

Supporting Information

Organoclays as carriers for storage and slow release of therapeutic nitric oxide

Ana C. Fernandes,^a Moisés L. Pinto,^b Fernando Antunes,^a João Pires,^{a,}*

^aCentro de Química e Bioquímica, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa,
1749-016 Lisboa, Portugal

^bCERENA, Departamento de Engenharia Química, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade
de Lisboa, Av. Rovisco Pais, nº 1, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal

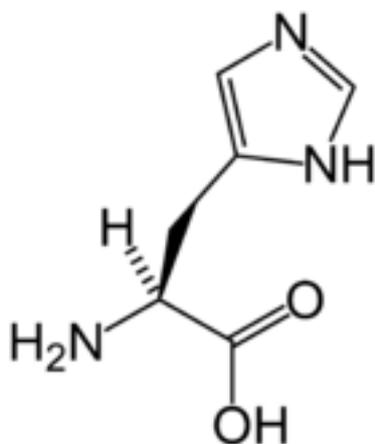


Fig. S1: Structure of L-Histidine

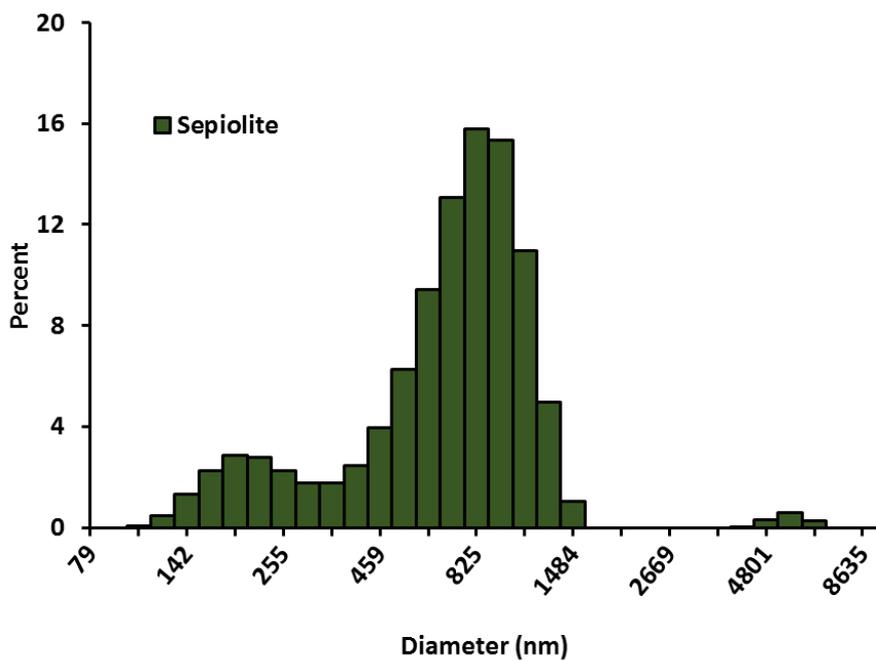
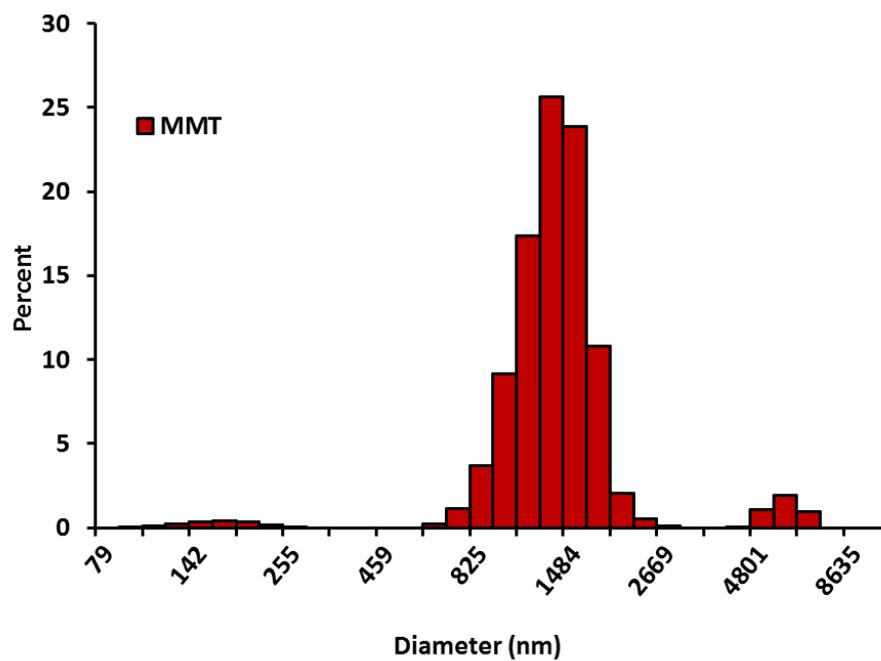
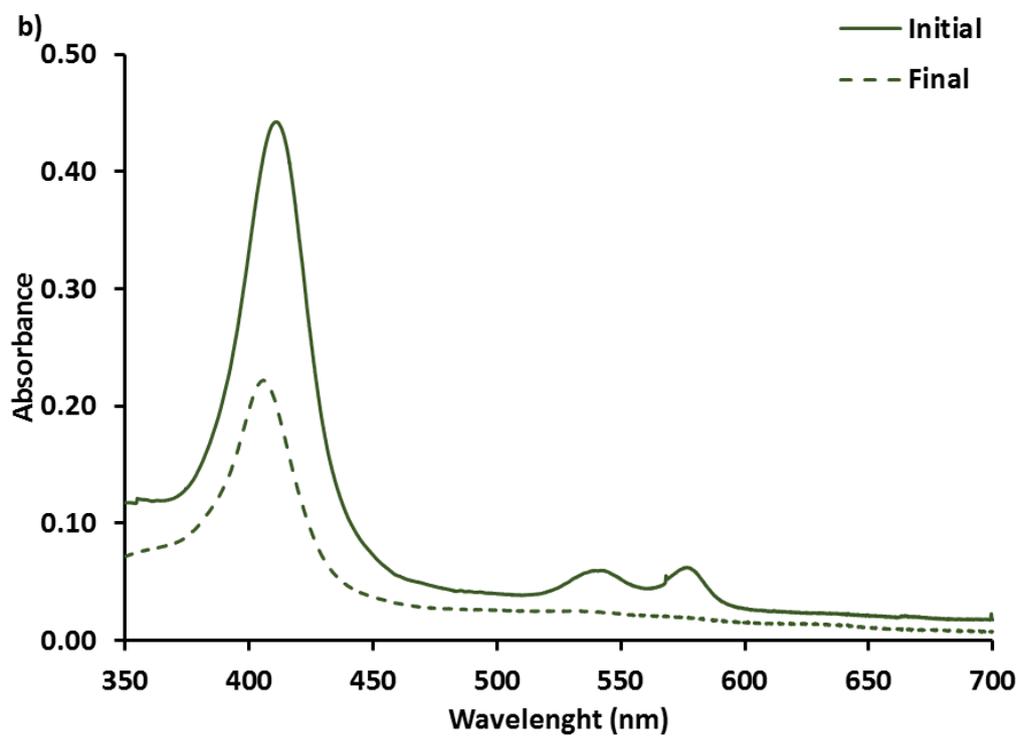
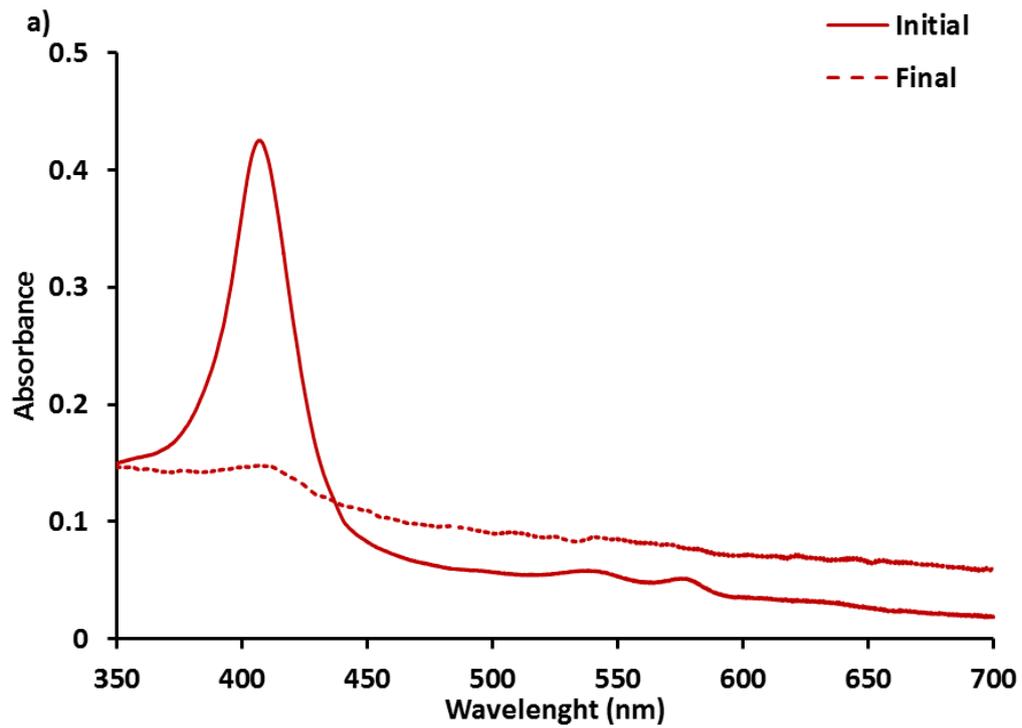


Fig. S2. Results for the Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) analysis of the studied clays.



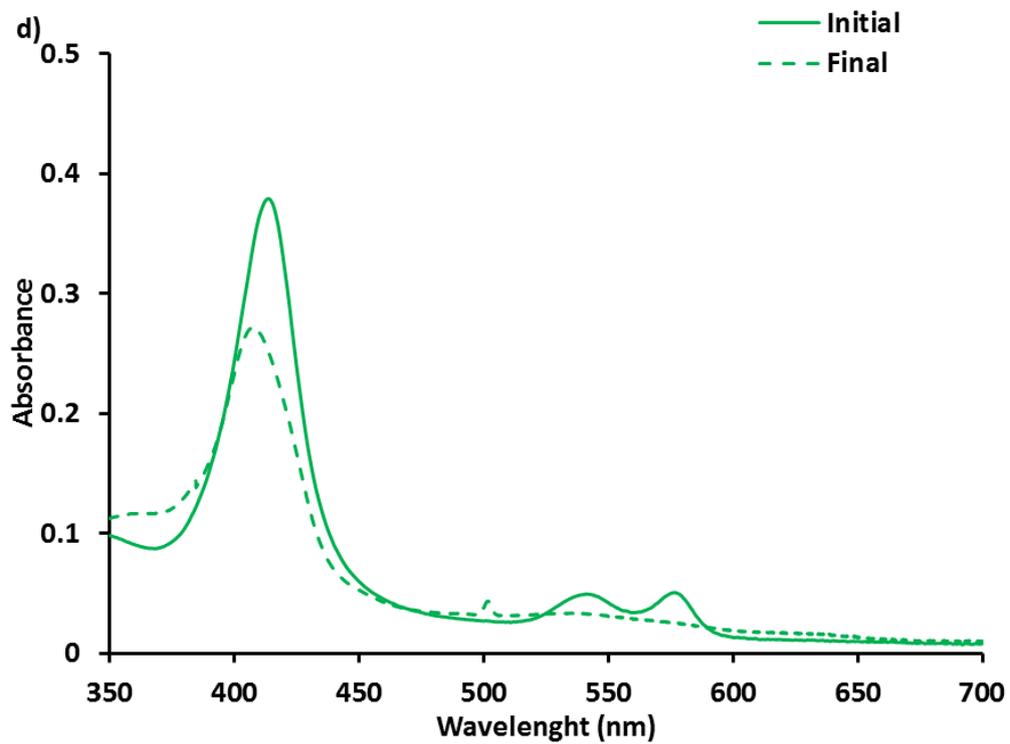
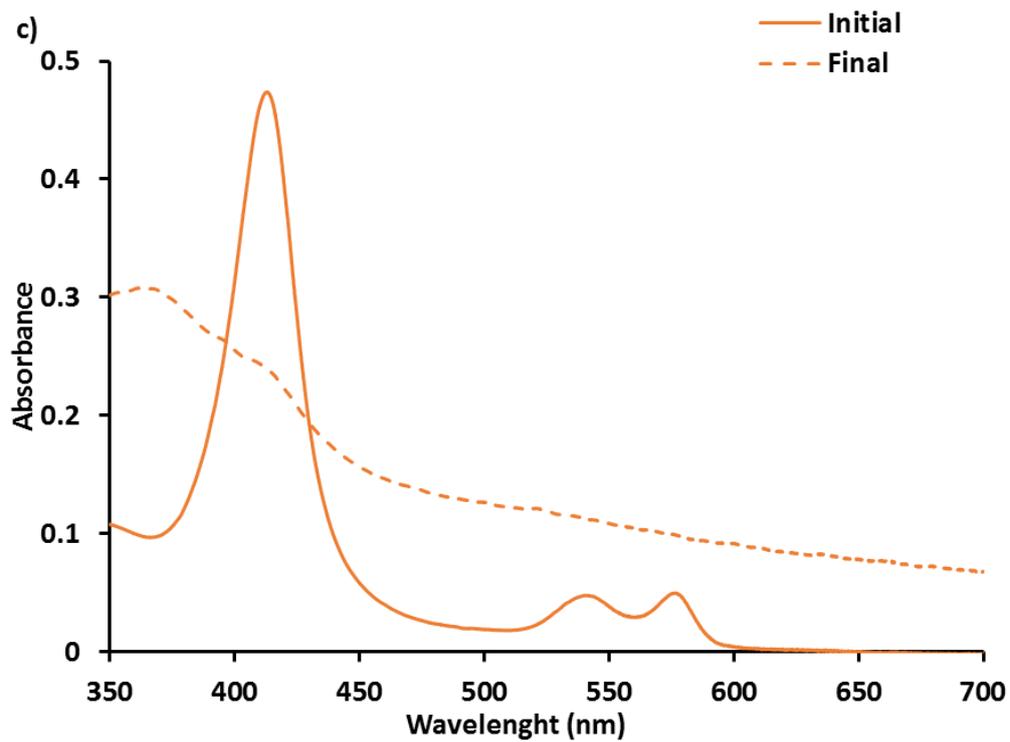


Fig. S3: Initial (oxyhemoglobin; full lines) and final (methemoglobin; broken lines) UV-Vis spectra for assays of NO release from a) MMT, b) Sepiolite, c) L-HM1 and d) L-HS1.

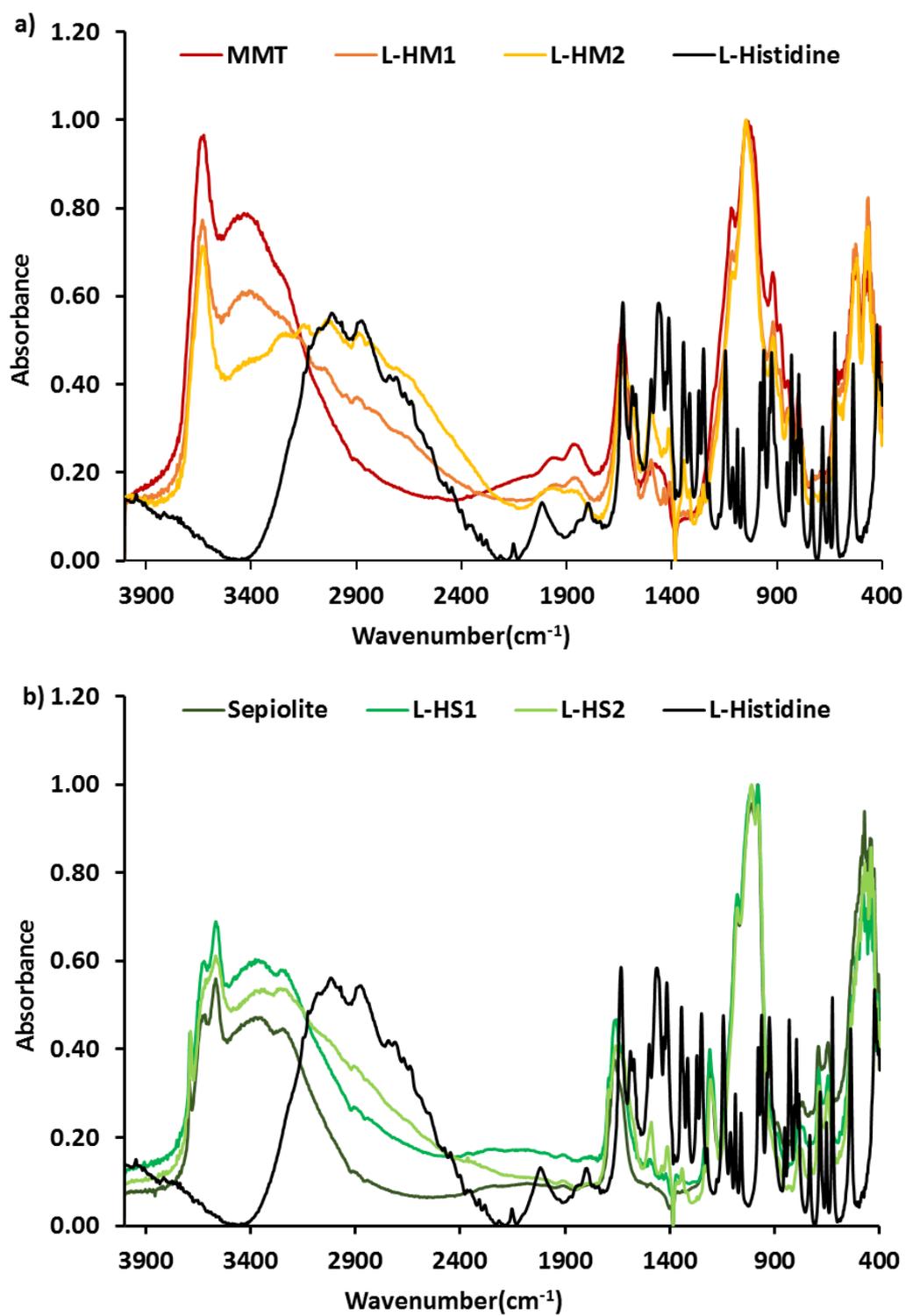


Fig. S4. FTIR spectra of pure L-Histidine, raw clays and intercalated material with L-Histidine