

Supporting Information

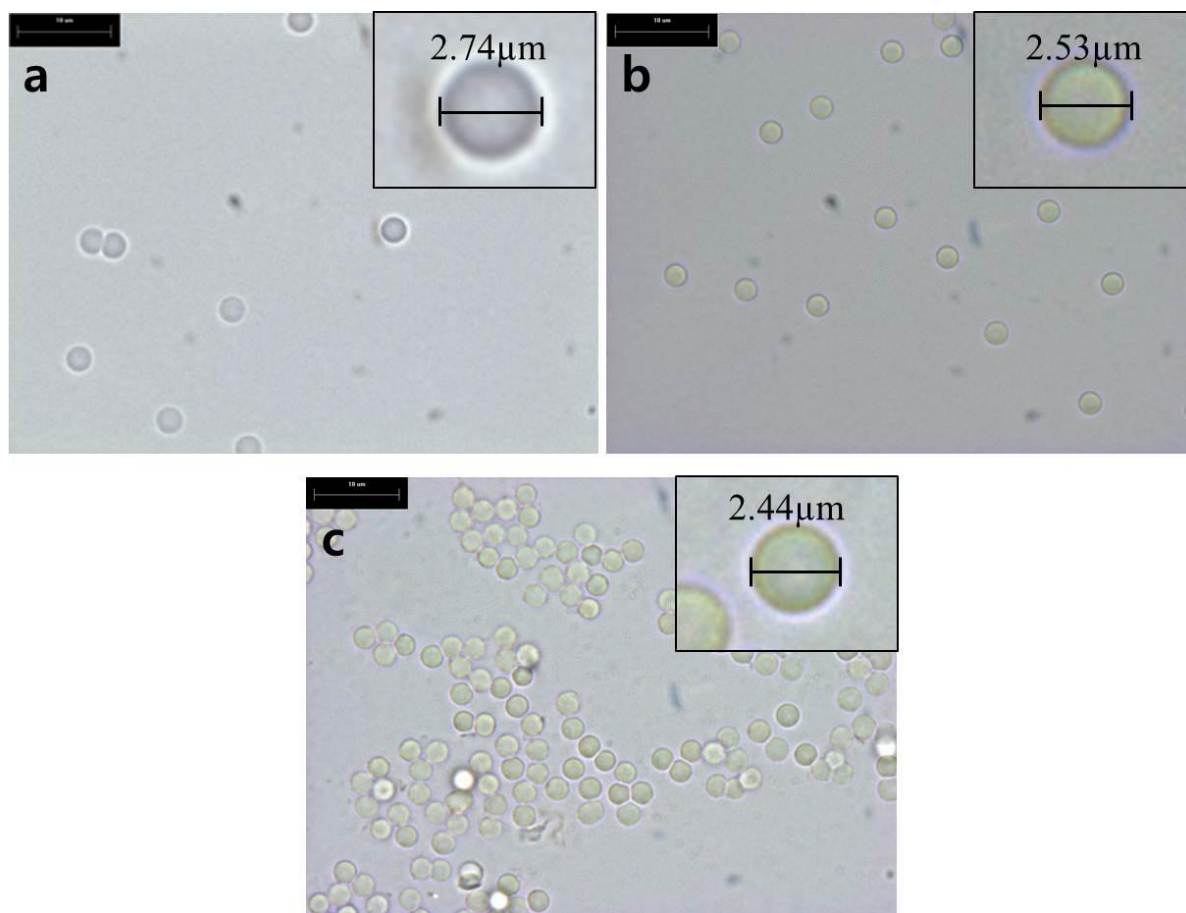


Figure S1

Figure S1. OM images of the synthetic process for Fe metal precursor/poly(MAA/EGDMA) composite microspheres: (a) swollen poly(MAA/EGDMA) microspheres, (b) after adding FeSO₄·7H₂O (c) after stirring for 12h with reduction agent.

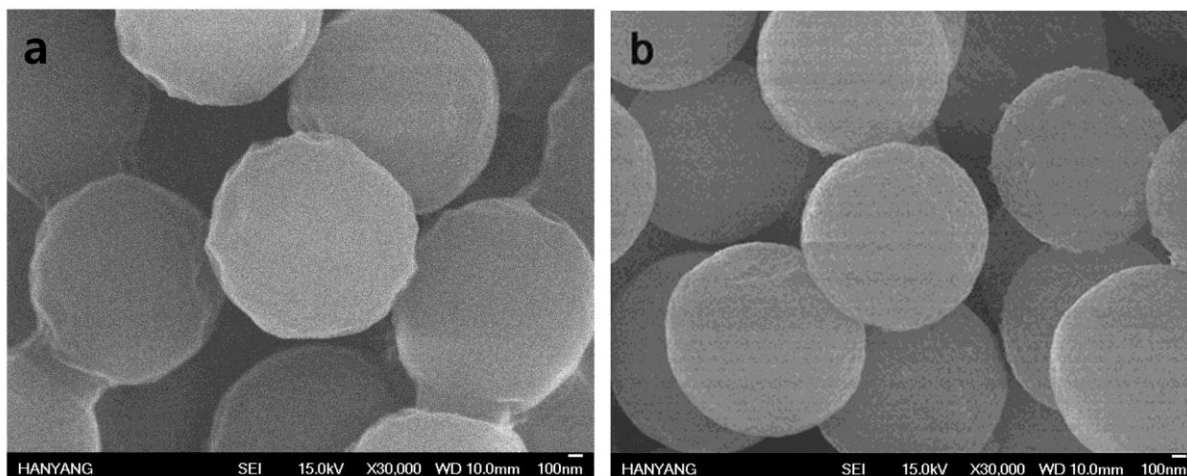


Figure S2

Figure S2. SEM images of (a) poly(MAA/EGDMA) microspheres and (b) Fe metal precursor/poly(MAA/EGDMA) composite microspheres.

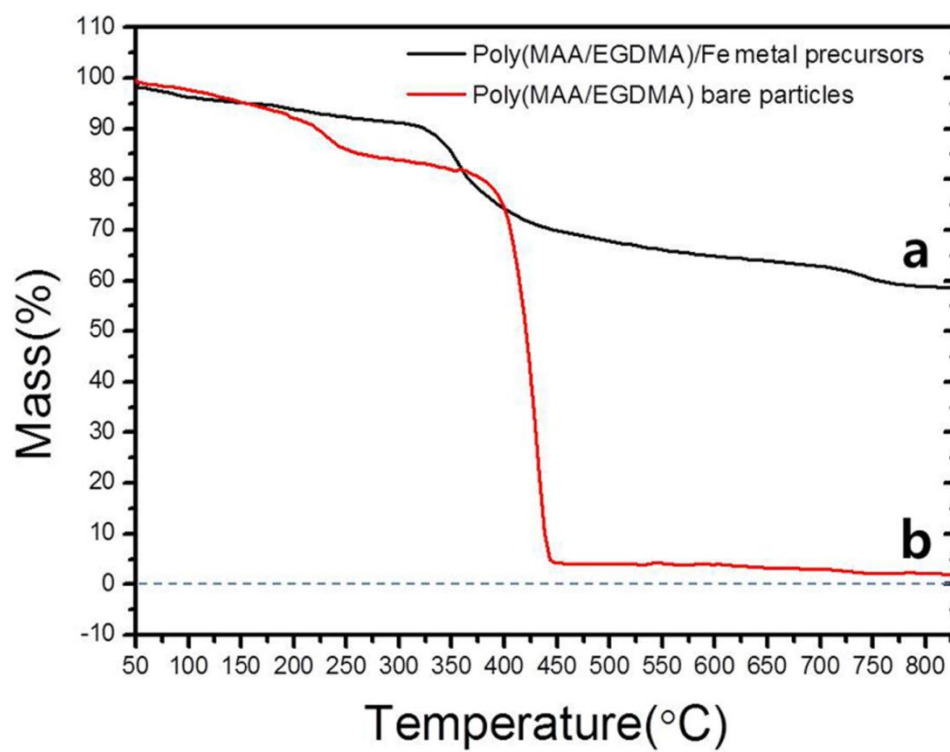


Figure S3

Figure S3. TGA curves of (a) Fe metal precursors/poly(MAA/EGDMA) composite microspheres and (b) poly(MAA/EGDMA) microspheres.

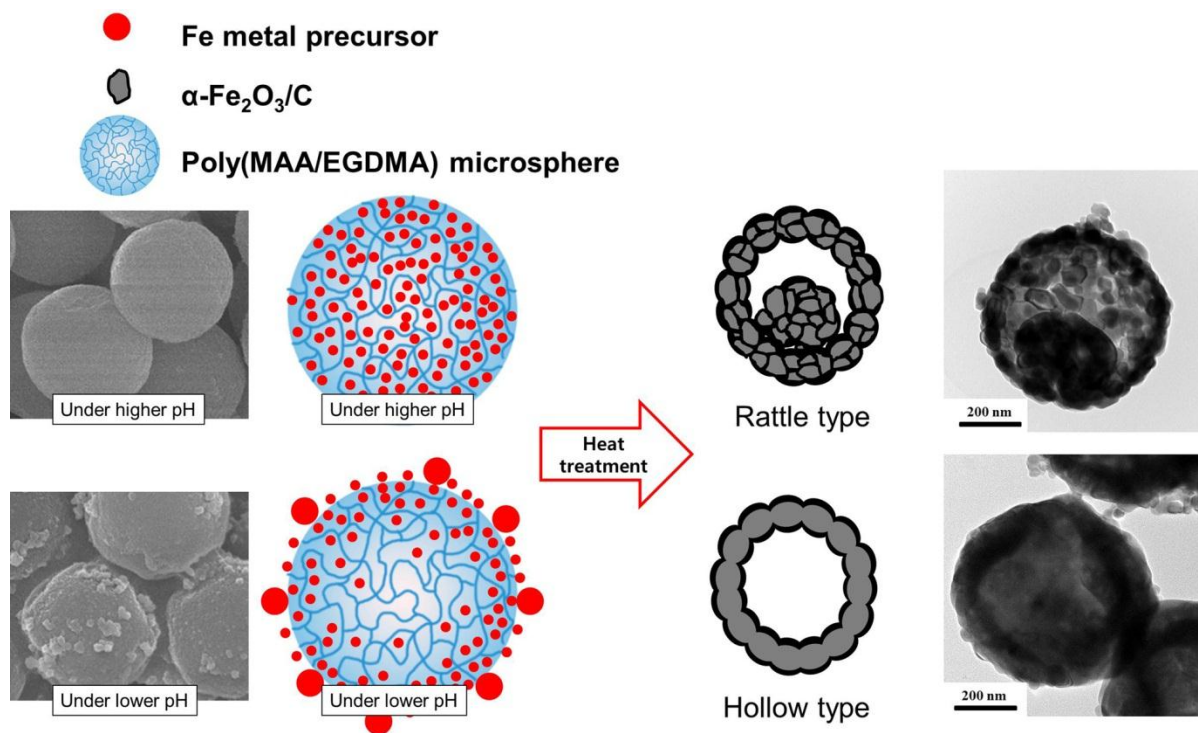


Figure S4

Figure S4. (c) Schematic illustration of formation process of hollow and rattle-type $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$ submicron spheres by heat treatment. SEM images of Fe metal precursors/poly(MAA/EGDMA) microspheres prepared under different pH ((a) 7.05 and (b) 6.07) value of exterior solution and TEM images of two types of $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$ ((d) rattle and (e) hollow) submicron spheres after heat treatment.

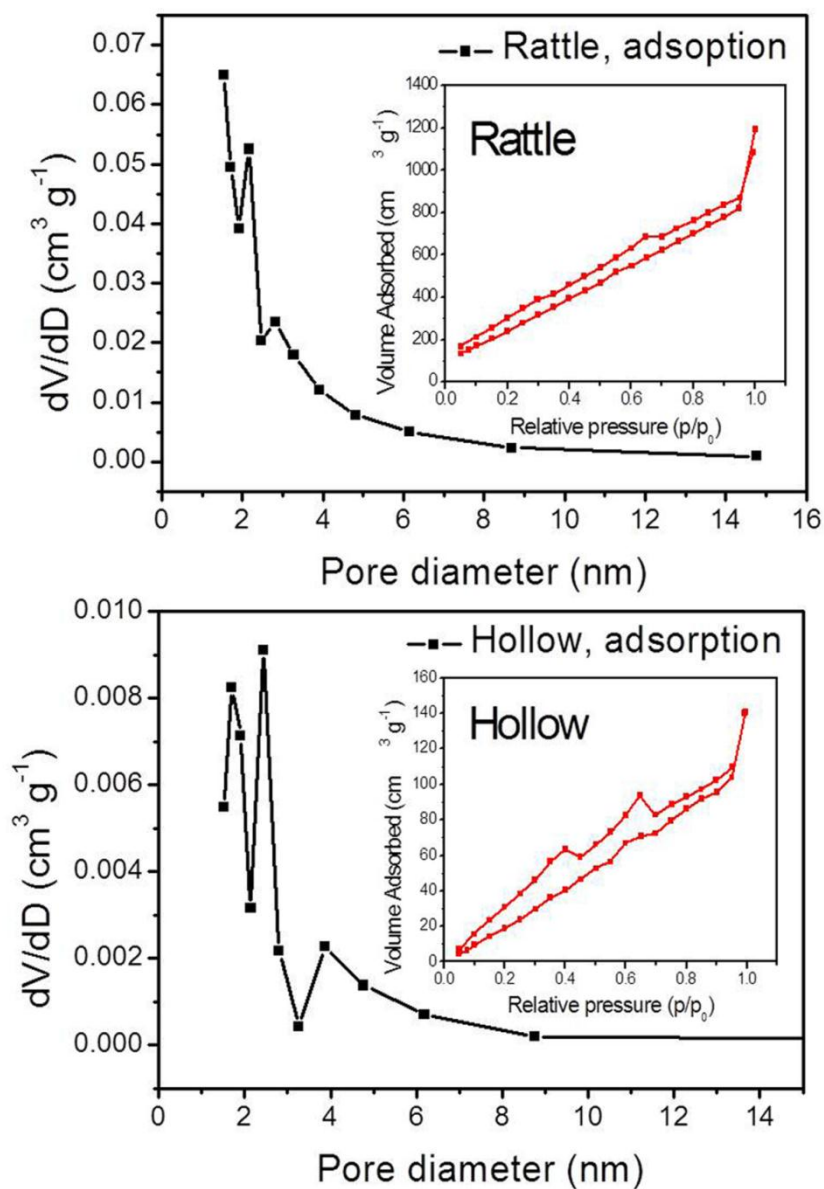


Figure S5

Figure S5. Pore size distribution and the nitrogen sorption isotherms (insets) of the hollow and rattle-type $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{C}$ submicron spheres

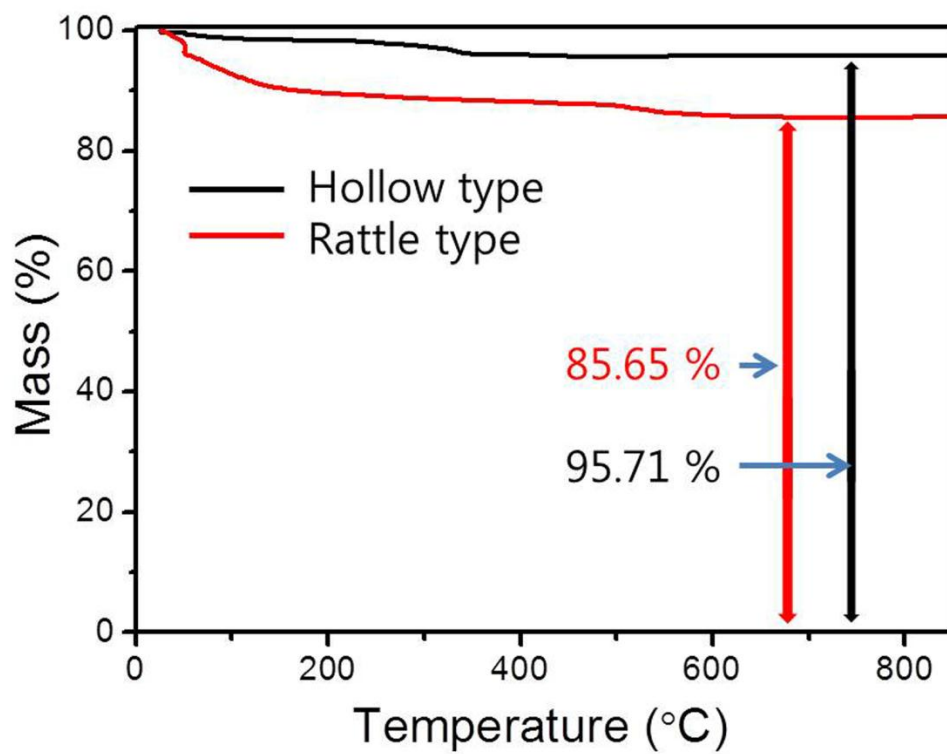


Figure S6

Figure S6. TGA curves of the hollow and rattle-type α -Fe₂O₃/C submicron spheres with air flow at a heating rate of 5°C min⁻¹.