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# Supplementary Information

# Microfluidic Fabrication of Monodisperse Microcapsules for Glucose-Response at Physiological Temperature

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### Synthesis and Characterization of 3-Acrylamidophenylboronic Acid (AAPBA) Monomer

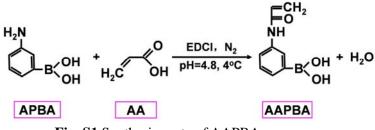


Fig. S1 shows the synthesis route of AAPBA monomer.

Fig. S1 Synthesis route of AAPBA monomer

**Fig. S2** shows the characteristic peaks of the AAPBA monomer. The absorption bands at 1666 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 1636 cm<sup>-1</sup> are attributed to C=O and C=C bond stretching vibrations, respectively. A typical amide II band appears in the spectrum of AAPBA at 1557 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The absorption bands at 1433 cm<sup>-1</sup> is attributed to benzene skeleton stretching vibrations. The absorption band at 1356 cm<sup>-1</sup> is characteristic of  $-B(OH)_2$ .<sup>[S1]</sup>

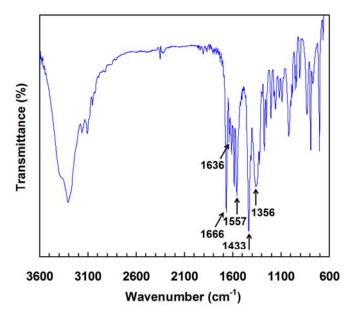


Fig.S2 The FT-IR spectrum of AAPBA monomer

The structure of AAPBA monomer was confirmed by 400 MHz <sup>1</sup>H NMR (Bruker AVII-400 MHz) spectrum (**Fig. S3**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (AAPBA) ([D6] DMSO):  $\delta = 5.75$  (1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-), 6.27 (1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-), 6.40 (1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-), 7.28 (1H, phenyl), 7.49 (1H, phenyl), 7.82 (1H, phenyl), 7.88 (1H, phenyl), 8.03 (2H, -B(OH)<sub>2</sub>), 10.07 (1H, -NH-). These <sup>1</sup>H NMR results together with the FT-IR results verify the successful synthesis of AAPBA monomer.

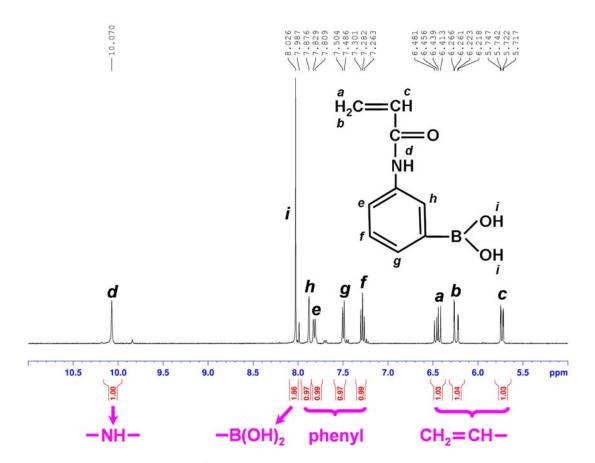


Fig. S3 <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of AAPBA monomer

### Labeling of Insulin with Fluorescein Isothiocyanate (FITC)

The insulin was labeled with FITC according to literature.<sup>[S2]</sup> Typically, 25  $\mu$ L DMSO solution containing 5 mg/mL FITC was slowly added to 5 ml aqueous solution containing Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.1 M) and insulin (8 mg/mL) within 10 min. The reaction was incubated in the dark in an ice-water bath for 12 h, and then stopped by addition of 10 mL NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (50 mM). The mixture was further stirred for 2 h in the ice-water bath. After that, the unbound FITC was removed by dialysis. The obtained FITC-insulin was lyophilized and stored at 4 °C in the dark for further use.

#### References

- [S1] L. Wang, M. Z. Liu, C. M. Gao, L. W. Ma and D. P. Cui, *React. Funct. Polym.*, 2010, 70, 159.
- [S2] X. Chen, J. Luo, W. Wu, H. Tan, F. Xu and J. Li, *Acta Biomater.*, **2012**, *8*, 4380.