Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Journal of Materials Chemistry A. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2014

## **Supporting Information**

Synthesis of novel platinum complex core as a selective Ag<sup>+</sup> sensor and its H-bonded tetrads selfassembled with triarylamine dendrimers for electron/energy transfers

Muthaiah Shellaiah, Mandapati V. Ramakrishnam Raju, Ashutosh Singh, Hsin-Chieh Lin, Kung-Hwa Wei and Hong-Cheu Lin\*

Department Materials Science and Engineering, National Chiao Tung University, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan

## **Contents:**

1. Maldi-Tof mass spectra of <b>PtC</b>	2
2. Selectivity studies of PtC over other competing metal ions	2
3. Fluorescence calibration curve of <b>PtC</b> in presence of Ag <sup>+</sup>	3
4. Detection limit calculation using linear fitting	3
5. Reversibility cycles of <b>PtC</b> towards Ag <sup>+</sup> and PMDTA	4
6. Possible binding mechanism of <b>PtC</b> towards Ag <sup>+</sup>	4
7. TRPL spectra of <b>PtC</b> and <b>PtC</b> + Ag <sup>+</sup>	5
8. TRPL data of all complexes <b>Table S1</b>	6
9. Stern-volmer constants of all metals with PtC Table S2	7
10. Compound characterization data ( <sup>1</sup> H, <sup>13</sup> C & Mass data Figs S8- S27)	8-17



Figure S1. Maldi-tof mass of PtC.



**Figure S2**. **PtC** sensor selectivity towards metal ions in the presence of different metal ions; where **PtC** concentration is 0.1  $\mu$ M and the metal ion concentration is 1000  $\mu$ M. (All tested metals are mixtures except Ag<sup>+</sup>).



**Figure S3**. PL Intensity changes of **PtC** (0.1  $\mu$ M) as a function of Ag<sup>+</sup> concentration (0-1000  $\mu$ M; with an equal span of 100  $\mu$ M).



Figure S4. Detection limit of PtC towards Ag<sup>+</sup> by linear fitting calculation.



Figure S5. Reversibility tests of PtC towards Ag<sup>+</sup> and PMDTA.



Figure S6. Possible binding mechanism of PtC towards Ag<sup>+</sup>.



Figure S7. TRPL spectra of free PtC and in the absence/presence of  $Ag^+$ .

Compound	$\tau_1(ns)$	$\tau_2(ns)$	A <sub>1</sub> (%)	A <sub>2</sub> (%)	$\tau_{Avg}(ns)$
PtC	1.55	5.96	28.3	71.7	3.71
PtC-TPAD1	3.13	6.71	35.4	64.6	4.83
PtC-(TPAD1) <sub>2</sub>	3.45	7.15	38.1	61.9	5.65
PtC-(TPAD1) <sub>3</sub>	3.76	9.12	45.2	54.8	6.43
PtC-TPAD2	3.25	6.95	39.4	60.6	5.12
PtC-(TPAD2) <sub>2</sub>	4.51	8.56	43.2	56.8	6.55
PtC-(TPAD2) <sub>3</sub>	5.73	9.85	47.1	52.9	8.11
PtC + Ag <sup>+</sup>	1.67	6.72	76.2	23.8	2.95

Table S1. Time-resolved fluorescence decay constants of PtC, tetrads [PtC-(TPAD1)<sub>3</sub> and PtC-(TPAD2)<sub>3</sub>] and PtC+Ag<sup>+</sup>.

S. No	aMotel Iong	<sup>b</sup> K <sub>SV</sub> (M <sup>-1</sup> )			
	Wietal Ions	$(\lambda_{abs} = 408 \text{ nm}; \lambda_{em} = 461 \text{ nm})$			
1	$\mathrm{Ag}^{+}$	3.61 x 10 <sup>4</sup>			
2	$Cu^+$	2.67 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
3	$K^+$	5.47 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
4	Na <sup>+</sup>	5.95 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
5	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	4.99 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
6	Al <sup>3+</sup>	8.05 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
7	$Ag^{2+}$	8.10 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
8	Ba <sup>2+</sup>	7.01 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
9	Ca <sup>2+</sup>	7.96 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
10	Co <sup>2+</sup>	$6.03 \ge 10^2$			
11	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	8.98 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
12	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	$6.04 \ge 10^2$			
13	$Mg^{2+}$	3.95 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
14	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.99 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
15	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	$3.02 \times 10^2$			
16	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	6.93 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
17	$Zn^{2+}$	$1.21 \ge 10^2$			
18	Hg <sup>2+</sup>	8.95 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
19	Cr <sup>3+</sup>	5.01 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
20	<sup>c</sup> All metals	8.30 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			

Table S2	. Stern-Volmer	constants (K <sub>SV</sub>	) of	different metal	ions
----------	----------------	----------------------------	------	-----------------	------

<sup>a</sup>Metal ion concentration is 1000  $\mu$ M in H<sub>2</sub>O from their respective aqueous solution and **PtC** concentration is 0.1  $\mu$ M in THF. <sup>b</sup>K<sub>SV</sub> = [(I<sub>0</sub>/I-1)]/[Q]; [Q] = quencher concentration (1000  $\mu$ M for all metal ions). <sup>c</sup>All metals is a mixture of metal ions except Ag<sup>+</sup>.



Figure S8. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 2.



Figure S9. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 3.



Figure S10. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 4.



Figure S11. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 5.



Figure S12. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 6.



Figure S13. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 8.



Figure S14. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 9.



Figure S15. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 10.



Figure S16. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 10.



Figure S17. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 11.



Figure S18. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 11.



Figure S19. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 12.



Figure S20. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 12.



Figure S21. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 13.



Figure S22. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 15.



Figure S23. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 15.



Figure S24. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 16.



Figure S25. Mass (FAB) spectrum of compound 16.



Figure S26. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of PtC.



Figure S27. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of PtC.