Electronic Supplementary Information for

## Wet milled synthesis of Sb /MWCNT nanocomposite for improved sodium storage

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## **Experimental Section**

Synthesis of Sb nanoparticle/multiwalled carbon nanotube nanocomposite (SbNP/MWCNT): 700 mg of Sb powders (200 mesh, Alfa Aesar) and 200 mg of MWCNTs (40-60 nm in diameter and 5-15 µm in length, Shenzhen Nanotech Port Co., Ltd.) were wet milled in acetone at 1200 rpm for 12 h using a WL-IA planetary mill. After centrifugating and subsequently drying the resulting mixture at 60 °C under vacuum, the final product SbNP/MWCNT was obtained. In addition, Sb powders were wet milled through the same procedures as synthesizing SbNP/MWCNT without adding any MWCNTs. MWCNTs were wet milled through the same procedures as synthesizing SbNP/MWCNT without adding any Sb powders.

Structural and electrochemical characterization: SEM measurements were carried out on a Hitachi S-4800 field emission scanning electron microscope operated at 15 kV. TEM and HRTEM characterizations were performed on a Tecnai G2 F20 U-TWIN field emission transmission electron microscope operated at 200 kV. EDX analysis was conducted on an EDAX system. XRD pattern was conducted on a Rigaku D/max2500 diffractometer using Cu Ka radiation. Thermogravimetric (TG) analysis was investigated with a NETZSCH STA 409 PC/PG instrument. Nitrogen adsorption and desorption isotherms at 77.3 K were determined by a Nova 2000e surface area-pore size analyzer. Electrochemical experiments were performed using CR2032 coin cells. To make working electrodes, Sb/MWCNTs, Super-P carbon black, and carboxymethyl cellulose sodium with mass ratio of 80:10:10 were added to water, and mixed into homogeneous slurry with mortar and pestle. The resulting slurry was pasted onto pure Cu foil (99.9 %, Goodfellow). The electrolyte was 1 M NaClO<sub>4</sub> in ethylene carbonate (EC)/propylene carbonate (PC) (1:1 v/v) with addition of 5% or 10% fluoroethylene carbonate (FEC). Glass fibers (GF/D) from Whatman were used as separators and sodium metal was utilized as the counter electrode. The coin cells were assembled in an argon-filled glove box ( $H_2O$ ,  $O_2 < 0.1$  ppm, Mbraun, Germany). Cyclic voltammetry was conducted on a CHI 733D electrochemical workstation at a scan rate of 0.1 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. The charge and discharge measurements of the batteries were performed on a Land CT2001A multi-channel battery testing system in the fixed voltage window between 0 and 2 V vs. Na<sup>+</sup>/Na at room temperature. Electrochemical impedance spectral measurements were carried out on a PARSTAT 2273 advanced electrochemical system in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 100 mHz.



Figure S1. Raman spectrum of SbNP/MWCNT.



**Figure S2.** XRD pattern of SbNP/MWCNT. The peak marked with a red asterisk corresponds to the (002) plane of MWCNTs.



Figure S3. Nitrogen adsorption/desorption isotherms of SbNP/MWCNT.



**Figure S4.** TG analysis curves of SbNP/MWCNT under air atmosphere at a heating rate of 10 °C min<sup>-1</sup>.

**Table S1.** Summary of specific capacities of the Sb electrodes reported previously and in this work.

Current density	Voltage range	Initial capacity	Cycle number	Residual capacity	Pef
(mA g <sup>-1</sup> )	(V) vs. Na <sup>+</sup> /Na	$(mA h g^{-1})$	(n)	$(mA h g^{-1})$	Kei.
100	0-2	610	100	~580	36
330	0.02-1.5	537	80	576	37
100	0-2	422	300	350	38
100	0-1.2	544	50	453	39
200	0-2	502	120	382	This work



Figure S5. (a) SEM and (b) TEM images of wet milled Sb powder.



Figure S6. (a) SEM and (b) TEM images of wet milled MWCNTs.



**Figure S7.** a) Galvanostatic charge/discharge profiles and b) cycling performance of the Sb electrode in the voltage range of 0 to 2 V *vs.* Na<sup>+</sup>/Na. The first ten cycles are under 0.1 A  $g^{-1}$  and the remaining cycles are under 0.2 A  $g^{-1}$ .



**Figure S8.** a) Galvanostatic charge/discharge profiles and b) cycling performance of the MWCNT electrode in the voltage range of 0 to 2 V *vs.* Na<sup>+</sup>/Na. The first ten cycles are under 0.1 A  $g^{-1}$  and the remaining cycles are under 0.2 A  $g^{-1}$ .



**Figure S9.** a) Galvanostatic charge/discharge profiles and b) cycling performance and Coulombic efficiency of the SbNP/MWCNT electrode in the voltage range of 0 to 2 V vs. Na<sup>+</sup>/Na using 1 M NaClO<sub>4</sub> in EC/PC with addition of 10% FEC as the electrolyte. The first ten cycles are under 0.1 A g<sup>-1</sup> and the remaining cycles are under 0.2 A g<sup>-1</sup>.



Figure S10. HRTEM of the SbNP/MWCNT electrode after 120 cycles.

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Figure S11. Nyquist plots of the SbNP/MWCNT electrode for different cycles.