Supporting Information for

Pd-Catalyzed Oxidative Cross-Coupling Between Two Electron-Rich Heteroarenes

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General information: ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AM300 and AM400 spectrometer. ¹⁹F NMR was recorded on a Bruker AM300 spectrometer (CFCl₃ as outside standard and low field is positive). Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm, and coupling constants (*J*) are in Hertz (Hz). The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad. NMR yield was determined by ¹⁹F NMR using fluorobenzene as an internal standard before working up the reaction.

Materials: All reagents were used as received from commercial sources. All reagents were weighed and handled in air, and refilled with an inert atmosphere of N_2 at room temperature. DMF and DMSO were distilled under reduced pressure from CaH₂. Toluene and 1,4-Dioxane was distilled from sodium and benzophenone immediately before use.

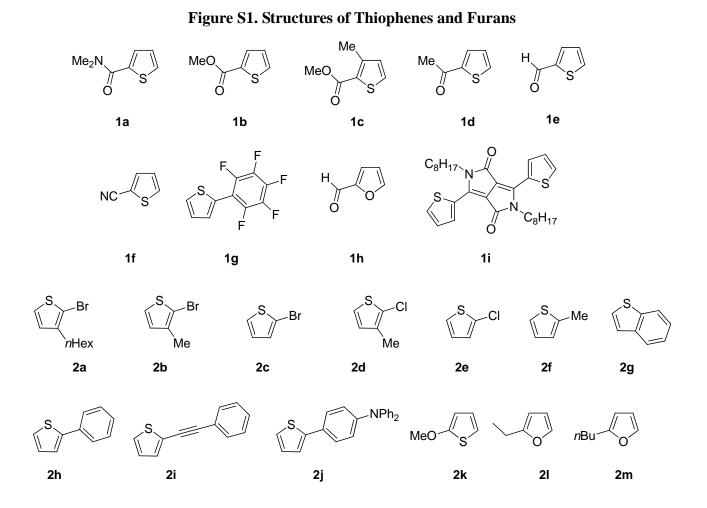
ScreensforPd-CatalyzedOxidativeCross-CouplingofN,N-Dimethylthiophene-2-carboxamide 1a with 2-Bromo-3-hexylthiophene 2a (Table S1). To a25 mL of Schlenck tube were added $Pd(OAc)_2$ (2.5 - 10 mol%), oxidant (1.5 - 3.0 equiv),N,N-dimethylthiophene-2-carboxamide 1a (1.0 - 3.0 equiv) under N2. Solvent (2 mL), additive(0-4.0 equiv), and 2-bromo-3-hexylthiophene 2a (0.3 mmol-0.45 mmol, 1.0 - 1.5 equiv) were thenadded sequentially with stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C (oil bath). After stirringfor 8 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, purified with silica gelchromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 2:1) to give pure product.

Table S1. Pd-Catalyzed Oxidative Cross-Coupling of N,N-Dimethylthiophene-2-carboxamide1a with 2-Bromo-3-hexylthiophene2a.^a

| | Me ₂ N | S + | nHex D | $\frac{Pd(OAc)_2 (x \text{ mol } \%)}{\text{oxidant, additive}} \qquad Me_2 N \qquad S \qquad Br$ | | | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| entry | 1a/2a | 1a X | 2a oxidant | solvent | 3a additive (equiv) | yield ^b | |
| Ũ | | | (equiv) | | | v | |
| 1 | 1/1.5 | 10 | AgOAc (3) | DMF | | ND | |
| 2 | 1/1.5 | 10 | AgOAc (3) | DCE | | ND | |
| 3 | 1/1.5 | 10 | AgOAc (3) | Dioxane | | ND | |
| 4 | 1/1.5 | 10 | AgOAc (3) | DMF/DMSO (V/V 5%) | | 8 | |
| 5 | 1/1.5 | 10 | AgOAc (3) | DMF/DMSO (V/V 1:1) | | 20 | |
| 6 | 1/1.5 | 10 | AgOAc (3) | DMSO | | 28 | |
| 7 | 1/1.5 | 10 | $Cu(OAc)_2$ (1.5) | DMSO | | trace | |
| 8 | 1/1.5 | 10 | $Cu(OAc)_2$ (1.5) | DMSO | K ₂ CO ₃ (2) | trace | |
| 9 | 1/1.5 | 10 | $Cu(OAc)_2$ (1.5) | DMSO | $Cs_2CO_3(2)$ | 9 | |
| 10 | 1/1.5 | 10 | O_2 (1 atm) | DMSO | $K_3PO_4(3)$ | trace | |
| 11 | 1/1.5 | 10 | O_2 (1 atm) | DMSO | $Cs_2CO_3(3)$ | trace | |
| 12 | 1/1.5 | 10 | $Ag_2CO_3(1.5)$ | DMSO | | 24 | |
| 13 | 1/1.5 | 10 | Ag ₂ O (1.5) | DMSO | HOAc (0.5) | 41 | |
| 14 | 1/1.5 | 10 | Ag ₂ O (1.5) | DMSO | PivOH (0.5) | 39 | |
| 15 | 1/1.5 | 10 | Ag ₂ O (1.5) | DMSO | AdOH (0.5) | 35 | |
| 16 | 1/1.5 | 10 | Ag ₂ O (1.5) | DMSO | PhCO ₂ H (0.5) | 42 | |
| 17 | 2/1 | 10 | Ag ₂ O (1.5) | DMSO | PhCOOH (0.5) | 46 | |
| 18 | 2/1 | 10 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | PhCOOH (3) | 60 | |
| 19 | 3/1 | 10 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | PhCOOH (3) | 67 | |
| 20 | 3/1 | 5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | PhCOOH (3) | 72 | |
| 21 | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | PhCOOH (3) | 65 | |
| 22 | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (3) | 71 | |
| 23 | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (2) | 71 | |
| 24 | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (1) | 58 | |
| 25 | 3/1 | 2.5 | Ag ₂ O (3) | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (0.5) | 56 | |
| 26 | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(2)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (4) | 48 | |
| 27 | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(2)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (2) | 57 | |
| 28 | 3/1 | 2.5 | Ag ₂ O (2.5) | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (2) | 63 | |

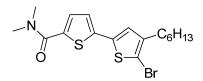
| 29 | 2.5/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (2) | 61 |
|-----------------|-------|-----|------------|------|----------------|----|
| 30 | 2/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (2) | 53 |
| 31 ^c | 3/1 | 2.5 | $Ag_2O(3)$ | DMSO | oPh-PhCOOH (2) | 58 |

^{*a*}Reaction conditions (unless otherwise specified): 0.3 mmol scale, Solvent (2 mL). ^{*b*}Isolated yield. ^{*c*}Reaction run at 90 °C.

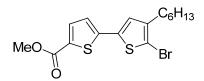


Typical Procedure for Pd-Catalyzed Oxidative Cross-Coupling between Two Thiophenes. To a 25 mL of Schlenck tube were added $Pd(OAc)_2$ (2.5 mol %), Ag_2O (208 mg 3.0 equiv) and [1,1'-biphenyl]-2-carboxylic acid (119 mg, 2.0 equiv) under N₂, followed by DMSO (2 mL) with stirring. Thiophene **1a** (0.9 mmol, 3 equiv) and thiophene **2a** (0.3 mmol, 1 equiv) were then added subsequently. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C (oil bath). After stirring for 8 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1 N HCl and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified with silica gel chromatography to provide pure product.

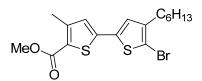
Note: For compounds **3a**, **3m**, **3o-q**, the reaction was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1 N NaOH, 1 N HCl and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated.



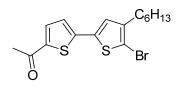
5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-*N***,***N***-dimethyl-**[**2,2'-bithiophene**]**-5-carboxamide** (**3a**)**.** The product (85 mg, 71% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 2:1). m.p. 54 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 3.19 (s, 6H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.7, 143.1, 140.2, 136.4, 135.7, 130.0, 125.4, 122.9, 108.8, 31.5, 29.5, 29.4, 28.8, 22.5, 14.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 3068, 1610 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 401 (M⁺), 399 (M⁺), 274 (100), 243, 171. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₇H₂₂NOS₂Br: 399.0326; Found: 399.0331.



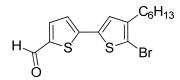
Methyl 5'-bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3b). The product (81 mg, 70% yield) as a yellow liquid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distilled under vacuum to get rid of starting material 1b. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3, 143.4, 143.3, 135.6, 134.1, 131.3, 125.8, 123.6, 109.7, 52.2, 31.5, 29.51, 29.47, 28.8, 22.5, 14.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2952, 2927, 1716 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 388 (M⁺), 386 (M⁺), 237 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₆H₁₉O₂S₂Br: 386.0010; Found: 386.0008.



Methyl 5'-bromo-4'-hexyl-4-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (**3c**). The product (77 mg, 64% yield) as a yellow liquid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distilled under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1c**. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.52 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.51(s, 3H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.31 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H).¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 147.1, 143.2, 140.5, 135.7, 127.5, 125.6, 124.4, 109.4, 51.7, 31.5, 29.44, 29.40, 28.8, 22.5, 16.0, 14.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2953, 1713, 1466 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 402 (M⁺), 400 (M⁺), 251, 43(100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₇H₂₁O₂S₂Br: 400.0166; Found: 400.0161.

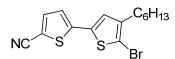


1-(5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl)ethanone (**3d**). 5% of Pd(OAc)₂ was used. The product (85 mg, 76%) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distilled under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1d**. m.p. 69 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), δ 7.06 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 2.54 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.3, 145.0, 143.5, 142.4, 135.6, 133.2, 126.2, 123.9, 110.2, 31.5, 29.6, 29.5, 28.4, 26.5, 22.6, 14.1. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2923, 1652 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): m/z (%) 372 (M⁺), 370 (M⁺), 221, 43(100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₆H₁₉OS₂Br: 370.0061; Found: 370.0065.

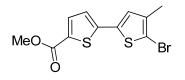


5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (**3e**). 5% of $Pd(OAc)_2$ was used. This compound is known.² The product (77 mg, 72% yield) as a yellow liquid was purified by silica chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distilled under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1e**. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.85 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), δ 7.14

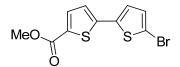
(d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 2.54 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 182.4, 146.2, 143.6, 141.6, 137.2, 135.3, 126.7, 124.0, 110.9, 31.5, 29.5, 29.4, 28.8, 22.5, 14.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2954, 1664, 1460 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): m/z (%) 358 (M⁺), 356 (M⁺), 207 (100), 43. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₅H₁₇OBrS₂: 355.9904; Found: 355.9901.



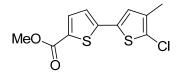
5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbonitrile (3f). The product (56 mg, 53%) as a yellow solid was purified by silica chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1). m.p. 49 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), δ 7.03 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 2.54 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (m, 2H) , 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.8, 143.6, 138.2, 134.1, 126.6, 123.2, 114.0, 110.7, 107.5, 31.5, 29.52, 29.46, 28.8, 22.5, 14.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2922, 2852, 2222, 1580, 1457 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 355 (M⁺), 353 (M⁺), 204, 86, 84 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₅H₁₆NS₂Br: 352.9908; Found: 352.9906



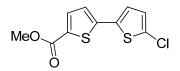
Methyl 5'-bromo-4'-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3g). The product (67 mg, 71% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distilled under vacuum to get rid of starting material 1b. m.p. 90 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3, 143.2, 138.4, 135.4, 134.2, 131.3, 126.8, 123.7, 110.1, 52.2, 15.2. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2921, 2850, 1717, 1470 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 318 (M⁺), 316 (M⁺, 100), 287, 285, 213. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₁H₉O₂S₂Br: 315.9227; Found: 315.9226.



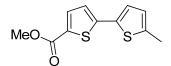
Methyl 5'-bromo-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (**3h**). The product (55 mg, 62% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distillated under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1b**. This compound is known.³ m.p. 108 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H).



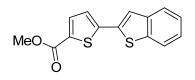
Methyl 5'-chloro-4'-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3i). The product (57 mg, 70% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distillated under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1b**. m.p. 86 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3, 143.3, 135.5, 134.1, 132.2, 131.3, 126.5, 125.5, 123.6, 52.2, 13.5. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2924, 1708 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 274 (M⁺), 272 (M⁺,100), 243, 241, 169. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₁H₉O₂S₂Cl: 271.9733; Found: 271.9738.



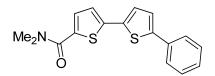
Methyl 5'-chloro-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3j). The product (48 mg, 61% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distillated under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1b**. This compound is known.⁴ m.p. 87 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3, 143.0, 134.2, 131.6, 130.6, 127.2, 124.3, 123.9, 52.3. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2919, 1717 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 260 (M⁺), 258 (M⁺), 229, 227 (100), 155, 157. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₀H₇O₂S₂Cl: 257.9576; Found: 257.9578.



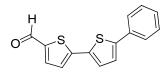
Methyl 5'-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (**3k**). The product (38 mg, 53% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distillated under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1b**. This compound is known.⁵ m.p. 106 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 144.7, 141.2, 134.2, 133.9, 130.4, 126.3, 125.2, 123.1, 52.1, 15.4. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2917, 1708 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 238 (M⁺, 100), 207, 179, 135. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₁H₁₀O₂S₂: 238.0122; Found: 238.0126.



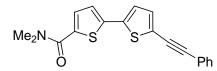
Methyl 5-(benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)thiophene-2-carboxylate (3l). The product (49 mg, 60% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distillated under vacuum to get rid of starting material **1b**. This compound is known.⁴ m.p. 139 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4, 144.0, 140.0, 139.5, 135.9, 134.2, 132.3, 125.2, 125.1, 124.9, 123.9, 122.2, 121.4, 52.3. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2918, 2849, 1716 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 275 (M⁺ + H⁺), 274 (M⁺, 100), 243, 171, 149. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₄H₁₀O₂S₂: 274.0122; Found: 274.0121.



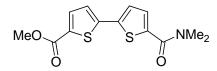
N,*N*-dimethyl-5'-phenyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (3m). The product (60 mg, 64%) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 2:1). m.p. 172 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.22(s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.8, 144.2, 140.8, 136.2, 135.5, 133.7, 130.2, 128.8, 127.7, 125.5, 123.8, 122.8. IR (thin film): v_{max} 3108, 1601, 1407 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): m/z (%) 314 (M⁺ + H⁺), 313 (M⁺), 269 (100), 197. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₇H₁₅NOS₂: 313.0595; Found: 313.0590.



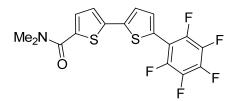
5'-Phenyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (**3n**). The product (53 mg, 65%) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1). m.p. 121 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.87 (s, 1H),7.69 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz 2H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz 2H), 7.35(d, *J* = 3.9 Hz 2H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 182.4, 147.2, 146.1, 141.5, 137.4, 135.0, 133.4, 129.0, 128.2, 127.1, 125.8, 124.2, 124.0. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 270 (M⁺,100) 241, 197. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₅H₁₀OS₂: 270.0173; Found: 270.0175.



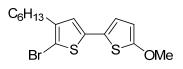
N,*N*-dimethyl-5'-(phenylethynyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (30). The product (53 mg, 52% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl ether = 2:1). m.p. 124 °C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.10 (m, 2H), 3.21 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 139.9, 137.6, 136.9, 132.8, 131.3, 130.0, 128.5, 128.3, 124.5, 123.4, 123.0, 122.5, 94.6, 82.3. IR (thin film): v_{max} 3062, 2915, 2180, 1595 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m*/*z* (%) 338 (M⁺ + H⁺), 337 (M⁺), 293, 221, 43 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₉H₁₅NOS₂: 337.0595; Found: 337.0592.



Methyl 5'-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3p). 3 equiv of 1a was used. The product (61 mg, 69% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 2:1). m.p. 163 °C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J = 3.6 Hz, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.20 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.5, 162.3, 142.9, 139.4, 138.1, 134.2, 132.3, 130.0, 124.8, 124.5, 52.2. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2922, 1707, 1695 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): m/z (%) 295 (M⁺), 251 (100), 179. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₃H₁₃NO₃S₂: 295.0337; Found: 295.0335.

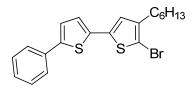


N,*N*-Dimethyl-5'-(perfluorophenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (3q). 3 equiv of 1a was used. The product (72 mg, 60% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 2:1). m.p. 185 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 143.9 (dm, *J* = 251.6 Hz), 139.9 (dm, *J* = 257.0 Hz), 139.5, 139.0(t, *J* = 4.1 Hz), 138.0 (dm, *J* = 255.7 Hz), 137.5, 131.1(t, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 126.1 (m), 124.7, 123.9, 109.5(dt, *J* = 4.1,10.7 Hz), 37.4; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -139.1 (m, 2F), -154.9 (m, 1F), -161.3 (m, 2F). IR (thin film): v_{max} 2920, 1602, 1526, 1490 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 403 (M⁺), 359 (100), 287. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₇H₁₀NOS₂F₅: 403.0124; Found: 403.0127.

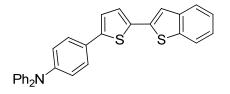


5-Bromo-4-hexyl-5'-methoxy-2,2'-bithiophene (3r). The reaction was run in a sealed tube with 3 equiv of **2j**. The product (60 mg, 56% yield) as a yellow liquid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether(100%)). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.72 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.10 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (m, 2H) , 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.6, 142.6, 137.4, 123.1, 123.0, 121.4, 106.1, 104.3, 60.2, 31.6, 29.6, 29.55, 28.9, 22.6, 14.1. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2955, 1539, 1499 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 360 (M⁺ + H⁺), 358 (M⁺), 345, 343, 84 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₅H₁₉OBrS₂: 358.0061; Found: 358.0057.

5-Methoxy-5'-methyl-2,2'-bithiophene (3s). The reaction was run in a sealed tube with 3 equiv of **2f**. The product (27 mg, 44% yield) as a yellow liquid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether(100%)). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.80 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.71(d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.46 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.0, 138.0, 135.6, 125.6, 124.2, 122.1, 120.5, 104.2, 60.2, 15.3. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2921, 2851, 1540, 1507 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 211 (M⁺ + H⁺), 210 (M⁺), 195 (100), 167. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₀H₁₀OS₂: 210.0173; Found: 210.0175.

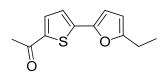


5-Bromo-4-hexyl-5'-phenyl-2,2'-bithiophene (3t). The product (80 mg, 66% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether(100%)) and then distilled under vacuum to get rid of starting material **2h**. m.p. 50 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.33 (m, 6H), 0.93 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100.5 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 142.9, 136.7, 135.9, 133.8, 128.9, 127.6, 125.5, 124.4, 124.2, 123.6, 107.6, 31.6, 29.6, 29.5, 28.9, 22.6, 14.1. MS (EI): *m*/*z* (%) 406 (M⁺), 404 (M⁺), 255 (100), 160. HRMS: Calculated for C₂₀H₂₁S₂Br: 404.0268; Found: 404.0267.

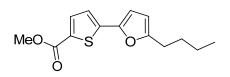


4-(5-(benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-diphenylaniline (3u). The product (73 mg, 53% yield) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether: /Ethyl Acetate = 100:1). m.p. 196 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.23 (m, 7H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 5H), 7.08-7.03

(m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (150.8 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.5, 147.3, 144.3, 140.4, 138.9, 137.3, 135.6, 129.3, 127.7, 126.4, 126.0, 124.7, 124.6, 124.4, 123.4, 123.3, 123.2, 122.8, 122.0, 119.2. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 459(M⁺), 266, 105 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₃₀H₂₁NS₂: 459.1115; Found: 459.1114

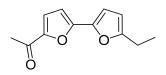


1-(5-(5-Ethylfuran-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)ethanone (3v). To a 25 mL of sealed tube were added Pd(TFA)₂ (10 mol %), AgOAc (150 mg 3.0 equiv) and 1.10-phen (10.8 mg, 0.2 equiv) under N₂, followed by DMA (0.5 mL), DMSO (1.5 mL) with stirring. Thiophene **1e** (0.3 mmol, 1 equiv) and furan **2k** (0.9 mmol, 3 equiv) were then added subsequently. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C (oil bath). After stirring for 8 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate, filtered, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The residue was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) to provide pure product (33 mg, 50% yield) as a pale yellow solid. m.p. 55 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.4, 159.1, 146.7, 142.2, 141.3, 133.3, 121.8, 109.0, 106.8, 26.5, 21.5, 12.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 1647 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 220 (M⁺), 205 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₂H₁₂O₂S: 220.0558; Found: 220.0560.

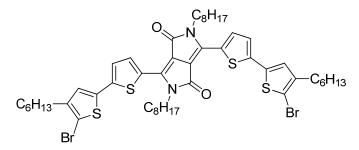


1-(5-(5-Ethylfuran-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)ethanone (3w). To a 25 mL of sealed tube were added $Pd(TFA)_2$ (10 mol %), AgOAc (150 mg 3.0 equiv) and 1.10-phen (10.8 mg, 0.2 equiv) under N₂, followed by DMA (0.5 mL), DMSO (1.5 mL) with stirring. Thiophene **1b** (0.3 mmol, 1 equiv) and furan **2l** (0.9 mmol, 3 equiv) were then added subsequently. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C (oil bath). After stirring for 8 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate, filtered, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The residue

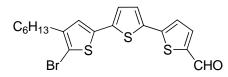
was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) to provide pure product (39 mg, 49% yield) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 157.6, 146.7, 140.7, 134.1, 130.1, 121.5, 108.2, 107.3, 52.0, 30.0, 27.8, 22.2, 13.7.MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 264 (M⁺), 221 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₄H₁₆O₃S: 264.0820; Found: 264.0818.



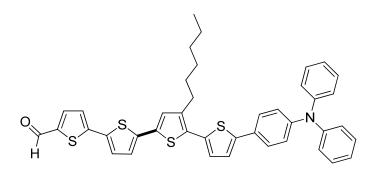
1-(5'-Ethyl-[2,2'-bifuran]-5-yl)ethanone (3x). The product (15 mg, 25% yield) as a pale yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1). m.p. 81 ^oC. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 186.0, 159.6, 151.0, 150.4, 143.5, 119.7, 109.6, 106.6, 106.2, 25.9, 21.5, 12.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2918, 1652, 1540 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 204 (M⁺), 189 (100), 133, 86, 84. HRMS: Calculated for C₁₂H₁₂O₃: 204.0786; Found: 204.0784.



3,6-bis(5'-bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl)-2,5-dioctylpyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,4(2H,5H)dione (3y). The reaction was run on a 0.1 mmol scale in 3 mL DMSO and 5 mol % Pd(OAc)₂ was used. The product **3y** (42 mg, 41% yield) as a purple-black solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 8:1). m.p. 157 °C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.84 (br, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (br, 2H), 4.05 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 2.55 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.60 (m, 4H), 1.43-1.25 (m, 30H), 0.92-0.85 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.0, 143.5, 141.9, 138.8, 136.3, 135.5, 128.1, 125.8, 124.6, 110.0, 108.2, 42.2, 31.8, 31.6, 30.0, 29.7, 29.6, 29.20, 29.19, 28.9, 26.9, 22.7, 22.62, 22.60, 14.1. MS (MALDI): m/z (%) 1018 (M⁺), 1017 (M⁺), 1016 (M⁺), 1014 (M⁺), 1012 (M⁺). HRMS (MALDI): Calculated for C₅₀H₆₆O₂N₂S₄Br₂: 1012.2368; Found: 1012.2362.

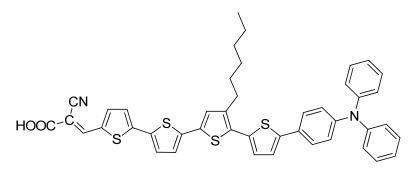


5''-Bromo-4''-hexyl-[2,2':5',2''-terthiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (5). 3 equiv of **2a** and 5 mol% of Pd(OAc)₂ were used. The product (93 mg, 71% yield (0.3 mmol scale); 534 mg, 68% yield (1.8 mmol scale in 5 mL DMSO)) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether/ Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) and then distillated under vacuum to get rid of starting material **4**. This compound is known.² ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.85 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), δ 7.22 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), δ 7.01 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.33 (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 182.3, 146.5, 143.2, 141.6, 138.3, 137.3, 135.7, 134.5, 126.8, 125.1, 124.4, 124.0, 108.8, 31.5, 29.54, 29.50, 28.8, 22.5, 14.0. IR (thin film): v_{max} 2925, 2854, 1663, 1507, 1464, 1440 cm⁻¹. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 440 (M⁺), 438 (M⁺), 289, 194, 57 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₉H₁₉OBrS₃: 437.9781; Found: 437.9778.

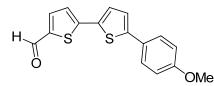


5'''-(4-(diphenylamino)phenyl)-4''-hexyl-[2,2':5',2'':5'',2'''-quaterthiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (6). To a 25 mL of Schlenck tube were added $Pd(OAc)_2$ (6.0 mg, 5 mol%), PPh_3 (13.1 mg 10 mol%), K_2CO_3 (138 mg 2.0 equiv), **5** (220 mg, 1.0 equiv) and **2r** (250 mg, 1.5 equiv) under N₂. DMF (2.5 mL) was then added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C (oil bath). After stirring for 8 h, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with CH_2Cl_2 , filtered, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The residue was purified with silica gel

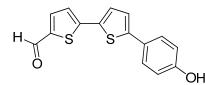
chromatography (Petroleum ether/ Ethyl Acetate = 50:1) to give pure product (253 mg, 74% yield) as a deep brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 5H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.15 (m, 5H), 7.00-7.07 (m, 7H), 2.76 (br, 2H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 182.2, 147.34, 147.28, 146.7, 144.1, 141.4, 140.1, 138.9, 137.2, 134.1, 134.0, 133.5, 131.0, 129.2, 127.8, 127.3, 126.7, 126.3, 124.5, 124.2, 123.8, 123.4, 123.1, 122.5, 31.6, 30.4, 29.5, 29.2, 22.6, 14.1. MS (MALDI): *m/z* (%) 685.2 (M⁺,100), 614.1, 581.1 HRMS: Calculated for C₄₁H₃₅NOS₄: 685.1601; Found: 685.1585.



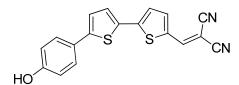
2-cyano-3-(5'''-(4-(diphenylamino)phenyl)-4''-hexyl-[2,2':5',2'':5'',2'''-quaterthiophen]-5-yl)ac rylic (7). A solution of **6** (150 mg, 0.22 mml), 2-cyanoacetic acid (94 mg, 5.0 equiv) and ammonium acetate (51 mg, 3.0 equiv) in acetic acid (25 mL) was refluxed for 3 h in a flask. After cooled to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄. After filtration, the product (161 mg, 98% yield) was obtained as a dark brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, *d*6-DMSO) δ 13.70 (br, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 7H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 4H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H) , 1.32-1.25 (m, 6H), 0.83 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, *d*6-DMSO) δ 163.6, 147.0, 146.8, 146.2, 145.2, 143.3, 141.4, 140.2, 138.0, 134.0, 133.6, 133.2, 133.0, 130.2, 129.6, 128.1, 127.2, 127.1, 126.4, 125.4, 125.0, 124.4, 123.5, 123.4, 122.9, 116.6, 98.0, 31.1, 29.7, 29.0, 28.7, 22.1, 14.0. MS (MALDI): *m/z* (%) 752.2 (M⁺,100),708.2, 681.1 HRMS: Calculated for C₄₄H₃₆N₂O₂S₄: 752.1660; Found: 752.1646.



5'-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (**9**). 3 equiv of **1e** was used. The product (65 mg, 72%, 0.3 mmol scale) as a yellow solid was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /Ethyl Acetate = 50:1). This compound is known.^{6 1}H NMR (300 MHz, *d6*-DMSO) δ 9.84 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H).



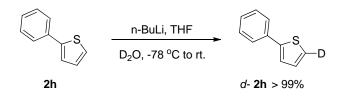
5'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (10). To a solution of compound **9** (77 mg, 0.26 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added BBr₃ (4N in dichloromethane, 73 uL, 1.1 equiv) at 0 °C. After the reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h, additional BBr₃ (80 uL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, and diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting mixture was washed with water and concentrated. The residue was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 4:1) to give product **10** (62 mg, 84% yield) as a yellow solid. m.p. 229 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, *d6*-DMSO) δ 9.85 (s, 1H), 9.81 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, *d6*-DMSO) δ 183.8, 158.0, 145.9, 145.8, 140.8, 139.4, 132.6, 128.3, 127.0, 124.7, 123.9, 123.4, 116.0. MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 286 (M⁺), 84, 66 (100). HRMS: Calculated for C₁₅H₁₀O₂S₂: 286.0122; Found: 286.0119.



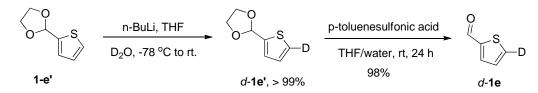
2-((5'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl)methylene)malononitrile (11). To a solution of 10 (34 mg, 0.12 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) were added piperidine (1 drop) and malononitrile (20 mg, 2.4 equiv) at room temperature. After the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h. The reaction was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 and washed. The resulting mixture was concentrated and the

residue was purified with silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 2:1) to give product **11** (30 mg, 75% yield) as a dark-red solid. This compound is known.⁸ m.p. 242-246 °C (lit.⁸ 235-240 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, *d*6-acetone) d 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dm, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dm, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H).

Kinetic isotope effect studies

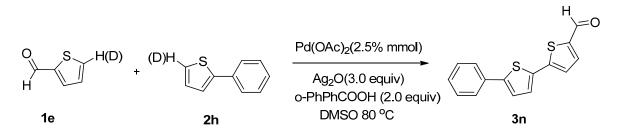


To an over-dried round bottom flask were added **2h** (10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), THF (20 mL) under N₂. The solution was cooled to -78 °C and *n*-BuLi (4.4 mL, 2.5 M in hexane, 1.1equiv) was added slowly. After stirring for 1 h, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and re-cool to -20 °C. D₂O (0.6 mL) was added slowly and the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The product was purified with silica gel chromatography (100% petroleum ether) to give *d*-2h in >99% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 2 H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1 H).



Compound **1-e'** was prepared according to the literature.⁷ Preparation of *d*-**1e'** is similar with *d*-**2h**. Compound *d*-**1e** was prepared by deprotection of *d*-**1e'** with p-toluenesulfonic acid (catalytic amount) in THF/water (4/1) in almost quantity yield (98%). *d*-**1e**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.97 (s, 1 H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1 H).

Kinetic isotope experiments.



The initial rate measurements were carried out on a 0.3 mmol scale. The reactions were carried out according to standard procedure, stopped after the corresponding reaction time (10 min-120 min) immediately cooled to room temperature. Then 100 uL internal and standard (1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene in DMSO (0.1 mmol/mL)) was added. The yield was determined by GC. The obtained yields were plotted as concentration [3n] vs. time t (Figure S1). From the diagram, the following initial rates were calculated:

 $K_{\rm H} = 2.238 \times 10^{-4} \, \rm{mmol} \cdot \rm{mL}^{-1} \cdot \rm{min}^{-1}$ $K_{\rm D(dle-2h)} = 8.570 \times 10^{-5} \, \rm{mmol} \cdot \rm{mL}^{-1} \cdot \rm{min}^{-1}$ $K_{\rm D(le-d2h)} = 5.454 \times 10^{-5} \, \rm{mmol} \cdot \rm{mL}^{-1} \cdot \rm{min}^{-1}$

Therefore, the $k_{\rm H}/k_{\rm D (d1e-2h)} = 2.6$; $k_{\rm H}/k_{\rm D (1e-d2h)} = 4.1$

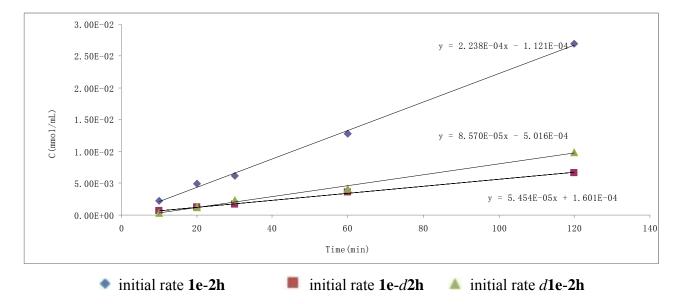


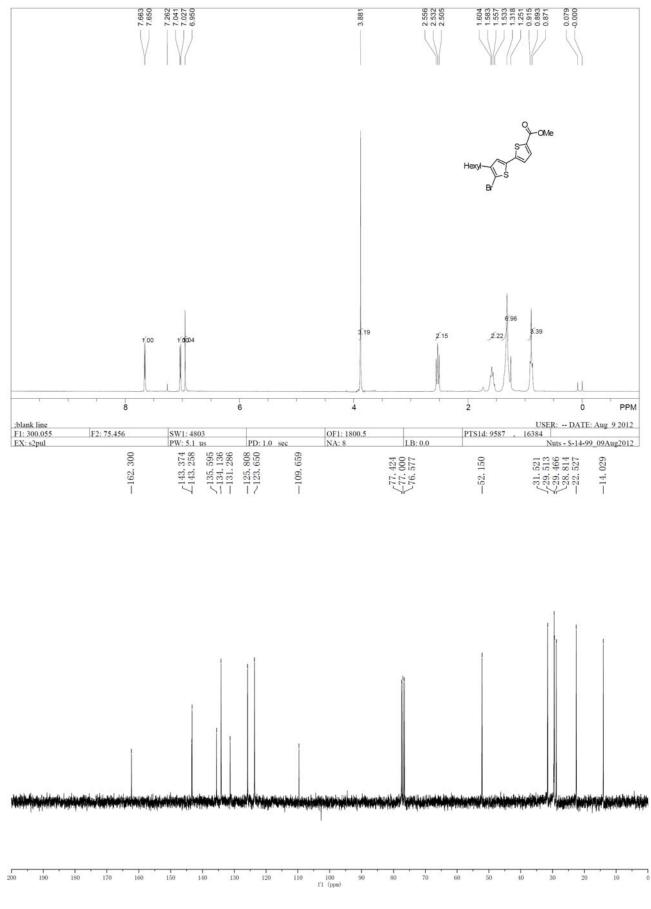
Figure S1. Initial rates of the standard reaction 1e-2h (blue), 1e-d2h (red), and d1e-2h (green).

References:

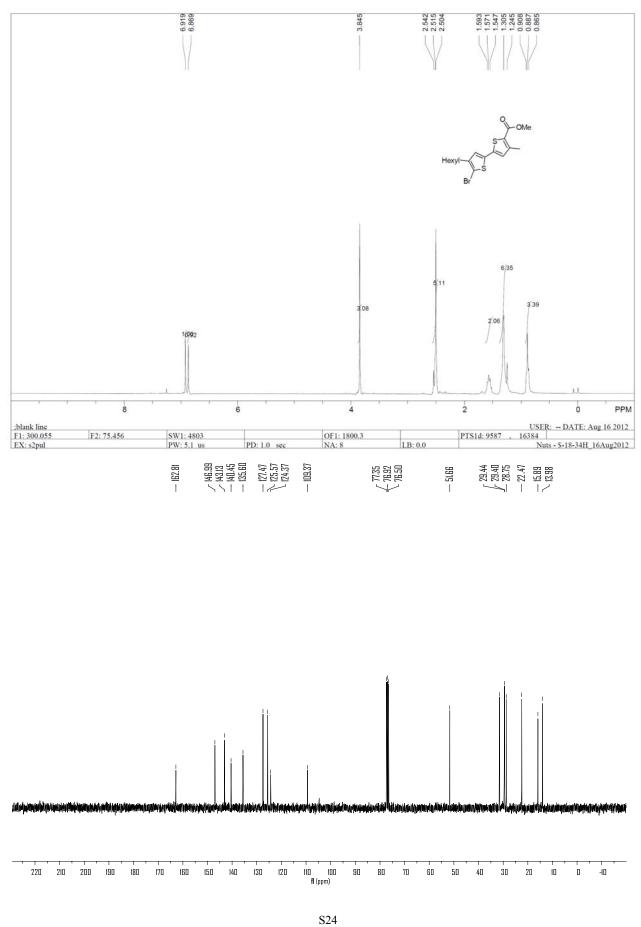
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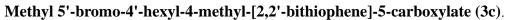


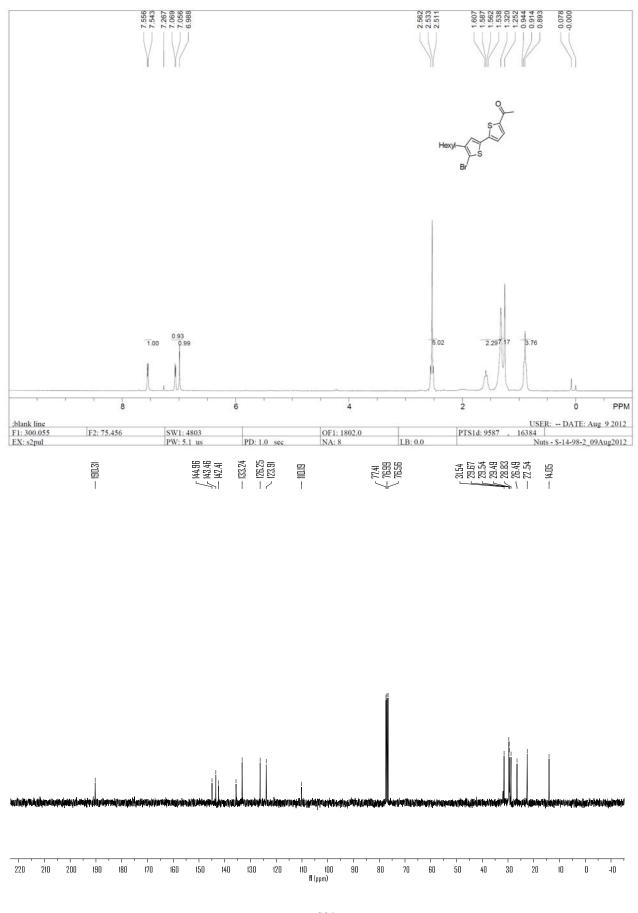
5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (3a).



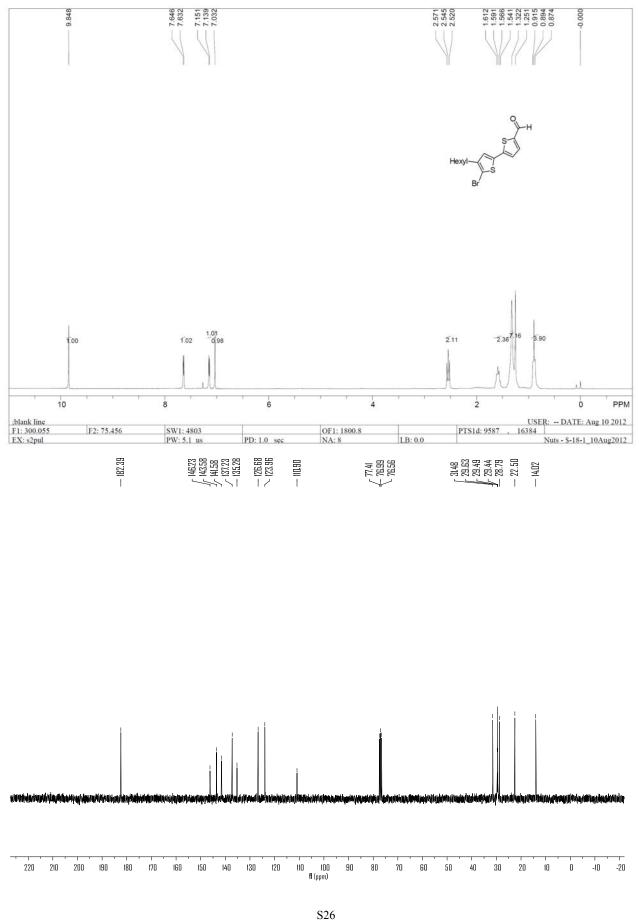
Methyl 5'-bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3b).



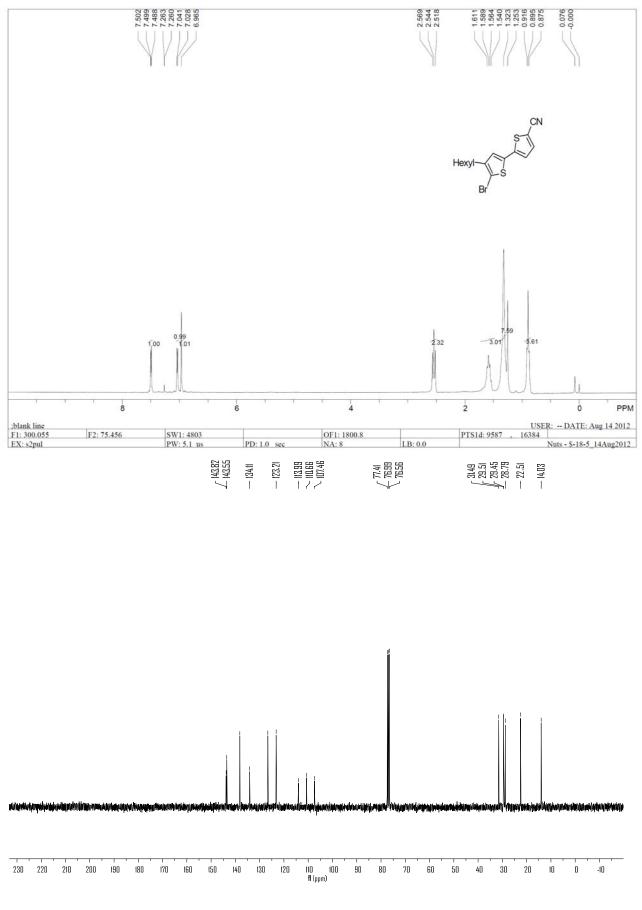




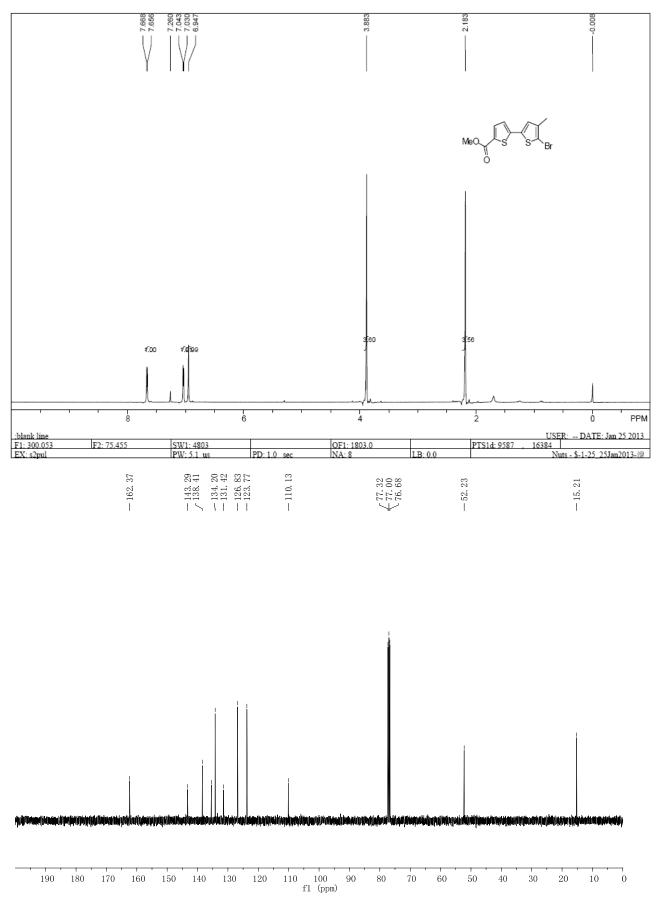
1-(5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl)ethanone (3d).



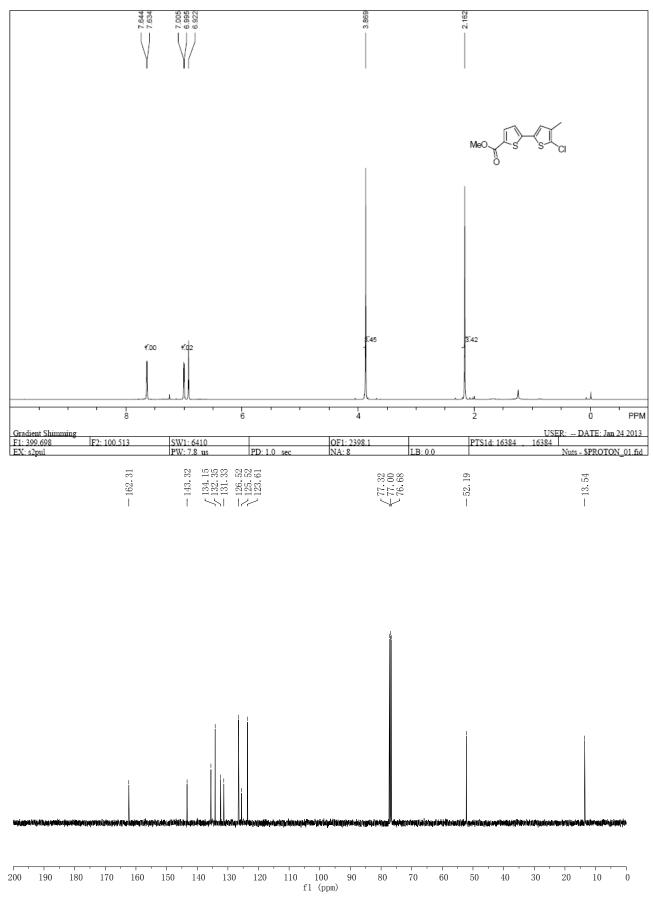
5'-Bromo-4'-hexyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (3e).



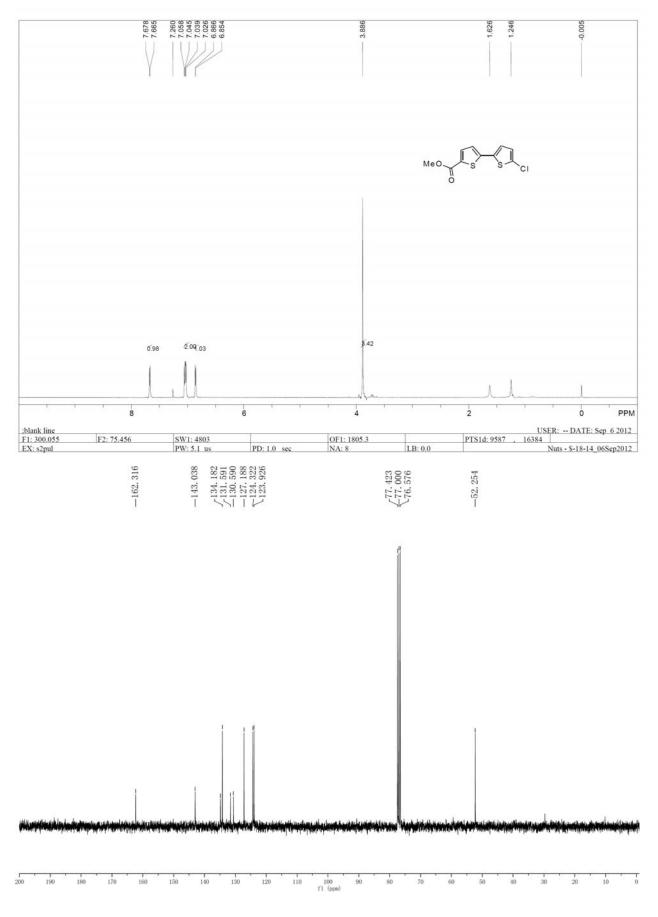


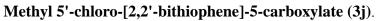


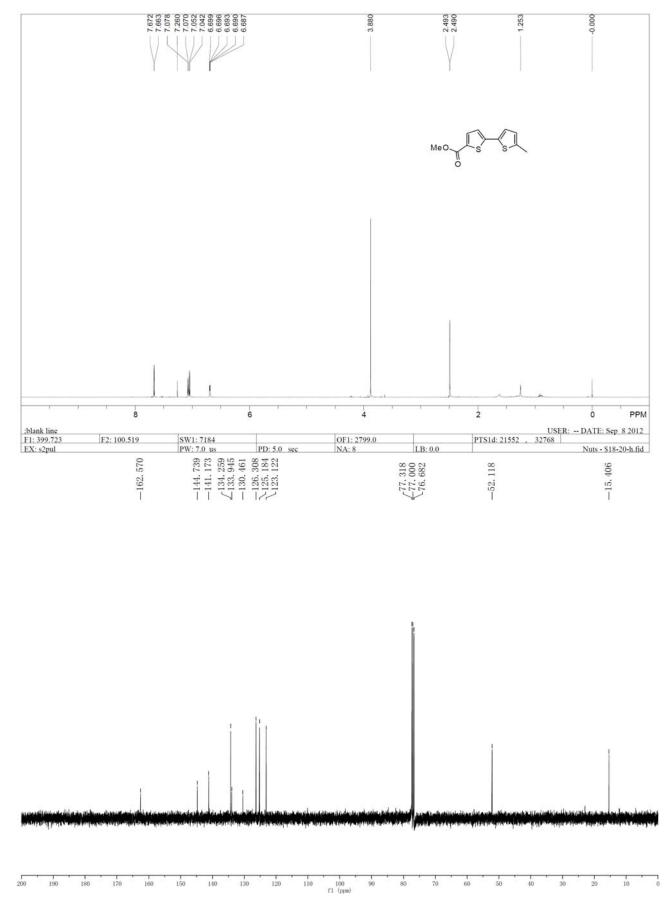
Methyl 5'-bromo-4'-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3g).



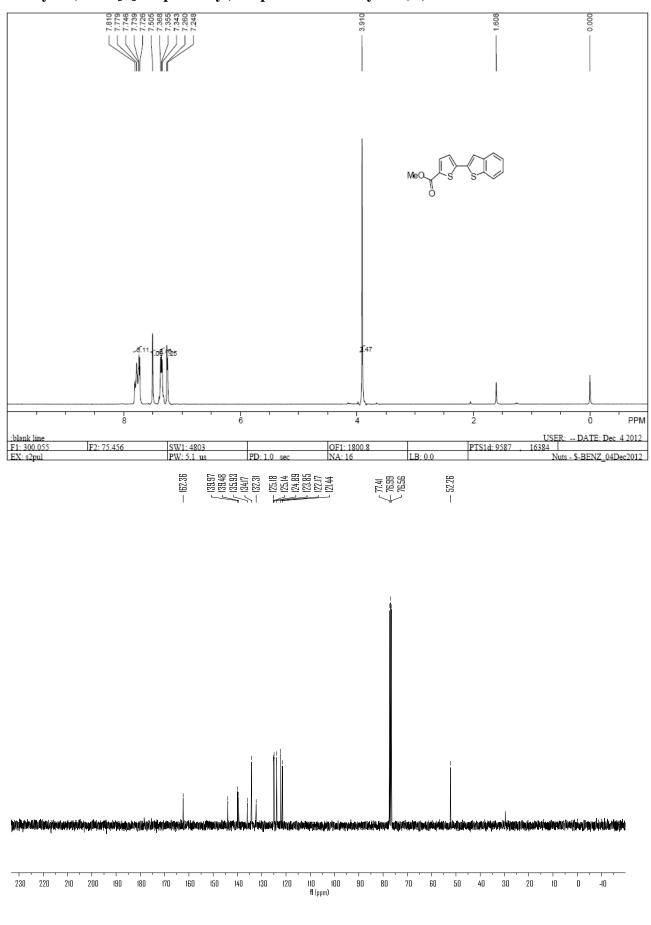
Methyl 5'-chloro-4'-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3i).



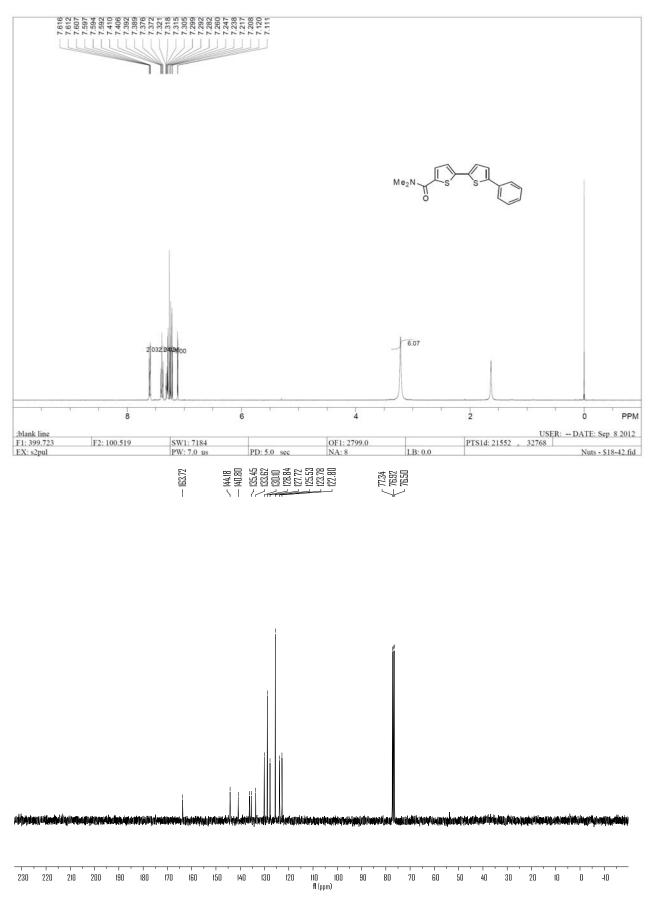




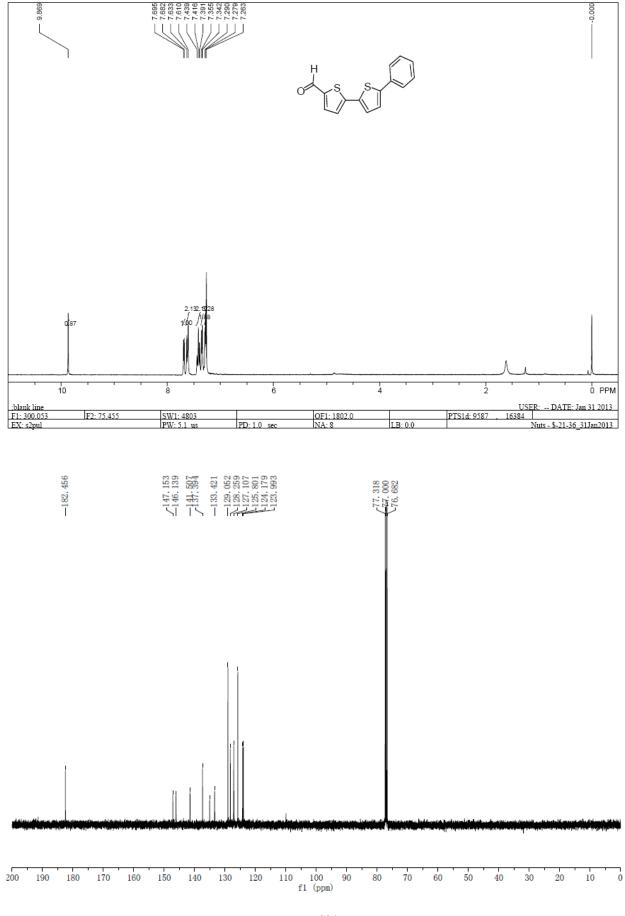
Methyl 5'-methyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxylate (3k).



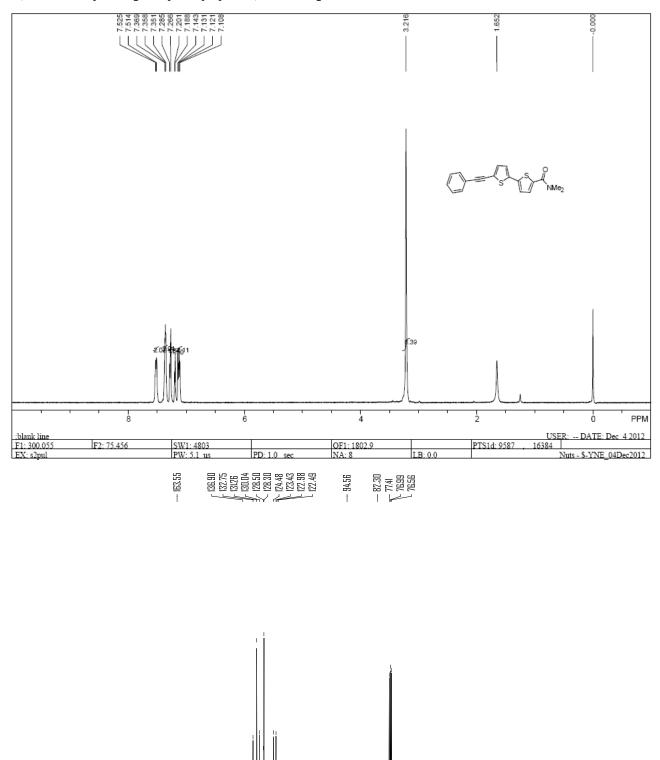
Methyl 5-(benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)thiophene-2-carboxylate (3l).



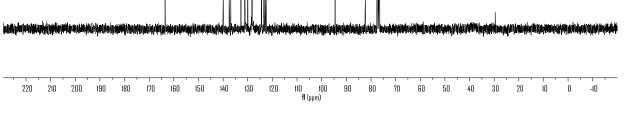
N,*N*-Dimethyl-5'-phenyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (3m).

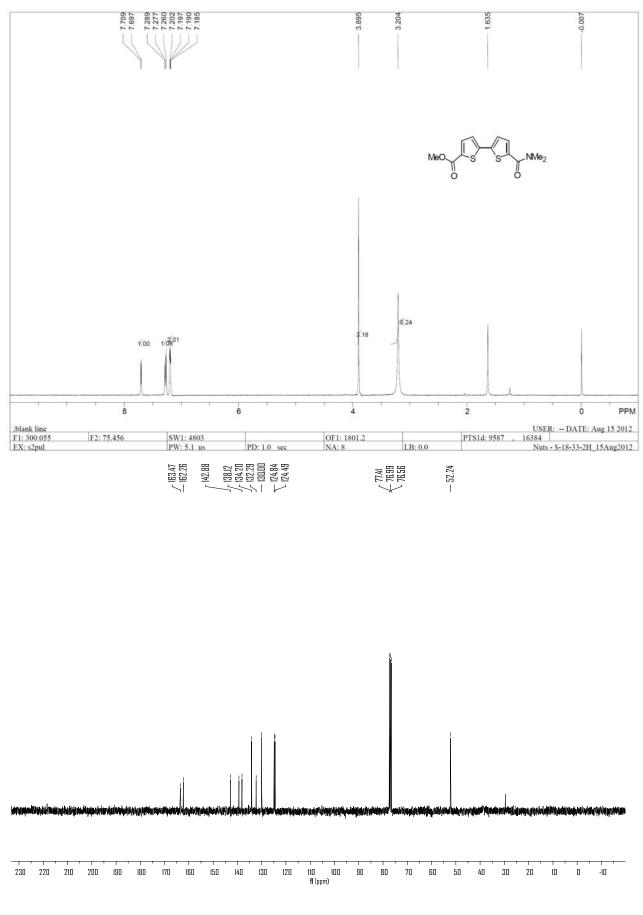


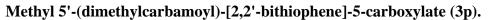
5'-Phenyl-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (3n).

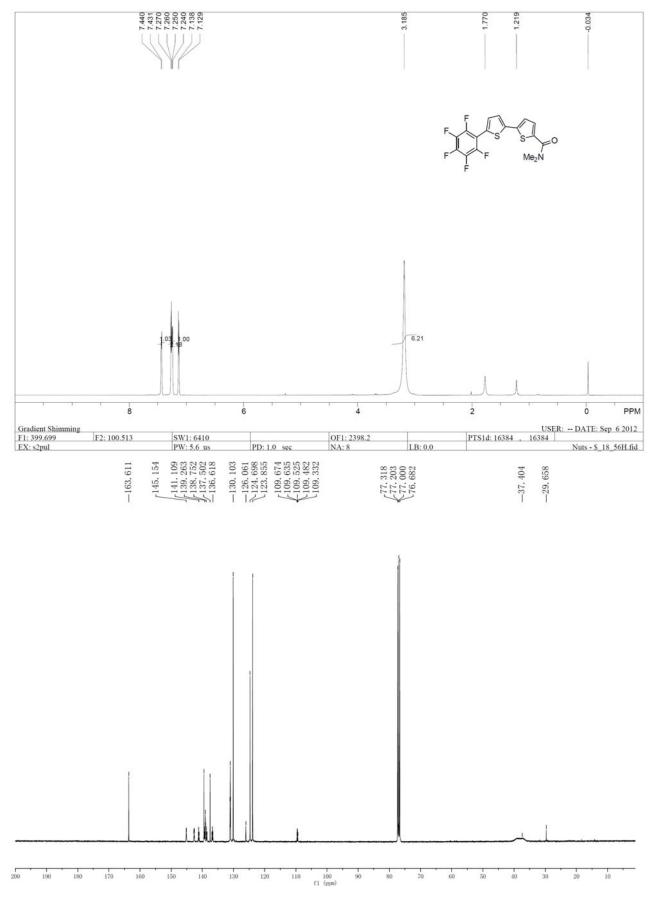


N, N-Dimethyl-5'-(phenylethynyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (30).

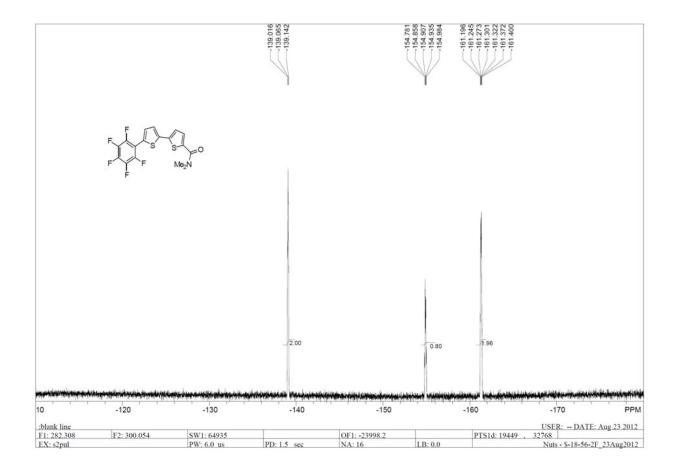


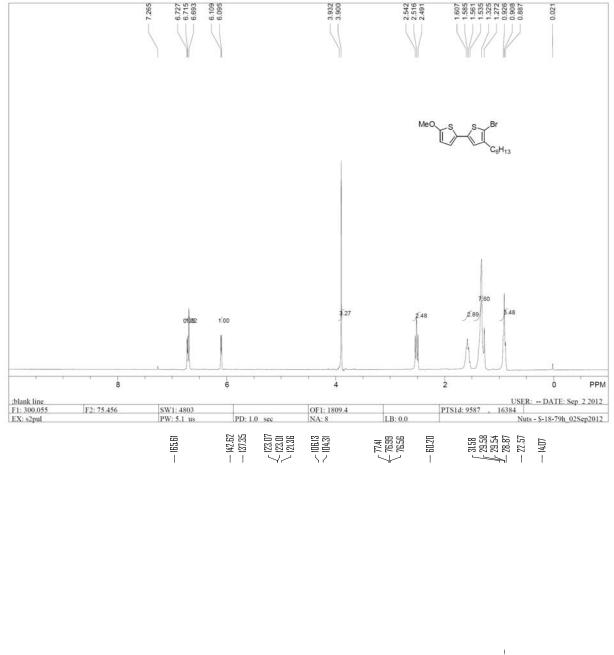




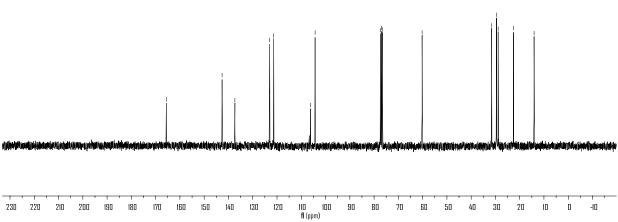


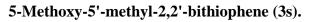
N,N-dimethyl-5'-(perfluorophenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carboxamide (3q).

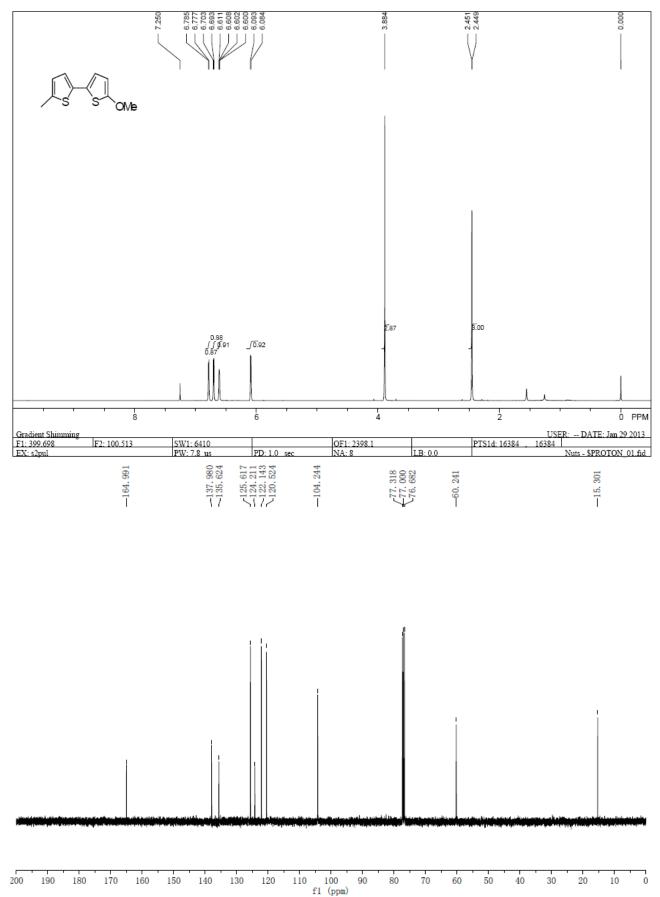


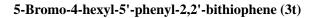


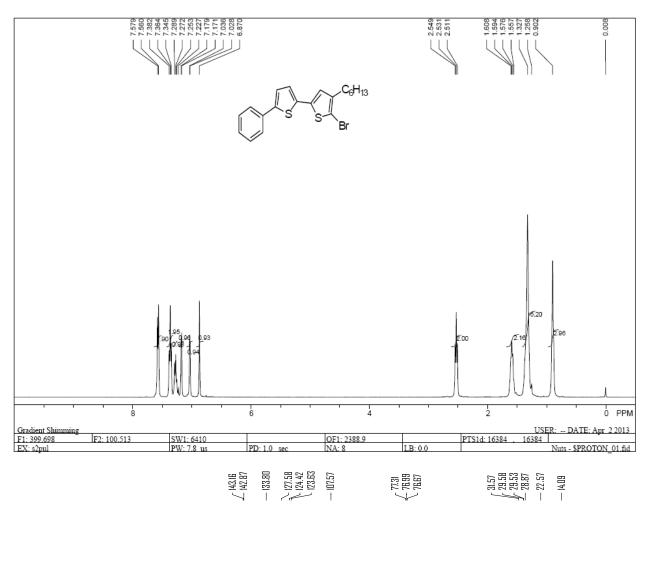
5-Bromo-4-hexyl-5'-methoxy-2,2'-bithiophene (3r).

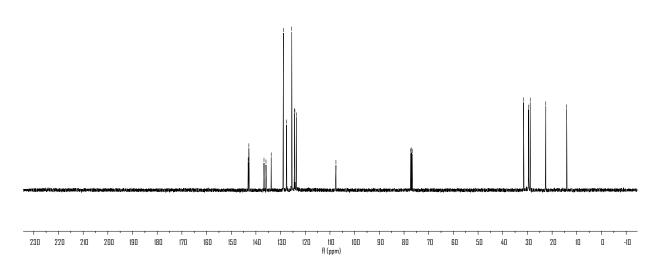


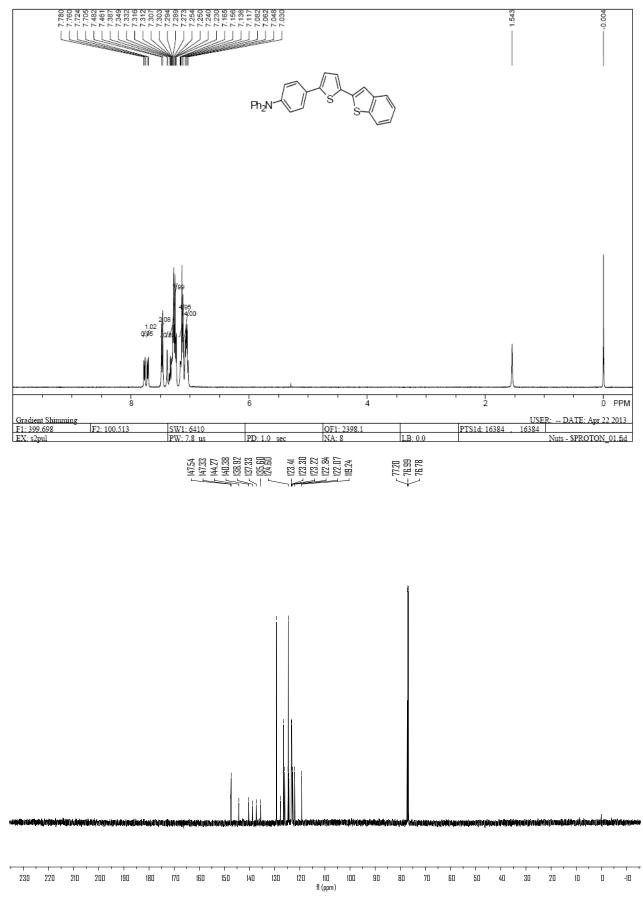




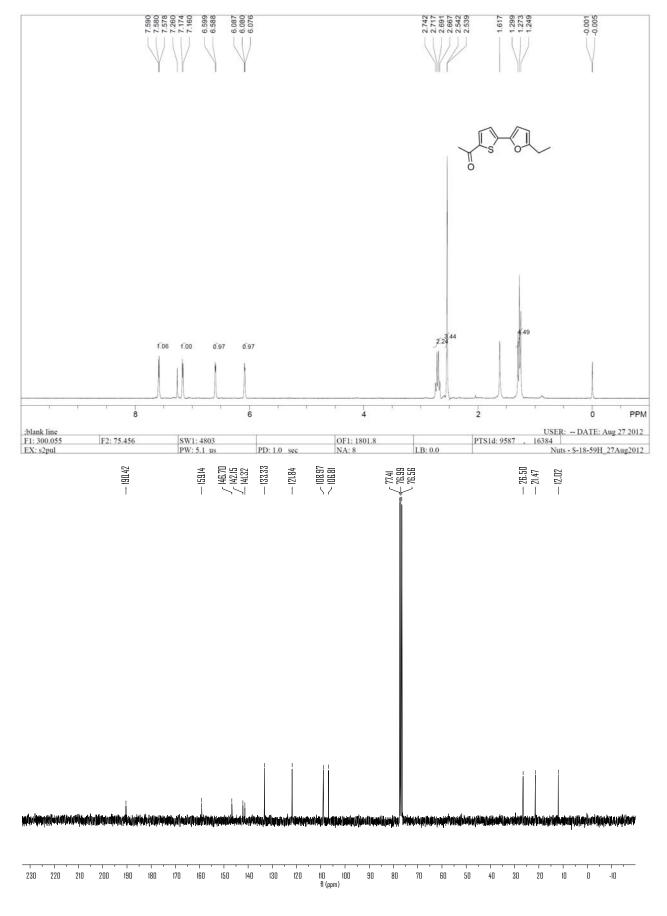




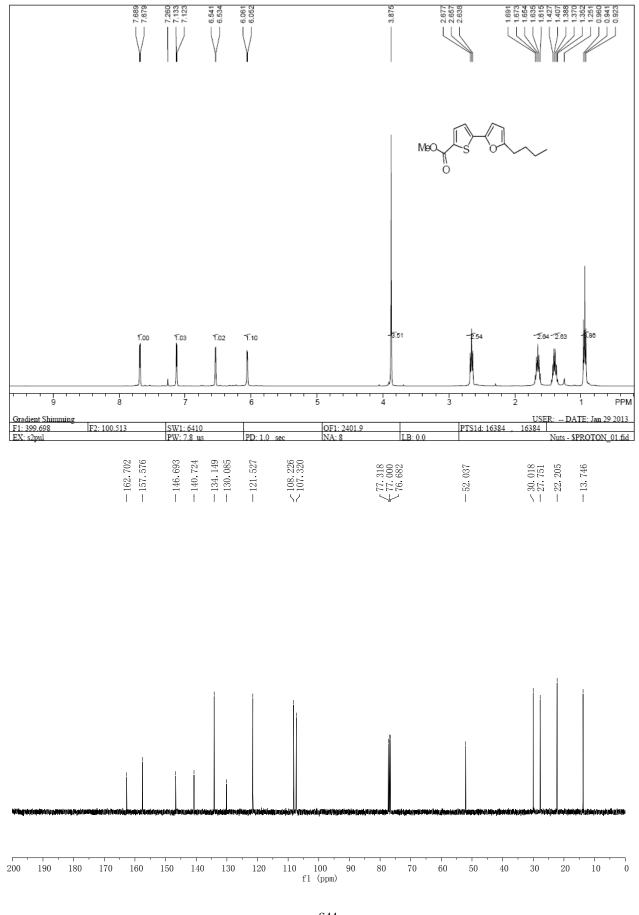




4-(5-(Benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-diphenylaniline(3u).

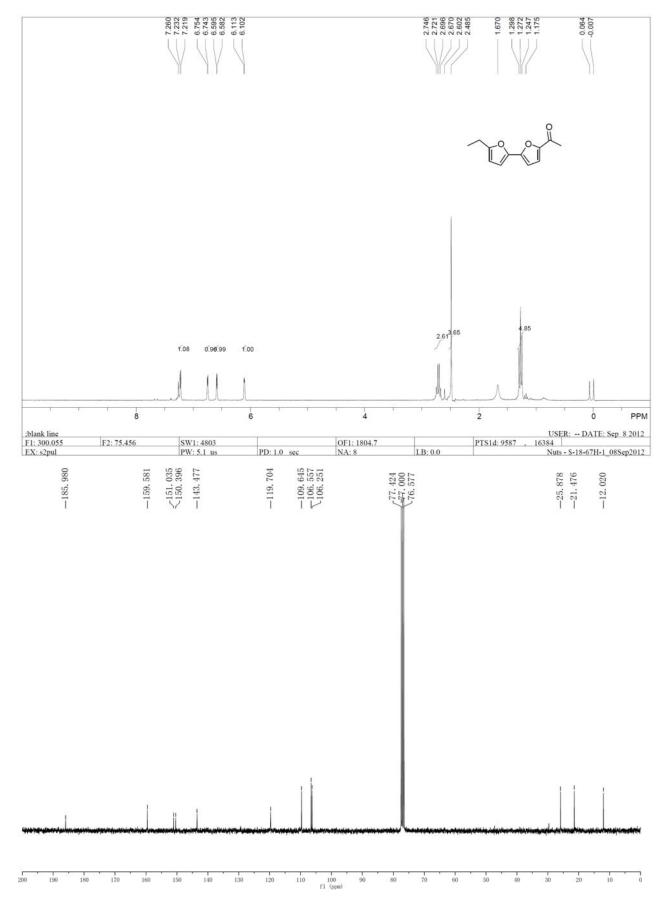


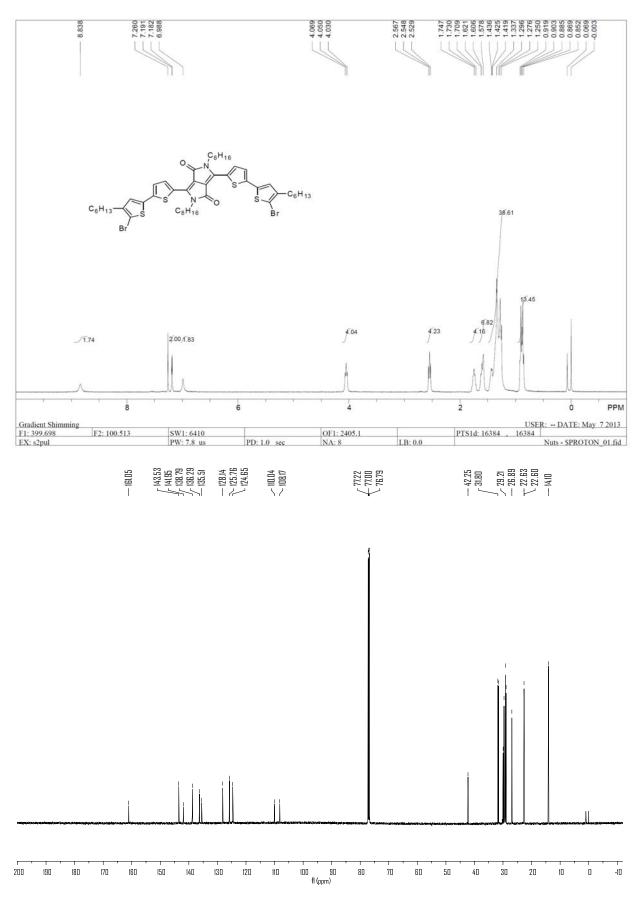
1-(5-(5-Ethylfuran-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)ethanone (3v).

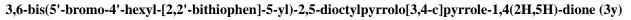


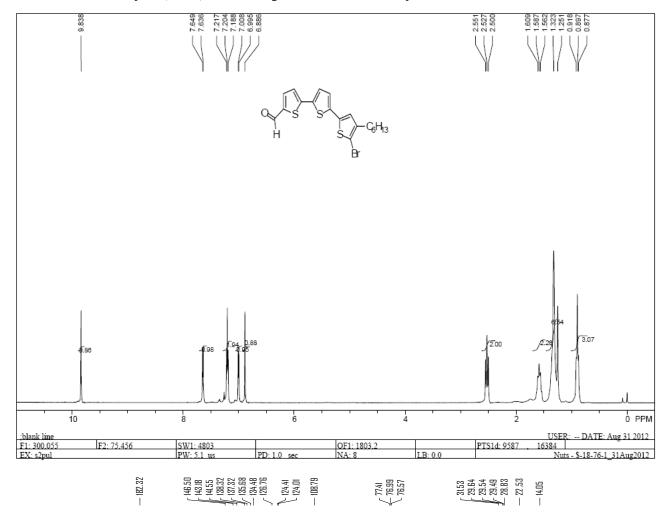
1-(5-(5-Ethylfuran-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)ethanone (3w).



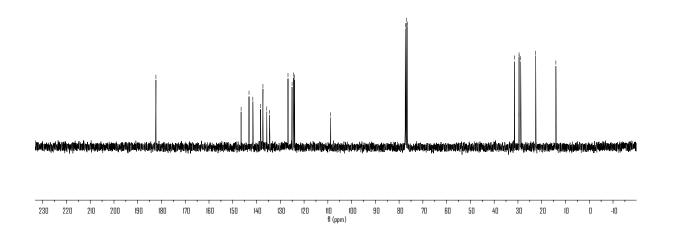


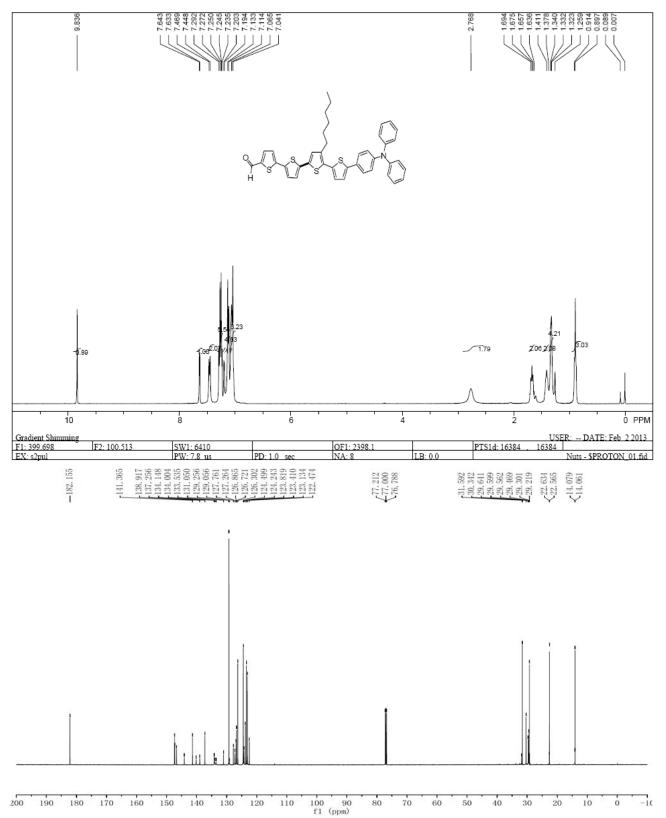




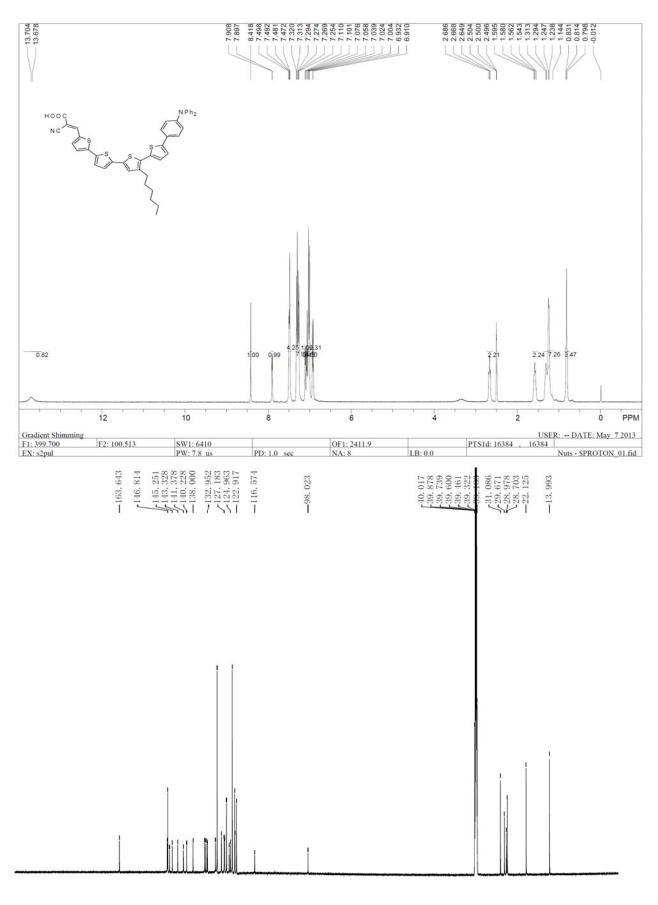


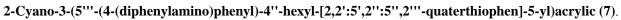
5''-Bromo-4''-hexyl-[2,2':5',2''-terthiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (5).

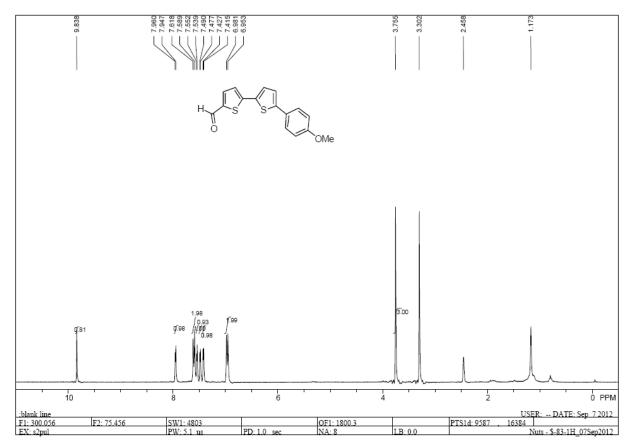




5'''-(4-(diphenylamino)phenyl)-4''-hexyl-[2,2':5',2'':5'',2'''-quaterthiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (6).

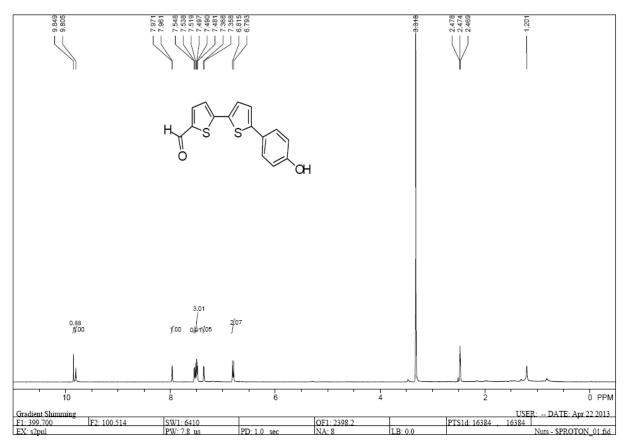


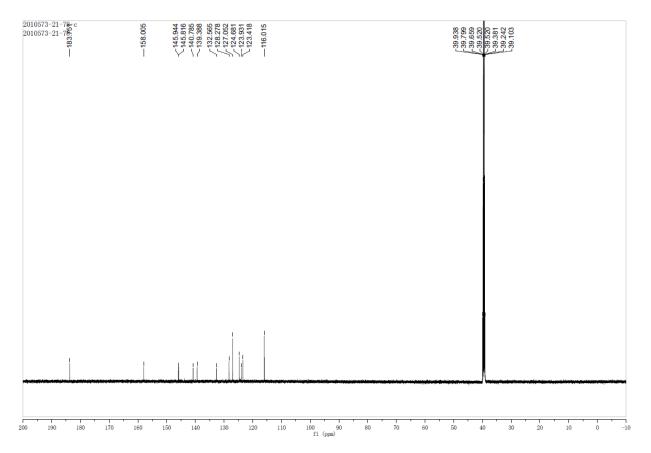




5'-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (9)

5'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-[2,2'-bithiophene]-5-carbaldehyde (10).





Compound 11

