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**A Radical-Based Approach for the Construction of the Tetracyclic Structure of Resiniferatoxin**

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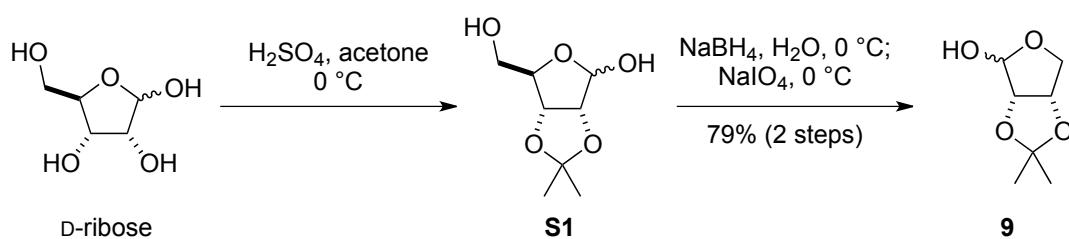
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**General:** All reactions sensitive to air or moisture were carried out under argon atmosphere in dry solvents under anhydrous conditions, unless otherwise noted. THF, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, DMF and Et<sub>2</sub>O were purified by Glass Contour solvent dispensing system (Nikko Hansen & Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan). All other reagents were used as supplied. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using E. Merck Silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated plates. Flash chromatography was performed using 40-50 µm Silica-gel 60N (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.), 40-63 µm Silica-gel 60 (Merck) or 32-53 µm Silica-gel BW-300 (Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd.). Melting points were measured on Yanaco MP-J3 micro melting point apparatus, and are uncorrected. Optical rotations were measured on JASCO DIP-1000 Digital Polarimeter at room temperature using the sodium D line. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on JASCO FT/IR-4100 spectrometer. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL JNM-ECX-500, JNM-ECA-500, or JNM-ECS-400 spectrometer. Chemical shifts were reported in ppm on the  $\delta$  scale relative to CHCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  = 7.26 for <sup>1</sup>H NMR), CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  = 77.0 for <sup>13</sup>C NMR), C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>5</sub>H ( $\delta$  = 7.16 for <sup>1</sup>H NMR), C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> ( $\delta$  = 128.0 for <sup>13</sup>C NMR), CD<sub>2</sub>HOD ( $\delta$  = 3.31 for <sup>1</sup>H NMR) and CD<sub>3</sub>OD ( $\delta$  = 49.0 for <sup>13</sup>C NMR) as internal references. Signal patterns are indicated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; br, broaden peak. The numbering of compounds corresponds to that of natural product. High resolution mass spectra were measured on BRUKER DALTONICS microTOF II or JEOL JMS-T100LP instrument.

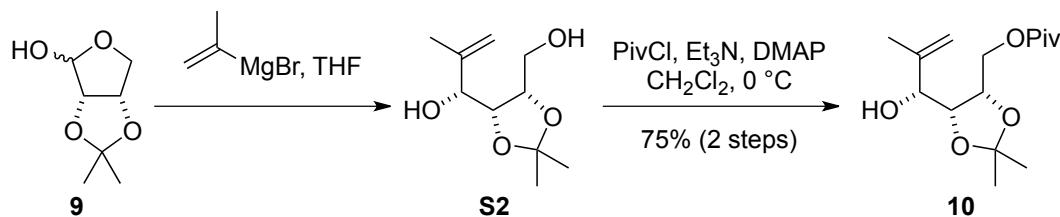


**Lactol 9.** Concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (88 µL, 1.7 mmol) was added to a solution of D-ribose (5.00 g, 33.3 mmol) in acetone (130 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 3 h, and was neutralized by addition of solid Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> (2 g). The insoluble salts were removed by passing the mixture through a pad of Celite. The filter cake was washed with acetone (100 mL), and the filtrate was concentrated to afford crude **S1** (6.75 g), which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

The above crude **S1** was dissolved in H<sub>2</sub>O (130 mL), and the solution was cooled to 0 °C. NaBH<sub>4</sub> (2.14 g, 56.6 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (90 mL) was added to the solution. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, and then the pH of the reaction mixture

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was adjusted to 6 by adding AcOH. NaIO<sub>4</sub> (6.28 g, 29.3 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the combined mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 80 min. Then, the reaction mixture was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between EtOAc (100 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (150 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 60 g, hexane/Et<sub>2</sub>O 2:1 to 0:1) to afford lactol **9** (4.23 g, 26.4 mmol) in 79% yield over 2 steps. All the spectral data were identical with those reported previously.<sup>S1</sup>



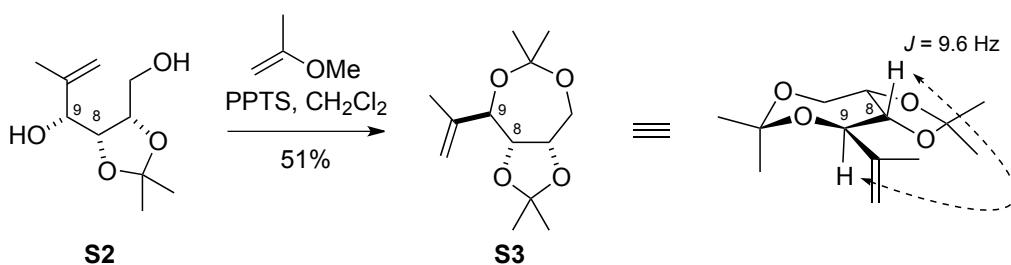
**Pivaloate 10.** A solution of lactol **9** (15.6 g, 97.5 mmol) in THF (160 mL) was cooled to 0°C. Isopropenylmagnesium bromide (0.5 M solution in THF, 500 mL, 250 mmol) was added by an addition funnel over 40 min to the solution, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1 h. The mixture was poured into saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (500 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (300 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (300 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The crude mixture was passed through a short pad of silica gel (Kanto silica gel, 200 g) with EtOAc (500 mL). The filtrate was concentrated to afford crude diol **S2**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

PivCl (14 mL, 110 mmol) was added to a mixture of the above crude diol **S2**, Et<sub>3</sub>N (33 mL, 240 mmol) and DMAP (1.19 g, 9.74 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (330 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 3 min, and was poured into H<sub>2</sub>O (300 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (100 mL ×3) and brine (200 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 500 g, hexane/EtOAc 30:1 to 3:1) to afford pivaloate **10** (20.8 g, 72.7 mmol) in 75% yield over 2 steps: white

S1. a) T. Hudlicky, H. Luna, J. D. Price, F. Rulin, *J. Org. Chem.* **1990**, *55*, 4683-4687;  
b) H. Kotsuki, A. Miyazaki, M. Ochi, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1991**, *32*, 4503-4504.

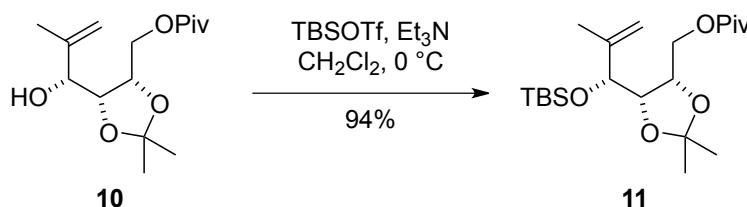
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crystal; m.p. 62–63 °C;  $[\alpha]_D^{19} -0.27$  (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>): IR (neat)  $\nu_{\max}$  3503, 2980, 1711, 1458, 1370, 1289, 1215, 1170, 1081, 1046 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 1.19 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.22 (9H, s, COC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.39 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.72 (3H, s, H18), 3.94 (1H, br d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, H9), 4.02 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.2, 6.0 Hz, H8), 4.38 (1H, ddd, *J* = 7.8, 6.0, 3.7 Hz, H14), 4.49 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.9, 7.8 Hz, H13a), 4.58 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.9, 3.7 Hz, H13b), 4.84 (1H, s, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>), 4.96 (1H, s, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 17.8, 25.5, 27.3, 28.0, 38.8, 63.8, 73.8, 76.2, 77.8, 108.9, 113.7, 145.7, 177.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Na, 309.1672 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 309.1678.

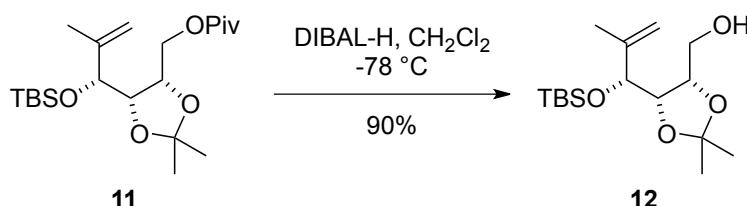


**Determination of the C9 stereochemistry: Acetonide S3.** PPTS (9.6 mg, 38 μmol) was added to a solution of diol S2 (16 mg, 79 μmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.8 mL) and 2-methoxy-1-propene (36 μL, 0.38 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1.5 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified twice by flash chromatography (1<sup>st</sup>: Kanto silica gel 2 g, hexane/EtOAc 20:1 to 1:1; 2<sup>nd</sup>: Kanto silica gel 1 g, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc 1:0 to 0:1) to afford S3 (9.8 mg, 40 μmol) in 51% yield: colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{19} +37$  (*c* 0.49, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\max}$  2989, 1380, 1217, 1163, 1085, 1049 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 1.21 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.27 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.33 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.50 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.87 (3H, s, H18), 3.62 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.2, 1.4 Hz, H13a), 3.71 (1H, dt, *J* = 5.5, 1.8 Hz, H14), 3.85 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.2, 1.8 Hz, H13b), 3.89 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.6, 5.5 Hz, H8), 4.40 (1H, d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, H9), 5.00 (1H, t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>), 5.15 (1H, s, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 18.8, 23.9, 25.0, 26.0, 28.7, 58.7, 73.5, 77.2, 78.0, 101.3, 108.2, 114.0, 143.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na, 265.1410 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 265.1399.

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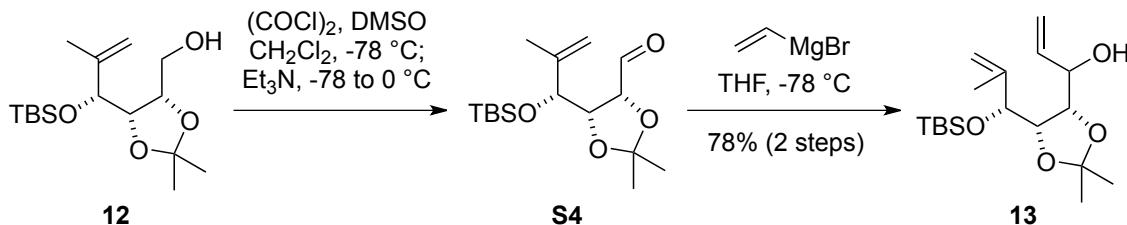
**TBS ether 11.** A solution of pivaloate **10** (18.9 g, 66.1 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (220 mL) was cooled to 0 °C, and then Et<sub>3</sub>N (18.4 mL, 132 mmol) and TBSOTf (15.6 mL, 66.0 mmol) were successively added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, and was poured into H<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL) and brine (200 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 600 g, hexane/EtOAc 50:1 to 5:1) to afford TBS ether **11** (24.9 g, 62.1 mmol) in 94% yield: colorless oil; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>21</sup> -30 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2957, 2932, 2859, 1732, 1462, 1371, 1254, 1160, 1086 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 0.05 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.16 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.96 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.22 (9H, s, COC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.23 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.45 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.69 (3H, s, H18), 4.12 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 6.0 Hz, H8), 4.26 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, H9), 4.38 (1H, ddd, *J* = 8.2, 6.0, 2.3 Hz, H14), 4.47 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.9, 8.2 Hz, H13a), 4.59 (1H, *J* = 11.9, 2.3 Hz, H13b), 4.85 (1H, t, *J* = 1.4 Hz, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>), 4.99 (1H, s, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ -5.2, -4.0, 17.2, 18.3, 25.6, 26.0, 27.4, 28.0, 38.8, 64.4, 75.5, 76.0, 77.7, 108.8, 115.0, 145.1, 177.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>5</sub>SiNa, 423.2537 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 423.2525.



**Alcohol 12.** DIBAL-H (1.0 M in hexane, 124 mL, 124 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of **11** (24.9 g, 62.2 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (210 mL) -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 45 min, and was poured into a mixture of EtOAc and saturated aqueous Rochelle's salt (300 mL, 1:1). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL × 2) and brine (200 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The crude residue was combined with another batch of alcohol **12** that was synthesized from **11**.

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(32.0 g, 79.8 mmol) by the same procedure described above. The combined crude was purified by recrystallization from Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane to afford **12** (27.8 g, 87.7 mmol) in 62% yield as a white needle. The mother liquid was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 600 g, hexane/EtOAc 50:1 to 5:1) to afford **12** (12.4 g, 39.2 mmol) in 28% yield. The combined yield of the reactions was 90%: m.p. 54-56 °C;  $[\alpha]_D^{19} -19$  (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3488, 2954, 2932, 2858, 1463, 1371, 1253, 1220, 1078 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  0.05 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.10 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.94 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.23 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.39 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.67 (3H, s, H18), 2.32 (1H, ddd, *J* = 7.8, 6.0, 6.0 Hz, OH), 3.85 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.0 Hz, H13a), 3.91 (1H, ddd, *J* = 11.4, 7.8, 4.6 Hz, H13b), 4.10 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 6.4 Hz, H8), 4.23 (1H, ddd, *J* = 6.4, 6.0, 4.6 Hz, H14), 4.35 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, H9), 4.83 (1H, m, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>), 5.00 (1H, s, C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.1, -4.1, 17.4, 18.3, 25.5, 26.0, 28.0, 61.7, 75.4, 77.8, 78.5, 108.2, 114.9, 145.1; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SiNa, 339.1962 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 339.1974.

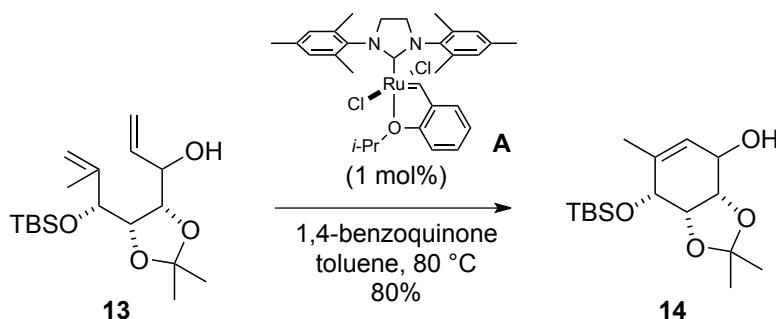


**Diene 13.** DMSO (1.1 mL, 16 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (16 mL) was added dropwise to a solution of (COCl)<sub>2</sub> (540  $\mu$ L, 6.4 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (40 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min. To the mixture was added a solution of alcohol **12** (1.01 g, 3.19 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (8 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, and then Et<sub>3</sub>N (3.1 mL, 22 mmol) was added at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 0 °C, stirred for 1 h, and was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (80 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL  $\times$  3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated to afford crude aldehyde **S4**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

Vinylmagnesium bromide (1.0 M in THF, 4.0 mL, 4.0 mmol) was added dropwise to the above crude aldehyde **S4** in THF (44 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL  $\times$  3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (60 mL), dried over

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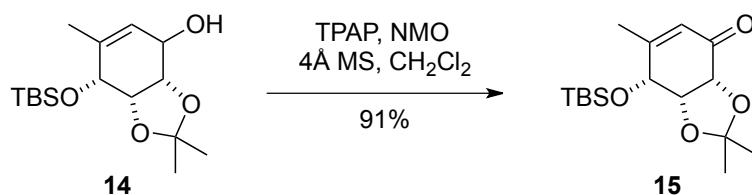
$\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated. The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 20 g, hexane/EtOAc 30:1 to 2:1) to afford diene **13** (854 mg, 2.49 mmol) in 78% yield over 2 steps: crystal: m.p. 48–51 °C;  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$  -29 (*c* 1.01,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3567, 3486, 2954, 2931, 2858, 1462, 1372, 1253, 1069  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.07 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$  of TBS), 0.14 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$  of TBS), 0.90 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.36 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.52 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.78 (3H, s, H18), 2.85 (1H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, OH), 4.09 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.0, 1.4 Hz, H9), 4.25 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.0, 7.0 Hz, H8), 4.43 (1H, m, H13), 4.61 (1H, d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, H14), 5.01 (1H, d, *J* = 1.4 Hz,  $\text{C}=\text{CH}_\text{A}\text{H}_\text{B}$ ), 5.13 (1H, s,  $\text{C}=\text{CH}_\text{A}\text{H}_\text{B}$ ), 5.18 (1H, ddd, *J* = 10.5, 1.6, 1.6 Hz,  $\text{CH}=\text{CH}_\text{A}\text{H}_\text{B}$ ), 5.30 (1H, ddd, *J* = 17.4, 1.6, 1.6 Hz,  $\text{CH}=\text{CH}_\text{A}\text{H}_\text{B}$ ), 5.93 (1H, ddd, *J* = 17.4, 10.5, 5.5 Hz, H12);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -5.3, -4.3, 17.6, 18.2, 24.6, 25.8, 26.5, 70.0, 75.0, 77.2, 79.4, 108.1, 114.9, 115.2, 138.6, 144.1; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_4\text{SiNa}$ , 365.2119 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 365.2108.



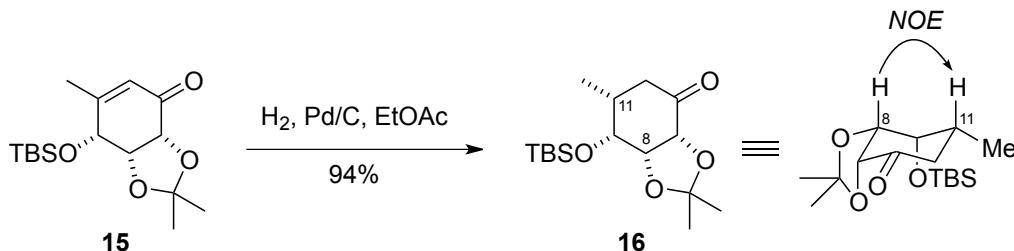
**Allyl alcohol 14.** A mixture of diene **13** (4.38 g, 12.8 mmol) and 1,4-benzoquinone (28 mg, 260  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in toluene (210 mL) was heated to 80 °C. Hoveyda-Grubbs 2nd generation catalyst **A** (80 mg, 130  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in toluene (50 mL) was added by an addition funnel over 5.5 h, and the resultant mixture was stirred at 80 °C for further 3 h. The reaction mixture was passed through a short pad of silica gel (Merck silica gel) and the filter cake was washed with a mixture of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  and acetone (2:1). The filtrate was concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 100 g, hexane/EtOAc 20:1 to 2:1) to afford allyl alcohol **14** (3.20 g, 10.3 mmol) in 80% yield as a green oil. The green color was attributed to the residual ruthenium catalyst although the isolated compound was sufficiently pure from the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR. The product was isolated as a single diastereomer, however the stereochemistry at the C13 position was not determined:  $[\alpha]_D^{29}$  -51 (*c* 1.00,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3453, 2931, 2857, 1378, 1254, 1209, 1135, 1066  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.08 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$  of TBS), 0.10 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$  of TBS), 0.90 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.33 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.43 (3H,

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s, acetonide), 1.81 (3H, s, H18), 2.09 (1H, br s, OH), 4.21 (1H, dd,  $J = 7.8, 4.6$  Hz, H14), 4.30 (1H, dd,  $J = 7.8, 3.6$  Hz, H8), 4.39 (1H, d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, H9), 4.45 (1H, m, H13), 5.59 (1H, m, H12);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -4.7, -4.5, 18.2, 20.3, 24.6, 25.8, 26.4, 69.2, 69.6, 76.9, 80.0, 109.7, 125.5, 140.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_4\text{SiNa}$ , 337.1806 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 337.1791.



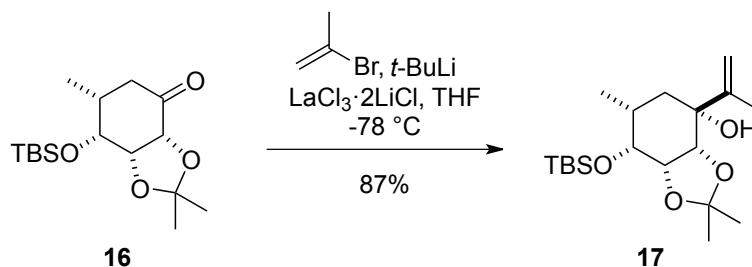
**Enone 15.** TPAP (107 mg, 304  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) was added to a mixture of **14** (1.87 g, 5.95 mmol), NMO (1.04 g, 8.92 mmol) and 4 $\text{\AA}$  MS (3 g, activated by drying in oven at 120 °C for 3 h) in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (60 mL) at room temperature. The resultant suspension was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, and was filtered through a pad of Celite with a mixture of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /acetone (200 mL, 5:1). The filtrate was concentrated, and the residue was passed through a pad of silica gel (Kanto silica gel 100 g,  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /acetone 5:1) to remove the residual ruthenium catalyst. The fractions containing the product were collected and concentrated. The concentrate was further purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 30 g, hexane/ $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  5:1 to 1:2) to afford enone **15** (1.70 g, 5.45 mmol) in 91% yield: colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{24} -40$  ( $c$  0.94,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2931, 2857, 1675, 1379, 1234, 1135, 1102, 1065  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.18 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$  of TBS), 0.19 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$  of TBS), 0.96 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.36 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.38 (3H, s, acetonide), 2.05 (3H, m, H18), 4.25 (1H, d,  $J = 4.6$  Hz, H14), 4.59 (1H, dd,  $J = 4.6, 4.6$  Hz, H8), 4.74 (1H, m, H9), 5.93 (1H, m, H12);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -4.7, -4.5, 18.3, 21.0, 25.7, 25.9, 27.5, 69.1, 76.0, 77.1, 110.6, 124.5, 162.6, 195.5; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_4\text{SiNa}$ , 335.1649 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 335.1640.



**Ketone 16.** A solution of enone **15** (1.70 g, 5.44 mmol) and Pd/C (10 wt% Pd on

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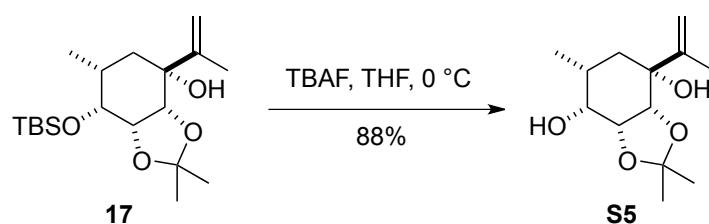
carbon, 170 mg) in EtOAc (27 mL) was exposed to H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (1 atm), and was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. Then, the reaction mixture was passed through a pad of Celite. The filter cake was washed with EtOAc (100 mL), and the filtrate was concentrated to afford keone **16** (1.60 g, 5.09 mmol) in 94% yield, which was used in the next reaction without further purification: white crystal; m.p. 102-104 °C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> -0.017 (*c* 1.07, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2928, 1726, 1460, 1377, 1257, 1167, 1107 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 0.04 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.06 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.85 (9H, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.07 (3H, d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, H18), 1.34 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.51 (3H, s, acetonide), 2.07 (1H, dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, H12a), 2.16-2.22 (1H, m, H11), 2.37 (1H, dd, *J* = 17.0, 7.4 Hz, H12b), 3.99 (1H, d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, H9), 4.36 (1H, d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, H14), 4.48 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.6, 3.7 Hz, H8); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -4.7, -3.7, 18.1, 18.6, 24.2, 25.8, 26.0, 31.3, 40.1, 70.1, 77.2, 78.4, 110.1, 205.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SiNa, 337.1806 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 337.1811.



**Alcohol 16.** A oven-dried 3-neck round-bottom flask was charged with 2-bromopropene (2.6 mL, 29 mmol) and THF (80 mL), and the solution was cooled to -78 °C. *t*-BuLi (1.65 M solution in pentane, 37 mL, 61 mmol) was added dropwise by an addition funnel, and the resultant canary yellow solution was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. The mixture was then treated with LaCl<sub>3</sub>·2LiCl (0.6 M solution in THF, 50 mL, 30 mmol). The resultant burgundy mixture was further stirred at -78 °C for 30 min, and a solution of alcohol **16** (4.75 g, 15.1 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added dropwise via cannula. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min, and was poured into a stirring mixture of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (200 mL) and EtOAc (60 mL). The mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite with EtOAc (80 mL). The aqueous phase was separated and extracted with EtOAc (100 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (150 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 200 g, hexane/EtOAc 100:1 to 1:1) to afford alcohol **17** (4.71 g, 13.2 mmol) in 87% yield: crystal; m.p. 57-60 °C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> -31 (*c* 0.83, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3417, 2929, 2360, 1366, 1255,

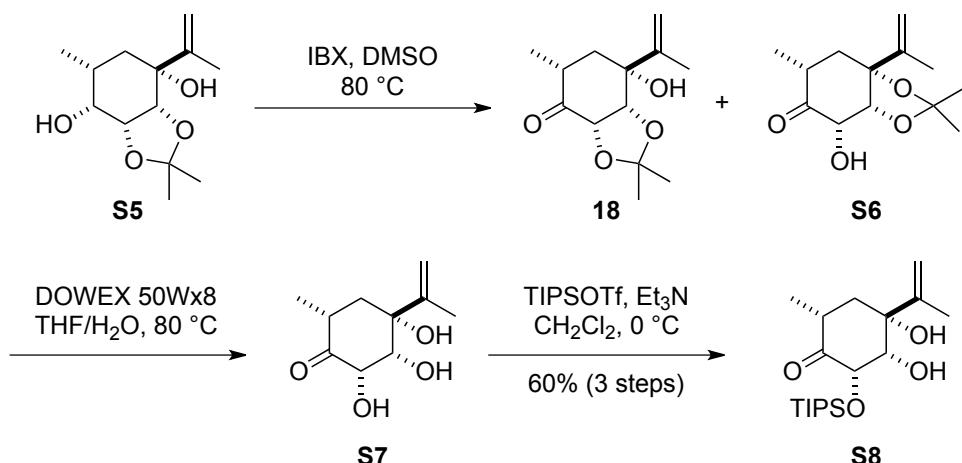
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1039 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 0.13 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.17 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub> of TBS), 0.94 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBS), 1.05 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, H18), 1.36 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.54 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.57 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 10.5 Hz, H12a), 1.64-1.71 (1H, m, H11), 1.82 (3H, s, H17), 2.00 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 7.8 Hz, H12b), 4.12 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.0, 1.8 Hz, H9), 4.18 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, H14), 4.23 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 5.0 Hz, H8), 4.72 (1H, s, OH), 4.93 (1H, m, H16a), 5.17 (1H, m, H16b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -4.9, -4.2, 18.4, 19.1, 19.6, 25.2, 25.9, 26.2, 30.6, 40.3, 71.1, 73.3, 75.6, 77.2, 109.7, 111.5, 147.7; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SiNa, 379.2275 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 379.2256.



**Diol S5.** TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 45 mL, 45 mmol) was added to a solution of alcohol **17** (7.76 g, 21.7 mmol) in THF (70 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (70 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (20 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 120 g, hexane/EtOAc 5:1 to 1:2) to afford diol **S5** (4.65 g, 19.2 mmol) in 88% yield: crystal; m.p. 113-117 °C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> -53 (*c* 1.04, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat) ν<sub>max</sub> 3387, 2928, 1455, 1382, 1261, 1212, 1162 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 1.09 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, H18), 1.39 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.53 (3H, s, acetonide), 1.53 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 9.6 Hz, H12a), 1.65-1.75 (1H, m, H11), 1.82 (3H, s, H17), 1.88 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 8.2 Hz, H12b), 3.84 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.5, 2.3 Hz, H9), 4.30 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 5.5 Hz, H8), 4.38 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, H14), 4.90 (1H, m, H16a), 5.09 (1H, s, H16b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 19.0, 19.5, 24.7, 26.2, 31.1, 38.7, 70.5, 75.6, 77.1, 77.3, 110.0, 111.9, 149.5; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na, 265.1410 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 265.1419.

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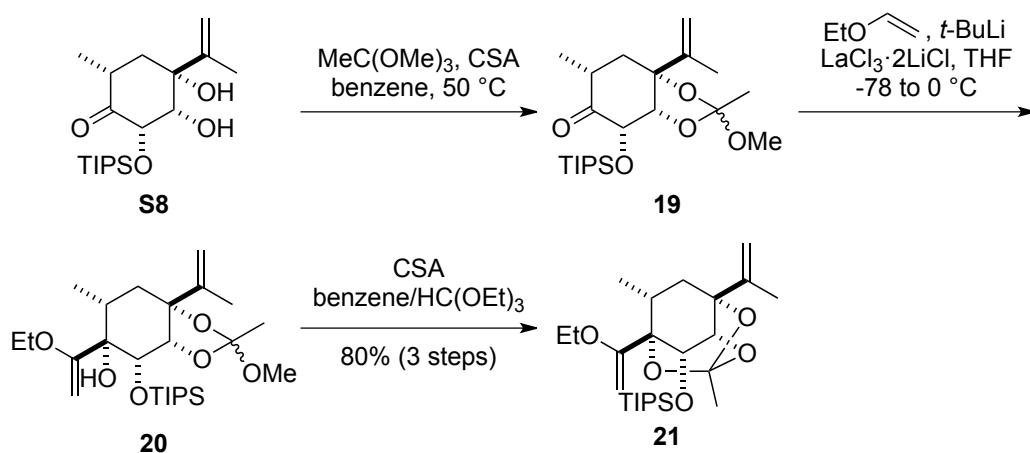
**TIPS ether S8.** IBX (3.87 g, 13.8 mmol) was added to a solution of diol **S5** (2.23 g, 9.21 mmol) in DMSO (61 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 30 min, cooled to room temperature, and then quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL  $\times$ 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel) to afford an inseparable mixture of ketones **18** and **S6** (2.09 g, 8.70 mmol), which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

DOWEX 50W $\times$ 8 (200-400 mesh, 10.5 g) was added to a solution of the above mixture of ketones **18** and **S6** in THF/H<sub>2</sub>O (87 mL, 3:1). The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 12 h, and was cooled to room temperature. The resin was removed by the filtration through a pad of Celite with acetone (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated to afford crude triol **S7**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification. For a characterization, a small amount of triol **S7** was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel, hexane/EtOAc 1:1 to 1:3):  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  -4.3 (*c* 1.74, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3400, 2971, 2933, 1726, 1450, 1129, 1027 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.10 (3H, d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, H18), 1.96 (3H, s, H17), 2.01 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.2 Hz, H12a), 2.32 (1H, ddd, *J* = 14.2, 6.4, 2.3 Hz, H12b), 2.50 (1H, ddq, *J* = 14.2, 6.4, 6.4 Hz, H11), 2.88 (1H, s, OH), 3.41 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, OH), 3.93 (1H, d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, OH), 4.22 (1H, m, H8), 4.43 (1H, m, H14), 5.24 (1H, s, H16a), 5.31 (1H, s, H16b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  13.5, 18.8, 38.7, 39.3, 73.9, 74.5, 76.8, 114.8, 144.0, 210.7; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na, 223.0941 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 223.0945.

TIPSOTf (4.7 mL, 18 mmol) were added to a solution of the above crude **S7** and Et<sub>3</sub>N (4.8 mL, 35 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (44 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at

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0 °C for 3 h, and was quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Merck silica gel 100 g, hexane/EtOAc 6:1 to 4:1) to afford TIPS ether **S8** (1.98 g, 5.56 mmol) in 60% yield over 3 steps: white solid: m.p. 46–47 °C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> -16 (*c* 0.51 CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat) ν<sub>max</sub> 3463, 2943, 2868, 1739, 1464, 1165, 1011 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.04–1.17 (24H, m, H18, (Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.95 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.3, 13.3 Hz, H12a), 1.97 (3H, s, H17), 2.29 (1H, ddd, *J* = 13.3, 5.9, 1.8 Hz, H12b), 2.35 (1H, dqd, *J* = 13.3, 6.4, 5.9 Hz, H11), 2.76 (1H, s, OH), 2.90 (1H, s, OH), 4.36 (1H, br s, H8), 4.43 (1H, d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, H14), 5.25 (1H, d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, H16a), 5.27 (1H, s, H16b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 12.2, 13.9, 17.9, 19.0, 38.8, 39.7, 74.0, 75.8, 78.5, 114.6, 144.3, 208.2; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SiNa, 379.2275 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 379.2282.



**Orthoester 21.** (+)-CSA (97 mg, 420 μmol) was added to a solution of TIPS ether **S8** (1.49 g, 4.17 mmol) and trimethyl orthoacetate (3.8 mL, 30 mmol) in benzene (42 mL). The mixture was heated to 50 °C for 30 min, and was allowed to cool to room temperature. Then, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (40 mL) was added, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (40 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was azeotropically dried with toluene to afford a 8.3 : 1 diastereomixture of crude **19**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

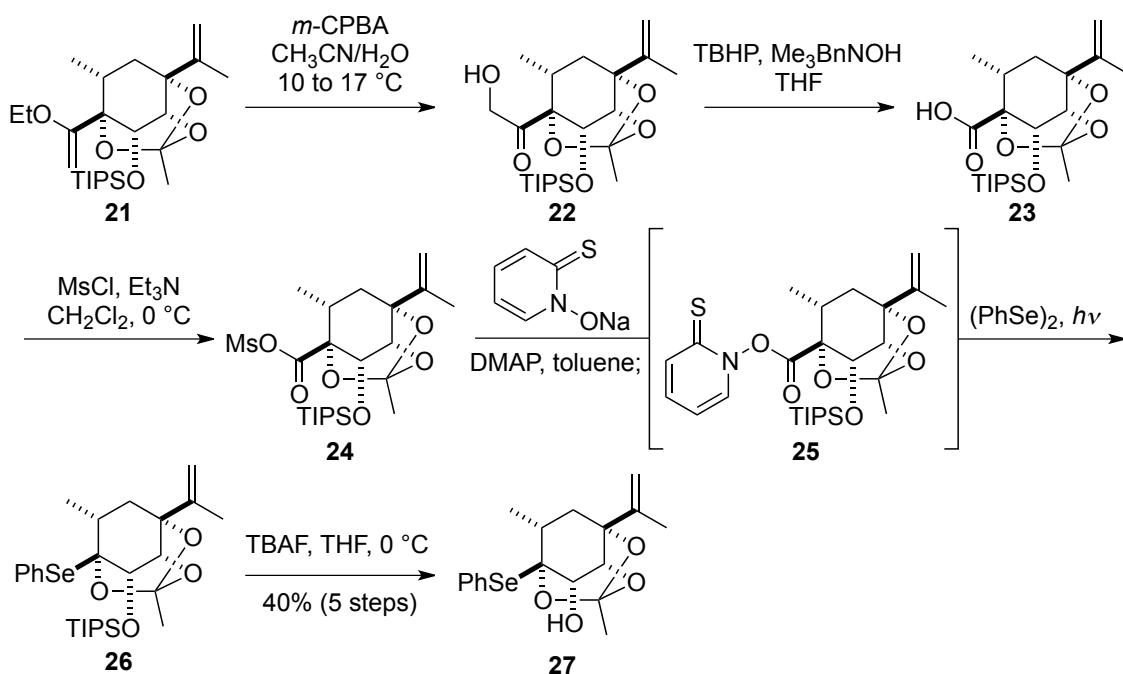
An oven-dried 3-neck round-bottom flask was charged with ethyl vinyl ether (2.8 mL, 29 mmol) and THF (33 mL), and the solution was cooled to -78 °C. After *t*-BuLi (1.65 M solution in pentane, 13 mL, 21 mmol) was injected dropwise into the flask, the dry

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ice-acetone bath was replaced with an ice bath and the reaction flask was allowed to warm to 0 °C. The canary yellow solution turned colorless after stirred at 0 °C for 15 min. The resultant colorless solution was cooled to -78 °C, and was treated with LaCl<sub>3</sub>·2LiCl (0.6 M solution in THF, 35 mL, 21 mmol). The resultant amber-colored solution was further stirred at -78 °C for 15 min, then a solution of the above crude **19** in THF (9 mL) was added dropwise via cannula. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 10 min and at 0 °C for 5 min, and was poured into a stirring mixture of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (50 mL) and EtOAc (20 mL). The white precipitate was filtered through a pad of Celite with EtOAc (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated to ca.100 mL. The aqueous phase was separated and extracted with EtOAc (30 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated to afford crude alcohol **20** (1.6 g), which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

(+)-CSA (97 mg, 420 µmol) was added to a solution of the above crude alcohol **20** in a mixture of benzene and triethyl orthoformate (42 mL, 5:1). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. Saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (60 mL) was added to the mixture, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (40 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 50 g, hexane/EtOAc 20:1) to afford orthoester **21** (1.52 g, 3.36 mmol) in 80% yield over 3 steps: colorless oil: [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> +87 (*c* 0.96, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2941, 2867, 1402, 1302, 1158, 1107 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 1.10-1.15 (3H, m, SiCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> × 3), 1.11 (3H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.17 (9H, d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, SiCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> × 3), 1.21 (9H, d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, SiCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> × 3), 1.29 (3H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, H18), 1.63 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, H12a), 1.71 (3H, br s, H17), 1.78 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.83 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 9.2 Hz, H12b), 2.48 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.2, 7.3 Hz, H11), 3.43 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.6, 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.57 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.6, 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.00 (1H, d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, H8), 4.18 (1H, d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, (EtO)C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>), 4.42 (1H, d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, H14), 4.84 (1H, d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, H16a), 4.85 (1H, d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, (EtO)C=CH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>), 5.14 (1H, d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, H16b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 13.4, 14.5, 17.7, 18.4, 18.5, 19.2, 21.5, 33.0, 33.6, 62.7, 67.4, 80.4, 82.1, 83.9, 85.4, 110.9, 118.5, 146.7, 160.1; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>44</sub>O<sub>5</sub>SiNa, 475.2850 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 475.2878.

## Supporting Information



**O,Se-Acetal 27.** *m*-CPBA (75% purity, 283 mg, 1.23 mmol) was added to a solution of **21** (1.11 g, 2.46 mmol) in a mixture of CH<sub>3</sub>CN/H<sub>2</sub>O (35 mL, 2:1) at 10 °C. The equal amount of *m*-CPBA was added to the reaction mixture at 10 °C in every 20 min twice. Once TLC indicated the disappearance of **21**, the reaction temperature was carefully raised to 15~17 °C. After completion of the reaction was indicated on TLC, saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (5 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL × 2), saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL × 2), saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL), and brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated to afford crude hydroxyketone **22**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification. For a characterization, a small amount of hydroxyketone **22** was purified by flash chromatography (Fuji Silysia silica gel, hexane/EtOAc 10:1): white crystal m.p. 58-60 °C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> +108 (*c* 0.78, MeOH); IR (neat) ν<sub>max</sub> 3535, 2944, 2867, 1718, 1461, 1400, 1305, 1263, 1154, 1077 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 0.92 (3H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, H18), 0.96-1.04 (3H, m, SiCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> × 3), 1.07 (9H, d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, SiCH(CH<sub>3</sub>) × 3), 1.10 (9H, d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, SiCH(CH<sub>3</sub>) × 3), 1.42 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, H12a), 1.60 (3H, s, H17), 1.62 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.68 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 9.2 Hz, H12b), 2.51 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.2, 7.3 Hz, H11), 3.14 (1H, t, *J* = 4.6, OH), 3.90 (1H, d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, H14), 4.28 (1H, d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, H8), 4.57 (1H, dd, *J* = 21.1, 4.6 Hz, COCH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>OH), 4.79 (1H, s, H16a), 4.86 (1H, dd, *J* = 21.1, 4.6 Hz, COCH<sub>A</sub>H<sub>B</sub>OH), 5.03 (1H, s, H16b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 13.0, 17.8, 18.0, 18.1, 19.0, 20.9, 33.1,

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35.4, 69.0, 69.2, 79.8, 86.1, 88.0, 111.3, 118.5, 145.7, 212.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{23}H_{40}O_6SiNa$ , 463.2486 ( $M+Na^+$ ), found 463.2476.

$Me_3BnNOH$  (40% in MeOH, 4.5 mL, 9.9 mmol) and TBHP (70% in  $H_2O$ , 1.2 mL, 8.7 mmol) were successively added to a solution of crude hydroxyketone **22** in THF (7.4 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, and was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 1.5 h, solid  $NH_4Cl$  (2.63 g) and  $H_2O$  (1 mL) were added to the reaction mixture. The suspension was stirred for 20 min, then  $Na_2SO_4$  was added. The insoluble salts were filtered through a pad of Celite with EtOAc (200 mL). The filtrate was concentrated, and the resultant residue was diluted with EtOAc (10 mL). White precipitate formation was observed. The precipitate was removed by passing the mixture through a pad of Celite with EtOAc (200 mL) and acetone (100 mL). The filtrate was concentrated. Toluene (30 mL) was added to the concentrate, and excess TBHP was removed azeotropically under reduced pressure twice to afford crude carboxylic acid **23**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

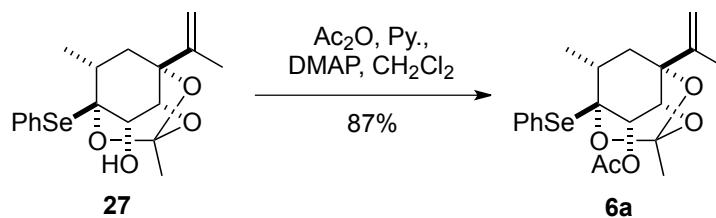
$MsCl$  (0.38 mL, 4.9 mmol) was added to a solution of the above crude carboxylic acid **23** and  $Et_3N$  (3.4 mL, 2.5 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (25 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min, and was quenched with saturated aqueous  $NaHCO_3$  (10 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL ×3). The combined organic layer was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered, and concentrated to afford crude mesylate **24**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

2-mercaptopyridine *N*-oxide sodium salt (733 mg, 4.92 mmol) and DMAP (60 mg, 0.49 mmol) were successively added to a solution of the above crude mesylate **24** in toluene (25 mL) at room temperature. The reaction flask was wrapped with aluminum foil, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. [HRMS (ESI) of Barton ester **25**, calcd for  $C_{27}H_{41}NO_6SSiNa$ , 558.2316 ( $M+Na^+$ ), found 558.2327] Then,  $(PhSe)_2$  (1.53 g, 4.92 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture. The aluminum foil was removed, and the reaction mixture was stirred under photo irradiation (a medium pressure mercury lamp, 100 W) at room temperature for 30 min. Saturated aqueous  $NaHCO_3$  (10 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL ×3). The combined organic layer was washed with  $H_2O$  (10 mL ×2) and brine (10 mL), dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered, and concentrated to afford crude O,Se-acetal **26**, which was used for the next reaction without purification. For a characterization, a small amount of O,Se-acetal **26**

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was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel, hexane/EtOAc 20:1 to 5:1): colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{24} +88$  (*c* 0.61, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2942, 2867, 1463, 1400, 1154, 1069 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  1.16-1.22 (2H, m, Si(CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.28 (3H, d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, H18), 1.48 (1H, d, *J* = 14.2 Hz, H12a), 1.63 (3H, s, H17), 1.67 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.67 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.2, 8.7 Hz, H12b), 2.11 (1H, dq, *J* = 8.7, 6.9 Hz, H11), 3.89 (1H, d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, H8), 4.45 (1H, d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, H14), 4.80 (1H, m, H16a), 5.03 (1H, s, H16b), 7.03-7.07 (3H, m, aromatic), 7.86-7.88 (2H, m, aromatic); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  13.6, 18.5, 18.6, 19.0, 19.2, 21.0, 34.8, 39.3, 70.7, 80.7, 85.3, 92.0, 111.2, 119.5, 128.7, 130.6, 136.5, 146.0; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SeSiNa, 561.1910 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 561.1904.

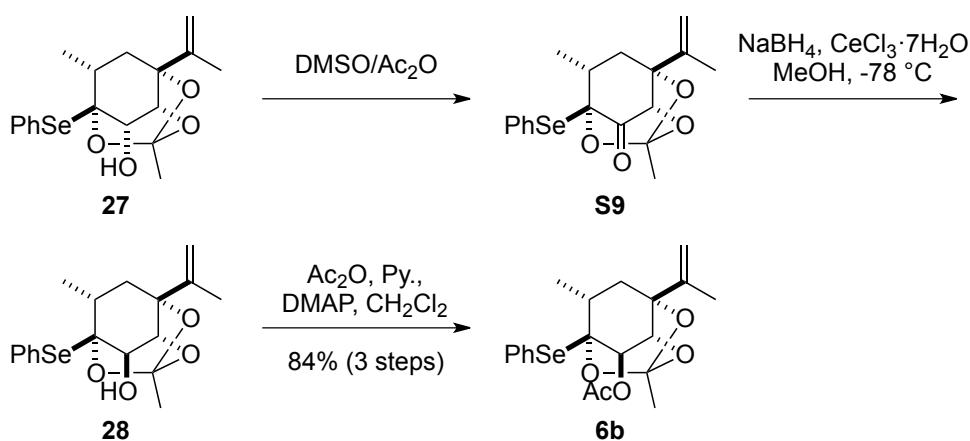
TBAF (1.0 M solution in THF, 3.0 mL, 3.0 mmol) was added to a solution of the above crude **26** in THF (25 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) and brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 30 g, hexane/EtOAc 10:1 to 5:1) to afford O,Se-acetal **27** (373 mg, 0.980 mmol) in 40% yield over 5 steps: yellow oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{24} +95.7$  (*c* 1.45, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3467, 2934, 1438, 1398, 1302, 1170, 1124, 1102, 1070 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  1.25 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.6, 8.7 Hz, H12a), 1.43 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, H12b), 1.43 (3H, s, H17), 1.50 (3H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, H18), 1.60 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.88 (1H, dq, *J* = 8.7, 7.3 Hz, H11), 3.14 (1H, dd, *J* = 10.0, 3.2 Hz, H8), 3.21 (1H, m, OH), 4.15 (1H, dd, *J* = 3.2, 1.4 Hz, H14), 4.71 (1H, m, H16a), 4.85 (1H, s, H16b), 7.00-7.06 (3H, m, aromatic), 7.86-7.89 (2H, m, aromatic); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  18.7, 18.8, 20.8, 33.7, 36.7, 67.0, 80.4, 85.5, 93.6, 111.2, 119.5, 129.1, 138.4, 145.5. Two peaks overlap with solvent peak; HRMS (ESI), calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SeNa, 405.0576 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 405.0580.



**Acetate 6a.** Ac<sub>2</sub>O (95 µL, 1.0 mmol), pyridine (0.33 mL, 4.0 mmol), and DMAP (2.5 mg, 0.20 µmol) were successively added to a solution of O,Se-acetal **27** (38 mg, 0.10 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room

Supporting Information

temperature for 24 h, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (5 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL  $\times$  3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 10 g, hexane/EtOAc 20:1) to afford acetate **6a** (37 mg, 87  $\mu$ mol) in 87% yield: colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} +88.0$  (*c* 1.43, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2977, 2936, 1735, 1439, 1401, 1376, 1239, 1100 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  1.46 (3H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, H18), 1.47-1.49 (2H, m, H12), 1.48 (3H, s, H17), 1.65 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.78 (3H, s, Ac), 1.87 (1H, m, H11), 4.41 (1H, d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, H14), 4.72 (1H, m, H16a), 4.89 (1H, d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, H8), 4.90 (1H, s, H16b), 7.10-7.04 (3H, m, aromatic), 7.74-7.77 (2H, m, aromatic); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  18.8, 18.9, 20.7, 20.9, 34.0, 37.3, 69.7, 78.4, 85.5, 88.9, 111.6, 119.9, 128.6, 129.0, 129.4, 137.0, 145.3, 170.2; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>5</sub>SeNa, 447.0681 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 447.0673.



**Acetate **6b**.** A solution of O,Se-acetal **27** (373 mg, 0.980 mmol) in DMSO/Ac<sub>2</sub>O (9.8 mL, 4:1) was stirred at 35 °C for 2 h. Then, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (15 mL). EtOAc (10 mL) was added, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL  $\times$  3). The combined organic layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL  $\times$  2) and brine (10 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated to afford crude ketone **S9**, which was used for the next reaction without purification.

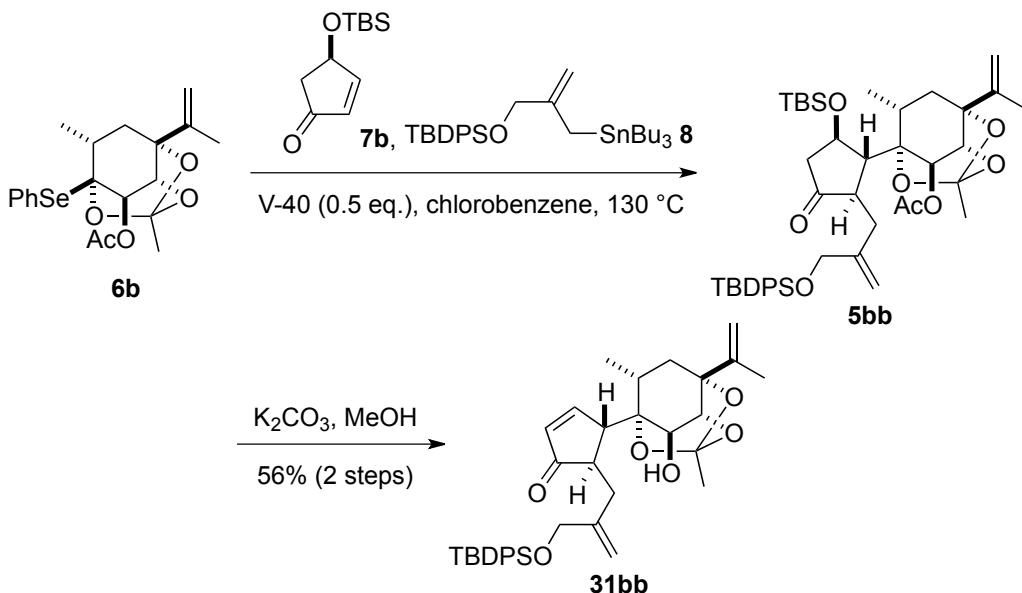
CeCl<sub>3</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O (728 mg, 1.95 mmol) and NaBH<sub>4</sub> (74 mg, 2.0 mmol) were successively added to a solution of the above crude ketone **S9** in MeOH (14 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at -78 °C, and was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL). EtOAc (5 mL) was added, and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL  $\times$  3). The combined

*Supporting Information*

organic layer was washed with brine (10 mL), dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated to afford crude alcohol **28**, which was used for the next reaction without purification. For a characterization, a small amount of alcohol **28** was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel, hexane/EtOAc 20:1 to 5:1): white solid; m.p. 99–101 °C;  $[\alpha]_D^{24} +47$  (*c* 0.36, MeOH); IR (neat);  $\nu_{\max}$  3490, 2928, 1441, 1398, 1298, 1109, 1073, 1038  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  1.53 (3H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, H18), 1.58 (1H, d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, H12a), 1.61 (3H, s, H17), 1.64 (3H, s,  $\text{CCH}_3$ ), 1.79 (1H, br s, OH), 2.26 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.2, 7.3 Hz, H11), 2.53 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.7, 9.2 Hz, H12b), 3.83 (1H, br s, H8), 4.03 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, H14), 4.80 (1H, m, H16a), 5.11 (1H, m, H16b), 7.01–7.07 (3H, m, aromatic), 7.66–7.69 (2H, m, aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  18.9, 20.2, 20.4, 34.1, 34.4, 69.5, 78.1, 84.9, 92.6, 111.1, 119.6, 127.4, 128.8, 128.9, 137.1, 146.2; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4\text{SeNa}$ , 405.0576 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 405.0573.

$\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$  (0.46 mL, 4.9 mmol), pyridine (1.6 mL, 20 mmol) and DMAP (24 mg, 0.20 mmol) were successively added to a solution of the above crude alcohol **28** in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (10 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, and was quenched with saturated aqueous  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (10 mL). The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (10 mL  $\times 3$ ). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 20 g, hexane/EtOAc 20:1 to 10:1) to afford acetate **6b** (350 mg, 0.83 mmol) in 84% over 3 steps: colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{22} +4.4$  (*c* 0.39, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\max}$  2969, 2934, 1750, 1440, 1399, 1373, 1223, 1064  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  1.59 (3H, s, H17), 1.66 (3H, d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, H18), 1.70 (3H, s,  $\text{CCH}_3$ ), 1.73 (3H, s, Ac), 1.74 (1H, d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, H12a), 2.33 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.4, 9.2 Hz, H12b), 2.36 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.2, 6.9 Hz, H11), 4.20 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, H14), 4.85 (1H, m, H16a), 5.11 (1H, s, H16b), 5.50 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, H8), 7.13–7.18 (3H, m, aromatic), 7.92–7.95 (2H, m, aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  18.7, 20.0, 20.1, 20.4, 34.4, 34.8, 70.4, 76.9, 84.6, 88.3, 111.3, 119.7, 127.0, 128.8, 129.2, 138.2, 145.8, 168.4; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_5\text{SeNa}$ , 447.0681 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 447.0677.

Supporting Information

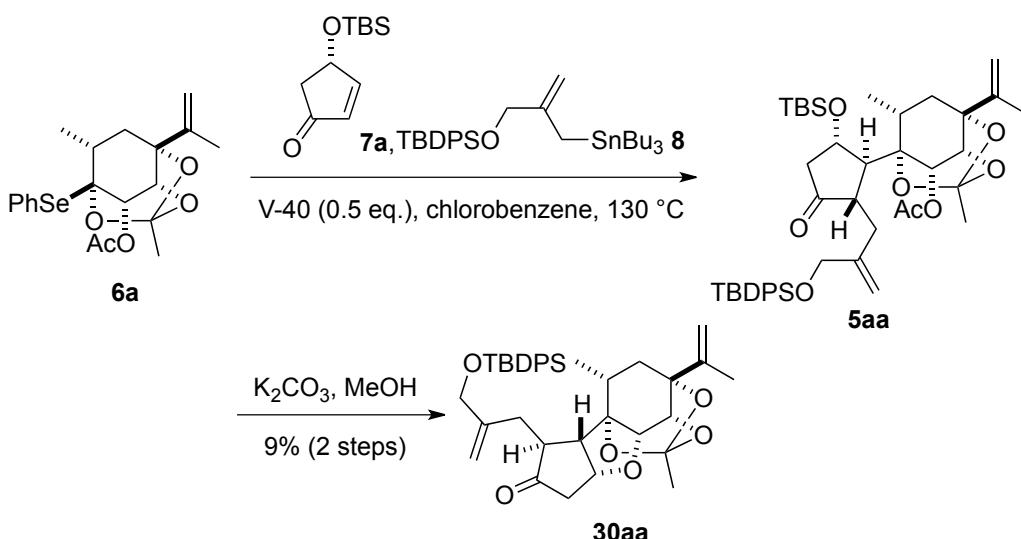


**General procedure A: Compound 31bb.** A two-neck round-bottomed flask equipped with a reflux condenser was charged with **6b** (49 mg, 115  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), **7b** (123 mg, 580  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), V-40 (7 mg, 29  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) and chlorobenzene (0.8 mL). A separate pear-shaped flask was charged with **8** (348 mg, 580  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), V-40 (7 mg, 29  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) and chlorobenzene (0.4 mL). Both solutions were degassed by freeze-thaw procedure (x3). The latter solution was added to the refluxing former mixture by a syringe pump over 30 min, and then the reaction mixture was concentrated to afford crude **5bb**, which was used for the next reaction without purification.

A mixture of the above crude **5bb** and  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (14 mg, 100  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in MeOH (2.3 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. Upon completion of the reaction indicated by ESI-MS, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL  $\times 3$ ). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (a column consecutively packed with Kanto silica gel 20 g and 10% (w/w) KF contained Kanto silica gel 7 g, hexane/EtOAc 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **31bb** (40 mg, 65  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in 56% yield over 2 steps: colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{22} +131$  ( $c$  0.54, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3432, 2931, 2855, 1693, 1399, 1110  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  1.17 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBDPS), 1.23 (3H, d,  $J$  = 7.3 Hz, H18), 1.64 (1H, d,  $J$  = 13.7 Hz, H12a), 1.71 (3H, s, H17), 1.72 (3H, s,  $\text{CCH}_3$ ), 2.14 (1H, dq,  $J$  = 9.2, 7.3 Hz, H11), 2.24 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 15.1, 4.6 Hz, H5a), 2.43 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 15.1, 6.0 Hz, H5b), 2.54 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 13.7, 9.2 Hz, H12b), 3.03 (2H, m, H4 and 10), 3.54 (1H, m, H8), 3.73 (1H, m, H14), 4.09 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.6 Hz, H20a), 4.24 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.6 Hz,

Supporting Information

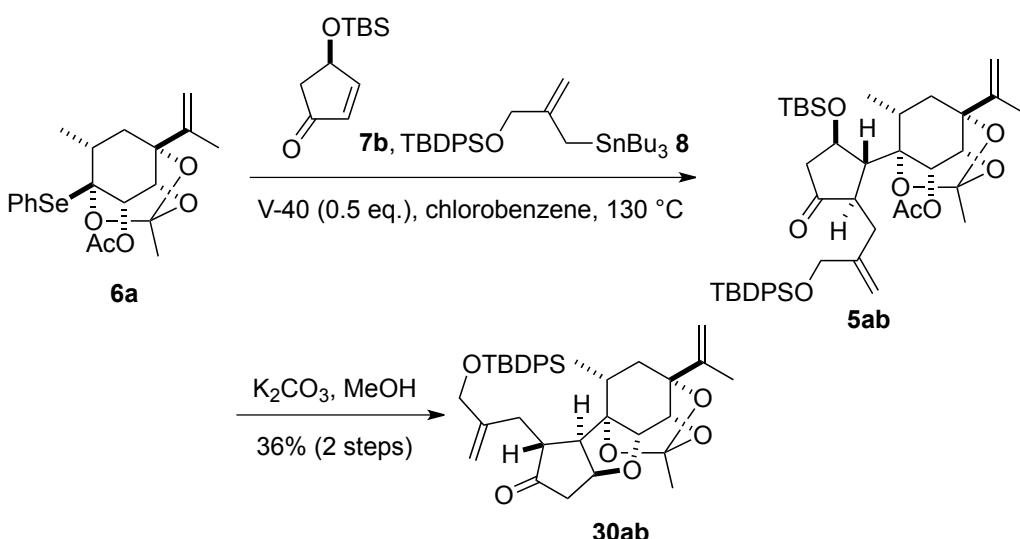
H20b), 4.89 (2H, m, H7a and 16a), 5.21 (1H, s, H16b), 5.38 (1H, s, H7b), 5.97 (1H, d,  $J$  = 5.5 Hz, H2), 7.22-7.24 (6H, m, aromatic), 7.46 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 5.5, 2.3 Hz, H1), 7.76-7.79 (4H, m, aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  18.5, 19.1, 19.5, 20.9, 27.0, 30.3, 35.01, 35.04, 45.8, 52.3, 66.4, 68.2, 78.9, 82.4, 84.7, 110.9, 112.0, 118.5, 130.0, 133.79, 133.82, 134.5, 135.87, 135.89, 145.1, 146.8, 166.8, 211.7. Two peaks overlap with solvent peak; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{46}\text{O}_6\text{SiNa}$ , 637.2956 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 637.2982.



**Compound 30aa.** According to the general procedure A, **30aa** (1.4 mg, 2.3  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) was synthesized from **6a** (11 mg, 26  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in 9% yield over 2 steps by using **7a** (27 mg, 0.13 mmol), **8** (76 mg, 0.13 mmol), V-40 (3.0 mg, 12  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), chlorobenzene (0.26 mL),  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (1.8 mg, 13  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), and MeOH (1.3 mL). The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography (a column consecutively packed with Kanto silica gel 5 g and 10% (w/w) KF contained Kanto silica gel 3 g, hexane/EtOAc 10:1 to 5:1): colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{24} +12$  ( $c$  0.10, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2926, 2855, 1740, 1402, 1110  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  1.00 (3H, d,  $J$  = 7.3 Hz, H18), 1.19 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBDSO), 1.31-1.41 (2H, m, H11 and 12a), 1.52 (3H, s, H17), 1.58 (3H, s,  $\text{CCH}_3$ ), 1.52-1.60 (1H, m, H12b), 1.75 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 14.2, 10.5 Hz, H5a), 2.21 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.7 Hz, H10), 2.30 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 14.2, 5.0 Hz, H5b), 2.45 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 19.2, 8.7 Hz, H2a), 2.84 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 19.2, 5.0 Hz, H2b), 2.88 (1H, d,  $J$  = 10.5, 5.0 Hz, H4), 3.21 (1H, d,  $J$  = 3.2 Hz, H8), 4.09 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.2 Hz, H20a), 4.19 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.2 Hz, H20b), 4.23 (1H, d,  $J$  = 3.2 Hz, H14), 4.69 (1H, td,  $J$  = 8.7, 5.0 Hz, H1), 4.76 (1H, s, H16a), 4.84 (1H, s, H7a), 4.98 (1H, s, H16b), 5.38 (1H, s, H7b), 7.21-7.25 (6H, m, aromatic), 7.76-7.81 (4H, m, aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  18.1, 18.8, 19.5, 20.8, 27.0, 34.7, 35.7, 36.4,

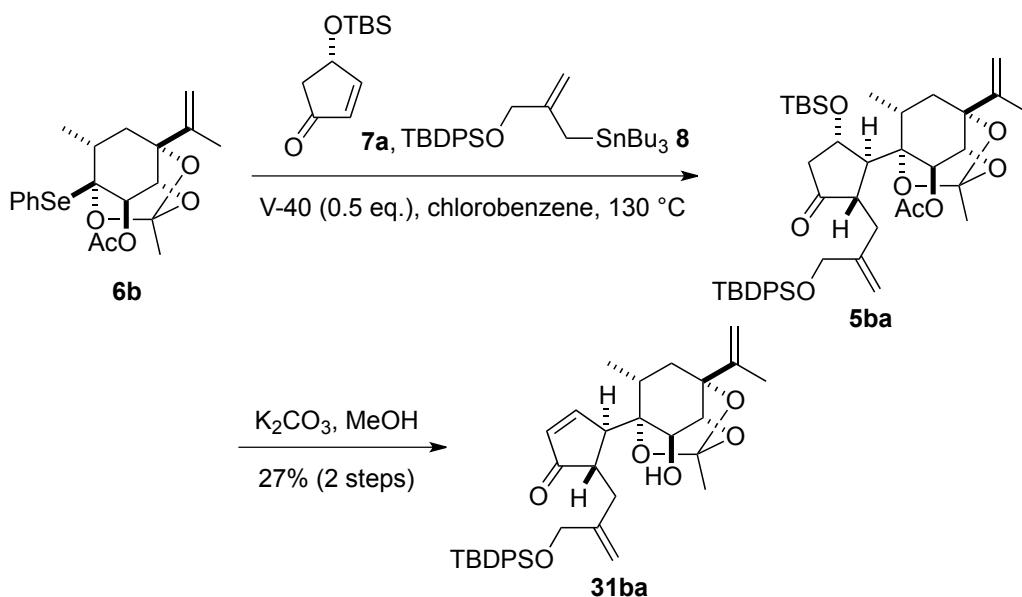
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44.2, 47.9, 55.0, 66.2, 76.0, 79.1, 81.6, 82.8, 86.4, 111.0, 111.9, 118.4, 130.09, 130.13, 133.7, 133.8, 135.91, 135.94, 145.7, 146.0, 214.6. Two peaks overlap with solvent peak; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{37}H_{46}O_6SiNa$ , 637.2956 ( $M+Na^+$ ), found 637.2957.



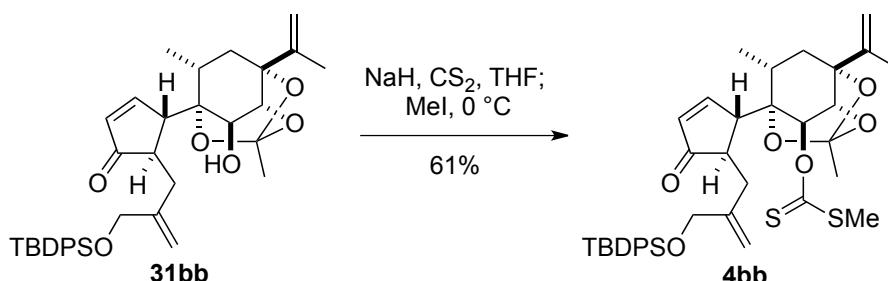
**Compound 30ab.** According to the general procedure A, **30ab** (7.6 mg, 12  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) was synthesized from **6a** (15 mg, 34  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in 36% yield over 2 steps by using **7b** (36 mg, 0.17 mmol), **8** (102 mg, 0.17 mmol), V-40 (4.2 mg, 17  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), chlorobenzene (0.68 mL),  $K_2CO_3$  (2.4 mg, 17  $\mu\text{mol}$ ), and MeOH (1.7 mL). The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography (a column consecutively packed with Kanto silica gel 8 g and 10% (w/w) KF contained Kanto silica gel 4 g, hexane/EtOAc 10:1 to 5:1): colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{20} +23$  ( $c$  0.30, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{max}$  2928, 2855, 1743, 1430, 1399, 1296, 1108  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  1.14 (3H, d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, H18), 1.18 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBDPS), 1.42-1.53 (3H, m, H11 and 12), 1.59 (3H, s, H17), 1.69 (1H, m, H4), 1.76 (3H, s,  $CCH_3$ ), 1.77 (1H, dd,  $J = 18.8$ , 5.0 Hz, H2a), 2.05 (1H, dd,  $J = 14.5$ , 6.9 Hz, H5a), 2.23 (1H, dd,  $J = 9.6$ , 5.0 Hz, H10), 2.46 (1H, d,  $J = 14.5$  Hz, H5b), 2.47 (1H, d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, H2b), 3.01 (1H, d,  $J = 2.8$  Hz, H8), 4.01 (1H, d,  $J = 14.7$  Hz, H20a), 4.22 (1H, d,  $J = 2.8$  Hz, H14), 4.26 (1H, d,  $J = 14.7$  Hz, H20b), 4.83 (1H, br s, H16a), 4.85 (1H, t,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, H1), 4.96 (1H, s, H7a), 5.08 (1H, s, H16b), 5.51 (1H, s, H7b), 7.18-7.23 (6H, m, aromatic), 7.76-7.79 (4H, m, aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  18.7, 19.1, 19.5, 21.3, 27.0, 31.7, 33.4, 35.2, 44.7, 46.4, 52.2, 66.7, 75.6, 76.6, 82.2, 86.0, 86.8, 110.9, 112.7, 118.1, 130.1, 133.66, 133.74, 135.8, 135.9, 144.9, 146.2, 216.3. Two peaks overlap with solvent peak; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{37}H_{46}O_6SiNa$ , 637.2956 ( $M+Na^+$ ), found 637.2955.

Supporting Information



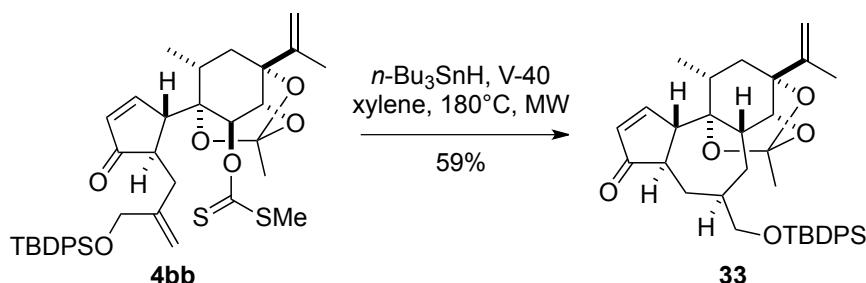
**Compound 31ba.** According to the general procedure A, **31ba** (10 mg, 16 µmol) was synthesized from **6b** (26 mg, 61 µmol) in 27% yield over 2 steps by using **7a** (64 mg, 0.30 mmol), **8** (181 mg, 0.30 mmol), V-40 (7.5 mg, 30 µmol), chlorobenzene (1.5 mL), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (4.2 mg, 30 µmol), and MeOH (3.0 mL). The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography (a column consecutively packed with Kanto silica gel 10 g and 10% (w/w) KF contained Kanto silica gel 5 g, hexane/EtOAc 10:1 to 5:1): colorless oil; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> -44 (*c* 0.18, MeOH); IR (neat) ν<sub>max</sub> 3445, 2931, 2857, 1692, 1399, 1298, 1110 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 1.19 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBDSO), 1.17 (3H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, H18), 1.56 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.64 (1H, d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, H12a), 1.71 (3H, s, H17), 2.06 (1H, m, H11), 2.43-2.60 (4H, m, H12b, 4 and 5), 2.99 (1H, br s, H10), 3.32 (1H, m, H8), 3.82 (1H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, H14), 4.21 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, H20a), 4.29 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, H20b), 4.88 (1H, m, H16a), 5.02 (1H, s, H7a), 5.20 (1H, s, H16b), 5.47 (1H, s, H7b), 5.77 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.9, 2.3 Hz, H2), 7.07 (1H, m, H1), 7.22-7.24 (6H, m, aromatic), 7.78-7.82 (4H, m, aromatic); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 18.5, 19.1, 19.5, 20.6, 27.1, 30.1, 34.9, 35.0, 46.3, 51.5, 66.6, 66.8, 78.6, 82.7, 84.7, 110.9, 111.9, 118.4, 127.9, 128.1, 130.0, 132.3, 134.0, 135.91, 135.93, 146.2, 146.8, 164.1, 210.4; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>6</sub>SiNa, 637.2956 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 637.2984.

Supporting Information

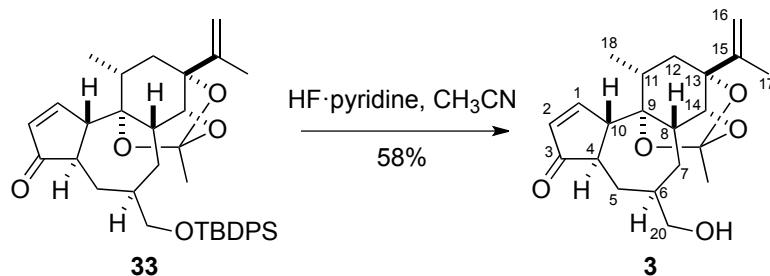


**Xanthate **4bb**.** CS<sub>2</sub> (5.0  $\mu$ L, 83  $\mu$ mol) and NaH (50-70% in oil, 3.5 mg, ca. 88  $\mu$ mol) were successively added to a solution of **31bb** (27 mg, 44  $\mu$ mol) in THF (2.2 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, and then MeI (5.0  $\mu$ L, 80  $\mu$ mol) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for further 2 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (5 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL  $\times$ 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 15 g, hexane/EtOAc 20:1) to afford xanthate **4bb** (19 mg, 27  $\mu$ mol) in 61% yield: yellow oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{20} +137$  (*c* 0.38, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  2962, 2932, 2857, 1712, 1400, 1198, 1108 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  1.19 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBDPS), 1.25 (3H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, H18), 1.58 (3H, s, H17), 1.69 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.70 (1H, d, *J* = 14.2 Hz, H12a), 1.97 (3H, s, C(=S)SCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.20 (1H, dq, *J* = 9.2, 7.3 Hz, H11), 2.23 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.7, 6.9 Hz, H5a), 2.35 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.2, 9.2 Hz, H12b), 2.43 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.7, 5.9 Hz, H5b), 2.59 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.9, 5.9 Hz, H4), 2.98 (1H, br s, H10), 4.17 (1H, d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, H20a), 4.35 (1H, d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, H20b), 4.53 (1H, m, H14), 4.81 (1H, m, H16a), 4.93 (1H, s, H7a), 5.14 (1H, m, H16b), 5.41 (1H, m, H7b), 5.91 (1H, s, H8), 5.96 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.9, 1.8 Hz, H2), 7.21-7.24 (6H, m, aromatic), 7.28 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.9, 2.8 Hz, H1), 7.77-7.80 (4H, m, aromatic); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  18.6, 18.9, 19.2, 19.5, 20.5, 27.0, 31.3, 35.1, 35.8, 45.2, 52.2, 66.5, 75.1, 77.3, 81.8, 84.5, 111.4, 112.1, 119.0, 128.5, 130.0, 133.85, 133.95, 135.4, 135.9, 145.2, 145.8, 163.1, 207.9, 214.1. Two peaks overlap with solvent peak; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>48</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>2</sub>SiNa, 727.2544 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 727.2551.

Supporting Information



**Compound 33.** A flask was charged with xanthate **4bb** (60 mg, 85  $\mu\text{mol}$ ),  $n\text{-Bu}_3\text{SnH}$  (115  $\mu\text{L}$ , 428  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) and V-40 (10 mg, 43  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) and degassed xylene (10 mL). The mixture was heated under microwave irradiation at 180  $^\circ\text{C}$  for 5 min. The reaction mixture was then concentrated, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (a column consecutively packed with Kanto silica gel 8 g and 10% (w/w) KF contained Kanto silica gel 3 g, hexane/EtOAc 5:1) to afford **33** (30 mg, 50  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) in 59% yield: colorless oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{19} +120$  ( $c$  0.17, MeOH); IR (neat)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3007, 2934, 2858, 1708, 1399, 1296, 1108  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  0.80 (1H, ddd,  $J$  = 13.7, 13.7, 8.7 Hz, H5a), 1.16-1.19 (1H, m, H8), 1.17 (9H, s, *t*-Bu of TBDPs), 1.18 (3H, d,  $J$  = 6.9 Hz, H18), 1.45-1.55 (2H, m, H7a and 11), 1.55 (3H, s,  $\text{CCH}_3$ ), 1.56 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.2 Hz, H12a), 1.69 (3H, s, H17), 1.72 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 14.2, 8.2 Hz, H12b), 2.03 (1H, br dd,  $J$  = 10.6, 4.1 Hz, H7b), 2.07 (1H, m, H10), 2.46 (1H, m, H6), 2.55 (1H, ddd,  $J$  = 13.7, 4.6, 4.6 Hz, H5b), 3.03 (1H, ddd,  $J$  = 13.7, 4.6, 4.6 Hz, H4), 3.47 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 10.1, 8.2 Hz, H20a), 3.59 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 10.1, 6.0 Hz, H20b), 4.00 (1H, d,  $J$  = 2.3 Hz, H14), 4.85 (1H, t,  $J$  = 1.8 Hz, H16a), 5.03 (1H, s, H16b), 5.96 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 6.0, 2.8 Hz, H2), 7.09 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 6.0, 1.8 Hz, H1), 7.22-7.28 (6H, m, aromatic), 7.78-7.81 (4H, m, aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ )  $\delta$  18.9, 19.5, 20.9, 21.4, 27.1, 31.4, 33.3, 35.4, 36.8, 37.1, 38.8, 46.2, 56.7, 69.1, 77.8, 84.0, 84.7, 110.7, 118.4, 129.99, 130.03, 133.1, 134.1, 134.3, 135.97, 136.04, 147.2, 160.3, 207.6. Two peaks overlap with solvent peak; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{46}\text{O}_5\text{SiNa}$ , 621.3007 ( $\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$ ), found 621.3012.



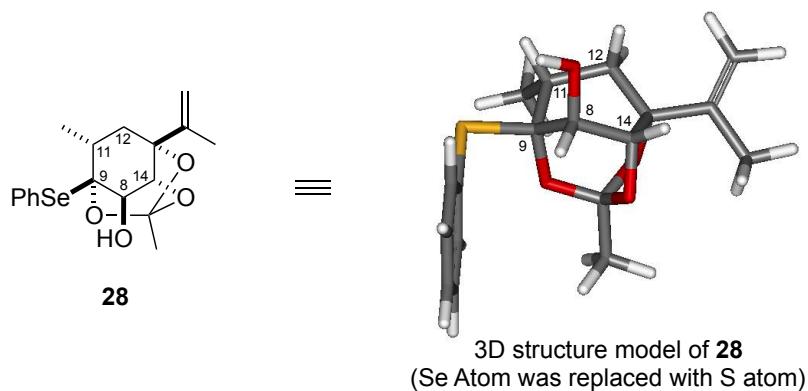
**Compound 3.** A plastic test tube was charged with **33** (6.8 mg, 11  $\mu\text{mol}$ ) and  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (1.1 mL). HF·pyridine (ca. 70% HF, 20  $\mu\text{L}$ , 770  $\mu\text{mol}$  for HF) was added to the

Supporting Information

solution at 0 °C. While the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h, additional HF·pyridine (100 µL) was added three times every 30 min. The reaction mixture was carefully quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (5 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Kanto silica gel 10 g, hexane/EtOAc 5:1) to afford **3** (2.3 mg, 6.4 µmol) in 58% yield: colorless oil; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>21</sup> + 130 (*c* 0.21, MeOH); IR (neat) ν<sub>max</sub> 3418, 2934, 1705, 1449, 1400, 1295, 1132 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 0.74 (1H, ddd, *J* = 13.8, 13.8, 10.1 Hz, H5a), 1.12 (1H, m, H8), 1.15 (3H, d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, H18), 1.30 (1H, m, H7a), 1.48 (1H, dq, *J* = 8.2, 6.9 Hz, H11), 1.52 (1H, d, *J* = 14.2 Hz, H12a), 1.53 (3H, s, CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.63 (3H, s, H17), 1.67 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.2, 8.2 Hz, H12b), 1.92 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.1, 2.3 Hz, H7b), 2.12-2.20 (2H, m, H6 and 10), 2.51 (1H, ddd, *J* = 13.8, 4.1, 4.1 Hz, H5b), 3.05 (1H, ddd, *J* = 13.8, 4.1, 4.1 Hz, H4), 3.11-3.17 (1H, m, H20a), 3.19-3.24 (1H, m, H20b), 3.94 (1H, s, H14), 4.83 (1H, t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, H16a), 4.99 (1H, s, H16b), 5.98 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.0, 2.8 Hz, H2), 7.08 (1H, d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, H1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>) δ 18.9, 20.7, 21.4, 31.9, 33.8, 35.1, 36.9, 37.4, 38.9, 46.4, 56.5, 68.2, 77.8, 83.9, 84.7, 110.7, 118.3, 133.0, 147.1, 160.4, 207.7; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Na, 383.1829 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), found 383.1835.

### Molecular modeling

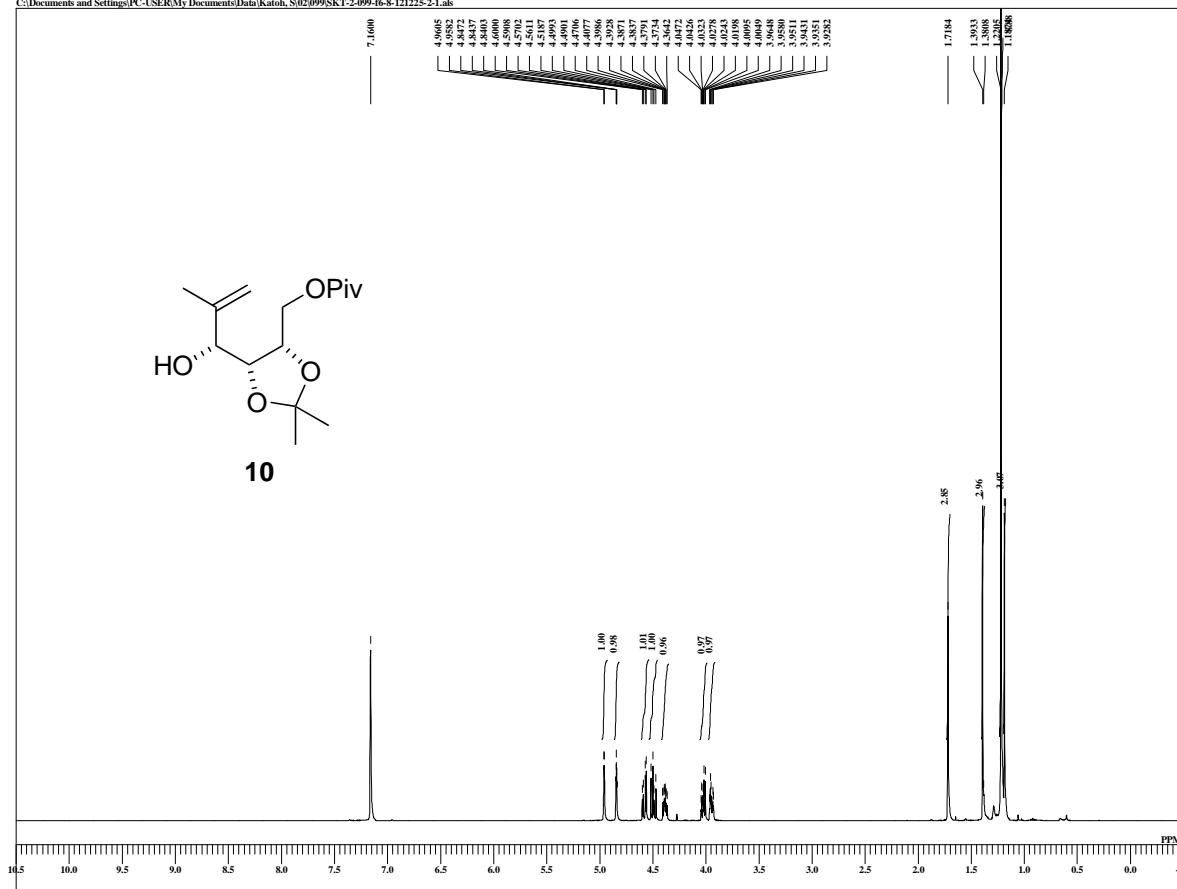
The 3D structure of **28**, in which Se atom was replaced with S atom, was built by the molecular mechanics simulation using a 1000-steps of mixed torsional/low-mode sampling conformational search and PRCG energy minimization with MM3\* (MacroModel 9.9).<sup>S2</sup>



S2. (a) *MacroModel version 9.9*; Schrodinger, LLC, New York, NY; (b) F. Mohamadi, N. G. J. Richards, W. C. Guida, R. Liskamp, M. Lipton, C. Caufield, G. Chang, T. Hendrickson, W. C. Still, *J. Comput. Chem.* **1990**, *11*, 440-467.

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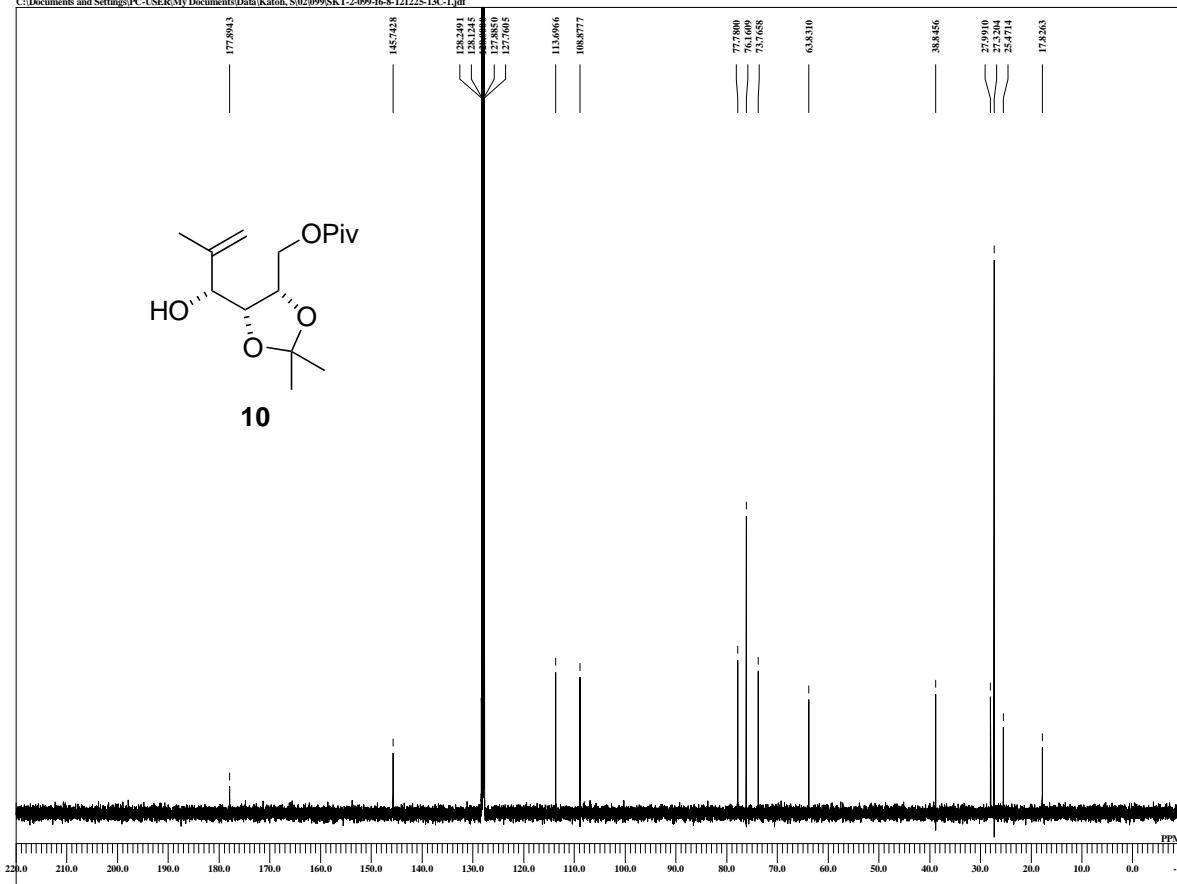
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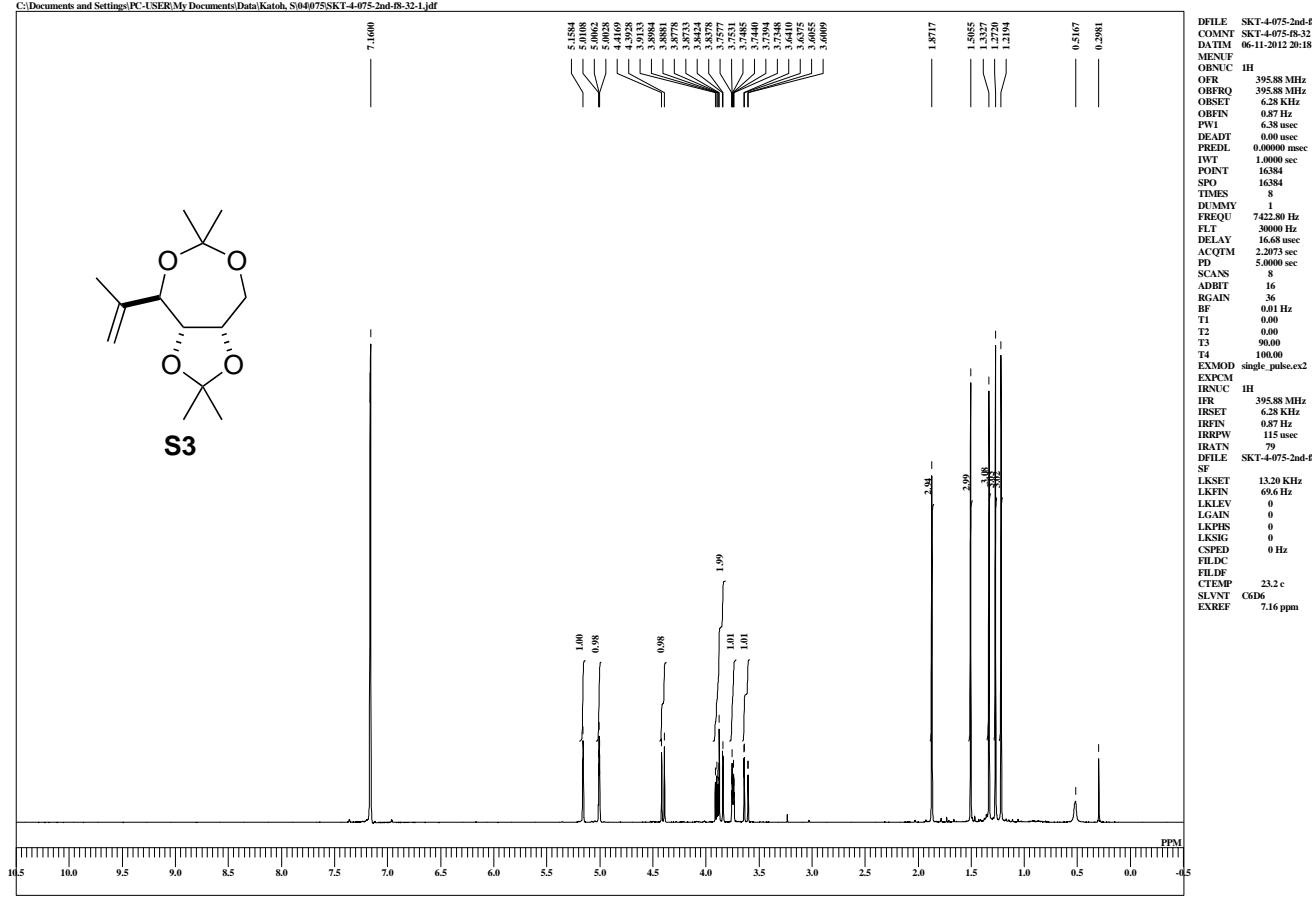
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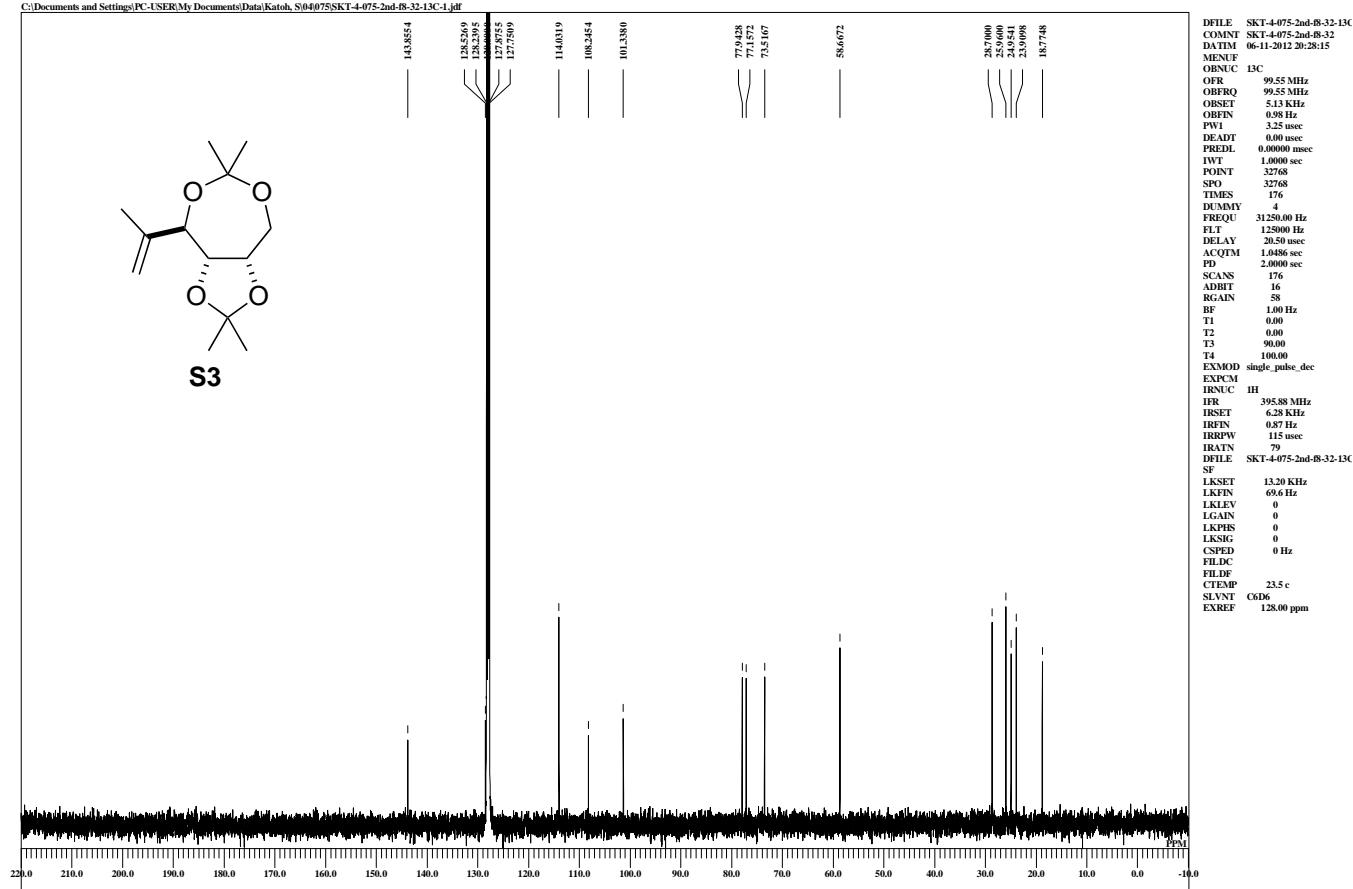
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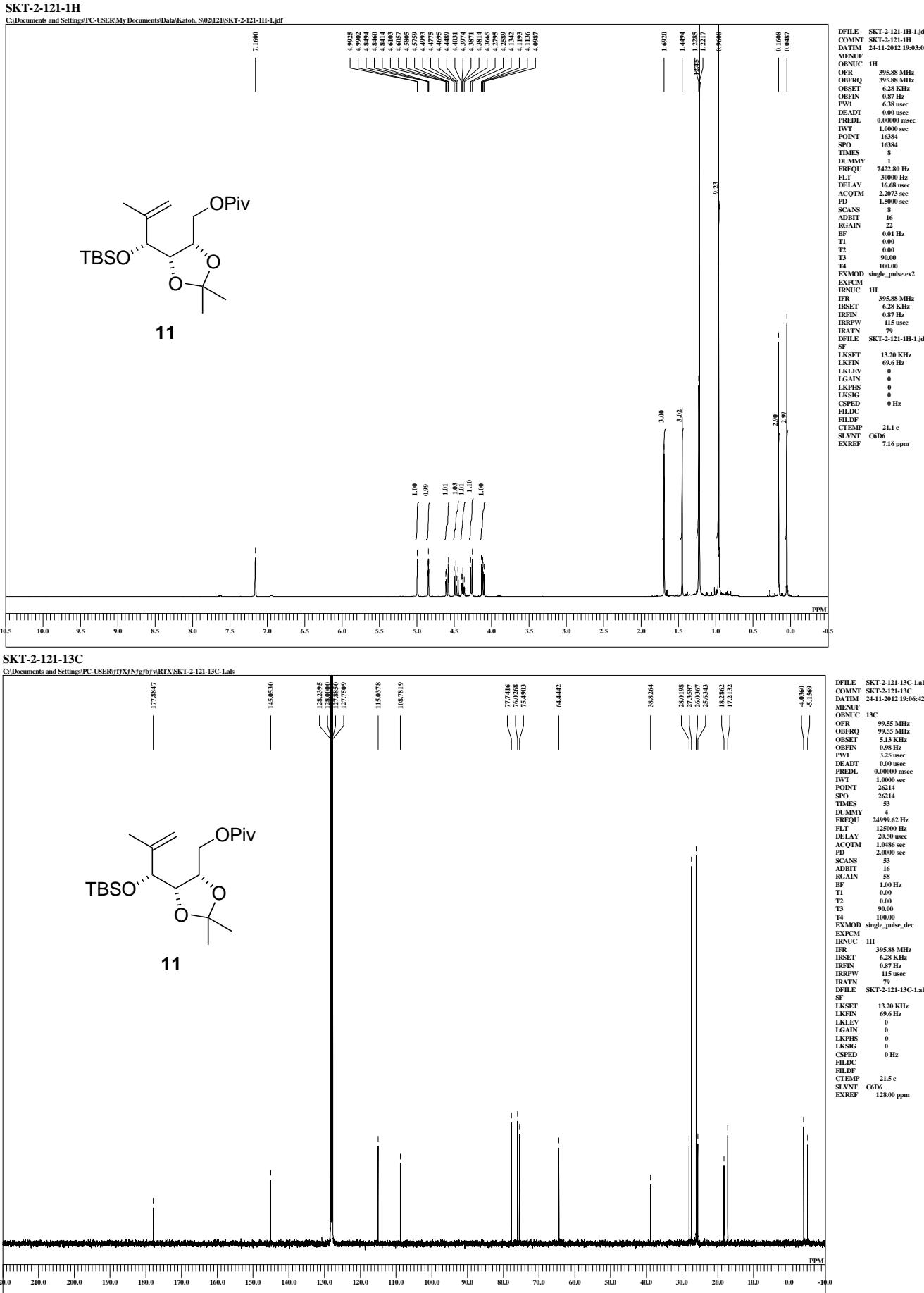
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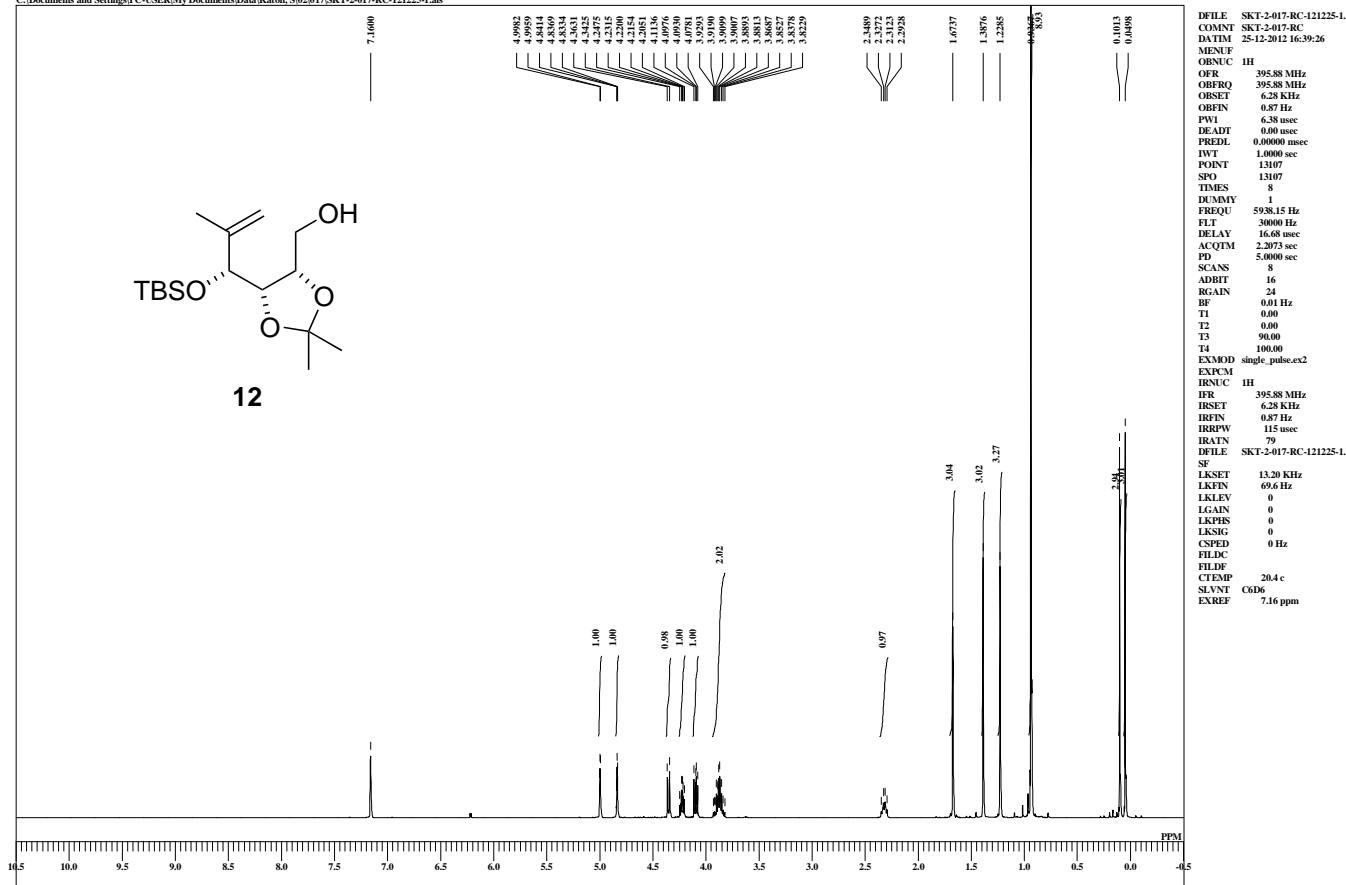
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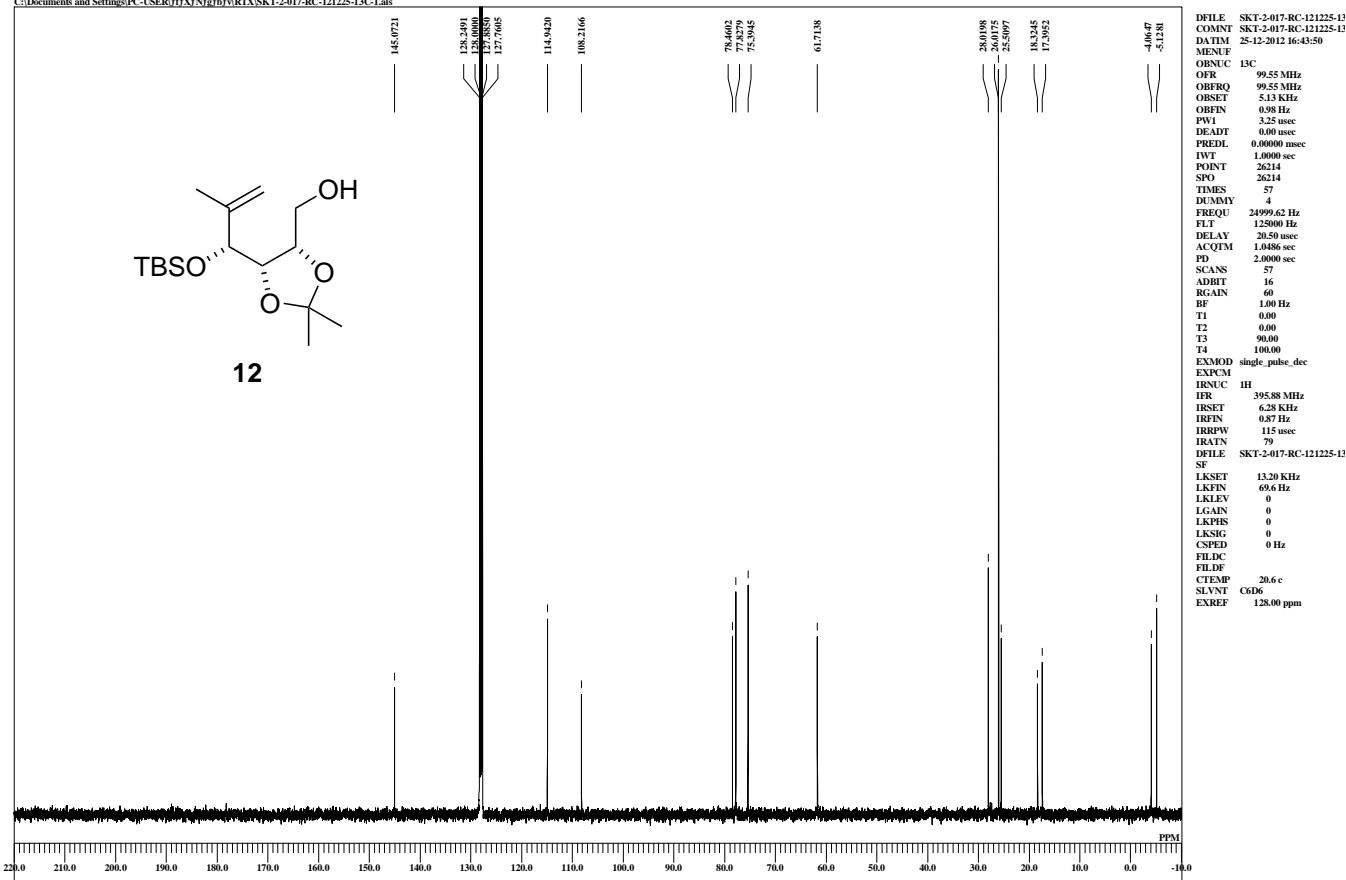
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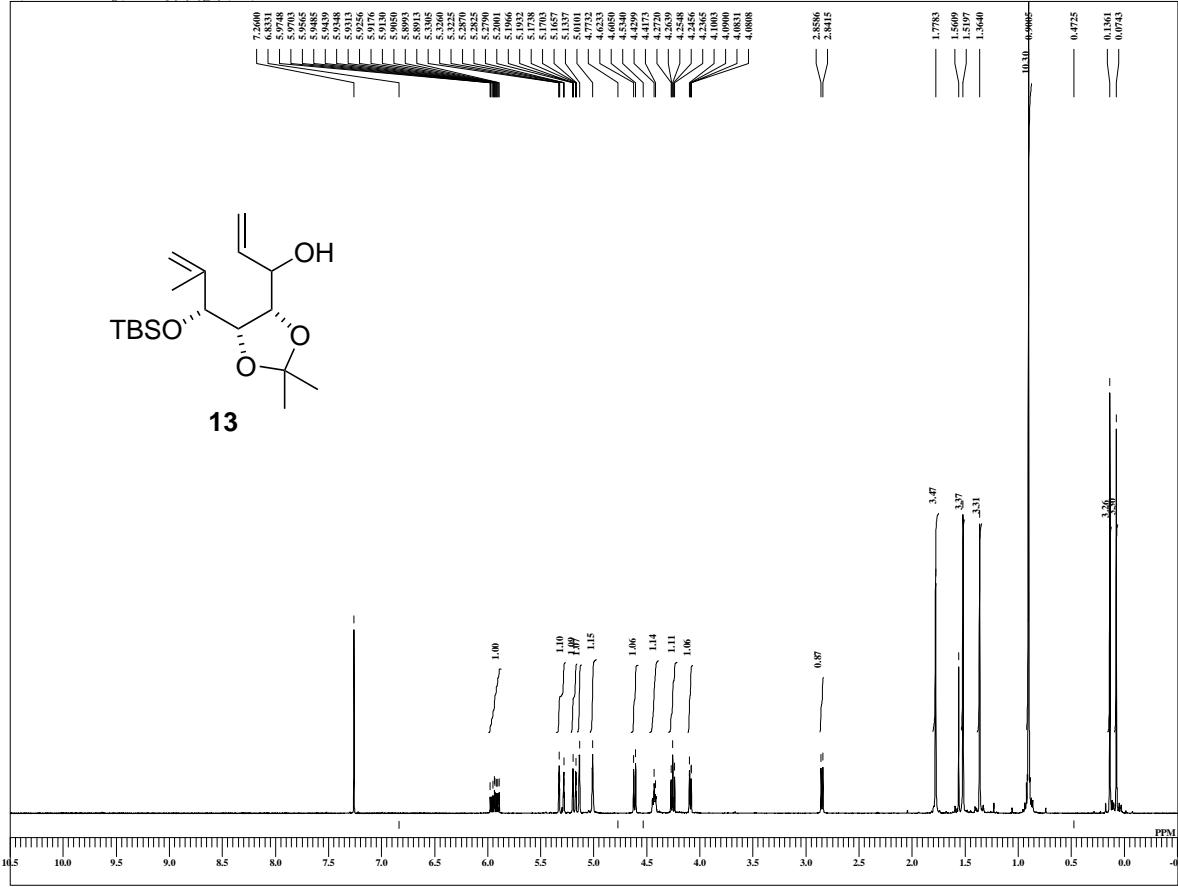
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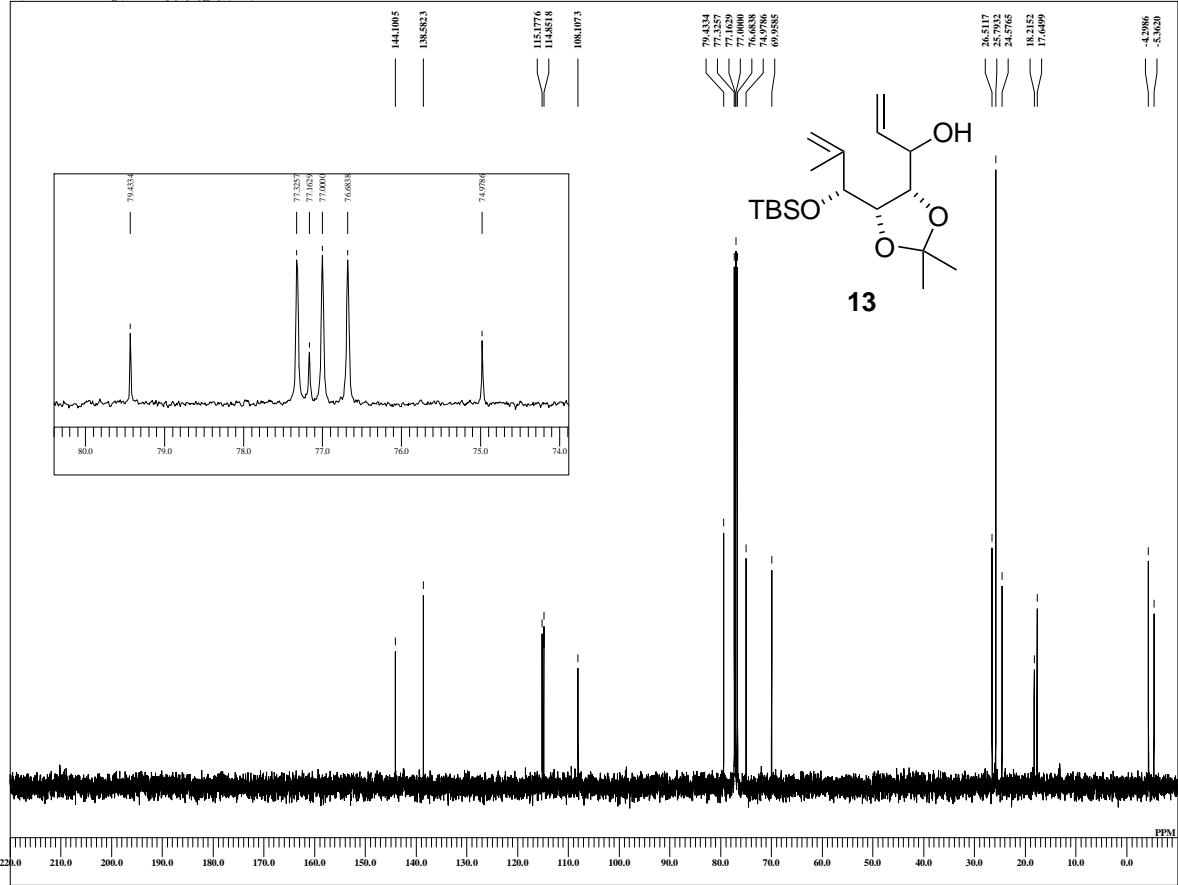
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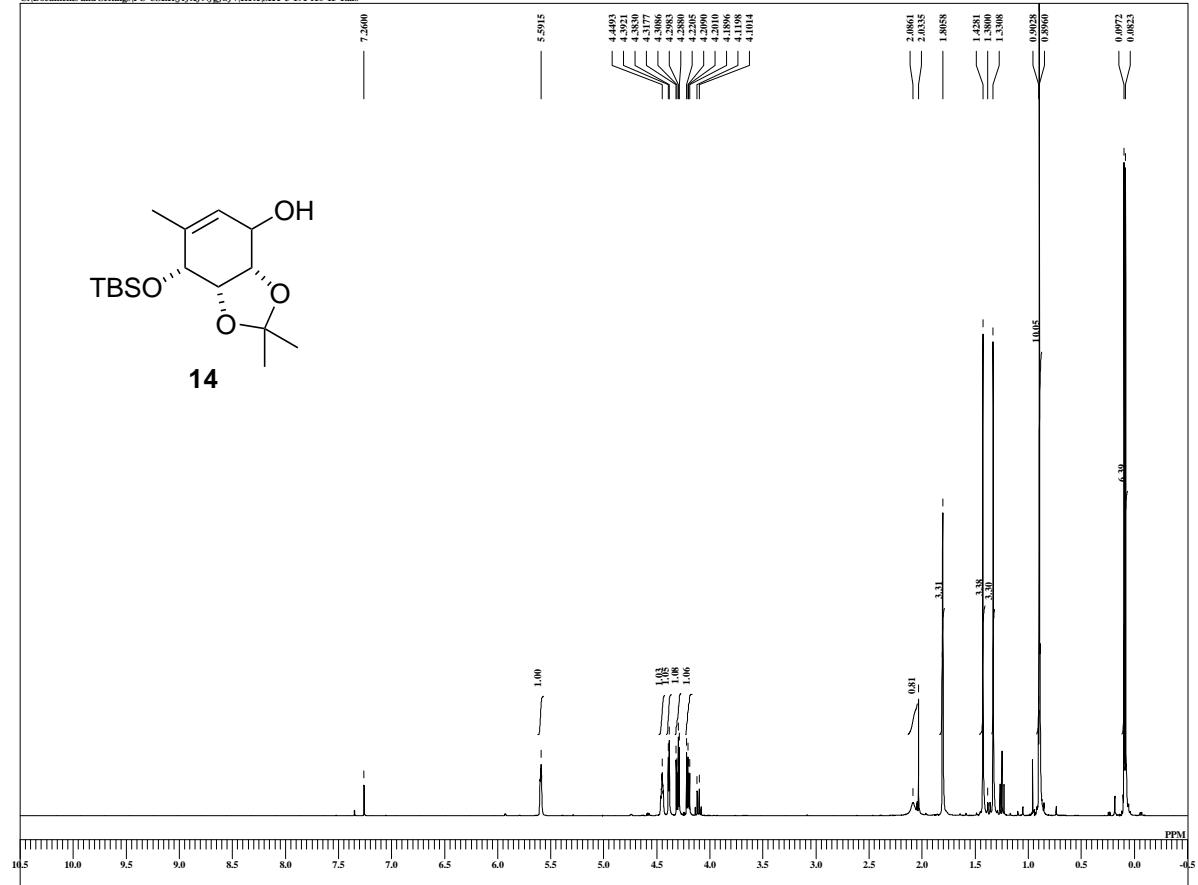
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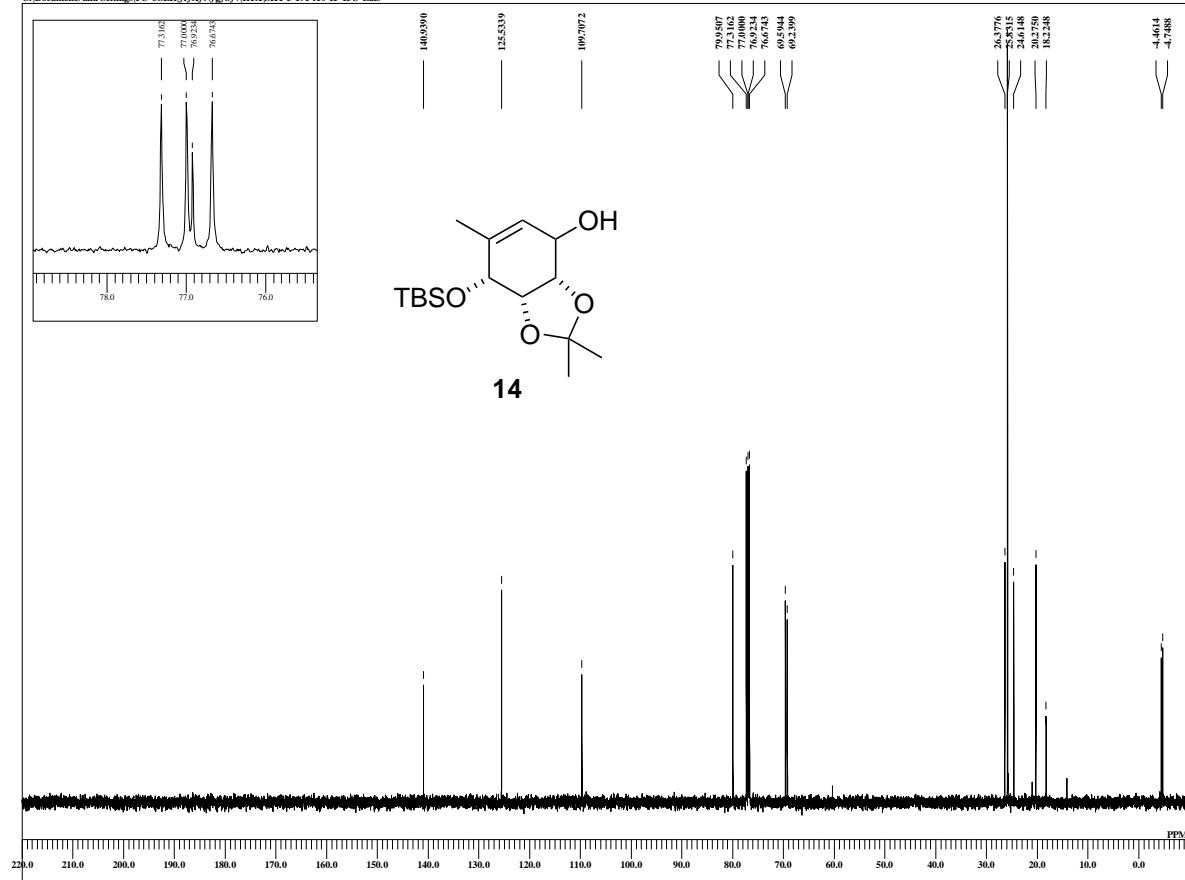
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T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse.ex2
EXPNC IH
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
ISSET 6.28 kHz
IBFIN 0.87 Hz
IRFPW 115 usec
IRATN 79
DFILE SKT-3-191-f10-15-1.als
SF
LKSET 13.20 kHz
LKFIN 75.7 Hz
LLEV 0
LGAIN 0
LKHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FLDC
FLDF
CTEMP 24.2 c
SLVNT CDCL3
EXREF 7.26 ppm

```

SKT-3-191-f10-15-13C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ftx\Nfgfb\f\RTX\SKT-3-191-f10-15-13C-L.als



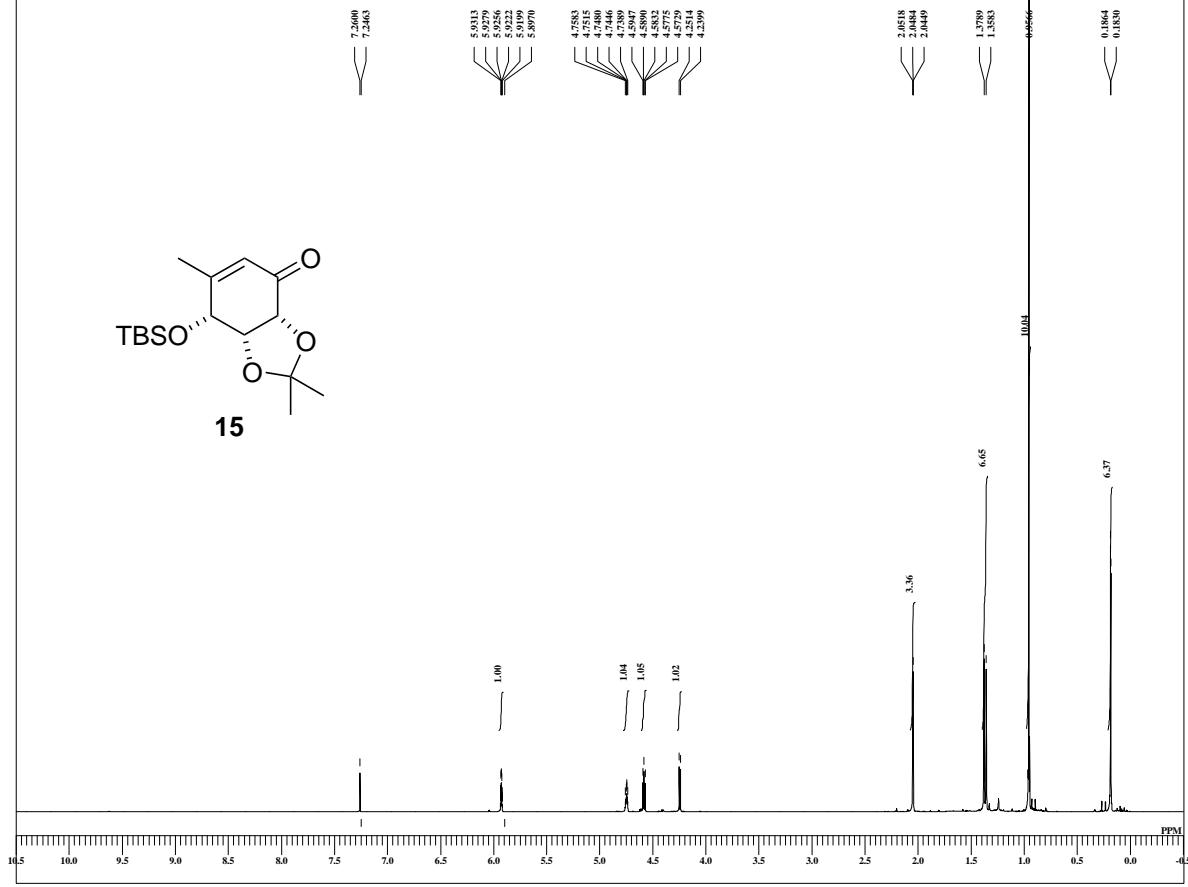
```

DFILE SKT-3-191-f10-15-13C-L
COMNT SKT-3-191-f10-15-13C
DATIM 13-09-2012 21:31:49
MENUF IH
OFR 395.88 MHz
ORFQ 395.88 MHz
OBSET 5.13 kHz
OBFIN 0.98 Hz
PWI 3.24 usec
DEADT 0.00 usec
PREDL 0.00000 sec
IWT 1.0000 sec
POINT 32768
SPO 32768
TIMS 69
DUMMY 4
FREQU 31250.00 Hz
FLT 125000 Hz
DELAY 20.50 usec
ACQTM 1.0486 sec
PWI 2.0000 sec
SCANS 69
ADBT 16
RGAIN 60
BF 1.00 Hz
TI 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse_de
EXPNC IH
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
ISSET 6.28 kHz
IRFIN 0.87 Hz
IRFPW 115 usec
IRATN 79
DFILE SKT-3-191-f10-15-13C-L
SF
LKSET 13.20 kHz
LKFIN 75.7 Hz
LLEV 0
LGAIN 0
LKHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FLDC
FLDF
CTEMP 24.4 c
SLVNT CDCL3
EXREF 77.00 ppm

```

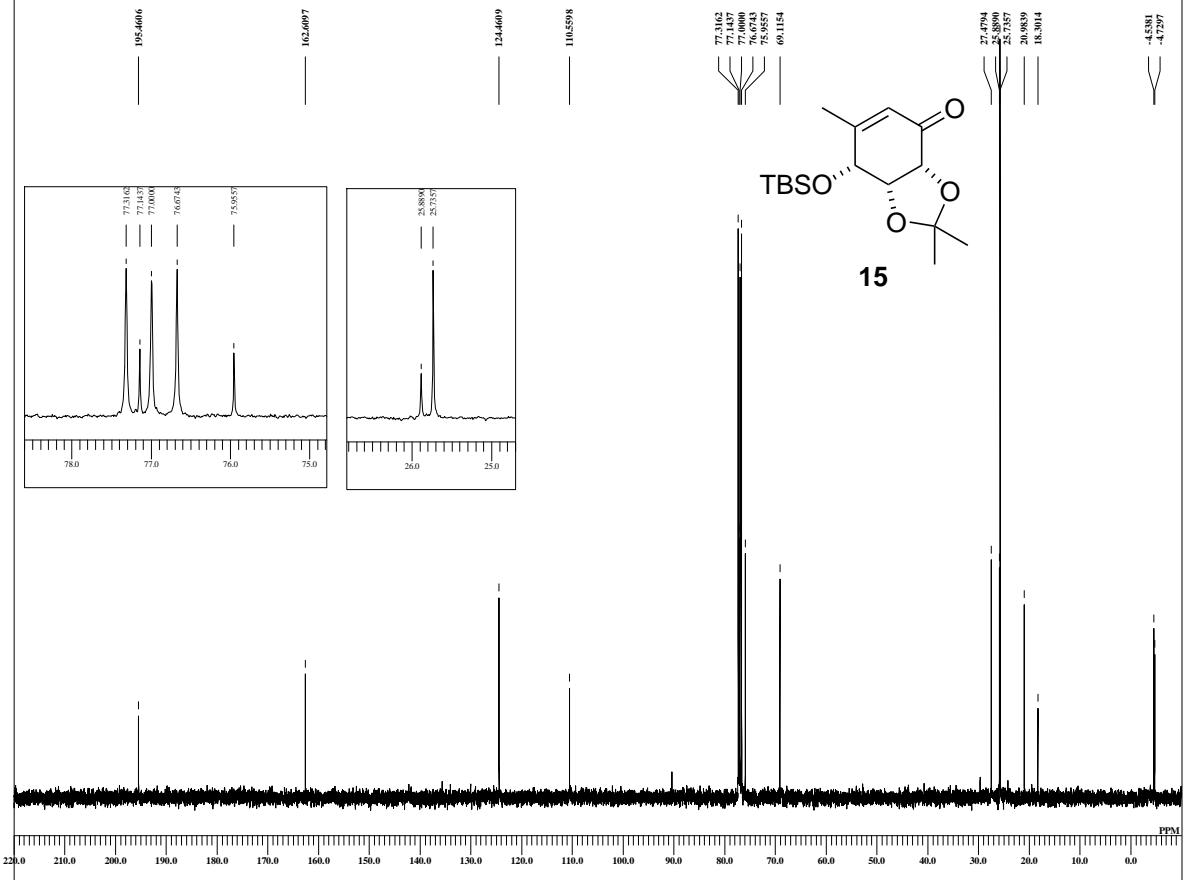
SKT-3-199-f4-9-121225

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\fffxNfgfbfv\RTX\SKT-3-199-f4-9-121225-1.xls



SKT-3-199-f4-9-121225-13C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\fffxfNfgfbfv\RTX\SKT-3-199-f4-9-121225-13C-1.als



```

DFILE SCKT-19-394-9-121225-1
COMINT 393-194-9-121225
DATIM 25-12-2012 13:52:06
PNAME OBNUC IH
OFR 395.88 MHz
OFRQ 395.88 MHz
OFRPT 6.28 kHz
OFRBT 0.02 Hz
PWR 6.38 dBm
DEADLT 0.0 usec
PREDLN 0.0000 msec
IWT 1.0000 sec
ASPECT 16340
SPEED 16384
TIMES 8
DUMMIS 0
FREQW 742.00 Hz
LITL 30000 Hz
DELAY 16.68 usec
ACQINT 2.2073 sec
PD 5.0000 sec
SCANS 1
SHOOT 5
RGAIN 30
BF 0.01 Hz
T1 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 0.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse.ex2
EXPCLM
IRNUC IH
IRNUC 395.88 MHz
IRNUC 6.28 kHz
IRFIN 0.07 Hz
IRPPW 115 usec
IRATN 79
IRFLTE SCKT-19-394-9-121225-1
SLKSET 13.20 KHz
LKTFIN 75.7 Hz
LKLEV 0
LKLEV 0
LKHS 0
LKHS 0
LKSG 0
LKSG 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FILDC
FDF
CTEMP 20.4 c
SLVNT CDLCL3
EXREF 7.26 ppm

```

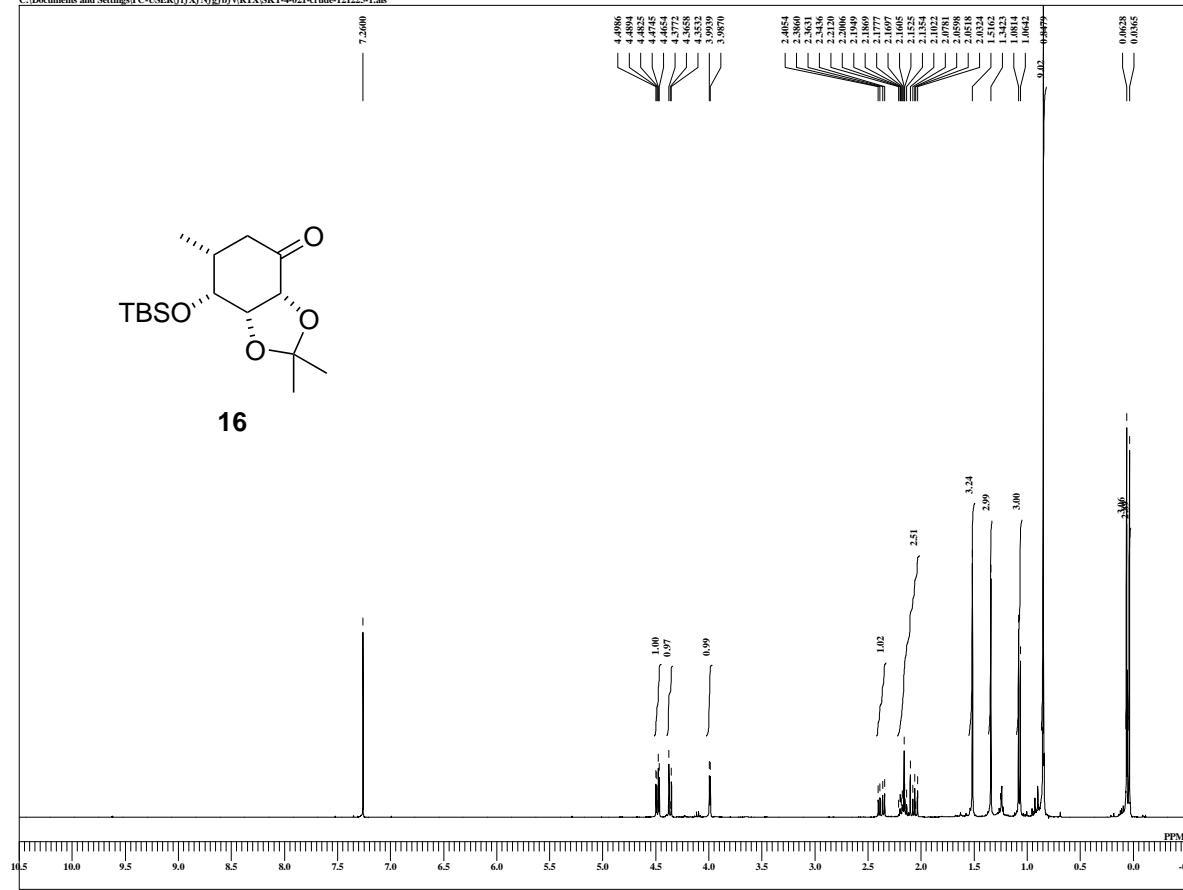
```

FILE# SKT-3-199-4-9-121225-1
COMNT 3-199-4-9-121225-1
DATIM 25-12-2012 13:59:22
PRTFMT
OBNCV 13C
OFRC 99.55 MHz
OBFRQ 99.55 MHz
OBFSIN 5.13 KHz
OBFSIN 0.98 Hz
OBFSIN 3.24 Hz
DE ADRT 0.00 ussec
PREDL 0.000000 msec
IVWT 1.0000 sec
POINT 32768
SVO 32768
NLL 112
DUMMY 4
FREQU 3125000 Hz
FLT 125000 Hz
DELAY 50-50 ussec
QTDM 1.0000 sec
SCANS 11000
ADBBIT 16
RGAIN 60
BT 1.00 Hz
T2 0.00
T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMDG single_pulse_dec
BNCM 1H
BRNC 1H
IFR 395.88 MHz
IRSET 6.28 KHz
IRFWN 0.87 Hz
IRFWN 115 ussec
IRATN 70
DELTID SKT-3-199-4-9-121225-1
SF
LKSET 13.20 KHz
LKFIN 75.7 Hz
LVEV 0
LGAIN 0
LKPHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPEED 0 Hz
FLDC
CPDP
CTEMP 20.6 c
SLVNI CDSL3

```

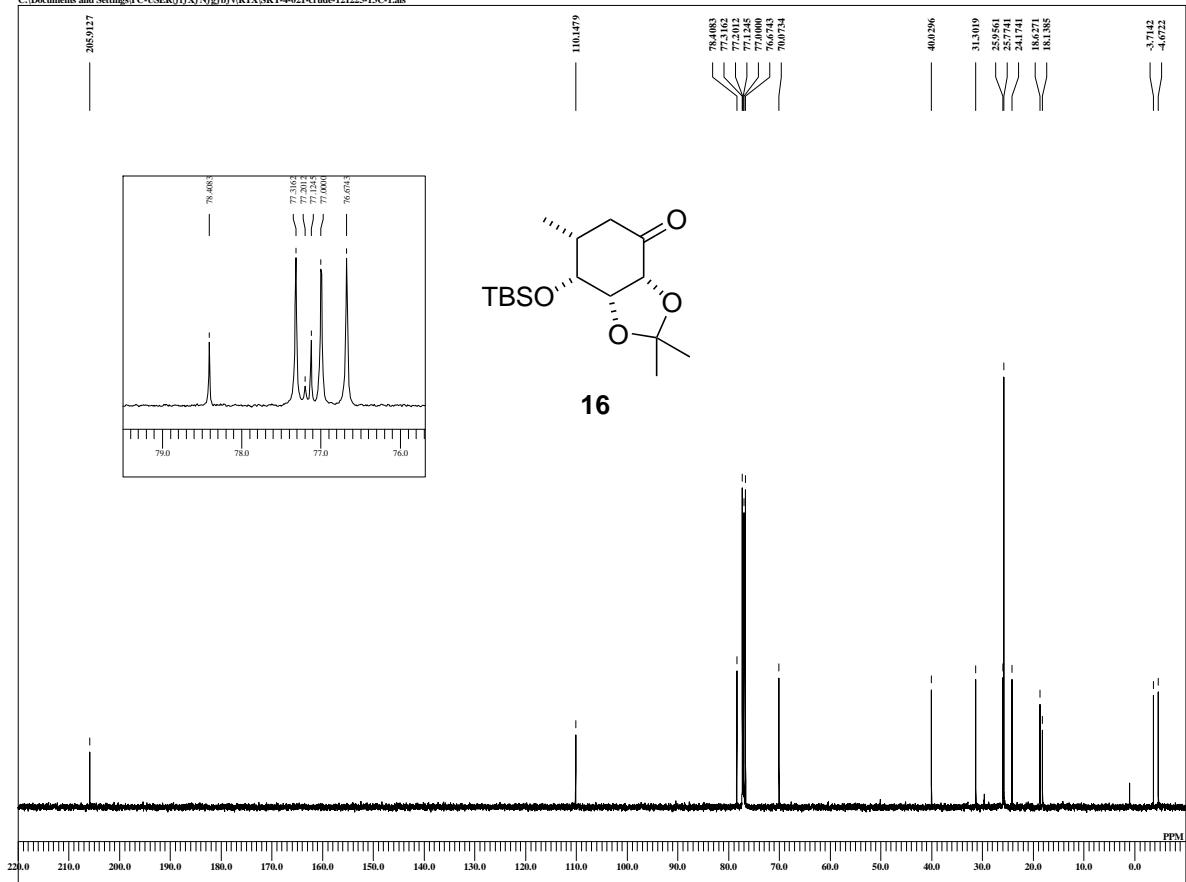
SKT-4-021-crude-121225

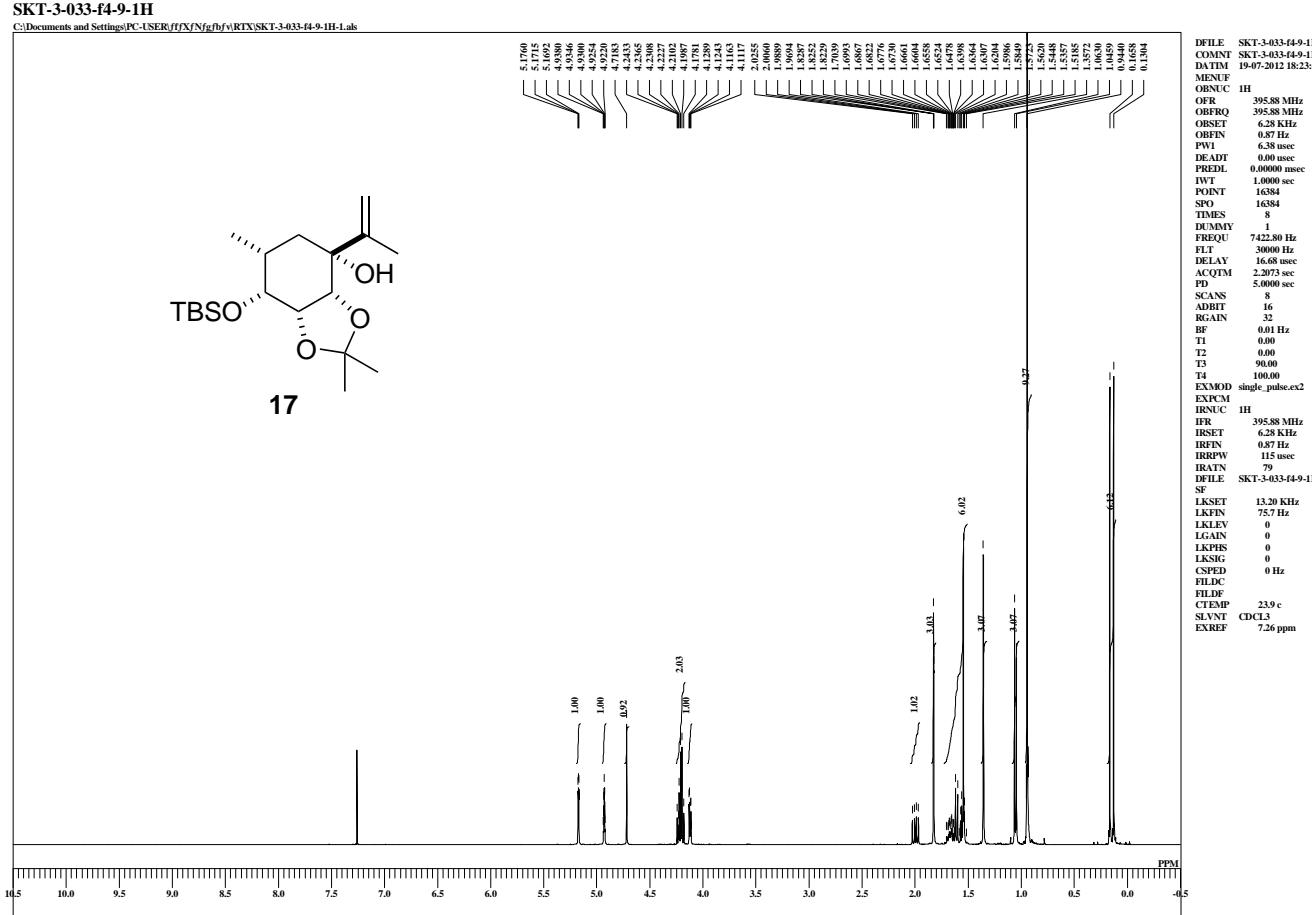
C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ff\ffX\Nfg\fb\w\RTX\SKT-4-021-crude-121225-Labs



SKT-4-021-crude-121225-13C

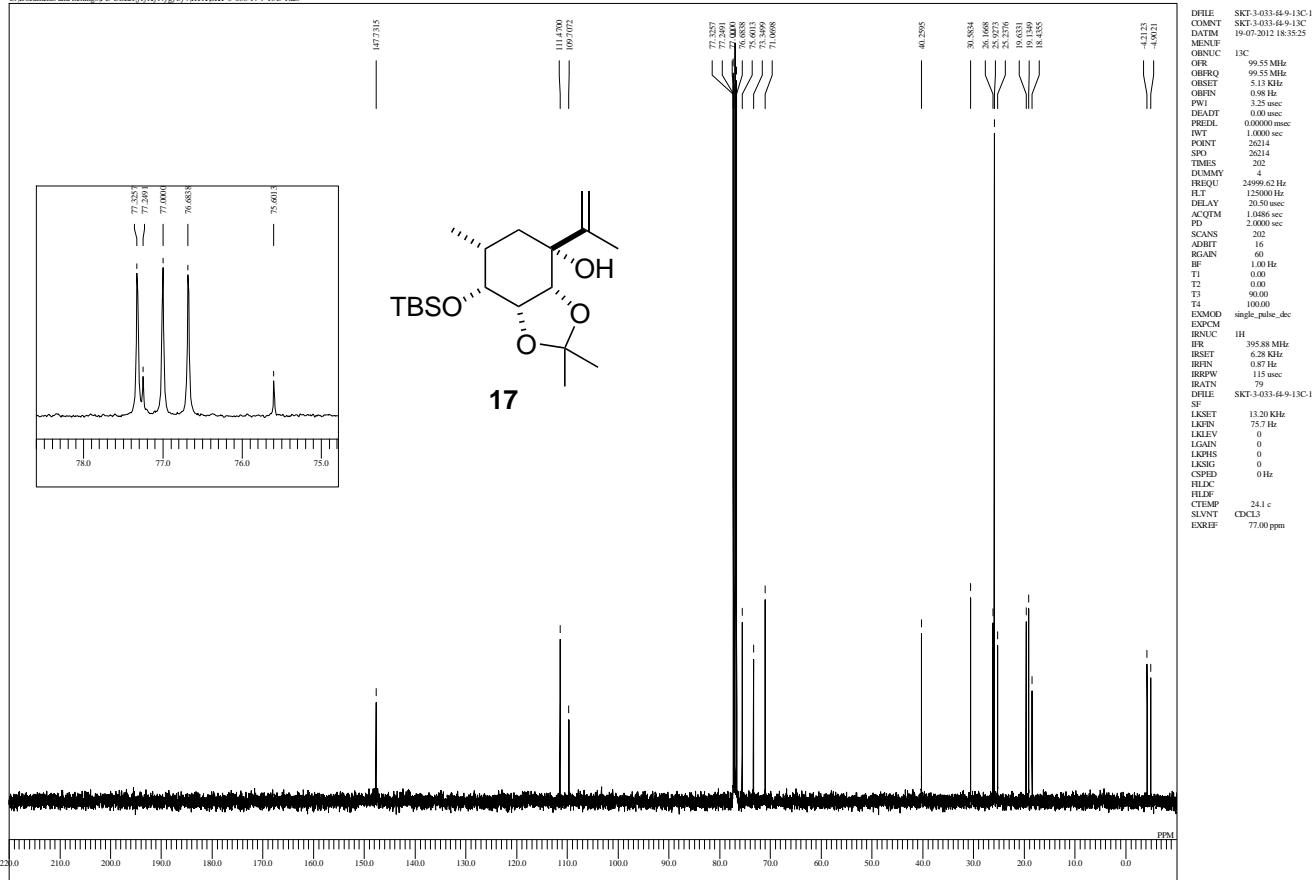
C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ff\ffX\Nfg\fb\w\RTX\SKT-4-021-crude-121225-13C-Labs





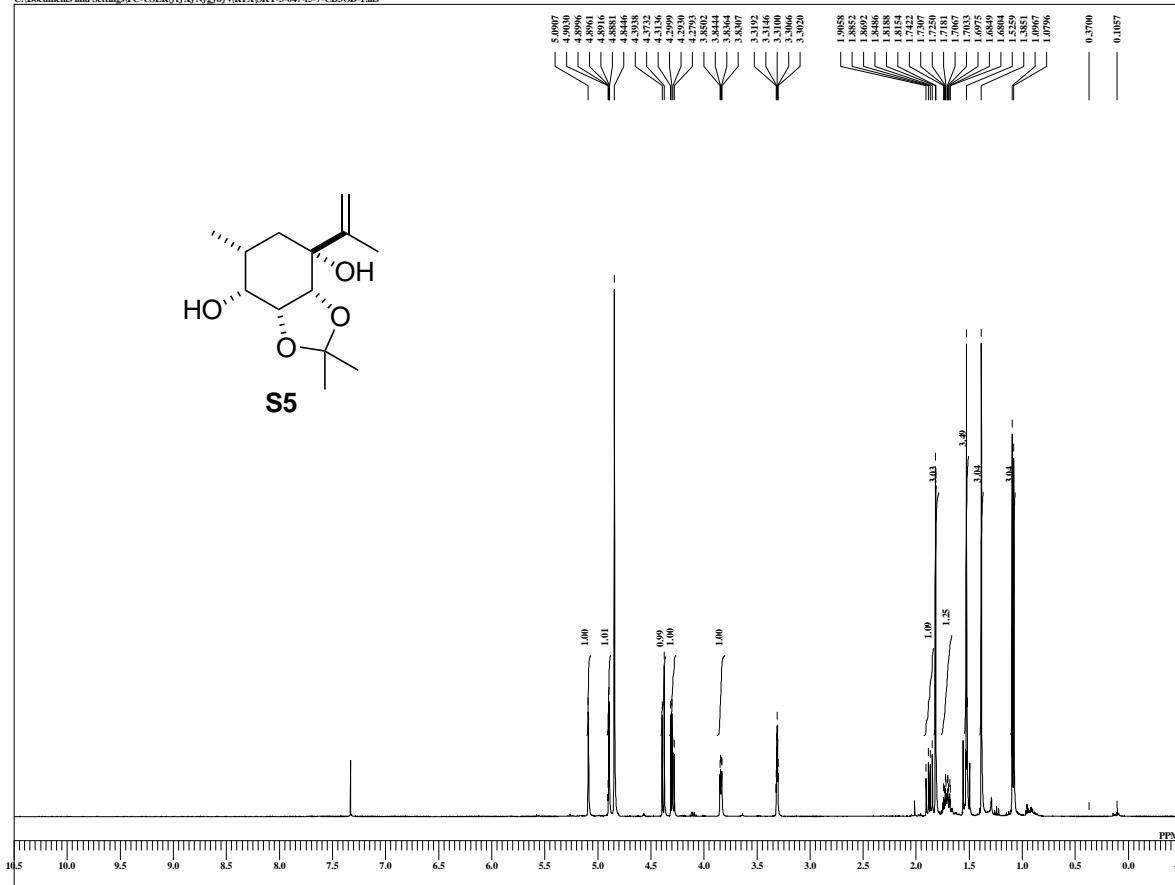
SKT-3-033-f4-9-13C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\fffXfNfgfbfv\RTX\SKT-3-033-64-9-13C-1.xls



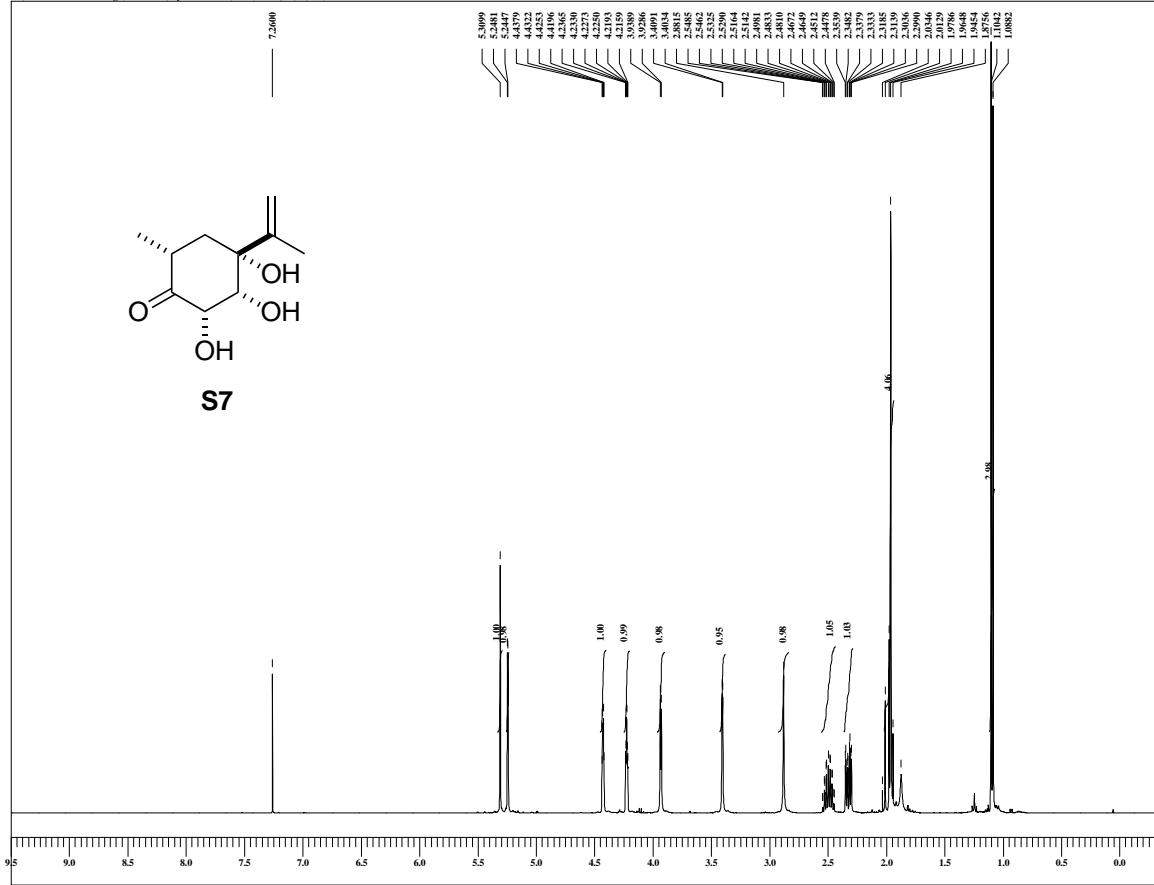
SKT-3-047-f5-7

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ffX\Nfg\fb\f\RTX\SKT-3-047-f5-7-CD3OD-1.xls



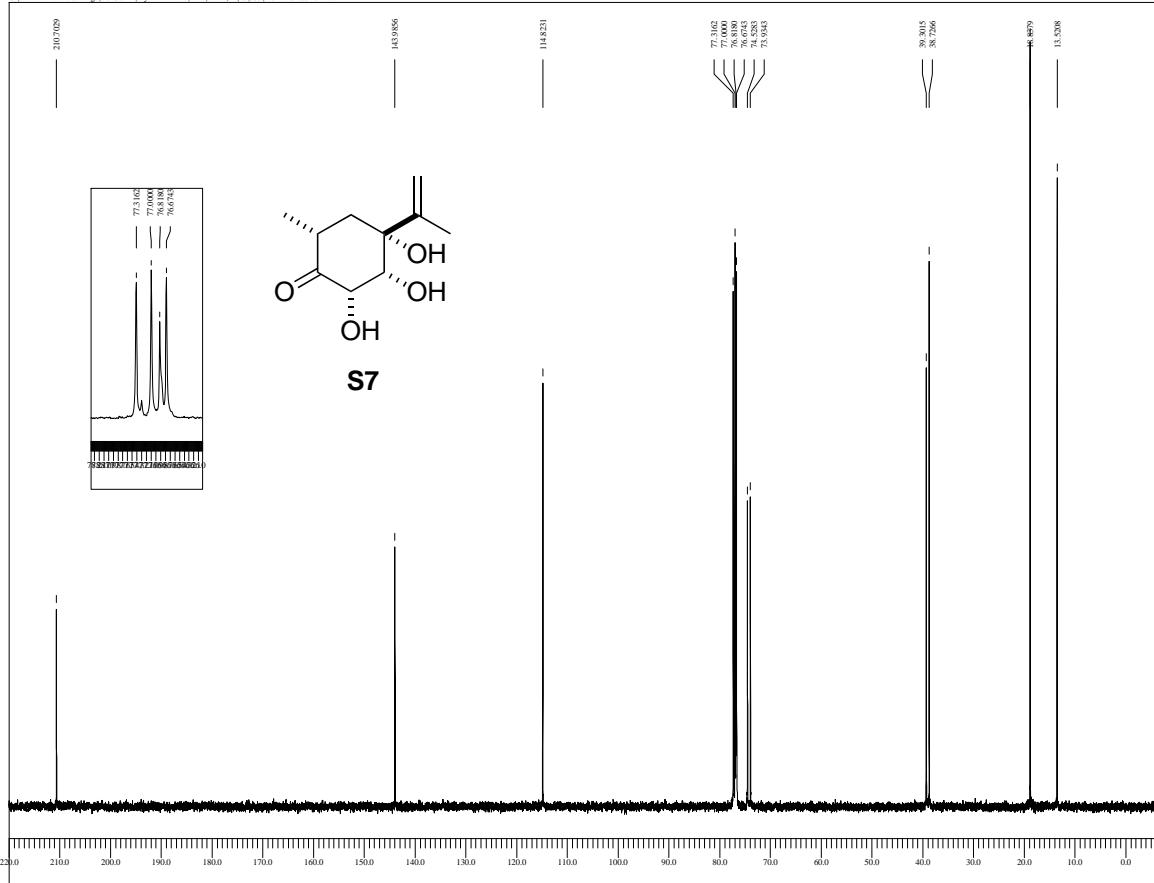
KOM-15-039-H-2

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\My Documents\KOM-15-039\KOM-15-039-H-2-1.als



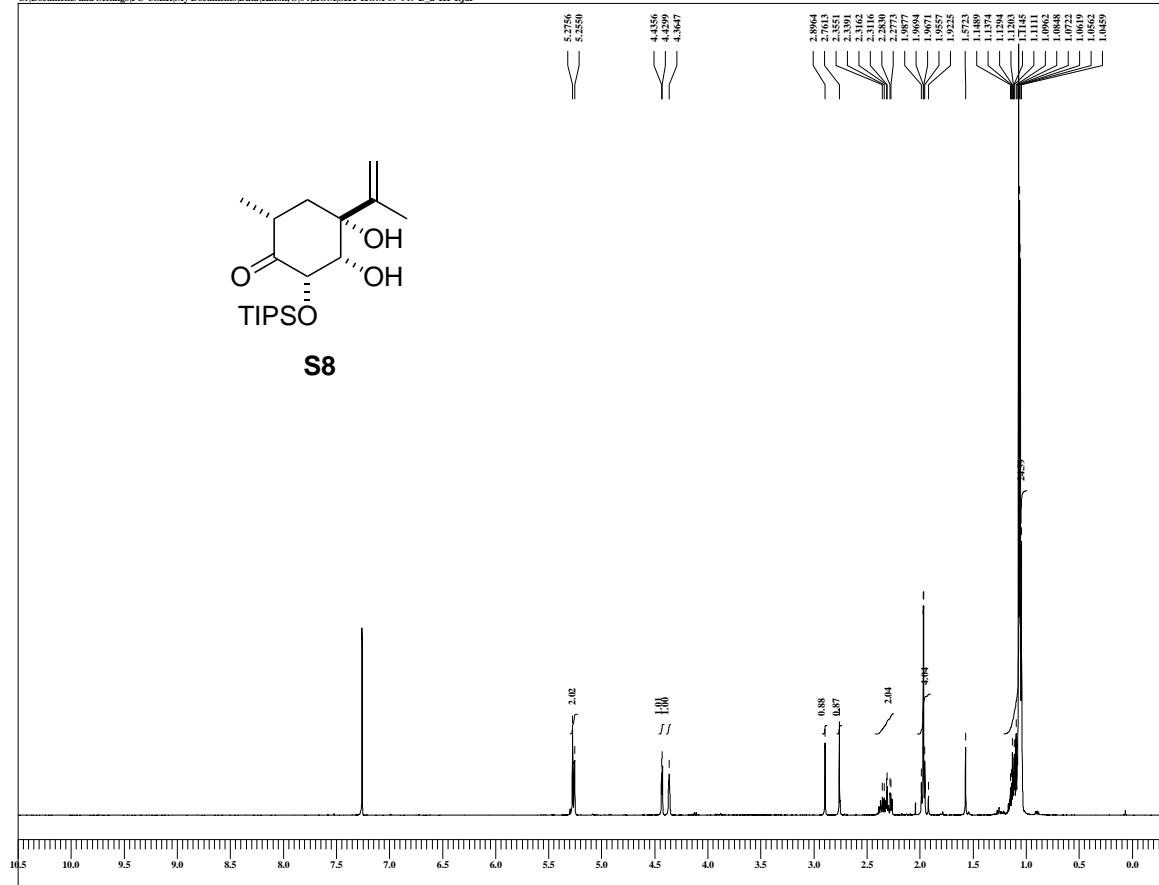
KOM-15-039-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\My Documents\KOM-15-039\KOM-15-039-C-1.als



SKT-KOM-09-049-D\_a

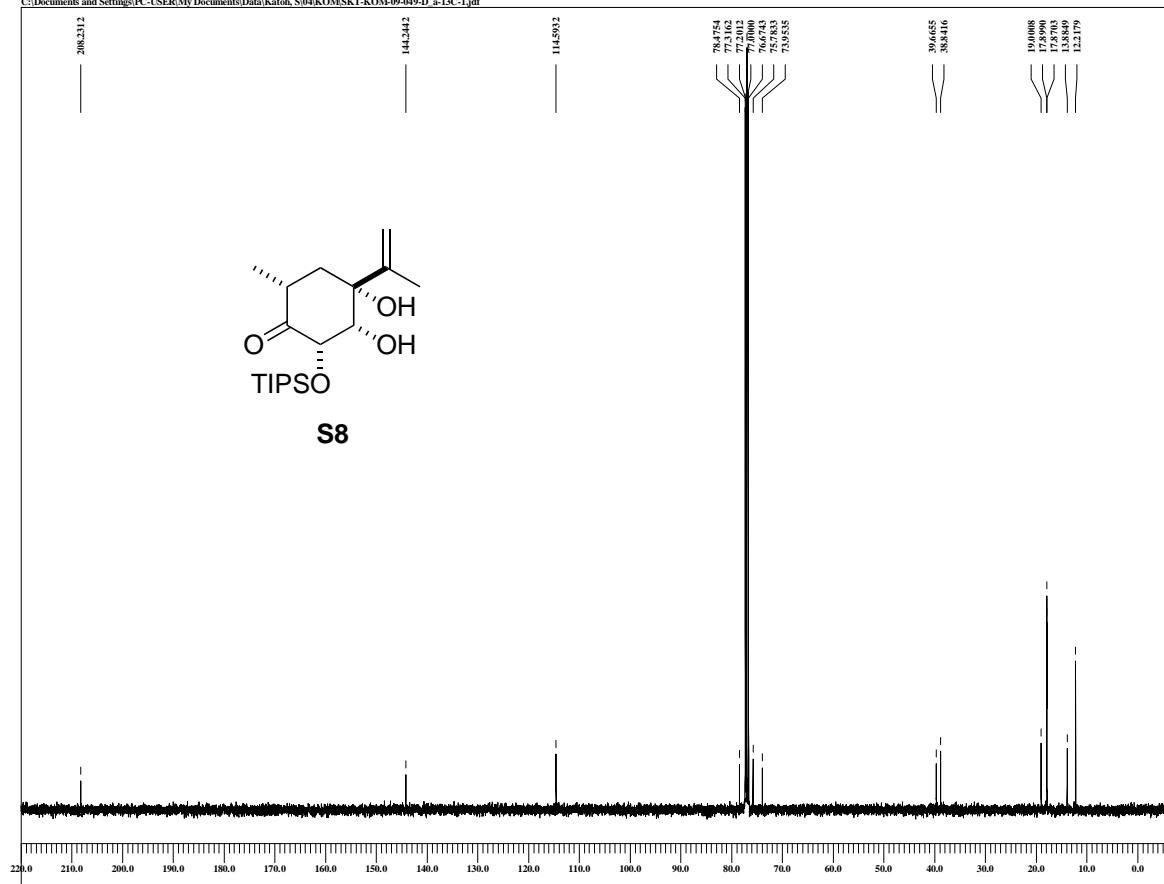
C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Katoh, S\04\KOM\SKT-KOM-09-049-D\_a-1H-1.jdf



S8

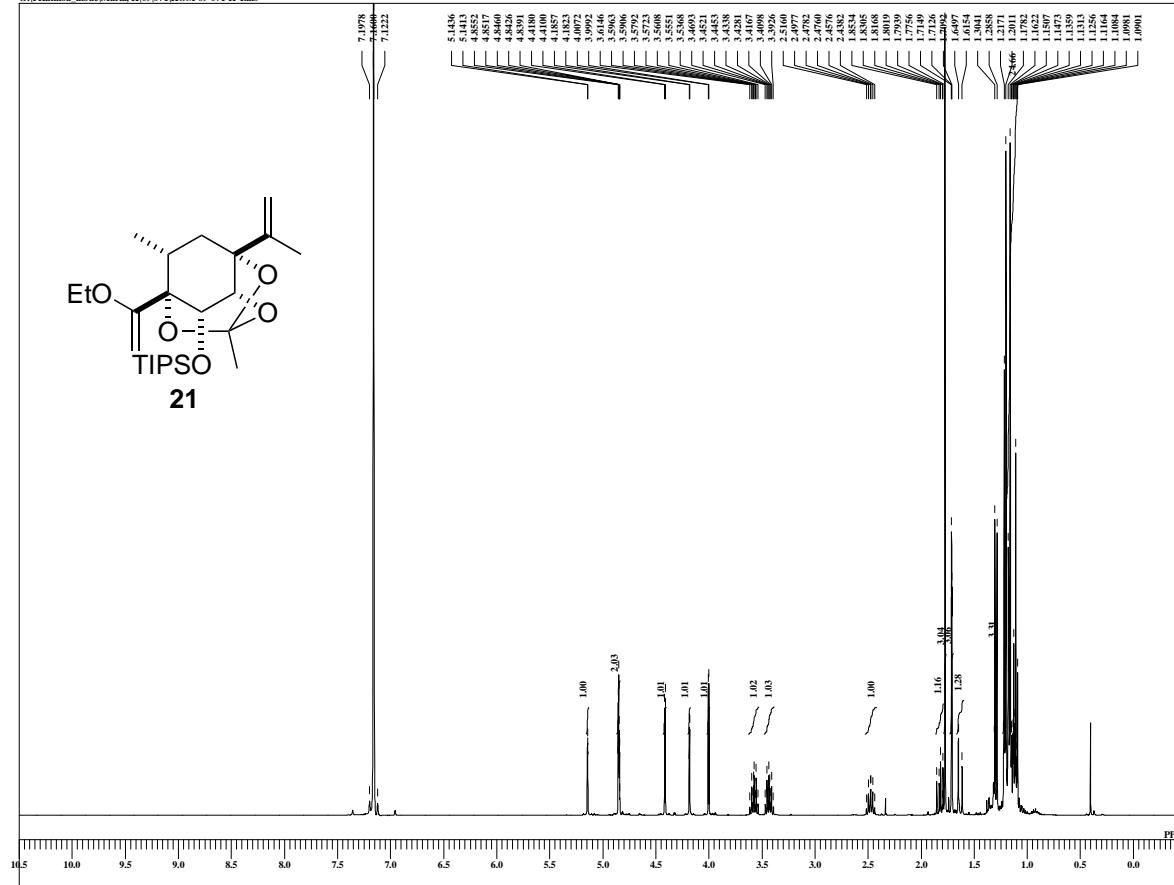
SKT-KOM-09-049-D-a

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Katoh, S\04\KOM\SKT-KOM-09-049-D\_a-13C-1.jdf



KOM-09-071-H

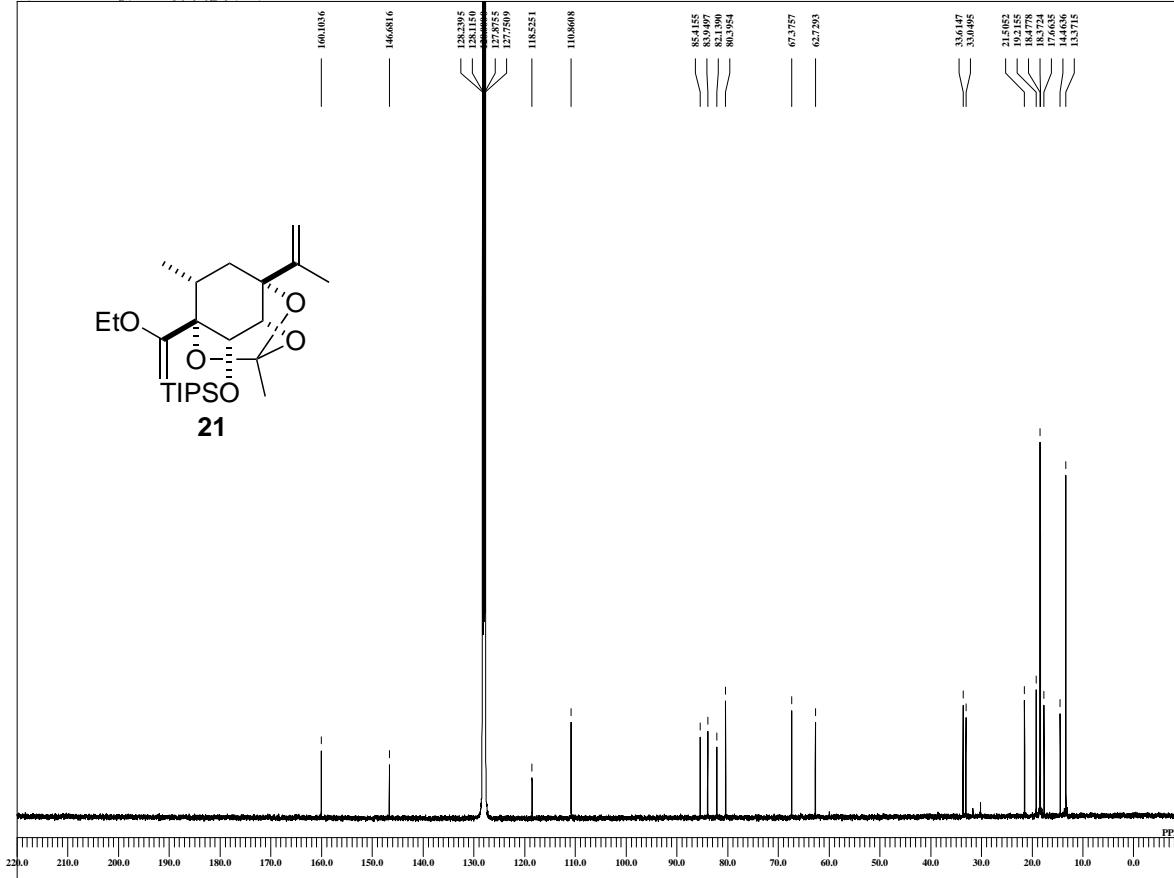
G:\Pfannou\_inoue\Murai\_K09071\KOM-09-071-H-Labs



DFILE KOM-09-071-H-Labs  
 COMNT KOM-09-071-H  
 DATIM 07-02-2011 21:49:24  
 MENUF  
 OBNUC IH  
 OFR 395.88 MHz  
 IRFRC 395.88 MHz  
 OBSET 6.28 kHz  
 IRFIN 0.87 Hz  
 PW1 6.50 usec  
 DEADT 0.00 usec  
 PREDL 0.00000 msec  
 POINT 1.0000 sec  
 SP0 13107  
 SPO 13107  
 TIMES 32  
 DUMMY 1  
 FREQU 5008.15 Hz  
 FLT 30000 Hz  
 DELAY 16.68 usec  
 ACQTM 2.2073 sec  
 PD 5.0000 sec  
 SCANS 32  
 ADBIT 16  
 RGAIN 40  
 BF 0.01 Hz  
 T1 0.00  
 T2 0.00  
 T3 90.00  
 T4 100.00  
 EXMOD single\_pulse.ex2  
 EXPDM  
 IRNUC IH  
 OFR 395.88 MHz  
 IRFRC 6.28 kHz  
 IRFIN 0.87 Hz  
 IRRPW 115 usec  
 IRATN 79  
 WHILE KOM-09-071-H-Labs  
 SF  
 LKSET 13.20 kHz  
 LKFIN 69.6 Hz  
 LKLEV 0  
 LGAIN 0  
 LKPBS 0  
 LKSIG 0  
 CSPED 0 Hz  
 FILDC  
 FILDF  
 CTEMP 20.8 c  
 SLVNT CD6  
 EXREF 7.16 ppm

KOM-09-071-C

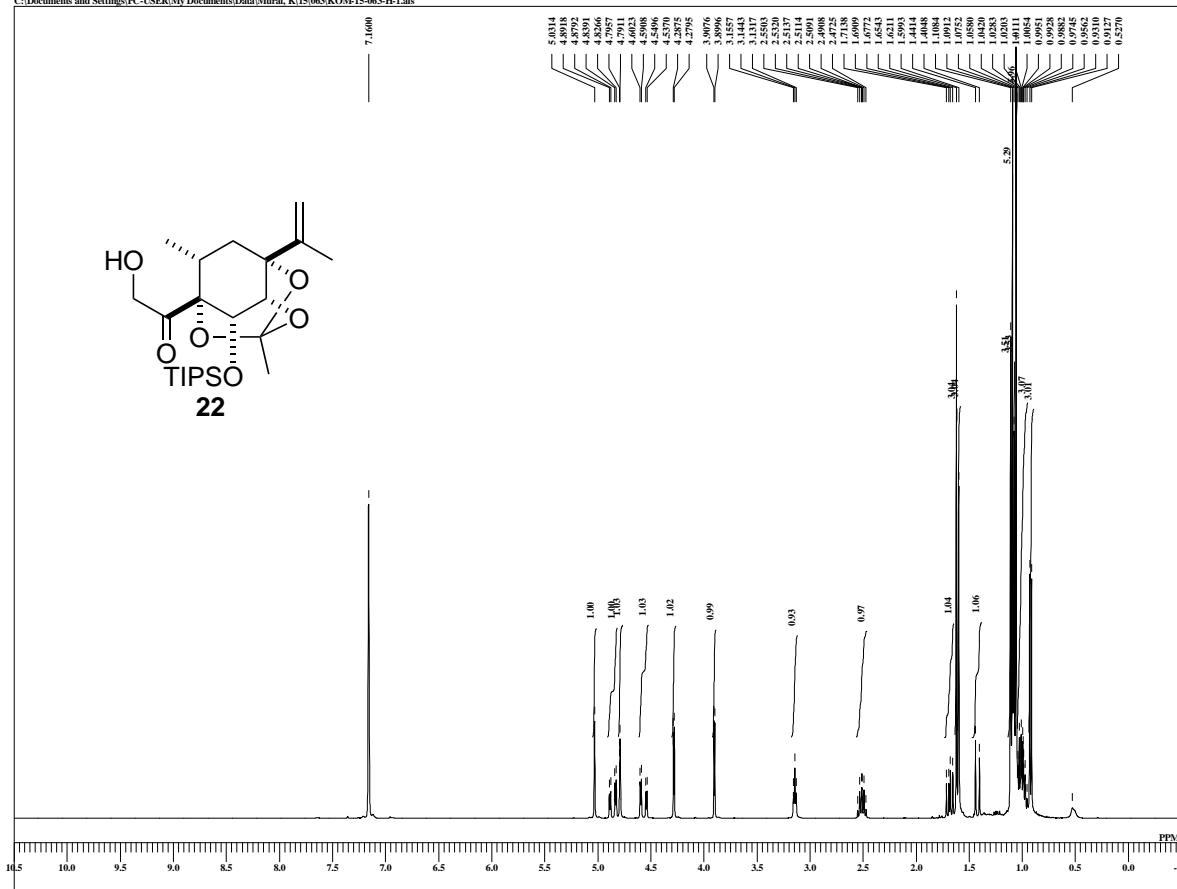
C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ffX\Nfg\bfv\RTX\KOM-09-071-C-Labs



DFILE KOM-09-071-C-Labs  
 COMNT KOM-09-071-C  
 DATIM 08-02-2011 07:46:29  
 MENUF  
 OBNUC 13C  
 OFR 99.55 MHz  
 IRFRC 99.55 MHz  
 OBSET 5.13 kHz  
 IRFIN 0.98 Hz  
 PW1 3.33 usec  
 DEADT 0.00 usec  
 PREDL 0.00000 msec  
 IVT 1  
 POINT 32768  
 SPO 32768  
 SCANS 7000  
 DUMMY 4  
 FREQU 31250.0 Hz  
 FLT 125000 Hz  
 DELAY 20.50 usec  
 ACQTM 1.0486 sec  
 PD 2.0000 sec  
 SCANS 7000  
 ADBIT 16  
 RGAIN 60  
 BF 1.00 Hz  
 T1 0.00  
 T2 0.00  
 T3 90.00  
 T4 100.00  
 EXMOD single\_pulse.dec  
 EXPDM  
 IRNUC IH  
 OFR 395.88 MHz  
 IRFRC 6.28 kHz  
 IRFIN 0.87 Hz  
 IRRPW 115 usec  
 IRATN 79  
 WHILE KOM-09-071-C-Labs  
 SF  
 LKSET 13.20 kHz  
 LKFIN 69.6 Hz  
 LKLEV 0  
 LGAIN 0  
 LKPBS 0  
 LKSIG 0  
 CSPED 0 Hz  
 FILDC  
 FILDF  
 CTEMP 21.5 c  
 SLVNT CD6  
 EXREF 128.00 ppm

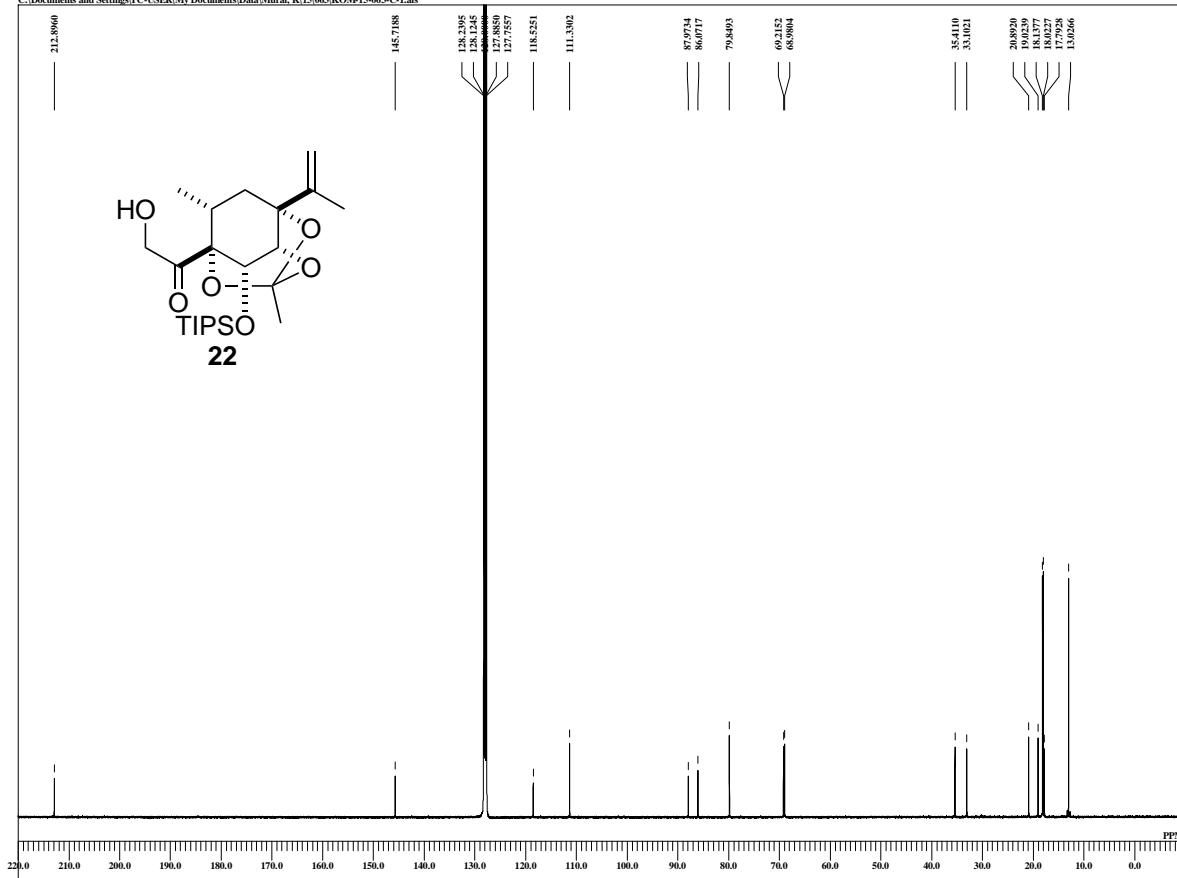
KOM-15-063-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\DATA\Murali\_K15\063\KOM-15-063-H-Labs



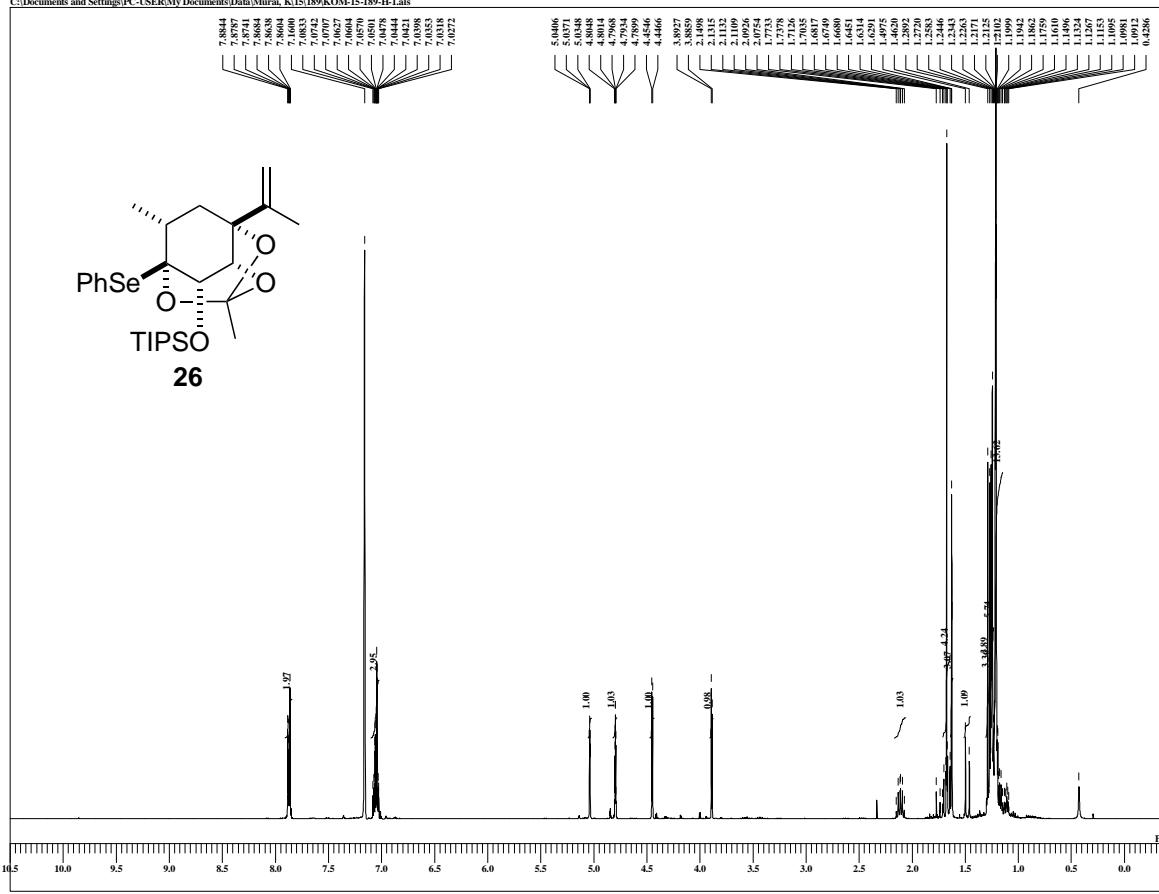
KOM-15-063-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\DATA\Murali\_K15\063\KOM-15-063-C-Labs



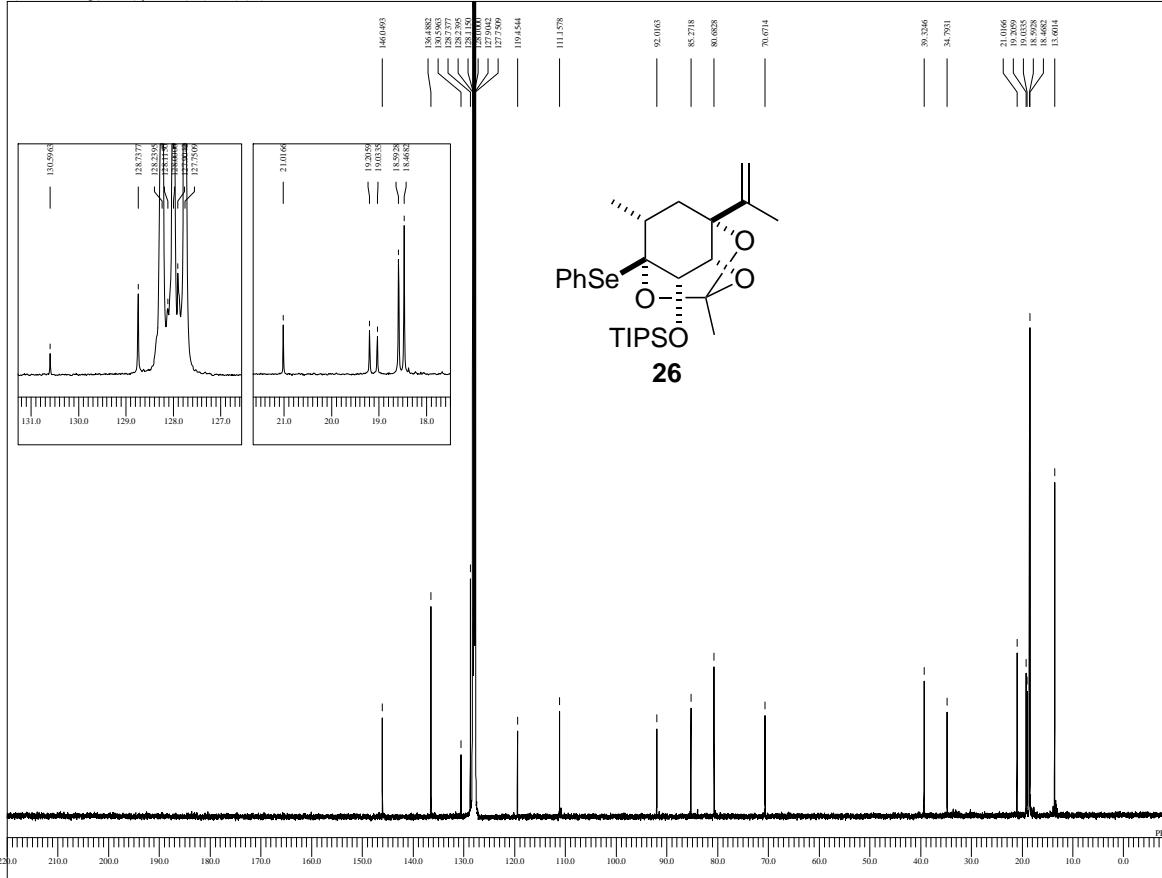
KOM-15-189-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-1\SEEE\My Documents\Data\Murali\_K\15189\KOM-15-189-H-1.xls



KOM-15-189-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\15\189\KOM-15-189-C-1.xls



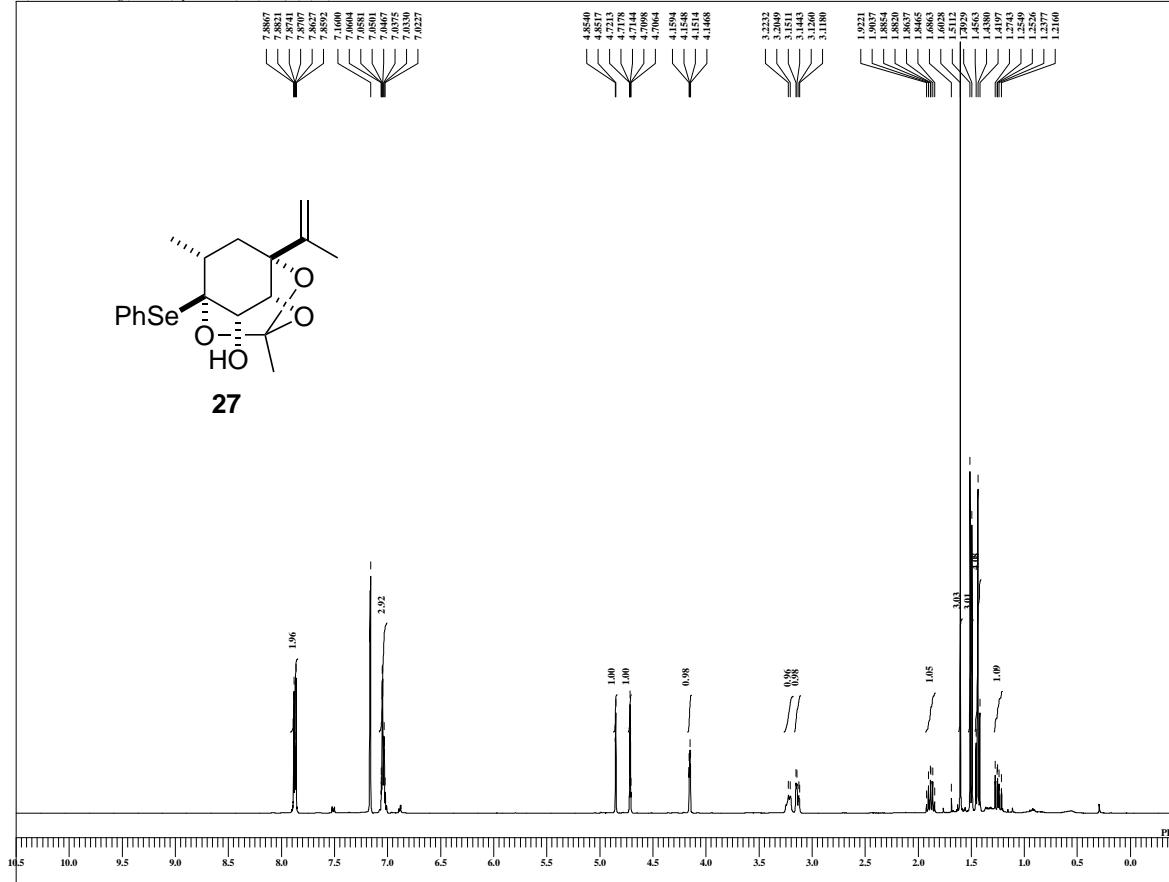
```

DFILE KOM-15-189-H.Labs
COMNT KOM-15-189-H
DATIM 30-10-2012 21:50:54
MENU
OBNUC 395.88 MHz
OBFRQ 395.88 MHz
ORSET 5.88 kHz
OBFIN 0.87 Hz
PW1 6.38 msec
DEADT 0.00 msec
OBFRQ 0.0000 msec
IWT 1.000 sec
POINT 13107
SPO 13107
TIMES 32
DIMMMY 32
FREQU 5938.15 Hz
FREQU 30000 Hz
DELAY 16.68 sec
ACQTM 2.2073 sec
PD 5.0000 sec
SANS 32
ADBBIT 16
RGAIN 36
BF 0.01 Hz
TI 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 100.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse.ex2
EXPNCM
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
IRPN 405.71 MHz
IRPN 407.11 Hz
IRPBM 115 ussec
IRATN 79
DFILE KOM-15-189-H.Labs
LSSET 13.20 KHz
LKFIN 69.6 kHz
LKLEV 0
LGAIN 0
LKPHS 0
LKSIG 0
LSFED 0 Hz
LHDG
LFDFL
CTEMP 23.4 c
SLVNT C6D6
EXREF 7.16 pm

```

KOM-15-199-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\15\199\KOM-15-199-H-1.xls



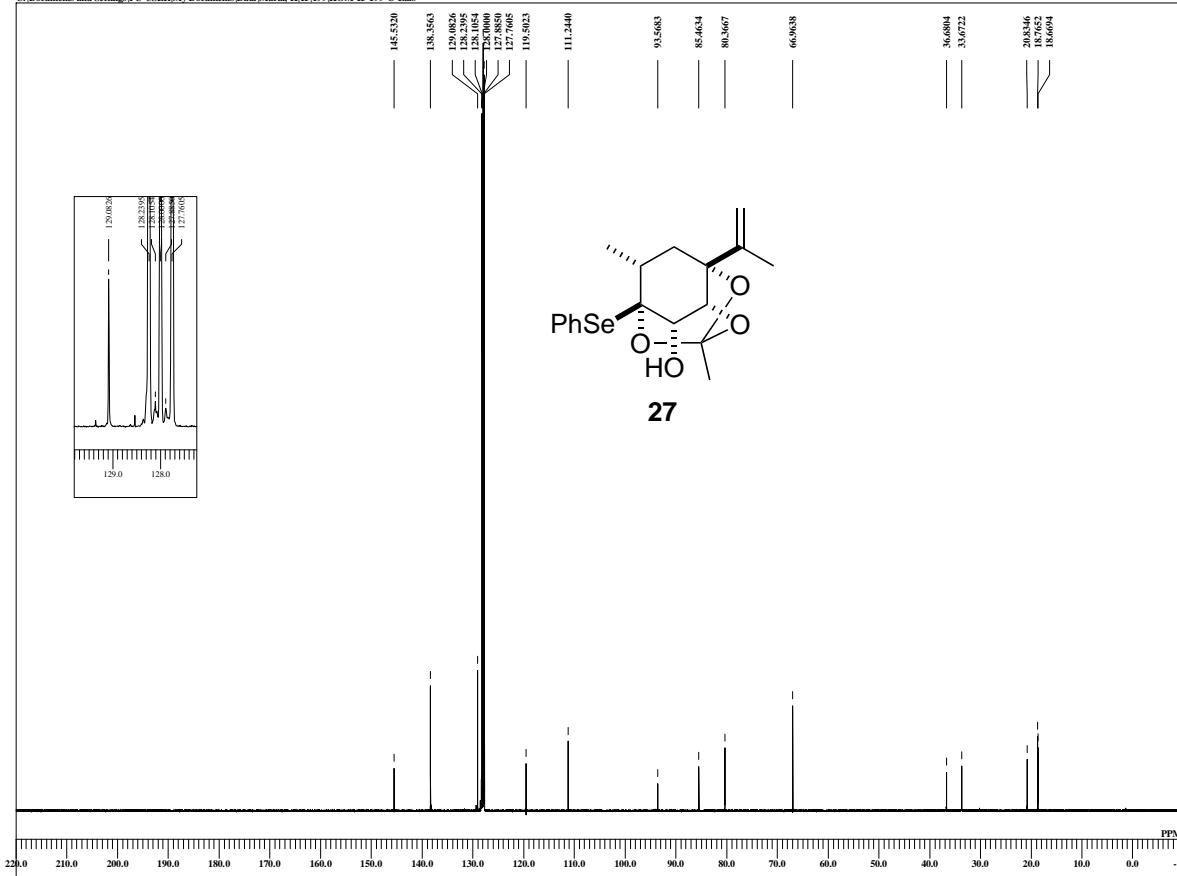
```

DFILE KOM-15-199-H-Labs
CINT KOM-15-199-H
CINT 18-10-2012 22:29:39
MENU#
OBNUC IH
OFR 395.88 MHz
OBFRQ 395.88 MHz
OBFRQ 6.25 KHz
OBPNF 0.87 Hz
PWL 6.38 msec
DEADT 0.00 msec
PREDL 0.00000 msec
POINT 1.000 sec
SPLU 1.000
TIMES 32
DUMMM 1
ACQTRQ 59.0515 Hz
FLT 30000
DELAY 16.68 ussec
ACQTM 2.2073 sec
SCANS 52
ADBBIT 1
RGAIN 30
TF 0.01 Hz
T1 0.00
T2 13
T3 99.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD singlepulse,e2
EXCMC
EXCMC IH
IDR 395.88 MHz
IDR 6.25 KHz
IRFIN 0.87 Hz
IRPPW 115 usec
IRATN 79
IRET KOM-15-199-H-Labs
LKSSET 13.20 kHz
LKFIN 69.6 Hz
LKV 0
LGAIN 0
LKHPS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FILDC
LKFCT C6D6
CTEMP 23.9 c
SLVNT C6D6
REFP 7.16 eBPM

```

KOM-15-199-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\15\199\KOM-15-199-C-1.xls



```

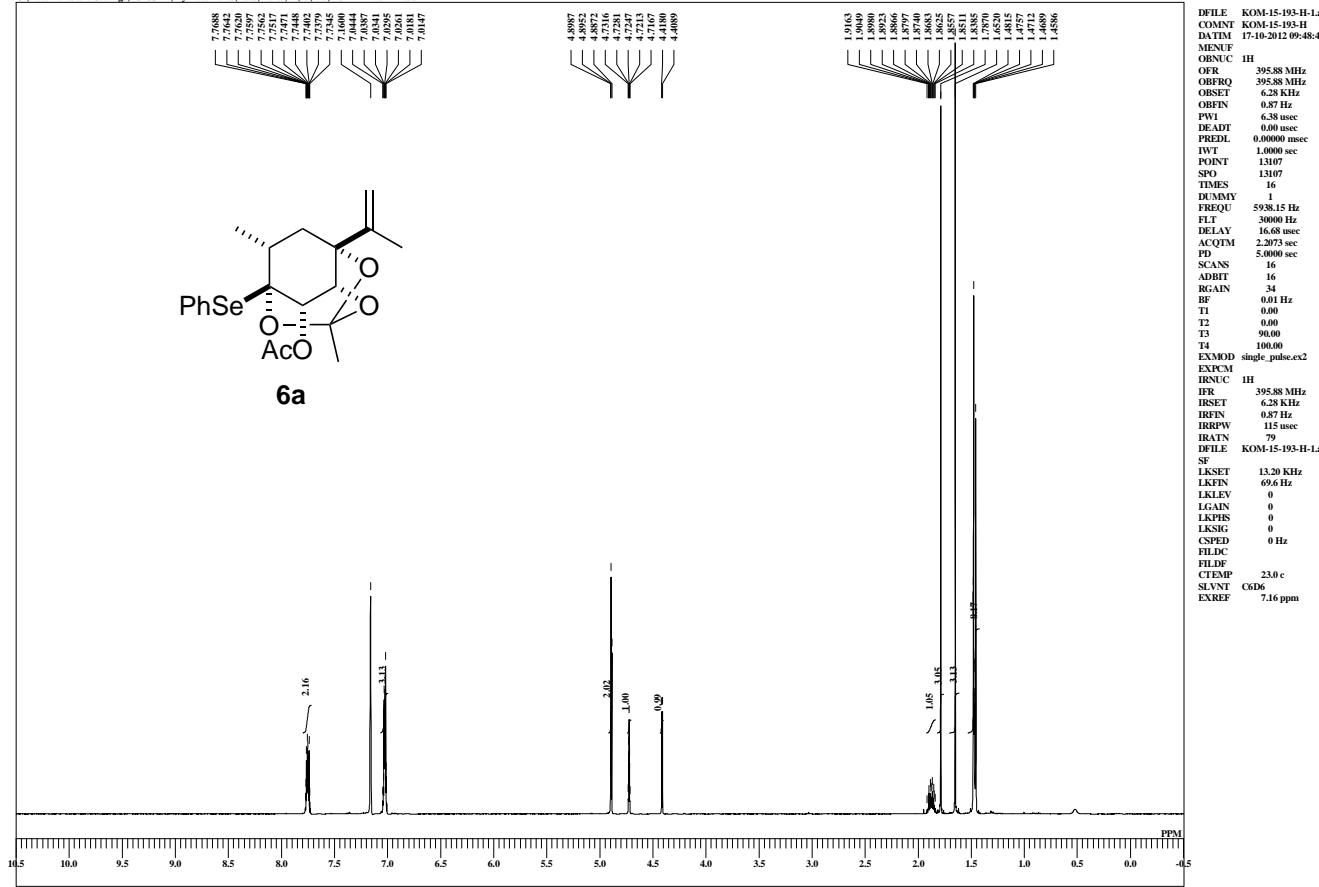
DFILE KOM-15-199-C-Labs
COMM KOM-15-199-C
DATIN 19-10-2012 05:03:39
MENUFC 13C
OFRC 99.55 MHz
OFRF 99.55 MHz
OBSET 5.13 KHz
OFRIN 0.98 Hz
OBSETR 2.04 Hz
ADEAT 0.00 msec
PREDL 0.00000 msec
IVWT 1.000 sec
POINT 26214
TIME 241
TIMES 3000
DUMMY 4
FREQW 24999.62 Hz
FLT 125000 Hz
PLAY 3000 sec
AQTM 1.048sec
SC 2.0000 sec
SCANS 3000
ADBITS 60
RGAIN 60
EMOD single pulse, dec
IRNUC 11
IFR 395.88 MHz
IFR6 6.62 KHz
IFRIN 0.87 Hz
IRPW 115 usec
IRATN 79
FDILE KOM-15-199-C-Labs

LSSET 13.20 KHz
LKLPIN 60.6 Hz
LKLEV 0
LGAIN 0
LSIGS 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FLDLC
FLDFD 22.8 c
SLVNT CGDG
SYREF U13000 w

```

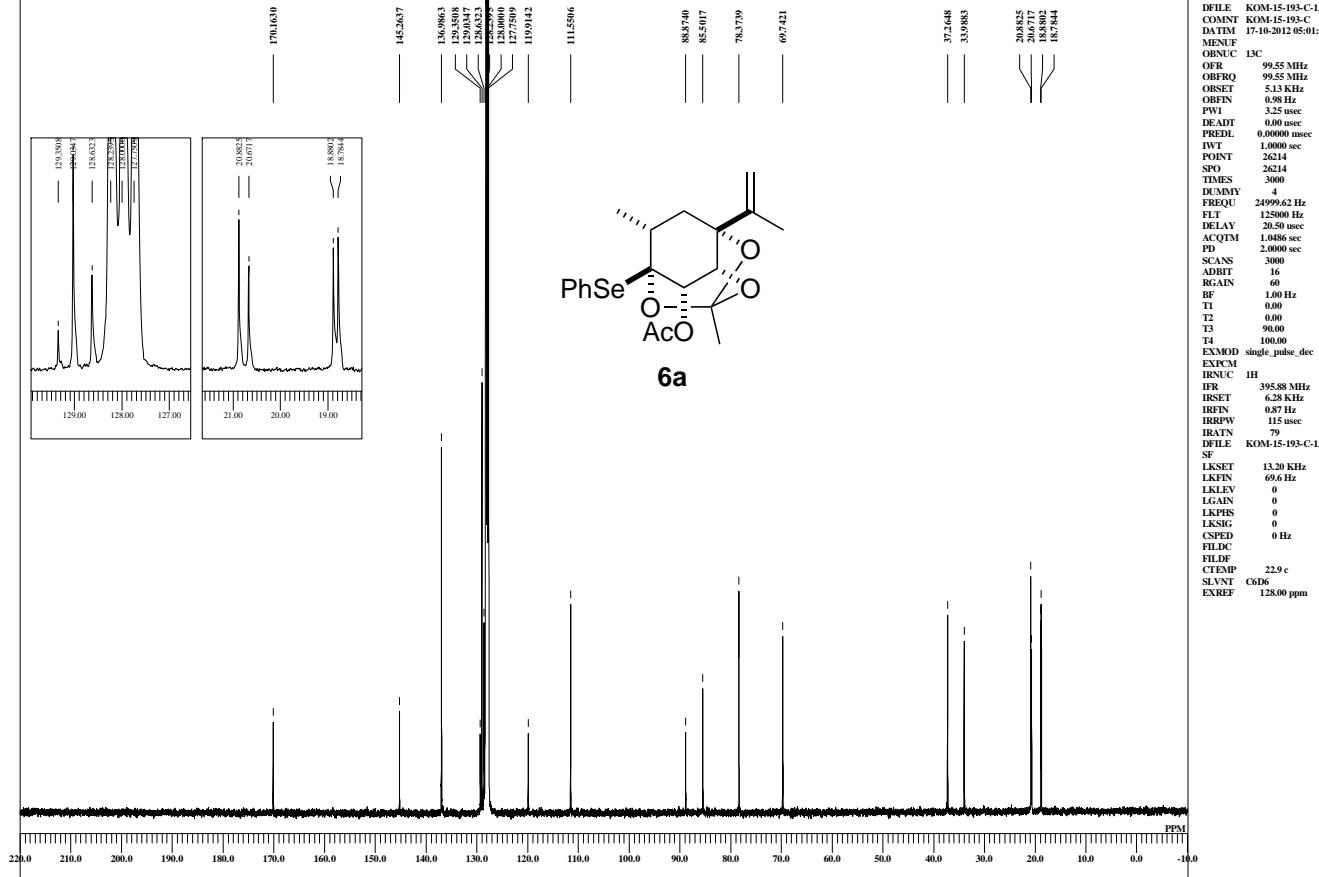
KOM-15-193-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\15\193\KOM-15-193-H-1.xls



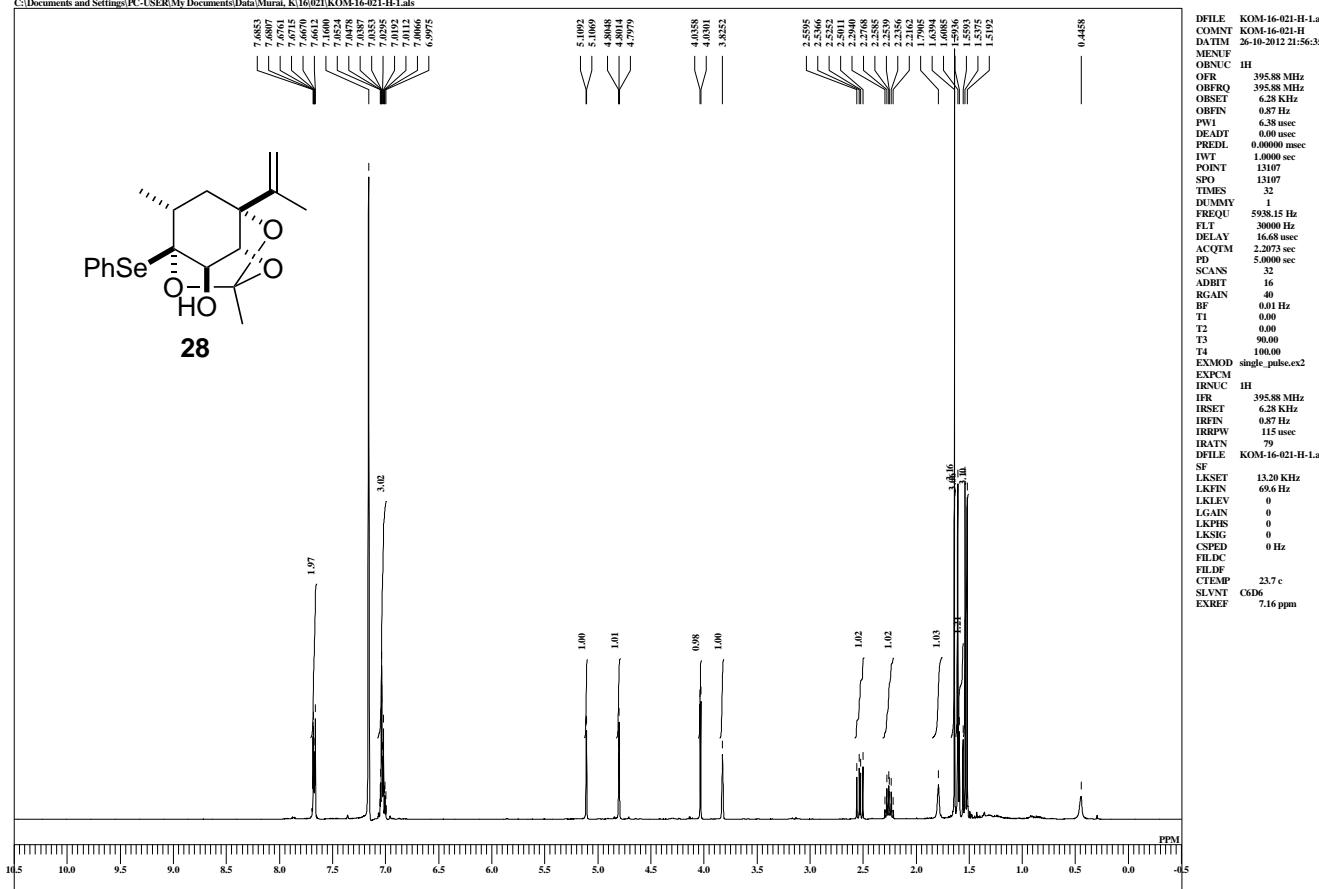
KOM-15-193-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\15193\KOM-15-193-C-1.xls



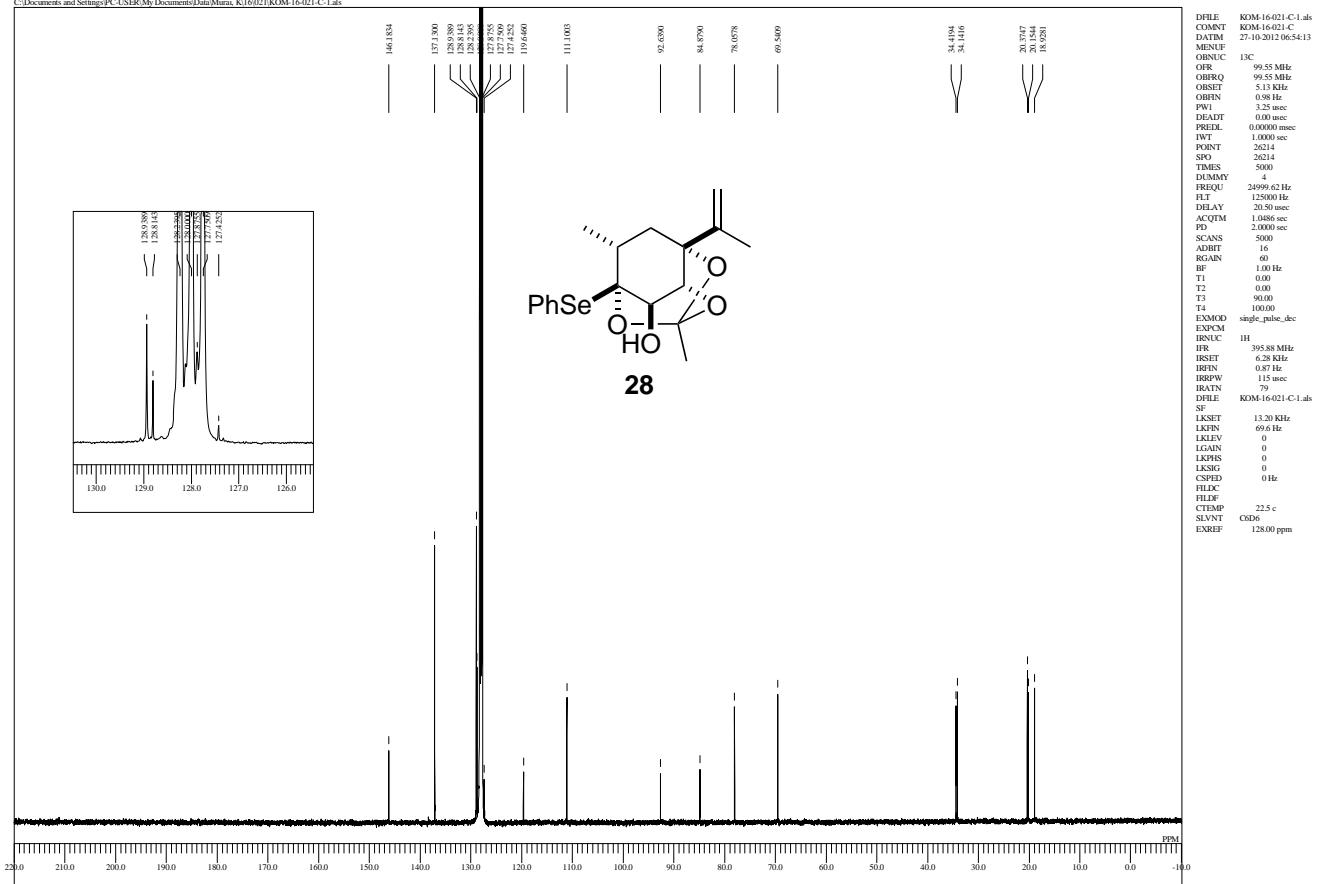
KOM-16-021-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-J\SER\My Documents\DATA\Murali\_E\16031\KOM-16-031-H-1.xls



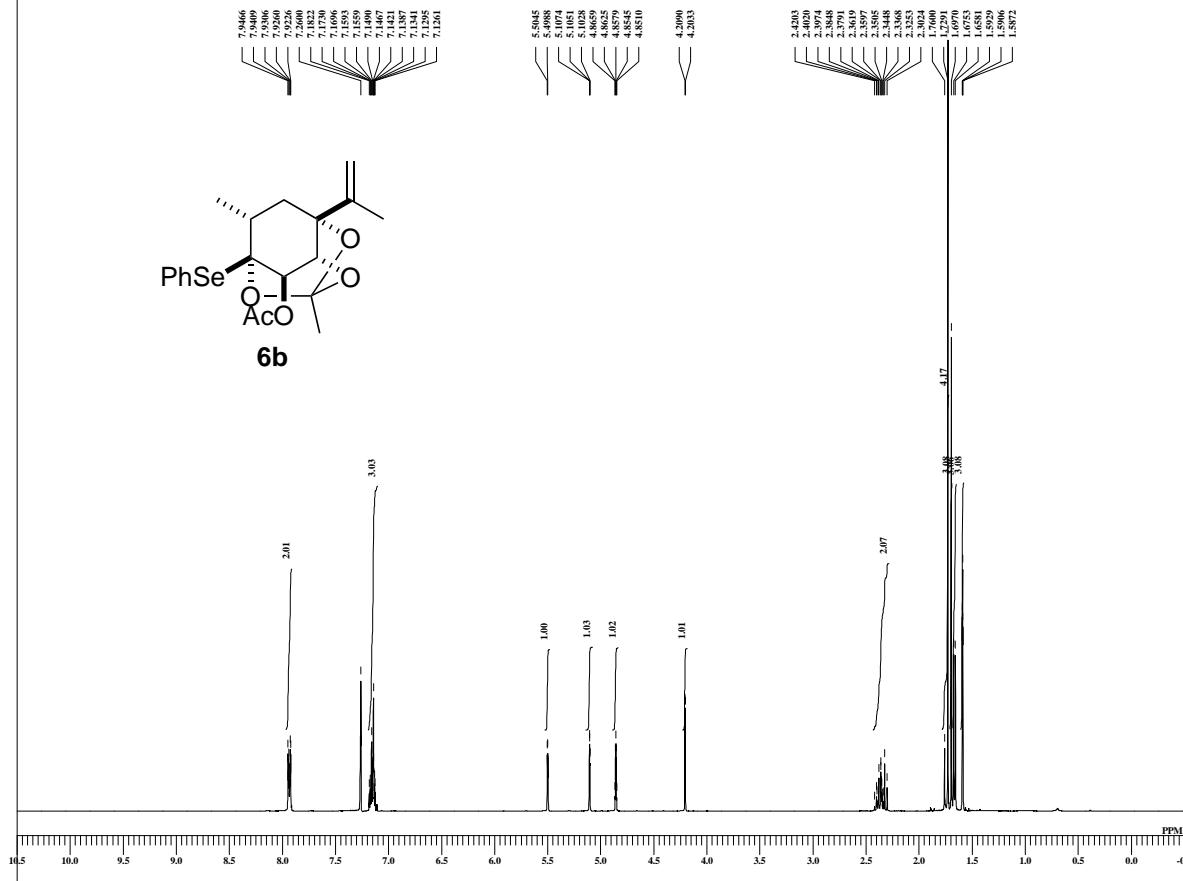
KOM-16-021-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\DATA\Murai, K\16\021\KOM-16-021-C-1.xls



KOM-16-037-H

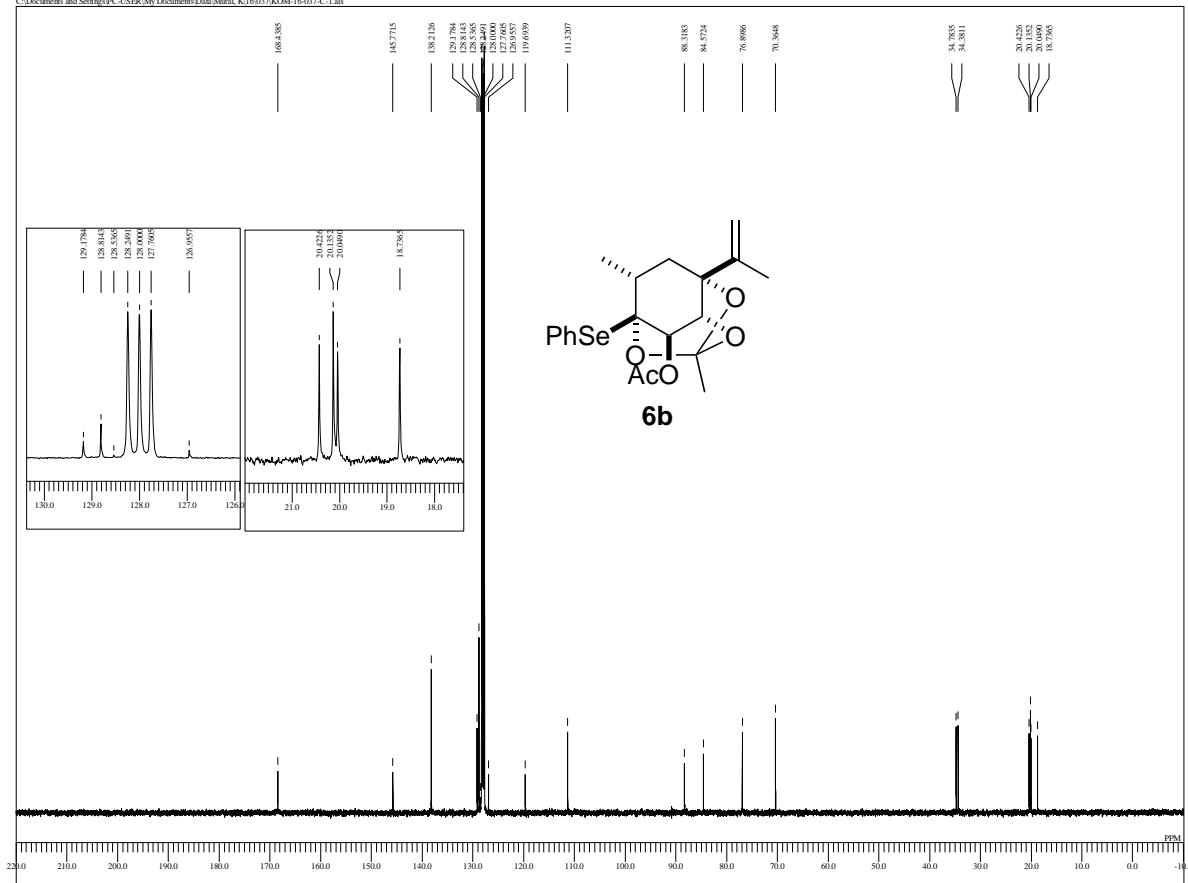
C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\16\037\KOM-16-037-H-1.xls



DFILE	KOM-16-037-H-Laks
COMT	KOM-16-037-H
DATIM	31-10-2012 19:22:08
BRDVER	1.0
BUCH	IH
OFRC	395.88 MHz
OFBRQ	395.88 MHz
OBSET	6.25 kHz
OFBIN	0.87 Hz
OFBOUT	0.87 Hz
DE-ADT	0.00 msec
PREDL	0.000000 msec
IVT	1.0000 sec
POINT	13107
SPO	313017
TIME	16
TRMUVY	
FREQU	59318.5 Hz
FLT	30000 Hz
DELAY	16.68 msec
ACQTIM	2.2073 sec
PP	5.0000 sec
CSNS	16
ADBTIT	16
RGAIN	26
BF	0.01 Hz
T1	0.00
T2	0.00
T3	100.00
T4	100.00
EXMOD	single_pulse_ex2
EXCMM	
IRNUC	I
LFSR	395.88 MHz
LCET	4.25 kHz
DRFTN	0.97 Hz
RRPW	115 msec
TRATN	79
DFILE	KOM-16-037-H-Laks
LSKPN	13.20 KHz
LSKTF	69.6 Hz
LKLEV	0
LGAIN	0
LKPHS	0
LKSIG	0
CSPED	0 Hz
PC	
FLDFD	
CTEMP	23.2 c
SLVNT	G6D6
EXREF	7.26 pm

KOM-16-037-C

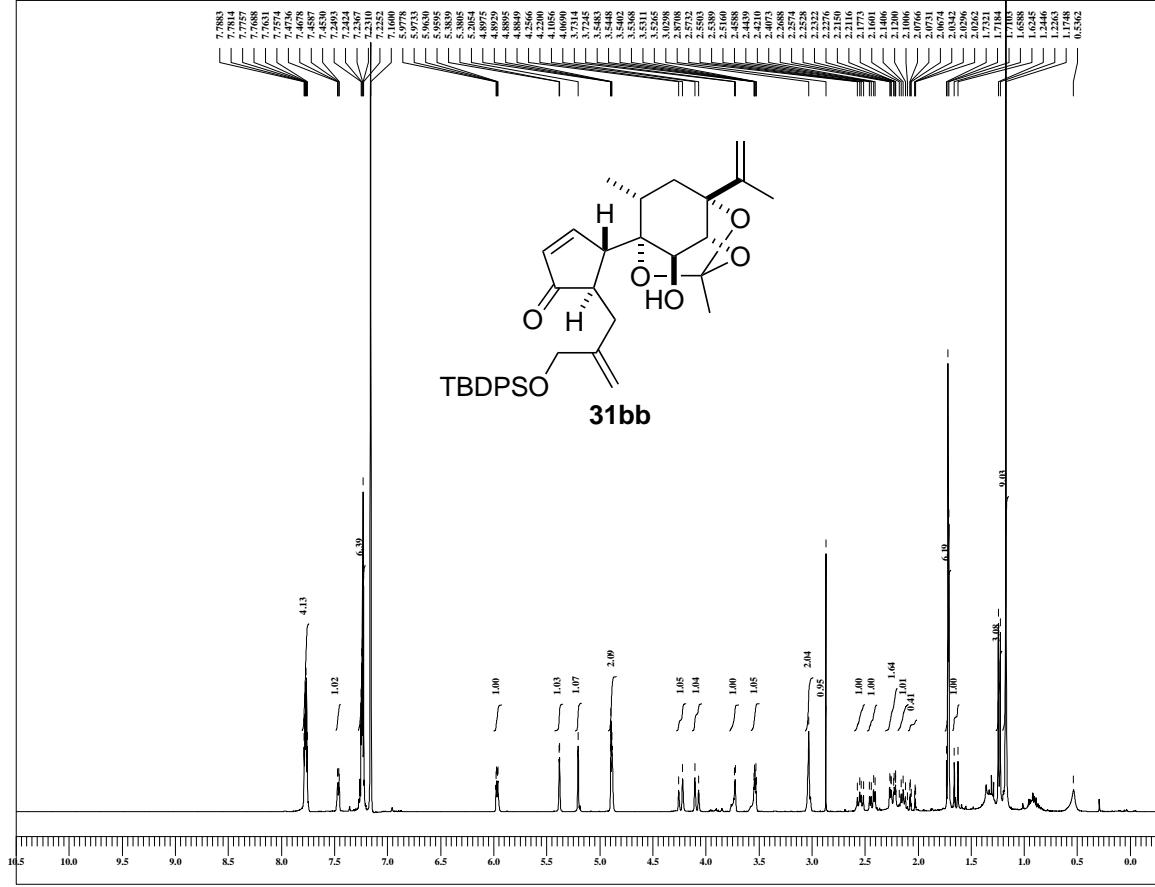
C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\16\037\KOM-16-037-C-1.xls



DFILE	KOM-16-037-C1	KOM-16-037-C2	DATIM	31-10-2012 20:01:12
NAME	13C			
ORFR	99.55 MHz			
OBFRQ	99.55 MHz			
OSRBR	5.13 kHz			
OSRBL	0.88 kHz			
PW1	3.25 sec			
DEADT	0.00000 sec			
WT1	1.000 sec			
POINT	26214			
SPOT	26214			
DUMM1	4			
FRIQU1	499.62 Hz			
FLT	1/25000			
ACDM	0.000 sec			
ACDM1	0.000 sec			
PD	2.000 sec			
EXPMOD	81			
RGA1N	60			
ADM16	1			
ADM16	1			
RGAIN	60			
FL1	1.00 Hz			
T1	0.01			
T2	0.00			
T3	100.00			
T4	10.00			
EXPMOD	single_pole_dc			
IRNUVC	IH			
IRNUVC	39.58 MHz			
IRP1N	2.82 kHz			
IRP1N	0.87 Hz			
IRP1W	115 sec			
IRP1W	79			
DFILE	KOM-16-037-C1.xls			
LKSET1	13.20 kHz			
LKSET1	69.60 kHz			
LKEV1	0.000 sec			
LGAIN	0			
LKPBS	0			
CSPED	0			
CHLC	CSPD 0 Hz			
CTEMP	23.4 c			
CRUN	CD6			

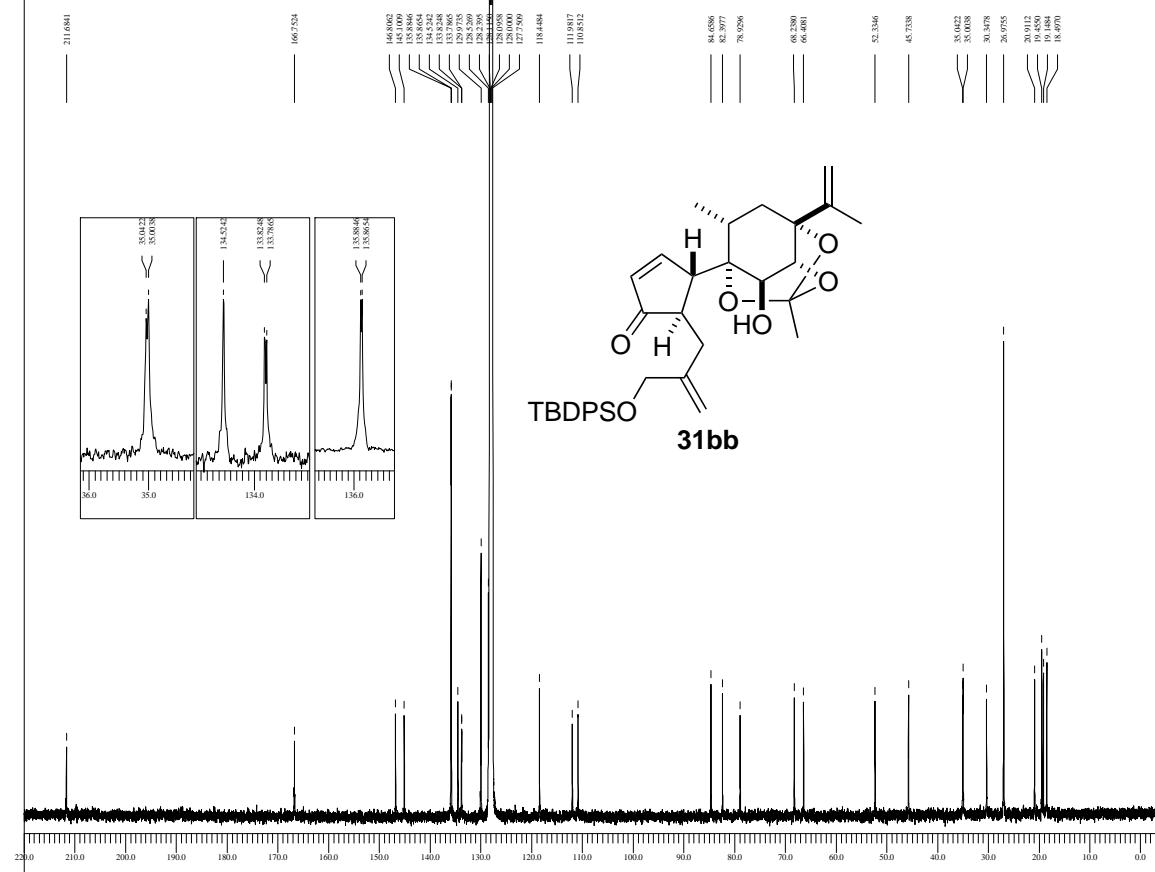
KOM-15-025-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\15\025\KOM-15-025-H-1.xls



KOM-16-093-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ffFXfNfg\bfv\RTX\KOM-16-093-C-1.xls



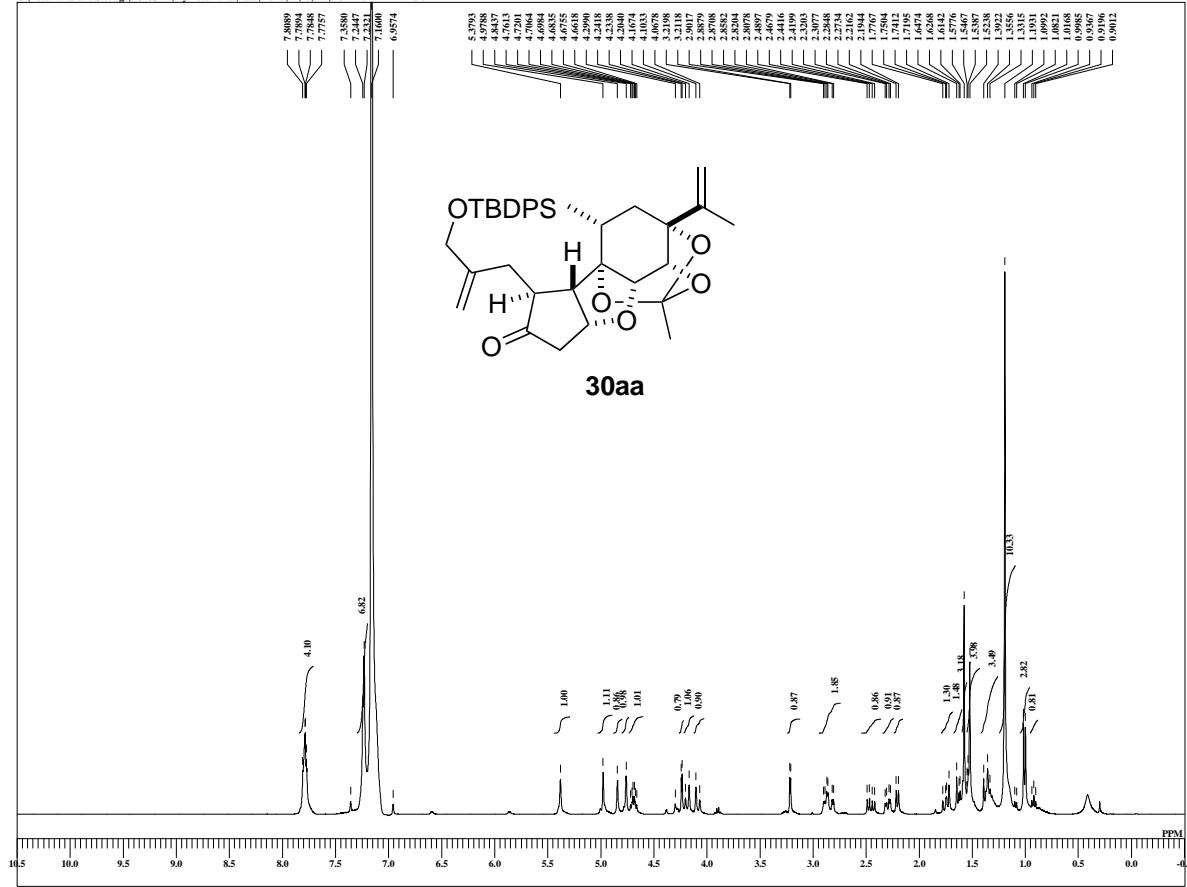
```

DFILE KOM-15-025-H.Lnk
COMM KOM-15-025-H
DATIM 02-07-2012 21:45:20
MENUFC
          IH
        OFR   395.88 MHz
        OFRFQ 395.88 MHz
        OBSET  6.23 kHz
        OFBN  0.87 Hz
        OFADT  6.38 kHz
        BEADFT 0.00 usec
        PREDI  0.000000 msec
        IWT    1.000 sec
        POINT  13107
        SPO    SL3107
        TIMES  32
        DURH   32
        FREQU  5938.15 Hz
        TOTLEN 30000 Hz
        DELAY  16.68 usec
        ACQTM  2.2073 sec
        PD    5.0000 sec
        SCANS 32
        ADBIT  0
        RGAIN  36
        BF     0.01 Hz
        T1     0.00
        T2     0.00
        T3     90.00
        T4     100.00
EXMDOM single_pulse.ex2
EXPNCM
IRNUC  IH
        IRF   395.88 MHz
        ISET  3.95 kHz
        IRBW  115 usec
        IRPBM 115 usec
        IRATN 79
DFILE KOM-15-025-H.Lnk
LKFST  10.30 kHz
LKFIN  696 Hz
LKLEV  0
LGAIN  0
LKPHS  0
LKSIG  0
CSPED  0 Hz
FLDFD
FLDFE
CTEMP  24.8 c
SLVNT  C6d6
EXREF  7.16 pm

```

**KOM-16-015-H-2**

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\My Documents\KOM-16-015\KOM-16-015-H-2.las



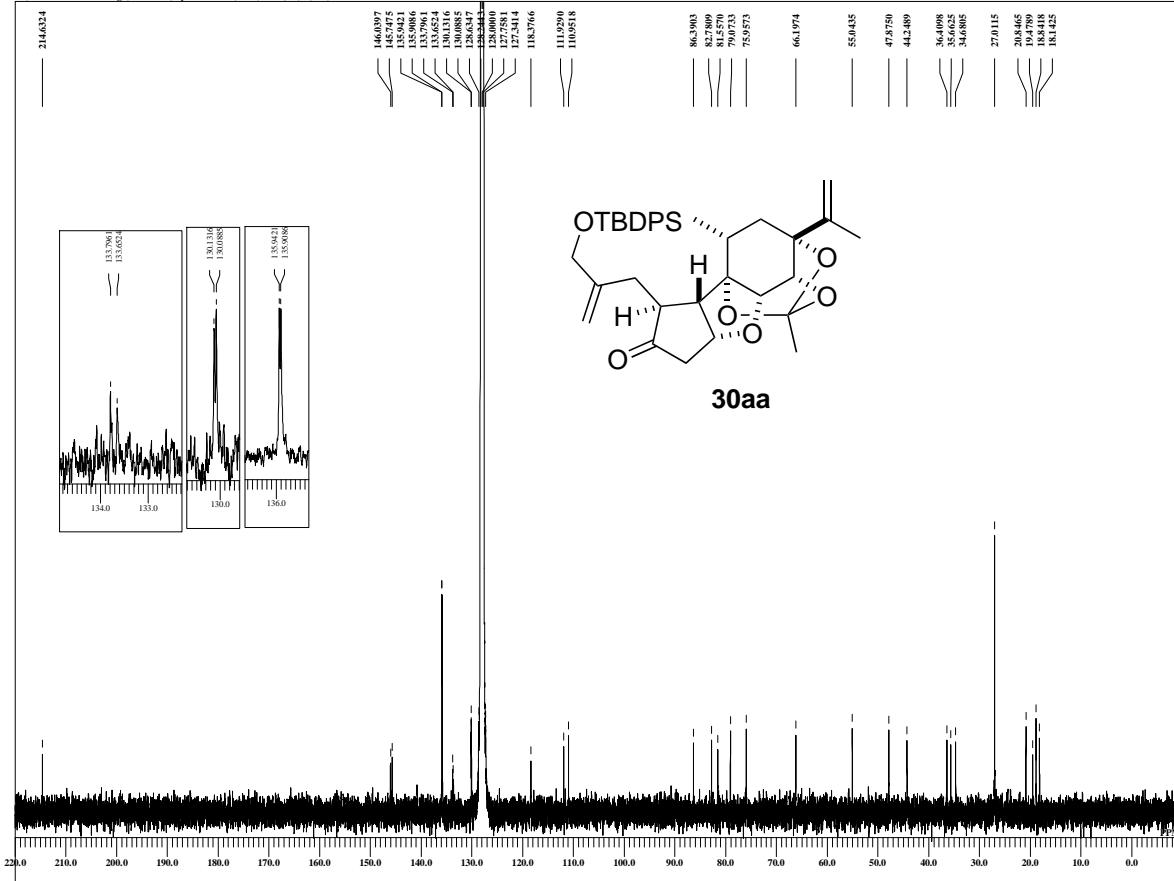
```

DFILE KOM-16-015-H-2.las
COMT KOM-16-015-H-2
DATM 05-01-2013 21:01:18
MENUF IH
OBNUC IH
OFID 395.88 MHz
OBFRQ 395.88 MHz
OBSET 6.28 kHz
OBFIN 0.87 Hz
PW1 6.38 usec
DEADT 0.00 usec
PREDL 0.00000 msec
IWT 1.000 sec
POINT 13107
SPO 13107
TIMS 128
DUMMY 1
FREQU 539.41 Hz
FLTR 20000 Hz
DELAY 16.68 msec
ACQTM 2.2073 sec
PD 5.0000 sec
SCANS 128
ADBT 16
RGAIN 46
BF 0.01 Hz
T1 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse.ex2
EXPDM EXPDM
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
ISRET 6.28 kHz
IRFIN 0.87 Hz
IRRSPW 115 ussec
IRATN 79
DFILE KOM-16-015-H-2.las
LXSET 13.20 KHz
LKFIN 69.6 Hz
LKLEV 0
LGAIN 0
LKPHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FILDC
FILDF
CTEMP 20.2 c
SLVNT C6D6
EXREF 7.16 ppm

```

**KOM-16-015-C-2**

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\My Documents\KOM-16-015\KOM-16-015-C-2.las



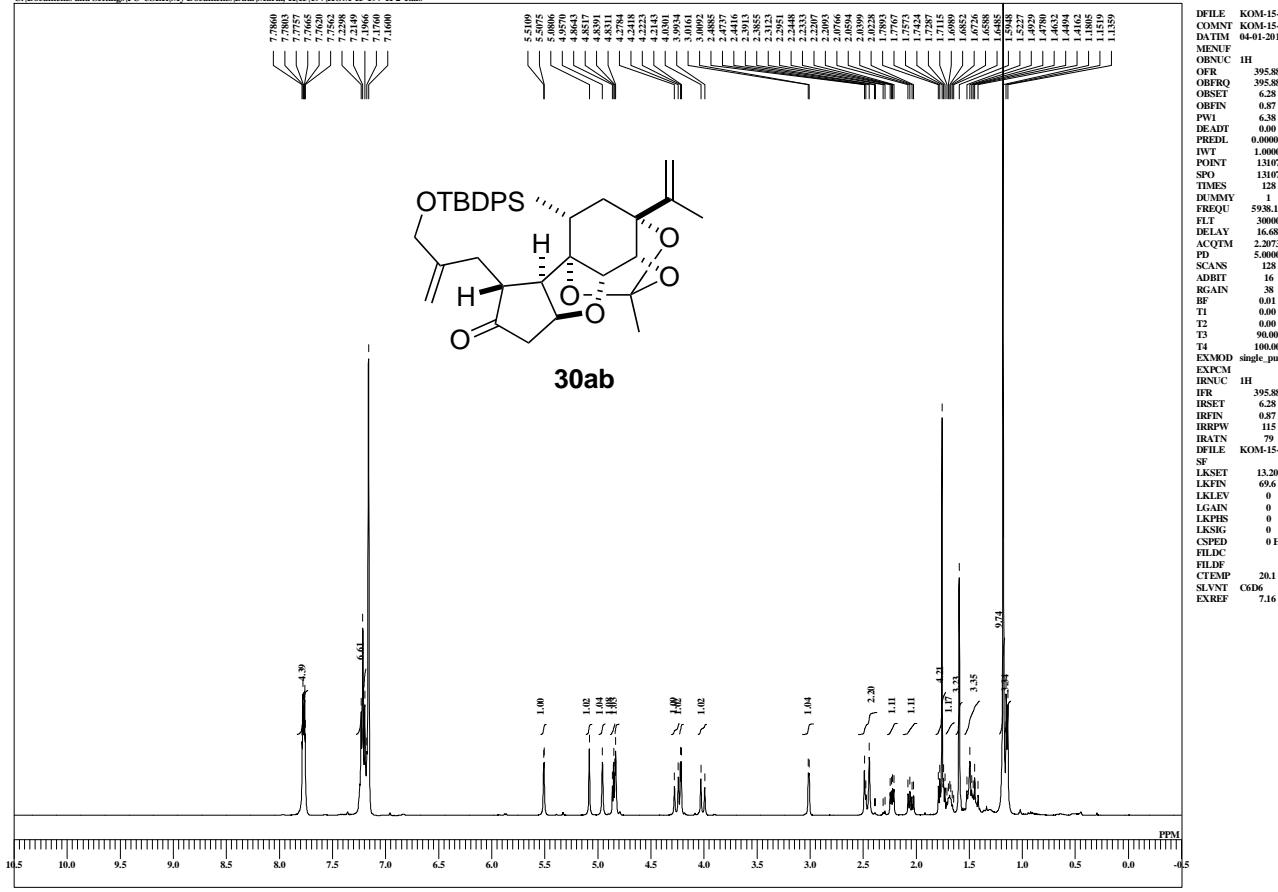
```

DFILE KOM-16-015-C-2.las
COMT KOM-16-015-C-2
DATM 06-01-2013 12:09:10
MENUF 13C
OBNUC IH
OFID 99.55 MHz
OBFRQ 99.55 MHz
OBSET 5.13 kHz
OBFIN 0.98 Hz
PD 3.25 msec
DEADT 0.00 usec
PREDL 0.00000 msec
IWT 1.000 sec
POINT 104856
SPO 104856
TIMS 17855
DUMMY 4
FREQU 24999.62 Hz
FLT 125000 Hz
DELAY
ACQTM 1.0486 sec
PD 2.5000 sec
SCANS 17855
ADBT 16
RGAIN 60
BF 1.00 Hz
T1 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse.ex2
EXPDM EXPDM
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
ISRET 6.28 kHz
IRFIN 0.87 Hz
IRRSPW 115 ussec
IRATN 79
DFILE KOM-16-015-C-2.las
SF
LKSET 13.20 KHz
LKFIN 69.6 Hz
LKLEV 0
LGAIN 0
LKPHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPED 0 Hz
FILDC
FILDF
CTEMP 20.1 c
SLVNT C6D6
EXREF 128.00 ppm

```

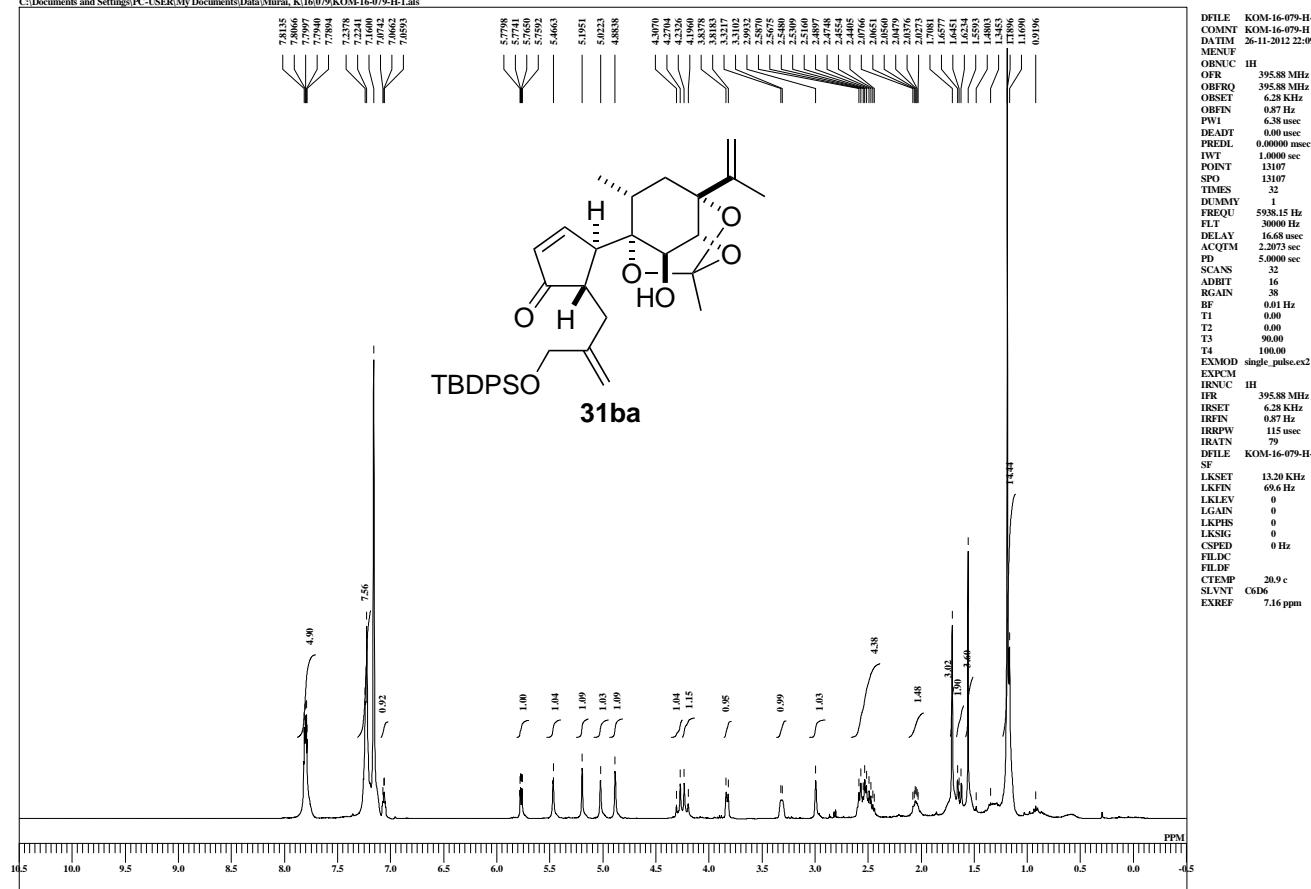
KOM-15-197-H-2

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\DATA\Mural, K\15\197\KOM-15-197-H-2.l1df



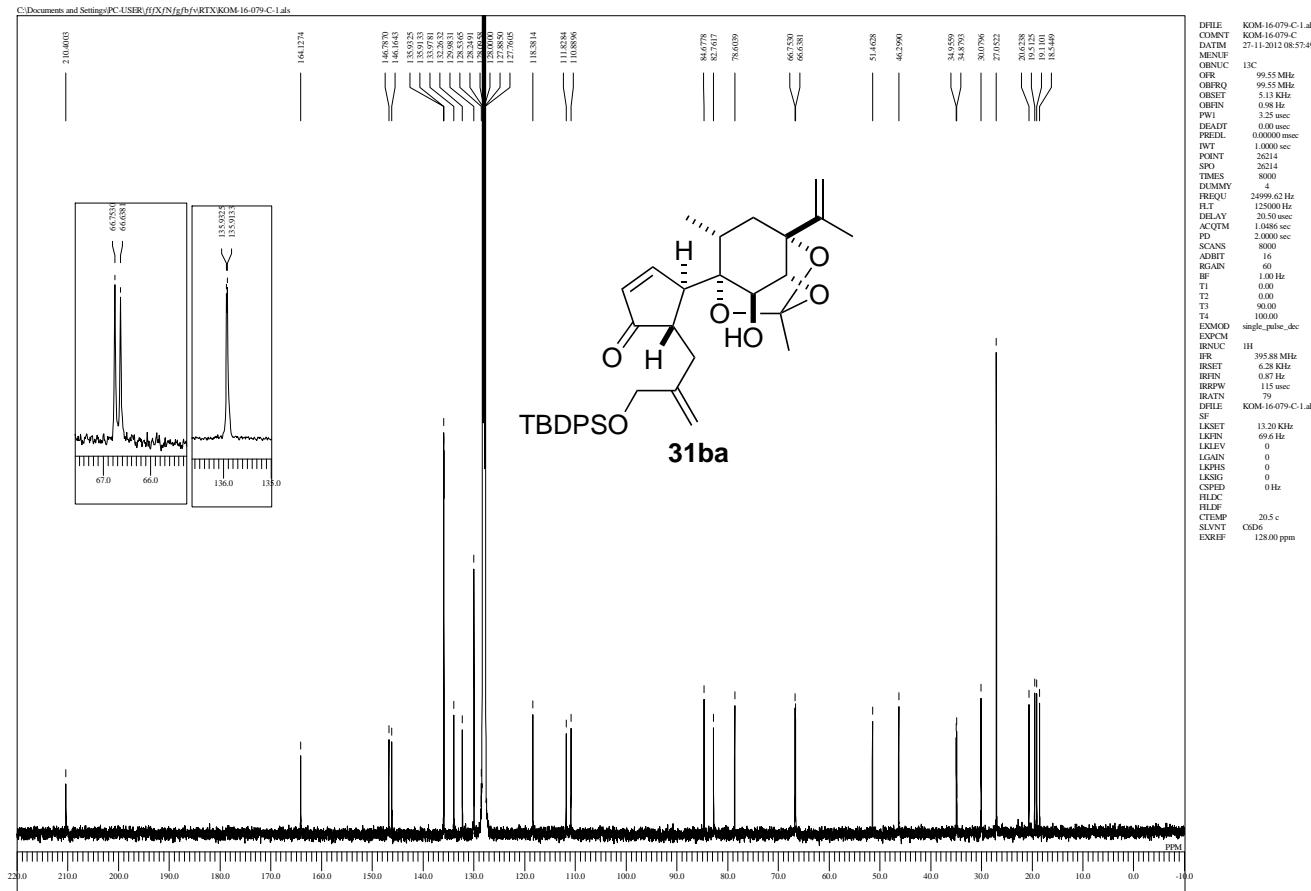
KOM-16-079-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\16\079\KOM-16-079-H-1.xls



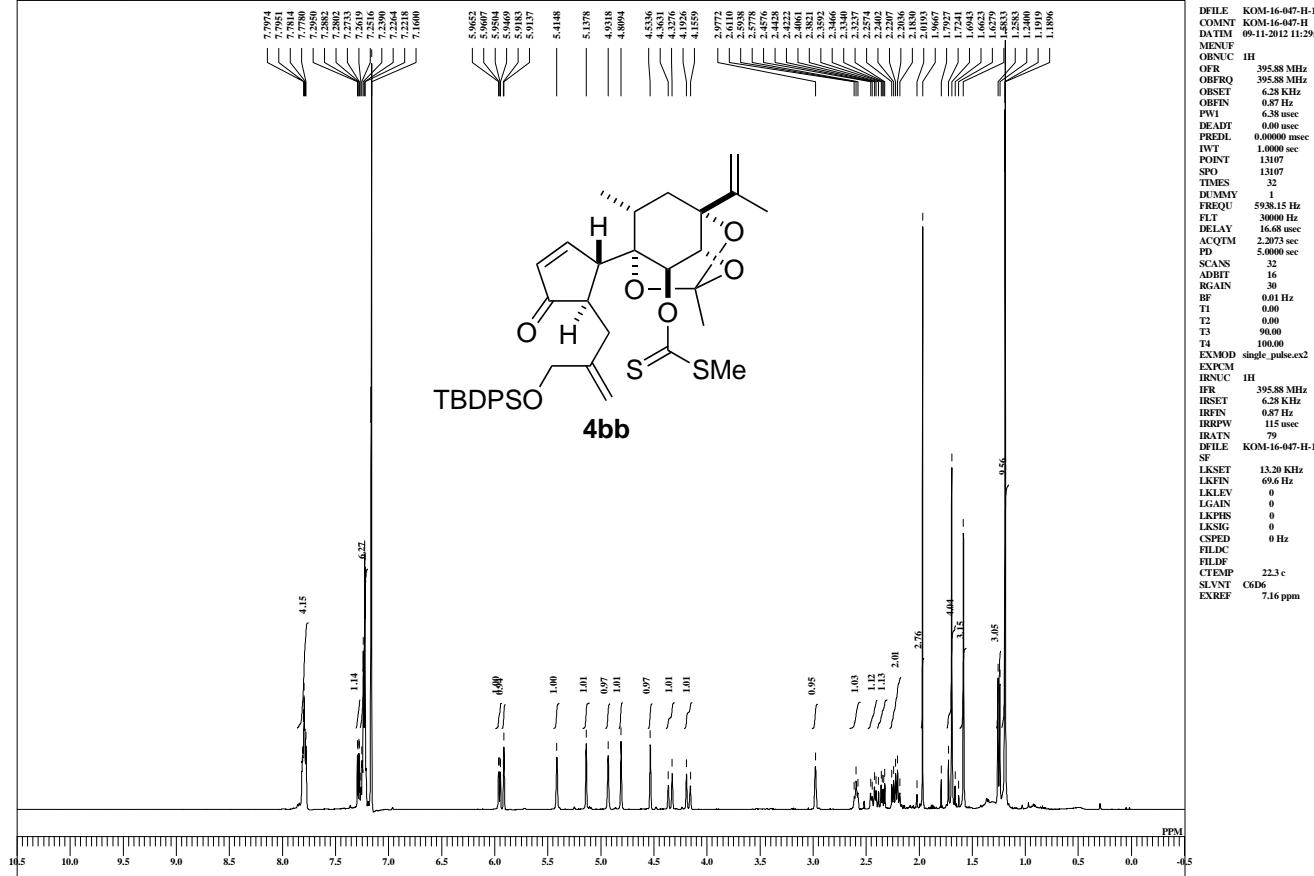
KOM-16-079-C

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\ff\FxFNfg\bfv\RTX\KOM-16-079-C-1.xls



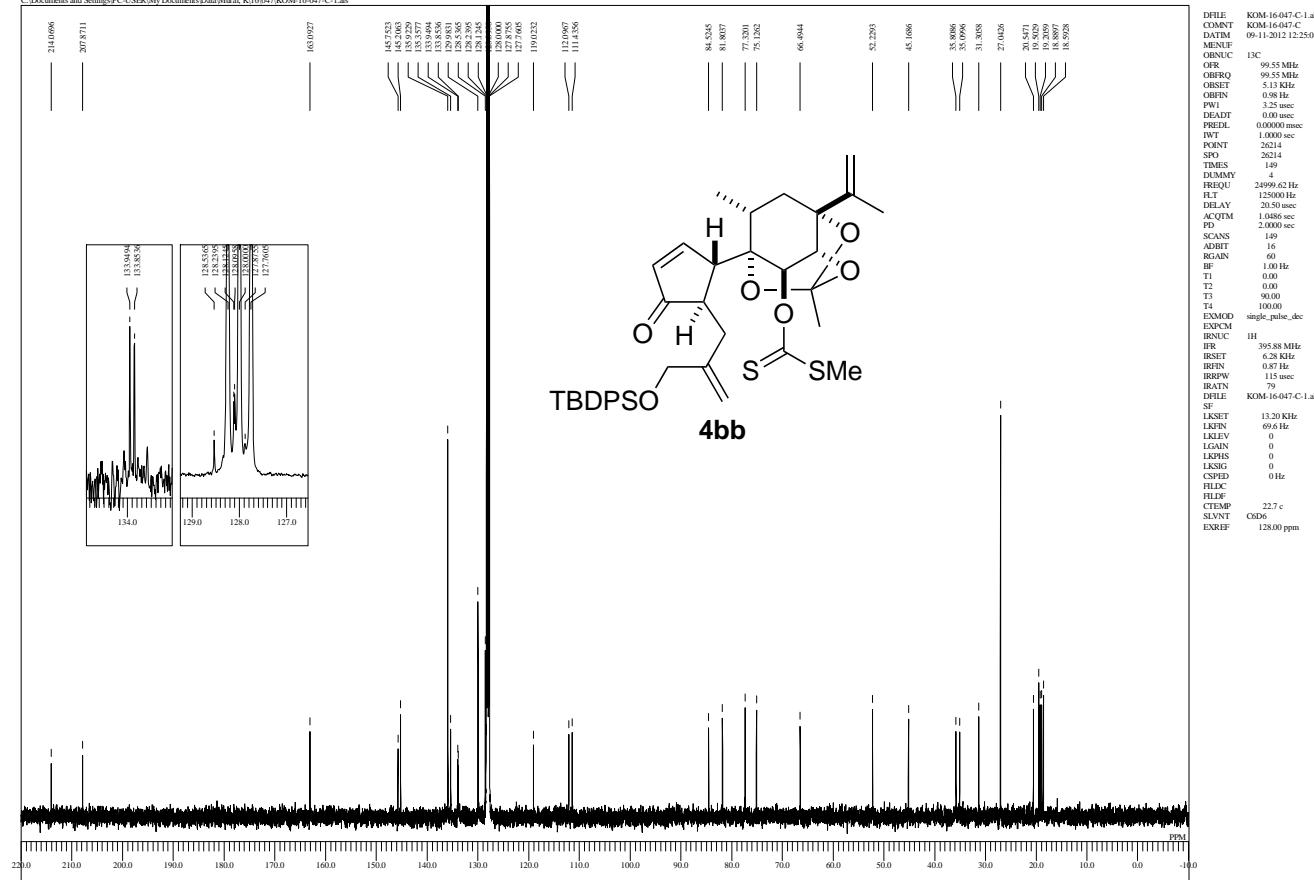
KOM-16-047-H

C:\Documents and Settings\PC-USER\My Documents\Data\Murai, K\16\047\KOM-16-047-H-1.xls

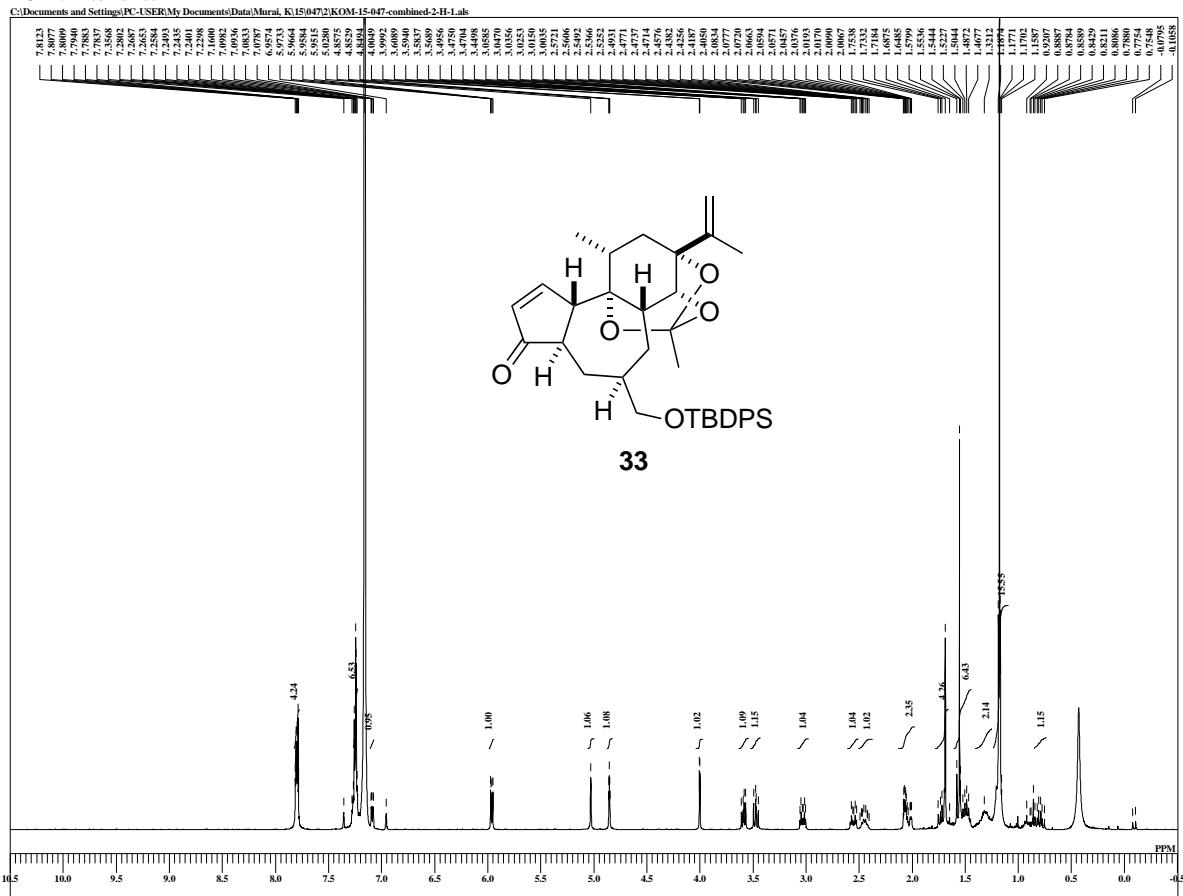


KOM-16-047-C

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**KOM-047-combined-2-H**

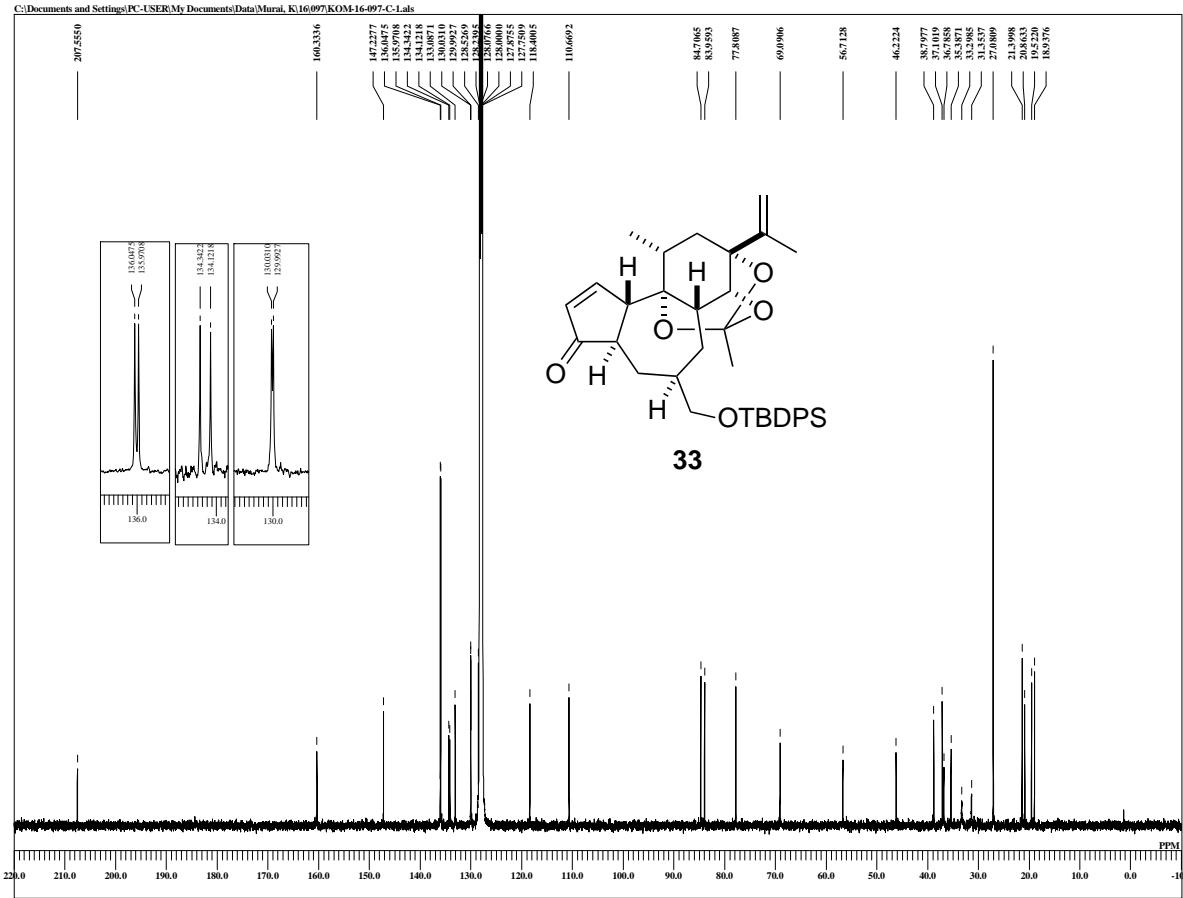


```

DFILE KOM-15-047-combined-2
COMNT KOM-047-combined-2-H
DATIM 21-07-2012 17:58:54
OBNUC IH
OFR 395.88 MHz
OBFRQ 395.88 MHz
OBSET 6.28 kHz
OBTIN 0.01 Hz
PVI 6.38 usec
DEADT 0.00 usec
PREDL 0.000000 msec
IWT 1.0000 sec
POINT 13107
SPO 13107
TIMES 64
DUMMY 1
FREQU 5938.15 Hz
FLT 3000.00 sec
DELAY 16.68 sec
ACQTM 2.2073 sec
PD 5.0000 sec
SCANS 64
ABIT 16
RGAIN 60
BF 0.01 Hz
TI 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse.ex2
EXPNCM IH
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
ISRET 6.28 kHz
IRPN 0.87 Hz
IRPW 147 usec
IRATN 79
DFILE KOM-15-047-combined-2
SF 13.20 kHz
LKSET 60.6 Hz
LKFUV 0
LGAIN 0
LKPHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPEED 0 Hz
FIDFC
FIDFC
FIDFC
CTEMP 23.5 c
SLVNT Cd66
EXREF 7.16 ppm

```

**KOM-16-097-C**



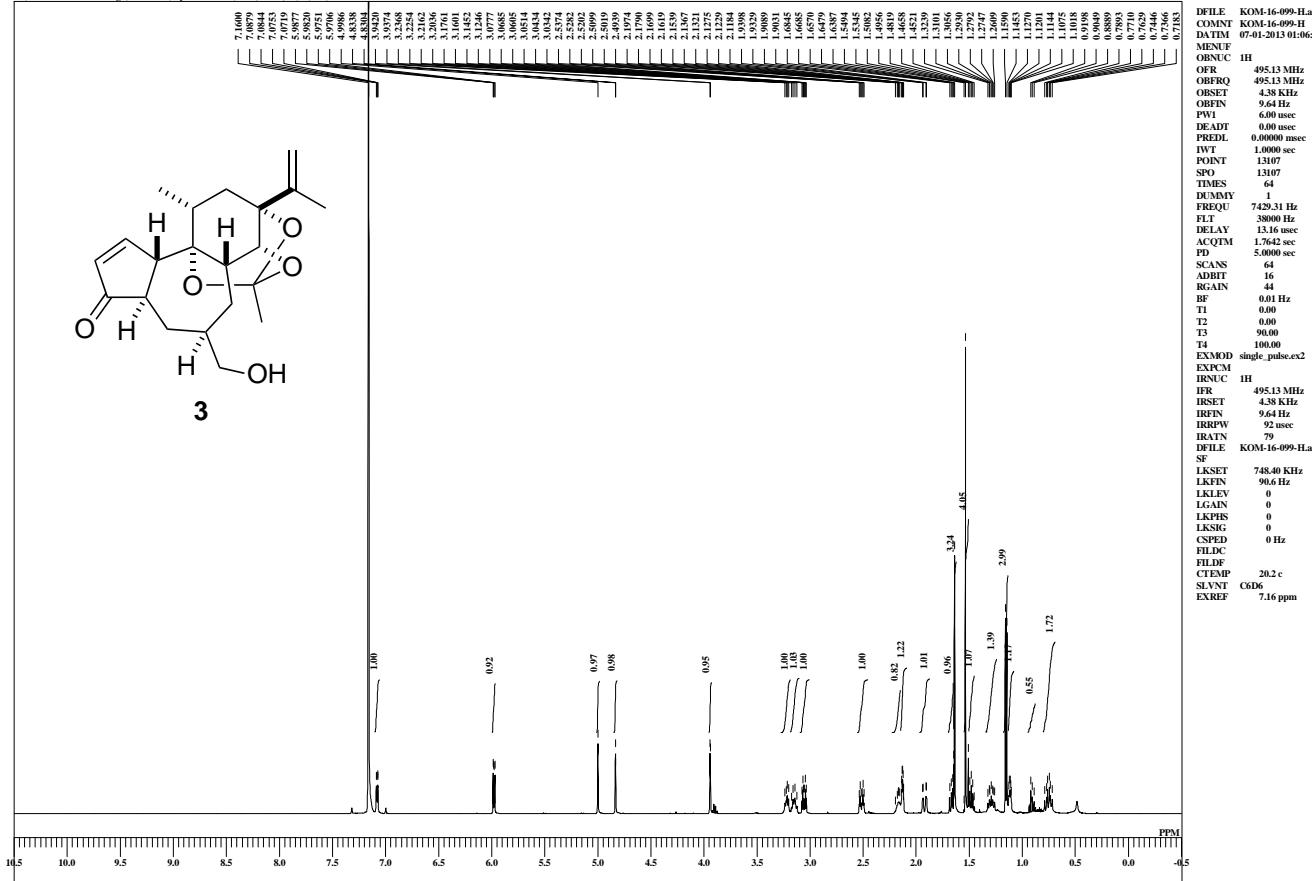
```

DFILE KOM-16-097-C.las
COMNT KOM-16-097-C
DATIM 07-01-2013 07:26:48
MENUF IIC
OFR 99.55 MHz
OBFRQ 99.55 MHz
OBSET 5.13 kHz
OBFIN 0.98 Hz
PVI 3.24 sec
DEADT 0.00 usec
PREDL 0.000000 msec
IWT 1.0000 sec
POINT 26214
SPO 26214
TIMES 12000
DUMMY 4
FREQU 24999.62 Hz
FLT 125000 Hz
DELAY 20.50 usec
ACQTM 1.0486 sec
PPM 24999.62 sec
SCANS 12000
ABIT 16
RGAIN 60
BF 1.00 Hz
TI 0.00
T2 0.00
T3 90.00
T4 100.00
EXMOD single_pulse_de
EXPNCM IH
IRNUC IH
IFR 395.88 MHz
ISRET 6.28 kHz
IRPN 0.87 Hz
IRPW 115 usec
IRATN 79
DFILE KOM-16-097-C.las
SF 13.20 kHz
LKSET 69.6 Hz
LKFUV 0
LGAIN 0
LKPHS 0
LKSIG 0
CSPEED 0 Hz
FIDFC
FIDFC
FIDFC
CTEMP 20.1 c
SLVNT Cd66
EXREF 128.00 ppm

```

KOM-16-099-H

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KOM-16-099-C

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