

Supporting Information

Double-shelled Hollow SnO₂/Polymer Microsphere as A High-capacity Anode Material for Superior Reversible Lithium Ion Storage

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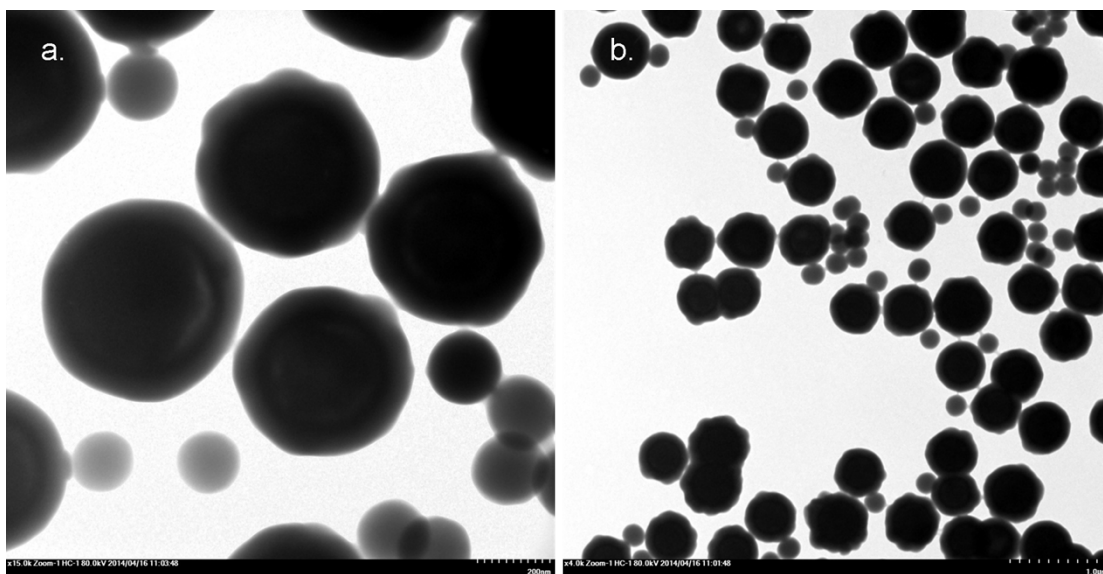


Figure S1 TEM images: a and b) Irregular P(EGDMA-*co*-MAA) phase with different magnifications.

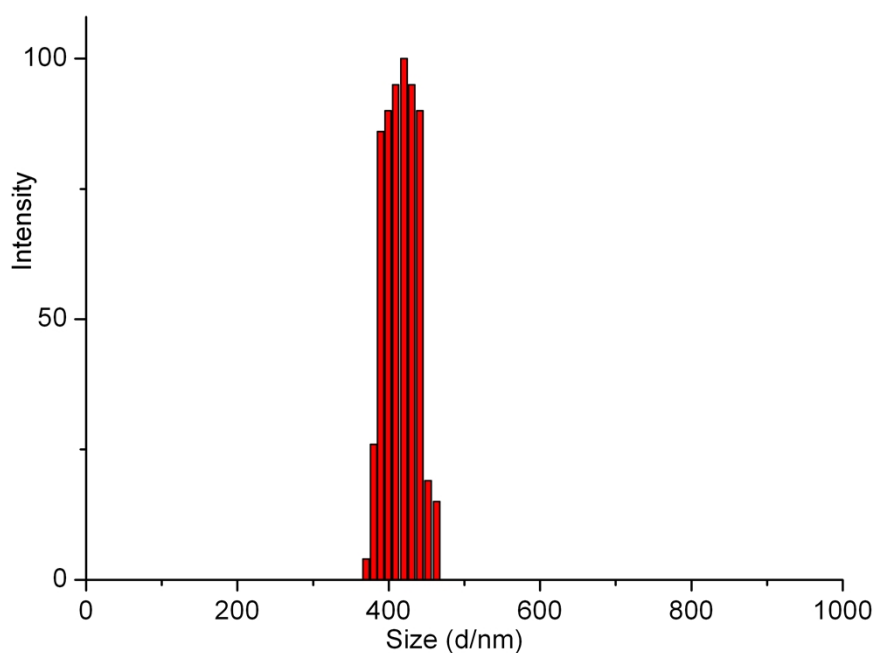


Figure S2 Dynamic light scattering of hollow SnO₂/P(EGDMA-*co*-MAA) microspheres (35.3 wt% of SnO₂).

The Dynamic light scattering data in Figure S2 implied good dispersion of the resultant hollow SnO₂/polymer microspheres with diameters ranging from 370 to 463 nm and an average diameter of 418 nm in water. It confirmed the good swelling properties of polymer shell.

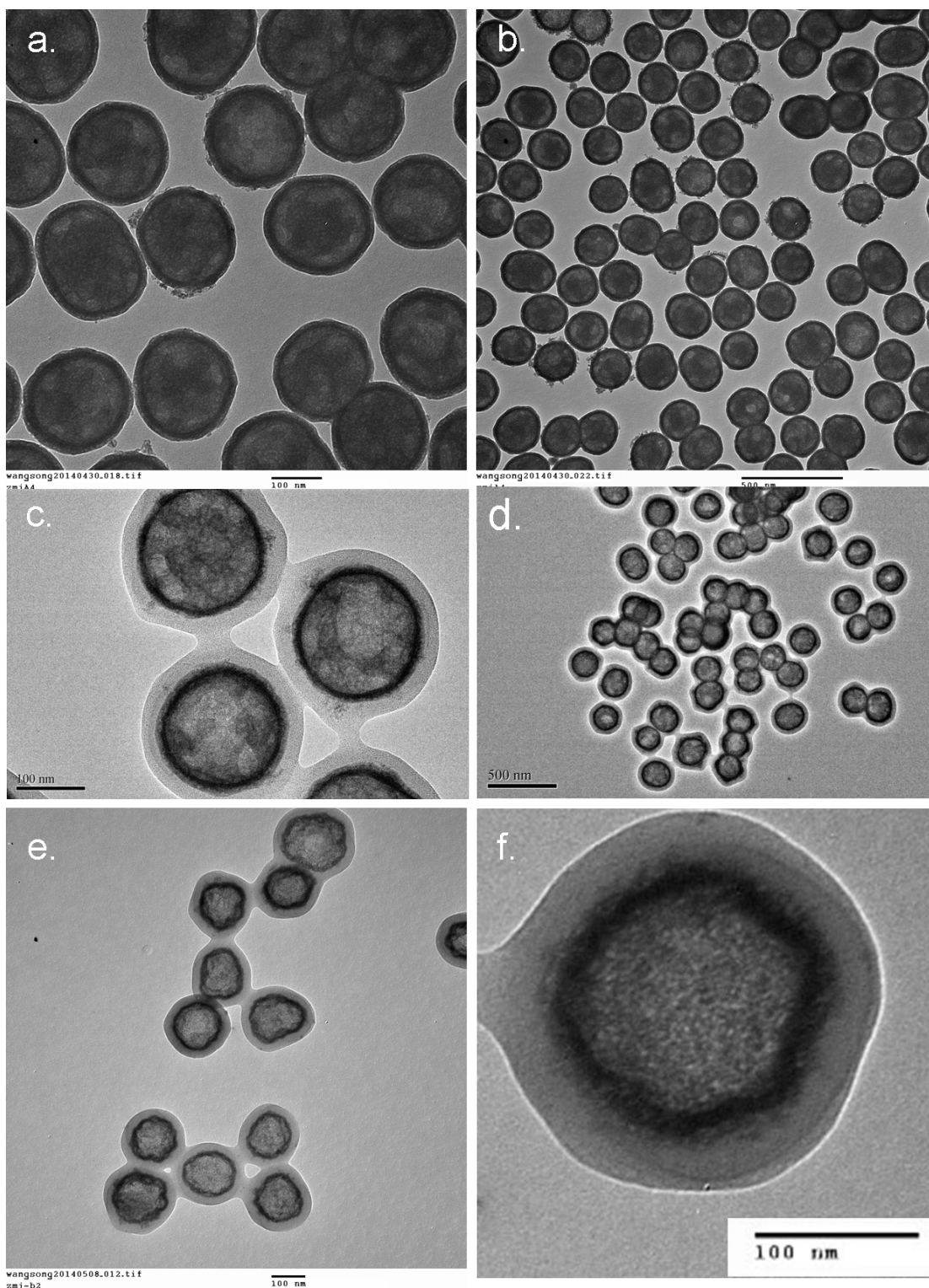


Figure S3 TEM images: a and b) MPS-modified $\text{SiO}_2/\text{SnO}_2$ ($\text{SiO}_2/\text{SnO}_2$ -MPS) microspheres (SnO_2 shell thickness is 24 nm, the same thickness as the other TEM images in Figure S3 for microspheres containing SnO_2); c and d) $\text{SiO}_2/\text{SnO}_2$ /polymer microspheres with different magnifications; e and f) hollow double-shelled SnO_2 microspheres.

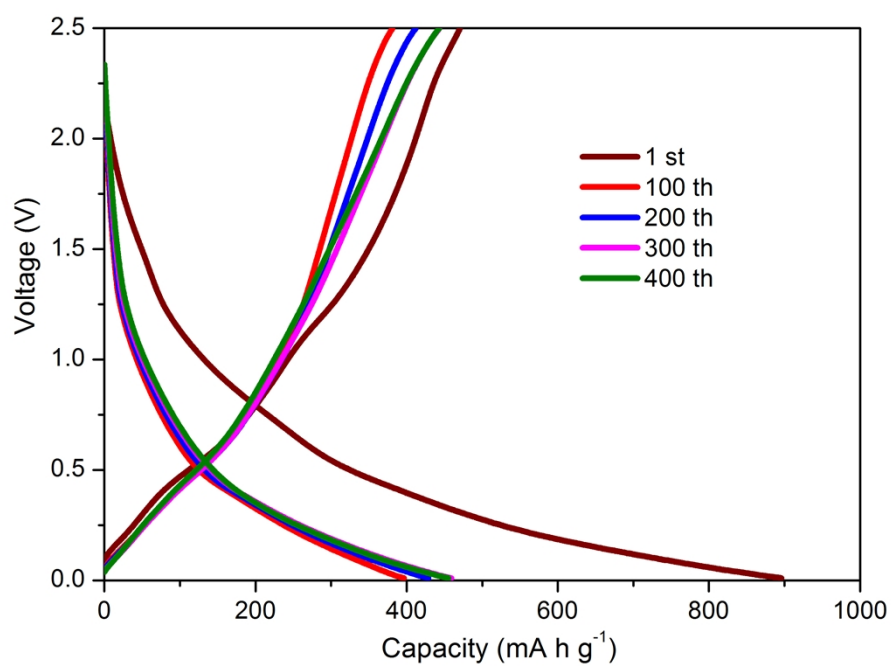


Figure S4 Charge-discharge profiles at the 1st, 100th, 200th, 300th, 400th of double-shelled hollow SnO₂/P(EGDMA-co-MAA) with 49.5 wt% of SnO₂ as anode.