Electronic supplementary information

Computational Studies on Structural and Electronic Properties of Functionalized MXene Monolayers and Nanotubes

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Figure S1. Atomic structures of (13,0) zigzag Sc_2CH_2 and $Sc_2C(OH)_2$ nanotubes rolled from A/Sc₂C/A, B/Sc₂C/B, and A/Sc₂C/B layers, respectively.

	ΔE (kal/mol/formula)		
(10,10) ^H	0		
(9,9) ^H	0.659		
(8,8) ^H	2.084		
(13,0) ^H	7.867		
(10,10) ^{OH}	0		
(9,9) ^{OH}	1.724		
(8,8) ^{OH}	4.495		
(13,0) ^{OH}	15.469		

Table S1. Relative total energies ΔE (kal/mol/formula) for the most stable zigzag nanotubes and armchair nanotubes for Sc₂CH₂ and Sc₂C(OH)₂, respectively.

Table S2. Lattice parameters a (Å), length of Sc-X bond (X = H for Sc₂CH₂ or O for Sc₂C(OH)₂ and Sc₂CO₂) (Å), length of Sc-C bond (Å) from DFT, as well as the absolute value of fractional error between DFTB and DFT E_a , E_x and E_C .

System	a (Å)	Ea	Sc-X (Å)	E_X	Sc-C (Å)	E _C
Sc ₂ C	3.225	4.4%	/	/	2.221	1.7%
A/Sc ₂ C/A ^(H)	3.233	1.1%	2.124	0.5%	2.241	0.8%
$A/Sc_2C/A^{\rm (OH)}$	3.227	0.7%	2.216	2.2%	2.244	0.4%
$A/Sc_2C/B^{(O)}$	3.431	2.8%	2.081/2.098	0.2%/0.2%	2.530/2.201	4.4%/1.2%



Figure S2. Atomic structures of (10,10) armchair Sc₂CO₂ nanotubes rolled from A/Sc₂C/A, B/Sc₂C/B, and A/Sc₂C/B layers, respectively.



Figure S3. Band structures near Fermi level for the corresponding Sc_2CH_2 (a) and $Sc_2C(OH)_2$ (b) monolayers along direction b, respectively.