Supporting information

Micromolar Hg(II) induced the morphology of gold nanoparticles: A novel luminescent sensor for femtomolar Hg(II) using triazole capped gold nanoparticles fluorophore

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Figure S-1.

UV-visible spectra obtained for (a) freshly prepared and (b) six months aged DAT-AuNPs. **Inset:** Photographs of freshly prepared (a) and after (b) six month aged DAT-AuNPs.



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Figure S-2.

X-ray diffraction pattern obtained for DAT-AuNPs.



Figure S-3.

UV-visible spectra of DAT-AuNPs in different concentrations of Hg (II): (a) 0, (b) 1, (c) 2, (d) 3, (e) 4, (f) 5, (g) 6, (h) 7, (i) 8, (j) 9, (k) 10 and (l) 11×10^{-6} mol L⁻¹.



Figure S-4.

Emission spectra of DAT-AuNPs in different concentrations of Hg(II) (a) 0, (b) 10, (c) 20, (d) 30, (e) 40, (f) 50, (g) 60, (h) 70, (i) 80, (j) 90 and (k) 100×10^{-9} mol L⁻¹ of Hg(II) and (l) 100×10^{-9} mol L⁻¹ of Hg(II) only (λ_{ex} :520 nm, λ_{em} :776 nm). Inset: Emission spectra of (a) DAT free AuNPs and (b) DAT capped AuNPs (λ_{ex} : 259 nm; λ_{em} : 310 nm).



Figure S-5.

Selectivity of DAT-AuNPs towards Hg(II). The emission response of Hg(II) $(10 \times 10^{-9} \text{ mol } \text{L}^{-1})$ in DAT-AuNPs in the presence of $0.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol } \text{L}^{-1}$ of Na⁺, K⁺, Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺, Fe²⁺, Cd²⁺, Cr³⁺, Mn²⁺, Zn²⁺, Co²⁺, Ni²⁺, EDTA, Fe³⁺, SO₄²⁻, Cl⁻, NO₃⁻ ions, 6, 5 and $1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol } \text{L}^{-1}$ of Pb²⁺, Cu²⁺ and Ag⁺ respectively.

