

Energy efficient role of Ni/NiO in PdNi nano catalyst used in alkaline DEFC

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XRD analysis for calculation of Lattice parameters

The crystalline structures of the supported catalysts were revealed through the powder XRD technique using SEIFERT 2000 diffractometer operating with $\text{CuK}\alpha$ radiation ($\lambda = 0.1540 \text{ nm}$) generated at 35 kV and 30 mA. Scans were recorded at 1° min^{-1} for 2θ values between 2 to 90 degrees, whereas the peak profile of the (220) reflection of Pd face-centered-cubic (f.c.c) structure (from 62° to 75°) was also recorded at the very low scan rate of $0.5^\circ \text{ min}^{-1}$ and fitted to a Rietveld algorithm optimizes¹ by using ‘Fullprof Suite Program (Version 2.05)’, so that the position of the peak maximum (θ_{max}) could be obtained precisely degree for alloying calculations. The peak position (θ_{max}) is obtained from curve fitting by using ‘Fullprof Suite Program (Version 2.05)’ software and used for the calculation of lattice parameter (Equation 1).

$$a = \frac{\sqrt{2}\lambda_{\text{K}\alpha}}{\text{Sin}\theta_{\text{max}}} \quad (1)$$

The fitted curve and their corresponding reliability factors (R-factors) have been included in Figure S1 and Table S1 respectively.

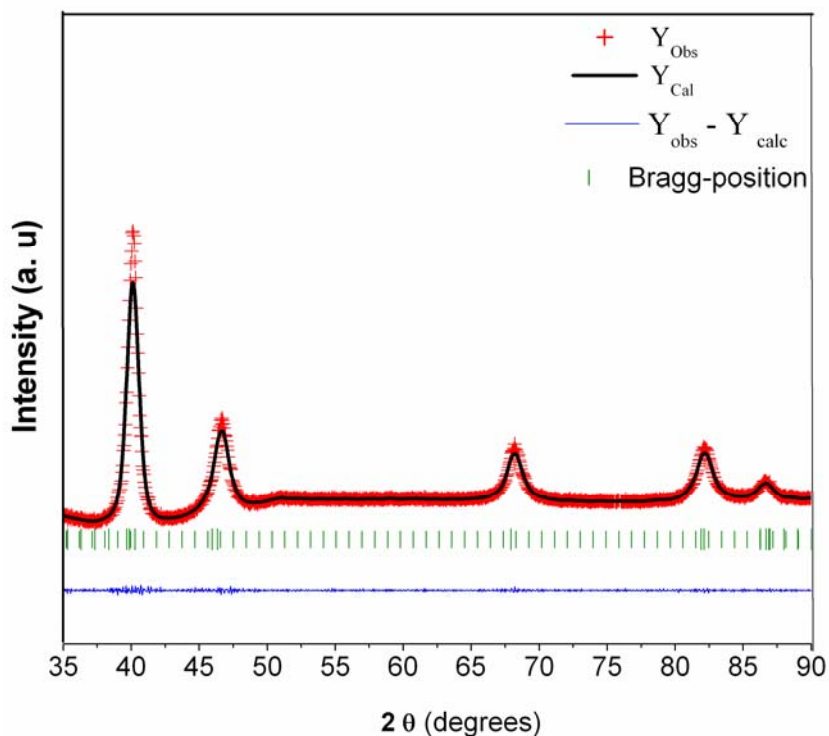


Fig. S 1: X-ray diffraction patterns fitted using the whole pattern profile matching method

Electro-catalysts	Lattice Constant (nm)	(220) diffraction FWHM (deg)	R-factors $R_p, R_{wp}, R_p, R_l, R_F$
$\text{Pd}_{58}\text{Ni}_{42}/\text{C}$	0.38891 ± 0.00002	1.35255 ± 0.00003	$R_p = 1.29$ $R_{wp} = 1.73$ $R_p = 1.81$ $R_l = 1.87$ $R_F = 2.19$
$\text{Pd}_{37}\text{Ni}_{63}/\text{C}$	0.38731 ± 0.00001	1.33101 ± 0.00003	$R_p = 1.89$ $R_{wp} = 2.33$ $R_p = 2.59$ $R_l = 2.66$ $R_F = 2.93$
$\text{Pd}_{21}\text{Ni}_{79}/\text{C}$	0.38613 ± 0.00001	1.31273 ± 0.00001	$R_p = 2.13$ $R_{wp} = 2.57$ $R_p = 2.65$ $R_l = 2.78$ $R_F = 2.99$

Table S 1: Lattice constant and FWHM of (220) phase of synthesized catalyst

Chronoamperometric Study:

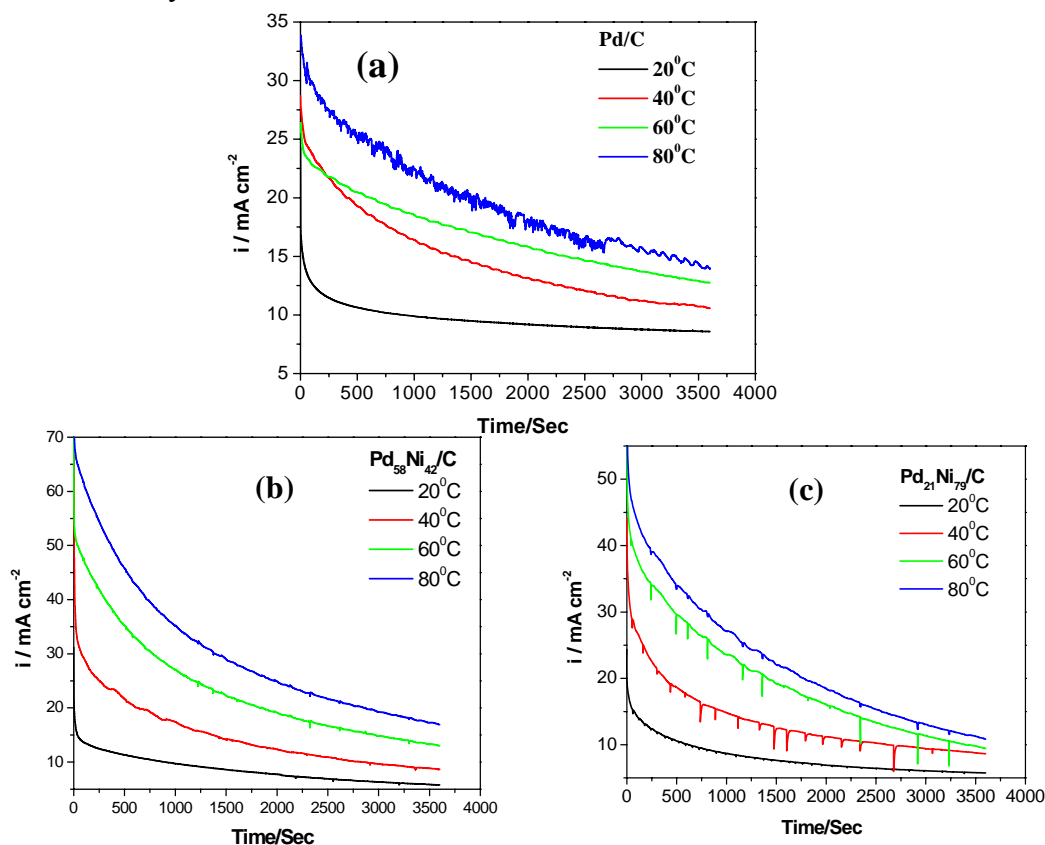


Fig.S2. Chronoamperometric studies of ethanol oxidation on (a) Pd/C (b) $\text{Pd}_{58}\text{Ni}_{42}/\text{C}$ (c) $\text{Pd}_{21}\text{Ni}_{79}/\text{C}$ electrodes at a constant potential of -300mV (vs. Hg.HgO) at different temperatures

Impedance Spectroscopy:

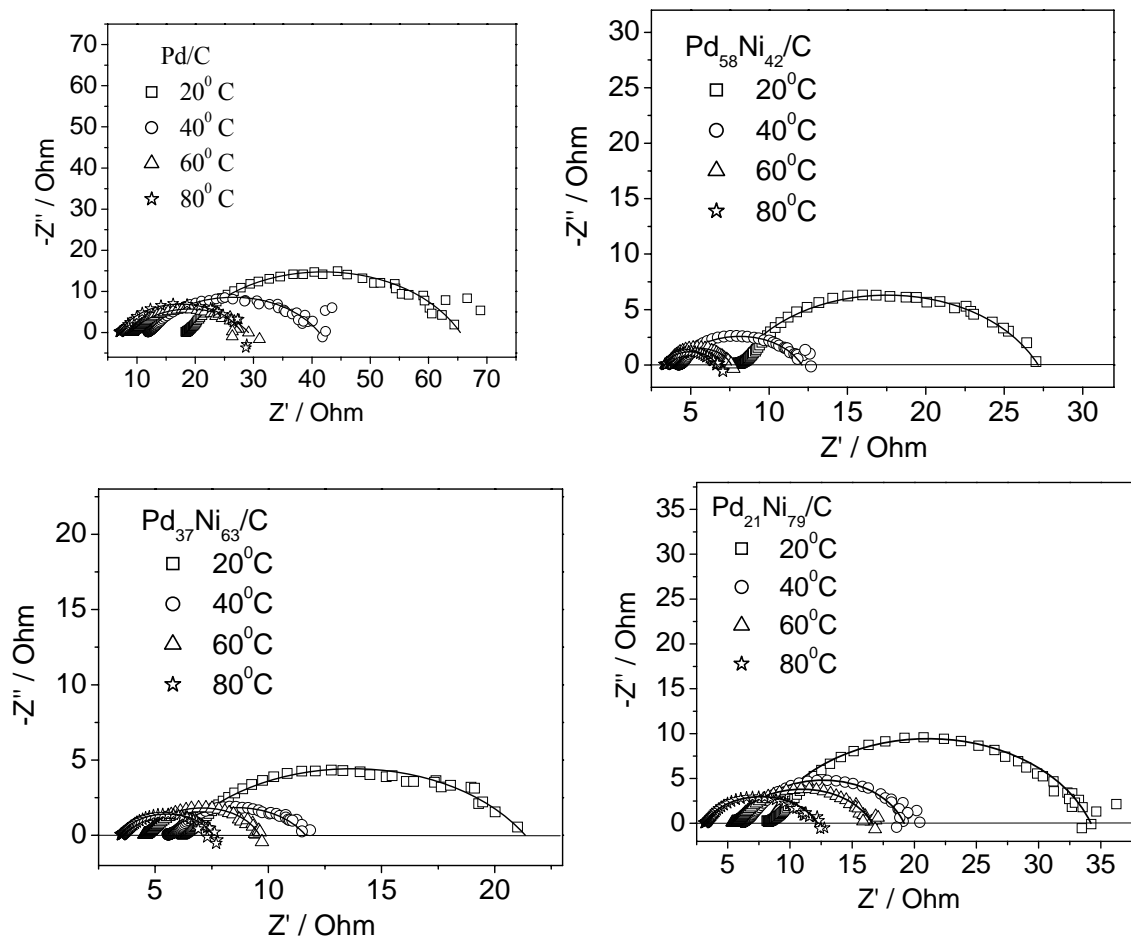


Fig. S3: Nyquist plots of ethanol oxidation in 0.5 M NaOH + 1.0 M EtOH at -0.3 V for (a) Pd/C (b) Pd₅₈Ni₄₂ (c) Pd₃₇Ni₆₃ (d) Pd₂₁Ni₇₉ at different temperatures.

References:

- [1]. B. Tobey, *Int. Centre for Diffraction Data, Powder Diffr.*, 2006, 21, 67-70