

Figure S1. Cluster size distribution of nanorods with L=15 at  $\varphi_R=0.01$  and  $\varphi_P=0.2$ . A cluster of size N contains N nanorods.  $X_N$  depicts the average nanorod fraction of clusters of size N observed in the system and it can be calculated by  $X_N=(\langle n_N\rangle \cdot N)/N_t$ , where  $\langle n_N\rangle$  and  $N_t$  denote the mean number of the cluster of size N and the total number of nanorods, respectively.