

Supporting Information

Unusual photophysical properties of conjugated, alternating indigo-fluorene copolymers

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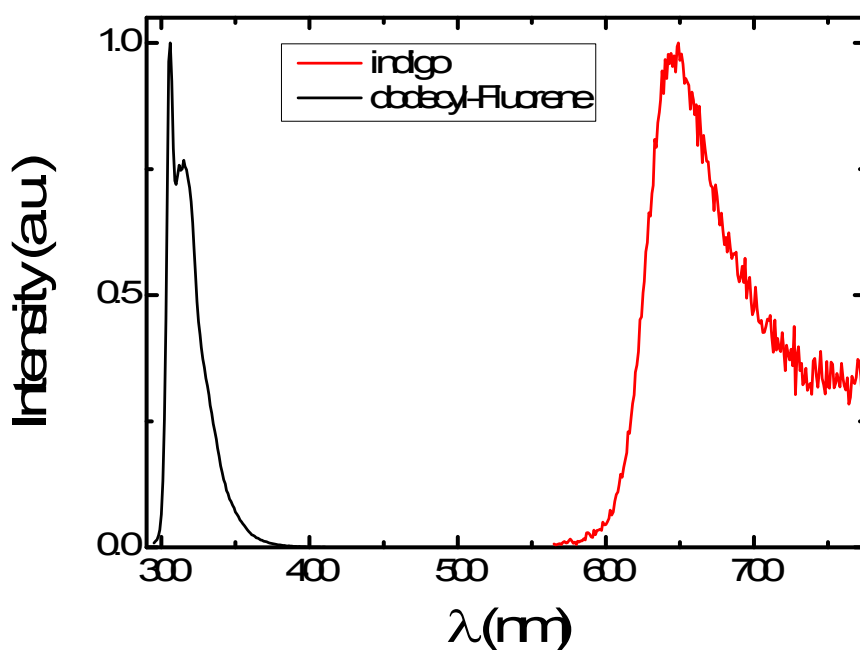


Figure S1: Normalized fluorescence emission spectra of 9,9-bis(dodecyl)fluorene and indigo in dioxane solution at room temperature.

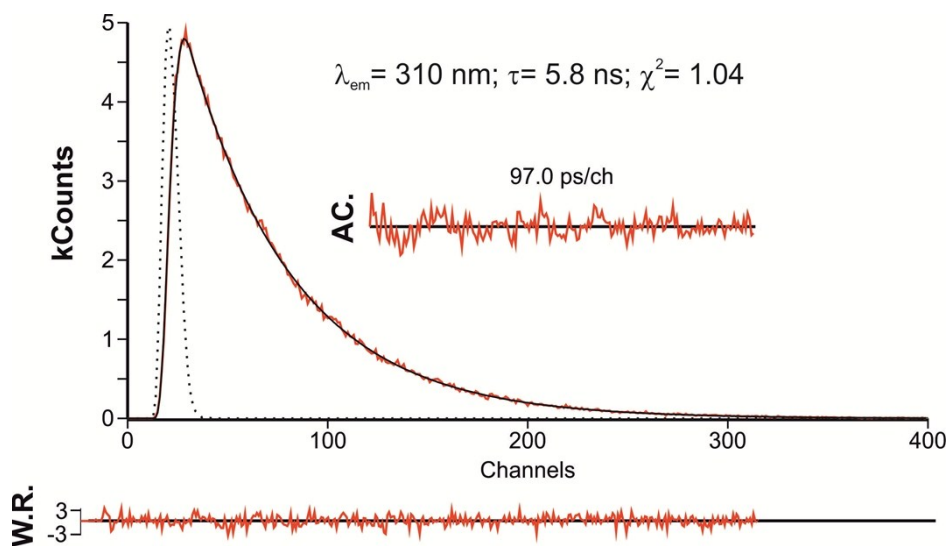


Figure S2: Room temperature fluorescence decay for 9,9-bis(dodecyl)fluorene obtained with $\lambda_{exc} = 282$ nm and collected at $\lambda_{em} = 310$ nm in dioxane solution. For a better judgment of the quality of the fits, weighted residuals (W.R.), autocorrelation function (A.C.) and χ^2 value are also presented. The dashed line in the decay is the instrumental response function.

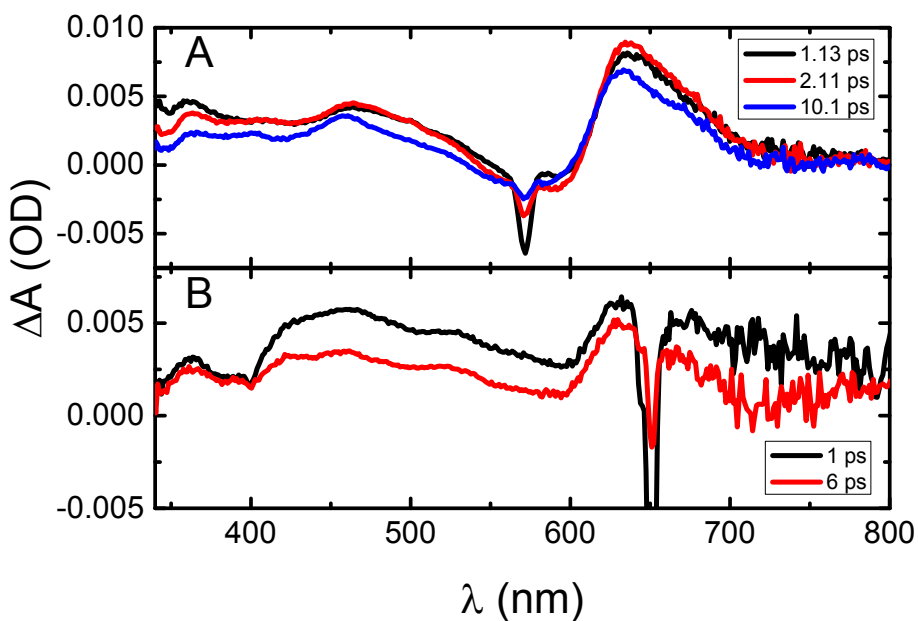


Figure S3: Femtosecond transient absorption difference spectra for indigo in dioxane solution collected at different time delays (excitation at (A) 285 nm and (B) 325nm).

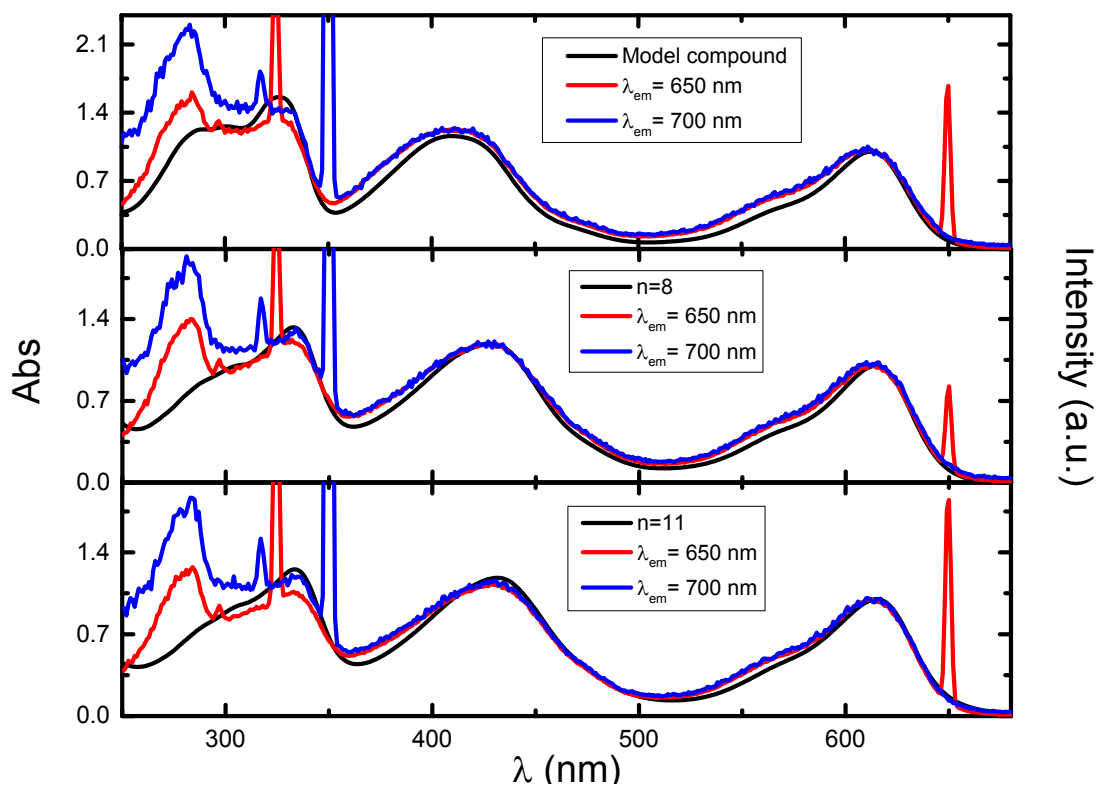


Figure S4: Absorption (black lines) and (normalized) fluorescence excitation (red and blue lines) spectra for the two copolymer fractions with $n=8$ and $n=11$, respectively, and the fluorene-indigo-fluorene trimer in dioxane solution at 293 K.