

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Synthesis of Diarylmethylamines via Palladium-Catalyzed Regioselective Arylation of 1,1,3-Triaryl-2-Azaallyl Anions

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General Methods. All reactions were conducted under a nitrogen atmosphere with oven-dried glassware and standard Schlenk or vacuum line techniques. All solutions were handled under nitrogen and transferred via syringe. Anhydrous solvents, including CPME (cyclopentyl methyl ether), 1,4-Dioxane, and 2-MeTHF were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and directly used without further purification. Toluene and THF were dried through activated alumina columns. Unless otherwise stated, reagents were commercially available and used as purchased without further purification. Chemicals were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Acros, Alfa Aesar or Matrix Scientific, and solvents were purchased from Fisher Scientific. Progress of reactions was monitored by thin-layer chromatography using Whatman Partisil K6F 250 μm precoated 60 Å silica gel plates and visualized by short-wave ultraviolet light as well as by treatment with iodine or ceric ammonium molybdate (CAM) stain. Flash chromatography was performed with silica gel (230–400 mesh, Silicycle). ^1H and $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra were obtained using a Brüker AM-500 Fourier-transform NMR spectrometer at 500 and 125 MHz, respectively. Chemical shifts were reported in units of parts per million (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS), and all coupling constants were reported in Hertz. The infrared spectra were taken with KBr plates with a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum 100 Series spectrometer. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) data were obtained on a Waters LC-TOF mass spectrometer (model LCT-XE Premier) using chemical ionization (CI) or electrospray ionization (ESI) in positive or negative mode, depending on the analyte. Melting points were determined on a Unimelt Thomas-Hoover melting point apparatus and were uncorrected. Deactivated silica gel was prepared by addition of 15 mL of Et_3N to 1 L of silica gel. Note that in some cases, due to the large number of inequivalent aromatic carbons in the products, coincidental overlap of resonances prevented observation of all the expected resonances.

Preparation of Imines : Imines (**1a-1j**) were prepared according to literature procedures.¹

Preparation of Aldimines : Aldimines (**1a'**, **1i'**, **1h'**, and **1l'** in Table 4) were prepared according to literature procedures.²

Preparation of Buchwald's 3rd Generation Pre-catalyst: Palladium μ -OMs dimer and 3rd generation precatalyst was prepared according to literature procedure.³

Procedure and Characterization for the Deprotonation/Benzoylation of Benzophenone Imine

General Procedure A: An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with imine **1a** (27.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) and $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (27.5 mg, 0.15 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere. Next, 1 mL of dry THF was added under nitrogen via syringe, the vial was sealed and benzyl chloride (13.8 μL , 0.12 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture via syringe through the rubber septum. The reaction mixture was next stirred for 12 h at 24 °C, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H_2O , diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO_4 and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated in vacuo. The assay yield was determined by ^1H NMR spectroscopy of the crude reaction mixture by integration using 1,4-dimethylbenzene as internal standard in accordance to literature procedures.⁴

Procedure and Characterization for the Pd Catalyzed Arylation of Ketimines and Aldimines

General Procedure B (Pd-Catalyzed Arylation of Ketimines): An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with imine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere. A stock solution of $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (0.55 mg, 0.0025 mmol) and NiXantPhos (2.1 mg, 0.00375 mmol) under nitrogen in 0.5 mL dry CPME was taken up by syringe and added to the reaction vial. The vial was sealed, and 1-bromo-4-*tert*-butylbenzene (17.3 μL , 0.10 mmol) was added dropwise by syringe to this solution through the rubber septum. A solution of $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol) in 0.5 mL CPME was added portionwise by syringe at 0.1 mL/30 min at 24 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 24 °C, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H_2O , diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO_4 and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was loaded onto a silica gel column via pipette and purified by flash chromatography. (hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50).

General Procedure C (Pd-Catalyzed Arylation of Aldimines): An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with aldimine **1a'** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere. A stock solution of Buchwald's 3rd generation pre-catalyst Pd dimer (1.8 mg, 0.0025 mmol) and NiXantphos (2.8 mg, 0.0050 mmol) under nitrogen in 0.5 mL dry CPME was taken up by syringe and added to the reaction vial. The vial was sealed, and 1-bromo-4-*tert*-butylbenzene (17.3 μL , 0.10 mmol) was added dropwise by syringe to this solution through the rubber septum. A solution of

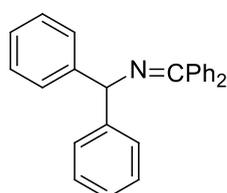
NaN(SiMe₃)₂ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol) in 0.5 mL CPME was added portionwise by syringe at 0.1 mL/30 min at 60 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at 60 °C, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H₂O, diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO₄ and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was loaded onto a silica gel column via pipette and purified by flash chromatography. (hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50).

General Procedure D: One-pot Ketimine Synthesis/Pd-Catalyzed arylation

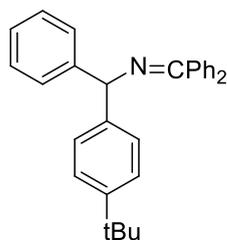
An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with benzylamine (32.1 mg, 0.30 mmol) and benzophenone imine (54.4 mg, 0.30 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere. Next, 1 mL of dry THF was added under nitrogen via syringe and the vial was sealed. The reaction was then placed in an oil bath at 50 °C. After the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at 50 °C, the solvent was completely removed in vacuo and the vial was refilled with nitrogen. A stock solution of Pd(OAc)₂ (0.55 mg, 0.0025 mmol) and NiXantphos (2.1 mg, 0.00375 mmol) under nitrogen in 0.5 mL dry CPME was taken up by syringe and added to the same reaction vial through the rubber septum. 1-Bromo-4-*tert*-butylbenzene (17.3 μL, 0.10 mmol) was added dropwise. A solution of NaN(SiMe₃)₂ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol) in 0.5 mL CPME was added portionwise at 0.1 mL/30 min at 24 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 24 °C, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H₂O, diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO₄ and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was loaded onto a silica gel column via pipette and purified by flash chromatography. (hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50).

General Procedure E: One-pot Aldimine Synthesis/Pd-Catalyzed aryation: An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with benzaldehyde (21.2 mg, 0.20 mmol) and diphenylmethylamine (36.6 mg, 0.20 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere. Dry THF (1 mL) was then added under nitrogen via syringe and the vial was sealed. The reaction was then placed in an oil bath at 80 °C and stirred for 12 h. Next, the volatile materials were completely removed at rt and the remaining solid was dried under reduced pressure at 60 °C for 2 h. The vial was then backfilled with nitrogen and a stock solution of Buchwald's 3rd generation pre-catalyst Pd dimer (3.7 mg, 0.005 mmol)

and NIXANTPHOS (5.6 mg, 0.010 mmol) in 0.5 mL dry CPME was added by syringe through the rubber septum. Next, 1-bromo-4-*tert*-butylbenzene (17.3 μ L, 0.10 mmol) was added dropwise by syringe through the rubber septum. A solution of $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol) in 0.5 mL CPME was added portionwise at 0.05 mL/30 min at 60 $^\circ\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 6 h at 60 $^\circ\text{C}$, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H_2O , diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO_4 and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was loaded onto a silica gel column via pipette and purified by flash chromatography (hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50).

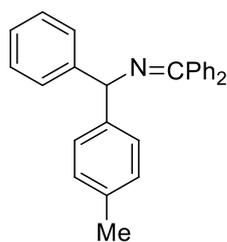


3aa - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1,1-diphenylmethanamine: The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μ L, 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (31.3 mg, 90% yield) as a white solid. R_f = 0.70 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5). The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁵

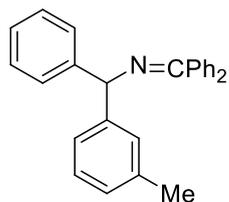


3ab - 1-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenylmethanamine: The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2b** (17.3 μ L, 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (36.4 mg, 90% yield) as a white solid. Compound **3ab** was also synthesized following General Procedure C with aldimine **1a'** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide (17.3 μ L, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (37.9 mg, 94% yield) as a white solid. The one pot synthesis of **3ab** was performed following General Procedure D with benzylamine (32.1 mg, 0.30 mmol), benzophenone imine (54.4 mg, 0.30 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2b** (17.3 μ L, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading.

The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (37.1 mg, 92% yield) as a white solid. The one pot synthesis of **3ab** from aldimine was performed following General Procedure E with benzaldehyde (21.2 mg, 0.20 mmol) and diphenylmethanamine (36.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), NaN(SiMe₃)₂ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2b** (17.3 μL, 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (37.5 mg, 93% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 50–52 °C, R_f = 0.75 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.77–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.44–7.41 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 5H), 7.29–7.23 (m, 6H), 7.20–7.17 (m, 1H), 7.10–7.07 (m, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 1.27 (s, 9H) ppm; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 166.8, 149.5, 145.2, 142.0, 140.1, 136.9, 130.1, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 127.3, 126.8, 125.4, 69.8, 34.6, 31.6 ppm; IR (thin film): 3058, 2962, 1623, 1597, 1577, 1490, 1446, 1314, 1290, 1027, 779, 728, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS calc'd for C₃₀H₃₀N⁺ 404.2378, observed 404.2374 [MH]⁺.

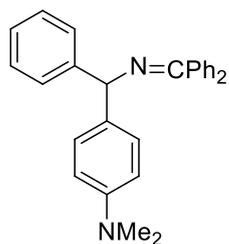


3ac - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*p*-tolyl)methanamine: The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), NaN(SiMe₃)₂ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2c** (12.3 μL, 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (31.5 mg, 87% yield) as a white solid. Compound **3ac** was also synthesized following General Procedure B with ketamine **1b** (57.1 mg, 0.20 mmol), NaN(SiMe₃)₂ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (32.2 mg, 89% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 110–112 °C, R_f = 0.77 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.43–7.42 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 5H), 7.27–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.16 (m, 3H), 7.08–7.07 (m, 4H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H) ppm; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 166.9, 145.3, 142.1, 140.1, 137.0, 136.4, 130.2, 129.2, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7, 127.6, 126.8, 69.8, 21.2 ppm; IR (thin film): 3070, 1622, 1590, 1575, 1490, 1440, 1315, 1290, 1015, 780, 718, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS calc'd for C₂₇H₂₄N⁺ 362.1909, observed 362.1909 [MH]⁺.



3ad - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)methanamine: The

reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2d** (12.2 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (30.1 mg, 83% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 88–90 °C, R_f = 0.75 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.75–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.42–7.39 (m, 3H), 7.36–7.30 (m, 5H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.20–7.11 (m, 4H), 7.07–7.06 (m, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 166.9, 145.2, 145.0, 140.1, 138.0, 136.9, 130.2, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 126.8, 124.8, 70.1, 21.7 ppm; IR (thin film): 3058, 1622, 1598, 1578, 1490, 1446, 1314, 1289, 1000, 780, 723, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}^+$ 362.1909, observed 362.1908 [MH] $^+$.

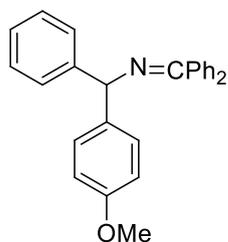


3ae

4-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)-*N,N*-dimethylaniline:

The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2e** (20.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10) to give the product (36.2 mg, 93% yield) as a colorless oil. Compound **3ae** was also synthesized following General Procedure C with aldimine **1a'** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), and aryl bromide **2e** (20.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10) to give the product (31.2 mg, 80% yield) as a colorless oil. One pot synthesis of **3ae** was performed following General Procedure D with benzylamine (32.1 mg, 0.30 mmol), benzophenone imine (54.4 mg, 0.30 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2e** (20.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10) to give the product (24.6 mg, 63% yield) as a colorless oil. The one pot synthesis of **3ae** from aldimine was performed following General Procedure E with benzaldehyde (21.2 mg, 0.20 mmol) and

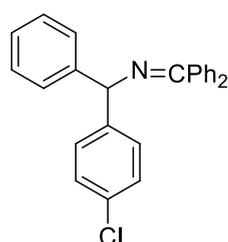
diphenylmethanamine (36.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2e** (20.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10) to give the product (28.5 mg, 73% yield) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.44 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.74 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.43–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.29 (m, 5H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.17–7.14 (m, 3H), 7.10–7.08 (m, 2H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.48 (s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H) ppm; ^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 166.3, 149.7, 145.7, 140.2, 137.1, 133.2, 130.1, 128.9, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7, 126.5, 112.8, 69.5, 40.8 ppm; IR (thin film): 3058, 1611, 1577, 1518, 1490, 1445, 1315, 1276, 1028, 780, 717, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_2^+$ 391.2174, observed 391.2177 $[\text{MH}]^+$



3af

***N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(*p*-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethanamine:**

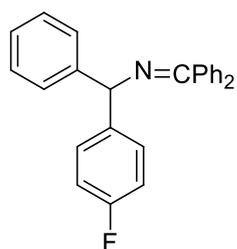
The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2f** (12.5 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:30) to give the product (33.9 mg, 90% yield) as a thick oil. Compound **3af** was also synthesized following General Procedure B with ketamine **1d** (90.4 mg, 0.30 mmol), $\text{KN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (59.8 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:30) to give the product (26.8 mg, 71% yield). R_f = 0.55 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.74 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42–7.39 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.30 (m, 5H), 7.27–7.20 (m, 4H), 7.18–7.15 (m, 1H), 7.08–7.06 (m, 2H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H) ppm; ^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 166.8, 158.6, 145.4, 140.1, 137.4, 136.9, 130.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 127.9, 127.7, 126.8, 113.9, 69.4, 55.4 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 1609, 1578, 1508, 1490, 1445, 1314, 1276, 1030, 781, 725, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}^+$ 378.1858, observed 378.1863 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



3ag

1-(*p*-chlorophenyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenylmethanamine: The

reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2g** (19.1 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (34.3 mg, 90% yield) as a colorless oil. **3ag** was also synthesized following General Procedure B with ketamine **1f** (61.2 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (34.0 mg, 89% yield) as a colorless oil. One pot synthesis of **3ag** was performed following General Procedure D with benzylamine (32.1 mg, 0.30 mmol), benzophenone imine (54.4 mg, 0.30 mmol, 3 equiv), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2g** (19.1 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (34.3 mg, 90% yield) as a colorless oil. $R_f = 0.78$ (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.73 (dd, $J = 7.5, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.42–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.22 (m, 8H), 7.20–7.17 (m, 1H), 7.05–7.04 (m, 2H), 5.51 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 167.5, 144.6, 143.6, 139.8, 136.7, 132.6, 130.4, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.69, 128.68, 128.65, 128.2, 127.8, 127.6, 127.1, 69.3 ppm; IR (thin film): 3060, 1622, 1598, 1576, 1488, 1446, 1315, 1282, 1014, 780, 715, 697 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClN}^+$ 382.1363, observed 382.1350 $[\text{MH}]^+$.

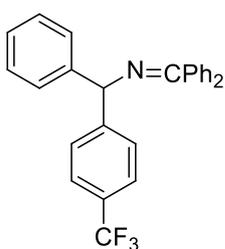


3ah - N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(p-fluorophenyl)-1-phenylmethanamine :

The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2h** (11.0 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (31.4 mg, 86% yield) as a white solid. **3ah** was also synthesized following General Procedure B with ketamine **1e** (57.9 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (30.3 mg, 83% yield) as a white solid. One pot synthesis of **3ah** was also performed following General Procedure E with benzaldehyde (21.2 mg, 0.20 mmol) and

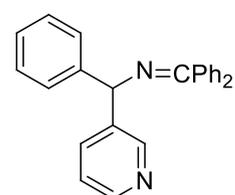
diphenylmethanamine (36.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2h** (11.0 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (30.0 mg, 82% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 92–96 °C, R_f = 0.70 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.75–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.44–7.43 (m, 3H), 7.39–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.26 (m, 6H), 7.21–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.07–7.05 (m, 2H), 6.97–6.94 (m, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 167.3, 161.8 (d, $^1J_{\text{C-F}}$ = 243.3 Hz), 144.9, 140.8 (d, $^4J_{\text{C-F}}$ = 3.1 Hz), 139.9, 136.8, 130.3, 129.2 (d, $^3J_{\text{C-F}}$ = 7.9 Hz), 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 127.8, 127.6, 127.0, 115.3 (d, $^2J_{\text{C-F}}$ = 21.2 Hz), 69.3 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 1623, 1601, 1577, 1491, 1446, 1314, 1222, 1027, 779, 725, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{21}\text{FN}^+$ 366.1655, observed 366.1656 $[\text{MH}]^+$.

3ai - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*p*-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methanamine: The



reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2i** (14.0 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (31.1 mg, 75% yield) as a colorless oil.

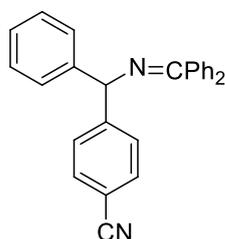
R_f = 0.77 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.76–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.47–7.43 (m, 5H), 7.38–7.26 (m, 7H), 7.21–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.06–7.04 (m, 2H), 5.59 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 167.9, 149.0, 144.2, 139.7, 136.7, 130.5, 129.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.7, 127.2, 125.5 (q, $J_{\text{C-F}}$ = 3.8 Hz), 123.4 (q, $J_{\text{C-F}}$ = 270.4 Hz), 69.7 ppm; IR (thin film): 3060, 1618, 1598, 1577, 1491, 1446, 1325, 1123, 1066, 1018, 779, 726, 697 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{21}\text{F}_3\text{N}^+$ 415.1626, observed 415.1627 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



3aj - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(pyridin-3-yl)methanamine:

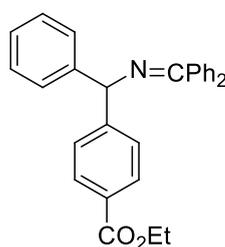
The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2j** (9.6 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 2.5:1) to give the product (21.1 mg, 60% yield) as a white solid. **3aj** was also synthesized following General Procedure B with ketamine **1h** (54.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$

(36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μ L, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 2.5:1) to give the product (30.3 mg, 87% yield). Synthesis of **3aj** from aldimine was performed following General Procedure C with aldimine **1h'** (54.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μ L, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 2.5:1) to give the product (26.8 mg, 77% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 96–98 $^\circ\text{C}$, R_f = 0.30 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 2.5:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.51 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.44 (dd, J = 4.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.75–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.39–7.36 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.31 (m, 4H), 7.29–7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.06–7.04 (m, 2H), 5.59 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 168.0, 149.2, 148.3, 143.9, 140.4, 139.6, 136.5, 135.3, 130.5, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 127.6, 127.5, 127.2, 123.6, 67.7 ppm; IR (thin film): 3027, 1623, 1597, 1574, 1476, 1440, 1316, 1281, 1049, 782, 704, 695 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2^+$ 349.1705, observed 349.1692 [MH] $^+$.



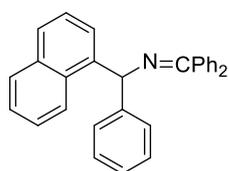
3ak - *p*-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)benzonitrile: The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2k** (18.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl

ether:hexanes = 1:50 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10) to give the product (23.8 mg, 64% yield) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.38 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.74–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46–7.32 (m, 8H), 7.27 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 4H), 7.22–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.03–7.01 (m, 2H), 5.57 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 168.3, 150.4, 143.7, 139.5, 136.5, 132.4, 130.6, 130.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 119.1, 110.6, 69.6 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 2228, 1622, 1607, 1577, 1490, 1446, 1315, 1276, 1027, 781, 727, 697 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2^+$ 373.1705, observed 373.1702 [MH] $^+$.



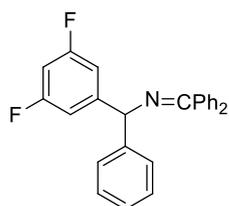
3al - Ethyl *p*-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)benzoate: The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2l**

(16.3 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:20) to give the product (26.4 mg, 63% yield) as a colorless oil. R_f = 0.45 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.96 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.76–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.44–7.40 (m, 5H), 7.38–7.30 (m, 5H), 7.28–7.25 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.17 (m, 1H), 7.05–7.04 (m, 2H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 4.3 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 167.8, 166.7, 150.1, 144.3, 139.8, 136.7, 130.4, 129.8, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.1, 69.8, 60.9, 14.5 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 1716, 1622, 1599, 1576, 1490, 1446, 1314, 1274, 1021, 780, 730, 698 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}_2^+$ 420.1964, observed 420.1944 [MH] $^+$.



3ca - N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)-1-phenylmethanamine:

The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1c** (64.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), LiO-*t*-Bu (24.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (28.3 mg, 71% yield) as a thick oil. We observed that grease co-elute with the product as only impurity shown in NMR spectra. Due to this reason, we hydrolyzed the product following the General Procedure of imine product hydrolysis to its ammonium salt **12** depicted below. Overall yield of arylation/hydrolysis was 68%. R_f = 0.71 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.91 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75–7.73 (m, 4H), 7.46–7.35 (m, 6H), 7.33–7.28 (m, 5H), 7.22–7.20 (m, 2H), 7.16–7.13 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 167.2, 144.6, 140.2, 140.0, 137.8, 136.8, 134.3, 132.6, 131.2, 130.3, 130.2, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 127.6, 126.7, 126.5, 125.8, 125.7, 125.4, 125.0, 67.2 ppm; IR (thin film): 3057, 1618, 1596, 1576, 1491, 1393, 1315, 1283, 1028, 798, 718, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}^+$ 398.1909, observed 398.1905 [MH] $^+$.

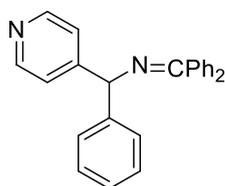


3ga

1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenylmethanamine:

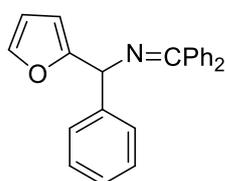
The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1g** (61.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a**

(10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 2.5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (34.9 mg, 91% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 106–108 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, R_f = 0.80 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.75–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 3H), 7.39–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.28–7.25 (m, 4H), 7.23–7.19 (m, 1H), 7.05–7.03 (m, 2H), 6.91–6.87 (m, 2H), 6.61 (m, 1H), 5.48 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 168.1, 164.2 (d, $^1J_{\text{C-F}} = 247$ Hz), 162.2 (d, $^1J_{\text{C-F}} = 247$ Hz), 149.1 (t, $^3J_{\text{C-F}} = 8.5$ Hz), 143.8, 139.6, 136.5, 130.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8 (d, $^4J_{\text{C-F}} = 3.3$ Hz), 128.3, 127.8, 127.7, 127.4, 110.5 (dd, $^2J_{\text{C-F}} = 20$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{C-F}} = 5.9$ Hz), 102.2 (t, $^2J_{\text{C-F}} = 25$ Hz), 69.3 ppm; IR (thin film): 3435, 1622, 1597, 1491, 1446, 1313, 1290, 1115, 976, 780, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{F}_2\text{N}^+$ 384.1564, observed 384.1564 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



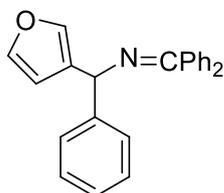
3ia - N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(pyridin-4-yl)methanamine :

The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1i** (54.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{LiN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (33.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 2:1) to give the product (31.4 mg, 90% yield) as a white solid. **3ia** was also synthesized following General Procedure C with aldimine **1i'** (54.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 2:1) to give the product (31.7 mg, 91% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 118–120 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, R_f = 0.33 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 2:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.53 (dd, $J = 4.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.80–7.78 (m, 2H), 7.50–7.43 (m, 4H), 7.40–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.30 (m, 6H), 7.27–7.24 (m, 1H), 7.09–7.07 (m, 2H), 5.54 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 168.3, 153.4, 149.8, 143.3, 139.4, 136.3, 130.4, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 122.5, 68.9 ppm; IR (thin film): 3026, 1623, 1593, 1560, 1490, 1446, 1316, 1280, 1027, 780, 727, 697 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2^+$ 349.1705, observed 349.1694 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



3ja - N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(furan-2-yl)-1-phenylmethanamine : The reaction was performed following General Procedure B with ketamine **1j** (52.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (36.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL ,

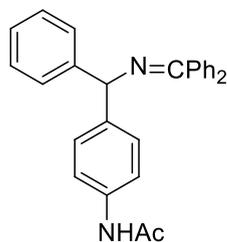
0.1 mmol) at 10 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:30) to give the product (20.3 mg, 60% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 90–92 °C, R_f = 0.70 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.72 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44–7.43 (m, 3H), 7.38–7.36 (m, 3H), 7.33–7.29 (m, 5H), 7.25–7.23 (m, 1H), 7.16–7.15 (m, 2H), 6.28–6.27 (m, 1H), 6.09 (dd, J = 3.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 168.7, 156.8, 142.0, 141.9, 139.9, 136.6, 130.4, 129.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 110.2, 106.6, 64.7 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 1622, 1597, 1576, 1490, 1446, 1316, 1286, 1009, 779, 718, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}^+$ 338.1545, observed 338.1550 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



3la - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(furan-3-yl)-1-phenylmethanamine: The reaction was performed following General Procedure C with aldimine **1f'** (52.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2a** (10.7 μL , 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash

chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with hexanes to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:30) to give the product (28.7 mg, 85% yield) as a white solid. m.p. = 64–66 °C, R_f = 0.70 (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.72–7.70 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.34–7.26 (m, 9H), 7.19 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11–7.09 (m, 2H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 5.49 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 167.4, 143.9, 143.1, 139.9, 139.4, 136.7, 130.3, 129.3, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 127.8, 127.6, 127.1, 109.9, 62.8 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 1622, 1597, 1576, 1490, 1446, 1315, 1285, 1018, 781, 716, 696 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}^+$ 338.1542, observed 338.1547 $[\text{MH}]^+$.

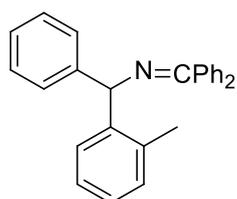
3am



N-(*p*-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)phenyl)acetamide: The reaction was performed following General Procedure C with ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (55.0 mg, 0.30 mmol), aryl bromide **2m** (21.4 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 5 mol % Buchwald's 3rd generation pre-catalyst Pd

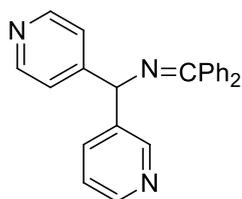
dimer (3.7 mg, 0.005 mmol) and 10 mol % NiXANTPHOS (5.6 mg, 0.010 mmol) catalyst loading. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:10 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 3:1) to give the product (30.4 mg, 75% yield) as a

white solid. $R_f = 0.33$ (diethyl ether:hexanes = 2.5:1); m.p. = 80–82 °C, $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.14 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.72 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.41–7.38 (m, 4H), 7.34–7.28 (m, 5H), 7.24–7.21 (m, 4H), 7.17–7.13 (m, 2H), 7.04–7.03 (m, 2H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 169.0, 167.1, 144.8, 140.8, 139.8, 136.7, 136.6, 130.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 127.7, 127.5, 126.8, 120.2, 69.4, 24.3 ppm; IR (thin film): 3300, 3059, 1665, 1601, 1577, 1491, 1446, 1371, 1276, 1028, 780, 718, 698 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}^+$ 405.1967, observed 405.1980 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



3an -*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*o*-tolyl)methanamine: An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with aldimine ketamine **1a** (54.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), $\text{LiN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (50.2 mg, 0.30 mmol) and Buchwald's 3rd generation pre-catalyst (9.3 mg, 0.010 mmol) under a

nitrogen atmosphere. The vial was sealed, and 1 mL dry CPME was taken up by syringe and added to the reaction vial. aryl bromide **2m** (12.0 μL , 0.10 mmol) was added dropwise by syringe to this solution through the rubber septum. The reaction mixture was stirred for 8 h at 60 °C, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H_2O , diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO_4 and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was loaded onto a deactivated silica gel column via pipette and purified by flash chromatography (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:100 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (20.3 mg, 56% yield) as a colorless thick oil. $R_f = 0.71$ (diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:5); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.74–7.72 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.41–7.39 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.29 (m, 3H), 7.24–7.14 (m, 6H), 7.11 (td, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1.5 Hz 1H), 7.05–7.03 (m, 3H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 1.95 (s, 3H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3): 167.0, 144.3, 142.9, 140.0, 137.3, 135.6, 130.6, 130.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 127.9, 127.8, 126.8, 126.7, 126.3, 66.9, 19.7 ppm; IR (thin film): 3059, 3024, 1621, 1577, 1490, 1446, 1380, 1290, 1028, 778, 697 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}^+$ 362.1909, observed 362.1912 $[\text{MH}]^+$.



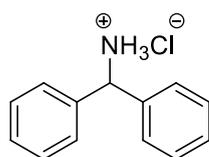
3ij - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(pyridin-3-yl)methanamine: An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with aldimine ketamine **1i** (54.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and Buchwald's 3rd generation pre-catalyst (9.3 mg, 0.010 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere. The vial was

sealed, and 0.5 mL dry CPME was taken up by syringe and added to the reaction vial. aryl bromide **2j** (10.7 μ L, 0.1 mmol) was added dropwise by syringe to this solution through the rubber septum. A solution of LiN(SiMe₃)₂ (50.2 mg, 0.30 mmol) in 0.5 mL CPME was added portionwise by syringe at 0.1 mL/30 min at 60 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at 60 °C, opened to air, quenched with two drops of H₂O, diluted with 3 mL of ethyl acetate, and filtered over a pad of MgSO₄ and silica. The pad was rinsed with an additional 6 mL of ethyl acetate, and the combined solutions were concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was loaded onto a deactivated silica gel column via pipette and purified by flash chromatography (eluted with Ethyl Acetate:Hexane = 1:5 to Ethyl Acetate:Methanol = 120:1) to give the product (31.4 mg, 90% yield) as a colorless thick oil. R_f = 0.31 (Ethyl Acetate:Methanol = 100:5); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.53 (dd, J = 4.5 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 8.49 (dd, J = 4.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.70–7.67 (m, 1H), 7.49–7.44 (m, 3H), 7.42–7.41 (m, 1H), 7.38–7.35 (m, 2H), 7.27–7.22 (m, 3H), 7.03 (dd, J = 7.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 5.54 (s, 1H) ppm; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 169.5, 152.6, 150.2, 149.2, 149.0, 139.2, 139.0, 136.3, 135.5, 130.9, 129.2, 128.9, 128.9, 128.4, 127.5, 123.9, 122.5, 66.8 ppm; IR (thin film): 3027, 1622, 1595, 1575, 1445, 1317, 1282, 1024, 783, 704, 697 cm⁻¹; HRMS calc'd for C₂₄H₂₀N₃⁺ 350.1657, observed 350.1650 [MH]⁺.

General Procedure F: Imine Product Hydrolysis

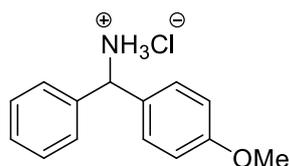
A modified procedure from several literature reports⁶ was used:

HCl 1N (1 mL) was added to the solution of imine **3ab** (40.4 mg 0.1 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was warmed to room temperature, stirred at room temperature and monitored by TLC until all the imine was consumed. The THF was evaporated under vacuum. Another 1 mL HCl (1N) was added and a white precipitate was observed. The white solid was filtered and washed with cold Et₂O (1.0 mL \times 3). After drying under vacuum for 12 h, the hydrochloride salt was obtained as a white solid (25.4 mg, 92% yield).

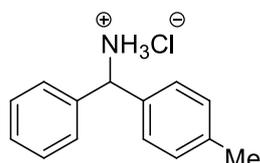


8 - diphenylmethanaminium chloride salt : The reaction was performed following General Procedure F with imine **3aa** (38.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **8** as white solid in 93% yield (20.4 mg). The NMR spectral data

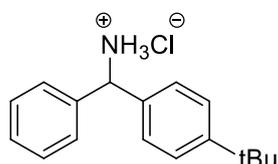
match the previously published data.⁷



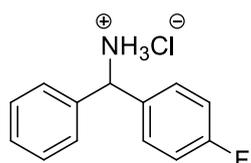
9 - (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt : The reaction was performed following General Procedure E with imine **3af** (37.7 mg, 0.10 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **9** as white solid in 92% yield (22.9 mg). The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁷



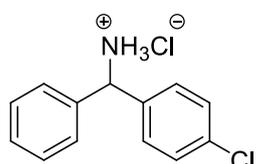
10 - phenyl(p-tolyl)methanaminium chloride salt : The reaction was performed following General Procedure F with imine **3ac** (36.1 mg, 0.10 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **10** as white solid in 96% yield (22.4 mg). The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁷



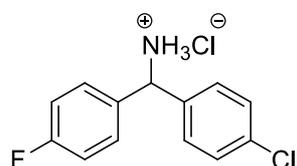
11 - (4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)(phenyl)methanamine ammonium salt : The reaction was performed following General Procedure F with imine **3ab** (40.3 mg, 0.10 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **11** as white solid in 92% yield (25.4 mg), m.p. = 272–274 °C; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.51–7.49 (m, 2H), 7.47–7.44 (m, 2H), 7.42–7.39 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.33 (m, 2H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 1.31 (s, 9H) ppm; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, MeOD): 153.5, 138.8, 135.7, 130.4, 130.1, 128.4, 128.2, 127.3, 59.2, 35.6, 31.7 ppm; IR (thin film): 3010, 2955, 1590, 1508, 1456, 1417, 1358, 1264, 1195, 1107, 1018, 784, 738, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS calc'd for C₁₇H₁₉⁺ 223.1487, observed 223.1480 [M-(NH₂Cl)]⁺.



12 - (4-fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt : The reaction was performed following General Procedure F with imine **3ah** (36.5 mg, 0.10 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **12** as white solid in 96% yield (22.8 mg). The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁷

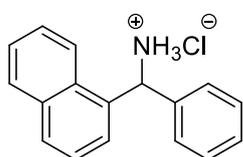


13 - (4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt : The reaction was performed following General Procedure F with imine **3ag** (38.2 mg, 0.10 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **13** as white solid in 93% yield (23.6 mg). The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁷



14 - (4-chlorophenyl)(4-fluorophenyl)methanaminium chloride salt : Arylation of **1f** and **2h** was conducted following General

Procedure B on a 0.1 mmol scale using 1 equiv of **1f**, 2 equiv of $\text{NaN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$, and 2 equiv of **2h**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography on deactivated silica gel (eluted with diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:100 to diethyl ether:hexanes = 1:50) to give the product (32.4 mg, 81% yield). Imine product was then hydrolyzed following General Procedure F gave its ammonium salt **14** as white solid in 79% overall yield (21.5 mg). m.p. = 268–270 °C; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.51–7.46 (m, 6H), 7.19 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.73 (s, 1H) ppm; $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (125 MHz, MeOD): 164.3 (d, $^1J_{\text{CF}}$ = 246.3 Hz), 137.1, 135.9, 134.2 (d, $^4J_{\text{CF}}$ = 3.3 Hz), 130.8 (d, $^3J_{\text{CF}}$ = 8.5 Hz), 130.4, 130.1, 117.1 (d, $^2J_{\text{CF}}$ = 22.0 Hz), 58.0 ppm; IR (thin film): 2928, 1598, 1515, 1238, 1015, 829 cm^{-1} ; HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{ClF}^+$ 219.0377, observed 219.0381 $[\text{M}-(\text{NH}_2)]^+$.



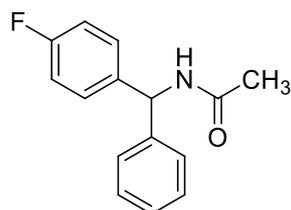
15 - naphthalen-1-yl(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt : As described in Section 2.6. Table 3, entry 2. Imine **3ca** was hydrolyzed directly after purification. The reaction was performed following General Procedure F with imine **3ca** (28.3 mg, 0.071 mmol) gave its ammonium salt **15** as white solid in 95% yield, Overall 68% yield (18.1 mg). The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁷

Functionalization of Diarylmethylamines

Synthesis of acetamide **16**

Acetamide **16** was synthesized following modified literature procedure⁸:

An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with (4-fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt (47.6 mg 0.2 mmol), acetyl chloride (18.8 mg 0.24 mmol), pyridine (32.0 mg 0.8 mmol). 1 ml of DCM was taken up by syringe and added to the reaction vial. The vial was sealed and reaction mixture was stirred for 6 h at 24 °C. The reaction mixture was then diluted with DCM (2 mL) washed with sat. NaHCO_3 solution (5 ml) and 2M HCl (5 ml). The organic layer were dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated to give the product **16** in 62% yield (30.2 mg) as white solid.



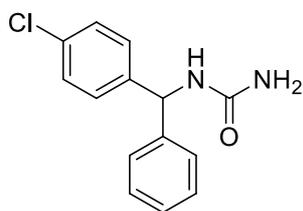
16- N-((4-fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl)acetamide

The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁸

Synthesis of N-benzhydrylurea derivative **17**:

N-benzhydrylurea derivatives **17** was synthesized following modified literature procedure⁹:

An oven-dried microwave vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with (4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt (50.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), urea (72.1 mg, 1.2 mmol). 1 ml of water acidified with 0.1 ml Conc. HCl taken up by syringe and added to the reaction vial. The vial was sealed and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 135 °C. After cooled to rt, the solid was filtered off and dried. Recrystallization from Ethanol/H₂O gave product **17** in yield of 70% (36.5mg) as white solid.



17 - 1-((4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl)urea

m.p. = 154–156 °C, ¹H NMR (500 MHz, MeOD): δ 7.33–7.30 (m, 4H), 7.26–7.22 (m, 5H), 5.95 (s, 1H) ppm; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 161.1, 143.6, 143.1, 133.9, 129.9, 129.6, 129.5, 128.4, 58.3 ppm; HRMS

calc'd for C₁₄H₁₃N₂ONaCl⁺ 283.0614, observed 283.0614 [M+Na]⁺. The NMR spectral data match the previously published data.⁹

Representative Microscale High-throughput Experimentation for Ligand Identification

General Experimental:

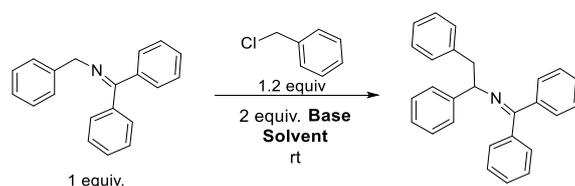
Set up:

Experiments were set up inside a glovebox under a nitrogen atmosphere. A 24-well aluminum block containing 1 mL glass vials was predosed with Pd(OAc)₂ (1 μmol) and the phosphine ligands (2 μmol for monodentate ligands and 1 μmol for bidentate ligands) in THF. The solvent was removed to dryness using a GeneVac and NaN(SiMe₃)₂ (30 μmol) in THF was added to the ligand/catalyst mixture. The solvent was removed on the GeneVac and a parylene stir bar was then added to each reaction vial. Imine **1a** (10 μmol/reaction), bromobenzene (12 μmol) and 4,4'-di-*tert*-butylbiphenyl (1 μmol/reaction) (used as an internal standard to measure HPLC yields) were then dosed together into each reaction vial as a solution in THF (100 μL, 0.1 M). The 24-well plate was then sealed and stirred for 18 h at room temperature.

Work up:

Upon opening the plate to air, 500 μL of acetonitrile was added into each vial. The plate was covered again and the vials stirred for 10 min. to ensure good homogenization. Into a separate 24-well LC block was added 700 μL of acetonitrile, followed by 40 μL of the diluted reaction mixtures. The LC block was then sealed with a silicon-rubber storage mat and mounted on an automated HPLC instrument for analysis.

(1) Base and Solvent Screening for Deprotonation/Benylation Studies:



Bases: LiN(SiMe₃)₂, NaN(SiMe₃)₂, KN(SiMe₃)₂, LiO^tBu, KO^tBu, NaO^tBu, NaH, LiOAc, KOAc, K₃PO₄, KOPh and Cs₂CO₃.

Well	Base	Solvent	Prod/IS ^a
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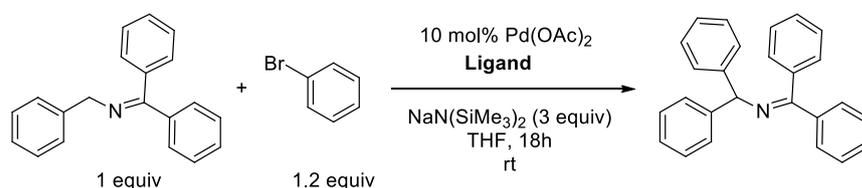
A01	LiOtBu	CPME	0.00
B01		THF	0.16
A02	KOtBu	CPME	5.22
B02		THF	5.79
A03	NaOtBu	CPME	0.00
B03		THF	1.99
A04	LiN(SiMe ₃) ₂	CPME	0.16
B04		THF	3.59
A05	NaN(SiMe ₃) ₂	CPME	3.09
B05		THF	7.46
A06	KN(SiMe ₃) ₂	CPME	6.02
B06		THF	6.83
C01	NaH	CPME	0.10
D01		THF	0.89
C02	KOAc	CPME	0.00
D02		THF	0.00
C03	LiOAc	CPME	0.00
D03		THF	0.00
C04	K ₃ PO ₄	CPME	0.00
D04		THF	0.00
C05	Cs ₂ CO ₃	CPME	0.00

D05		THF	0.08
C06	KOPh	CPME	0.00
D06		THF	0.00

^aProduct/Internal standard ratio

The lead hit from the screening was **NaN(SiMe₃)₂** in **THF** (highest product/internal standard ratio). A scale-up reaction on a 0.1 mmol scale proved successful with isolation of the benzylation product in 95% yield.

(2) Ligand Screening:



Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %) was used to test 23 sterically and electronically diverse, mono- and bidentate phosphine ligands (ligands 1-23 from the Table below).

Ligand libraries

- 1 2-(Di-*t*-butylphosphino)biphenyl (JohnPhos)
 - 2 2-(Di-*t*-butylphosphino)-3-methoxy-6-methyl-2',4',6'-tri-*i*-propyl-1,1'-biphenyl (RockPhos)
 - 3 1,1'-Bis(di-*t*-butylphosphino)ferrocene (dtbpf)
 - 4 2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-dimethoxy-1,1'-biphenyl (SPhos)
 - 5 Tri-*o*-tolylphosphine
 - 6 2-(Di-1-adamantylphosphino)-*N,N*-dimethylaniline (Me-DalPhos)
 - 7 1,1'-Bis(diisopropylphosphino)ferrocene (dippf)
 - 8 5-(Di-*t*-butylphosphino)-1', 3', 5'-triphenyl-1'H-[1,4']bipyrazole (BippyPhos)
 - 9 9,9-Dimethyl-4,5-bis(diphenylphosphino)xanthene (XantPhos)
-

-
- 10 2-(Dicyclohexylphosphino)biphenyl (Cy-JohnPhos)
- 11 *N*-phenyl-2-(di-*t*-butylphosphino)pyrrole (cataCXium PtB)
- 12 *N*-phenyl-2-(dicyclohexylphosphino)pyrrole (cataCXium PCy)
- 13 racemic-2,2'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl (BINAP)
- 14 2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2'-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)biphenyl (DavePhos)
- 15 Butyldi-1-adamantylphosphine (cataCXium A)
- 16 Tricyclohexylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate
- 17 Tri-*t*-butylphosphonium tetrafluoroborate
- 18 1,2,3,4,5-Pentaphenyl-1'-(di-*t*-butylphosphino)ferrocene (QPhos)
- 19 2-Di-*tert*-butylphosphino-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl (*t*Bu-XPhos)
- 20 Dicyclohexyl-[3,6-dimethoxy-2-(2,4,6-triisopropylphenyl)phenyl]phosphane (BrettPhos)
- 21 1-[2-[Bis(*t*-butyl)phosphino]phenyl]-3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole (TrippyPhos)
- 22 1,1'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene (dppf)
- 23 4,6-Bis(diphenylphosphino)phenoxazine (NiXantPhos)
-

Well	Ligand	Prod/IS
A01	-	0.12
B01	JohnPhos	0.06
C01	RockPhos	0.07
D01	dtbpf	0.26

A02	SPhos	0.88
B02	<i>o</i> -Tolphosphine	0.37
C02	Me-DalPhos	0.12
D02	dippf	1.10
A03	BippyPhos	0.11
B03	XantPhos	0.77
C03	CyJohnPhos	0.54
D03	CataCXium PtB	0.10
A04	BINAP	0.14
B04	DavePhos	0.30
C04	CataCXium A	2.96
D04	CataCXium PCy	0.49
A05	PCy ₃ HBF ₄	1.22
B05	<i>t</i> -Bu ₃ PHBF ₄	0.60
C05	QPhos	0.20
D05	<i>t</i> -BuXPhos	0.07
A06	BrettPhos	0.14
B06	TrippyPhos	0.18
C06	dppf	0.47
D06	NIXANTPHOS	3.65

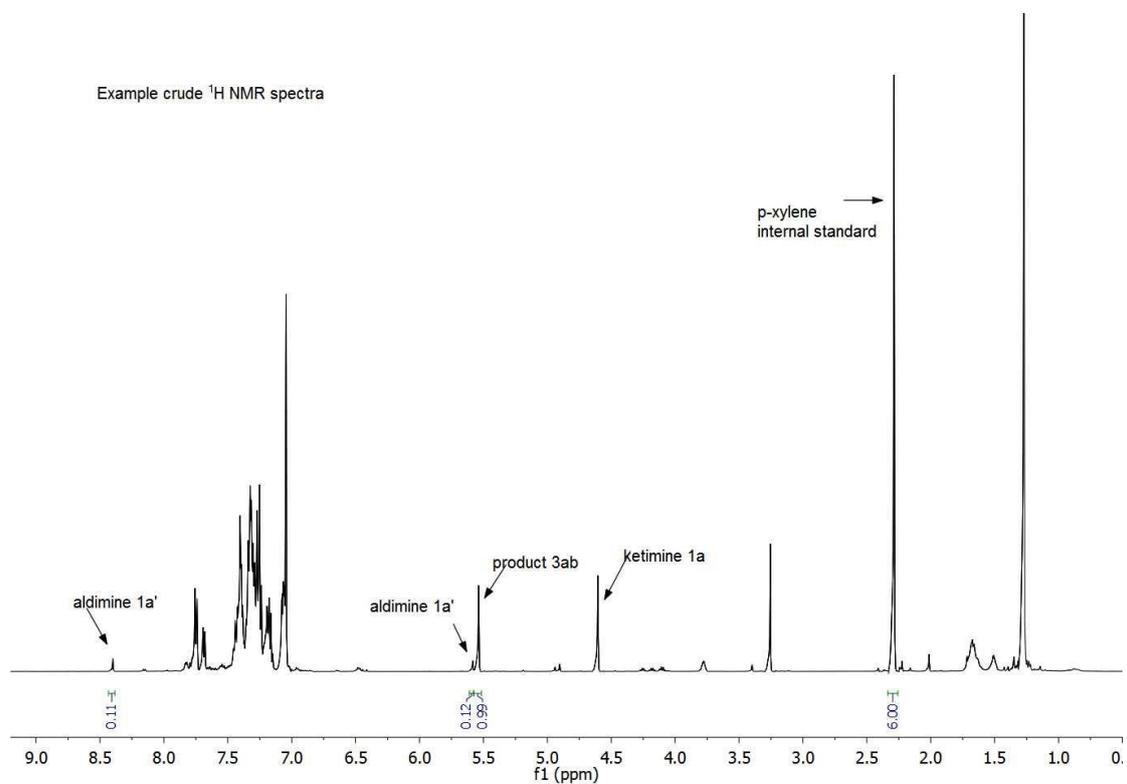
The lead hit from the screening was the combination of Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %) and NIXANTPHOS (10 mol %) (well D06). A scale-up reaction on a 0.1 mmol scale using the same procedure as HTE proved successful with product in 67% assay yield.

References:

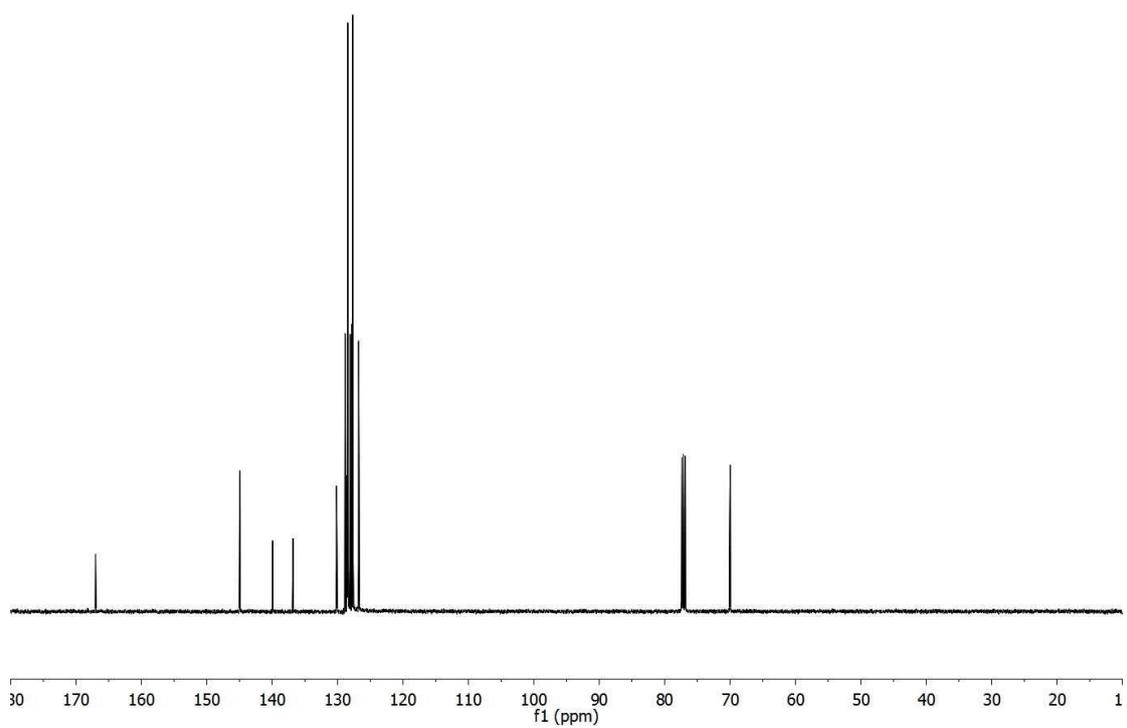
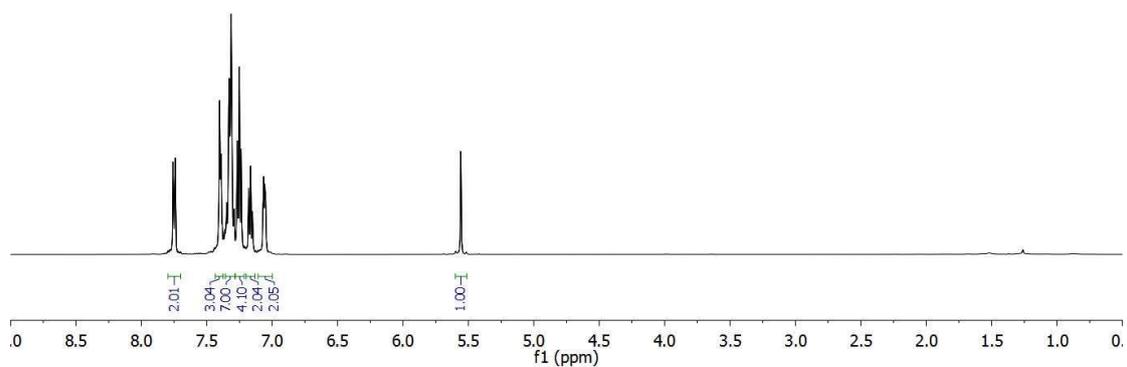
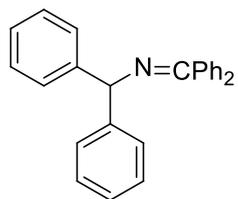
1. J. O'Donnell, W. D. Bennett, W. A. Bruder, W. N. Jacobsen, K. Knuth, B. LeClef, R. L. Polt, F. G. Bordwell, S. R. Mrozack and T. A. Cripe, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1988, **110**, 8520.
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NMR Spectra.

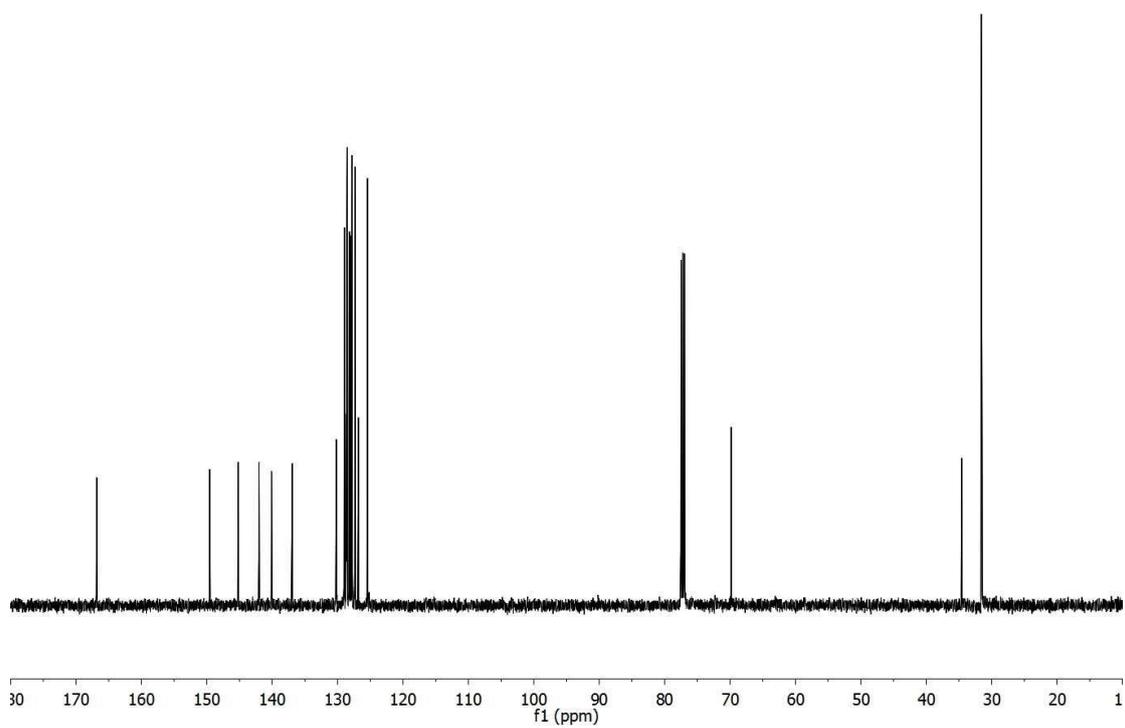
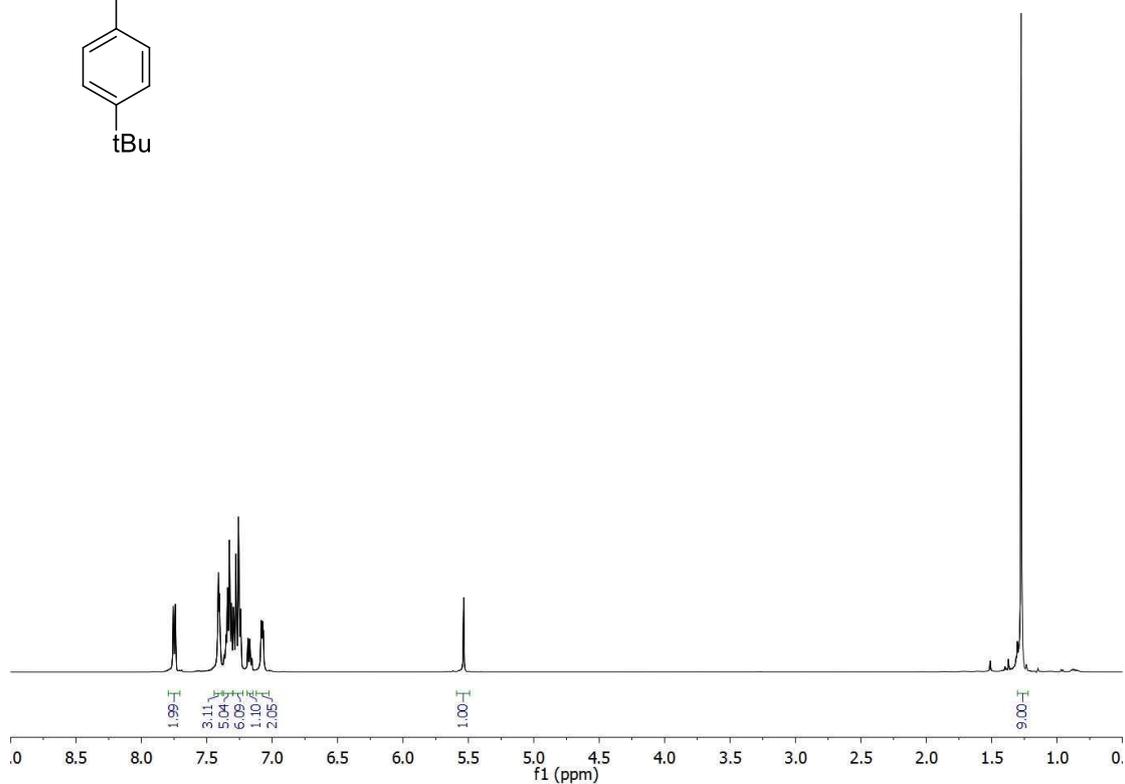
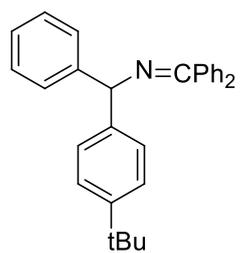
Example crude ^1H NMR spectra with 1,4-dimethylbenzene (*p*-xylene) as an internal standard



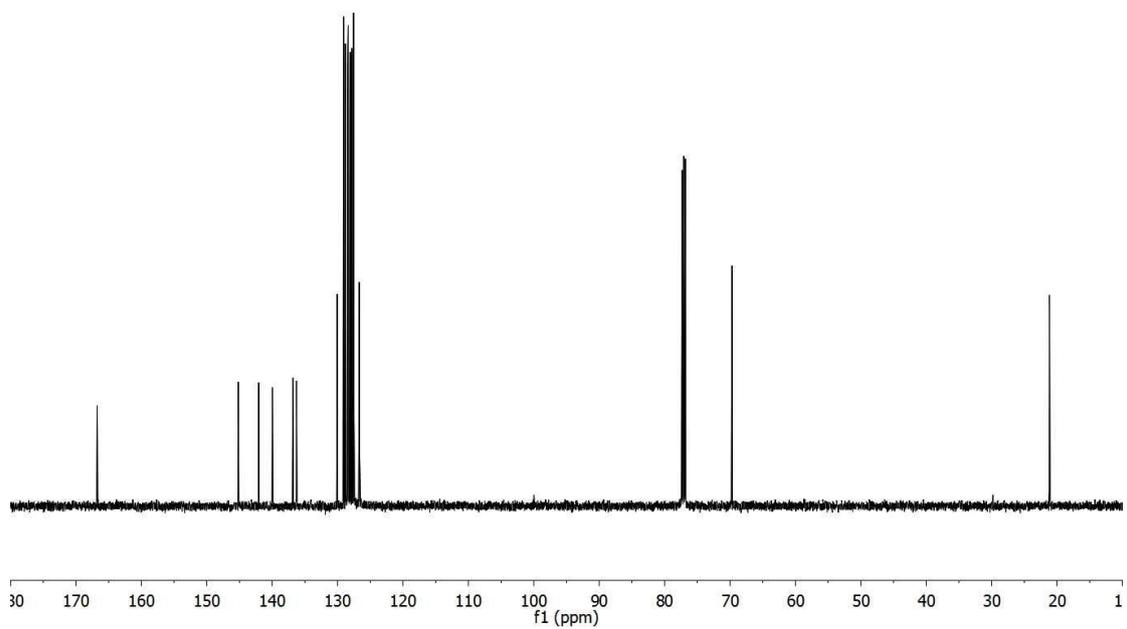
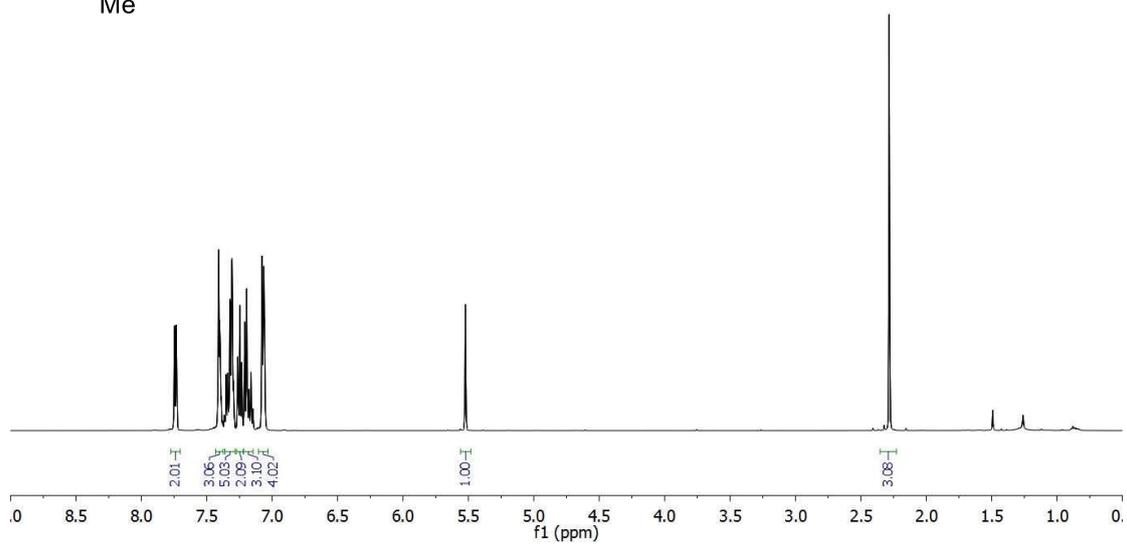
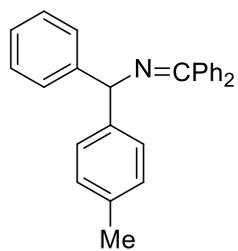
3aa – *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1,1-diphenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



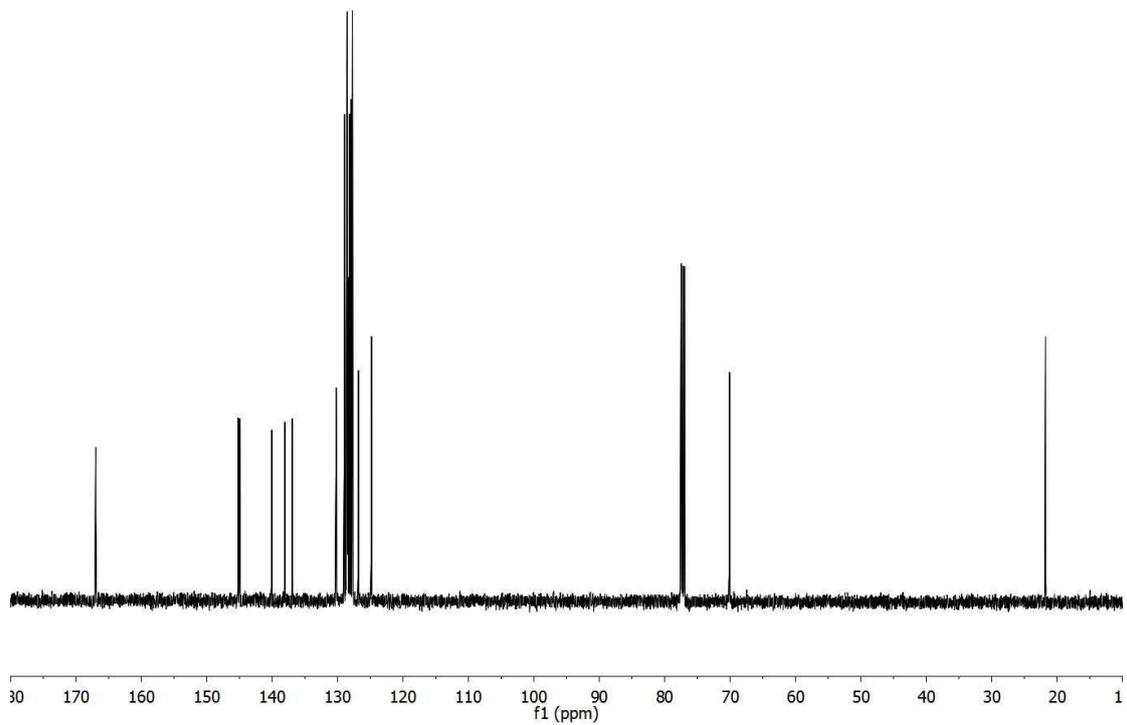
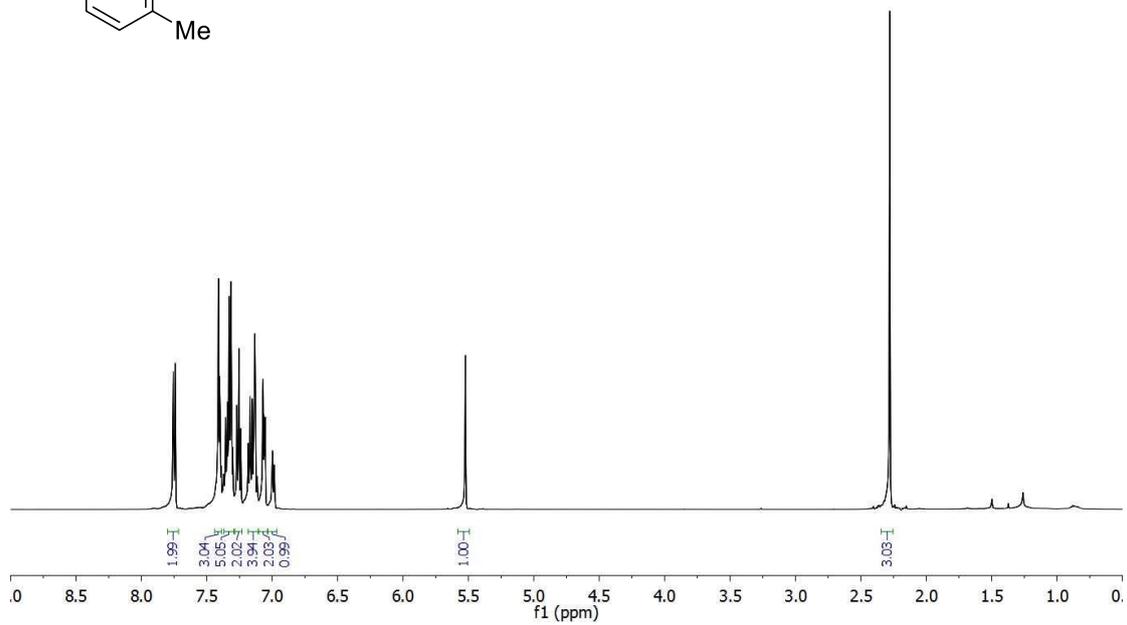
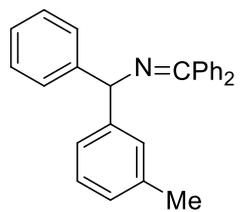
3ab - 1-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



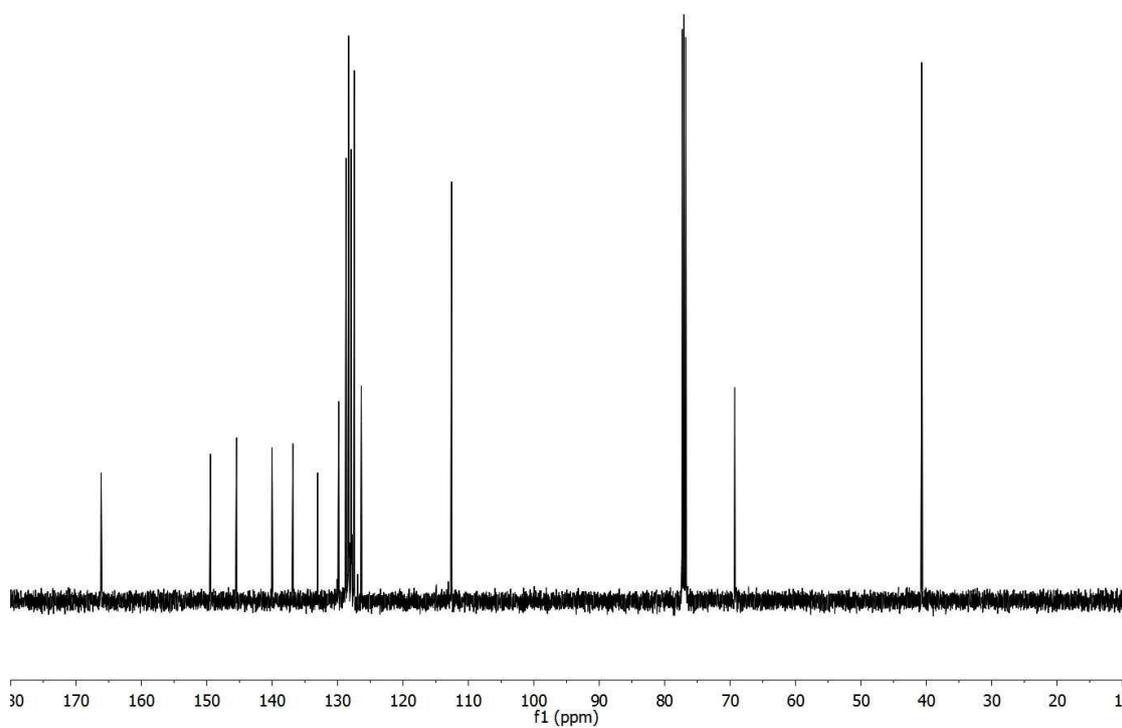
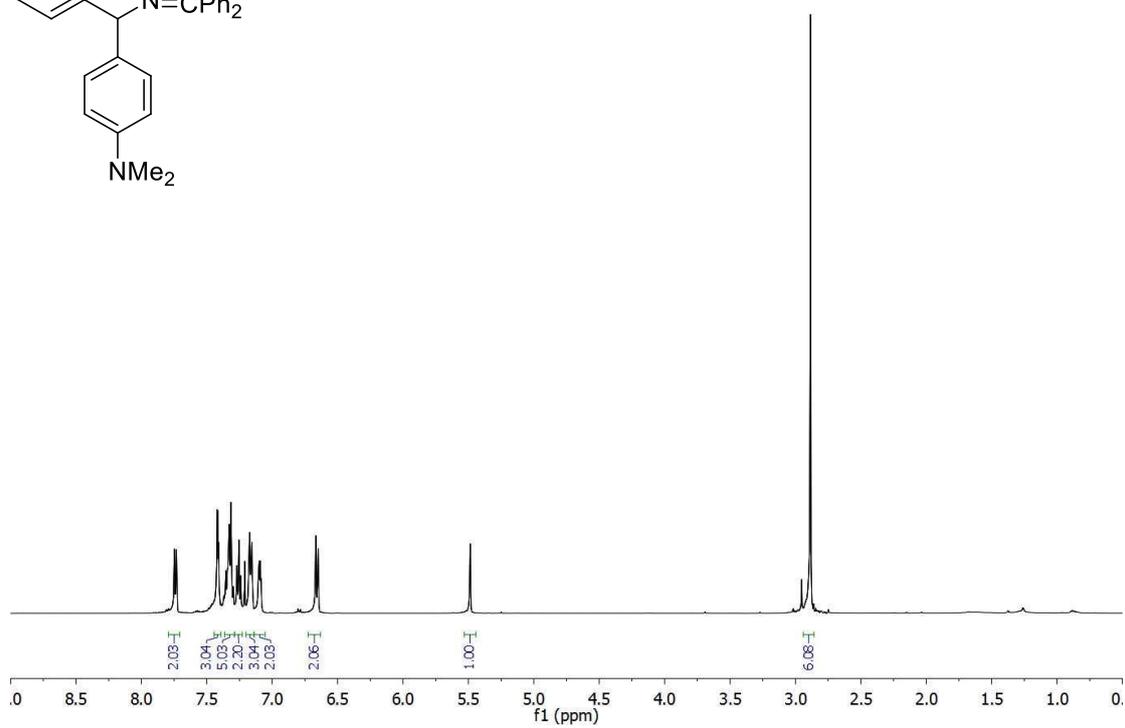
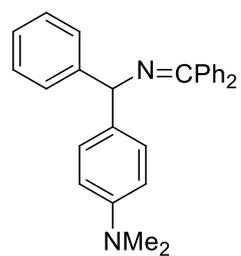
3ac - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*p*-tolyl)methanamine in CDCl₃



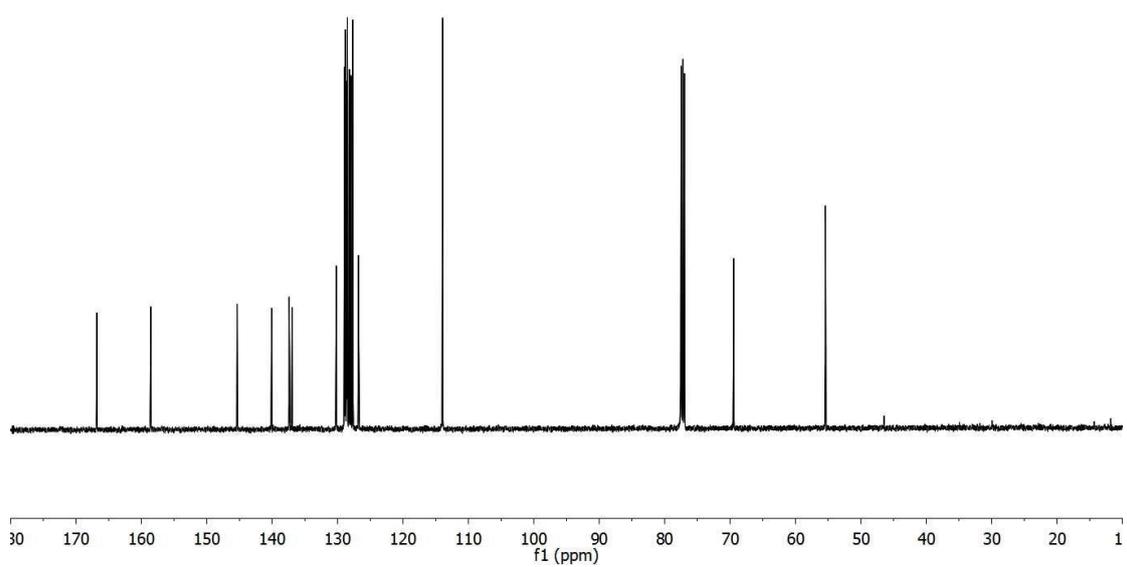
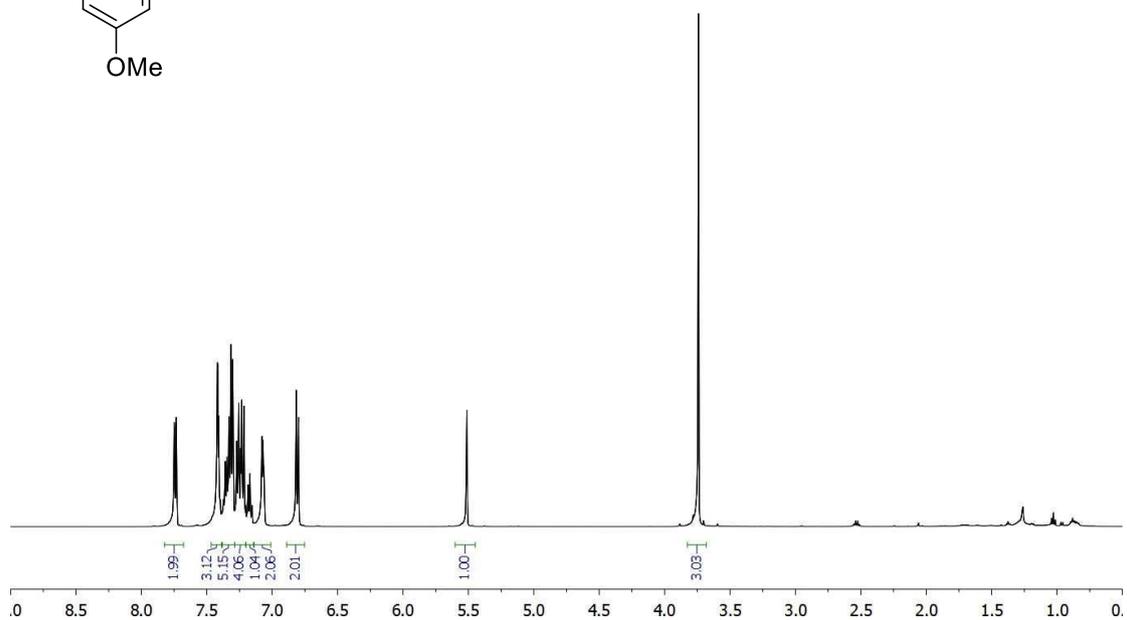
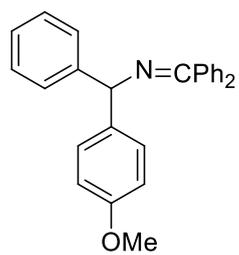
3ad - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)methanamine in CDCl₃



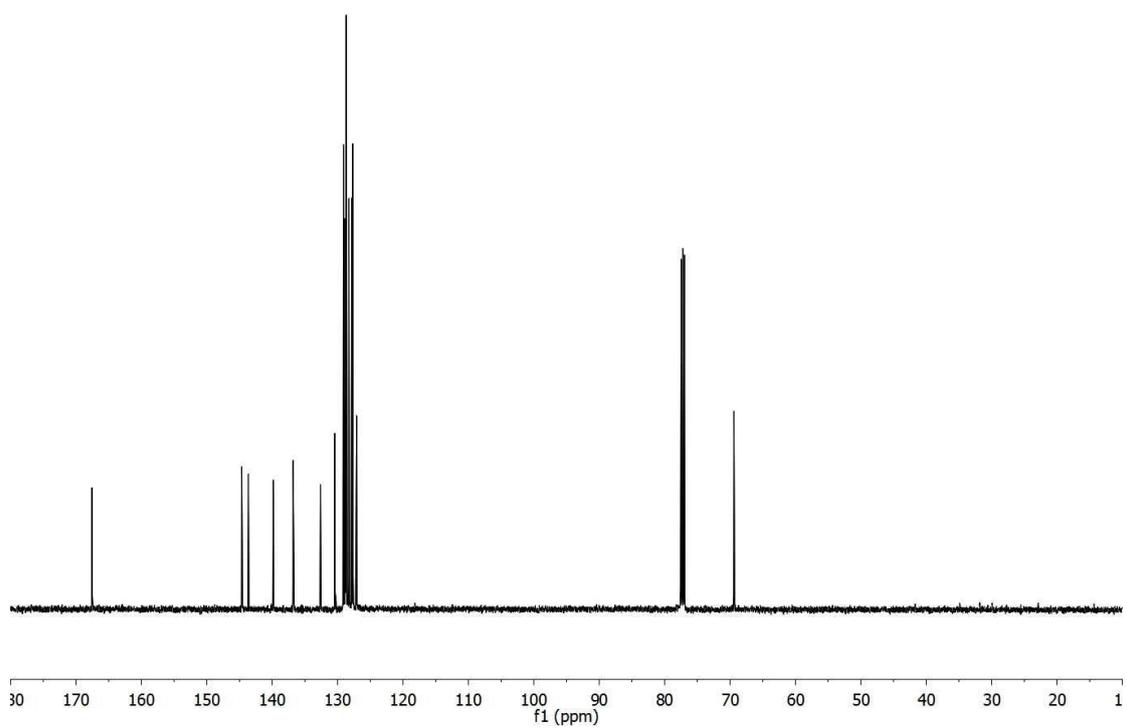
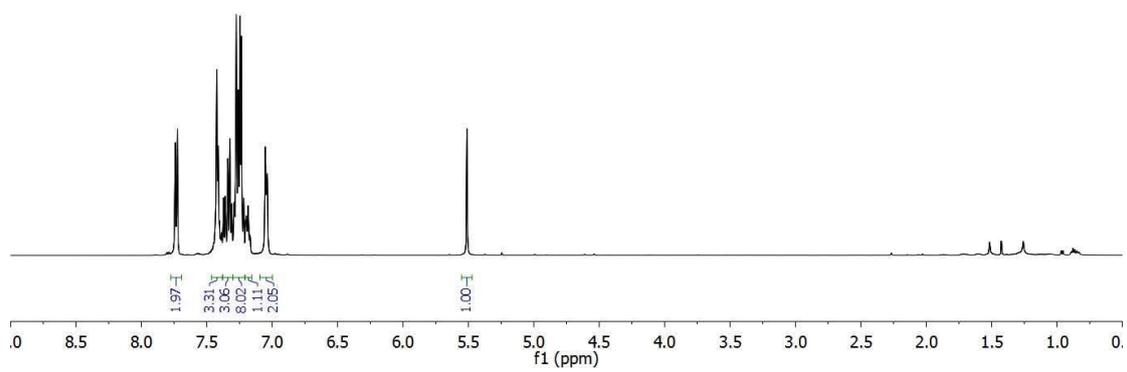
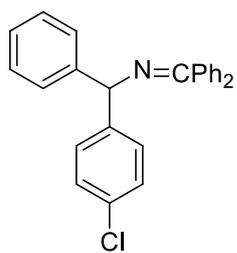
3ae - 4-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)-*N,N*-dimethylaniline in CDCl₃



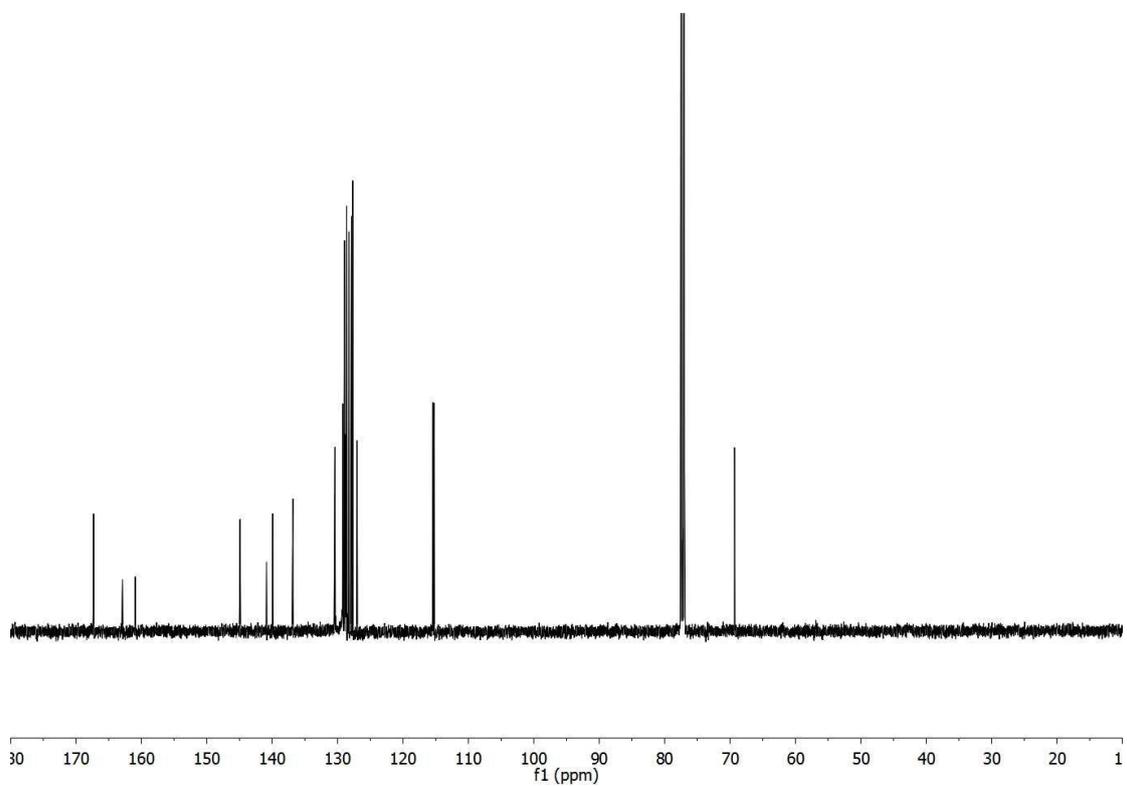
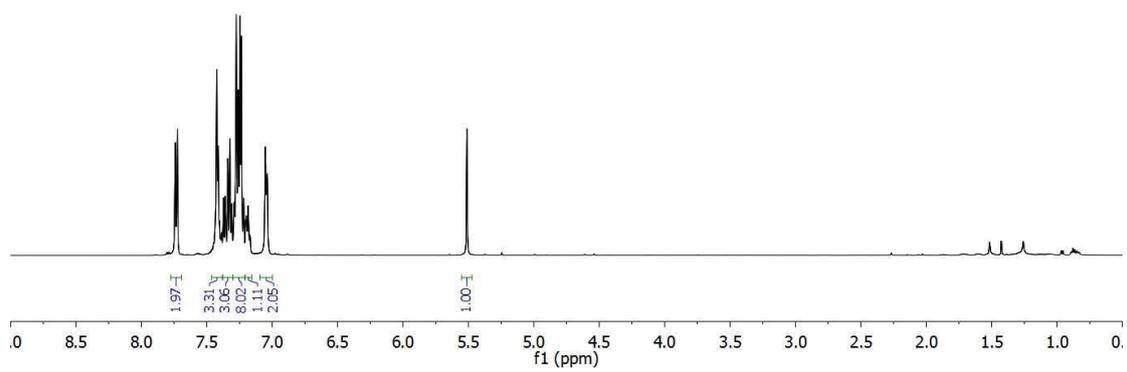
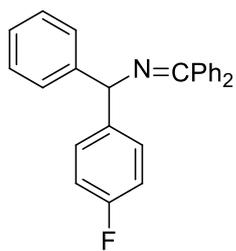
3af - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(*p*-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



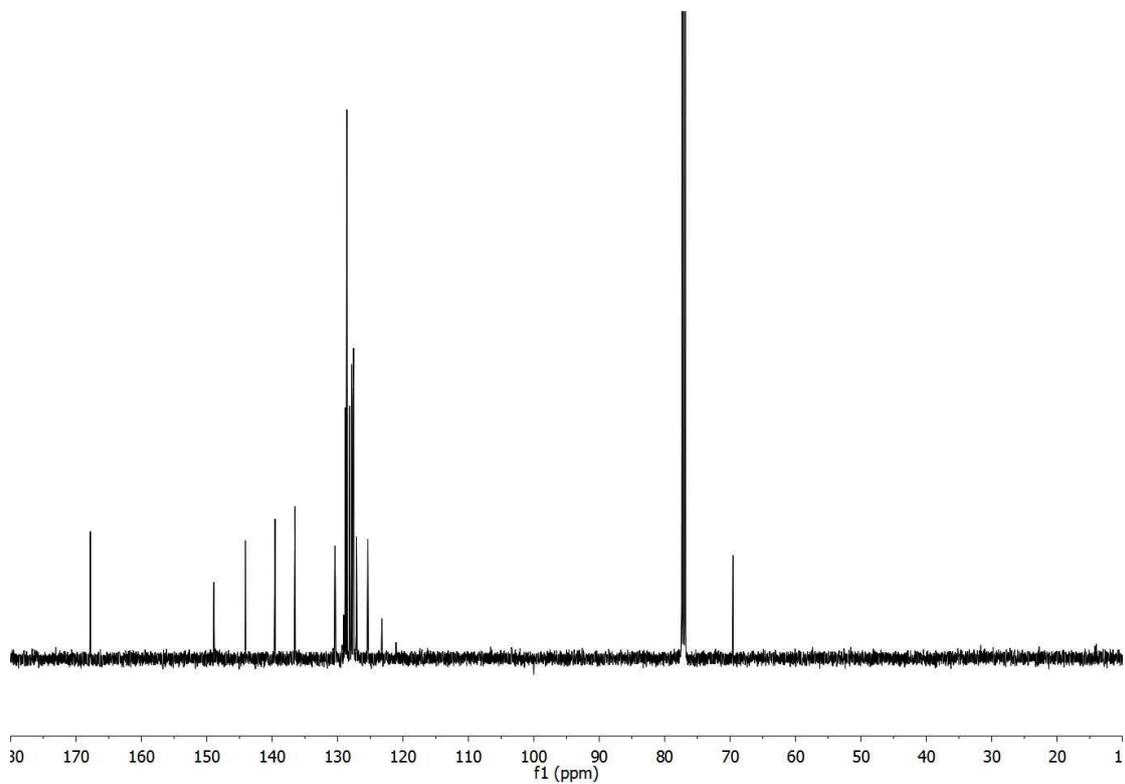
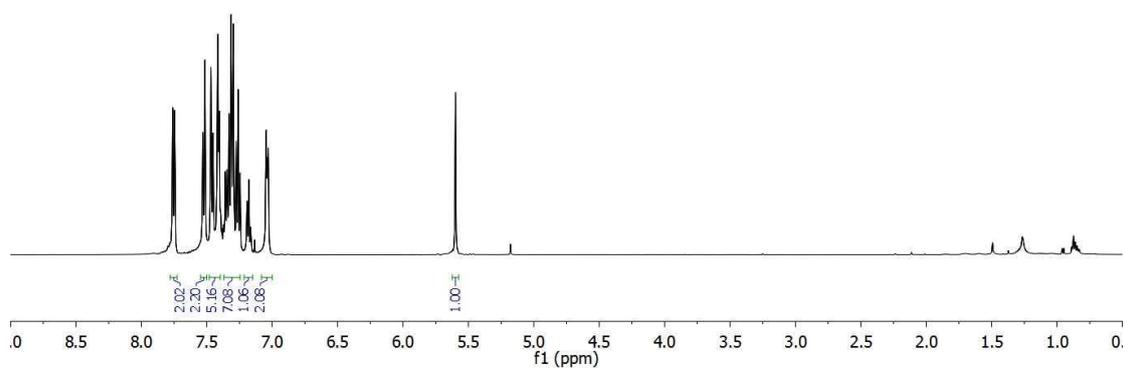
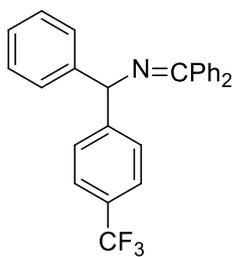
3ag - 1-(*p*-chlorophenyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



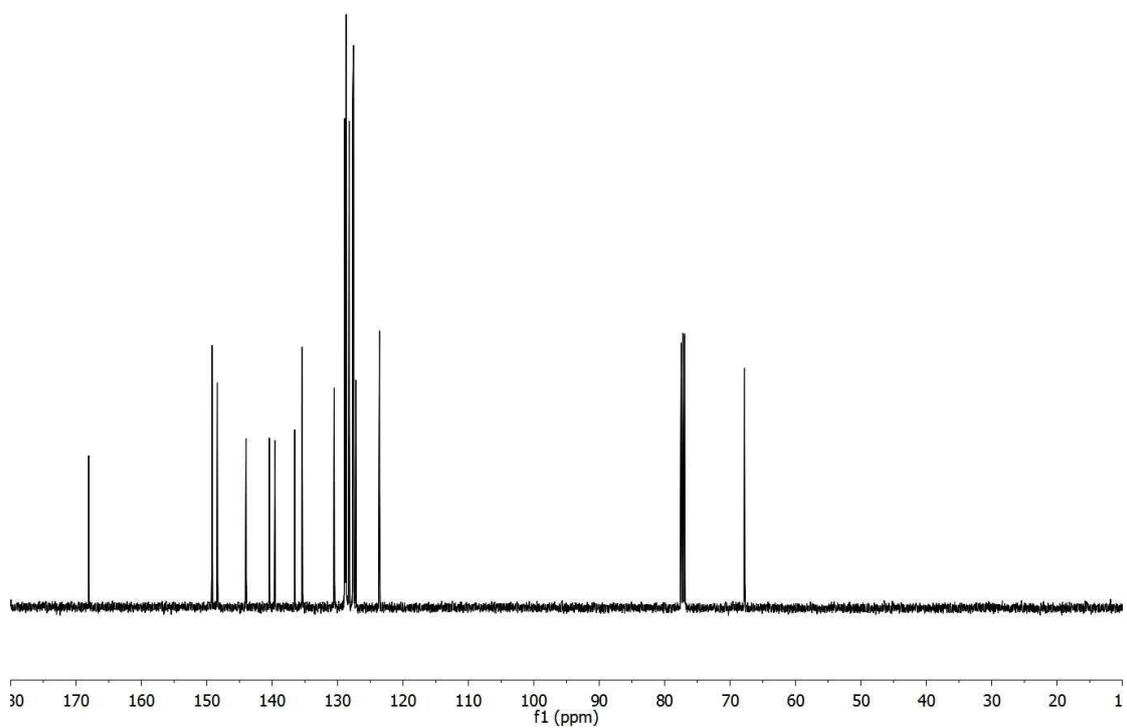
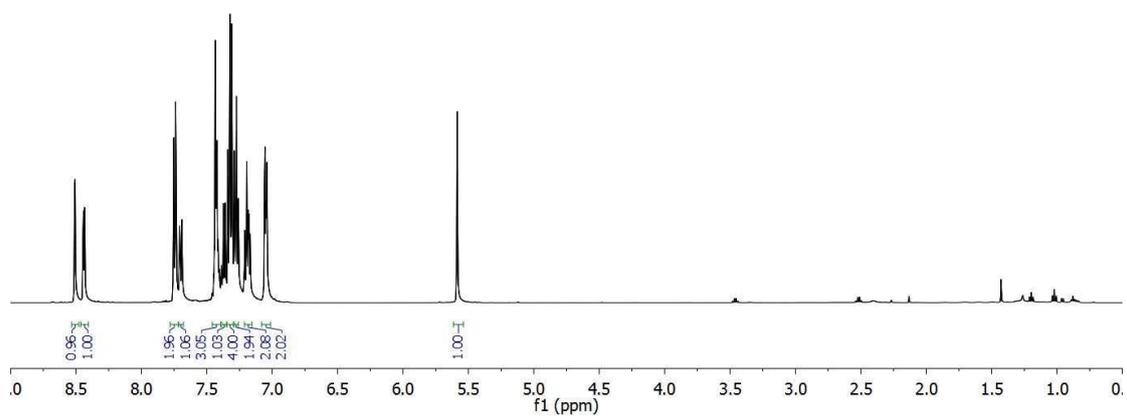
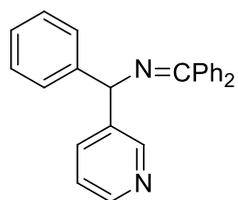
3ah - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(*p*-fluorophenyl)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



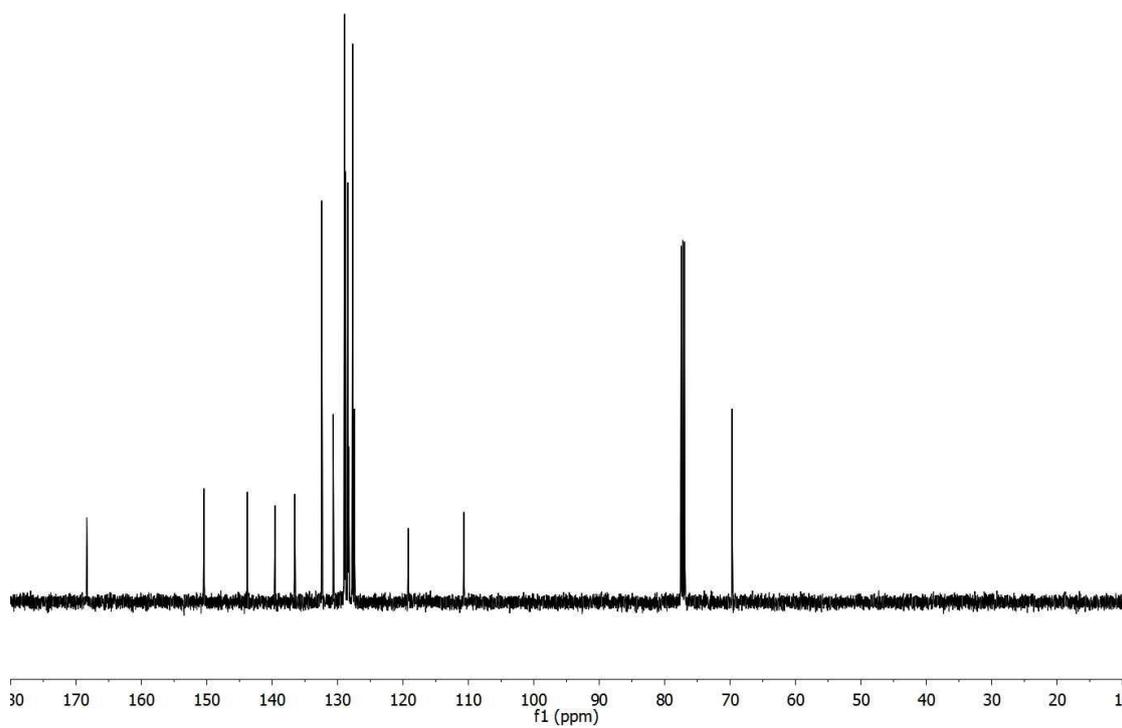
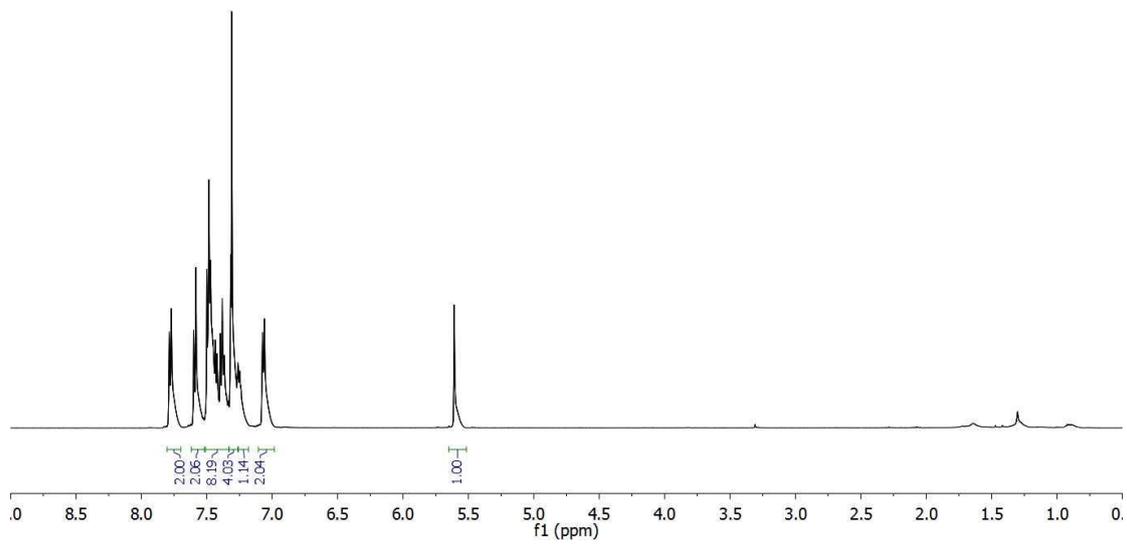
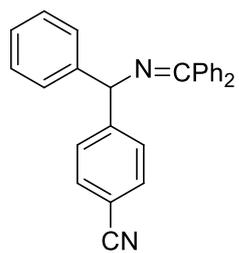
3ai -N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(p-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methanamine in CDCl₃



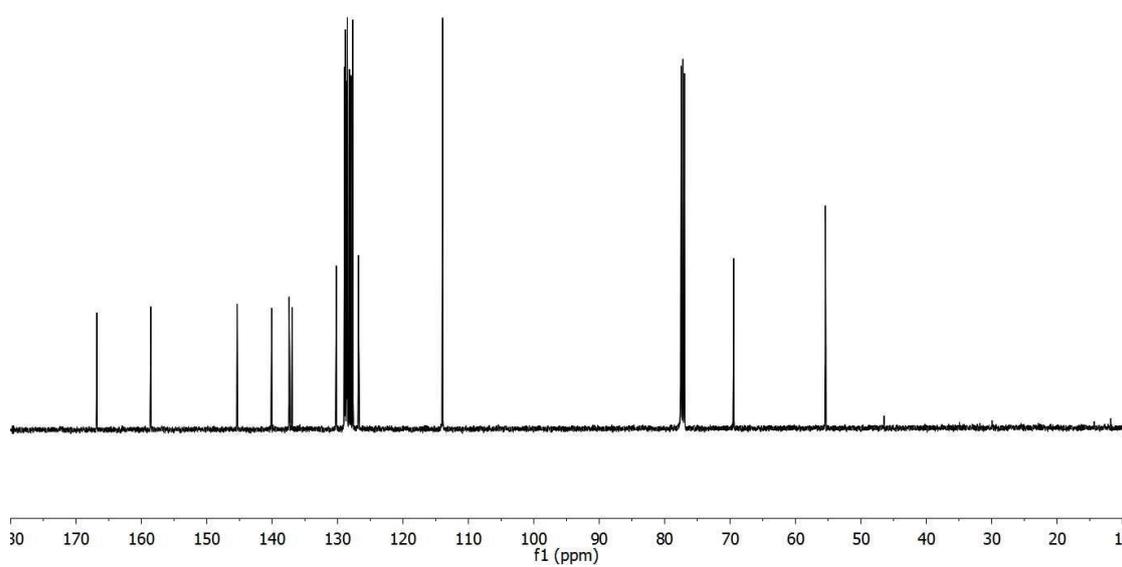
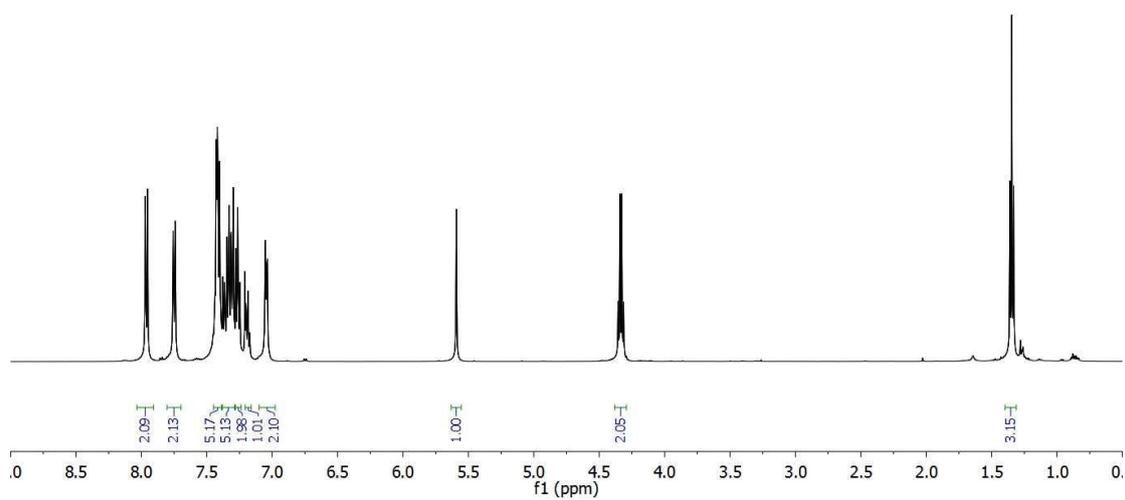
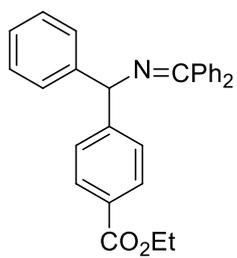
3aj - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(pyridin-3-yl)methanamine in CDCl₃



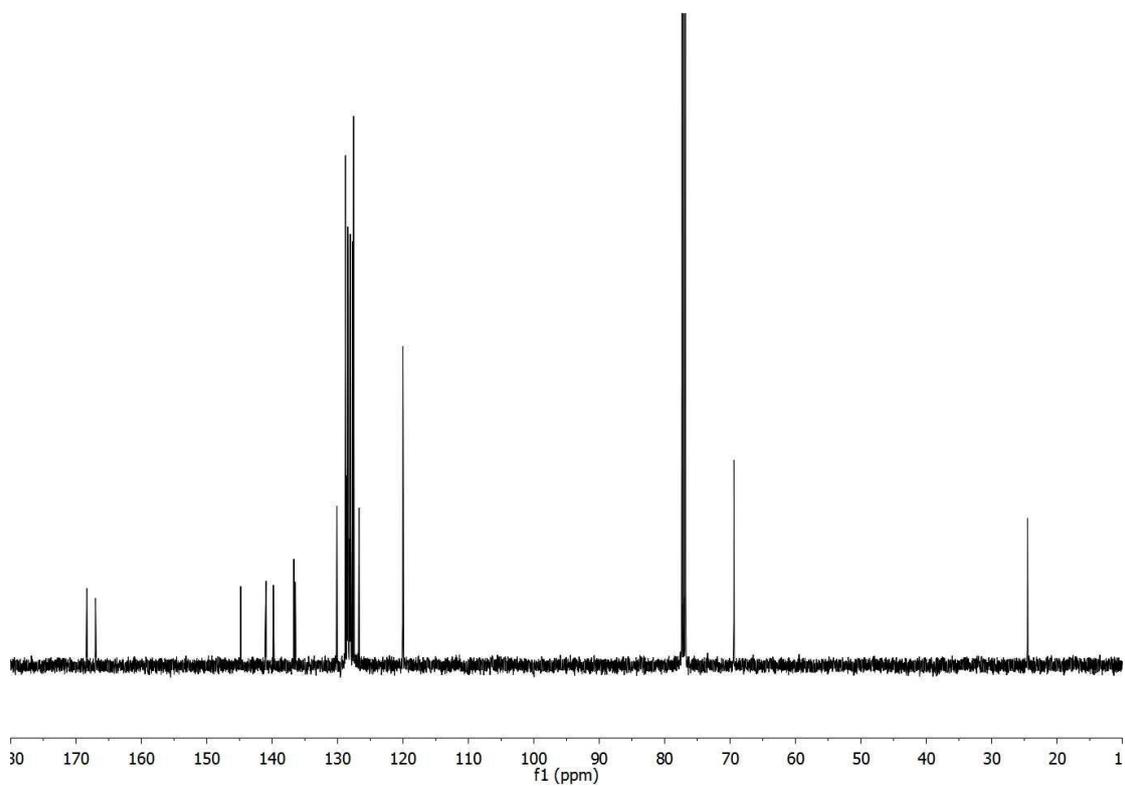
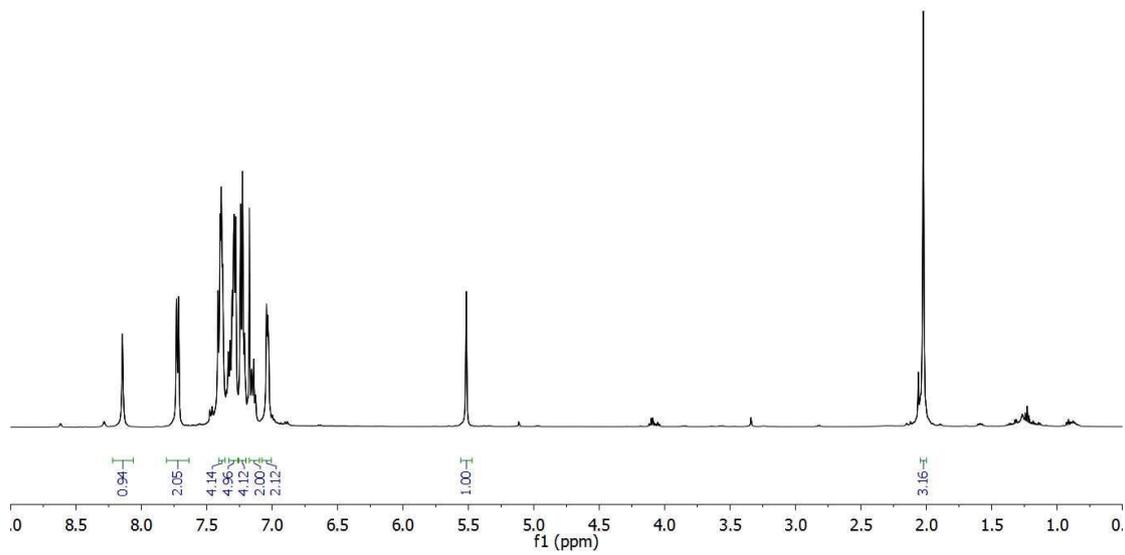
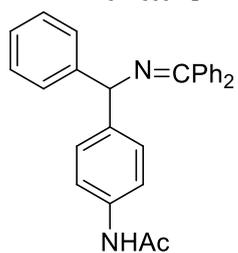
3ak - 4-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)benzonitrile in CDCl₃



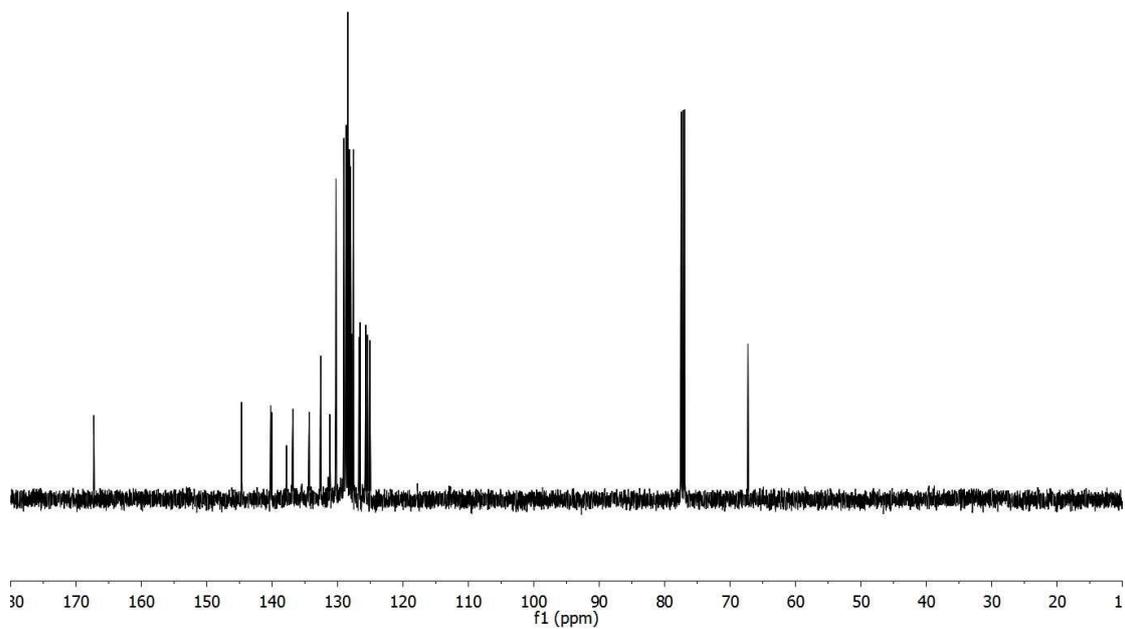
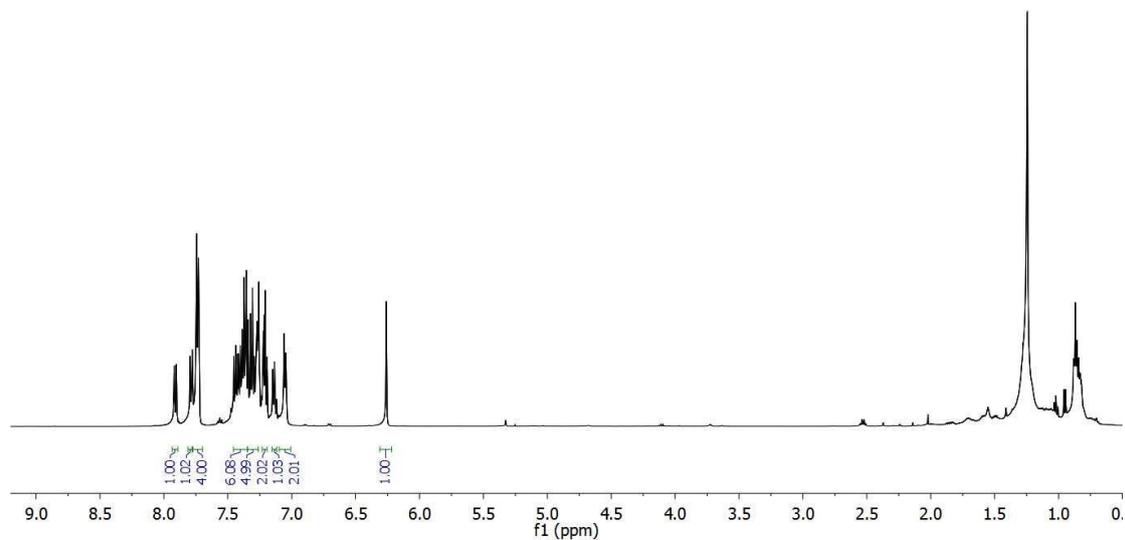
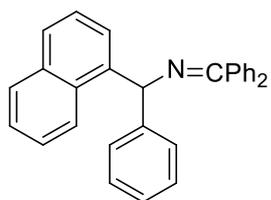
3al - Ethyl 4-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)benzoate in CDCl₃



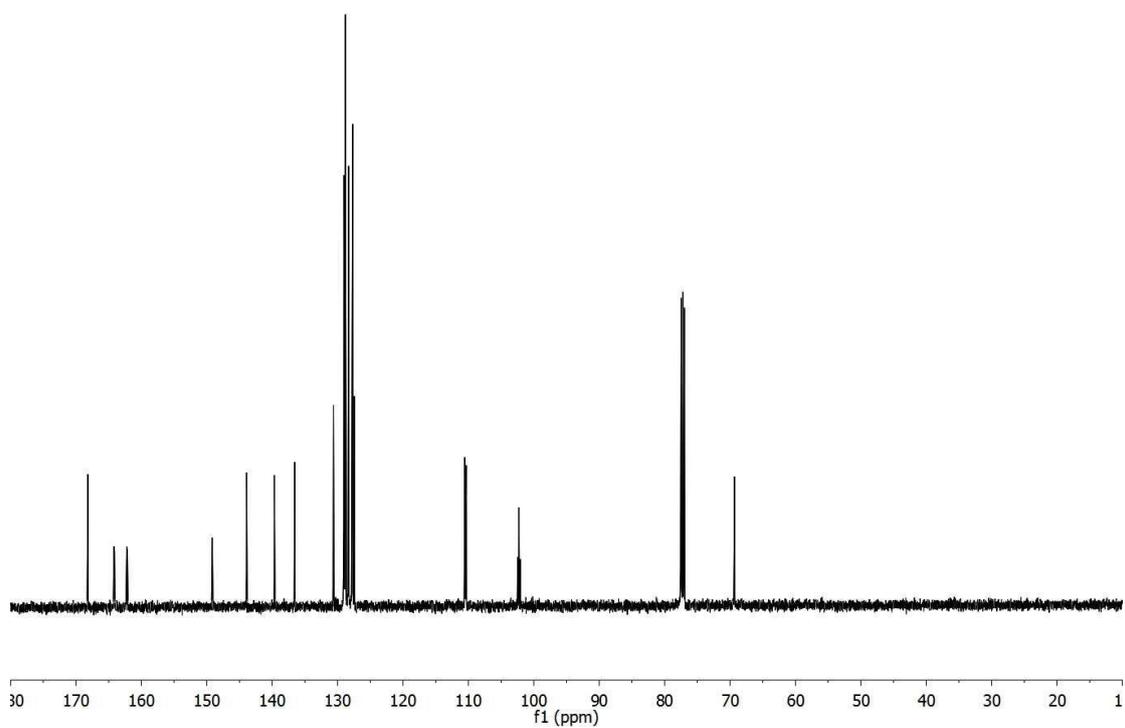
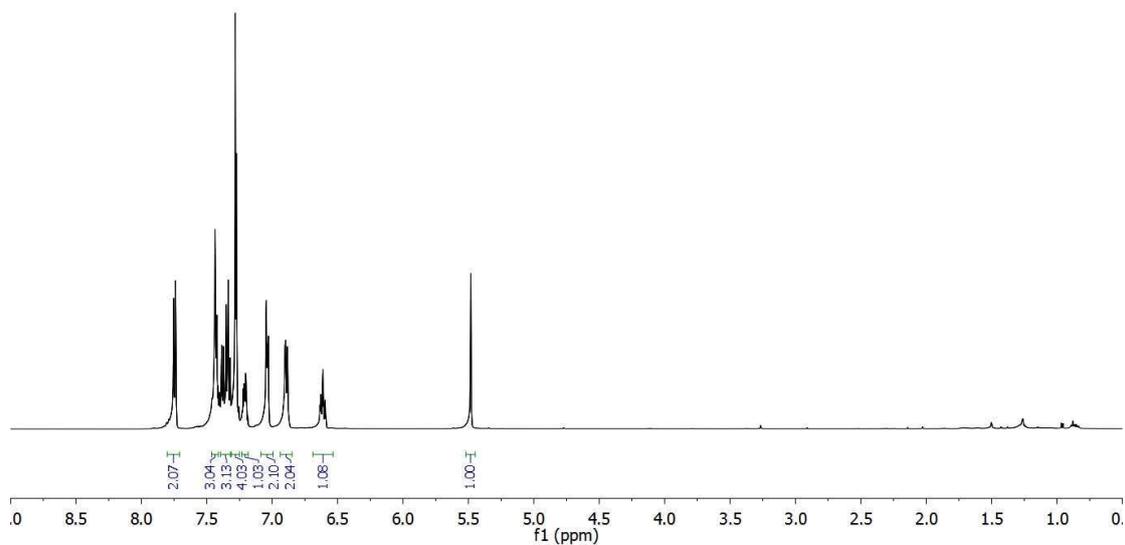
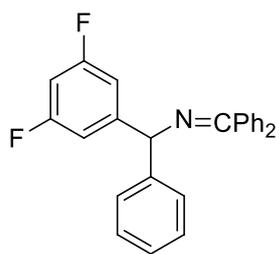
3am - *N*-4-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)phenylacetamide in CDCl₃



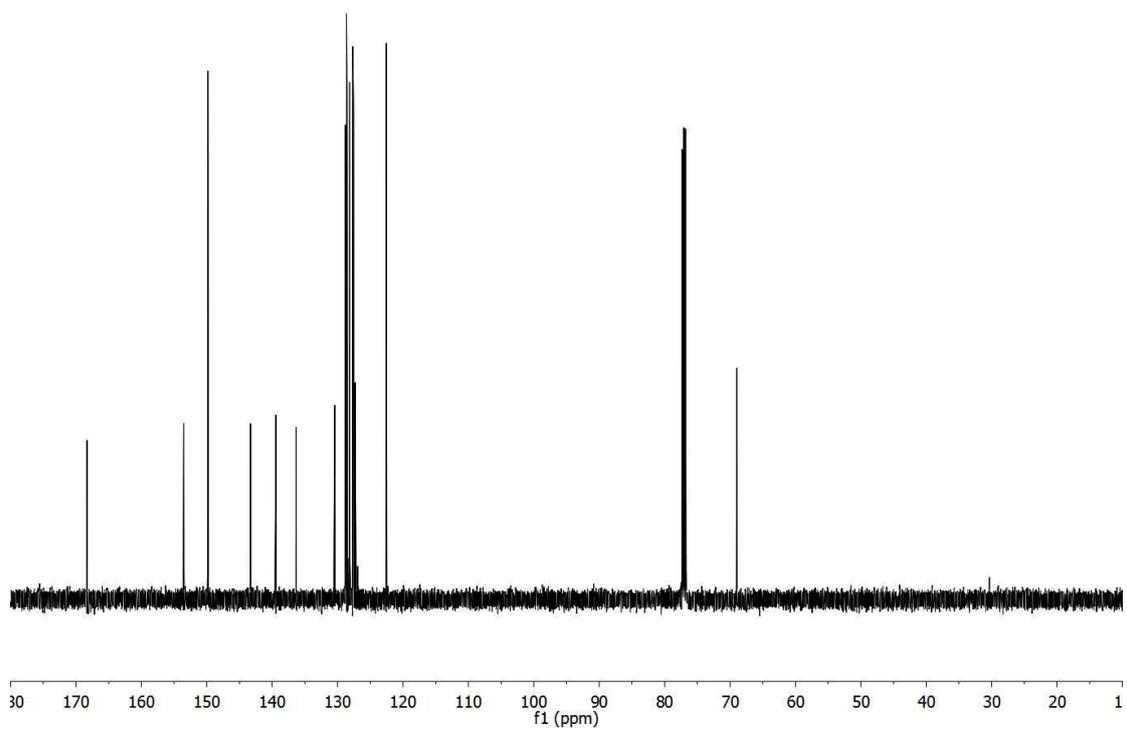
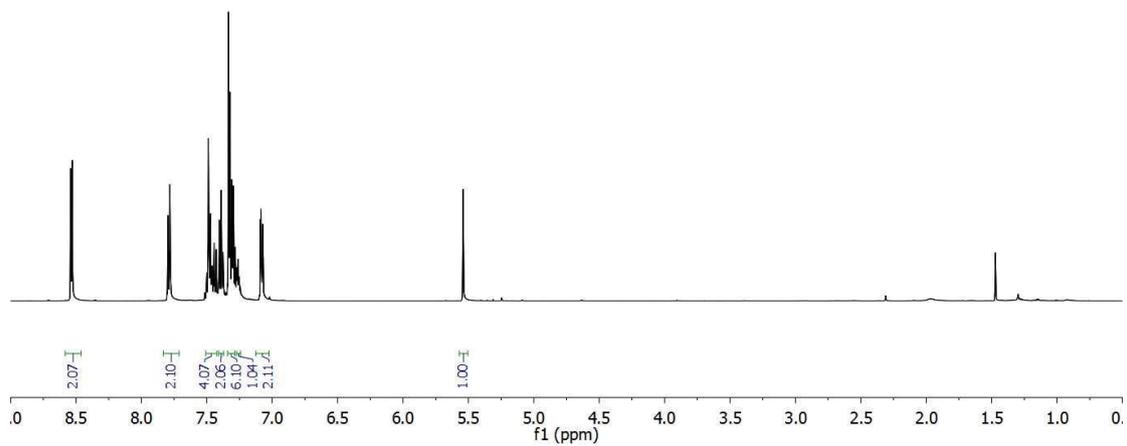
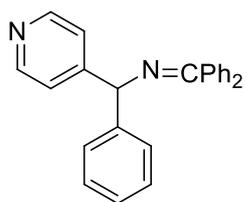
3ca - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



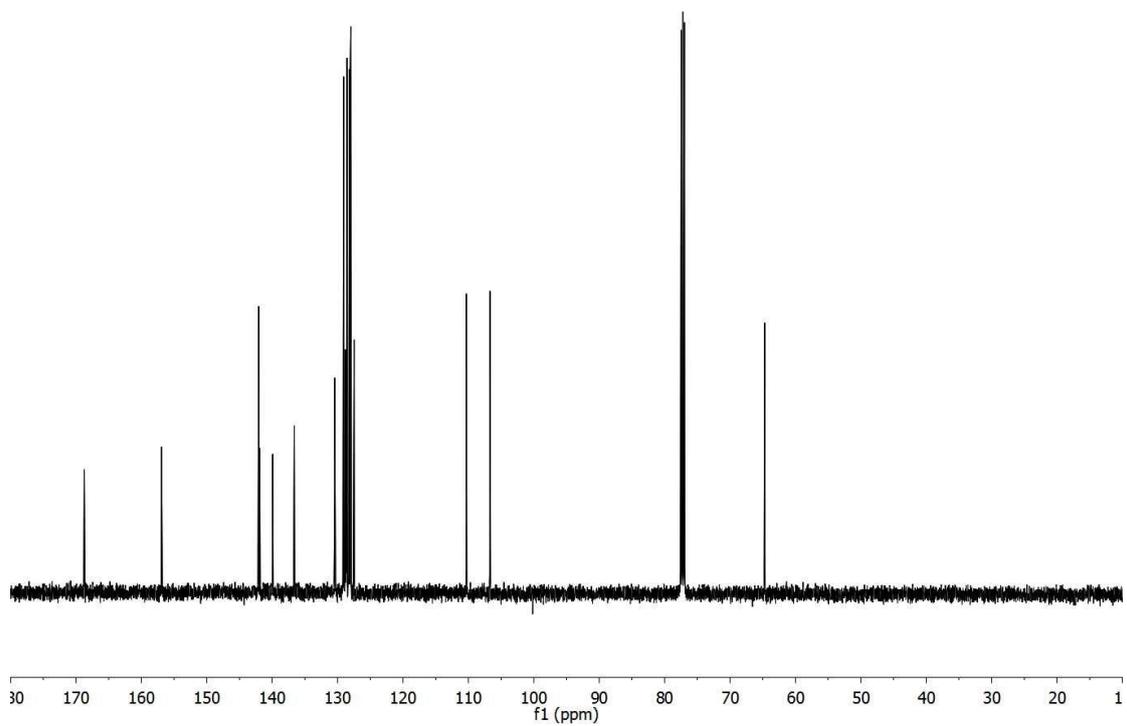
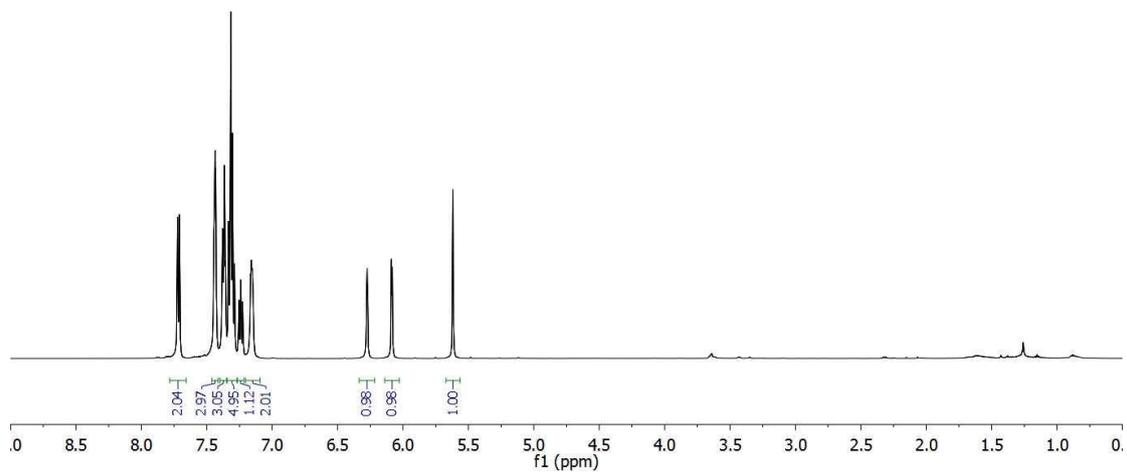
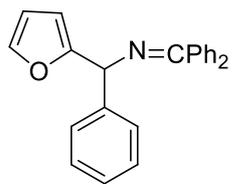
3ga - 1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



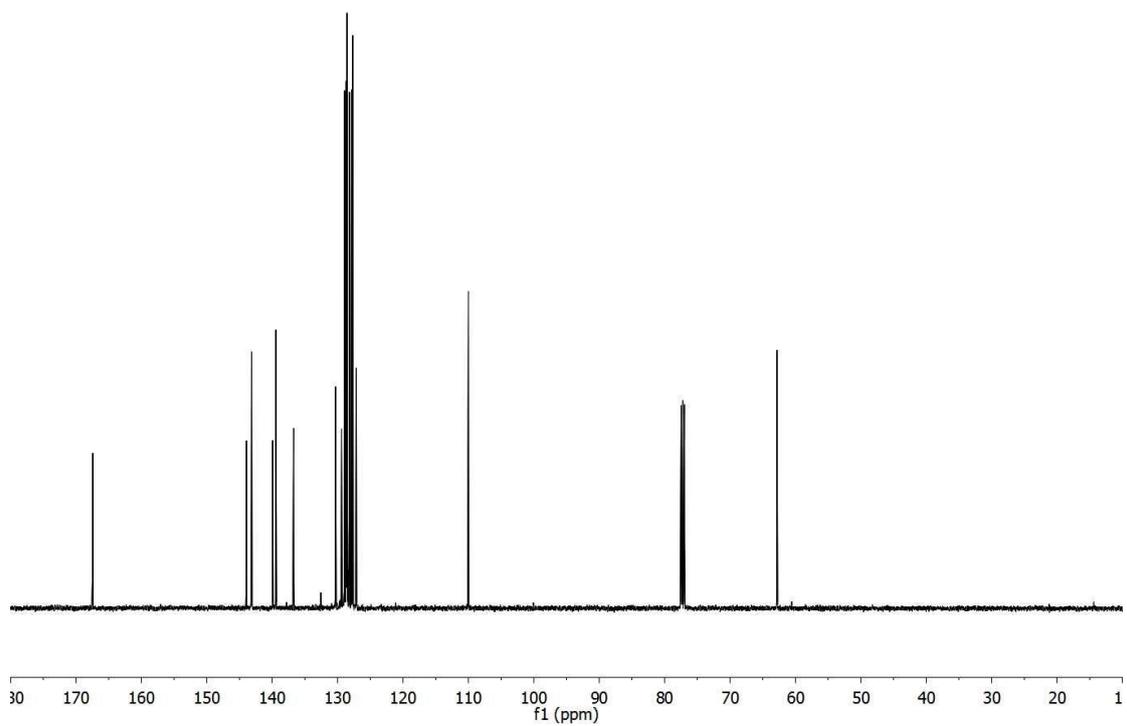
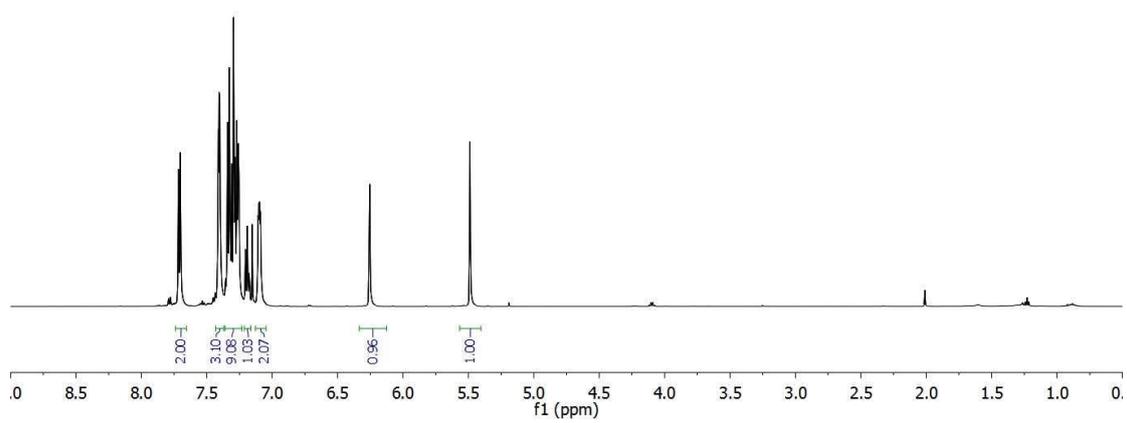
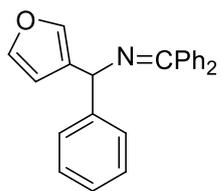
3ia - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(pyridin-4-yl)methanamine in CDCl₃



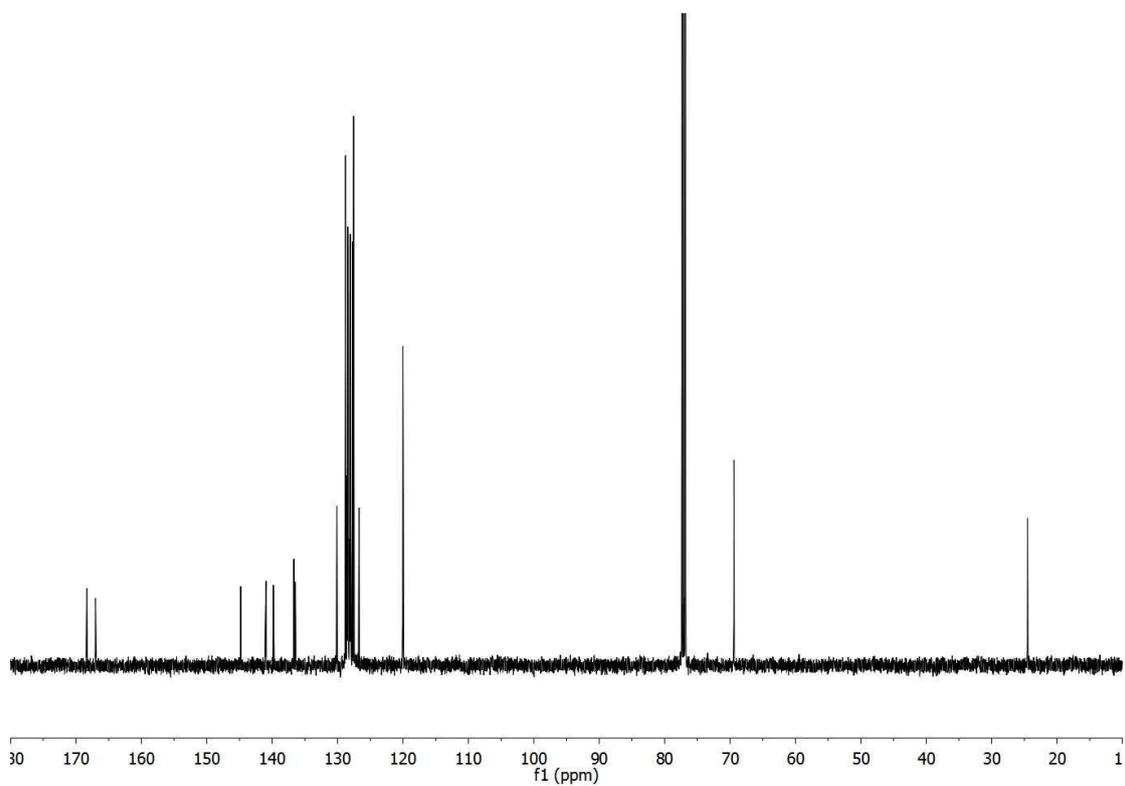
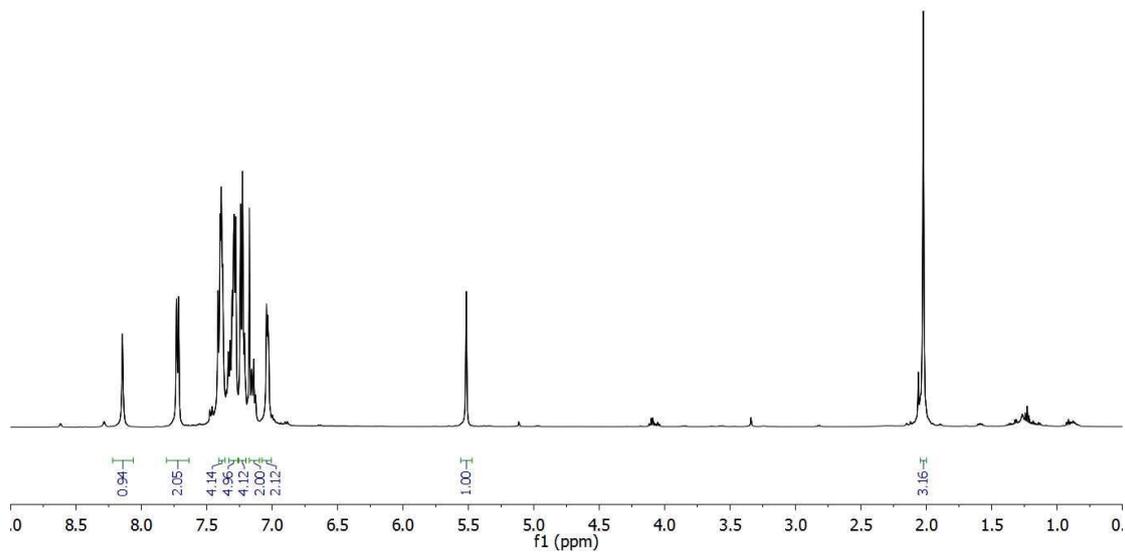
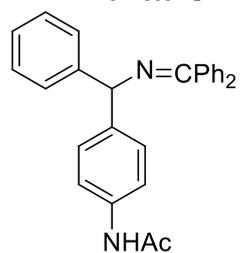
3ja - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(furan-2-yl)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



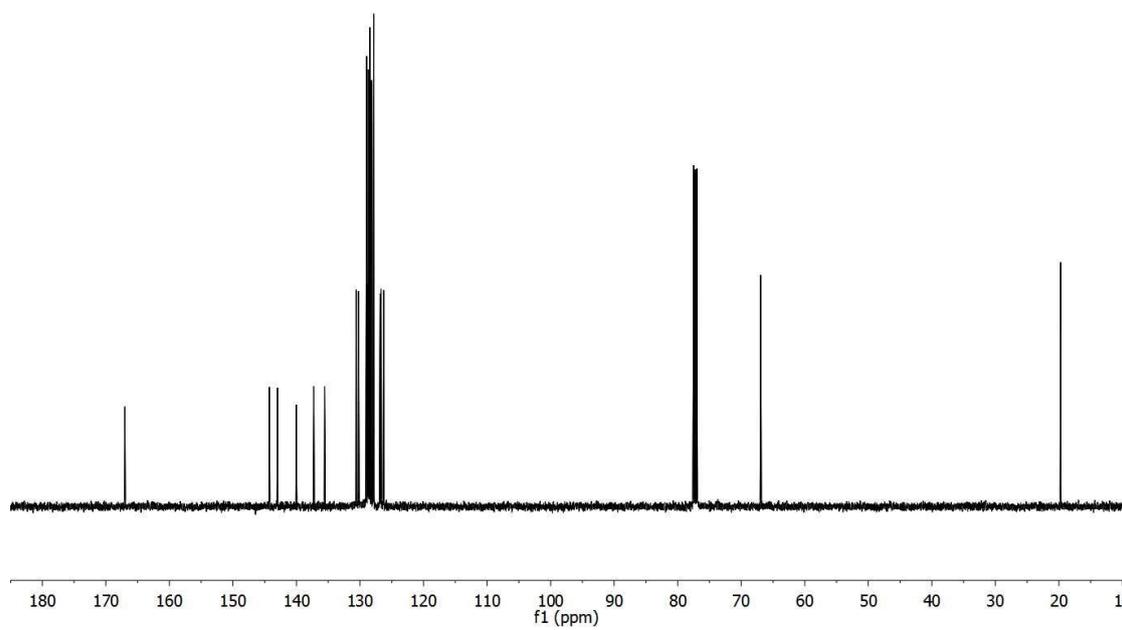
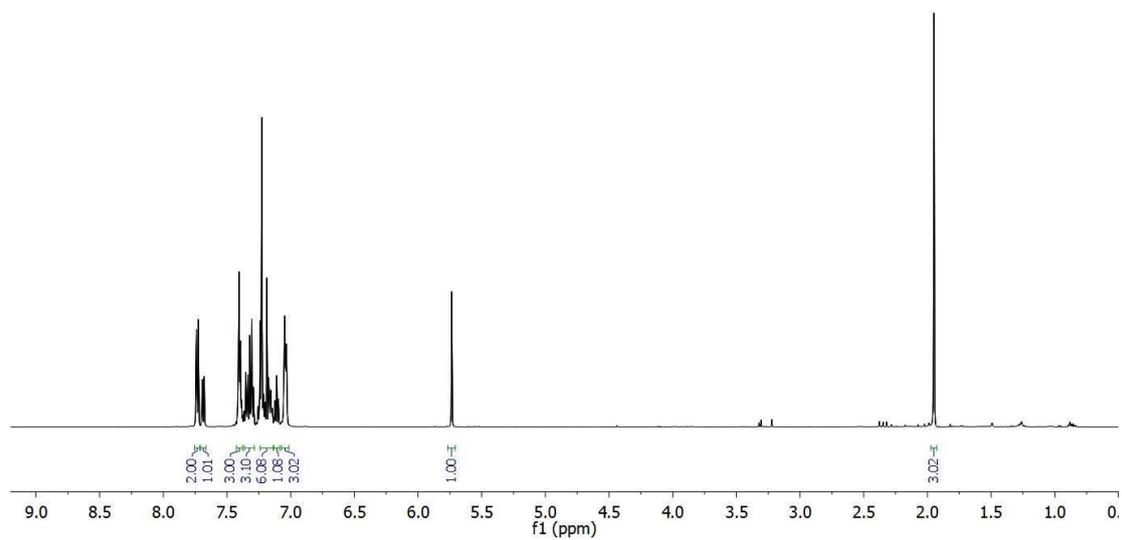
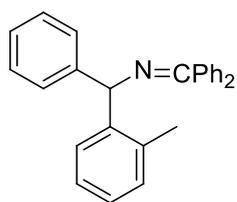
3la - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-(furan-3-yl)-1-phenylmethanamine in CDCl₃



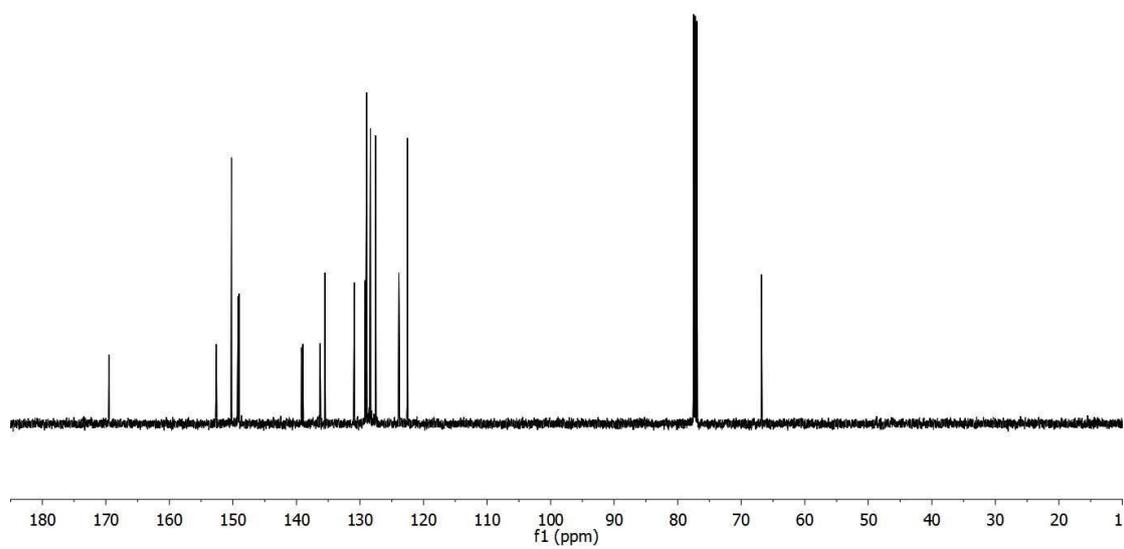
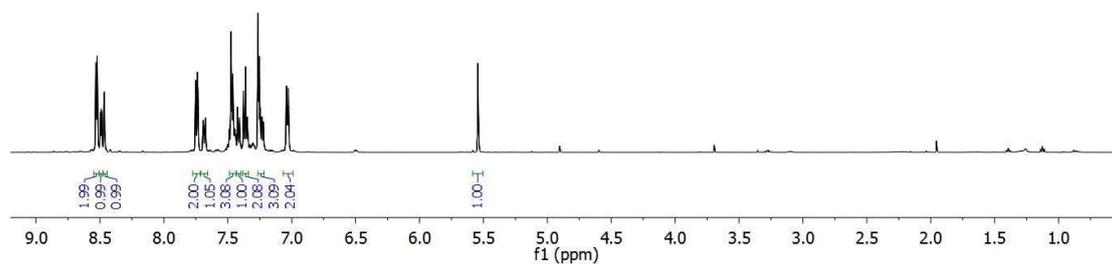
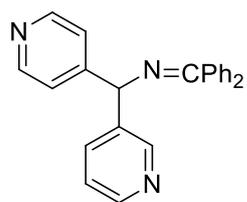
3am - *N*-4-(((diphenylmethylene)amino)(phenyl)methyl)phenylacetamide in CDCl₃



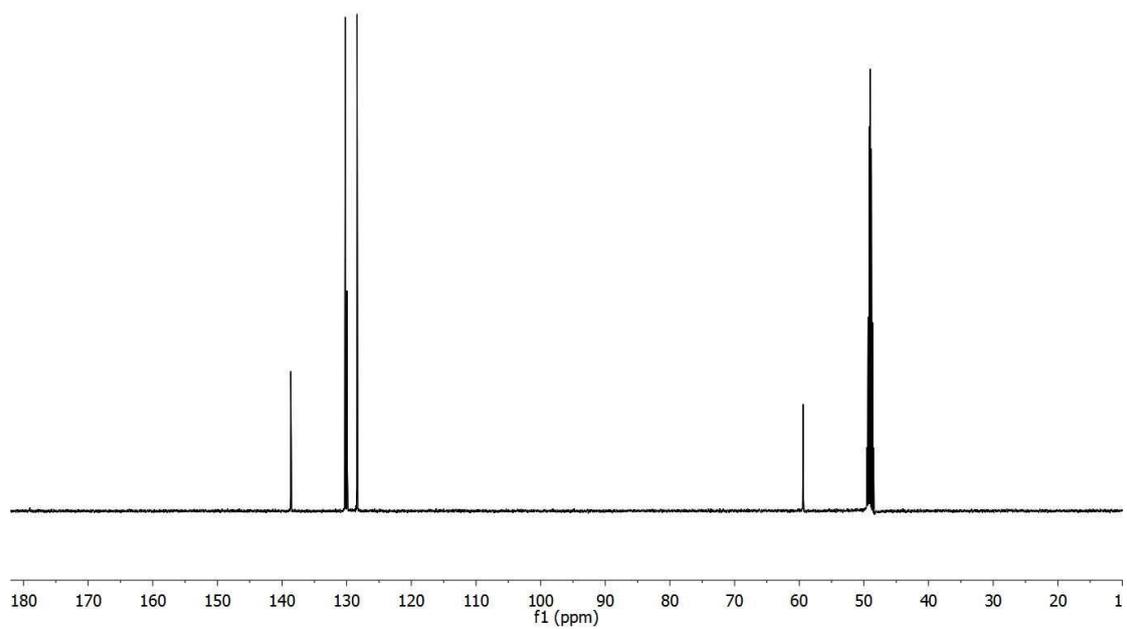
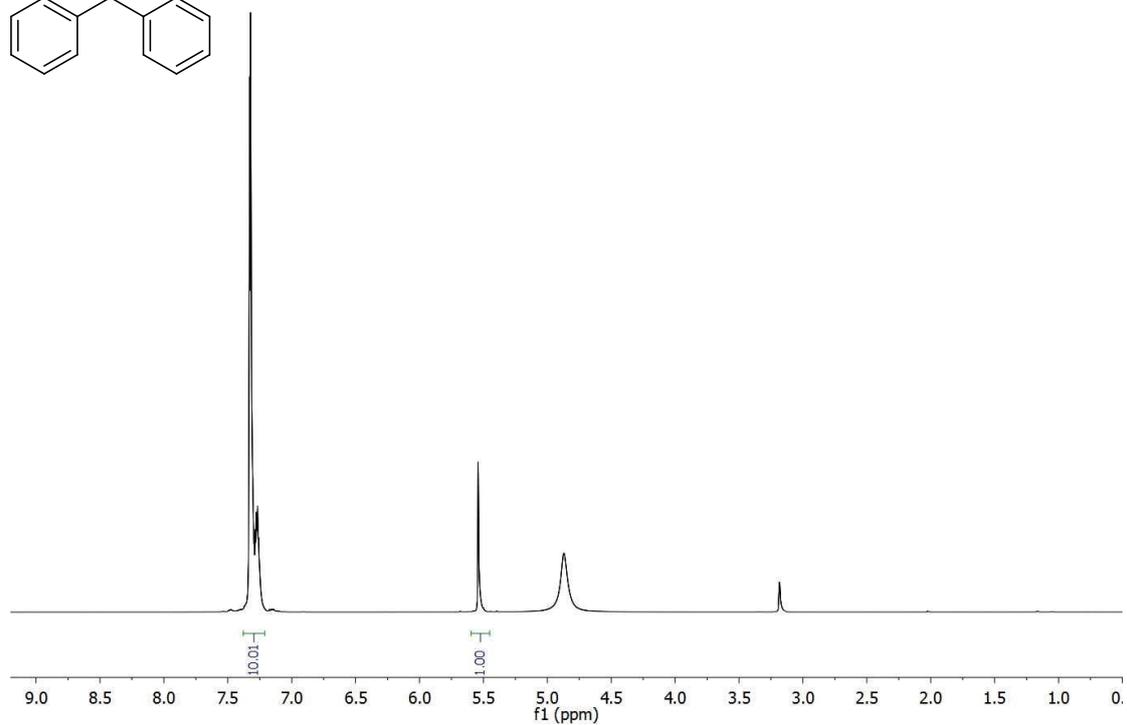
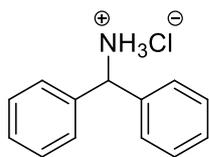
3an -N-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(*o*-tolyl)methanamine in CDCl₃



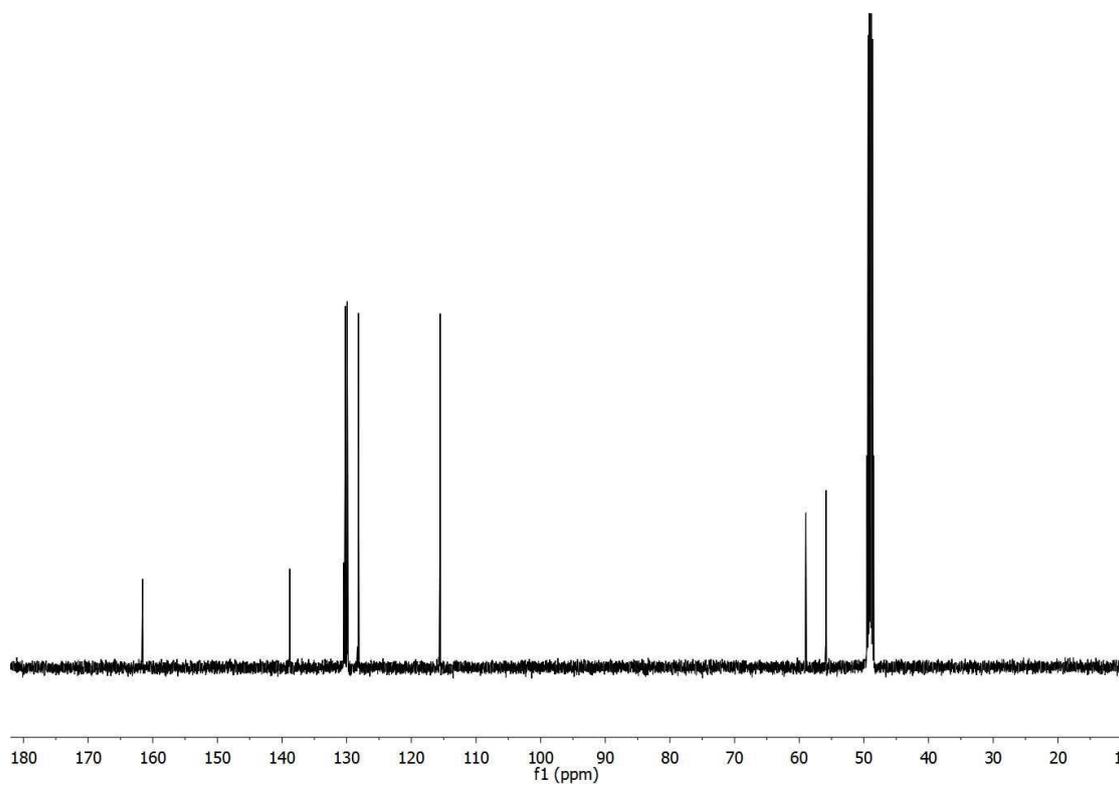
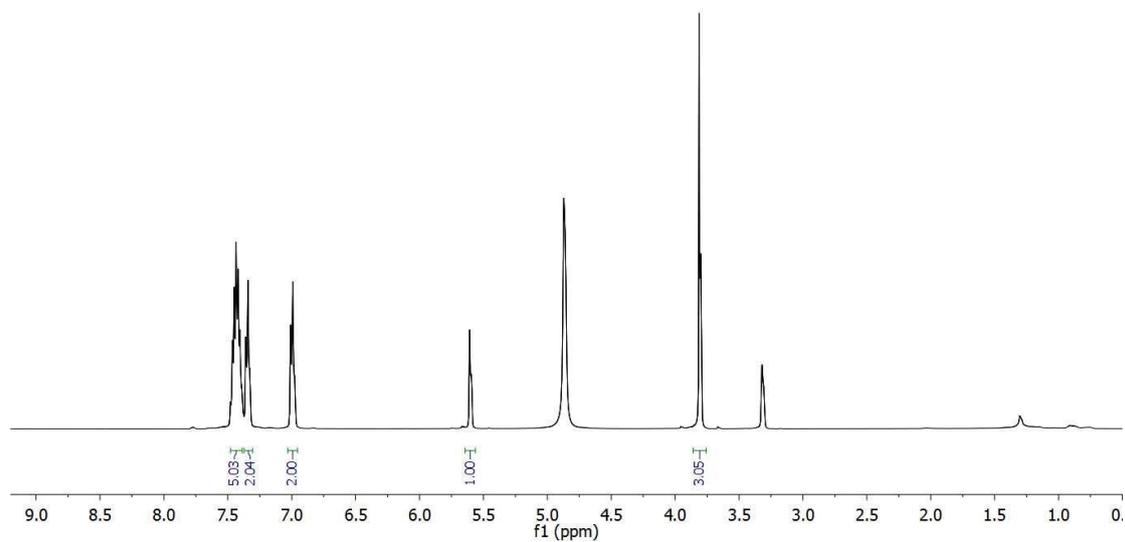
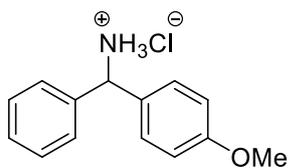
3ij - *N*-(diphenylmethylene)-1-phenyl-1-(pyridin-3-yl)methanamine in CDCl₃



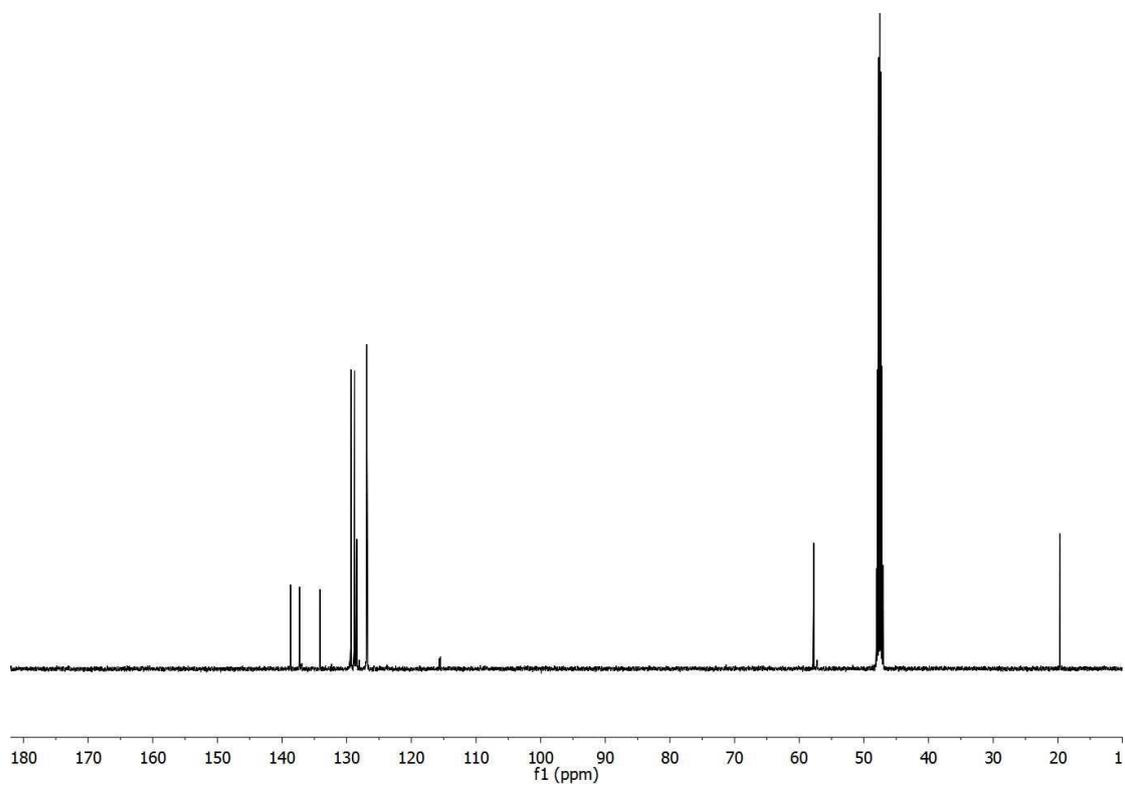
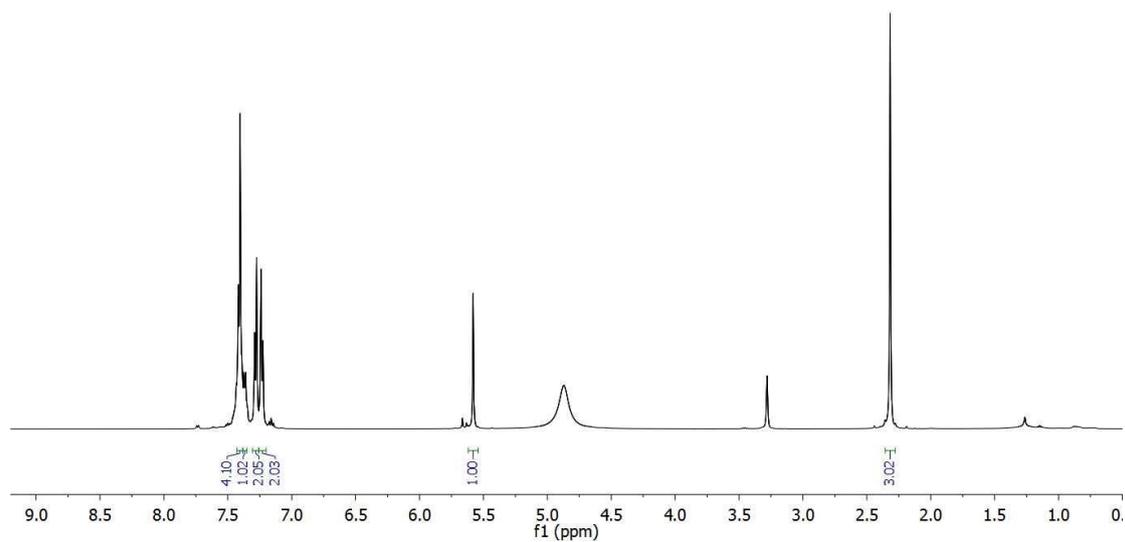
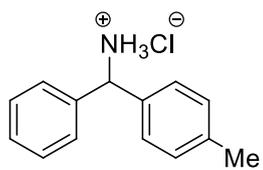
8 - diphenylmethanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



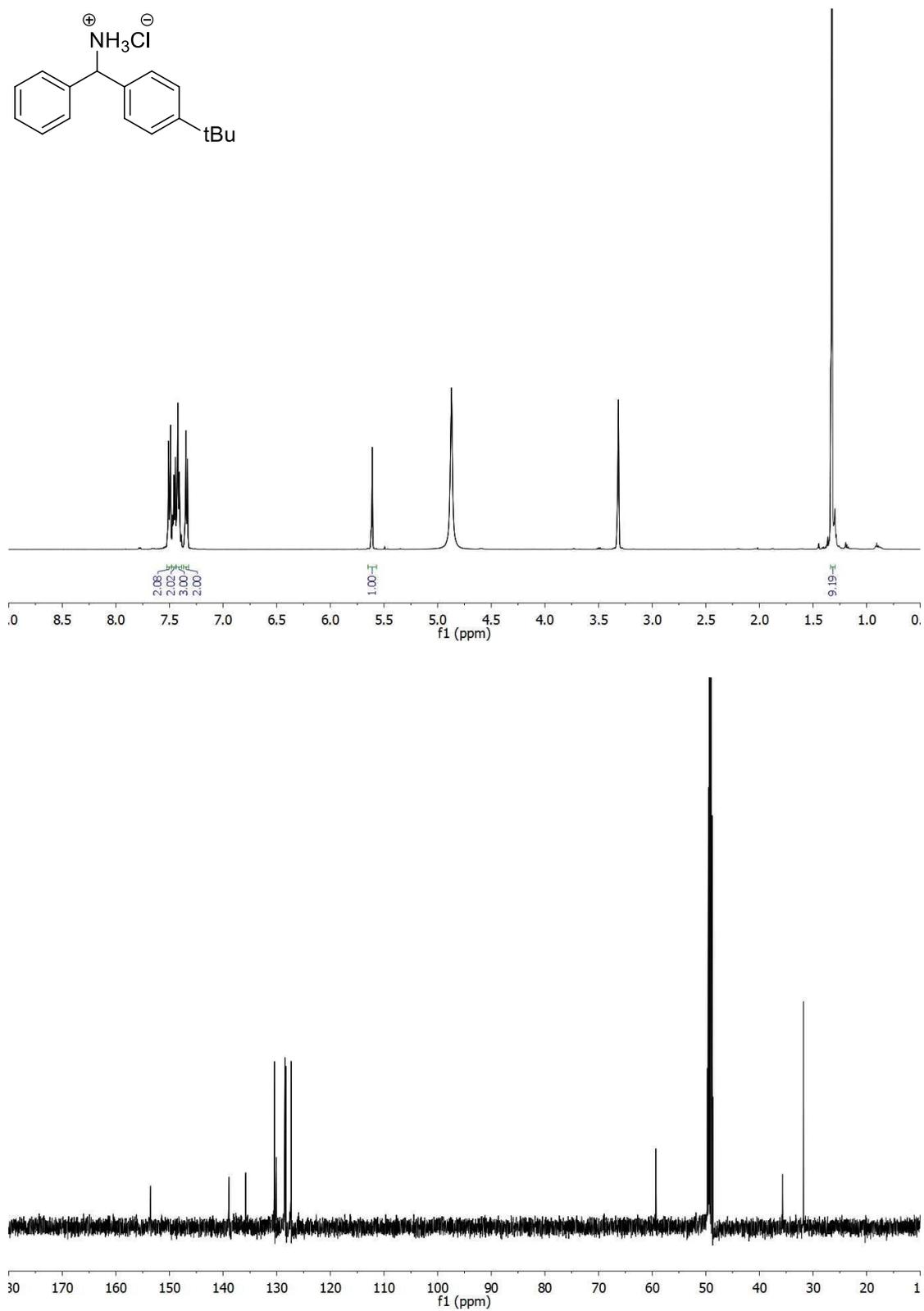
9 - (4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



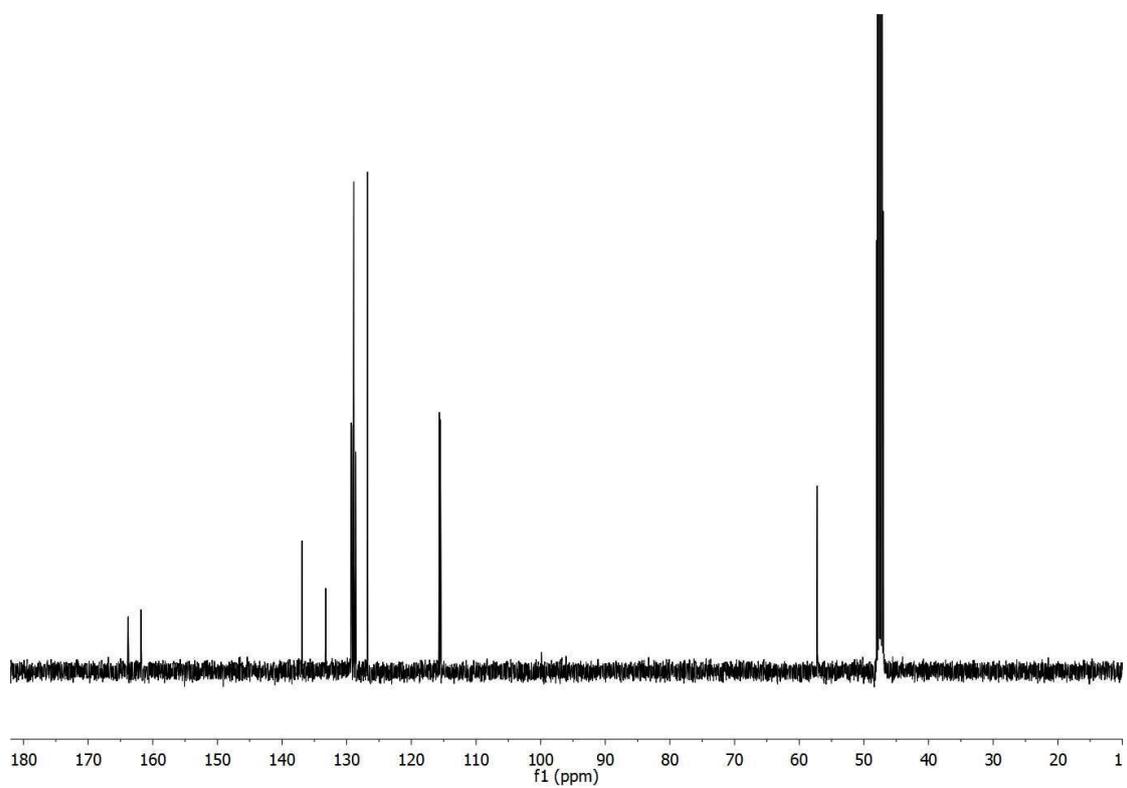
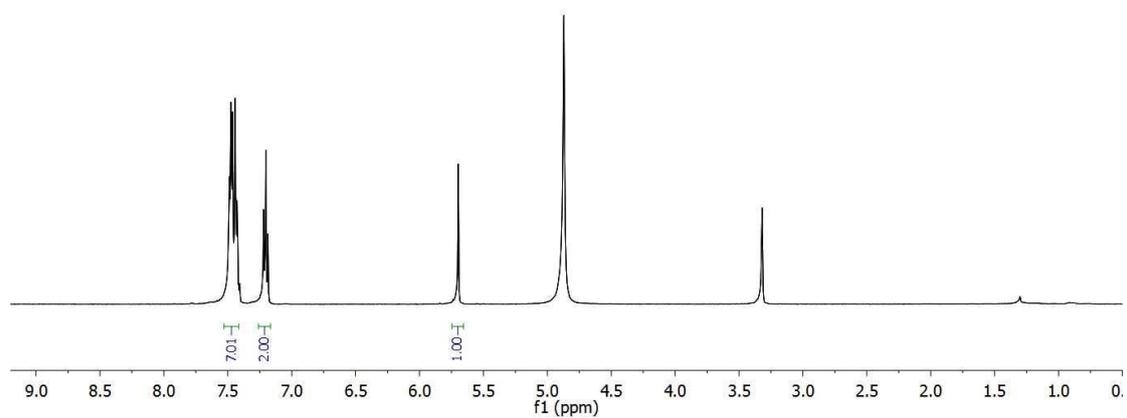
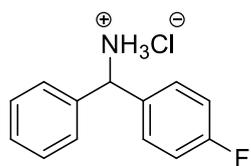
10 - phenyl(p-tolyl)methanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



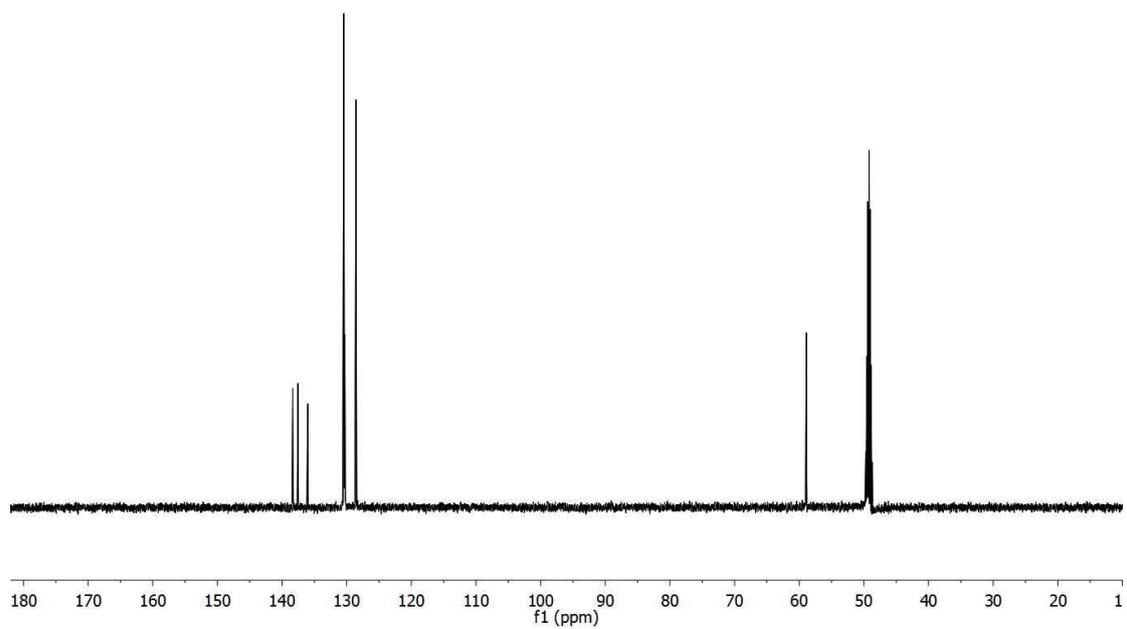
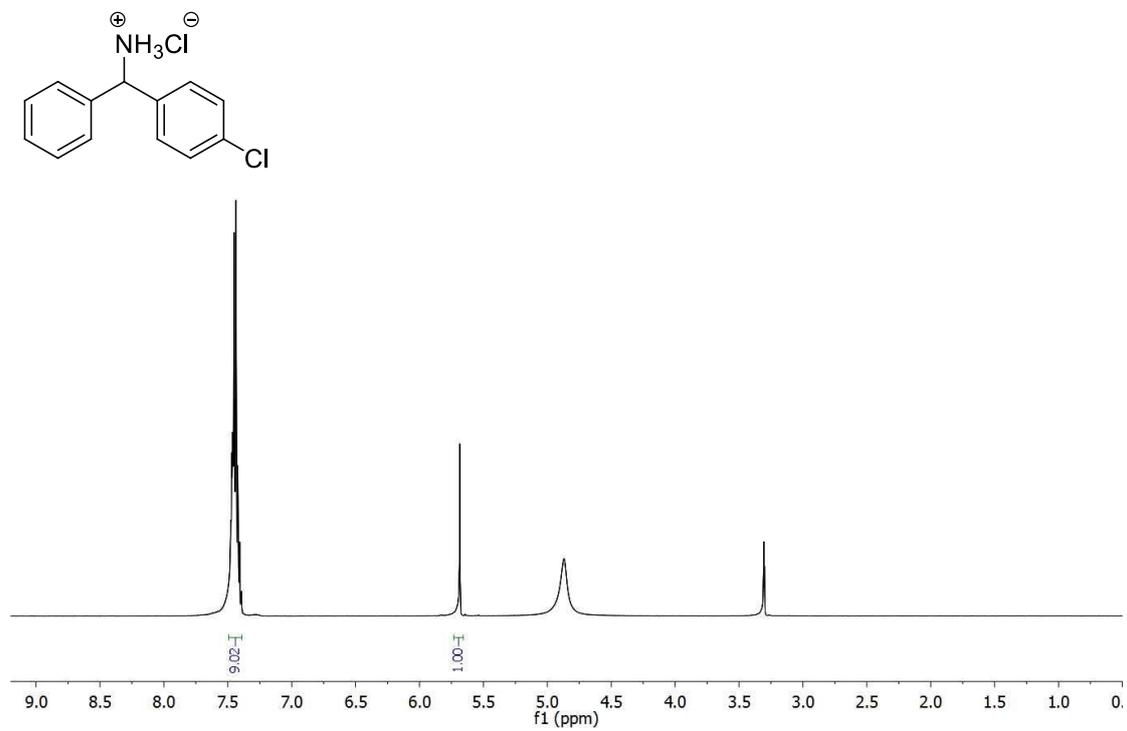
11 - (4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)(phenyl)methanamine ammonium salt in Methanol- d_4



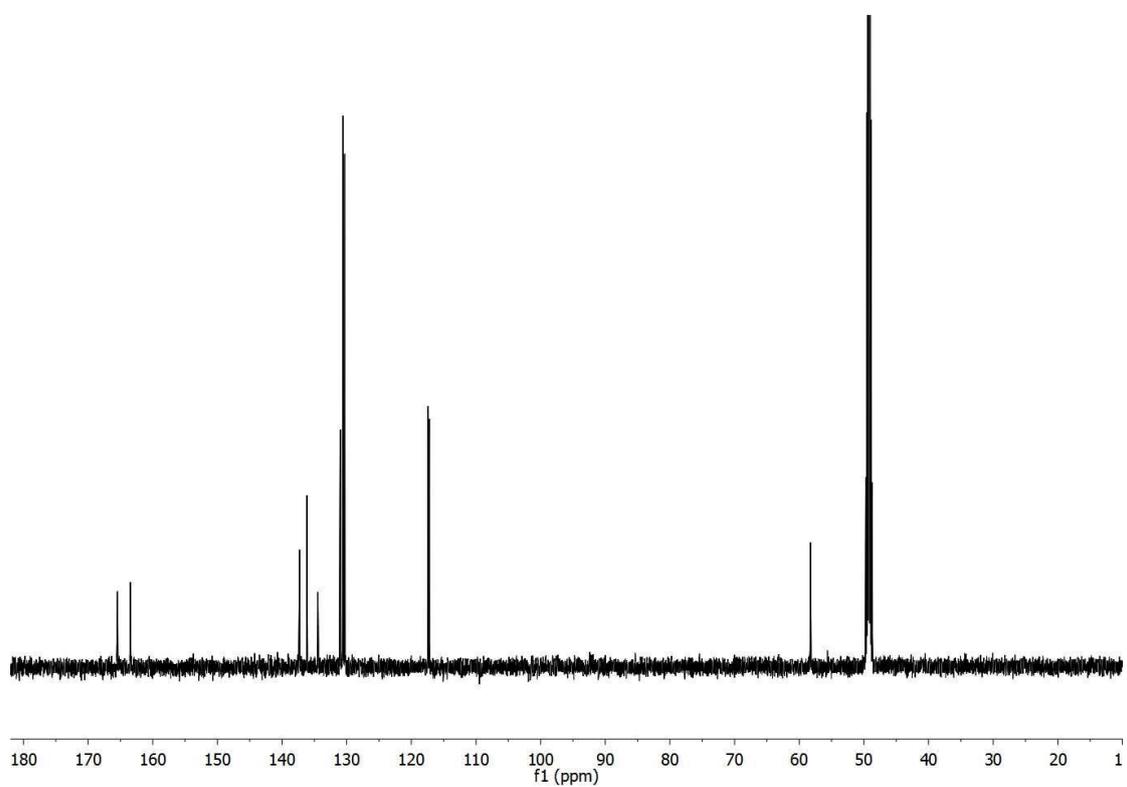
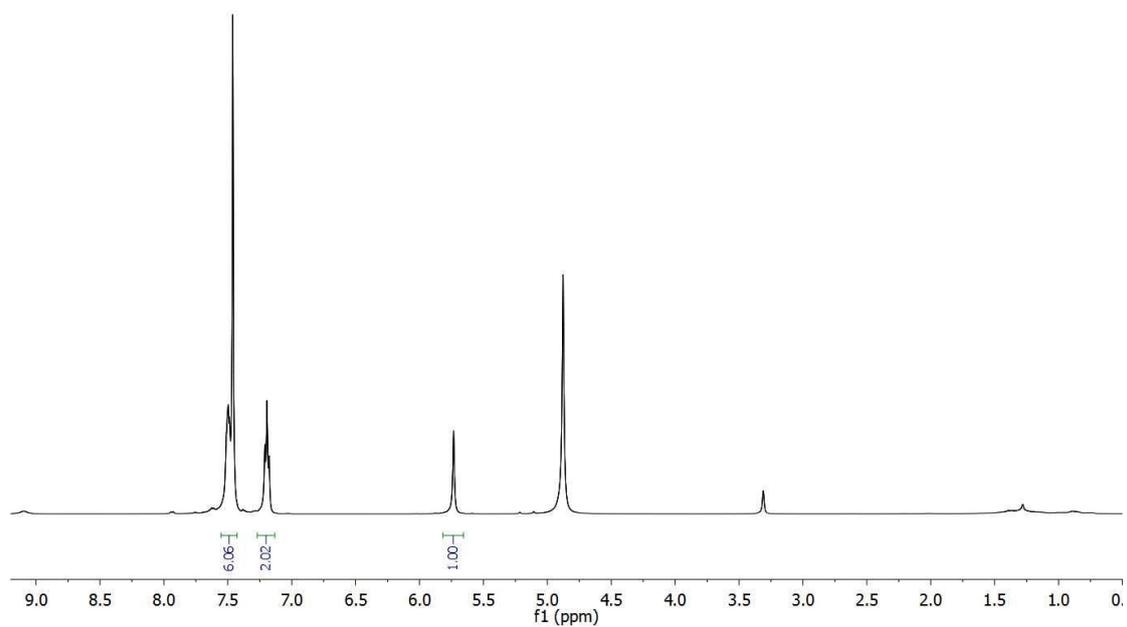
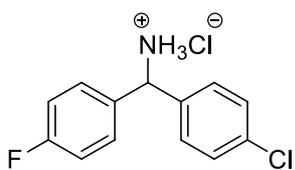
12 - (4-fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



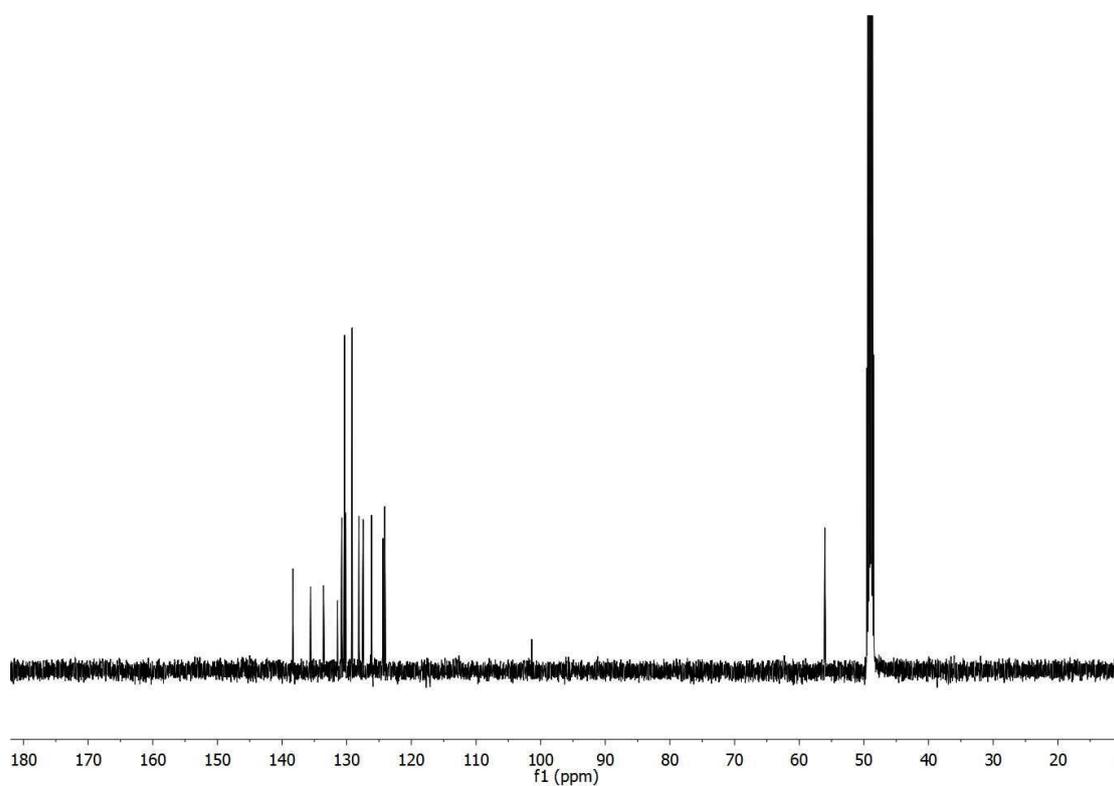
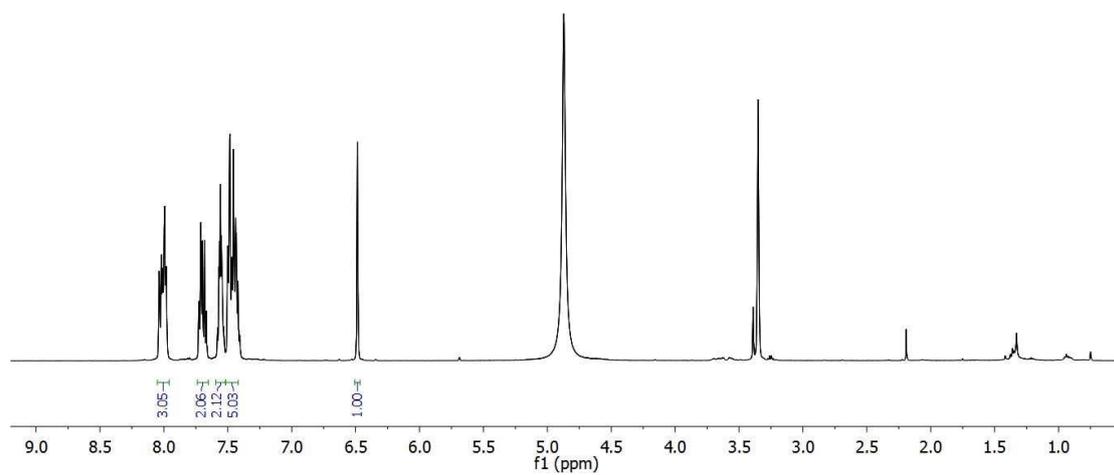
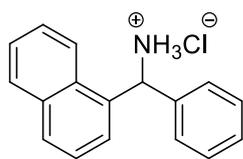
13 - (4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



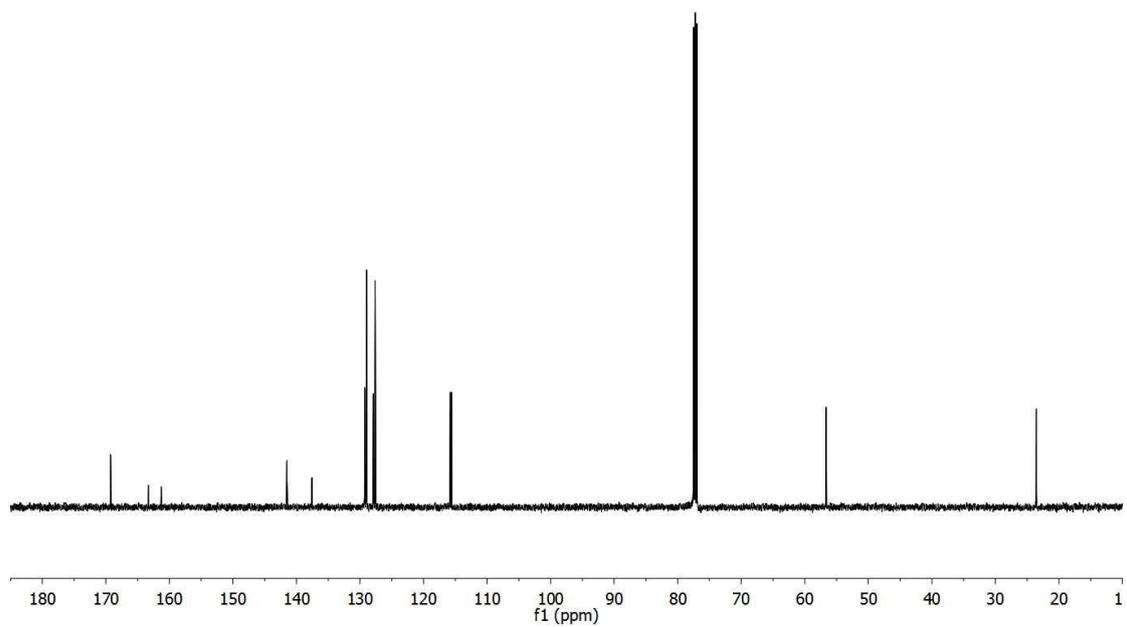
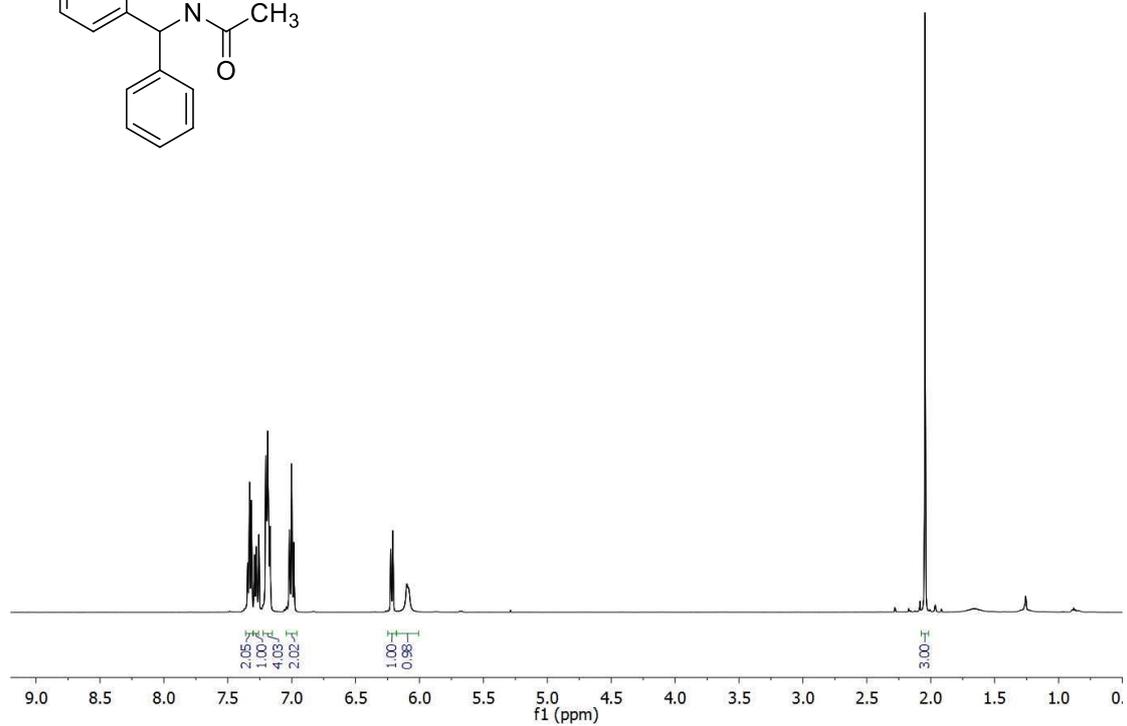
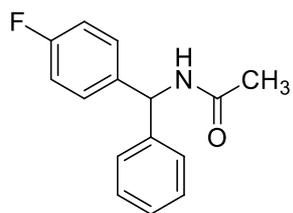
14 - (4-chlorophenyl)(4-fluorophenyl)methanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



15 - naphthalen-1-yl(phenyl)methanaminium chloride salt in Methanol-d₄



16 - *N*-((4-fluorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl)acetamide in CDCl₃



17 - 1-((4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl)urea in Methanol-d₄

