

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for

## Study of a Magnetic-Cooling Material $\text{Gd(OH)}\text{CO}_3$

Yan-Cong Chen,<sup>a</sup> Lei Qin,<sup>b</sup> Zhao-Sha Meng,<sup>a</sup> Ding-Feng Yang,<sup>b</sup> Chao Wu,<sup>\*b</sup> Zhendong Fu,<sup>c</sup> Yan-Zhen Zheng,<sup>\*b</sup> Jun-Liang Liu,<sup>a</sup> Róbert Tarasenko,<sup>d</sup> Martin Orendáč,<sup>\*d</sup> Jan Prokleska,<sup>e</sup> Vladimír Sechovský,<sup>e</sup> and Ming-Liang Tong<sup>\*a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Key Laboratory of Bioinorganic and Synthetic Chemistry of Ministry of Education, State Key Laboratory of Optoelectronic Materials and Technologies, School of Chemistry & Chemical Engineering, Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou, 510275, China. E-mail: tongml@mail.sysu.edu.cn

<sup>b</sup> Frontier Institute of Science and Technology, and College and Science, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an 710054, China. E-mail: chaowu@mail.xjtu.edu.cn; zheng.yanzhen@mail.xjtu.edu.cn

<sup>c</sup> Institut für Festkörperforschung, Forschungszentrum Jülich 52425 Jülich, Germany.

<sup>d</sup> Centre of Low Temperature Physics Faculty of Science, P.J. Šafárik University and Institute of Experimental Physics SAS, Park Angelinum 9, 041 54 Košice, Slovakia. E-mail: martin.orendac@upjs.sk

<sup>e</sup> Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Department of Condensed Matter Physics, Charles University, Ke Karlovu 5, CZ-12116 Prague 2, Czech Republic.

**Table S1.** Selected Bond Lengths ( $\text{\AA}$ ) for  $\text{Gd(OH)}\text{CO}_3$ .<sup>a</sup>

Gd(1)-O(1)	2.288(8)
Gd(1)-O(1)#1	2.307(7)
Gd(1)-O(3)#2	2.4955(17)
Gd(1)-O(3)	2.4955(17)
Gd(1)-O(2)#3	2.515(5)
Gd(1)-O(2)#4	2.515(5)
Gd(1)-O(2)#5	2.555(5)
Gd(1)-O(2)#6	2.555(5)
Gd(1)-O(2)#7	2.752(5)
Gd(1)-O(2)	2.752(5)

<sup>a</sup>Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

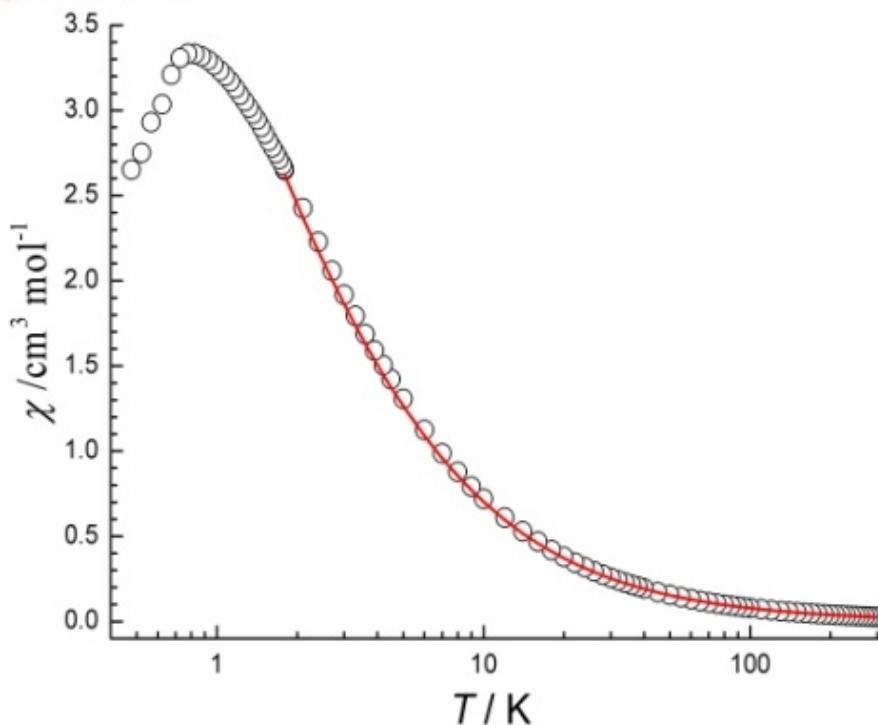
#1 $x-1/2, y, -z+1/2$	#2 $x, y-1, z$
#3 $x+1/2, y, -z+1/2$	#4 $x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z+1/2$
#5 $-x+1/2, -y, z+1/2$	#6 $-x+1/2, y-1/2, z+1/2$
#7 $x, -y-1/2, z$	

**Table S2.** Selected Bond Angles ( $^{\circ}$ ) for Gd(OH)CO<sub>3</sub>.<sup>a</sup>

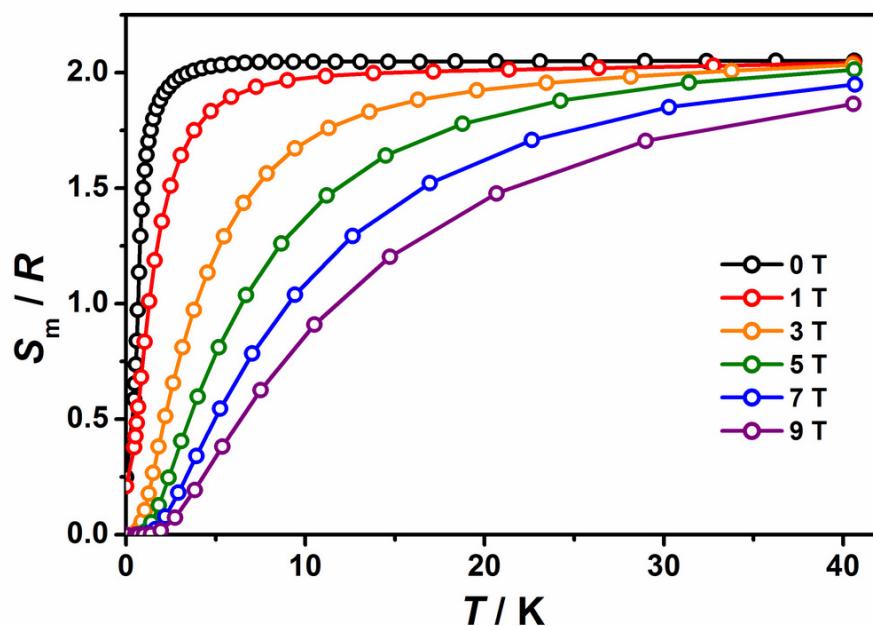
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(1)#1	135.5(2)	O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	71.4(2)
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(3)#2	89.91(19)	O(3)-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	121.7(2)
O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(3)#2	81.35(19)	O(2)#3-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	95.09(12)
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(3)	89.91(19)	O(2)#4-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	68.33(19)
O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(3)	81.35(19)	O(2)#5-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	51.2(2)
O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(3)	155.0(3)	O(1)-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	73.69(19)
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(2)#3	72.4(2)	O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	67.66(19)
O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(2)#3	140.47(16)	O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	49.3(2)
O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(2)#3	133.5(2)	O(3)-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	107.0(2)
O(3)-Gd(1)-O(2)#3	69.7(2)	O(2)#3-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	145.87(12)
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(2)#4	72.4(2)	O(2)#4-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	108.37(18)
O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(2)#4	140.47(16)	O(2)#5-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	144.66(8)
O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(2)#4	69.7(2)	O(2)#6-Gd(1)-O(2)#7	113.41(5)
O(3)-Gd(1)-O(2)#4	133.5(2)	O(1)-Gd(1)-O(2)	73.69(19)
O(2)#3-Gd(1)-O(2)#4	64.0(2)	O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(2)	67.66(19)
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(2)#5	140.24(18)	O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(2)	107.0(2)
O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(2)#5	77.4(2)	O(3)-Gd(1)-O(2)	49.3(2)
O(3)#2-Gd(1)-O(2)#5	121.7(2)	O(2)#3-Gd(1)-O(2)	108.37(18)
O(3)-Gd(1)-O(2)#5	71.4(2)	O(2)#4-Gd(1)-O(2)	145.87(12)
O(2)#3-Gd(1)-O(2)#5	68.33(19)	O(2)#5-Gd(1)-O(2)	113.41(5)
O(2)#4-Gd(1)-O(2)#5	95.09(12)	O(2)#6-Gd(1)-O(2)	144.66(8)
O(1)-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	140.24(18)	O(2)#7-Gd(1)-O(2)	57.9(2)
O(1)#1-Gd(1)-O(2)#6	77.4(2)		

<sup>a</sup>Symmetry codes:

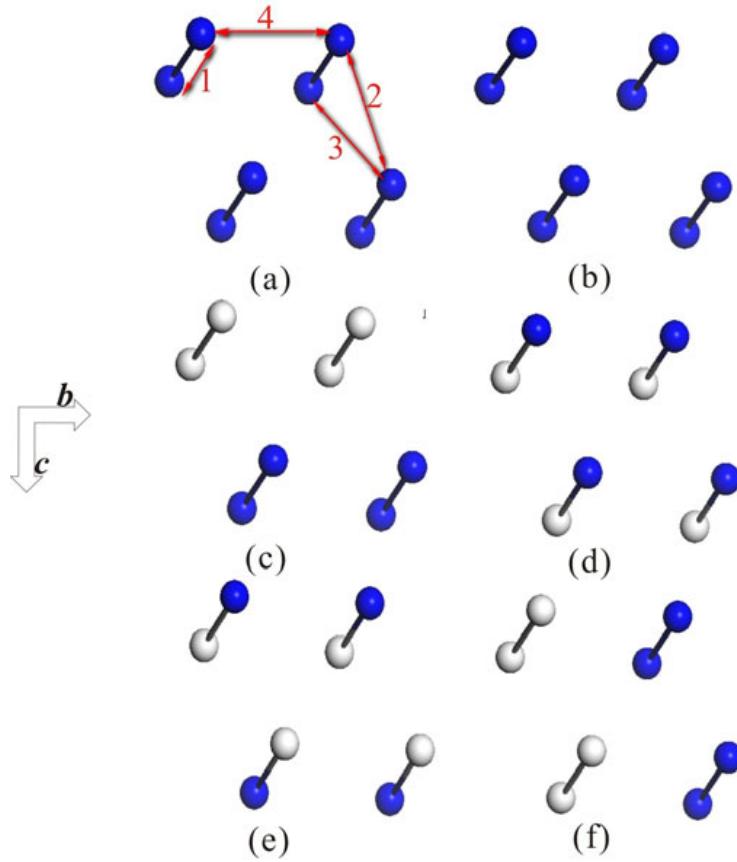
#1 x-1/2,y,-z+1/2	#2 x,y-1,z
#3 x+1/2,y,-z+1/2	#4 x+1/2,-y-1/2,-z+1/2
#5 -x+1/2,-y,z+1/2	#6 -x+1/2,y-1/2,z+1/2
#7 x,-y-1/2,z	



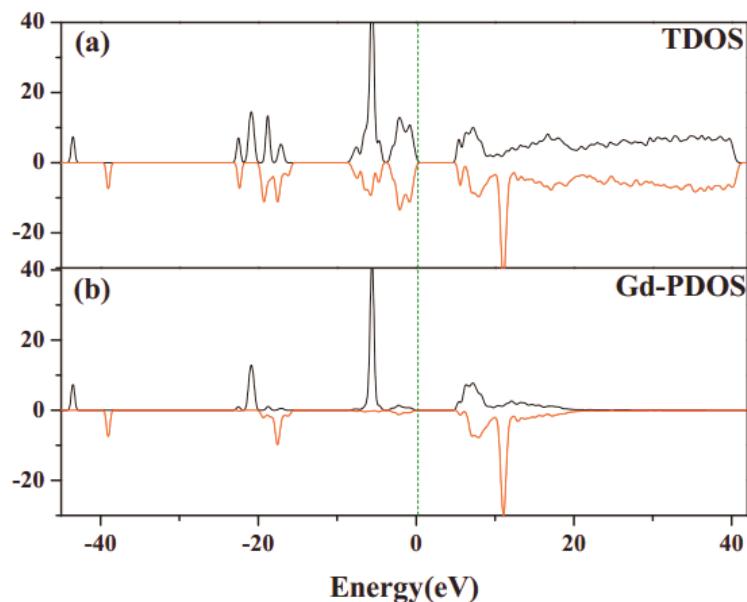
**Figure S1** Temperature-dependencies of the magnetic susceptibility ( $\chi_m$ ). The temperature range is 0.46 K ~ 300 K and the applied field is 0.2 T. The red solid line represents the least-square fit for Curie-Weiss law.



**Figure S2** Temperature-dependencies of the magnetic entropy normalized to the gas constant in selected applied fields. Lines are guides to the eyes.



**Figure S3** (a) Schematic representation of the spin exchange paths  $J_1-J_4$  of a  $\text{Gd(OH)}\text{CO}_3$  supercell (a 2b c) projected in  $bc$  plane. (b)-(f) are the five ordered spin states FM, AFM1, AFM2, AFM3, AFM4 of  $\text{Gd(OH)}\text{CO}_3$ . The blue ball and white ball represent the  $\text{Gd}^{3+}$  ions with up-spin and down-spin, respectively.



**Figure S4** Spin polarized DOS of  $\text{Gd(OH)}\text{CO}_3$  in the FM configuration. (a) Total density of states (b) projected density of states of the Gd atom.

