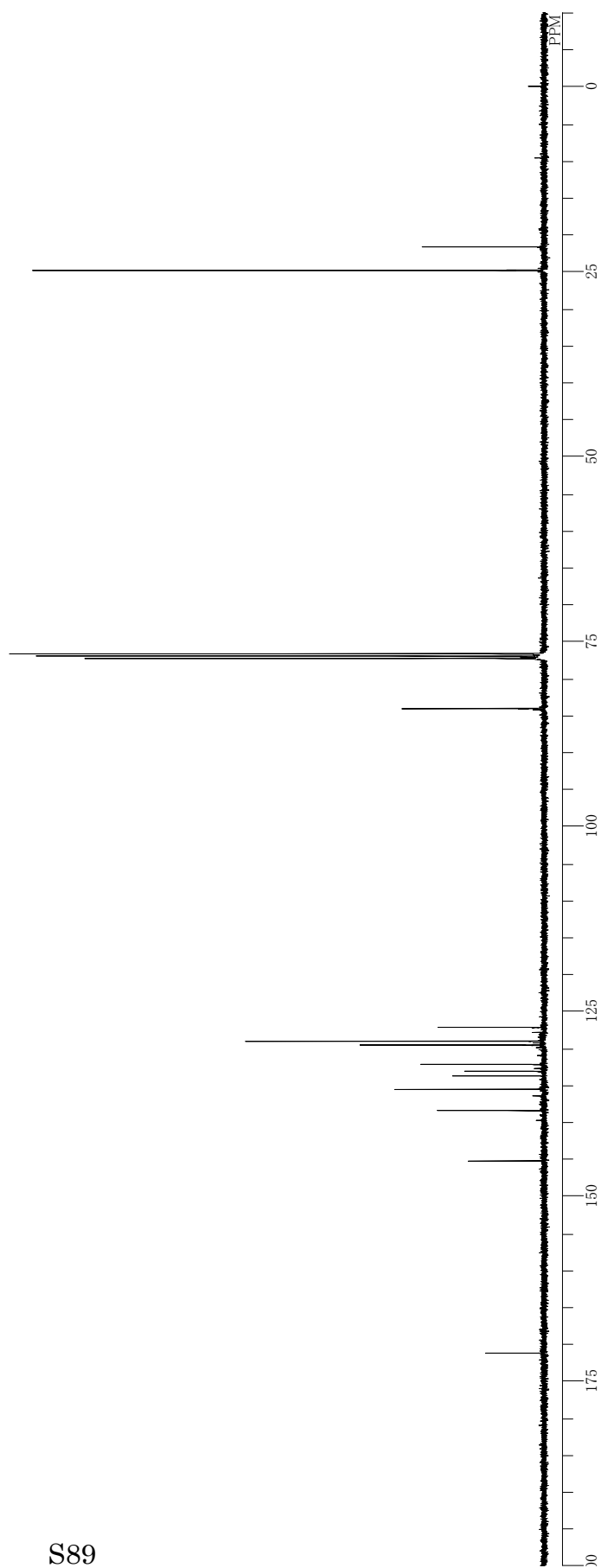
 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3 

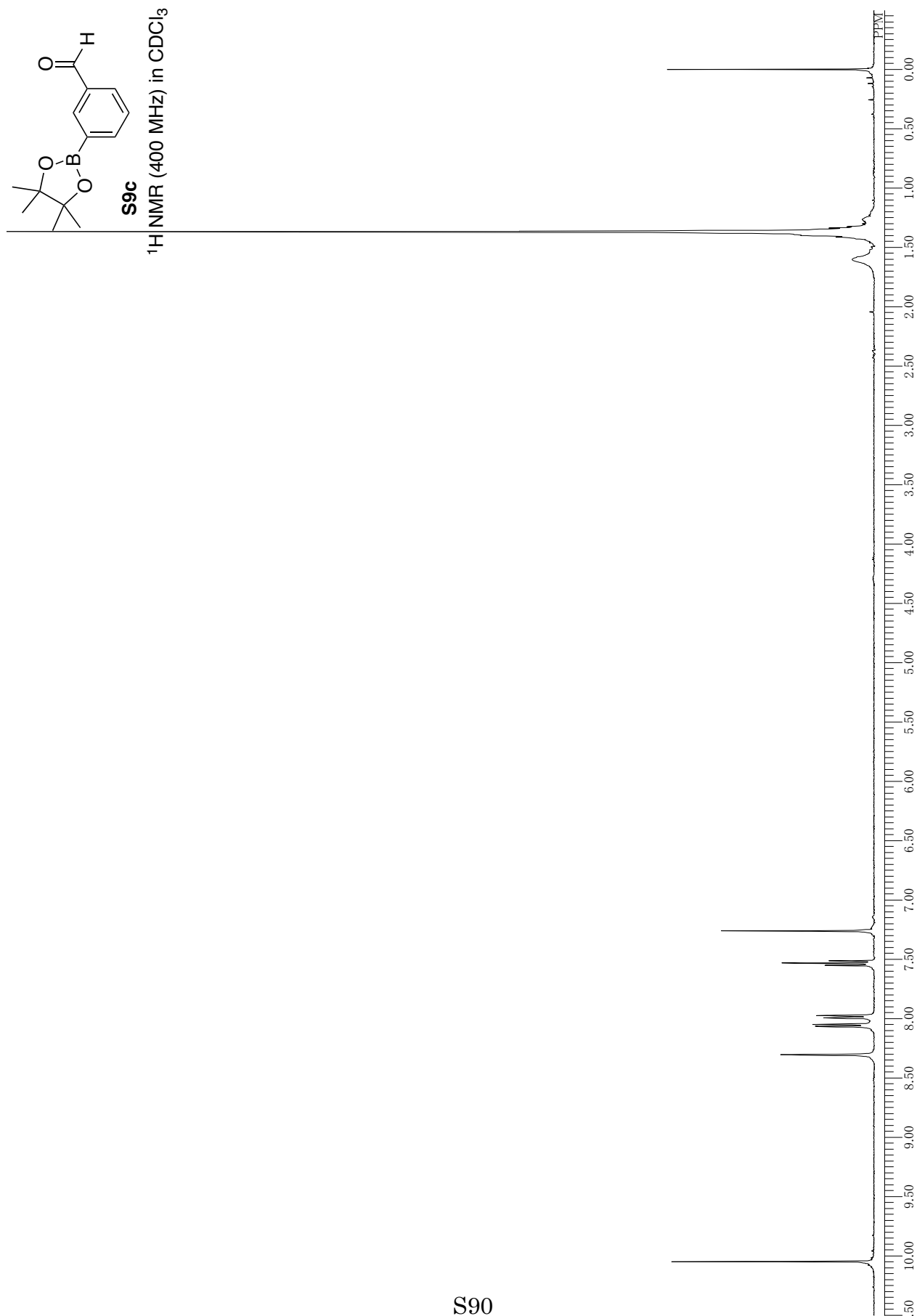


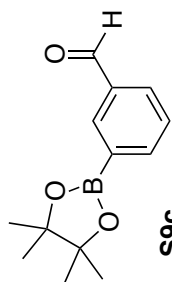


S9b

^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

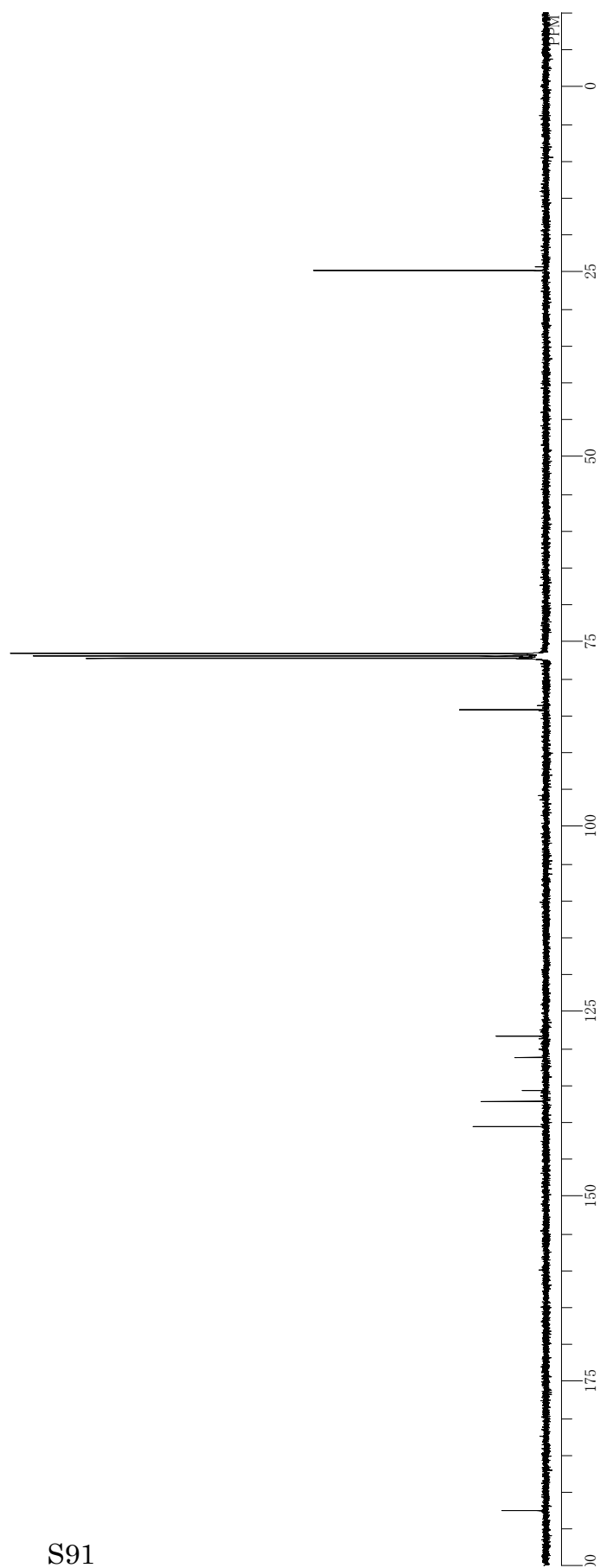


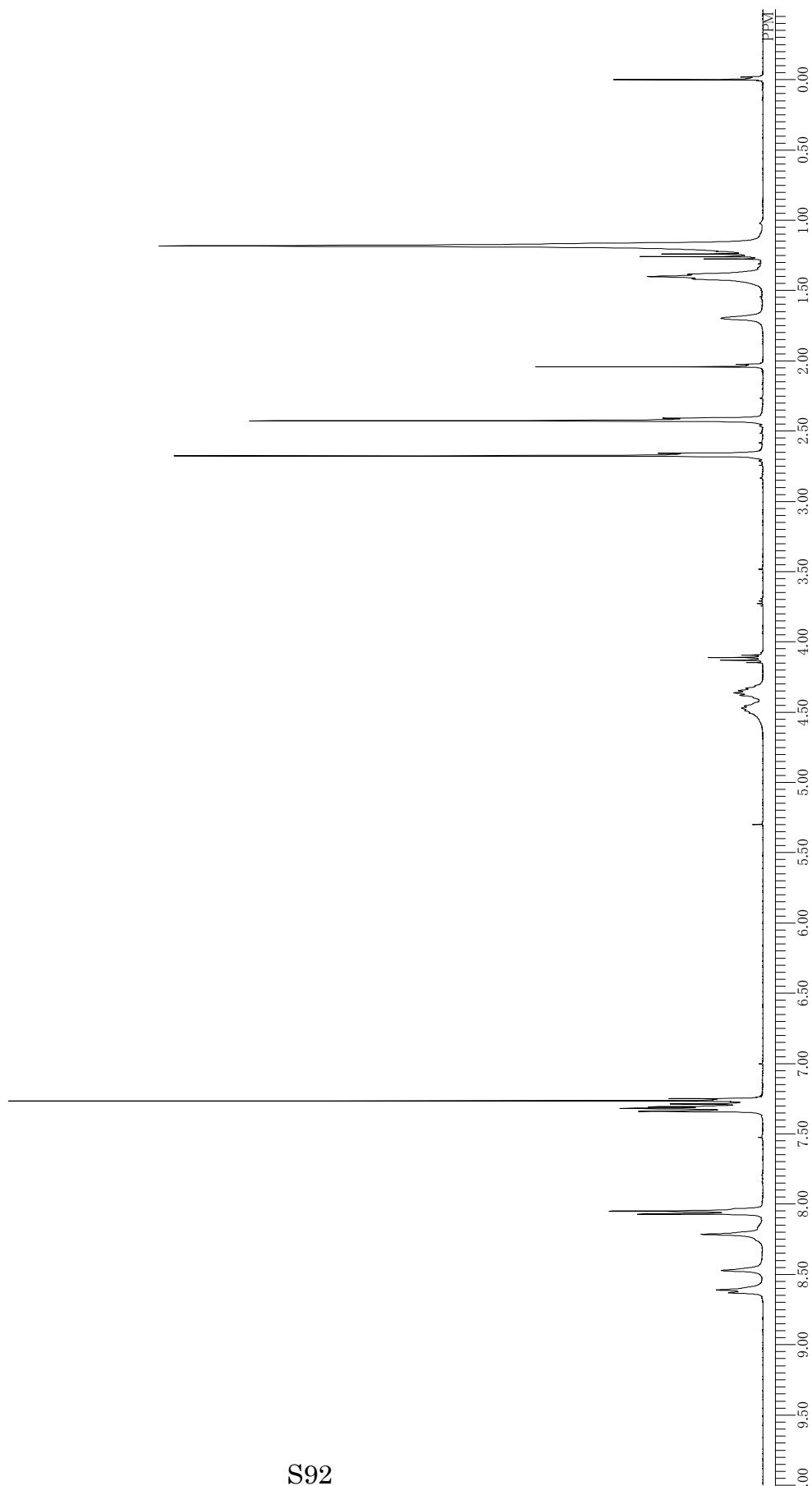
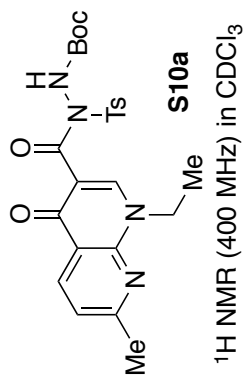


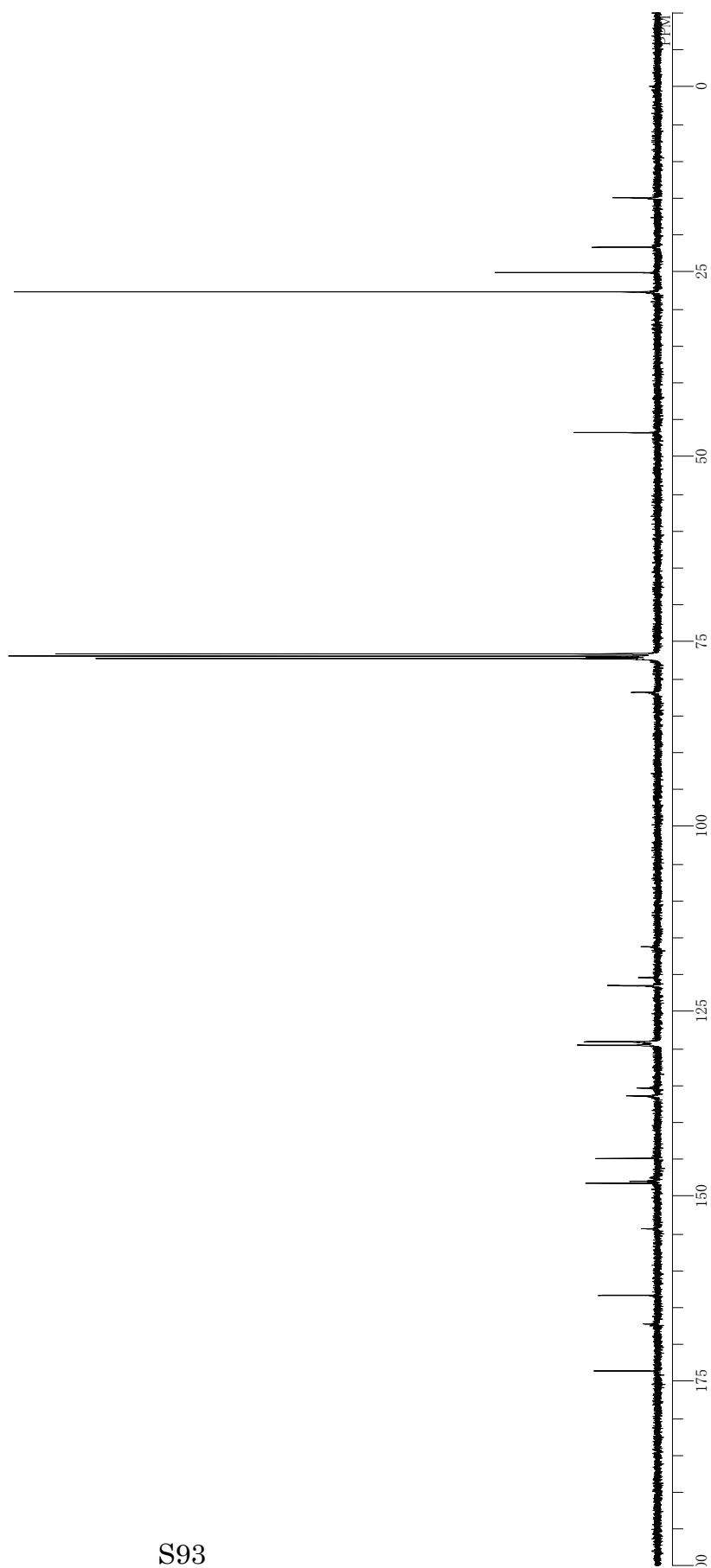
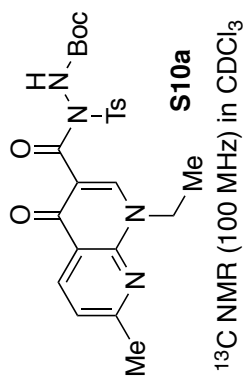


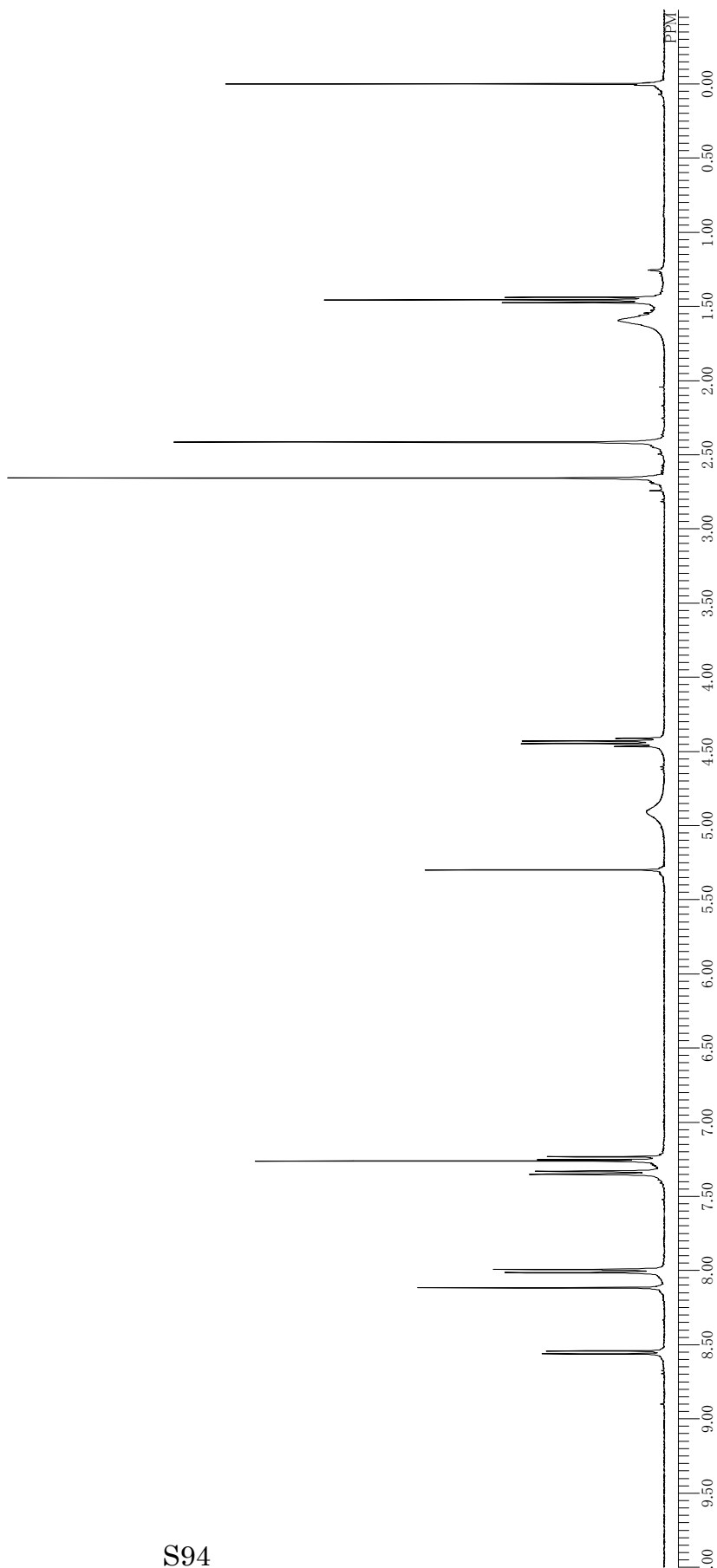
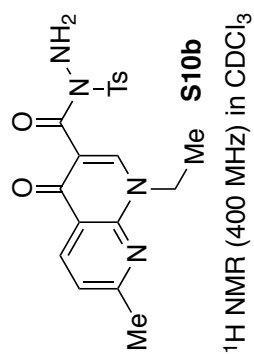
S9c

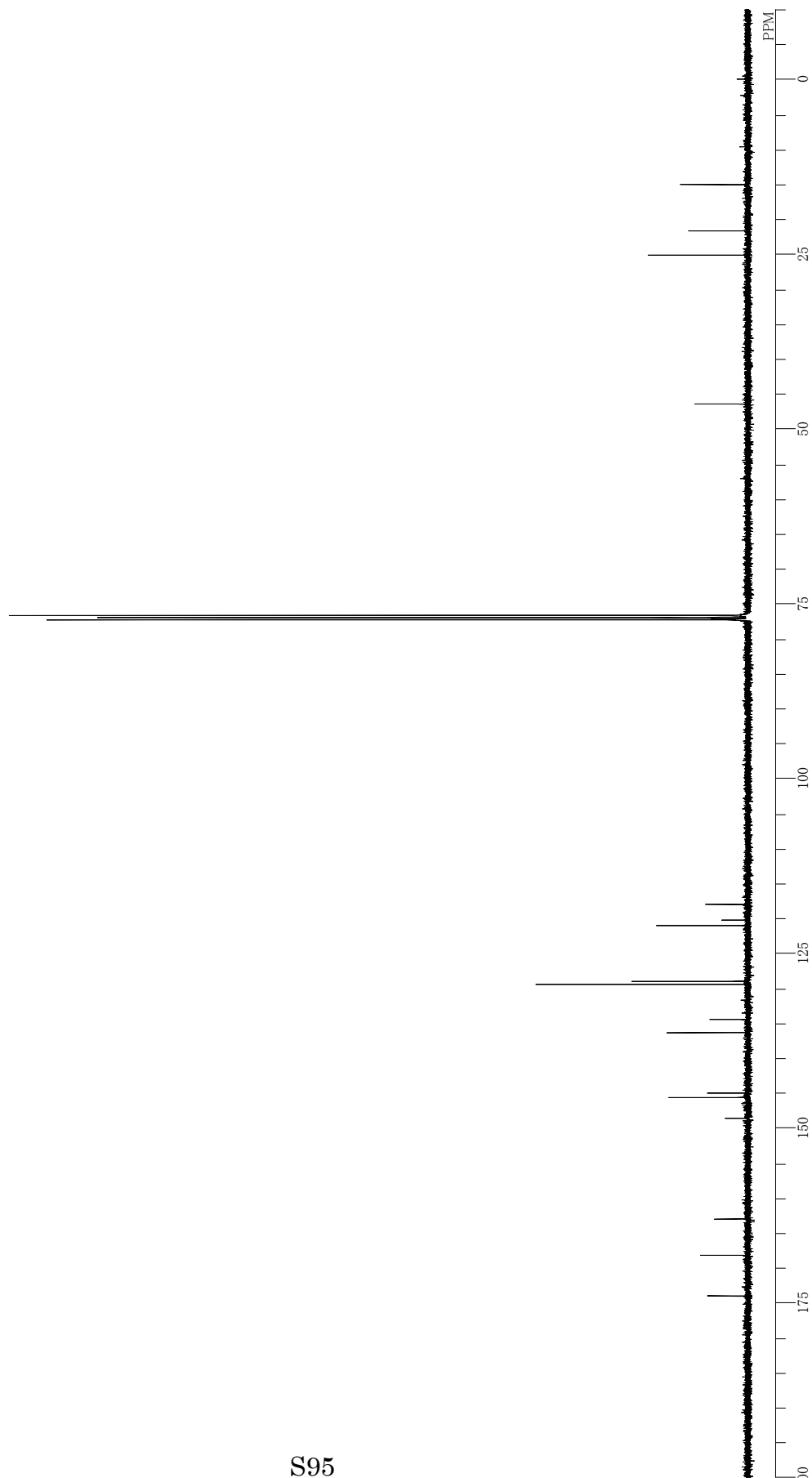
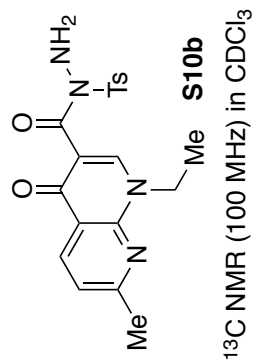
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

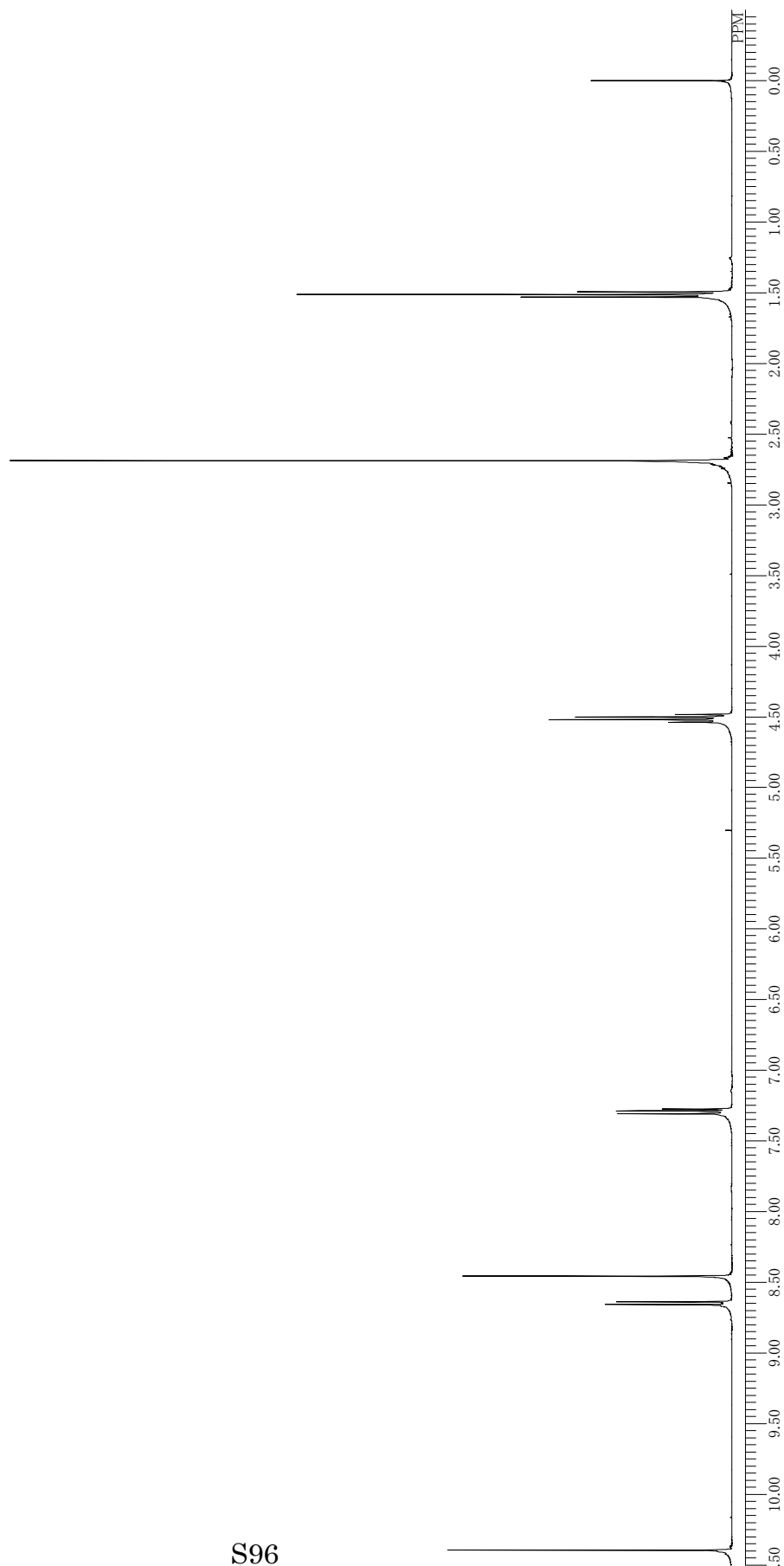
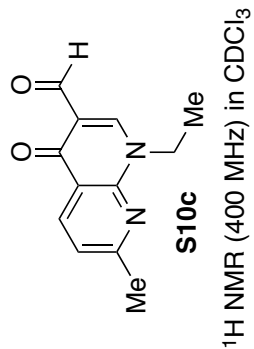


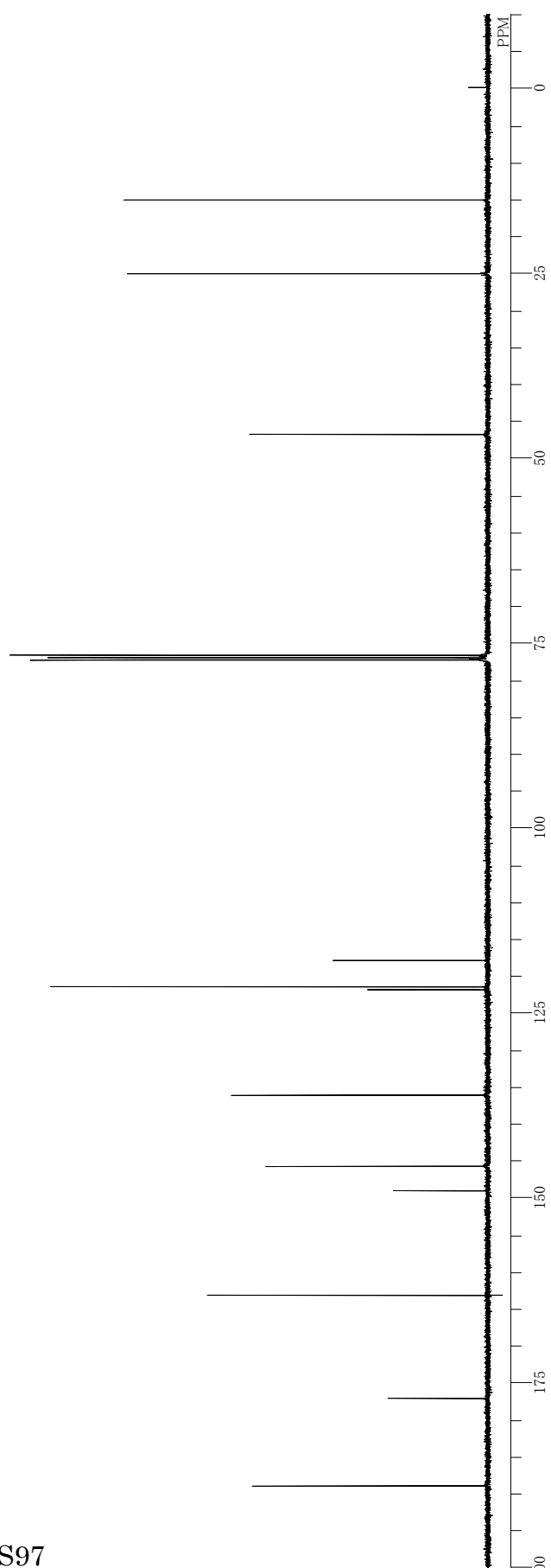


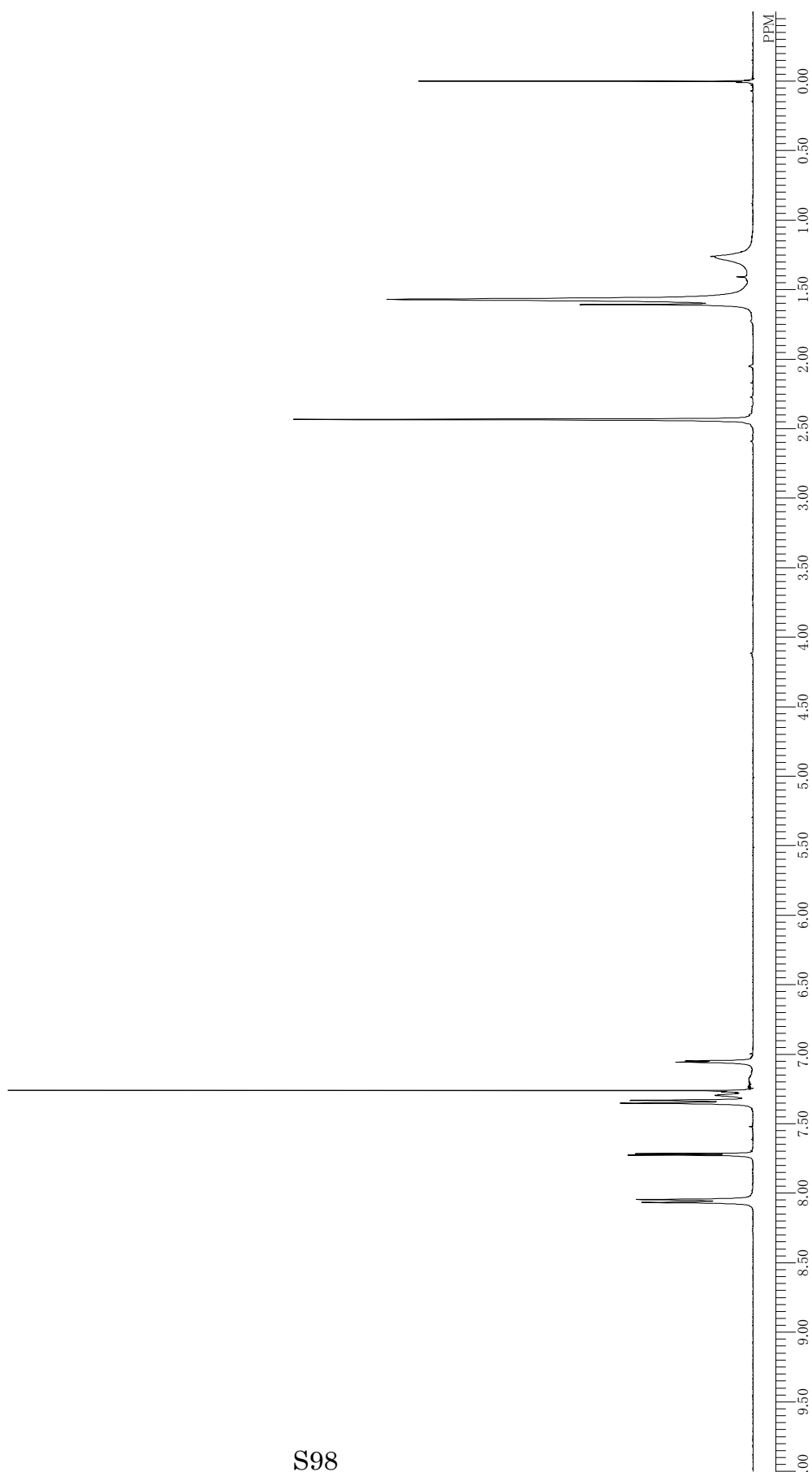
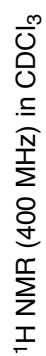


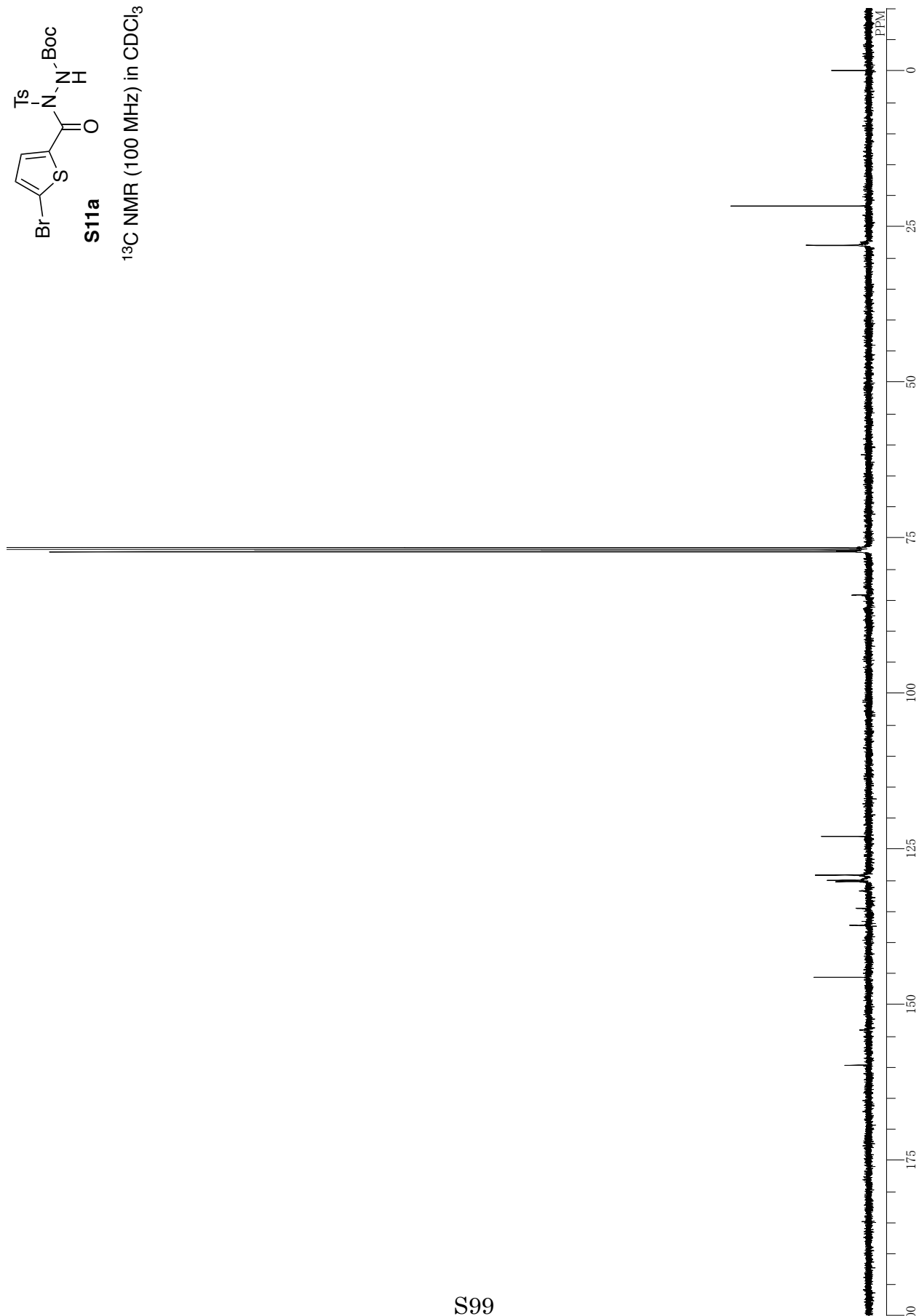


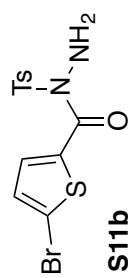




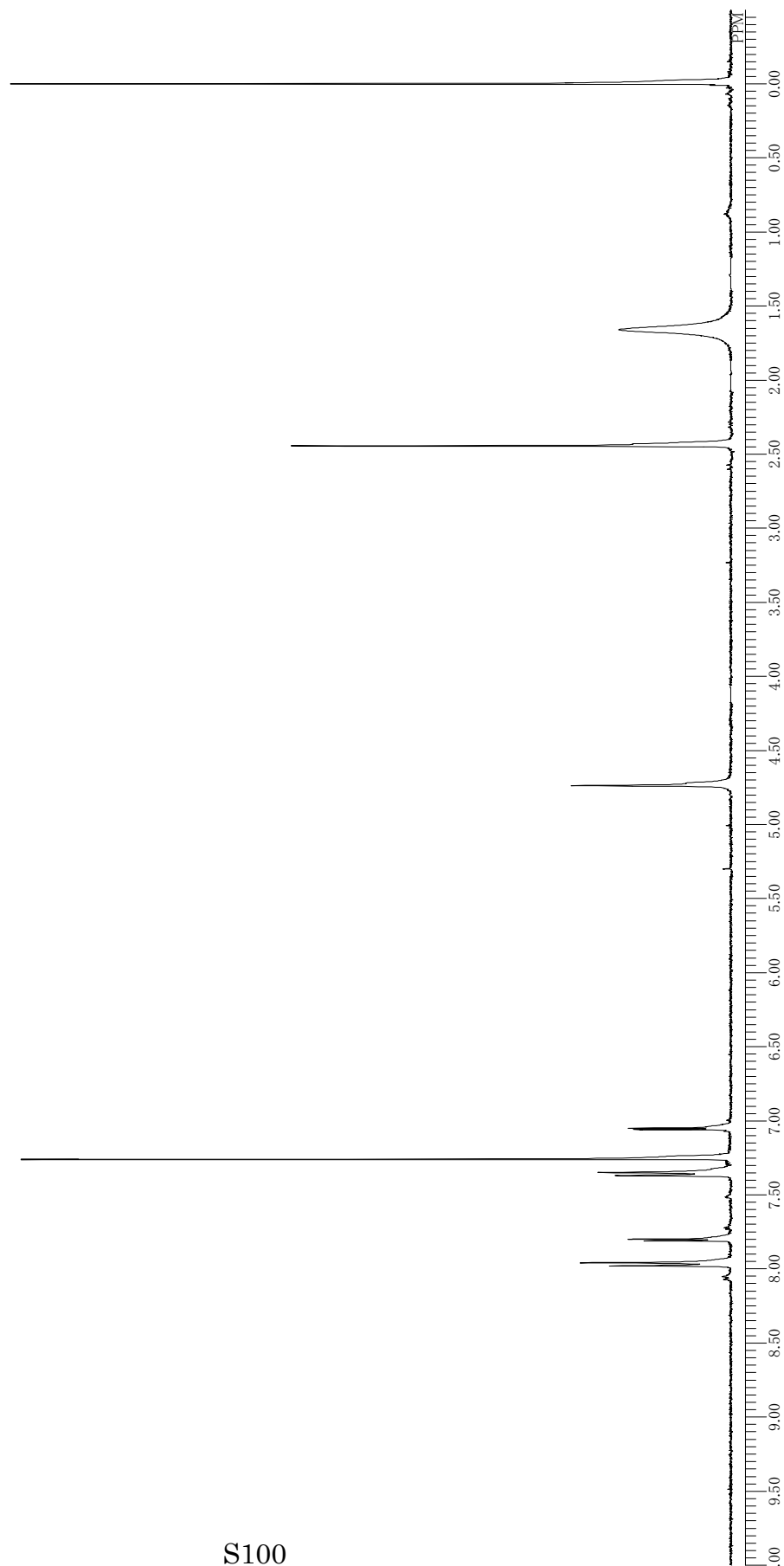
 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3 

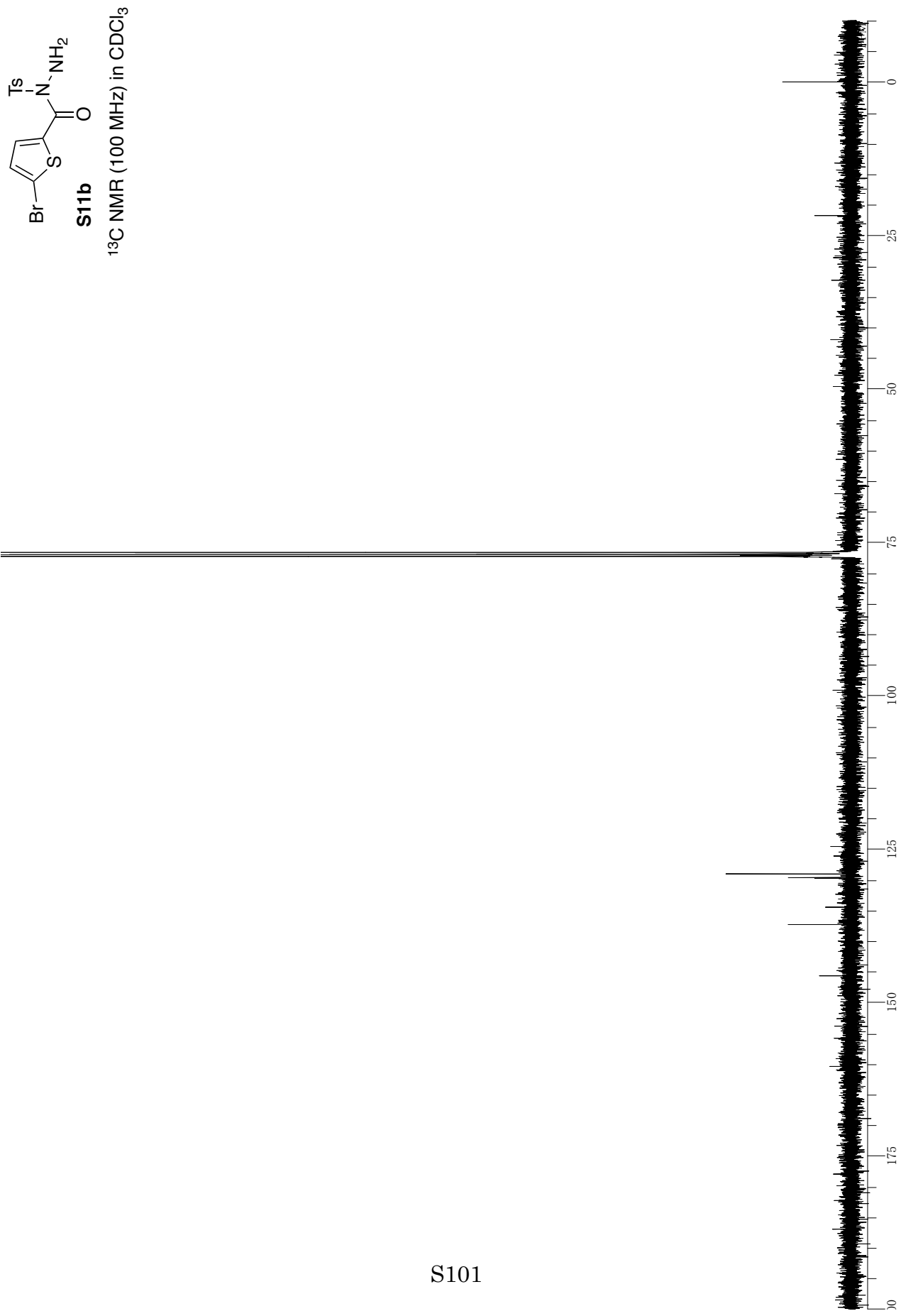


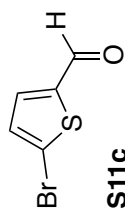




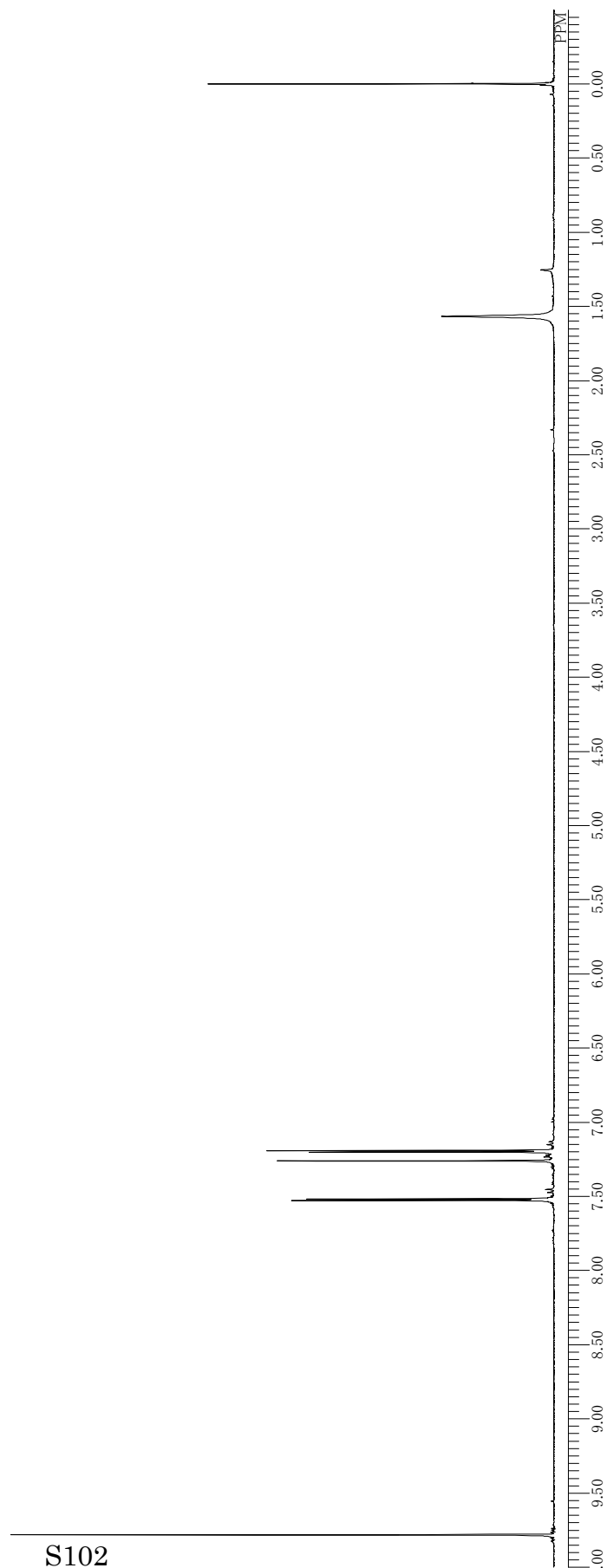
^1H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl_3

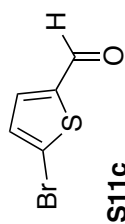




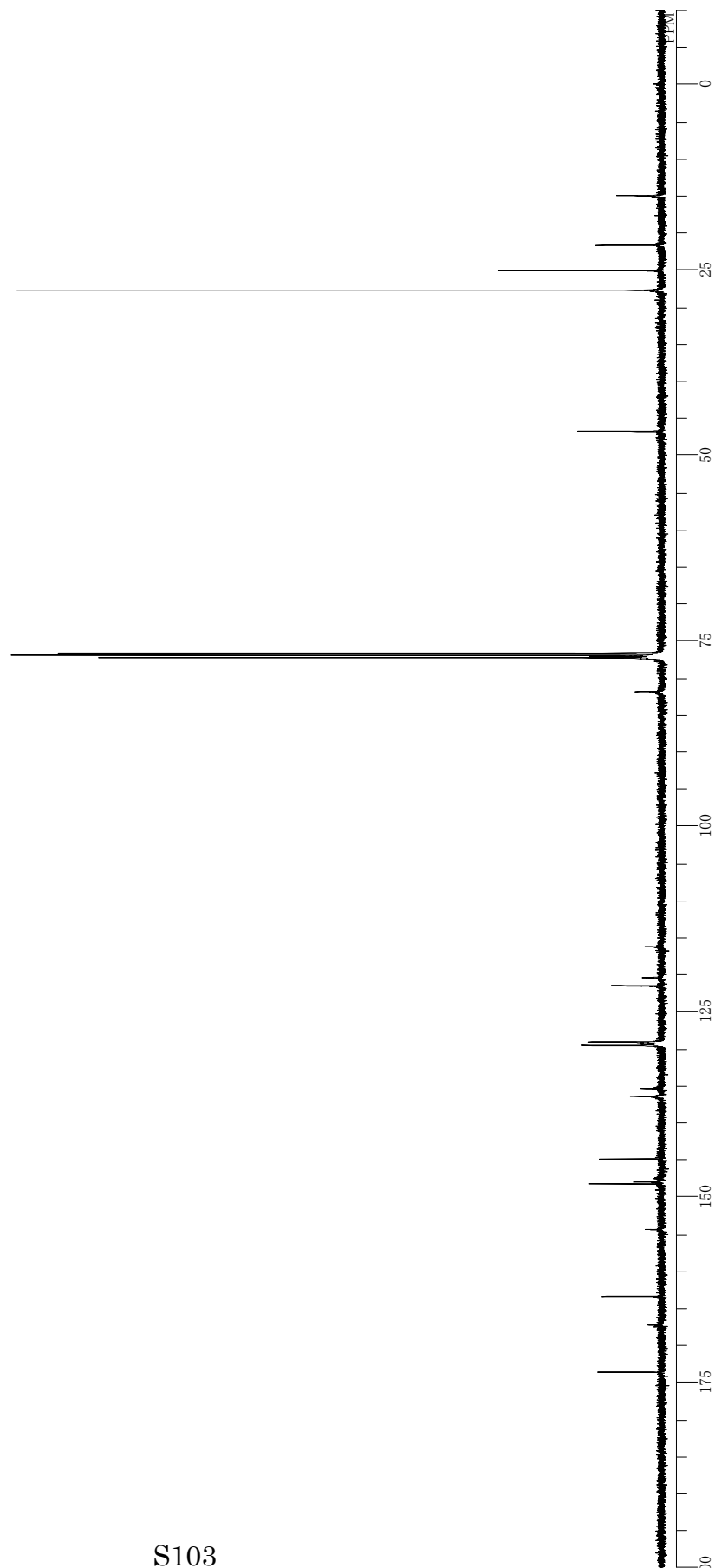


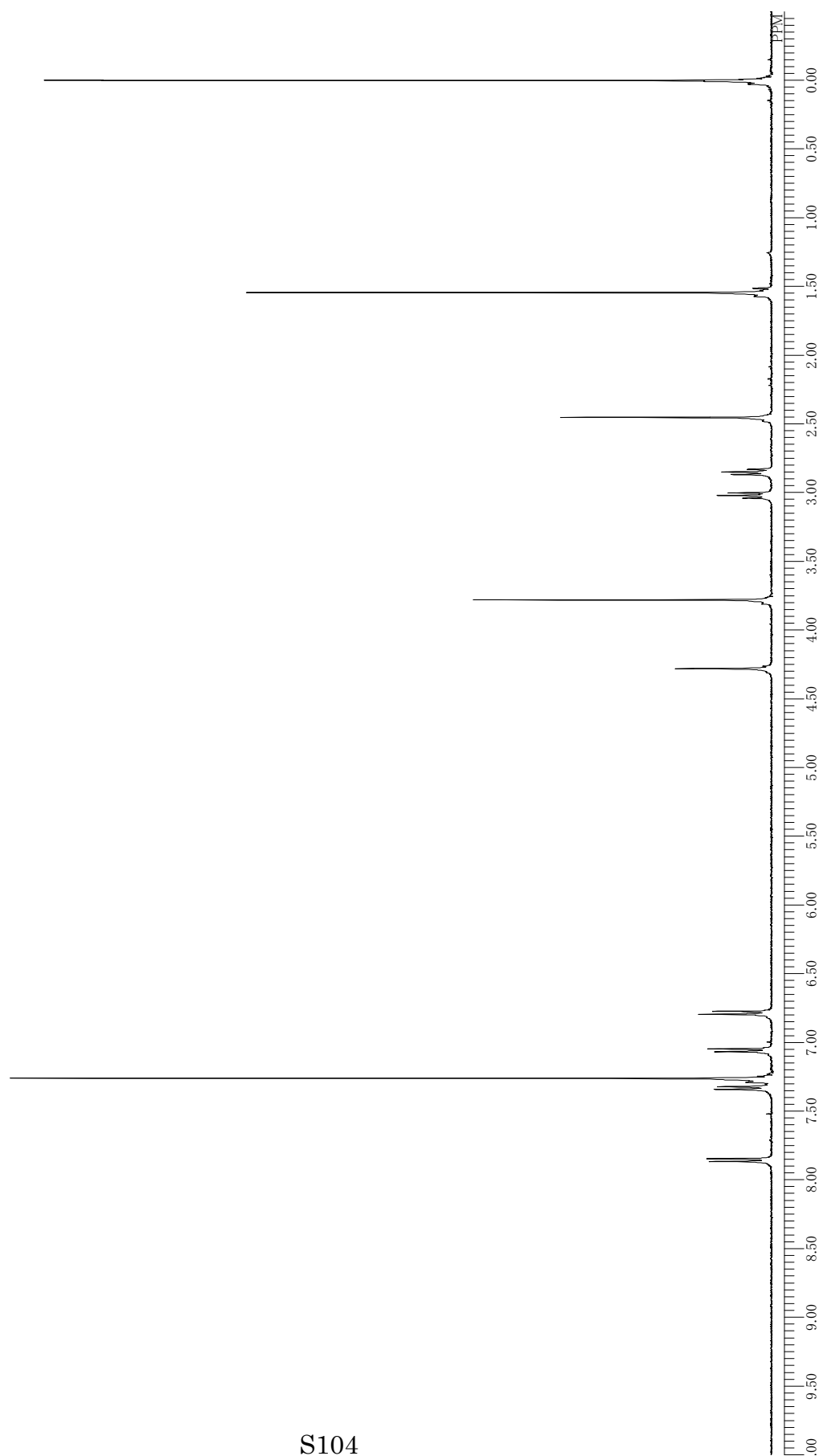
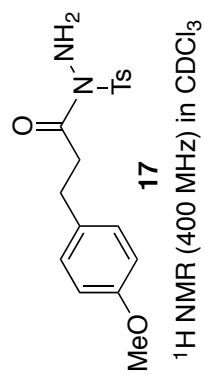
¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃

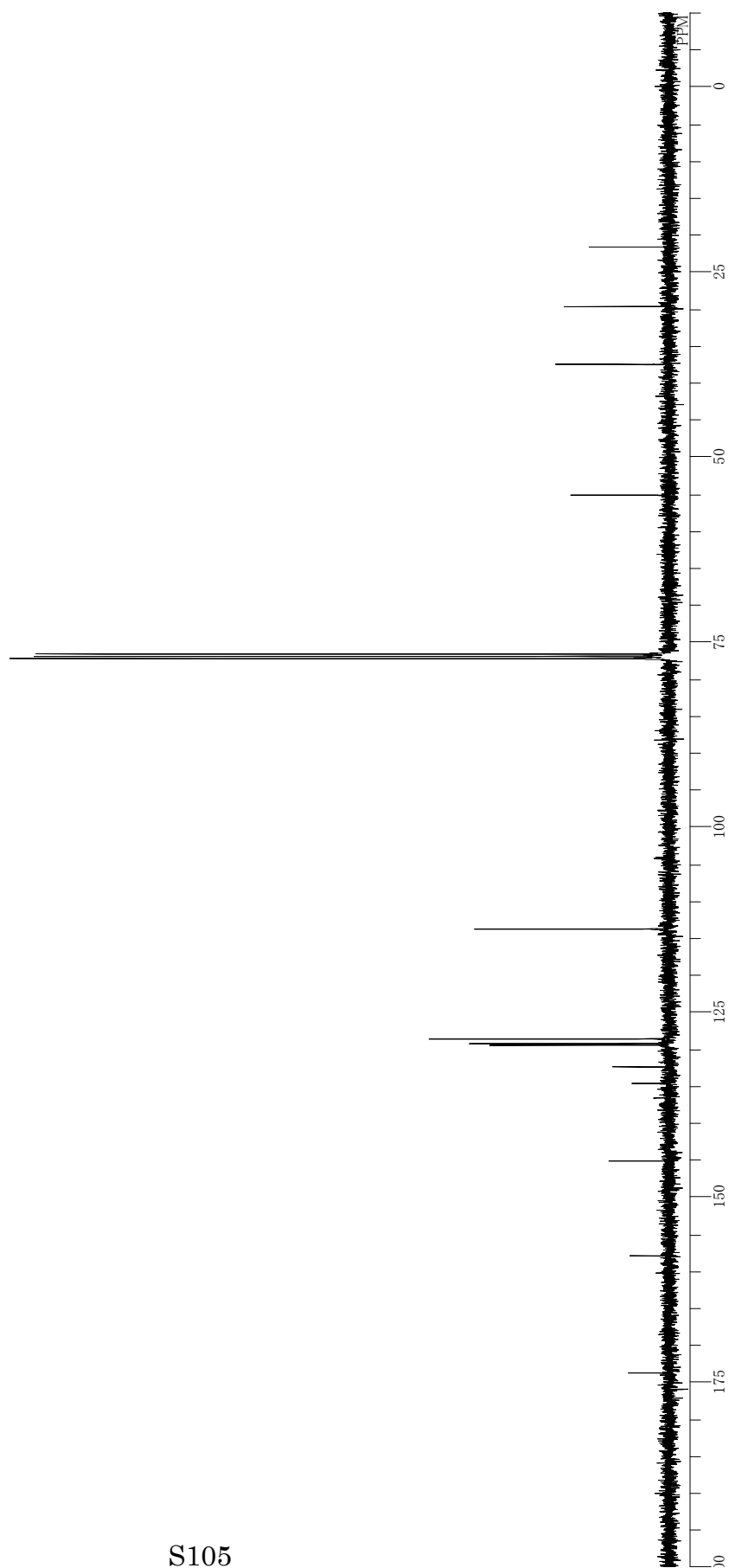
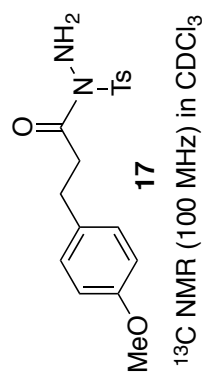


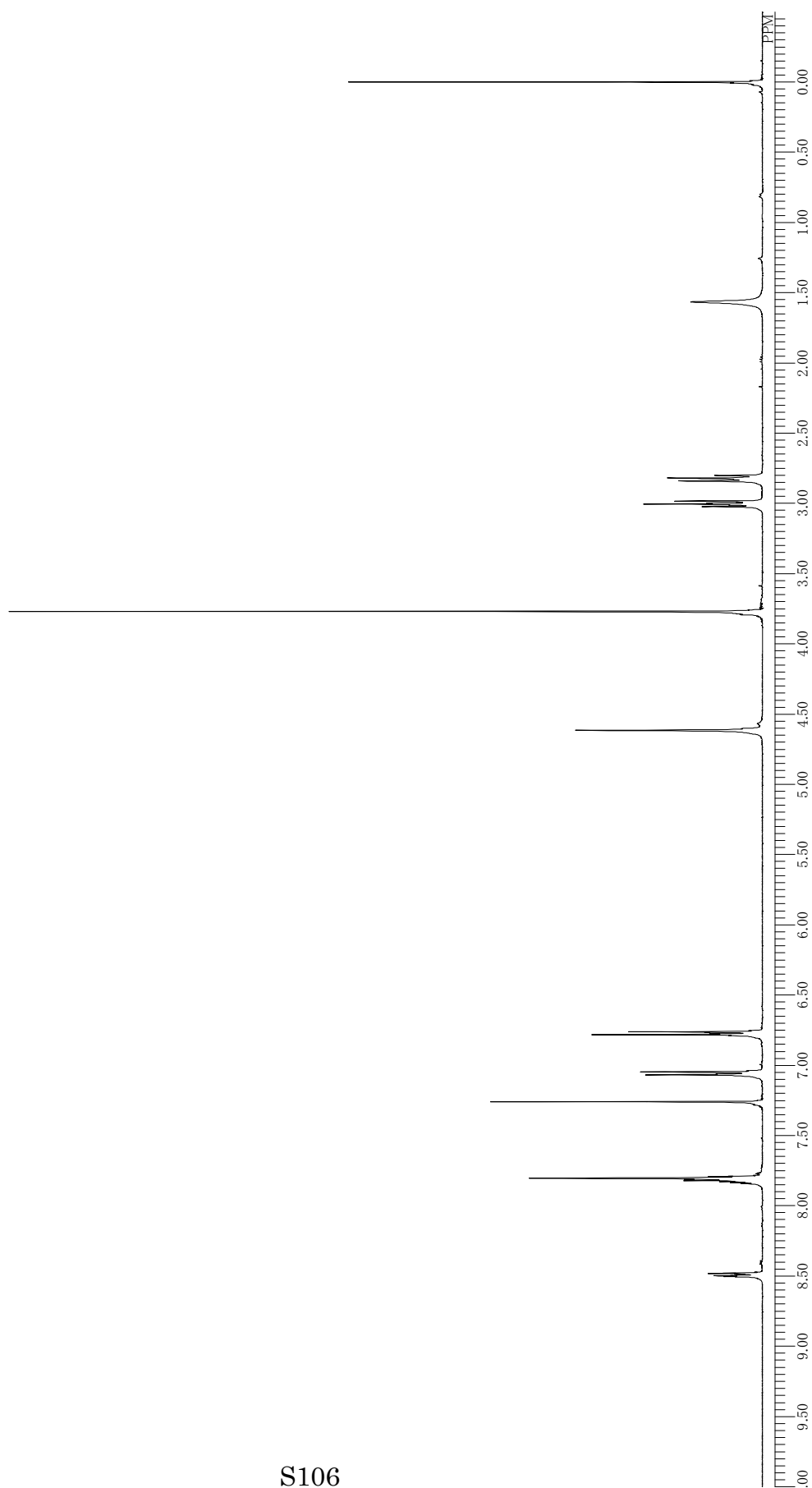


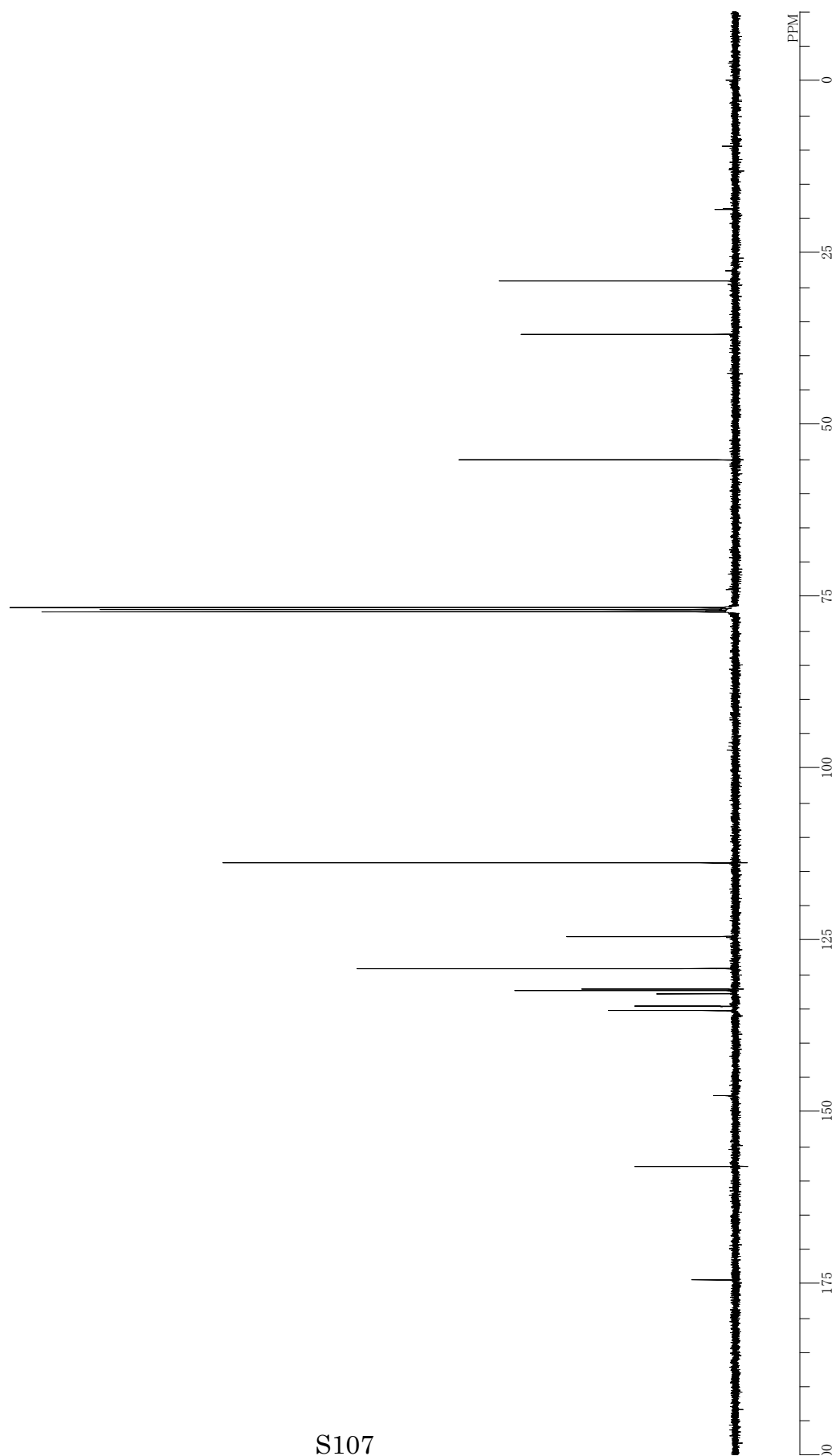
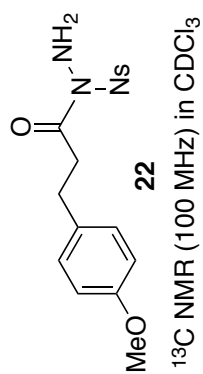
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

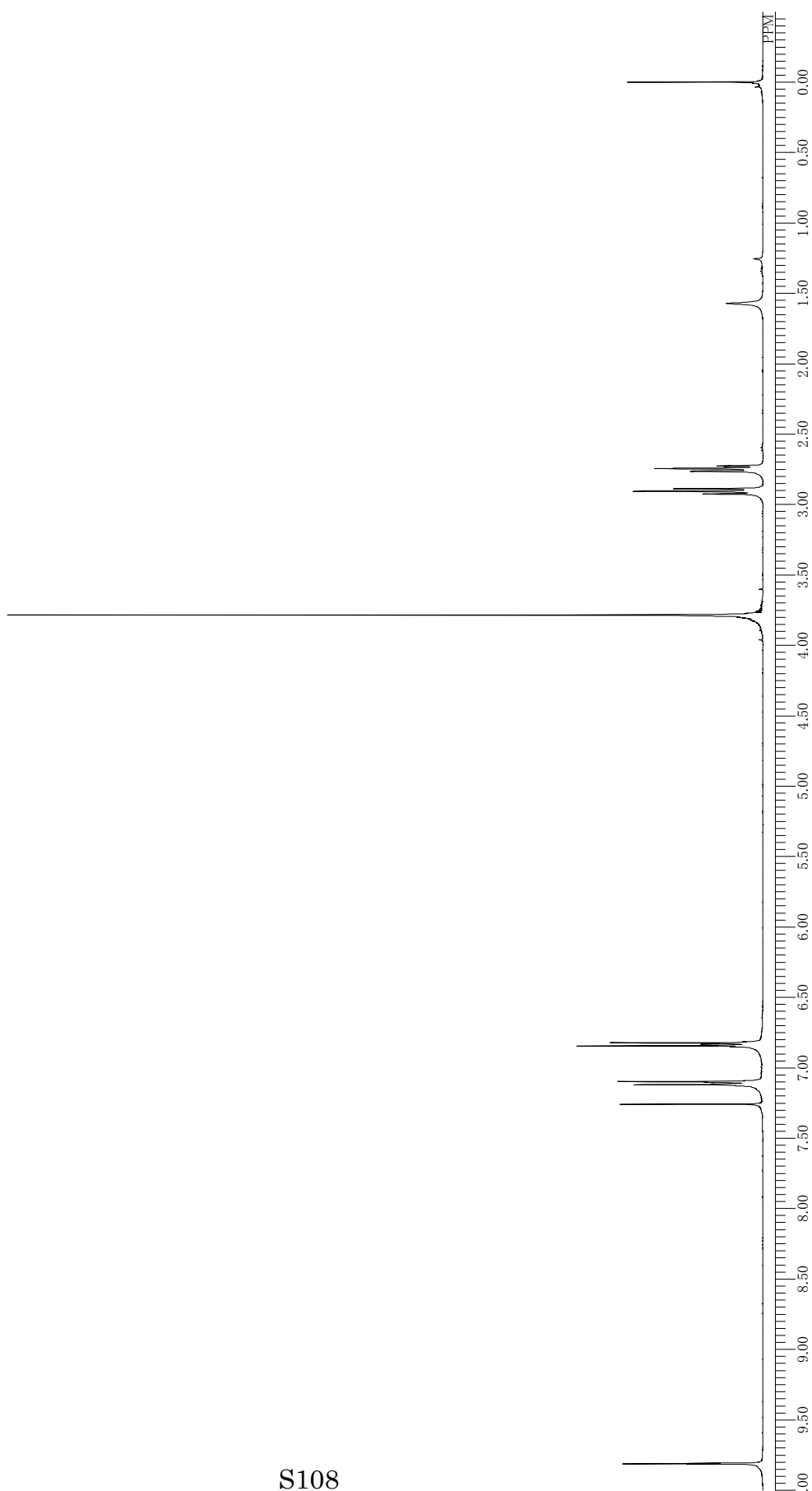


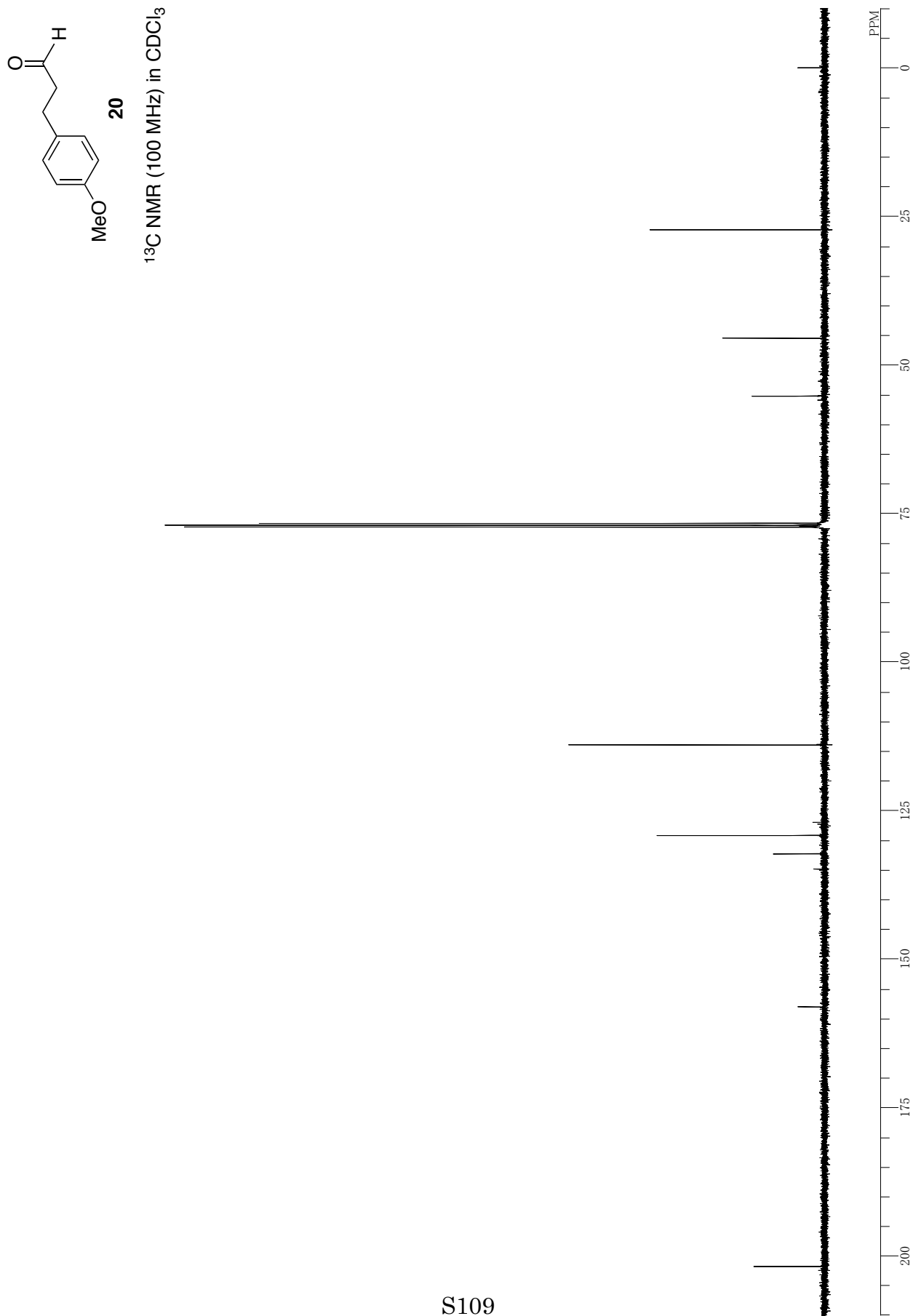


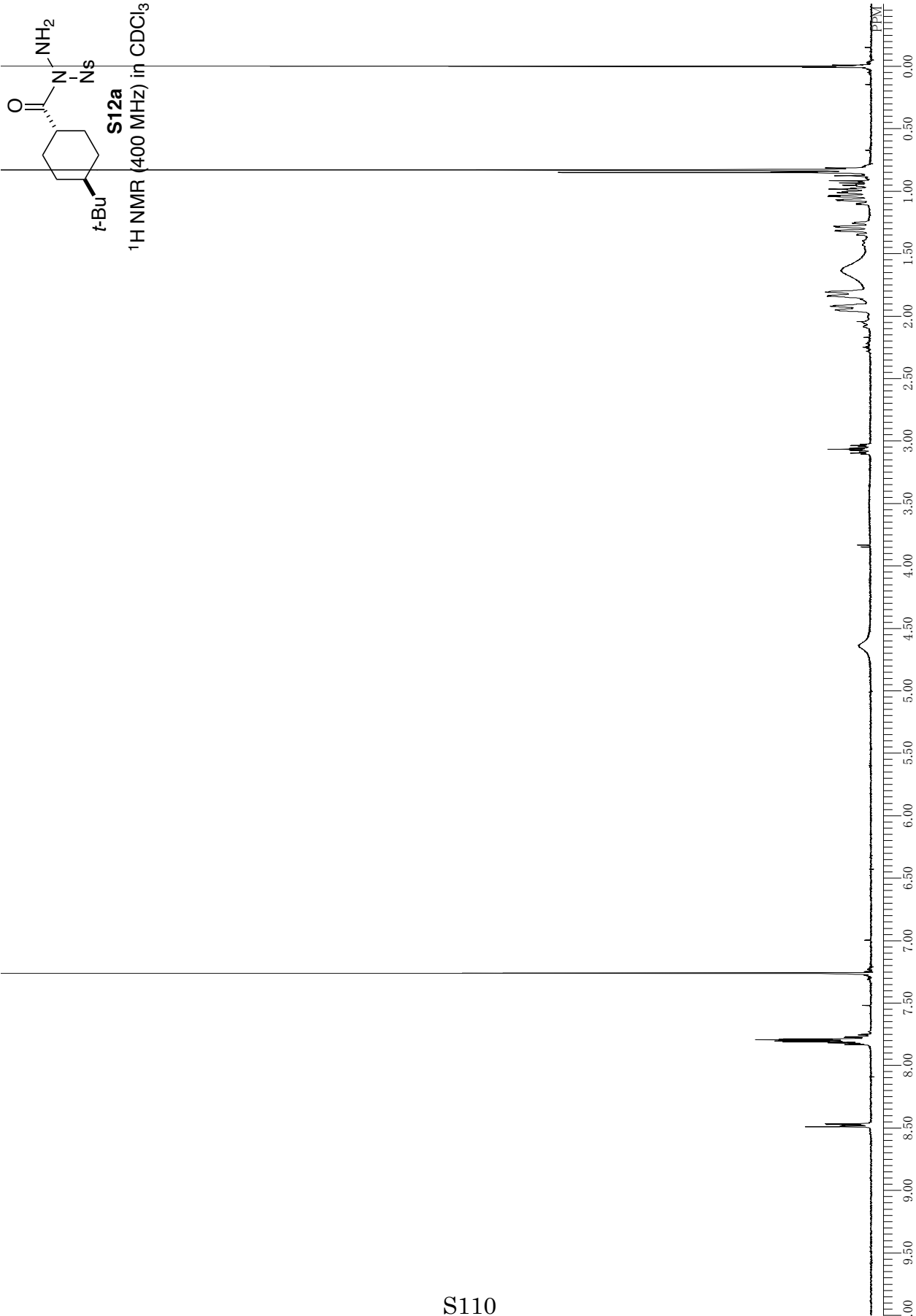


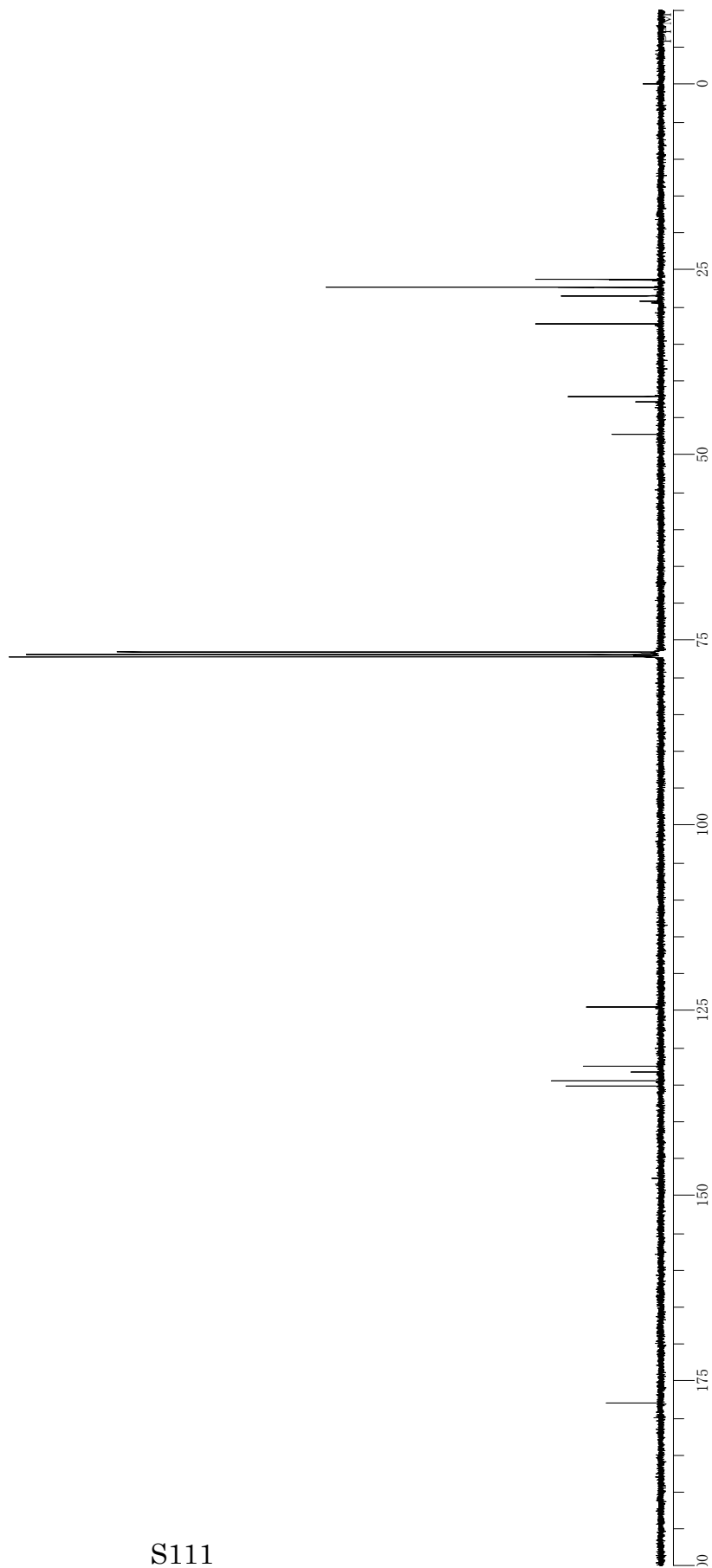
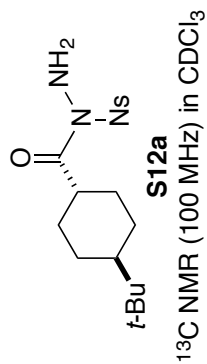


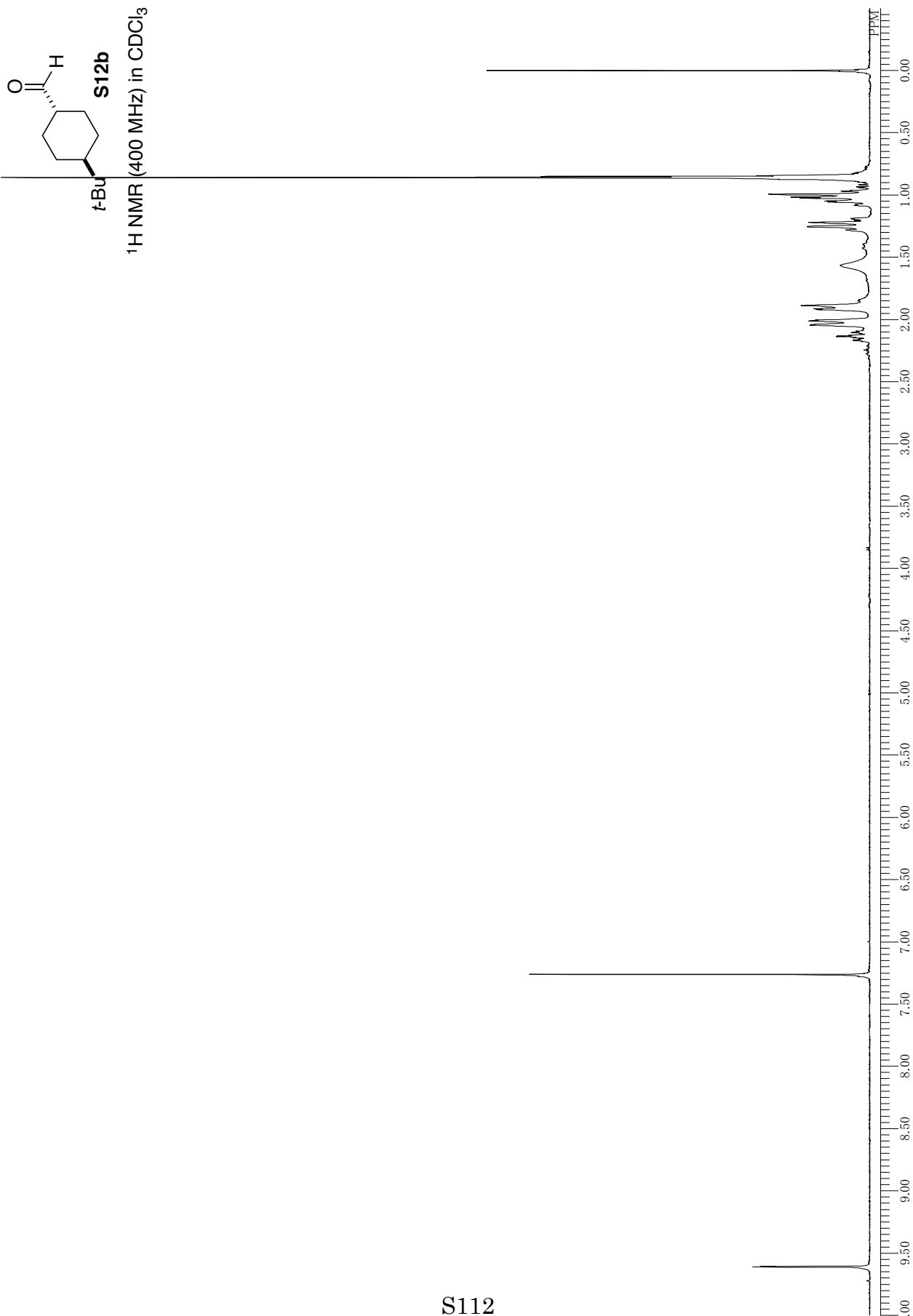


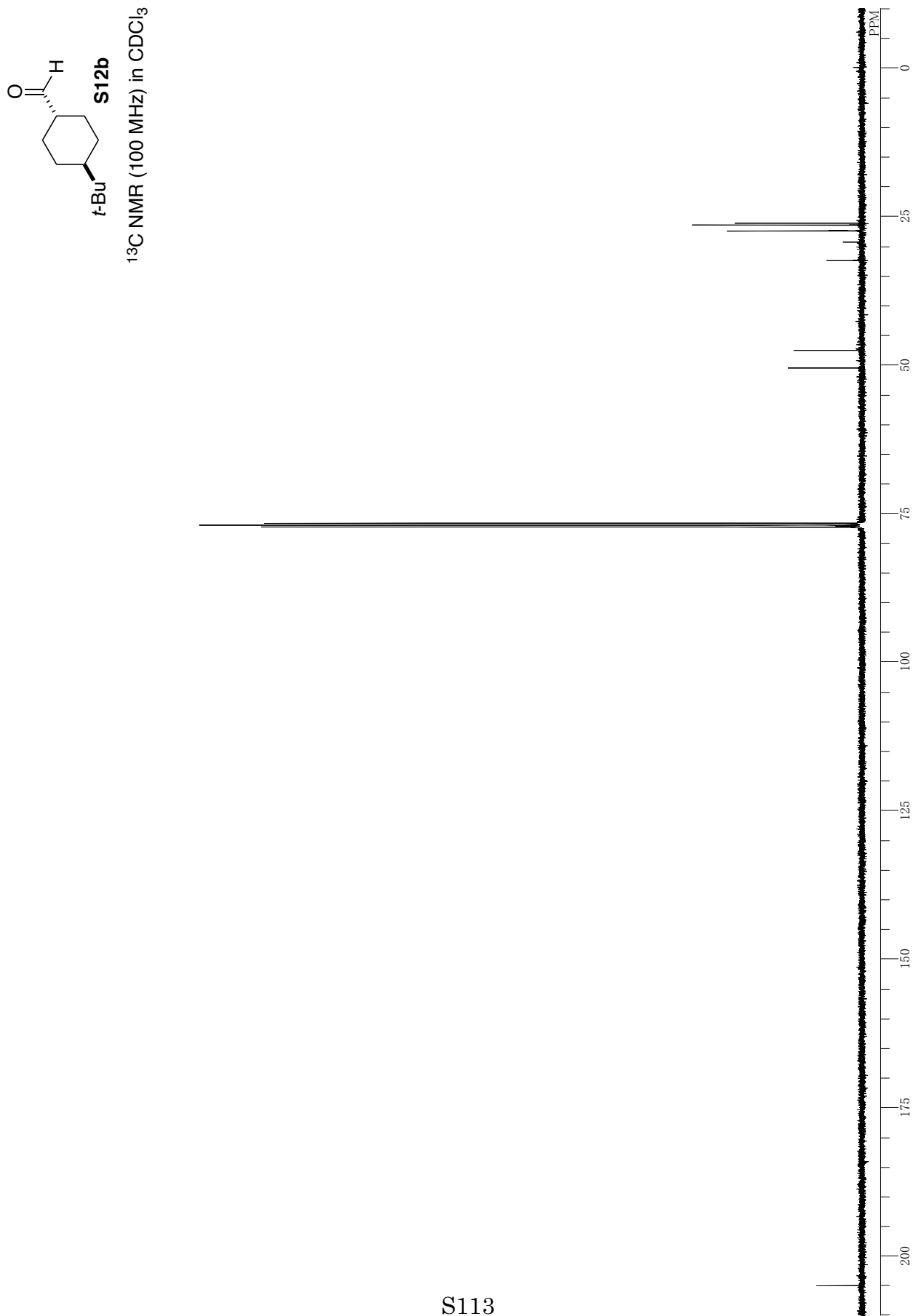
 ^1H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl_3 

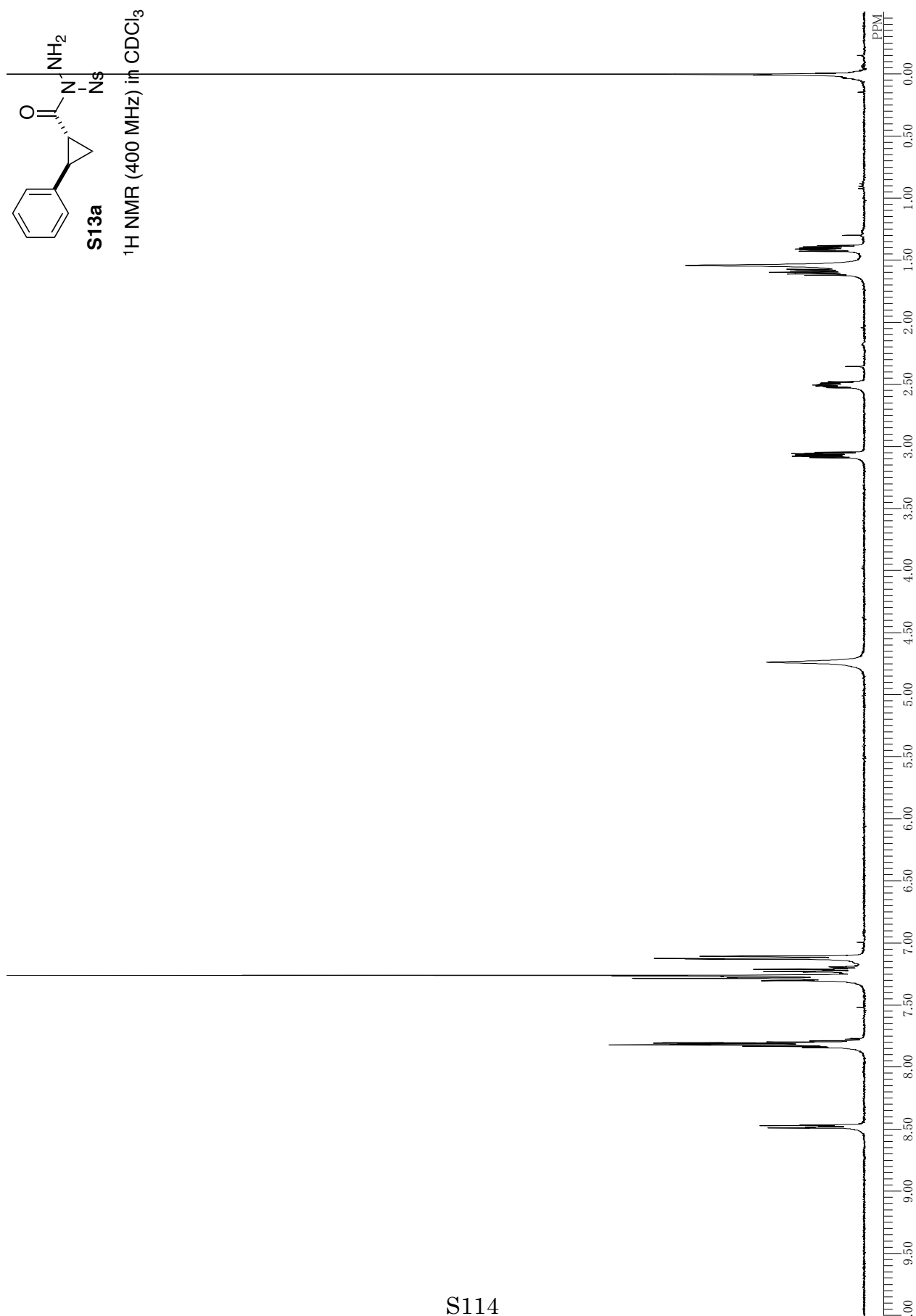


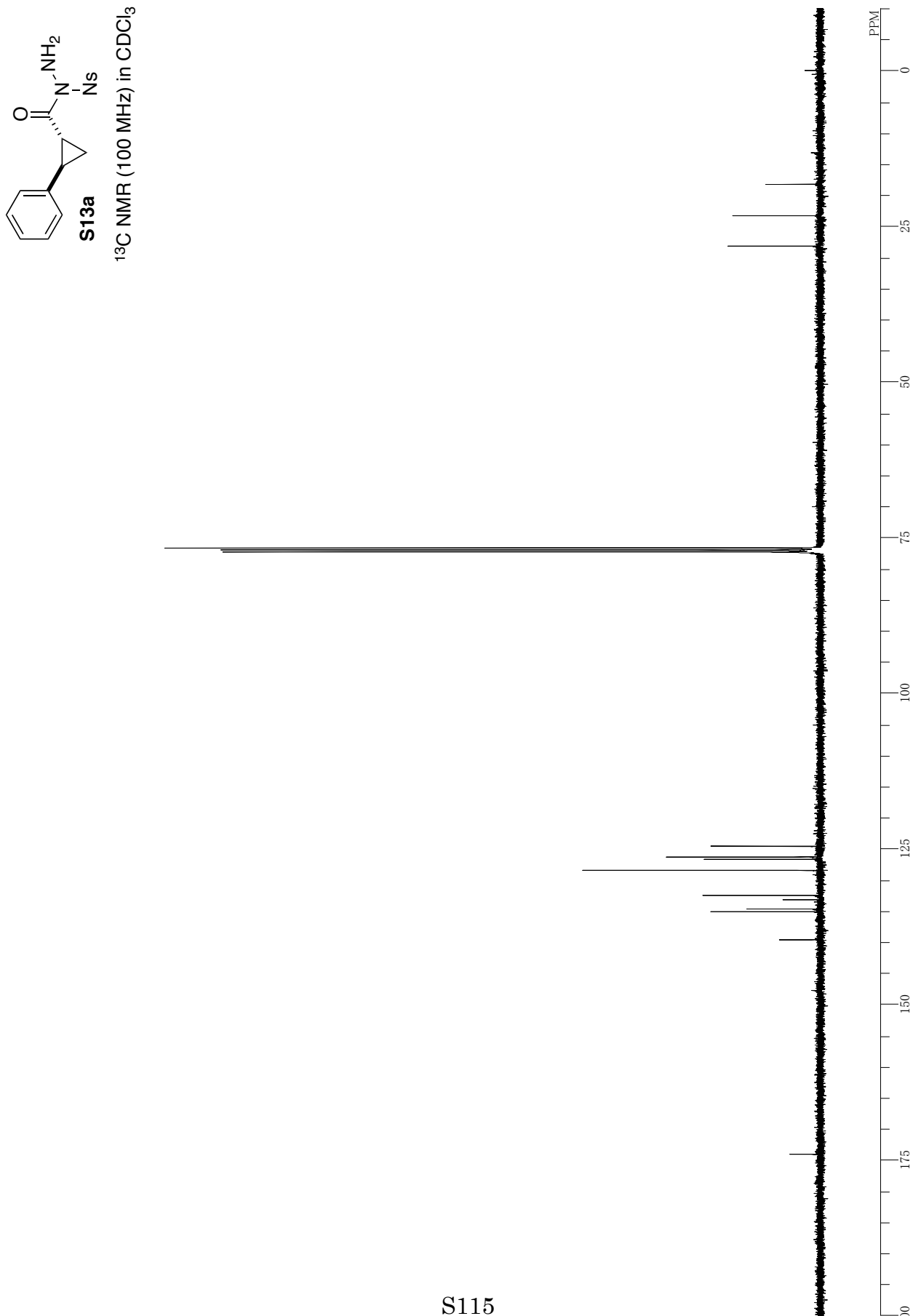


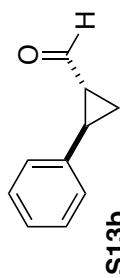




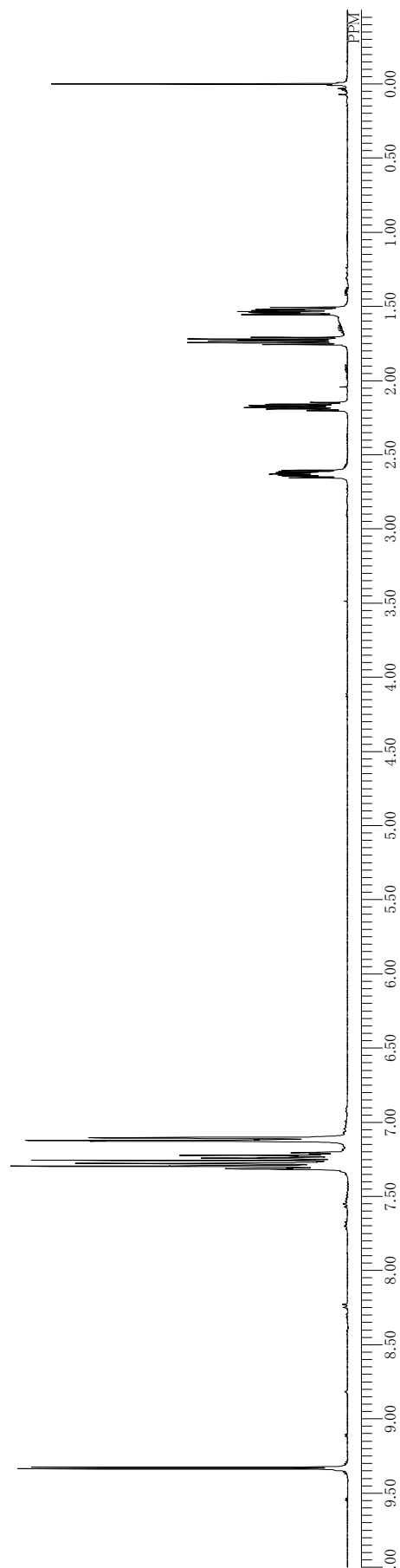


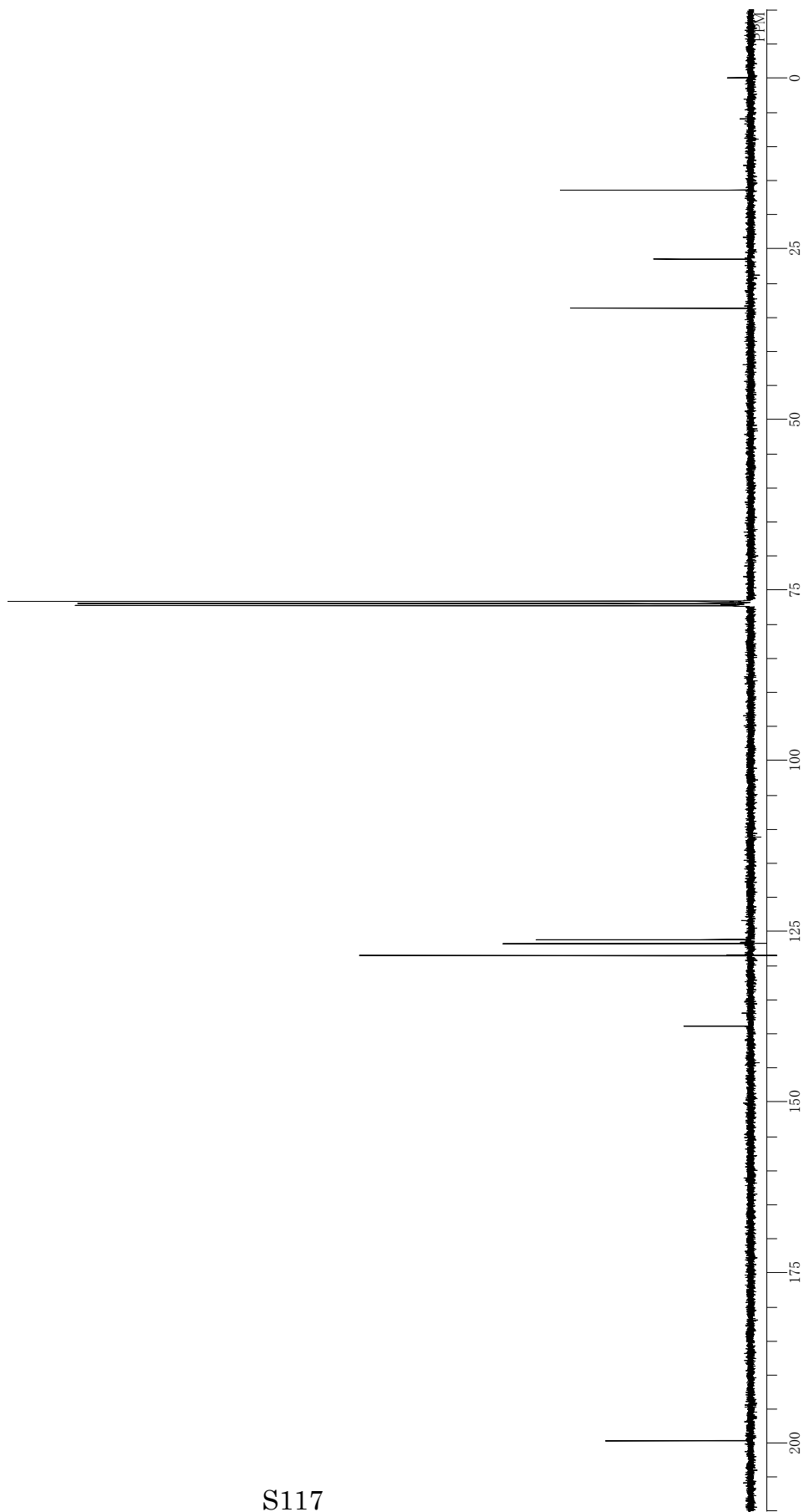
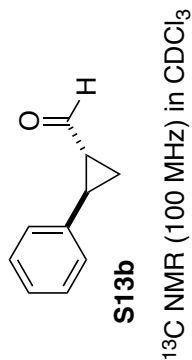


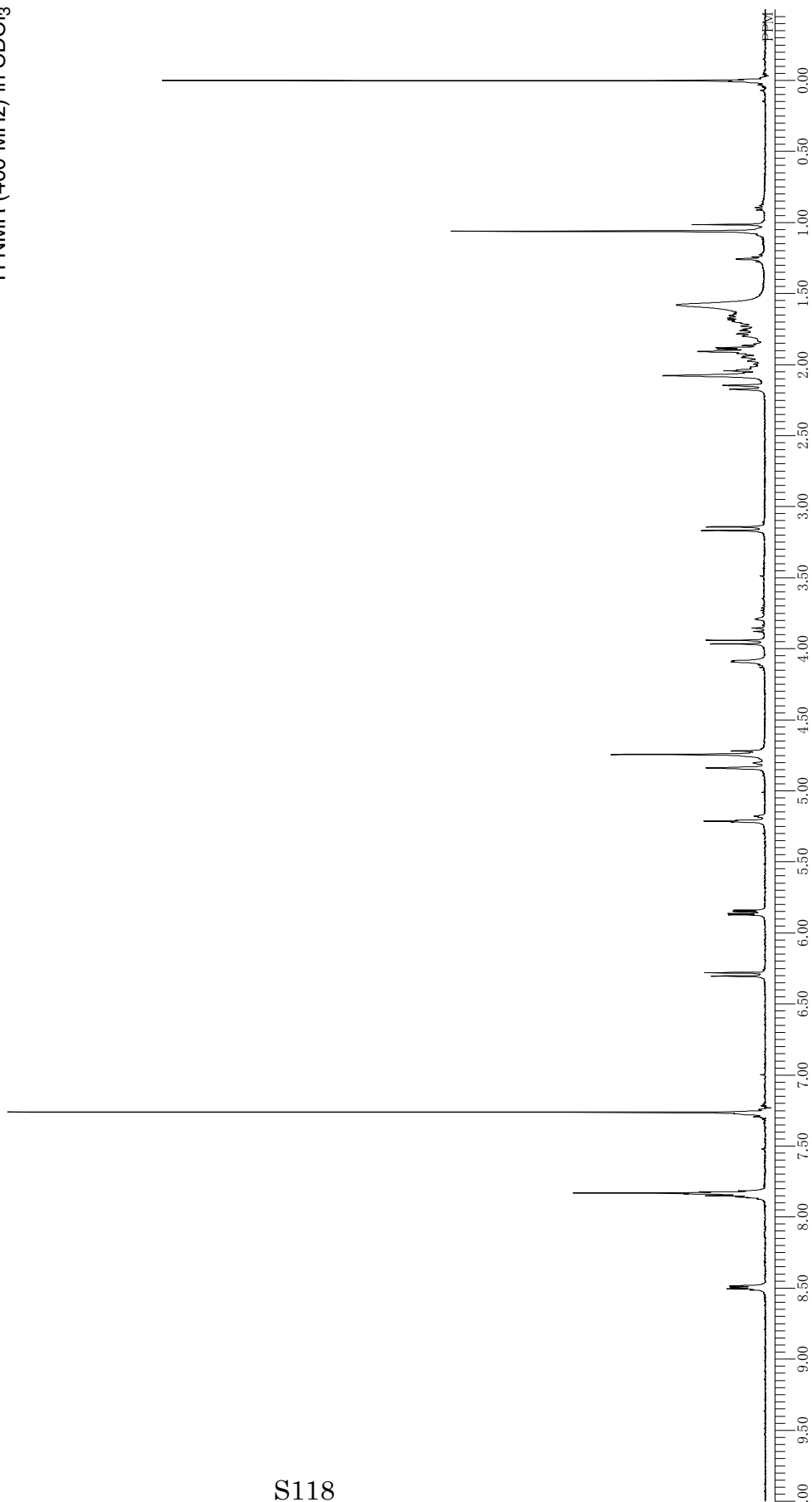
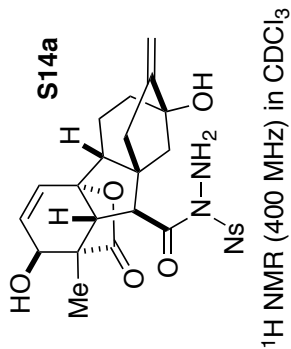


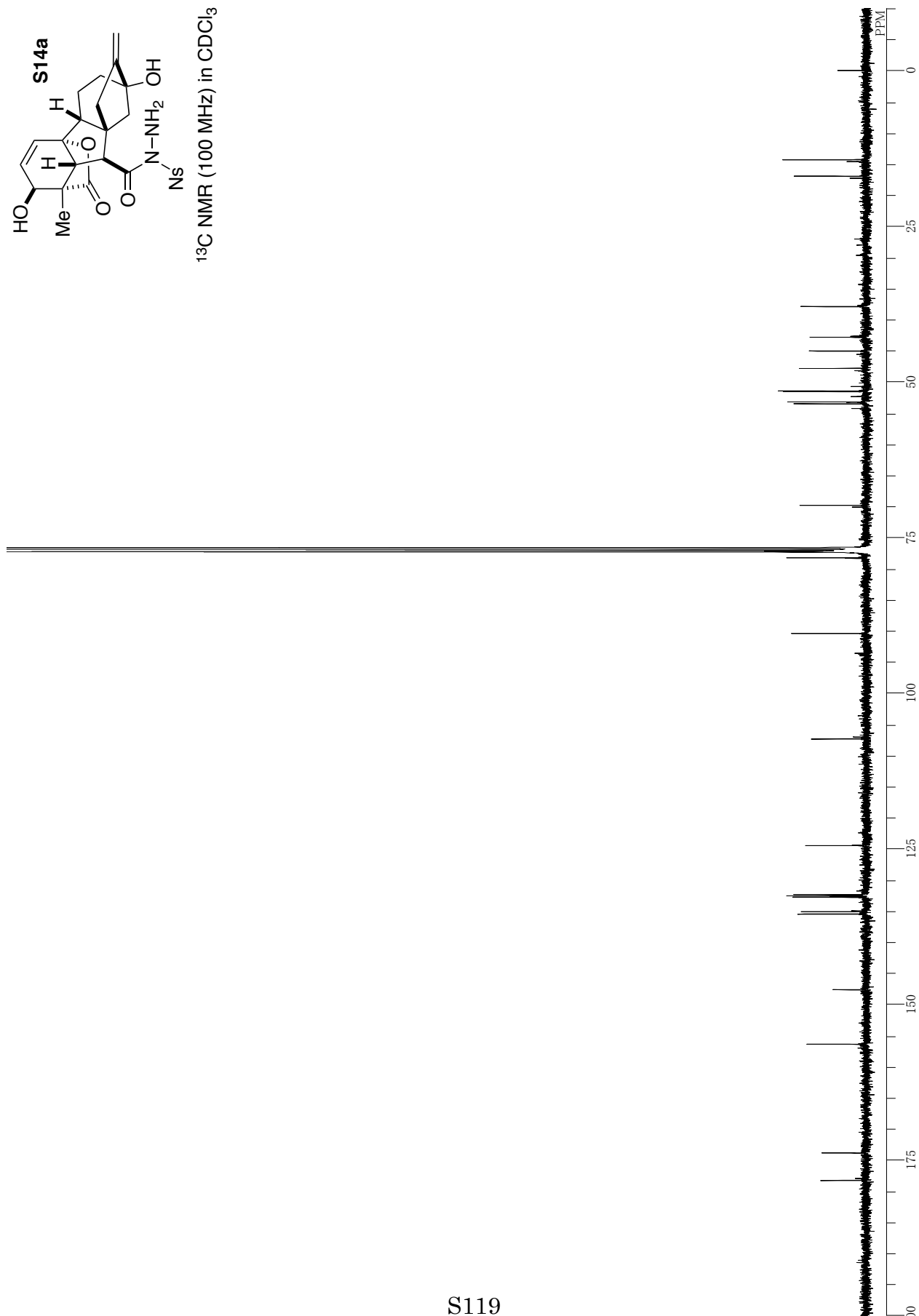


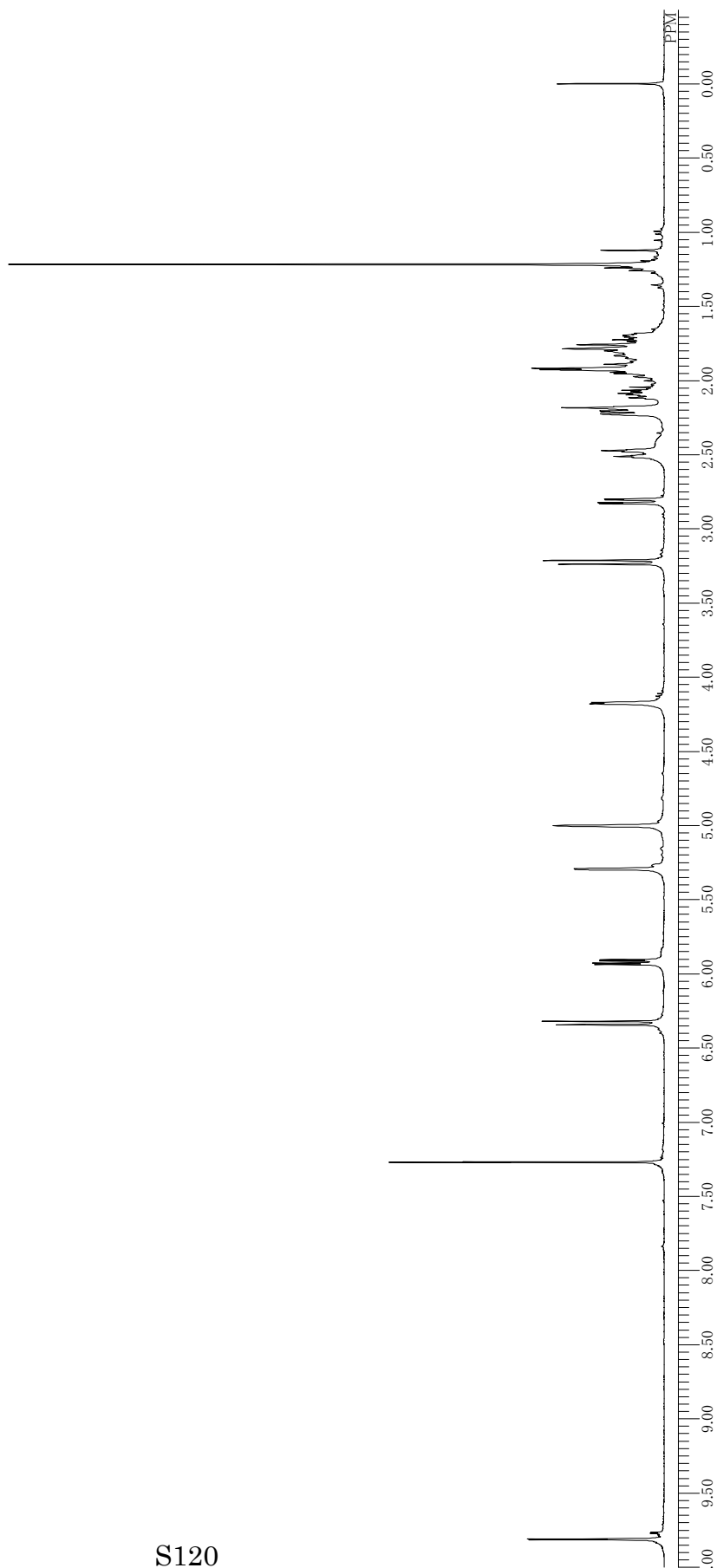
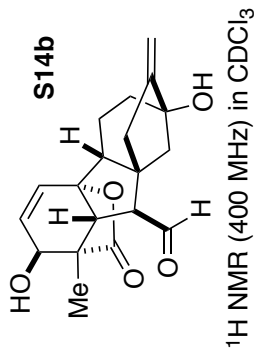
^1H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl_3

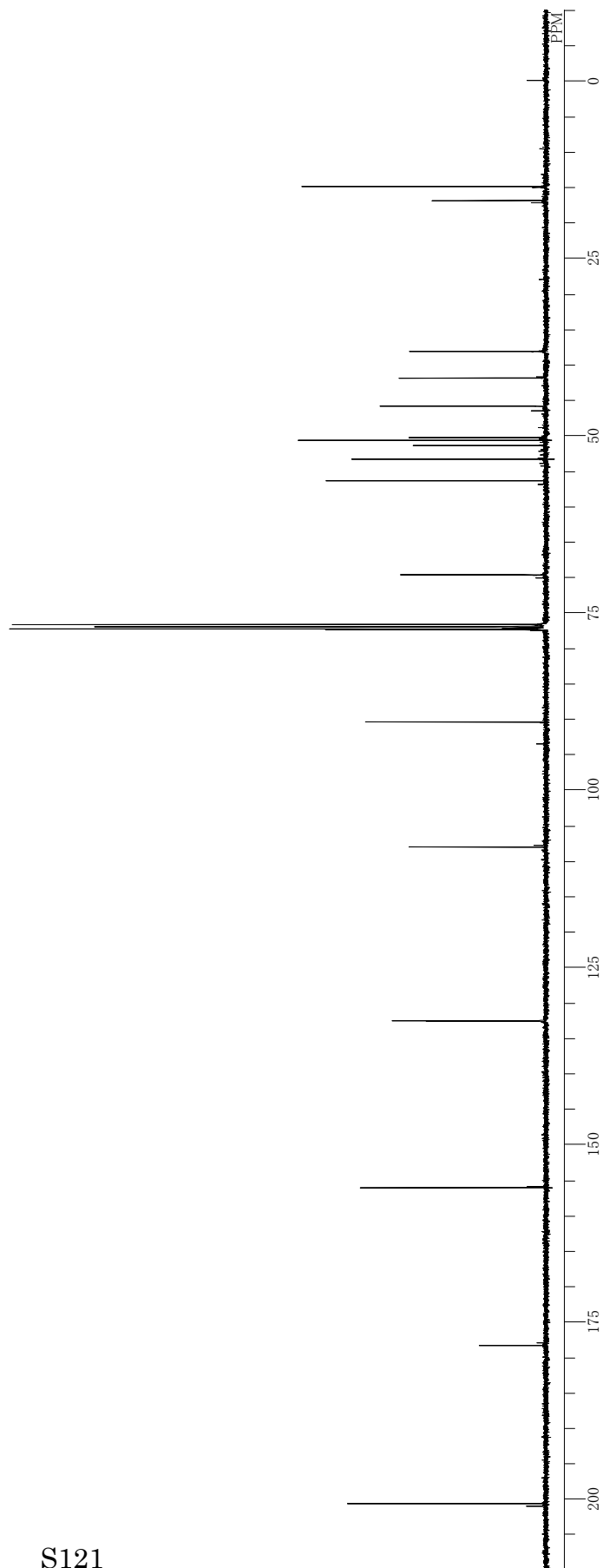
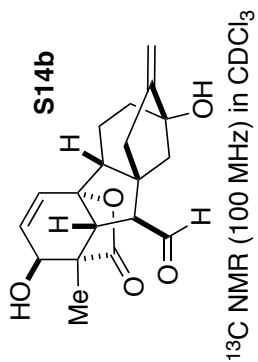


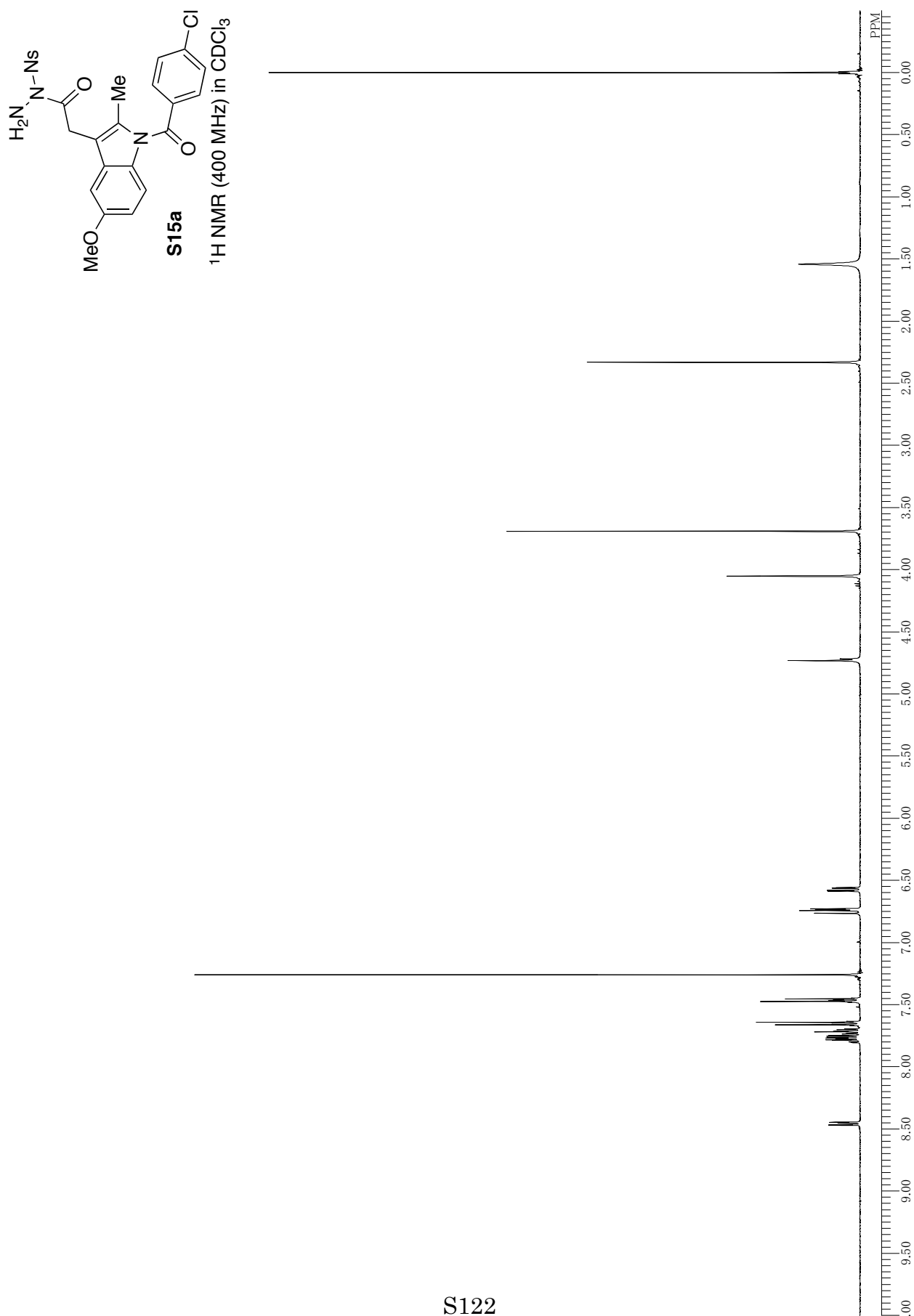


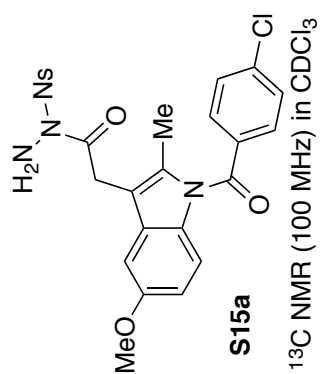




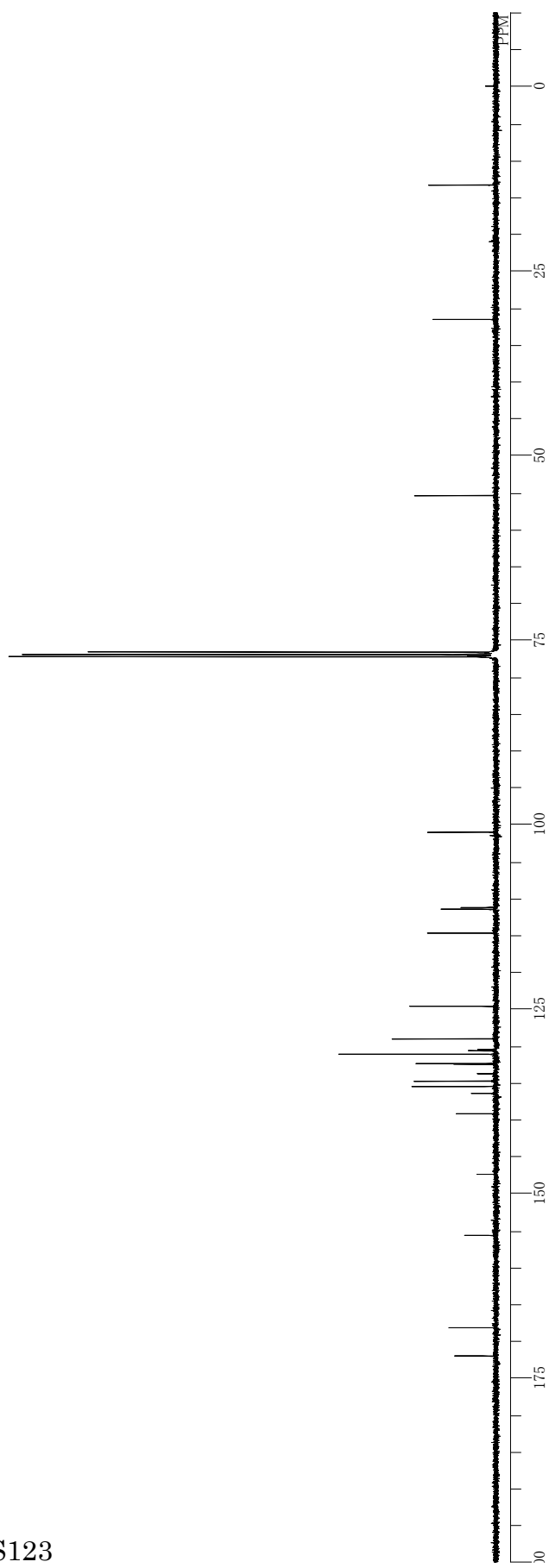


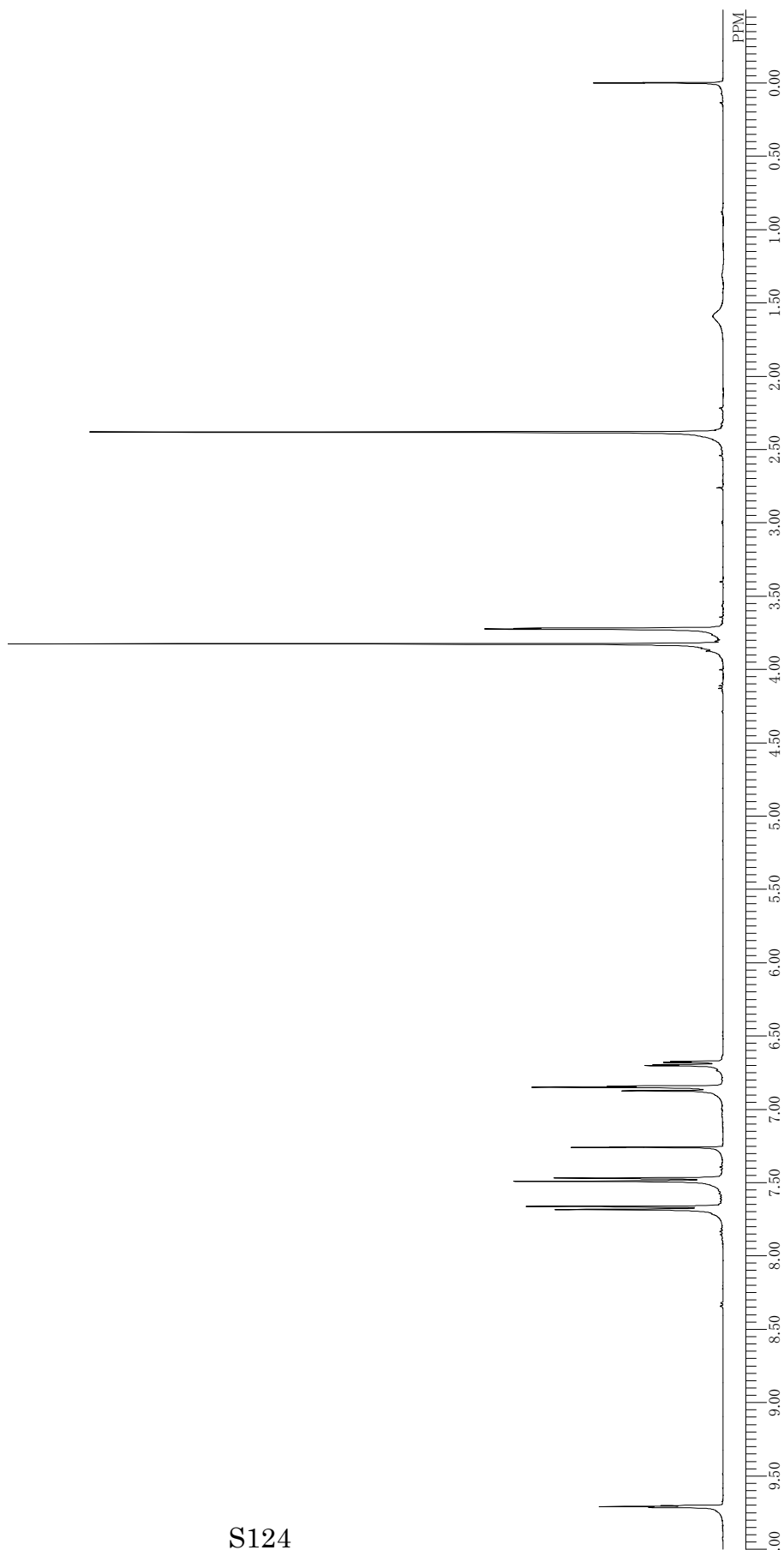
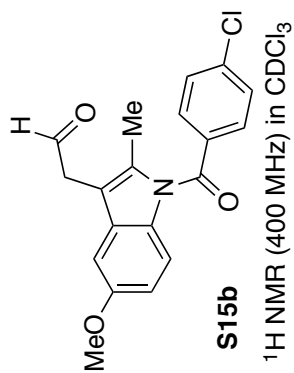


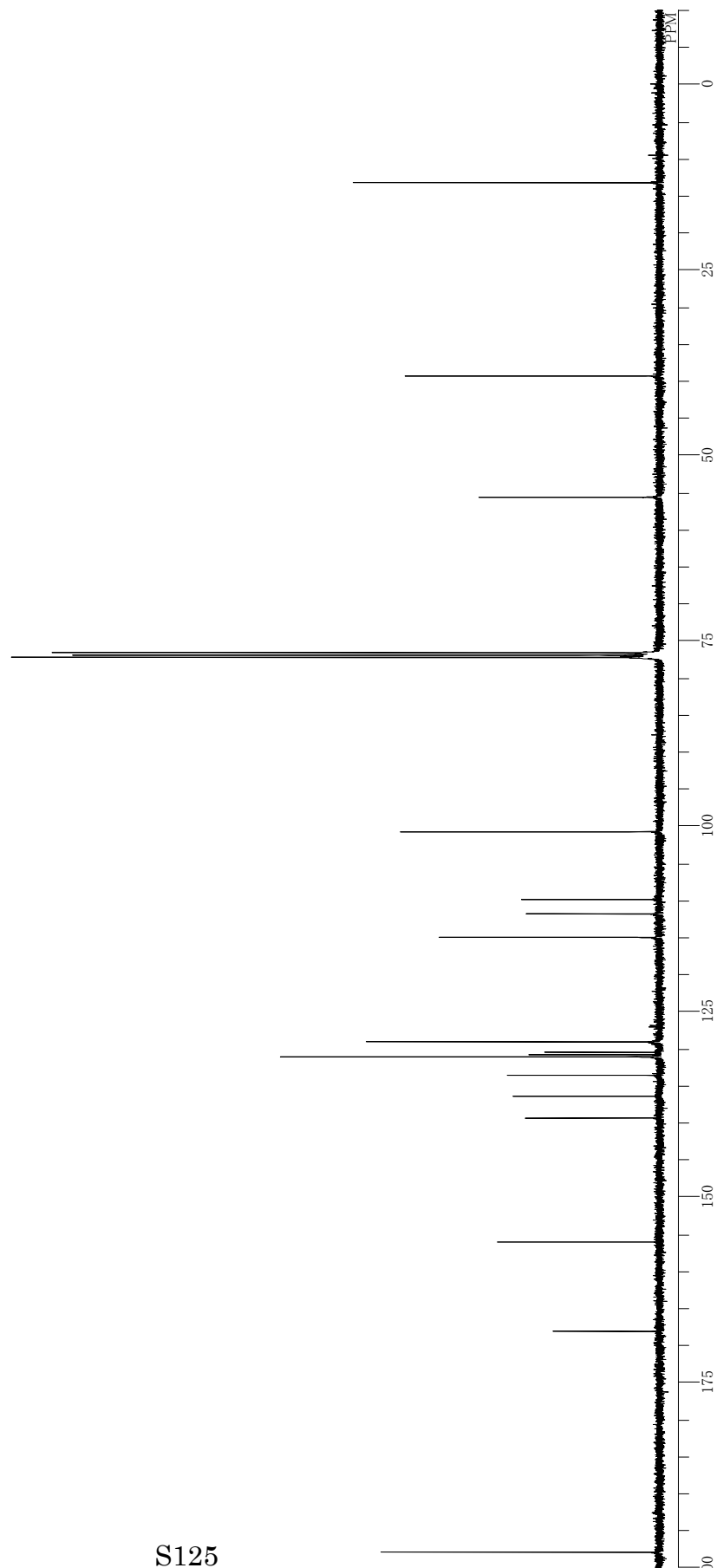
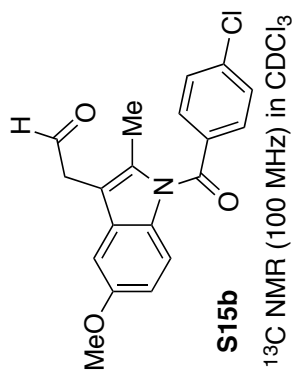




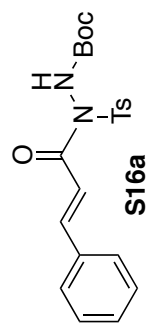
S123



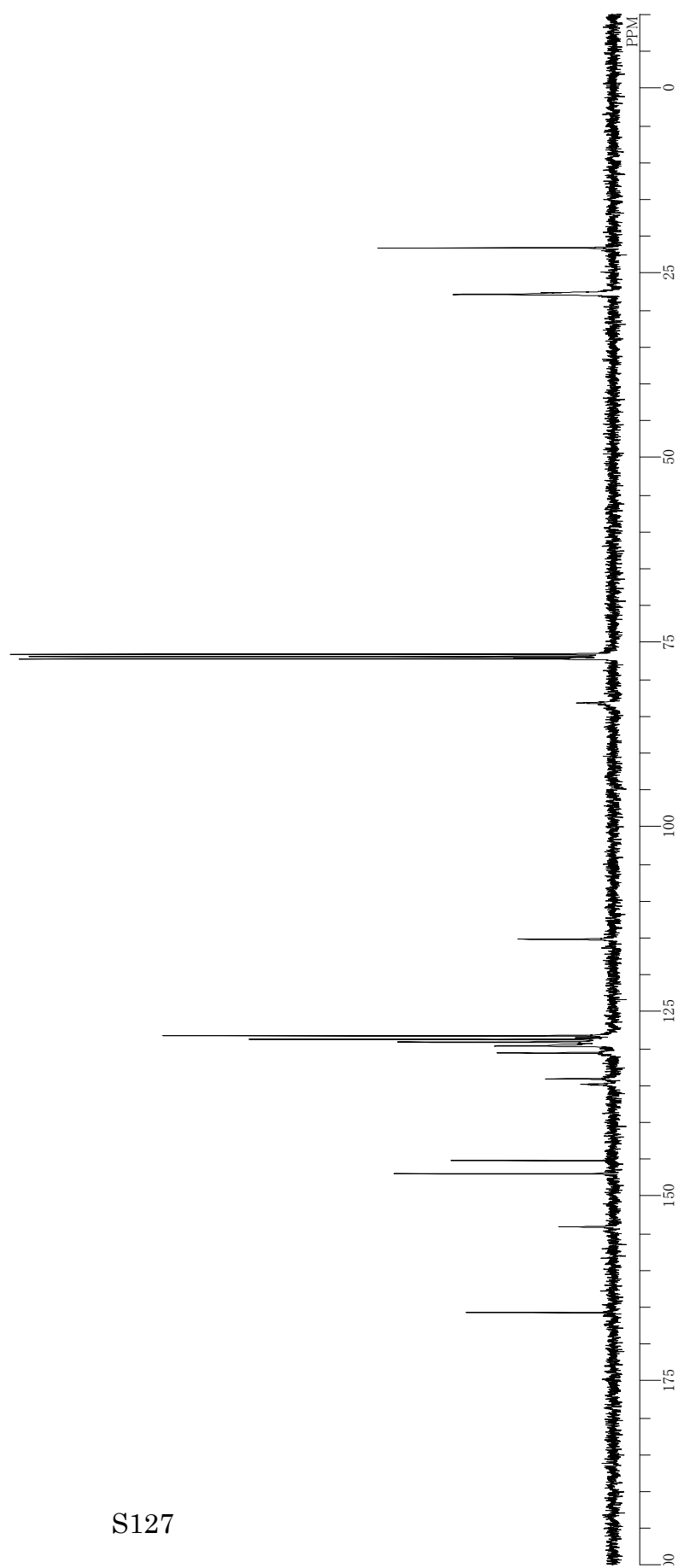




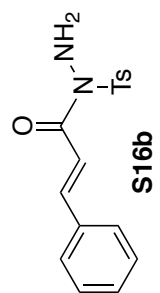




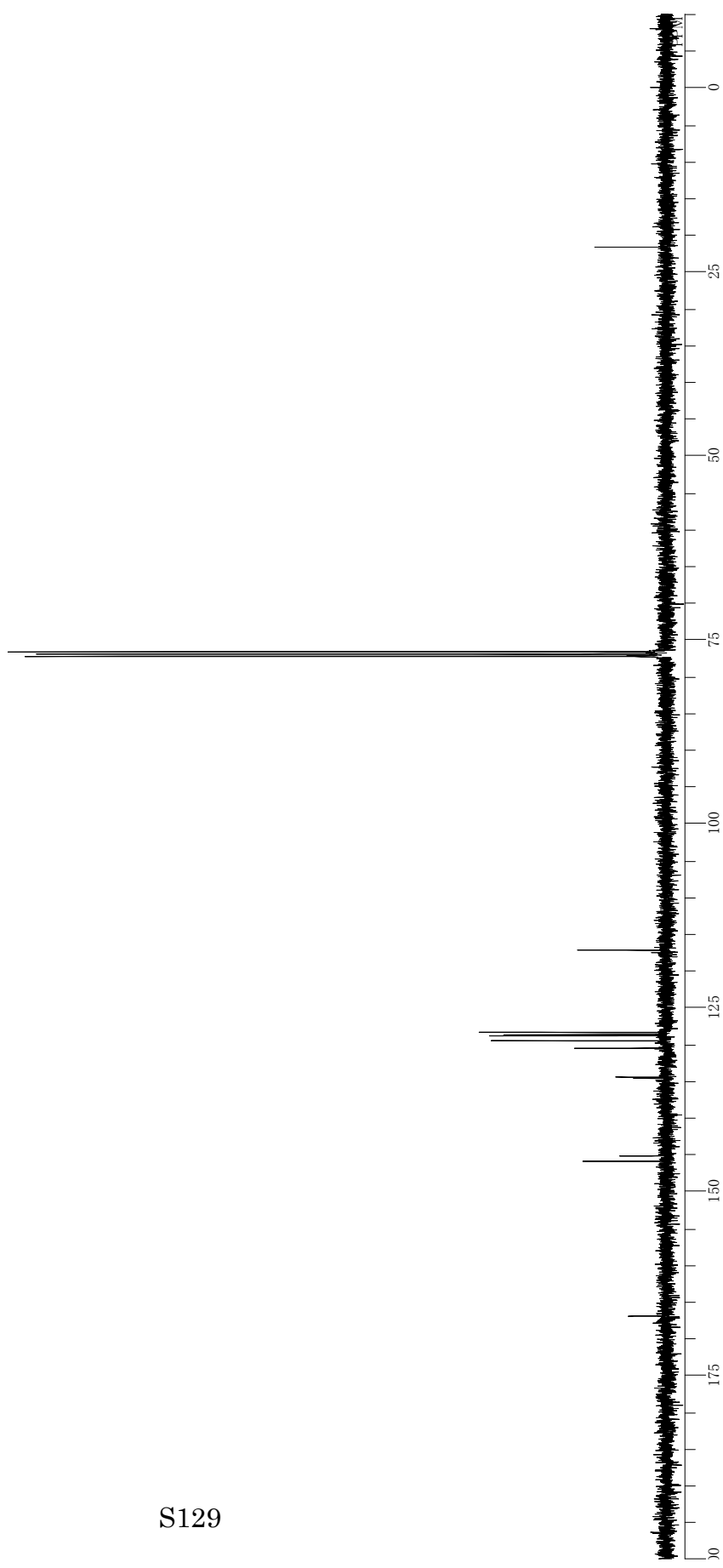
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

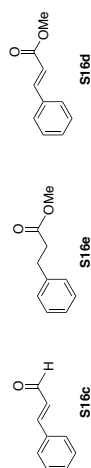




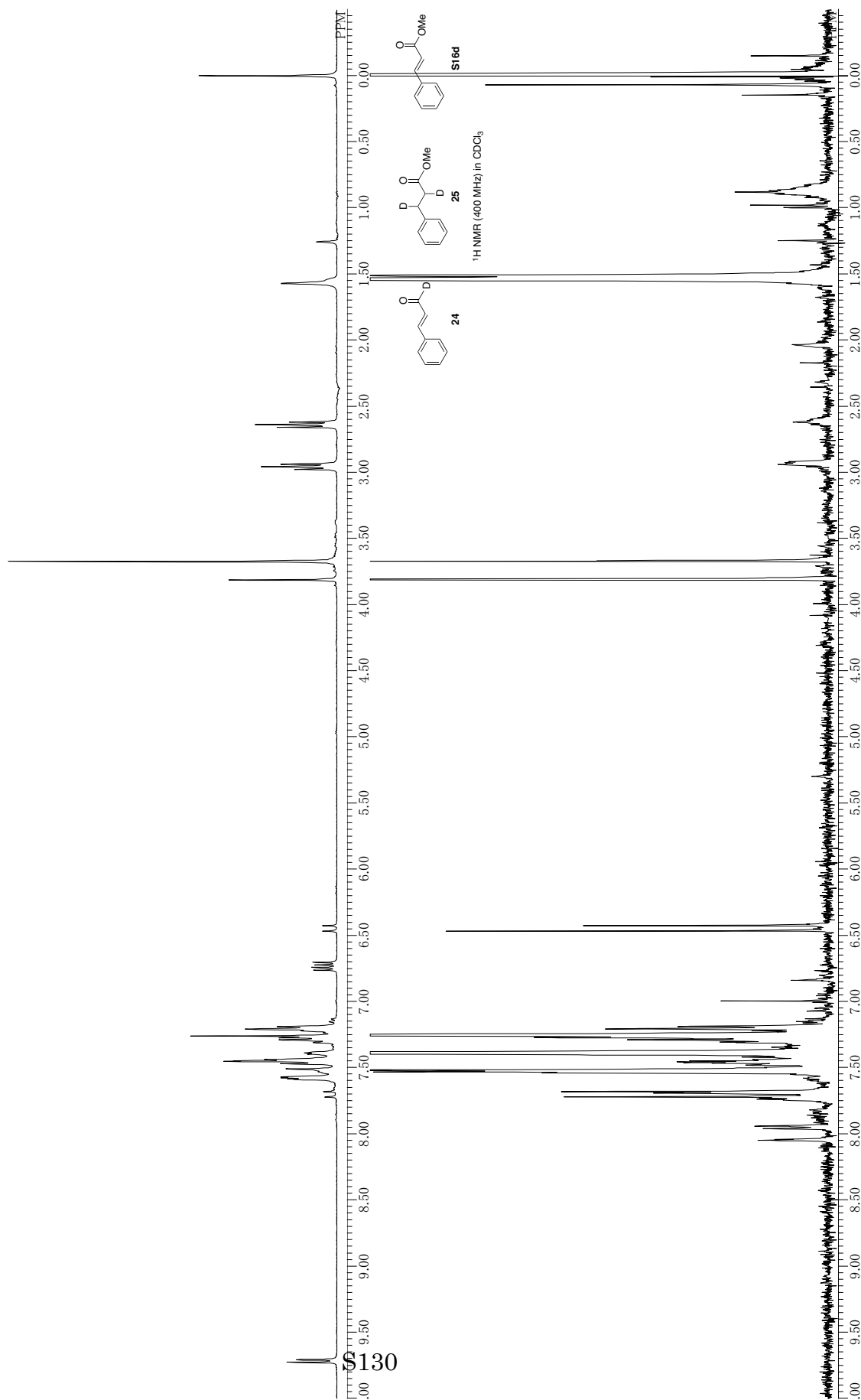


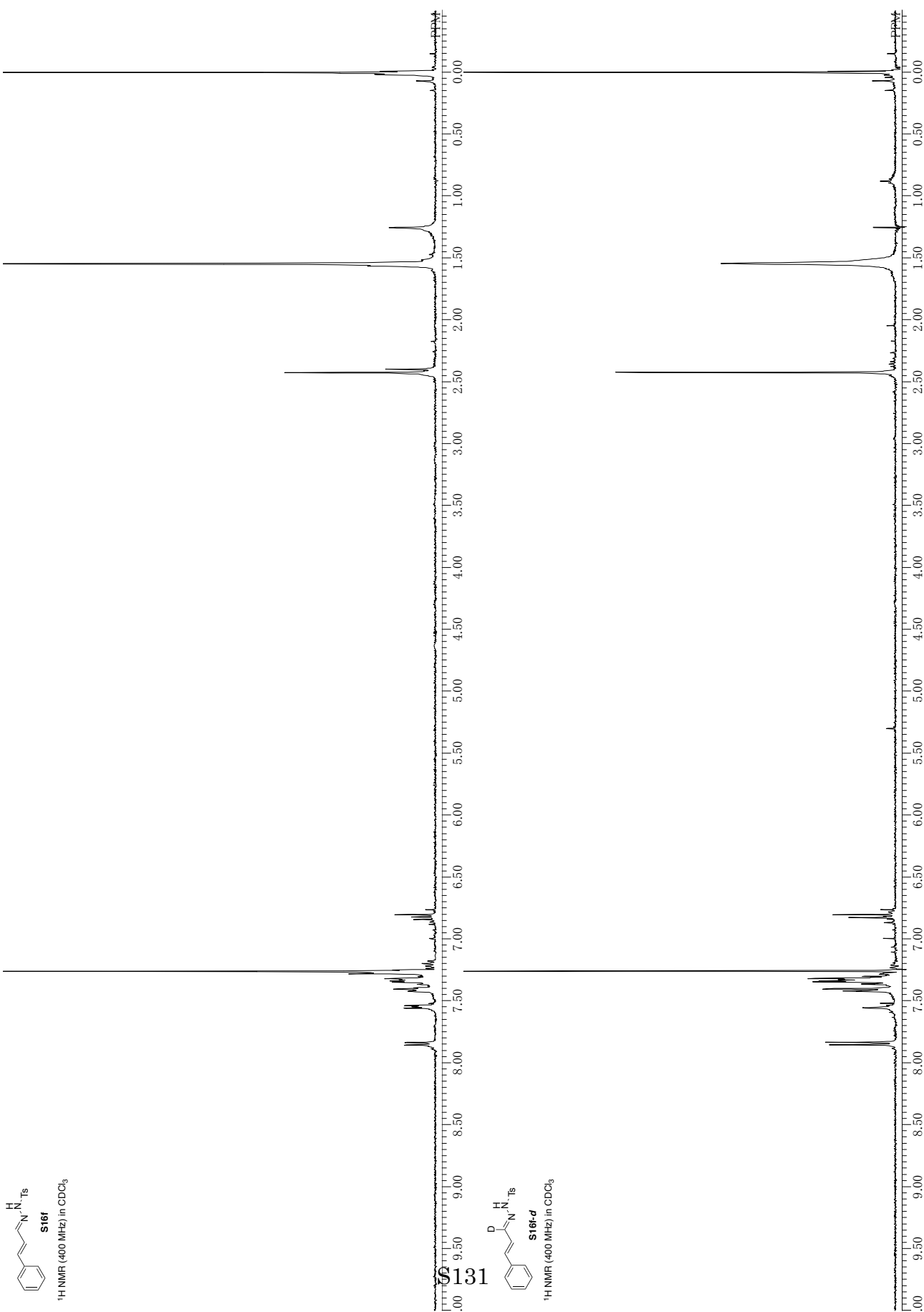
¹³C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl₃

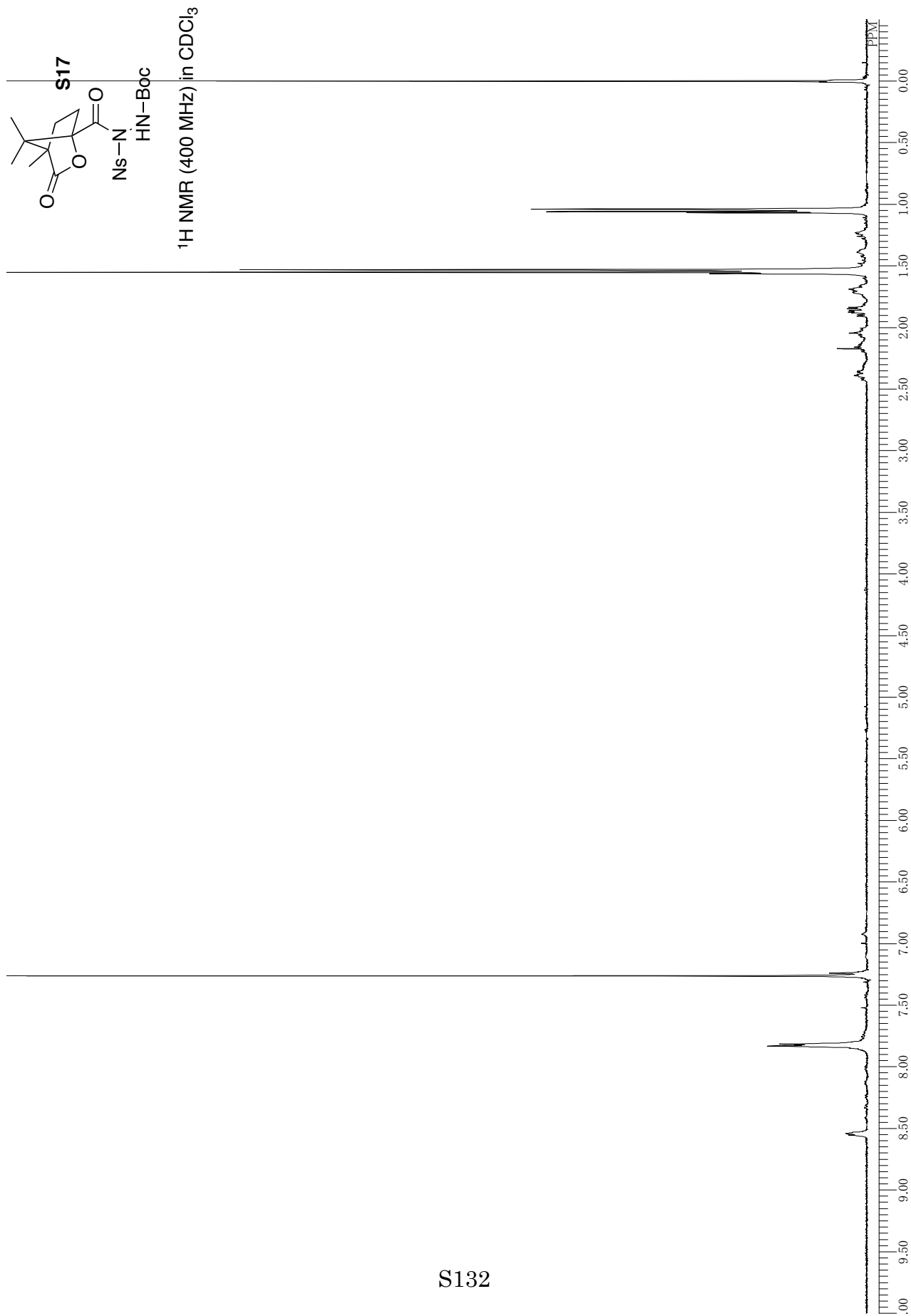


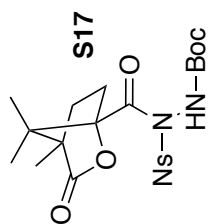


¹H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl₃

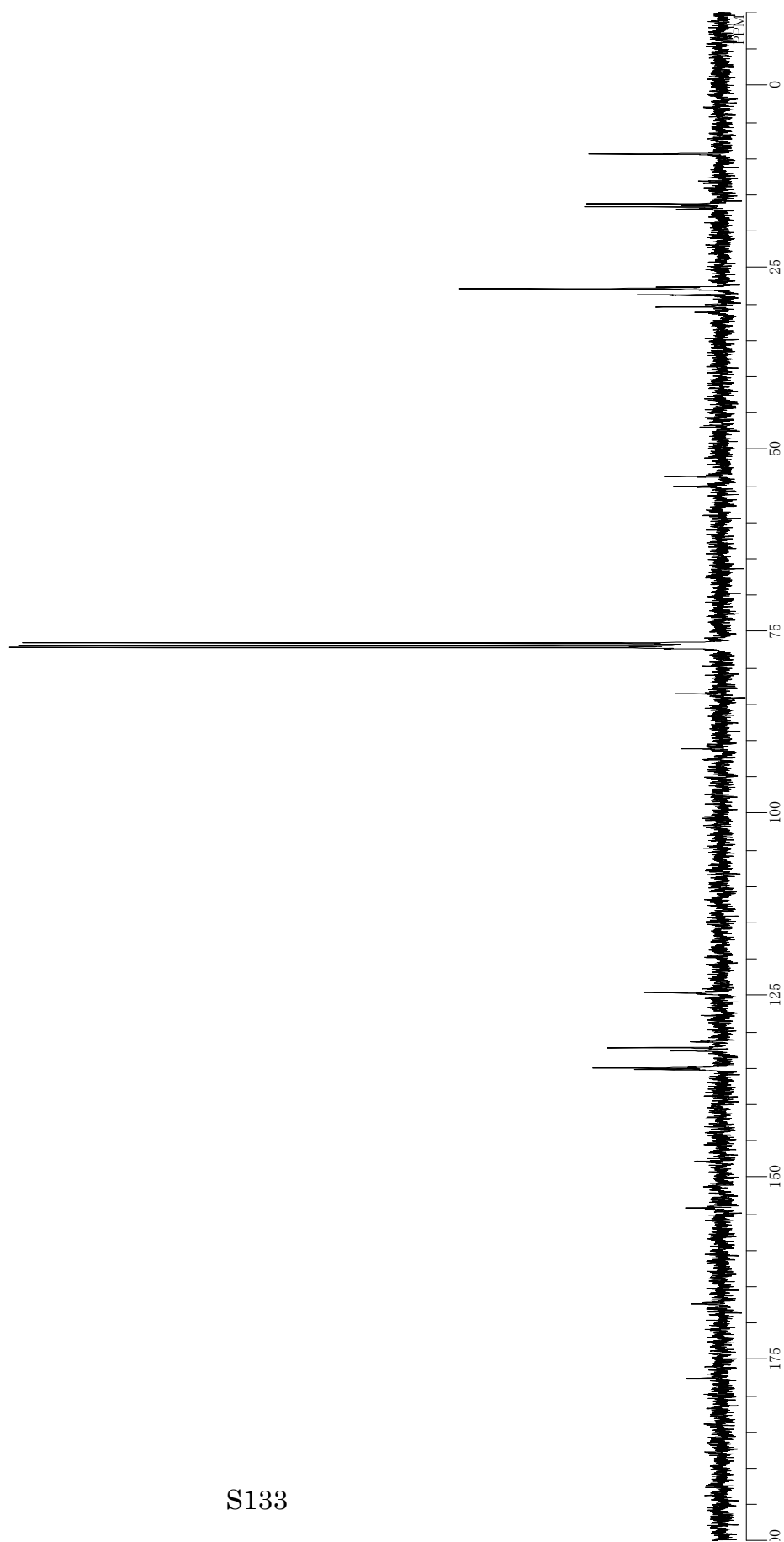


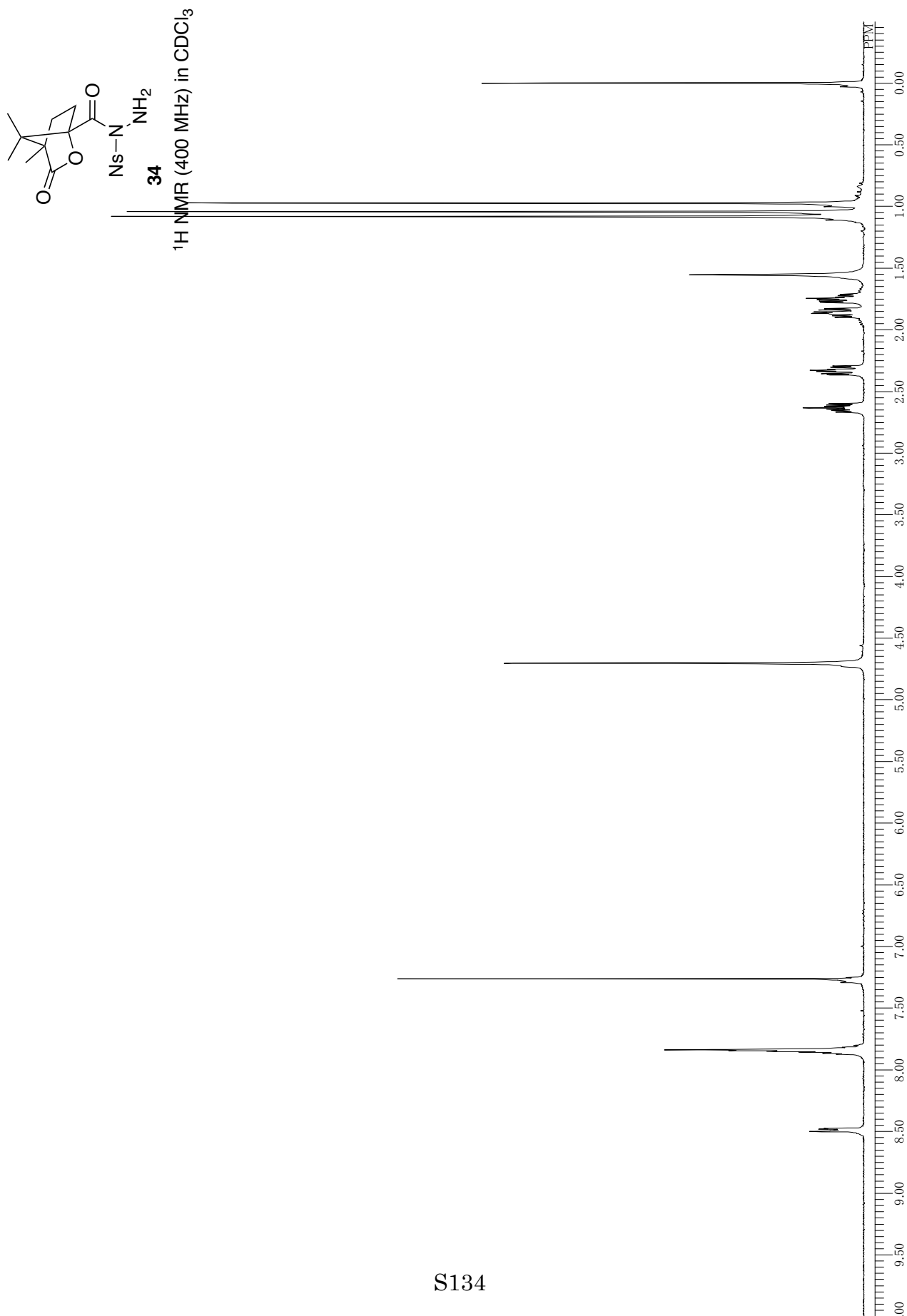


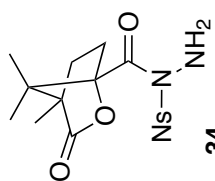




^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl_3

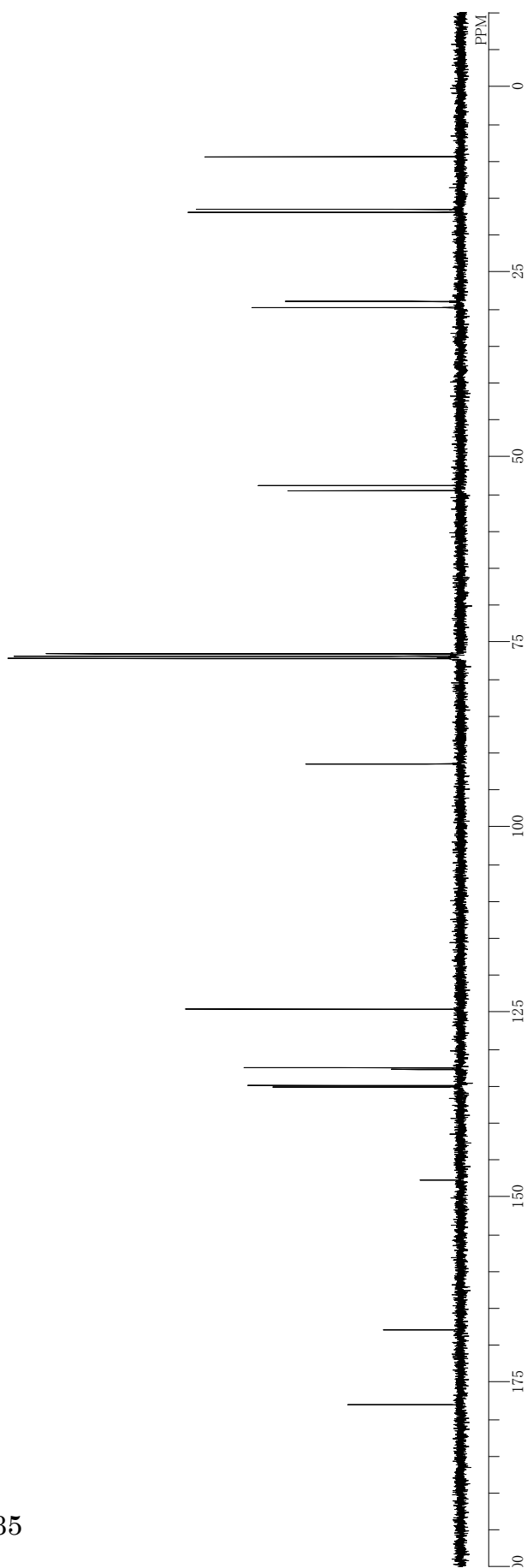


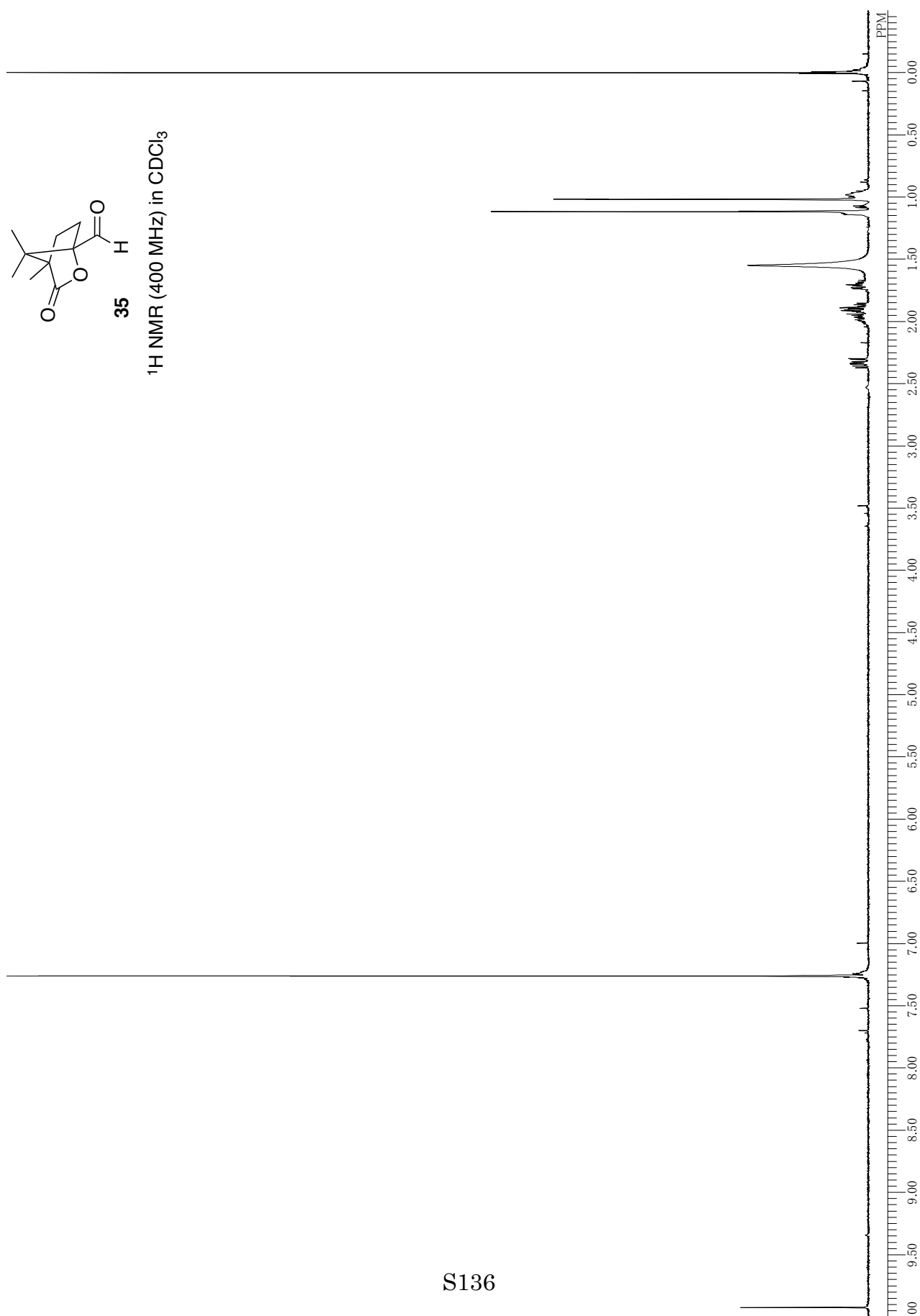


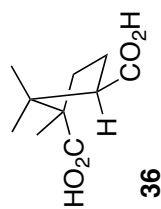


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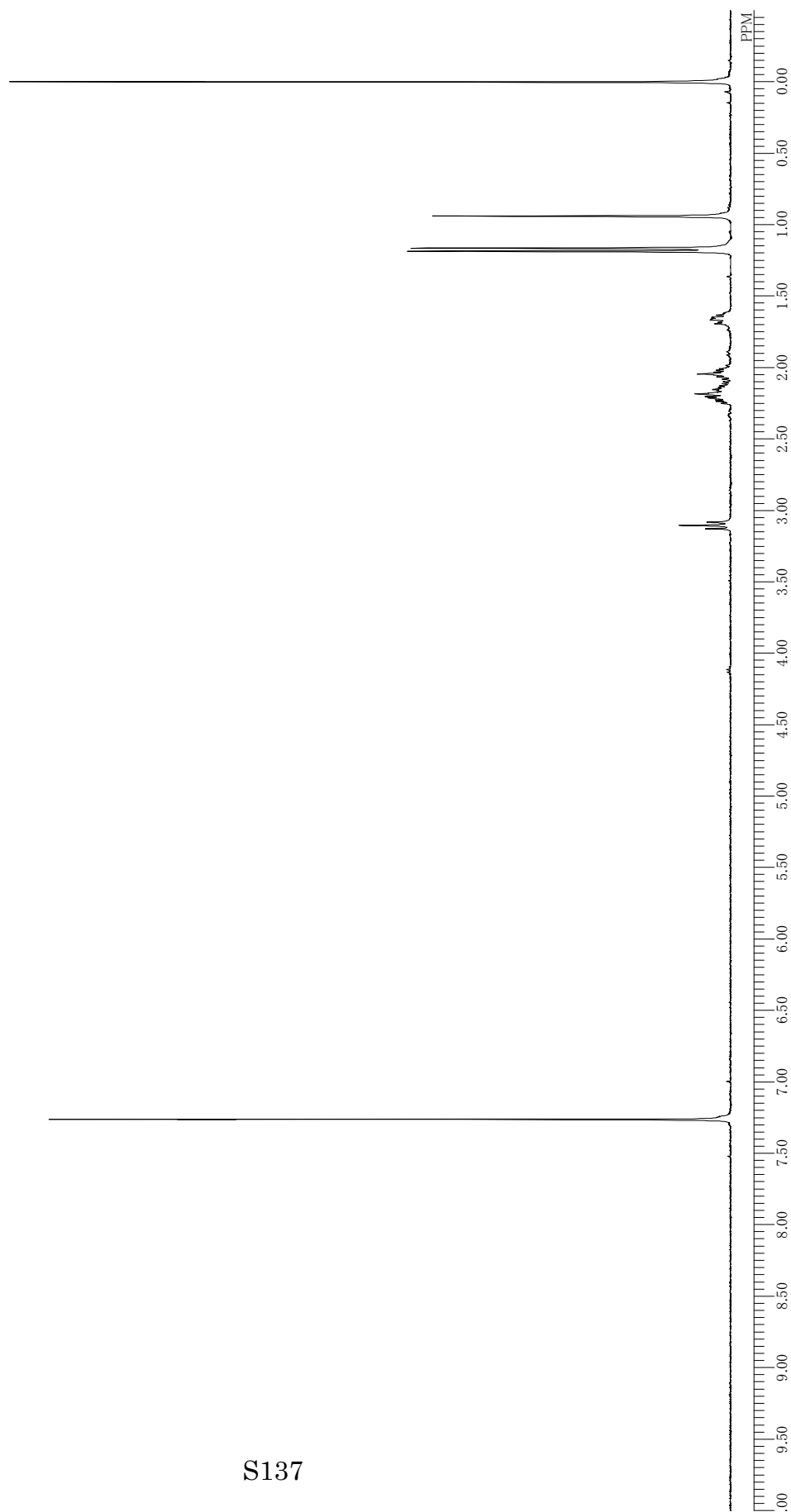
¹³C NMR (100 MHz) in CDCl₃

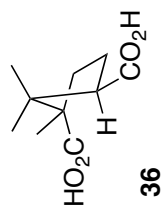


 ^1H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl_3 



^1H NMR (400 MHz) in CDCl_3





^1H NMR (400 MHz) in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$

