Supporting Information

Molybdenum-Molybdenum Quadruple Bonds Supported by 9,10-Anthraquinone Carboxylate Ligands. Molecular and Electronic Structures and Ground State and Photoexcited State Redox Properties

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Table S1. Crystallographic information for compound II

Figure S1. Emission spectra of Mo₂(DAniF₃)(O₂C-2-ThCC) and compound II in 2-MTHF at

77K.

Figure S2. Absorption spectra of compound II in toluene, CH₂Cl₂ and THF

Figure S3. ns TA spectra and associated kinetic trace of compound I in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 532$ nm.

Figure S4. fs TA spectra of **II** in toluene, $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 675$ nm

Figure S5. fs TA spectra of **II** in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 675$ nm

Figure S6. ns TA spectra and associated kinetic trace of compound II in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 355$ nm.

Figure S7. Kinetic traces for fs TA measurements for compounds I and II.

Figure S8. Ground-state infrared spectra of compounds I and II in THF at room temperature.

Figure S9. fs TRIR spectra of compound II in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 400$ nm.

Figure 10. Comparison of long-lived features in TRIR spectra of compound II and $Mo_2(DAniF_3)(O_2C-C=C-C_6H_5)$

Figure S11. fs TRIR spectra of compound II in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 400$ nm.

Figure S12. Kinetic traces for fs TRIR measurements for compounds I and II.

Table 1. Data Concetion I drameters for 11.	
Compound	II
Chemical Formula	$C_{60}H_{52}Mo_2N_6O_{10}$
Formula Weight	1208.96
Temperature (K)	150(2)
Space Group	Triclinic, P-1
<i>a</i> (Å)	9.8000(2)
<i>b</i> (Å)	12.6442(2)
<i>c</i> (Å)	23.2653(3)
α (°)	100.197(1)
$\beta(^{o})$	100.351(1)
γ (°)	100.798(1)
$V(Å^3)$	2718.72(8)
Z	2
D_{calcd} (Mg/m ³)	1.477
Crystal Size (mm)	0.12 X 0.15 X 0.38
Theta range for data collection	1.68 to 27.47°
μ ,(Mo, K α) (mm ⁻¹)	0.527
F(000)	1236
Reflections collected	75386
Unique reflections	12452 [R(int)= 0.052]
Completeness to theta max	99.9%
Data/restraints/parameters	12452 / 0 / 703
R1 ^a (%) (all data)	4.49 (8.43)
$wR2^{b}(\%)$ (all data)	10.06 (11.08)
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.022
Largest diff. peak and hole (e $Å^{-3}$)	1.253 and -0.402

 Table 1. Data Collection Parameters for II.

^aR1 = $\Sigma ||F_0| - |F_c|| / \Sigma |F_0| \times 100$ ^bwR2 = $[\Sigma w (F_0^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \Sigma (w |F_0|^2)^2]^{1/2} \times 100$



Figure S1. Emission spectra of Mo₂(DAniF₃)(O₂C-2-ThCC) (black, $\lambda_{exc} = 405$ nm) and compound II (red, $\lambda_{exc} = 405$ nm), (blue, $\lambda_{exc} = 658$) in 2-MTHF at 77 K.



Figure S2. Absorption spectra of compound II in benzene (purple), CH_2Cl_2 (red) and THF (blue) at room temperature.



Figure S3. ns TA spectra and associated kinetic trace of compound I in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 532$ nm.



Figure S4. fs TA spectra of II in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 350 \text{ nm}$



Figure S5. fs TA spectra of II in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 350 \text{ nm}$



Figure S6. ns TA spectra and associated kinetic trace of compound II in benzene, λ_{exc} = 355 nm



Figure S7. Kinetic traces for fs TA measurements: (a) Compound I in THF, λ_{exc} 675 nm, (b) Compound II in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 675$ nm, (c) Compound II in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 350$, (d) Compound II in toluene, $\lambda_{exc} = 675$, (e) and (f) Compound II in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 675$ and 350 nm respectively.



Figure S8. Ground-state infrared spectra of compound I (blue) and II (green) in THF at room temperature.



Figure S9. fs TRIR spectra of compound II in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 400$ nm.



Figure S10. Comparison of long-lived features (orange trace) in TRIR spectra of $Mo_2(DAniF)_3$ ($O_2C-C\equiv C-C_6H_4$) (a) and compound II (b).



Figure S11. fs TRIR spectra of compound II in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 400$ nm.



Figure S12. Kinetic traces for fs TRIR measurements: (a) Compound I in THF, λ_{exc} 675 nm, (b) and (c) Compound II in THF, $\lambda_{exc} = 675$ and 400 nm respectively, (d) and (e) Compound II in benzene, $\lambda_{exc} = 675$ and 400 nm respectively.