

Supporting Information

Synthesis of Size Controllable and Thermal Stable Rice-Like Brookite Titania and Its Application as Scattering Layer for Nano-Sized Titania Film-Based Dye-Sensitized Solar Cells

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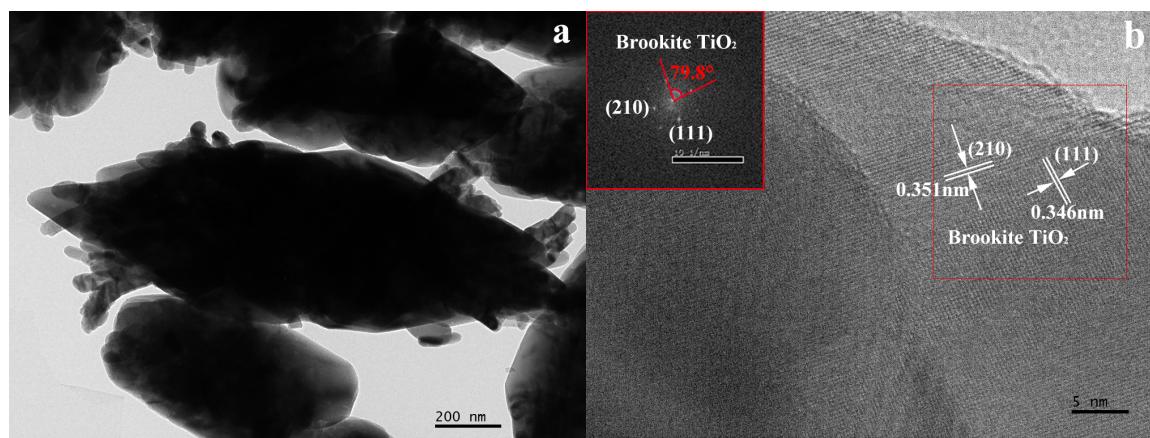


Figure S1. Typical TEM (a) and HRTEM (b) images of the products derived from hydrothermal treatment of the Ti(SO₄)₂ solution (pH~12.50) at 240°C for 24 h

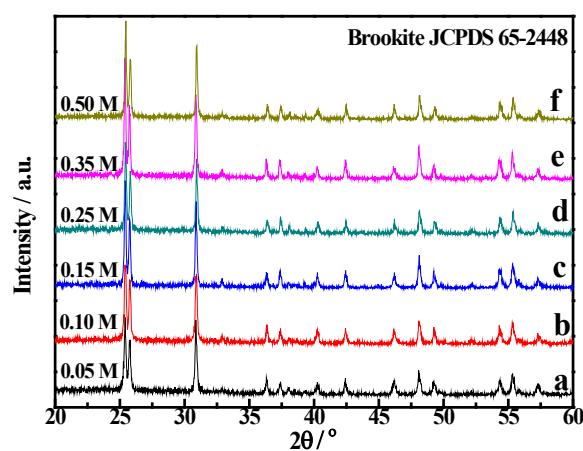


Figure S2. XRD patterns of the products derived from hydrothermal treatment at 240°C for 24 h in the presence of Ti(SO₄)₂ solution (pH~12.50) with different concentrations, 0.05M (a), 0.10M (b), 0.15M (c), 0.25M (d), 0.35M (e), and 0.50M (f).

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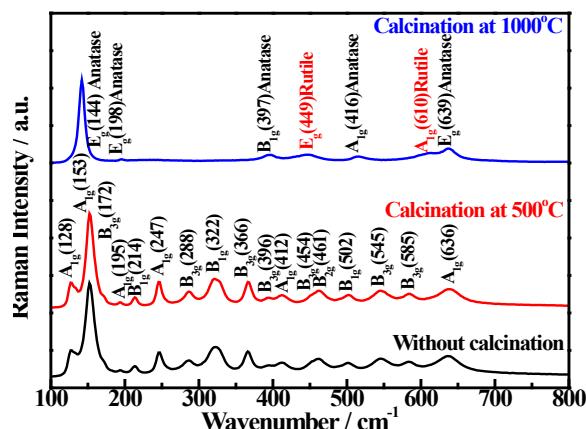


Figure S3. Raman patterns of the products derived from hydrothermal treatment of $\text{Ti}(\text{SO}_4)_2$ solution (pH12.50) at 240°C for 24 h and calcination at different temperatures

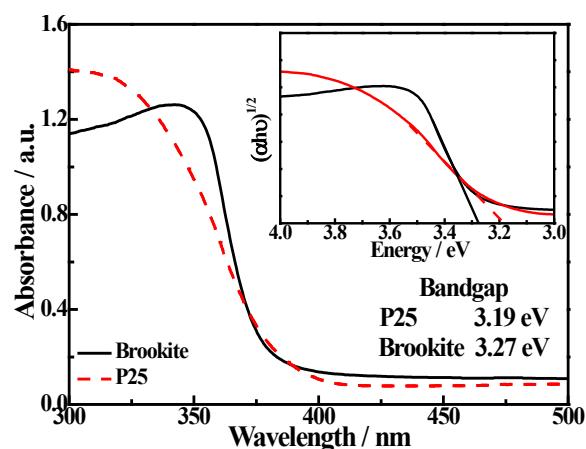


Figure S4. UV-Vis diffuse reflectance absorption spectra (DRS) of the brookite TiO_2 particles and P25 powders.

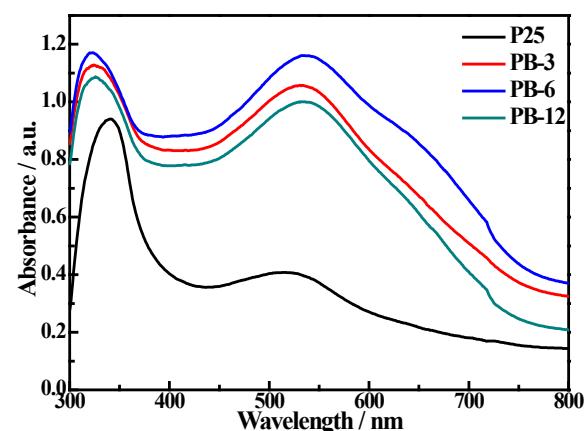


Figure S5. UV-Vis diffused reflectance absorption spectra (DRS) of the P25 film-based photoanode and the bilayer TiO_2 film-based ones consisting of the P25 underlayer and the overlayer of brookite TiO_2 particles with different diameters.

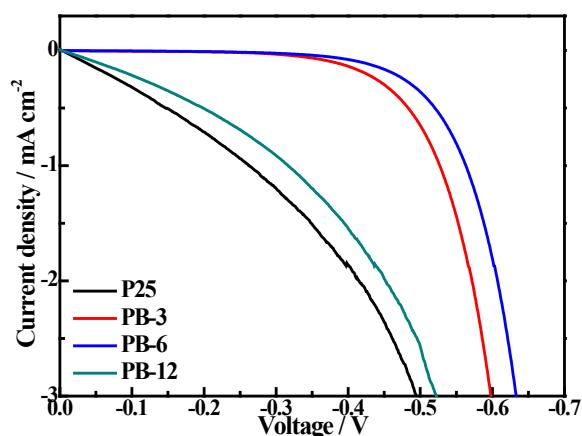


Figure S6. Dark current curves of the solar cells fabricated with the P25 film-based electrode and the bilayer TiO_2 film-based ones consisting of the P25 underlayer and the overlayer of brookite TiO_2 particles with different diameters.