Carbazole linked phenylquinoline-based fullerene derivatives as an acceptor for bulk heterojunction polymer solar cells: Effect of interfacial contacts on the device performance

Pachagounder Sakthivel,^{a,¶,‡} Kakaraparthi Kranthiraja,^{a,‡} Chinnusamy Saravanan,^{a,‡} Kumarasamy Gunasekar,^a Hong Il Kim,^b Won Suk Shin,^b Ji-Eun Jeong,^c Han Young Woo,^c Sung-Ho Jin^{a,*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry Education, Graduate Department of Chemical Materials, and Institute for Plastic Information and Energy Materials, Pusan National University, Busan, 609-735, Republic of Korea. E-mail addresses: shjin@pusan.ac.kr (S-H Jin).Tel.: +8251 510 2727; fax: +8251 581 2348.

^bEnergy Materials Research Center, Korea Research Institute of Chemical Technology, 141 Gajeong-ro, Yuseonggu, Daejeon 305-600, Republic of Korea.

^cDepartment of Cogno-Mechatronics Engineering (WCU), Pusan National University, Miryang, 627-706, Republic of Korea.

Present Address: School of Advanced Sciences, Organic Chemistry Division, VIT University, Vellore-632 014, Tamil Nadu, India.

[‡]These authors contribute equally to this work

*Corresponding Author.

E-mail addresses: shjin@pusan.ac.kr (S.-H. Jin)

Tel.: +8251 510 2727; fax: +8251 581 2348.



Scheme S1. Synthesis of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM and PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.

Synthesis of fullerene derivatives

9-Hexyl-9H-carbazole (1), 9-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)-9H-carbazole (2), 1-(9-hexyl-9H-carbazol-3-yl)ethanone (**3**), and 1-(9-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)-9H-carbazol-3-yl)ethanone (**4**) were synthesized using a slight modification to the literature procedures.^{1,2} Compound **1** (88%, white solid, mp 68-70 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.13-8.10 (d, 2H), 7.51-7.41 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.22 (d, 2H), 4.33-4.30 (t, 2H), 1.93-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.30 (m, 6H), 0.90-0.86 (t, 3H); Compound **2** (70%, colorless liquid). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.13-8.10 (d, 2H), 7.50-7.48 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.24 (d, 2H), 4.55-4.50 (t, 2H), 3.90-3.86 (t, 2H), 3.55-3.52 (t, 2H), 3.46-3.43 (t, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H); Compound **3** (67%, gummy liquid). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.17-8.11 (m, 2H), 7.55-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.39 (t, 2H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.29 (t, 2H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 1.90-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.30 (m, 6H), 0.89-0.84 (t, 3H); Compound **4** (58%, gummy liquid). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.16-8.10 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.50 (t, 2H), 3.91-3.85 (t, 2H), 3.52-3.46 (t, 2H), 3.43-3.39 (t, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.72 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of 9-hexyl-3-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazole (5)

A mixture of compound **4** (2.93 g, 10 mmol), 2-aminobenzophenone (2.16 g, 11 mmol) and diphenyl phosphate (3.01 g, 12 mmol) in 10 mL of m-cresol was purged with nitrogen, stirred for 30 min at room temperature and refluxed for 12 h. After cooling to room temperature, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane:methylene chloride (MC):ethyl acetate (EA), 6:3:1 v/v) to give **5** (90%, yellow solid, mp 113-115 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.39-8.36 (d, 1H), 8.30-8.21 (m, 2H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.90 (d, 1H), 7.78-7.72 (t, 1H), 7.64-7.43 (m, 9H), 7.30-7.28 (d, 1H), 4.38-4.33 (t, 2H), 1.92-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.29 (m, 6H), 0.88-0.84 (t, 3H).

9-(2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethyl)-3-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazole (6)

The compound **6** was synthesized by adopting the similar procedure for compound **5** using the carbazole derivative **4** (15%, brown solid, mp 102-105 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.39-8.36 (d, 1H), 8.30-8.26 (m, 1H), 8.22-8.20 (d, 1H) 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.92-7.90 (d, 1H), 7.78-7.73 (t, 1H), 7.64-7.43 (m, 9H), 7.30-7.25 (d, 1H), 4.59-4.55 (t, 2H), 3.93-3.89 (t, 2H), 3.54-3.51 (t, 2H), 3.45-3.41 (t, 2H) 3.31 (s, 3H).

Synthesisofmethyl5-(9-hexyl-6-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazol-3-yl)-5-oxopentanoate (7)

The compound **5** (3 g, 6.6 mmol) was dissolved in 30 mL of MC and stirred at 0 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 10 min. AlCl₃ (2.64 g, 19.8 mmol) was added to the mixture and methyl 5-chloro-5-oxopentanoate (2.2 g, 13.2 mmol) was slowly added at 0 °C. The yellow color slowly changed to dark green, and the resulting dark green solution was allowed to warm and was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured onto crushed ice and the organic phase was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with MC (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with 2% aq. NaOH solution (100 mL), brine (100 mL), and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane:MC:EA, 6:3:1 v/v) to give 7 (Yield: 68%, yellow solid, mp 130-132 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 9.0 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.46-8.43 (d, 1H), 8.30-8.27 (d, 1H), 8.19-8.16 (d, 1H), 8.0 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.91 (d, 1H), 7.75-

7.73 (t, 1H), 7.64-7.43 (m, 8H), 4.40-4.36 (t, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.25-3.20 (t, 2H), 2.54-2.58 (t, 2H), 2.19-2.14 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.27 (m, 6H), 0.88-0.83 (t, 3H).

Methyl 5-(9-(2-(2-methoxy)ethyl)-6-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazol-3-yl)-5oxopentanoate (8)

The compound **8** was synthesized using the similar procedure for compound **7** (Yield: 59%, yellow solid, mp 119-121 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 9.0 (s, 1H), 8.86 (s, 1H), 8.44-8.42 (d, 1H), 8.30-8.20 (d, 1H), 8.18-8.15 (d, 1H), 8.0 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.92 (d, 1H), 7.78-7.73 (t, 1H), 7.60-7.46 (m, 8H), 4.59-4.57 (t, 2H), 3.94-3.90 (t, 2H), 3.70 (s, CO-OCH₃, 3H), 3.52-3.50 (t, 2H), 3.42-3.40 (t, 2H), 3.30 (s, OCH₃, 3H), 3.25-3.20 (t, 2H), 2.54-2.45 (t, 2H), 2.21-2.14 (t, 2H).

Synthesis of methyl5-(9-hexyl-6-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazol-3-yl)-5-(2tosylhydrazono)pentanoate (9)

A three-neck round-bottom flask was charged with methyl 5-(9-hexyl-6-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazol-3-yl)-5-oxopentanoate (7) (3.6 g, 6.17 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazide (2.3 g, 12.36 mmol) was dissolved in 75 mL of dry toluene. The resulting solution was refluxed for 24 h using a Dean-Stark setup. The toluene was removed under reduced pressure and the crude mixture was extracted with MC (2 x 300 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with 2% aq. NaOH solution (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane:MC:EA, 4:4:2 v/v) to give **9** (Yield: 72%, yellow solid, mp 153-155 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 9.22 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, NH), 8.40-8.41 (d, 1H), 8.34-8.38 (d, 1H), 7.90-8.01 (m, 5H), 7.71-7.95 (t, 1H), 7.41-7.68 (m, 8H), 7.30-7.40 (m, 3H), 4.30-4.40 (t, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.71-2.86 (t, 2H), 2.23-2.48 (m, 5H), 1.71-1.98 (m, 4H), 1.20-1.41 (m, 6H), 0.81-0.90 (t, 3H).

Synthesis of methyl 5-(9-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)-6-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9Hcarbazol-3-yl)-5-(2-tosylhydrazono)pentanoate (10)

The compound **10** synthesized according to the procedure used for compound **9** (Yield: 61%, yellow solid, mp 148-150 °C). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 9.22 (s, 1H), 8.94 (s, NH), 8.39-8.41 (d, 1H), 8.25-8.30 (d, 1H), 7.90-8.01 (m, 5H), 7.71-7.80 (t, 1H), 7.42-7.66 (m, 8H),

7.30-7.36 (d, 3H), 4.48-4.61 (t, 2H), 3.82-3.91 (t, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.48-3.51 (t, 2H), 3.38-3.43 (t, 2H), 3.40 (s, OCH3, 3H), 2.70-2.83 (t, 2H), 2.30-2.48 (m, 5H), 1.70-1.90 (m, 2H).

Synthesis of 9-hexyl-3-(4-phenylquinoline-2-yl)-9H-carbazole-6-C61-butyric acid methyl ester (PhQHCz-C₆₁BM)

A mixture of methyl 5-(9-hexyl-6-(4-phenylquinolin-2-yl)-9H-carbazol-3-yl)-5-(2tosylhydrazono)pentanoate (9) (0.44 g, 0.58 mmol), sodium methoxide (0.03 g, 0.58 mmol) and dry pyridine (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min under N2 atmosphere. A degassed solution of C₆₀ (0.33 g, 0.46 mmol) in o-dichlorobenzene (o-DCB) (20 mL) was added to the reaction mixture and the homogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C under N2 atmosphere overnight. Then, the solution was heated to reflux for 24 h, the resulting mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the crude solution was cooled to room temperature and poured into MeOH. The solid was collected by filtration and purified by silica gel column chromatography using toluene:hexane (8:2 v/v) as an eluent, give the PhQHCz-C₆₁BM (Yield 52%, brown solid). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 9.05 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.42-8.40 (d, 1H), 8.28-8.22 (d, 1H), 8.04-8.02 (d, 1H), 8.0 (s, 1H), 7.88-7.87 (d, 1H), 7.72-7.70 (t, 1H), 7.62-7.61(d, 2H), 7.55-7.53 (t, 4H), 7.50-7.48 (t, 1H), 7.44-7.42 (t, 1H), 4.40-4.38 (t, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.99-2.97 (t, 2H), 2.52-2.50 (t, 2H), 2.28-2.23 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.30 (m, 4H), 0.90-0.81 (t, 3H); ¹³C NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 173.75, 157.67, 149.28, 149.17, 148.43, 145.00, 144.01, 142.51, 140.84, 138.90, 138.28, 130.17, 129.84, 128.83, 127.60, 125.90, 124.61, 123.34, 120.41, 119.62, 109.47, 109.17, 80.91, 52.63, 51.87, 43.82, 34.53, 34.25, 31.81, 29.33, 27.29, 22.86, 22.82, 14.27. FTIR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2952, 2925 (double, CH₃ stretch), 2854 (double, CH₂ stretch), 1735 (single, ester C=O), 1587, 1544 (single, aromatic C=C stretch), 1486 (single, CH₂ bend), 526 (single, from C₆₀). HRMS: Calculated for C₉₉H₃₈N₂O₂, 1288.63; found, 1288.31. Anal. Calcd for C₉₉H₃₈N₂O₂: C 92.80, H 2.95, N 2.16, found, C 93.11, H 2.85, N 2.23.

9-(2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethyl)-3-(4-phenylquinoline-2-yl)-9H-carbazole-6-C61-butyric acid methyl ester (PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM)

The **PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM** was synthesized using the similar procedure for **PhQHCz-C₆₁BM** as brown colored solid. Yield: 49% (0.32 g). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 9.05 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.41-8.39 (d, 1H), 8.26-8.28 (d, 1H), 8.01-8.00 (d, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.87-7.86 (d, 1H), 7.73-7.70 (t, 1H), 7.62-7.61(d, 2H), 7.55-7.53 (t, 4H), 7.46-7.44 (t, 1H), 7.43-7.40 (t, 1H), 4.63-

4.61 (t, 2H), 4.00-3.98 (t, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.59-3.57 (t, 2H), 3.46-3.45 (t, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.00-2.98 (t, 2H), 2.52-2.50 (t, 2H), 2.27-2.23 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 173.72, 157.37, 149.32, 149.19, 148.33, 148.23, 145.30, 145.00, 144.61, 144.32, 143.28, 142.50, 141.18, 140.84, 138.90, 138.28, 130.22, 129.82, 128.83, 128.57, 127.20, 125.81, 124.62, 123.41, 120.40, 119.61, 109.74, 109.38, 80.86, 72.24, 71.18, 69.61, 59.37, 52.58, 51.86, 43.83, 34.50, 34.23, 22.85. FTIR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2944, 2923 (double, CH₃ stretch), 2871 (double, CH₂ stretch), 1735 (single, ester C=O), 1588, 1544 (single, aromatic C=C stretch), 1487 (single, CH₂ bend), 1135, 1102 (single, CH₂-O-CH₂ stretch), 526 (single, from C₆₀). HRMS: Calculated for C₉₈H₃₆N₂O₄, 1304.68; found, 1304.0 Anal. Calcd for C₉₈H₃₆N₂O₄: C 90.18, H 2.76, N 2.15, found, C 90.07, H 2.82, N 2.18.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR Spectrum of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR Spectrum of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S3. ¹H NMR Spectrum of PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S4. ¹³C NMR Spectrum of PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S5. FT IR Spectra of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM and PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S6. Mass spectrum of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S7. Mass spectrum of PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S8. TGA curves of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM and PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S9. DSC curves of PhQHCz-C₆₁BM and PhQEOCz-C₆₁BM.



Figure S10. J-V curves of PhQHCz- $C_{61}BM$ in a logarithmic current scale (dark and illumination).

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