A new microporous anion metal-organic framework as a platform for highly selective adsorption and separation of organic dyes

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Fig. S1 View of the $Mn_3(\mu_3$ -OH) cluster.



Fig. S2 Coordination mode of $H_{12}L$.



Fig. S3 Chemical structures of dyes used in this study.



Fig. S4 Temporal evolution of UV-vis absorption spectra for SD⁰.



Fig. S5 Temporal evolution of UV-vis absorption spectra for SO⁰.



Fig. S6 Temporal evolution of UV-vis absorption spectra for AO-.



Fig. S7 Temporal evolution of UV-vis absorption spectra for MO⁻.



Fig. S8 Temporal evolution of UV-vis absorption spectra for R6G⁺.



Fig. S9 Temporal evolution of UV-vis absorption spectra for BRB⁺.



Fig. S10 PXRD patterns of 1 (black, simulated; red, as-synthesized; green, MB⁺@1; blue, MB⁺@1 after MB⁺ release).



Fig. S11 TGA curve of **1**. The weight loss from room temperature to 198 °C is assigned to the removal of DEF molecules (obsd 17.7%, calcd 17.9%).



Fig. S12 N_2 adsorption isotherms at 77 K of the activated samples 1. The activated samples were prepared by soaking the as-synthesized 1 in CH₃OH and then evacuation at 100 °C under vacuum. However, the N_2 uptake is very small. It is possible that the framework of 1 is collapsed after evacuation under vacuum.

	1
Formula	$C_{88}H_{112}Mn_6N_6O_{42}$
Mr	2255.48
Space group	<i>P</i> -3 <i>m</i> 1
a/Å	28.1050(14)
b/Å	28.1050(14)
$c/\text{\AA}$	14.5980(9)
$V/Å^3$	9986.0(9)
Ζ	3
$D_c(g/cm^3)$	1.125
GOF on F^2	1.123
<i>R</i> 1 [I>2σ(I)]	0.0942

 Table S1 Crystal data and structure refinements for compound 1.

wR2 (all data)	0.2475
R _{int}	0.1248

Table S2 Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for 1.

Mn(1)-O(4) ^{#1}	2.136(4)	Mn(1)-O(9)	2.131(5)
Mn(1)-O(1)	2.140(4)	Mn(1)-O(1W)	2.183(7)
Mn(2)-O(2)	2.125(4)	Mn(2)-O(9)	2.127(5)
Mn(2)-O(2W)	2.188(7)	Mn(2)-O(8) ^{#1}	2.229(5)
Mn(3)-O(3W)	2.120(14)	Mn(3)-O(9)	2.094(5)
Mn(3)-O(7) ^{#1}	2.190(9)	Mn(3)-O(3) ^{#1}	2.170(6)
O(4) ^{#1} -Mn(1)-O(4) ^{#2}	95.6(2)	O(4) ^{#1} -Mn(1)-O(9)	91.93(15)
O(4) ^{#1} -Mn(1)-O(1) ^{#3}	86.08(17)	O(9)-Mn(1)-O(1) ^{#3}	90.14(16)
O(1) ^{#3} -Mn(1)-O(1)	92.1(3)	O(4) ^{#1} -Mn(1)-O(1W)	90.75(19)
O(9)-Mn(1)-O(1W)	176.0(2)	O(1)-Mn(1)-O(1W)	87.10(19)
O(2)-Mn(2)-O(2) ^{#3}	95.2(3)	O(2)-Mn(2)-O(9)	91.03(15)
O(2)-Mn(2)-O(2W)	88.6(2)	O(9)-Mn(2)-O(2W)	179.4(3)
O(2)-Mn(2)-O(8) ^{#2}	90.15(19)	O(9)-Mn(2)-O(8) ^{#2}	92.53(16)
O(2W)-Mn(2)-O(8) ^{#2}	87.9(2)	O(8) ^{#2} -Mn(2)-O(8) ^{#1}	84.3(3)
O(3W)-Mn(3)-O(9)	168.1(5)	O(3W)-Mn(3)-O(7) ^{#1}	101.8(4)
O(9)-Mn(3)-O(7) ^{#1}	71.3(3)	O(7) ^{#1} -Mn(3)-O(7) ^{#2}	102.9(5)
O(3W)-Mn(3)-O(3) ^{#1}	91.0(4)	O(7) ^{#1} -Mn(3)-O(3) ^{#1}	89.3(3)
O(9)-Mn(3)-O(3) ^{#2}	98.42(19)	O(3) ^{#1} -Mn(3)-O(3) ^{#2}	74.9(3)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: $^{\#1}$ –*x*+*y*, *y*, -*z*+2; $^{\#2}$ *x*, *y*, -*z*+2; $^{\#3}$ *x*, *x*-*y*, *z*.